

10 CFR 50.36a(a)(2) 10 CFR 72.44 (d)(3) Technical Specification 6.9.1.d

RA-16-039

April 29, 2016

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attn: Document Control Desk Washington, DC 20555 - 0001

> Oyster Creek Nuclear Generating Station Renewed Facility Operating License No. DPR-16 NRC Docket No. 50-219

Independent Spent Fuel Storage Facility NRC Docket No. 72-15

Subject: Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for 2015

Enclosed with this cover letter is the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period January 1 to December 31, 2015. This report includes the Oyster Creek Nuclear Generating Station Independent Spent Fuel Storage Facility.

If any further information or assistance is needed, please contact John Renda, Chemistry Manager, at 609-971-2572.

Sincerely,

Hack Garey L. Stathes

Site Vice President Oyster Creek Nuclear Generating Station

Enclosure: 2015 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

cc: Administrator, USNRC Region I USNRC Senior Project Manager, Oyster Creek USNRC Senior Resident Inspector, Oyster Creek Craig Stewart, American Nuclear Insurers

IEH8 NMSSZ6 NRR NRR





Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

2015

**Oyster Creek Generating Station** 

ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015 EXELON GENERATION COMPANY, LLC OYSTER CREEK GENERATING STATION

DOCKET NO. 50-219 (Oyster Creek Generating Station) DOCKET NO. 72-15 (Independent Spent Fuel Storage Facility)

Submitted to The United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission Pursuant to Renewed Facility Operating License DPR-16

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

SE	СТІС	DN	PAGE
EX	ECU	TIVE SUMMARY	1
1.	Sou	rces of Radiation Dose to the U.S. Population	3
2.	Exp	osure Pathways	5
3.	Intro	oduction	7
4.	Sup	plemental Information	8
	А	Regulatory Limits	8
	в	Effluent Concentration Limits	9
	С	Average Energy	9
	D	Measurements and Approximations of Total Radioactivity	9
	Е	Batch Releases	13
	F	Abnormal Releases	13
	G	Revisions to the ODCM	13
	н	Radiation Effluent Monitors Out of Service More Than 30 Days	13
	I	Releases from the Independent Spent Fuel Storage Facility	14
	J	Program Deviations	14
Арр	end	ix A – Effluent and Waste Disposal Summary	15
Арр	end	ix B – Solid Waste and Irradiated Fuel Shipments	22
Арр	end	ix C – Radiological Impact to Man	29
Арр	end	ix D – Meteorological Data	32
Арр	end	ix E – ODCM Revisions	106
App	end	ix F – ERRATA	107

(Page Intentionally Left Blank)

#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Effluents are strictly monitored to ensure that radioactivity released to the environment is as low as reasonably achievable and does not exceed regulatory limits. Effluent control includes the operation of monitoring systems, in-plant and environmental sampling and analyses programs, quality assurance programs for the effluent and environmental programs, and procedures covering all aspects of effluent and environmental monitoring.

Both radiological environmental and effluent monitoring indicate that the operation of Oyster Creek Generating Station (OCGS) does not result in significant radiation exposure to the people or the environment surrounding OCGS and is well below the applicable levels set by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

There were liquid radioactive effluent releases during 2015 of concentrations of tritium too low to detect at an LLD of 200 picocuries per liter (pCi/L) at the New Jersey Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NJPDES) permitted main condenser outfall. The releases were part of nearly continuous pumping of groundwater at approximately 70 gpm containing low levels of tritium and no detectable gamma. Exelon and the State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) agreed to this remediation action instead of natural attenuation to address concentrations of tritium in groundwater. Well 73 and supporting equipment and piping were installed to pump groundwater to the intake structure at the inlet of the main circulating water pumps. Provisions were established for both batch and continuous releases of groundwater. Continuous releases occurred approximately 277 days in 2015. The nearly continuous releases occurred from January 1, 2015 through January 30, 2015 and April 27, 2015 through December 31, 2015 with a total of 2.78E+07 gallons of groundwater pumped resulting in 2.08E-01 Ci of tritium released to the discharge canal. The dose to the most limiting member of the public due to the release of groundwater was 9.86E-07 mrem.

There were no liquid abnormal releases during 2015.

There were no gaseous abnormal releases during 2015.

The maximum calculated organ dose (Bone) from iodines, tritium, carbon-14 (C-14), and particulates to any individual due to gaseous effluents was 5.53E-01 mrem, which was approximately 3.69E+00 percent of the annual limit of 15 mrem. The majority of organ dose from gaseous effluents was due to C-14. The maximum calculated gamma air dose in the UNRESTRICTED AREA due to noble gas effluents was 4.86E-03 mrad, which was 4.86E-02 percent of the annual 10 CFR 50 Appendix I, As Low As Reasonably Achievable (ALARA) limit of 10 mrad.

For comparison, the background radiation dose averages approximately 620 mrem per year to the average person in the United States.

The Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation (ISFSI) is a closed system and the only exposure is due to direct radiation. Based on offsite TLD readings, dose due to direct radiation from the ISFSI was less than 1 mrem for 2015. Because it is a sealed unit, no radioactive material was released.

Comparison of environmental sampling results to iodine and particulate gaseous effluents released, showed no radioactivity attributable to the operation of OCGS. Both elevated and ground-level release paths were considered in this review, with total iodines released of 4.30E-03 Ci and total particulates with half-lives greater than 8 days less C-14 released of 2.69E-02 Ci.

Joint Frequency Tables of meteorological data, per Stability Classification Category, as well as for all stability classes, are included. All data was collected from the on-site Meteorological Facility. Data recoveries for the 380-foot data and the 33-foot data were 99.8 percent and 99.8 percent, respectively. The UFSAR commits to Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.23 for Meteorological Facility data recovery. RG 1.23 requires data recovery of at least 90% on an annual basis.

#### 1 Sources of Radiation Dose to the U.S. Population

Note: The information in this section is from the following NRC report: Radioactive Effluents from Nuclear Power Plants: Annual Report 2007

For comparison with Nuclear Power Plant (NPP) effluents, this section provides a perspective on the doses that Americans typically receive on average from natural and background radiation.

In March 2009, the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) published Report No. 160 as an update to the 1987 NCRP Report No. 93, Ionizing Radiation Exposure of the Population of the United States (Refs. 28, 29). Report No. 160 describes the doses to the U.S. population from all sources of ionizing radiation for 2006, the most recent data available at the time the report was written. The report also includes information on the variability of those doses from one individual to another. The NCRP estimated that the average person in the United States receives the equivalent of about 620 mrem of radiation dose each year. NCRP Report No. 160 describes each of the sources of radiation that contribute to this dose, including:

- naturally-occurring sources (natural background) such as cosmic radiation from space, terrestrial radiation from radioactive materials in the earth, and naturally occurring radioactive materials in food people eat and air people breathe;
- 2. medical sources from diagnosis and treatment of health disorders using radioactive pharmaceuticals and radiation-producing equipment;
- 3. consumer products;
- 4. industrial processes, security devices, educational tools, and research activities;
- 5. exposures of workers that result from their occupations.

