

Public Meeting on Information Request

Rulemaking on Reporting Nuclear Medicine Injection Extravasations as Medical Events

May 24, 2023

Logistics

- Meeting is being transcribed
- Keep the line muted until you intend to speak
- Raise hand button in Teams (*5 on phone)
- Unmute button in Teams (*6 on phone)
- Chat feature available
- Presentation slides shown on the Microsoft Teams screen and in ADAMS at ML23132A116
- Phone attendees should email <u>Irene.Wu@nrc.gov</u> for attendance



Opening Remarks

Kevin Williams

Division Director

Division of Materials Safety, Security, State, and Tribal Programs

Purpose

- Provide information to help stakeholders prepare comments on the information request related to the rulemaking on reporting nuclear medicine injection extravasations as medical events
 - The NRC is not seeking comments at this meeting. Comments should be submitted according to the instructions in the FRN (88 FR 24130) by July 18, 2023.
 - While the NRC intends to use the comments to develop the proposed rule, the NRC does not plan to provide specific responses to all comments.

Agenda

- Welcome and Logistics
- Opening Remarks
- Background
- Information Request and Preliminary Proposed Rule Language
- How to Prepare and Submit Comments
- Next Steps
- Public Feedback and Questions



Background

Irene Wu

Project Manager

Division of Rulemaking, Environmental, and Financial Support

Medical Event Reporting Requirements

- In a 1980 final rule (<u>45 FR 31701</u>), the Commission did not require licensees to report extravasations to the NRC.
- Radiopharmaceutical extravasations are currently not required to be reported by the Commission.

NRC Staff Evaluation

- Beginning in January 2020, staff conducted an independent evaluation of whether extravasations should be reported as medical events.
- Stakeholder engagement included:
 - Public meeting in December 2020 (ML21005A436)
 - ACMUI meeting in September 2021 (ML21267A021)

Petition for Rulemaking and Rulemaking Plan

- In May 2020, <u>PRM-35-22</u> requested the NRC revise its regulations to require medical event reporting of extravasations.
- In May 2022, NRC staff provided a rulemaking plan to the Commission (SECY-22-0043).
- In December 2022, the Commission approved staff's recommendation with changes (SRM-SECY-22-0043).



Information Request and Preliminary Proposed Rule Language

Daniel DiMarco

Health Physicist

Division of Materials Safety, Security, State, and Tribal Programs

Information Request

- The information request was published in the *Federal Register* on April 19, 2023 (88 FR 24130).
- The deadline for comments is July 18, 2023.
- The notice made the preliminary proposed rule language for the rulemaking available and posed questions to obtain input from stakeholders.

The preliminary proposed rule language does not represent a final NRC staff position, nor has it been reviewed by the Commission. Therefore, the preliminary proposed rule language may undergo revision during the rulemaking process.

§ 35.2 Definitions.

- *Extravasation* means the leakage of a radiopharmaceutical from the blood vessel into the surrounding tissue.
- *Medical attention* means any techniques used to reduce the chance, severity, or symptoms of a suspected radiation injury.
- Suspected radiation injury means a potential or observable deterministic health effect to the area around an injection site that can be attributed to radiation.

Definitions

- 1. What term should the NRC use (e.g., extravasation, infiltration) when describing the leakage of radiopharmaceuticals from a blood vessel or artery into the surrounding tissue?
- 2. What criteria should the NRC use to define "suspected radiation injury"?
- 3. What techniques or methods should be included in the definition of "medical attention"?

- § 35.42 Procedures for evaluating and reporting extravasations.
- (a) For any administration in which an extravasation can occur, the licensee must develop, implement, and maintain written procedures to provide high confidence that an extravasation that requires medical attention for a suspected radiation injury will be detected and reported in a timely manner and in accordance with § 35.3045.
- (b) The written procedures required by paragraph (a) of this section must address how the licensee determines that an extravasation meets the criteria in § 35.3045(a)(3) for a medical event.
- (c) A licensee must retain a copy of the procedures required under paragraph (a) in accordance with § 35.2042.

§ 35.2042 Records for procedures for evaluating and reporting extravasations.

A licensee must retain a copy of the procedures required by § 35.42(a) for the duration of the license.

- § 35.3045 Report and notification of a medical event.
- (a) A licensee shall report any event as a medical event, except for an event that results from patient intervention, in which
 - (1) * * *
 - (2) * * *
- (3) The administration of byproduct material results in an extravasation that requires medical attention for a suspected radiation injury.