Figure 1.1 is a pie chart showing the relative contributions of these sources to radiation dose to the U.S. population. Larger relative contributors to dose are represented by proportionally larger slices of the pie. Doses to the public from nuclear power generation are included in the industrial category; doses to workers from nuclear power generation are included in the category of occupational dose.

Doses to the public due to effluents from NPPs are less than 0.1% of what the average person receives each year from all sources of radiation. Doses to workers from occupational exposures, including those received from work at NPPs, also are less than 0.1% of the average dose to a member of the public from all sources.



FIGURE 1.1 Sources of Radiation Exposure to the U.S. Population

Percent contribution of various sources of exposure to the total collective effective dose and the total effective dose per individual in the U.S. population for 2006. Percent values have been rounded to the nearest 1%, except for those <1 % [less than 1%]. Credit: Modification to image courtesy of National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements.

#### 2 Exposure Pathways

Radiological exposure pathways define the methods by which people may become exposed to radioactive material. The major pathways of concern are those which could cause the highest calculated radiation dose. These projected pathways are determined from the type and amount of radioactive material released, the environmental transport mechanism, and the use of the environment. The **environmental transport mechanism includes** consideration of physical factors, such as the hydrological (water) and meteorological (weather) characteristics of the area. An annual average of the water flow, wind speed, and wind direction are used to evaluate how the radionuclides will be distributed in an area for gaseous or liquid releases. An important factor in evaluating the exposure pathways is the use of the environment. Many factors are considered such as dietary intake of residents, recreational use of the area, and the locations of homes and farms in the area.

The external and internal exposure pathways considered are shown in Figure 2.1. The release of radioactive gaseous effluents involves pathways such as external whole body exposure, deposition of radioactive material on plants, deposition on soil, inhalation by animals destined for human consumption, and inhalation by humans. The release of radioactive material in liquid effluents involves pathways such as drinking water, fish, and direct exposure from the water at the shoreline while swimming.

Although radionuclides can reach humans by many different pathways, some result in more dose than others. The critical pathway is the exposure route that will provide, for a specific radionuclide, the greatest dose to a population, or to a specific group of the population called the critical group. The critical group may vary depending on the radionuclides involved, the age and diet of the group, or other cultural factors. The dose may be delivered to the whole body or to a specific organ. The organ receiving the greatest fraction of the dose is called the critical organ.



This simple diagram demonstrates some potential exposure pathways from Oyster Creek Generating Station.

#### 3 Introduction

In accordance with the reporting requirements of Technical Specification 6.9.1.d applicable during the reporting period, this report summarizes the effluent release data for OCGS for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015. This submittal complies with the format described in Regulatory Guide 1.21, "Measuring, Evaluating and Reporting Radioactivity in Solid Wastes and Releases of Radioactive Materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants", Revision 1, June 1974.

Meteorological data was reported in the format specified in Regulatory Guide 1.23, Revision 1, "Meteorological Monitoring Programs for Nuclear Power Plants".

All vendor results were received and included in the report calculations. Therefore the 2015 report is complete.

Supplemental Information 4

Oyster Creek Generating Station

Exelon Generation Company, LLC

ODCM Control 3.11.2.3

A. Regulatory Limits:

		Limit	Units	Receptor	ODCM and 10 CFR 50, Appendix I Design Objective Limits
1.	Noble	Gases:			
	a.	≤ 500	mrem/yr	Total Body	ODCM Control 3.11.2.1
		≤ 3000	mrem/yr	Skin	
	b.	<u>&lt;</u> 5	mrad	Air Gamma	Quarterly air dose limits
		<u>&lt;</u> 10	mrad	Air Beta	ODCM Control 3.11.2.2
	C.	<u>&lt;</u> 10	mrad	Air Gamma	Yearly air dose limits
		<u>&lt;</u> 20	mrad	Air Beta	ODCM Control 3.11.2.2
	d.	< 5	mrem	Total Body	10 CFR 50, Appendix I,
				(Gamma)	Section II.B.2(b)
		< 15	mrem	Skin (Beta)	
2.	lodines	s, Tritium, F	Particulates wit	h Half Life > 8 days:	
	a.	≤ 1500	mrem/yr	Any Organ	ODCM Control 3.11.2.1
	b.	< 7 5	mrem	Any Organ	Quarterly dose limits
		_ /.v	-	, ,	ODCM Control 3.11.2.3
	C.	≤ 15	mrem	Any Organ	Yearly dose limits

3. Liquid Effluents:

≤15

.

Concentration 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, ODCM Control 3.11.1.1 а. Table 2 Column 2

b.	≤ 1.5	mrem	Total Body	Quarterly dose limits
	≤ 5	mrem	Any Organ	ODCM Control 3.11.1.2
C.	≤ 3	mrem	Total Body	Yearly dose limits
	≤ 10	mrem	Any Organ	ODCM Control 3.11.1.2

#### B. Effluent Concentration Limits:

Gaseous dose rates rather than effluent concentrations are used to calculate permissible release rates for gaseous releases. The maximum permissible dose rates for gaseous releases are defined in ODCM Controls 3.11.2.1.

The Effluent Concentration Limit (ECL) specified in 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 for identified nuclides, were used to calculate permissible release rates and concentrations for liquid release per ODCM Controls 3.11.1.1. The total activity concentration at the Route 9 bridge for all dissolved or entrained gases was limited to <  $2E-04 \mu$ Ci/ml.

C. Average Energy  $(\overline{E})$ :

The Oyster Creek ODCM limits the instantaneous dose equivalent rates due to the release of noble gases to less than or equal to 500 mrem/year to the total body and less than or equal to 3000 mrem/year to the skin. The average beta and gamma energies ( $\bar{E}$ ) of the radionuclide mixture in releases of fission and activation gases as described in Regulatory Guide 1.21, "Measuring, Evaluating and Reporting Radioactivity in Solid Wastes and Releases of Radioactive Materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plant", may be used to calculate doses in lieu of more sophisticated software. The Oyster Creek radioactive effluent program employs the methodologies presented in U.S. NRC Regulatory Guide 1.109 "Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I," Revision 1, October 1977. Therefore, average energy ( $\bar{E}$ ) as described in Regulatory Guide 1.21 is not applicable to Oyster Creek.

- D. Measurements and Approximations of Total Radioactivity:
  - 1. Fission and Activation Gases

The method used for Gamma Isotopic Analysis is the Canberra Gamma Spectroscopy System with a gas Marinelli beaker. Airborne effluent gaseous activity was continuously monitored and recorded in accordance with the Off Site Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) Table 4.11.2.1.2-1. Additional grab samples were taken from the stack Radioactive and Gaseous Effluent Monitoring System (RAGEMS) sample point and ground-level release sample points and analyzed at least monthly to determine the isotopic mixture of noble gas activity released for the month. If activity was found in the grab isotopic analysis, the results are entered into Simplified Environmental Effluent Dosimetry System (SEEDS) to calculate dose and dose rates. If no activity is detected in the stack grab samples, post treatment or Off Gas Isotopic Analysis data may be used.

2. lodines

The method used for Gamma Isotopic Analysis is the Canberra Gamma Spectroscopy System with a charcoal cartridge. Iodine activity was continuously sampled and analyzed in accordance with ODCM Table 4.11.2.1.2-1. Charcoal samples are taken from the stack RAGEMS sample point and ground-level release sample points and analyzed at least weekly to determine the total activity released from the plant based on the average vent flow rates recorded for the sampling period.

3. <u>Particulates (half-lives > 8 days)</u>

The method used for Gamma Isotopic Analysis is the Canberra Gamma Spectroscopy System with a particulate filter (47 mm). Particulate activity was continuously sampled and analyzed in accordance with ODCM Table 4.11.2.1.2-1. Particulate samples are taken from the stack RAGEMS sample point and ground-level release sample points and analyzed at least weekly to determine the total activity released from the plant based on the average vent flow rates recorded for the sampling period.

- 4. <u>Tritium</u>
  - A. Gaseous Effluents

Air from stack and vent effluents was passed through a desiccant column and distilled to remove the moisture collected. An aliquot of the water from the distillate was analyzed for tritium using a liquid scintillation counter.

B. Liquid Effluents

Water from liquid effluents was analyzed for tritium using a liquid scintillation counter.

5. <u>Gross Alpha</u>

Gross alpha was measured by an off-site vendor for both the gas and liquid effluent composite samples.

6. <u>Hard-To-Detects</u>

Hard-To-Detects was measured by an off-site vendor for one set of gas monthly composites. The analysis included Fe-55, I-129, Ni-59, Ni-63, Tc-99, Am-241, Cm-242, Cm-243/244, Pu-238, Pu-239/240 and Pu-241. Fe-55 and Ni-63 have been added to the routine monthly composite analysis schedule based on previous sample results for Hard-To-Detects. Only nuclides that have been detected are included in Table A-2 and/or Table A-3.

#### 7. <u>Carbon-14 (C-14)</u>

The amount of C-14 (Ci) released was estimated using the guidance from EPRI Technical Report 1021106, Estimation of Carbon-14 in Nuclear Power Plant Gaseous Effluents. The C-14 was released primarily through the stack (97%) with a small amount (3%) released through plant vents. The activity in liquid effluents was determined to not be significant.

The offsite dose from C-14 was calculated using SEEDS, which uses approved ODCM methodologies. The resulting annual dose to a child from gaseous releases of C-14 is about 5.27E-01 mrem to the bone.

8. Liquid Effluents

Groundwater containing tritium was released during 2015. For continuous releases, tritium and principal gamma emitters were determined for a composite sample daily. The concentration of tritium is limited to ensure concentrations were less than 200 pCi/l in the discharge canal. The gamma emitters were limited to less than detectable concentrations. Gross alpha and Hard-to-detect analyses (Fe-55, Ni-63, Sr-89 and Sr-90) were determined for monthly composite samples for each type of release (batch or continuous).

The leaks into the groundwater were reported in the 2009 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report as abnormal releases. Estimates of the curies of the tritium releases were reported. Doses due to the release of the groundwater to the discharge canal were included in the report. To ensure that the amount of activity discharge is accurate and limiting, the activity and doses as a result of discharges during 2015 from the groundwater remediation project are included in this report.

#### 9. Estimated Total Error Present

Procedure CY-AA-170-2100, Estimated Errors of Effluent Measurements, provides the methodology to obtain an overall estimate of the error associated with radioactive effluents.

## 10. Composite Samples and Lower Limit of Detection (LLD)

Particulate air samples were composited monthly and analyzed for gross alpha, Sr-89, Sr-90, Fe-55 and Ni-63. Groundwater batch and continuous releases were composited at least monthly and analyzed for gross alpha, Sr-89, Sr-90, Fe-55 and Ni-63. These composites are submitted to an offsite vendor laboratory for analysis. The ODCM required LLD for liquid and airborne releases are as follows:

Liquid:	LLD
Principal Gamma Emitters (Mn-54, Fe-59, Co- 58, Co-60, Zn-65, Mo-99, I-131, Ce-141, Cs-	
134, Cs-137)	5E-07 µCi/ml
Principal Gamma Emitters (Ce-144)	5E-06 µCi/ml
Dissolved and Entrained Gases	1E-05 µCi/ml
H-3	1E-05 µCi/ml
Gross Alpha	1E-07 µCi/ml
Sr-89 and Sr-90	5E-08 µCi/ml
Fe-55 and Ni-63	1E-06 µCi/ml
Airborne	LLD
Principal Gamma Emitters (Kr-87, Kr-88, Xe- 133, Xe-133m, Xe-135, Xe-138)	1E-04 µCi/ml
H-3	1E-06 µCi/ml
I-131	1E-12 µCi/ml
I-133	1E-10 µCi/ml
Principal Gamma Emitters (Mn-54, Fe-59, Co- 58, Co-60, Zn-65, Cs-134, Cs-137, Ce-141)	1E-11 µCi/ml
Principal Gamma Emitters (Mo-99, Ce-144)	1E-10 µCi/ml
Gross Alpha	1E-11 µCi/ml
Sr-89, Sr-90	1E-11 µCi/ml

- E. Batch Releases:
  - 1. <u>Liquid</u>

There were no batch releases of liquid effluents during 2015.

2. Gaseous

There were no batch releases of gaseous effluents during 2015.

F. Abnormal Releases:

There were no abnormal liquid releases during 2015.

There were no abnormal gaseous releases during 2015.

G. Revisions to the ODCM:

5

Revision 7 of the ODCM, CY-OC-170-301 was implemented 10/22/2015. A list of the major changes is included below. See the complete copy of CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 attached as part of this report.

- Changed description of REMP Sample Station 9 from SW to WSW Note, sample location was correct on Figure E-2.
- Changed description of REMP Sample Stations 106 and 107 from NW to WNW – Note, sample location was correct on Figure E-2.
- Changed REMP Sample Station 3 from an airborne background location to an airborne special interest location which was listed in error as a background location in the last revision.
- Added REMP Sample Station 114 back into the REMP since it was accidently left off the list as a drinking water sample location in the last revision – Note, sample location 114 was still listed on Figure E-1 in the last revision.
- Removed REMP Sample Station 39 from the REMP in the list as a background drinking water sample location and from Figure E-2.
- H. Radiation Effluent Monitors Out of Service More Than 30 Days

Per ODCM Control 3.3.3.10, "Radioactive Liquid Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation" and 3.3.3.11, Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation requires:

With less than the minimum number of radioactive liquid/gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels OPERABLE, take the ACTION shown in Table 3.3.3.10-1/3.3.3.11-1. Make every reasonable effort to return the instrument to OPERABLE status within 30 days and, if unsuccessful, explain in the next

Radioactive Effluent Release Report why the inoperability was not corrected in a timely manner.

The following is a discussion of instrumentation out of service for greater than 30 days:

- 1. There was no instrumentation out of service for greater than 30 days.
- I. Releases from the Independent Spent Fuel Storage Facility:

The ISFSI is a closed system and the only exposure would be due to direct radiation. This includes iodines, particulates, and noble gases. Based on offsite TLD readings, dose due to direct radiation from the ISFSI was less than 1 mrem for 2015. Because it is a sealed unit, no radioactive material was released.