Procedures

- 4. What steps could the licensee take to minimize the chance of a radiopharmaceutical extravasation occurring?
- 5. What steps should the licensee take when an extravasation is suspected or discovered?
- 6. What techniques, technologies, or procedures (e.g., post-treatment imaging, visual observation, patient feedback) should be used to help identify an extravasation during or immediately after a radiopharmaceutical injection?

- 7. What techniques, technologies, or procedures (e.g., post-treatment imaging, survey measurement) should be used to better characterize an extravasation after radiopharmaceutical treatment?
- 8. What information should licensees provide to nuclear medicine patients on how to identify an extravasation and how to follow up with their physician if they suspect a radiation injury?
- 9. When should a reportable extravasation be counted as "discovered" for the purposes of notification (e.g., when medical attention is administered, when the physician identifies that the injury is from radiation)?

- 10. The NRC requires that licensees notify the referring physician and the individual who is the subject of a medical event no later than 24 hours after discovery of the medical event. When should licensees be required to provide notification of an extravasation medical event to the referring physician and the individual?
- 11. Who (e.g., patient's primary physician, authorized user, nuclear medicine technician) should be able to identify an extravasation that could result in a "suspected radiation injury"?
- 12. What topics should the NRC include in guidance to assist licensees to accurately identify, characterize, and report extravasation events in a timely manner?

Healthcare Inequities

- 13. What regulatory actions could help ensure that extravasations in patients affected by healthcare inequities are accurately assessed and reported?
- 14. Are vascular access tools and other technologies (e.g., ultrasound guided vein finders) likely to reduce the potential for an extravasation in all patients, particularly in patients of color?



How to Prepare and Submit Comments

Irene Wu

Project Manager

Division of Rulemaking, Environmental, and Financial Support

Tips for Preparing Comments

 Review the <u>Commenter's</u> <u>Checklist</u> on Regulations.gov



TIPS FOR SUBMITTING EFFECTIVE COMMENTS*

Overview

A comment can express simple support or dissent for a regulatory action. However, a constructive, information-rich comment that clearly communicates and supports its claims is more likely to have an impact on regulatory decision making.

These tips are meant to help the public submit comments that have an impact and help agency policy makers improve federal regulations.

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- ✓ Read and understand the regulatory document you are commenting on
- ✓ Feel free to reach out to the agency with questions
- ✓ Be concise but support your claims
- ✓ Base your justification on sound reasoning, scientific evidence, and/or how you will be impacted.
- $\checkmark \;\;$ Address trade-offs and opposing views in your comment
- ✓ There is no minimum or maximum length for an effective comment
- ✓ The comment process is not a vote one well supported comment is often more influential than a thousand form letters

Detailed Recommendations

- Comment periods close at 11:59 eastern time on the date comments are due begin work well before the deadline.
- Attempt to fully understand each issue; if you have questions or do not understand a part of the regulatory document, you may ask for help from the agency contact listed in the document.

Note: Although the agency contact can answer your questions about the document's meaning, official comments must be submitted through the comment form.

- Clearly identify the issues within the regulatory action on which you are commenting. If you
 are commenting on a particular word, phrase or sentence, provide the page number, column,
 and paragraph citation from the federal register document.

 If you choose to comment on the comments of others, identify such comments using
 - If you choose to comment on the comments of others, identify such comments usir their comment ID's before you respond to them.

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Methods for Submitting Comments

 Regulations.gov: <u>comment form</u> **Docket ID NRC-2022-0218**

or

• Email: Rulemaking.Comments@nrc.gov or

• Mail: Secretary, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001 ATTN: Rulemakings and Adjudications Staff



Proposed Rules

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[NRC-2022-0218]

out obtaining materials referenced in

e Wu, telephone: 301–415–1951 il: Irene.Wu@nrc.gov; and Danie larco, telephone: 301–415–3303

A. Ohtaining Information

ET, Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

B. Submitting Comment

Vol. as No. 75

The NRC encourages electronic omment submission through the

On May 18, 2020, Lucerno Dynamics

Next Steps

- Public comment period ends: July 18, 2023
- Proposed rule to the Commission: August 2024 (estimated)
- Proposed rule publication: December 2024 (estimated)



Public Feedback and Questions

Contact Information and Resources

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Extravasations Rulemaking Website

NRC Rulemaking Process Website

Acronyms

ACMUI Advisory Committee on the Medical Uses of Isotopes

ADAMS Agencywide Documents Access and Management System

FR Federal Register

FRN Federal Register notice

NRC U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

PRM petition for rulemaking

SRM staff requirements memorandum