- J. Program Deviations:
  - 1. There were no program deviations in 2015.

.

Appendix A Effluent and Waste Disposal Summary

# LIST OF TABLES

.

Table A - 1 Gaseous Effluents – Summary of All Releases	17
Table A - 2 Gaseous Effluents Release Point: Elevated Release	18
Table A - 3 Gaseous Effluents Release Point: Ground Level Releases	19
Table A - 4 Liquid Effluents – Summary of All Releases	20
Table A - 5 Liquid Release Point: Groundwater Remediation	21

#### Table A-1: Gaseous Effluents - Summary Of All Releases

### Period: January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015

### Unit: Oyster Creek

A Fission & Astivation Cases	Unite	Questand	Outerten 2	Quarter 2	3 Quarter 4	Est. Total
A. Fission & Activation Gases	Units	Quarter	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Error %
1. Total Release	Ci	1.44E+01	1.53E+01	6.52E+00	5.08E+00	25.00%
2. Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	1.85E+00	1.94E+00	8.21E-01	6.39E-01	
3. Gamma Air Dose	mrad	2.58E-04	4.57E-03	1.52E-04	1.14E-04	1.1.1.1.1.1.4.
4. Beta Air Dose	mrad	1.20E-04	4.26E-03	5.09E-05	1.95E-05	
5. Percent of ODCM Limit	1. 200	Parlaces			1.1.1.4.4.4	
- Gamma Air Dose	%	5.16E-03	9.14E-02	3.04E-03	2.28E-03	
- Beta Air Dose	%	1.20E-03	4.26E-02	5.09E-04	1.95E-04	
B. lodines						
1. Total – I-131	Ci	1.99E-04	3.92E-04	3.33E-04	2.30E-04	25.00%
2. Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	2.56E-05	4.98E-05	4.19E-05	2.90E-05	
3. Percent of ODCM limit	%	*	*	*	*	
C. Particulate						
1. Particulates with T 1/2 > 8 days	Ci	1.43E-02	5.63E-03	3.85E-03	3.12E-03	25.00%
2. Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	1.83E-03	7.16E-04	4.85E-04	3.93E-04	Contraction of
3. Percent of ODCM limit	%	*	*	*	*	
D. Tritium						
1. Total Release	Ci	7.07E+00	1.13E+01	6.96E+00	5.45E+00	25.00%
2. Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	9.09E-01	1.44E+00	8.76E-01	6.86E-01	
3. Percent of ODCM limit	%	*	*	*	*	
E. Gross Alpha						
1. Total Release	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td>25.00%</td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td>25.00%</td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td>25.00%</td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td>25.00%</td></lld<>	25.00%
2. Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	
3. Percent of ODCM limit	%	*	*	*	*	
F. Carbon-14					and the	
1. Total Release	Ci	2.25E+00	2.21E+00	2.44E+00	2.42E+00	
2. Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	2.89E-01	2.81E-01	3.07E-01	3.05E-01	
3. Percent of ODCM limit	%	*	*	*	*	
G. lodine 131 & 133, Tritium &	Particulat	e				
1. Organ Dose	mrem	5.85E-02	8.63E-02	2.33E-01	1.80E-01	
2. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	7.80E-01	1.15E+00	3.11E+00	2.40E+00	

\* ODCM Limit is for combined lodine, tritium, Carbon-14 and particulate only, which is shown in Item G.

### Table A-2: Gaseous Effluents Release Point: Elevated Release

### Period: January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015

Nuclides									
Released			Continuo	us Mode	16. 15	Batch Mode			
1. Fission gases	Unit	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
		1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Kr- 85	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Kr- 85m	Ci	2.10E-01	4.14E-01	9.07E-01	1.19E+00	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Kr-87	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Kr-88	Ci	1.38E-01	3.17E-01	7.07E-01	1.02E+00	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Xe-133	Ci	3.12E-01	4.50E-01	1.03E+00	1.25E+00	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Xe-135	Ci	1.37E+01	1.31E+01	3.88E+00	1.62E+00	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Xe-135m	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Xe-137	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Xe-138	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ar-41	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Total for Period	Ci	1.44E+01	1.43E+01	6.52E+00	5.08E+00	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
2. lodines			( Nation)		e an this set				
I-131	Ci	1.99E-04	3.91E-04	3.32E-04	2.30E-04	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
I-133	Ci	3.38E-04	1.10E-03	9.86E-04	7.17E-04	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
I-135	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Total for Period	Ci	5.37E-04	1.49E-03	1.32E-03	9.47E-04	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
3. Particulates									
Sr-89	Ci	1.00E-03	3.18E-04	1.09E-04	1.42E-04	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Sr-90	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Cs-134	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Cs-137	Ci	6.64E-04	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ba-140	Ci	1.27E-03	5.25E-04	1.03E-04	1.37E-04	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
La-140	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Cr-51	Ci	3.29E-04	1.01E-04	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Mn-54	Ci	5.68E-04	4.83E-04	2.63E-04	2.05E-04	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Co-58	Ci	4.93E-03	1.63E-03	1.31E-03	9.71E-04	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Co-60	Ci	4.26E-03	1.93E-03	1.71E-03	1.41E-03	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ni-63	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Mo-99	Ci	1.92E-04	1.00E-04	5.01E-05	7.05E-06	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ag-110m	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ce-141	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ce-144	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Fe-55	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Fe-59	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Zn-65	Ci	1.04E-03	5.10E-04	2.59E-04	2.40E-04	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Am-241	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Total for Period	Ci	1.43E-02	5.60E-03	3.80E-03	3.11E-03	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
4. Tritium			$destable p^{(i)}$	Same Sch	Transil State		State of the		· 《二》在《上》
H-3	Ci	6.45E+00	1.07E+01	6.48E+00	4.96E+00	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
5. Gross Alpha		A. Sector	Action in the lite				and the Police	and the second	
Gross Alpha	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
6. Carbon-14					and the second				
C-14	Ci	2.18E+00	2.14E+00	2.37E+00	2.35E+00	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>

## Table A-3: Gaseous Effluent Release Point: Ground Level Releases

Period: January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015

Nuclides									
Released		1 x 11	Continuo	ous Mode	* L. King	Batch Mode			But the
1. Fission gases	Unit	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
		1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Kr- 85	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Kr- 85m	Ci	<lld< td=""><td>2.75E-02</td><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	2.75E-02	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Kr-87	Ci	<lld< td=""><td>3.68E-01</td><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	3.68E-01	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Kr-88	Ci	<lld< td=""><td>6.56E-02</td><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	6.56E-02	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Xe-133	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Xe-133m	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Xe-135	Ci	<lld< td=""><td>5.40E-01</td><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	5.40E-01	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Xe-135m	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Xe-138	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ar-41	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Total for Period	Ci	<lld< td=""><td>1.00E+00</td><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	1.00E+00	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
2. lodines									
I-131	Ci	<lld< td=""><td>7.17E-07</td><td>1.17E-06</td><td>3.39E-07</td><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	7.17E-07	1.17E-06	3.39E-07	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
I-133	Ci	<lld< td=""><td>1.69E-06</td><td>1.52E-06</td><td>1.69E-08</td><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	1.69E-06	1.52E-06	1.69E-08	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
I-135	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Total for Period	Ci	<lld< td=""><td>2.41E-06</td><td>2.69E-06</td><td>3.56E-07</td><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	2.41E-06	2.69E-06	3.56E-07	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
3. Particulates				and the second	and the second				136 26 68
Sr-89	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Sr-90	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Cs-134	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Cs-137	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ba-140	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
La-140	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Cr-51	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Mn-54	Ci	<lld< td=""><td>1.09E-06</td><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	1.09E-06	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Co-58	Ci	6.18E-07	1.07E-05	1.91E-05	3.00E-06	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Co-60	Ci	4.91E-06	2.29E-05	3.14E-05	5.31E-06	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ni-63	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Mo-99	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ag-110m	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ce-141	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Ce-144	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Fe-55	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Fe-59	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Zn-65	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Am-241	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
Total for Period	Ci	5.53E-06	3.47E-05	5.05E-05	8.31E-06	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
4. Tritium									
H-3	Ci	6.20E-01	5.95E-01	4.82E-01	4.93E-01	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
5. Gross Alpha		28,0.55		a Carlos				A CASE & FRAM	
Gross Alpha	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>
6. Carbon-14			No. AND		184 - AN-183		State State	A STREET	15-1 T-1
C-14	Ci	6.76E-02	6.63E-02	7.32E-02	7.28E-02	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>

## Table A-4: Liquid Effluents - Summary Of All Releases

### Period: January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015

A. FISSION & ACTIVATION FIDUUCIS	Units	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Est. Total Error %
<ol> <li>Total Release not including tritium, gases, alpha</li> </ol>	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td>25.00%</td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td>25.00%</td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td>25.00%</td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td>25.00%</td></lld<>	25.00%
<ol> <li>Average Diluted concentration during period</li> </ol>	µCi/ml	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td></td></lld<>	
3. Total Body Dose	mrem	9.54E-08	2.35E-07	3.28E-07	3.28E-07	
4. Organ Dose	mrem	9.54E-08	2.35E-07	3.28E-07	3.28E-07	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit					1200	
-Total Body Dose	%	6.36E-06	1.57E-05	2.19E-05	2.18E-05	
-Organ Dose	%	1.91E-06	4.70E-06	6.56E-06	6.55E-06	
B. Tritium						Est. Iotal
	Units	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Error %
1. Total Release	Ci	2.04E-02	4.91E-02	7.01E-02	6.89E-02	25.00%
<ol> <li>Average diluted concentration during period</li> </ol>	µCi/ml	1.41E-10	1.44E-10	1.43E-10	1.42E-10	
3. Percent of 10CFR20 limit	%	1.41E-05	1.44E-05	1.43E-05	1.42E-05	
C Dissolved and Entrained G	2020					
	Units	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Est. Total
	Units	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Est. Total Error %
1. Total Release	Units	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Est. Total Error % 25.00%
1. Total Release     2. Average diluted concentration	Units Ci µCi/ml	Quarter 1 <lld <lld<="" td=""><td>Quarter 2</td><td>Quarter 3 <lld <lld<="" td=""><td>Quarter 4</td><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld></td></lld>	Quarter 2	Quarter 3 <lld <lld<="" td=""><td>Quarter 4</td><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld>	Quarter 4	Est. Total Error % 25.00%
1. Total Release     2. Average diluted concentration     3. Percent of ODCM limit	Units Ci µCi/ml %	Quarter 1 <lld< td=""><lld< td=""><lld< td=""><lld< td=""></lld<></lld<></lld<></lld<>	Quarter 2 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Quarter 3 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld<></lld </lld 	Quarter 3 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld<></lld </lld 	Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld 	Est. Total Error % 25.00%
1. Total Release     2. Average diluted concentration     3. Percent of ODCM limit     D. Gross Alpha Activity	Units Ci µCi/ml %	Quarter 1 <pre></pre>	Quarter 2 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Quarter 3 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld<></lld </lld 	Quarter 3 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld<></lld </lld 	Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld 	Est. Total Error % 25.00%
1. Total Release     2. Average diluted concentration     3. Percent of ODCM limit     D. Gross Alpha Activity	Units Ci µCi/ml % Units	Quarter 1 <lld< td=""><lld< td=""><lld< td=""><lld< td="">Quarter 1</lld<></lld<></lld<></lld<>	Quarter 2 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Quarter 3 <lld 3<="" <lld="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error %</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld></td></lld<></lld </lld 	Quarter 3 <lld 3<="" <lld="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error %</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld>	Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error %</td></lld<></lld </lld 	Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error %
1. Total Release     2. Average diluted concentration     3. Percent of ODCM limit     D. Gross Alpha Activity     1. Total Release	Units Ci µCi/ml % Units Ci	Quarter 1 <pre><lld <pre=""><lld <pre=""><lld< pre=""> </lld<></lld></lld></pre> Quarter 1	Quarter 2 <lld 2="" 2<="" <lld="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 3 <lld 3="" <lld="" <lld<="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld></td></lld>	Quarter 3 <lld 3="" <lld="" <lld<="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld>	Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld 	Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%
1. Total Release     2. Average diluted concentration     3. Percent of ODCM limit     D. Gross Alpha Activity     1. Total Release	Units Ci µCi/ml % Units Ci	Quarter 1 <pre><ul> <li><lld< pre=""> <lld< pre=""> </lld<></lld<></li> <li><lld< pre=""> </lld<></li> <li>Quarter 1 <pre><ul> <li><lld< pre=""> </lld<></li> </ul></pre></li></ul></pre>	Quarter 2 <lld 2="" <lld="" <lld<="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 3 <lld 3="" <lld="" <lld<="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld 4="" <lld="" <lld<="" quarter="" td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld></td></lld></td></lld>	Quarter 3 <lld 3="" <lld="" <lld<="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld 4="" <lld="" <lld<="" quarter="" td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld></td></lld>	Quarter 4 <lld 4="" <lld="" <lld<="" quarter="" td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld>	Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%
1. Total Release     2. Average diluted concentration     3. Percent of ODCM limit     D. Gross Alpha Activity     1. Total Release     E. Volume of Waste Released	Units Ci µCi/ml % Units Ci	Quarter 1 <pre><lld <pre=""><lld <pre=""><lld< pre=""> <pre><ul> <li><lld< pre=""> </lld<></li></ul></pre> </lld<></lld></lld></pre> Quarter 1 <pre><ul> <li><lld< pre=""> </lld<></li></ul></pre>	Quarter 2 <lld 2="" <lld="" <lld<="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 3 <lld 3="" <lld="" <lld<="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld></td></lld>	Quarter 3 <lld 3="" <lld="" <lld<="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld>	Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld 	Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%
1. Total Release     2. Average diluted concentration     3. Percent of ODCM limit     D. Gross Alpha Activity     1. Total Release     E. Volume of Waste Released     prior to dilution	Units Ci µCi/ml % Units Ci	Quarter 1 <pre><ul> <li><lld< pre=""> <lld< pre=""> </lld<></lld<></li> <li><lld< pre=""> </lld<></li> <li>Quarter 1 <pre><ul> <li><lld< pre=""> </lld<></li> <li>1.03E+07</li> </ul></pre></li></ul></pre>	Quarter 2 <lld <lld Quarter 2 <lld< td=""><td>Quarter 3 <lld 3="" 3.54e+07<="" <lld="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld></td></lld<></lld </lld 	Quarter 3 <lld 3="" 3.54e+07<="" <lld="" quarter="" td=""><td>Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld </td></lld>	Quarter 4 <lld <lld <lld< td=""><td>Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%</td></lld<></lld </lld 	Est. Total Error % 25.00% Est. Total Error % 25.00%

# Table A-5: Liquid Release Point: Groundwater Remediation

Period: January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015

Nuclides										
Released			Continuo	ous Mode		Batch Mode				
Fission &	Unit								12.3	
Activation		Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	
Products		1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
Sr-89	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Sr-90	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Cs-134	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Cs-137	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
I-131	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Co-58	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Co-60	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Ni-63	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Fe-59	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Zn-65	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Mn-54	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Cr-51	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Zr-95	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Nb-95	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Mo-99	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Tc-99m	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Ba-140	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
La-140	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Ce-141	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Ag-110m	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Fe-55	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Ce-144	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Total for Perio	d	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Dissolved En	traine	d Gases								
Xe-133	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Xe-135	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Tritium			a sign for a fe							
H-3	Ci	2.04E-02	4.91E-02	7.01E-02	6.89E-02	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	
Gross Alpha						Sec. Selecte				
Gross Alpha	Ci	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""><td><lld< td=""></lld<></td></lld<>	<lld< td=""></lld<>	

A. Solid waste shipped offsite for burial or disposal (not irradiated fuel)

# 1. Type of waste

Types of Waste	Total	Total	Period	Est. Total
	Quantity	Activity		Error%
	(m <sup>3</sup> )	(Ci)		
a. Spent resins, filter sludges, evaporator bottom, etc	5.13E+01	2.12E+02	2015	2.50E+01
b. Dry compressible waste, contaminated equip, etc	2.36E+02	1.68E-01	2015	2.50E+01
c. Irradiated components, control rods,etc	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2015	2.50E+01
d. Other	1.53E+02	1.04E-01	2015	2.50E+01

# 1. Estimate of Major Nuclide Composition (By Waste Type)

Category A - Spent Resin, Filters, Sludges, Evaporator Bottoms, etc.

Isotope	Waste	Class A	Waste	Class B	Waste	Class C
	Curies	Percent	Curies	Percent	Curies	Percent
H-3	1.96E-02	1.71E-02	9.20E-04	9.47E-04		Service State
C-14	2.06E-02	1.80E-02	2.94E-04	3.03E-04		
Cr-51						
P-32	5.31E-08	4.63E-08	Test and the	Sec. Williams		
Mn-54	2.97E+00	2.59E+00	1.58E+00	1.63E+00		
Fe-55	7.61E+01	6.63E+01	5.76E+01	5.93E+01		
Fe-59						
Co-57						
Co-58	1.22E-01	1.06E-01	Same and a second			States at 2
Co-60	3.12E+01	2.72E+01	2.73E+01	2.81E+01		
Ni-59	1.21E-04	1.05E-04	9.22E-03	9.49E-03		
Ni-63	1.01E+00	8.80E-01	9.85E-01	1.01E+00		
Zn-65	9.43E-01	8.22E-01	6.58E-01	6.77E-01		
Sr-89	8.62E-04	7.51E-04		No. Contraction		
Sr-90	6.51E-03	5.67E-03	2.86E-02	2.94E-02		
Nb-95	a da bar astal			Charles and the second	New York Comment	
Tc-99	4.91E-03	4.28E-03	3.85E-03	3.96E-03		
Ag-110m			and a state of the	design of the	North Marke	
Sb-125	2.11E-03	1.84E-03				
I-129	7.16E-04	6.24E-04	7.23E-05	7.44E-05		
Cs-134						
Cs-137	2.22E+00	1.93E+00	8.89E+00	9.15E+00		
Ce-144	7.16E-02	6.24E-02	7.08E-02	7.29E-02		
Pu-238	4.61E-04	4.02E-04	8.92E-04	9.18E-04		
Pu-239	1.05E-04	9.15E-05	2.62E-04	2.70E-04		
Pu-240	8.20E-05	7.15E-05	2.62E-04	2.70E-04		
Pu-241	4.47E-02	3.90E-02	9.38E-03	9.66E-03		
Am-241	5.35E-04	4.66E-04	1.20E-03	1.24E-03		
Cm-242	2.49E-04	2.17E-04	6.04E-06	6.22E-06		
Cm-243	4.30E-04	3.75E-04	7.14E-04	7.35E-04		3
Cm-244	3.60E-04	3.14E-04	7.02E-04	7.23E-04		
Totals	1.15E+02	1.00E+02	9.71E+01	1.00E+02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

Isotope	Waste Class A			
	Curies	Percent		
H-3	1.08E-02	5.79E+00		
C-14	8.68E-07	4.65E-04		
P-32	9.01E-06	4.83E-03		
Mn-54	5.68E-03	3.05E+00		
Fe-55	1.17E-01	6.27E+01		
Co-57	9.64E-06	5.17E-03		
Co-58	2.05E-04	1.10E-01		
Co-60	3.38E-02	1.81E+01		
Ni-59	4.22E-06	2.26E-03		
Ni-63	1.15E-03	6.17E-01		
Zn-65	2.92E-03	1.57E+00		
Sb-125				
Sr-89	1.77E-05	9.49E-03		
Sr-90	3.25E-05	1.74E-02		
Tc-99	6.38E-03	3.42E+00		
I-129	8.01E-04	4.30E-01		
Cs-137	7.50E-03	4.02E+00		
Ce-144	1.44E-04	7.72E-02		
Pu-238	1.04E-06	5.58E-04		
Pu-239	3.11E-07	1.67E-04		
Pu-240	1.20E-07	6.43E-05		
Pu-241	2.66E-05	1.43E-02		
Am-241	1.31E-06	7.02E-04		
Cm-242	1.48E-07	7.94E-05		
Cm-243	5.80E-07	3.11E-04		
Cm-244	5.81E-07	3.12E-04		
Totals	1.86E-01	1.00E+02		

Category B - Dry Compressible Waste, Contaminated Equipment, etc.

Isotope	Waste Class C				
	Curies	Percent Abundance %			
H-3					
C-14					
Cr-51					
Mn-54	TANK S				
Fe-55					
Fe-59					
Co-58					
Co-60					
Ni-59					
Ni-63					
Zn-65					
Sr-90					
Zr-95					
Nb-94					
Mo-93					
Tc-99					
Sb-125					
I-129					
Cs-137					
Ce-144					
Hf-181					
Ta-182					
U-235	East of the				
Np-237					
Pu-238					
Totals	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			

Category C - Irradiated components, control rods, etc.

# Category D - Other - Scrap Metal

Isotope	Waste Class A			
	Curies Percent			
H-3	9.51E-03	7.93E+00		
C-14	6.48E-07	5.40E-04		
P-32	4.71E-06	3.93E-03		
Mn-54	3.43E-03	2.86E+00		
Fe-55	7.50E-02	6.25E+01		
Co-57	7.59E-06	6.33E-03		
Co-58	1.41E-04	1.18E-01		
Co-60	1.93E-02	1.61E+01		
Ni-59	9.22E-07	7.69E-04		
Ni-63	6.88E-04	5.74E-01		
Zn-65	1.71E-03	1.43E+00		
Sr-85		的资料和计划		
Sr-89	1.16E-05	9.67E-03		
Sr-90	1.90E-05	1.58E-02		
Y-88				
Tc-99	5.64E-03	4.70E+00		
Cd-109				
Sn-113				
l-129	7.07E-04	5.89E-01		
Cs-137	3.71E-03	3.09E+00		
Ba-133				
Ce-139				
Ce-144	6.11E-05	5.09E-02		
Hg-203				
Pu-238	6.19E-07	5.16E-04		
Pu-239	1.87E-07	1.56E-04		
Pu-240	2.62E-08	2.18E-05		
Pu-241	1.95E-05	1.63E-02		
Am-241	7.59E-07	6.33E-04		
Cm-242	1.04E-07	8.67E-05		
Cm-243	2.80E-07	2.33E-04		
Cm-244	2.79E-07	2.33E-04		
Totals	1.20E-01	1.00E+02		

2. Solid Waste (Disposition)

Number of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination		
6	Hittman Transport Co.	Barnwell Disposal Facility		
2	Hittman Transport Co.	Barnwell Processing Facility		
8	Hittman Transport Co.	Energy Solutions Services		
2	Hittman Transport Co.	Energy Solutions Services, Inc.		
1	Hittman Transport Co.	Energy Solutions LLC.		
1	Landstar Ranger	Energy Solutions Services		

B. Irradiated Fuel Shipments (disposition).

There were no irradiated fuel shipments.

C. Changes to the Process Control Program

Revision 11 of the Process Control Program, RW-AA-100 was implemented July 1, 2015. See the complete copy of RW-AA-100 Revision 11 attached as part of this report.

- Clarified the following definitions: Blending, Classification Controlling Nuclides, Concentration Averaging, Homogeneous Waste and Nuclides of Concern.
- Updated the references to NRC-2011-0022.
- Added station specific UFSAR references.

Appendix C Radiological Impact to Man Per ODCM Administrative Control 6.2, an assessment of radiation doses to the likely most exposed MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from reactor releases and other nearby uranium fuel cycle sources (including doses from primary effluent pathways and direct radiation) for the previous calendar year must be made to show conformance with 40 CFR Part 190, Environmental Radiation Protection Standards for Nuclear Power Operation. For purposes of this calculation the following assumptions were made:

#### Gaseous

- Nearest member of the public was W sector at 483 meters.
- Actual 2015 meteorology and measured gaseous effluent releases were used.
- All significant pathways were assumed to be present.
- Occupancy factor was considered 22.8% (40 hours/week for 50 weeks).

#### Liquid

- Doses calculated in the discharge canal at the Route 9 Bridge.
- Fish, shellfish and shoreline pathways doses calculated.

#### 40 CFR Part 190 Compliance

- Dosimetry measurements (minus average of control stations) measured direct radiation for the nearest member of the public. The nearest member of the public for direct radiation is considered an individual that works in the warehouse west of the site. As a worker, the individual is assumed to work 2,000 hours per year at this location. Note that for the warehouse worker total dose calculations the full year (8760 hours) values for Noble Gas, lodine, Particulate, Carbon-14, Tritium and Liquid are used.
- Nearest resident was at SE sector at 937 meters.
- The highest calculated dose for gamma air dose and liquid total body were summed for total body dose.
- The highest calculated dose for gamma air dose, child bone and liquid organ were summed for organ dose.
- The limits for Kr-85, I-129, Pu-239 and other alpha-emitting transuranic radionuclides with half-lives greater than one year were not exceeded.

The ODCM does not require total body doses to the population and average doses to individuals in the population from gaseous effluents to a distance of 50 miles from the site to be calculated.

				Location		% of		
	Applicable	Estimated	Age	Distance	Direction	Applicable		
Effluent	Organ	Dose	Group	(meters)	(toward)	Limit	Limit	Unit
	Gamma -							
Noble Gas	Air Dose	4.86E-03	All	460	NNE	4.86E-02	10	mrad
	Beta – Air							
Noble Gas	Dose	4.32E-03	All	405	E	2.16E-02	20	mrad
	Total Body							
Noble Gas	(Gamma)	1.18E-03	All	988	NNE	2.36E-02	5	mrem
Noble Gas	Skin (Beta)	2.48E-03	All	988	NNE	1.65E-02	15	mrem
lodine,								
Particulate,	Popo	5 52E 01	Child	072	ESE	2 605+00	15	mrom
Carbon-14 &	Bone	5.55E-01	Crilia	912	ESE	3.09E+00	15	mem
Tritium								
Liquid	Total body	9.86E-07	All	South I	Route 9	3.29E-05	3	mrem
Liquid	Organ	9.86E-07	All	Bridge		9.86E-06	10	mrem
Direct Radiation	Total Body	8.45E+00	All	483	W	3.38E+01	25	mrem
Direct Radiation	Total Body	<lld< td=""><td>All</td><td>937</td><td>SE</td><td><lld< td=""><td>25</td><td>mrem</td></lld<></td></lld<>	All	937	SE	<lld< td=""><td>25</td><td>mrem</td></lld<>	25	mrem
$[2, \alpha_{i}, \alpha_{i}] \in \mathbb{C}^{n} \times \mathbb{C}^{n} \times \mathbb{C}^{n}$								
		40 CFR	Part 190	0 Compliar	nce			
		Wa	arehouse	Worker				
Total Dose	Total Body	8.45E+00	All	483	W	3.38E+01	25	mrem
Total Dose	Bone	9.01E+00	All	483	W	3.60E+01	25	mrem
Total Dose	Thyroid	8.45E+00	All	483	W	1.13E+01	75	mrem
		Ne	earest R	esident				
Total Dose	Total Body	4.86E-03	All	937	SE	1.94E-02	25	mrem
Total Dose	Bone	5.58E-01	All	937	SE	2.23E+00	25	mrem
Total Dose	Thyroid	4.86E-03	All	937	SE	6.48E-03	75	mrem

A summary of gaseous and liquid radiation doses to most likely exposed MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC was as follows:

Appendix D Meteorological Data
### LIST OF METEOROLOGICAL DATA TABLES

### PAGE

. .

Table D – 1	Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015	34
Table D – 2	Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015	41
Table D – 3	Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015	48
Table D – 4	Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015	55
Table D – 5	Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015	62
Table D – 6	Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015	69
Table D – 7	Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015	76
Table D – 8	Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015	83
Table D – 9	Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015	90
Table D – 10	Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015	98

Table D - 1Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

. . .

#### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	3	4	0	0	0	7
NNE	0	0	8	0	0	0	8
NE	0	1	4	0	0	0	5
ENE	0	2	2	0.	0	0	4
E	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
ESE	0	4	2	0	0	0	6
SE	0	11	10	0	0	0	21
SSE	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
S	0	1	4	1	0	0	6
SSW	0	2	4	0	0	0	6
SW	0	1	0	· 0	0	0	1
WSW	0	3	1	2	0	0	6
W	0	3	9	0	0	0	12
WNW	0	7	35	19	0	0	61
NW	0	7	40	18	0	0	65
NNW	0	3	7	6	0	0	16
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	51	134	46	0	0	231

Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Table D – 1 Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

#### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

#### Wind 1-3 Direction 4-7 8-12 13-18 19 - 24> 24 Total \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ Ν NNE NE ENE Е ESE SE SSE S SSW SW WSW W WNW NW NNW Variable Total

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D – 1Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	1	1	2	0	0	0	4
NNE	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
NE.	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ENE	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
E	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
SE	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
SSE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
S	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
SSW	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
SW	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0
WSW	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
W	0	5	4	0	0	0	9
WNW	0	10	5	6	0	0	21
NW	0	2	6	<sup>.</sup> 2	0	0	10
NNW	1	6	3	1	0	0	11
Variable	0	0	0	Ó	0	0	0
Total	2	42	29	9	0	0	82
of calm in th	nis stab	ility c	lass:	0		0	

### Wind Speed (in mph)

.

# Table D – 1Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Neutral - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind	1	4 7	- 0 1 0	12_10	10-24	> 24	Totol
		4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	
N	13	20	7	0	0	0	40
NNE	1	32	36	0	0	0	69
NE	2	13	26	0	0	0	41
ENE	4	5	1	0	0	0	10
Ε	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
ESE	2	6	0	0	0	0	8
SE	8	11	0	0	0	0	19
SSE	3	16	2	0	0	0	21
S	2	7	7	1	0	0	17
SSW	4	5	21	16	0	0	46
SW	1	16	15	1	0	0	33
WSW	5	15	8	0	0	0	28
W	7	18	8	1	0	0	34
WNW	14	32	31	17	0	0	94
NW	. 8	33	35	23	0	0	99
NNW	12	34	31	5	0	0	82
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	86	267	228	64	0	0	645

# Table D - 1Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind			I I		- /		
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	2	19	1	0	0	0	22
NNE	0	4	0	0	. 0	0	4
NE	3	8	4	0	0	0	15
ENE	5	4	0	0	0	0	9
$\mathbf{E}^{'}$	2	1	1	0	0	0	4
ESE	3	3	0	0	0	0	6
SE	3	4	0	0	0	0	7
SSE	5	5	2	0	0	0	12
S	13	21	2	0	0	0	36
SSW	18	26	6	0	0	0	50
SW	22	31	2	0	0	0	55
WSW	19	36	1	0	0	0	56
W	9	40	3	0	0	0	52
WNW	5	46	47	0	0	0	98
NW	19	56	38	1	0	0	114
NNW	8	33	14	0	0	0	55
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	136	337	121	1	0	0	595

Hours of calm in this stability class: 1 Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes: 4

38

## Table D - 1Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

Т

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	- 8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
NNE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Е	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	1	1	1	0	0	0	3
SSW	6	3	0	0	0	0	9
SW	13	6	0	0	0	0	19
WSW	18	17	0	0	0	0	35
W	16	10	0	0	0	0	26
WNW	16	17	0	0	0	0	33
NW	23	8	0	0	0	0	31
NNW	5	3	0	0	0	0	8
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	103	67	1	0	0	0	171

Table D - 1Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
							<b></b>
N	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
ENE	4	1	0	0	0	0	5
Е	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
ESE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
S	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
SSW	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
SW	25	3	0	0	0	0	28
WSW	64	7	0	0	0	0	71
W	79	13	0	0	0	0	92
WNW	49	1	0	0	0	0	50
NW	31	8	0	0	0	0	39
NNW	7	3	0	0	0	0	10
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	275	36	0	0	0	0	311

\*

## Table D - 2Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
		· · · · · · · ·					
N	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
NNE	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
NE	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ε	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ŵ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNW	0	0	0	1	3	1	5
NW	0	0	0	5	5	2	12
NNW	0	0	0	1	1	1	3
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	1	9	10	4	24

Table D - 2Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
NNE	0	0	0	2	1	0	3
NE	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
ENE	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
E	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
ESE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
S	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
SSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
W	0	0	1	4	2	0	7
WNW	0	0	0	7	5	8	20
NW	. 0	0	6	6	3	7	22
NNW	0	0	2	3	1	0	6
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	14	27	12	15	68

Hours of calm in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 2 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes: 4

## 42

Table D - 2Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

t

Wind				- ( <u>- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - </u>	-,		
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24 	Total 
N	0	2	1	2	0	0	5
NNE	0	0	0	3	2	0	5
NE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
ENE	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
SE	0	0	7	0	0	0	7
SSE	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
S	0	0	1	1	1	0	3
SSW	0	1	2	. 2	2	0	7
SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WSW	0	0	1	1	1	2	5
W	0	1	3	2	4	1	11
WNW	· 0	1	3	16	9	16	45
NW	0	0	4	3	8	5	20
NNW	0	0	0	2	0	3	5
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	7	26	33	27	27	120

Hours of calm in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 6 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes: 4

43

Table D - 2Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

#### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Neutral - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind			1	· 1			
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	6	15	14	4	0	39
NNE	0	4	15	53	10	1	83
NE	1	2	11	18	22	4	58
ENE	1	5	5	3	1	0	15
Е	2	3	0	1	0	0	6
ESE	1	4	4	3	0	0	12
SE	0	4	4	4	0	0	12
SSE	0	6	14	3	1	0	24
S	1	6	15	6	3	0	31
SSW	0	4	14	11	9	12	50
SW	1	2	5	17	17	2	44
WSW	0	4	10	15	9	0	38
W	1	11	25	24	14	6	81
WNW	1	5	37	39	· 40	44	166
NW	0	7	15	28	48	46	144
NNW	0	7	22	31	31	17	108
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	9	80	211	270	209	132	911

## Table D - 2Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

#### Wind Direction 1-3 4-7 8-12 13-18 19 - 24> 24 Total \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ Ν NNE Ó NE ENE Е ESE SEЗ SSE S SSW 12 ' SW WSW W WNW NW NNW Variable Total

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D - 2Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

TiT di se sel									
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total		
N	0	1	3	12	5	0	21		
NNE	0	0	3	4	0	0	7		
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
E	0	0	1	1	0	0	2		
ESE	0	3	1	0	0	0	4		
SE	1	2	2	1	0	0	6		
SSE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2		
S	0	1	3	4	0	0	8		
SSW	0	0	1	7	0	0	8		
SW	0	2	5	16	7	0	30		
WSW	0	0	6	12	15	6	39		
W	0	0	4	13	12	6	35		
WNW	0	0	5	11	13	2	31		
NW	0	1	1	7	9	0	18		
NNW	0	1	2	20	11	3	37		
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total	1	13	37	108	72	17	248		

.

Table D – 2Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for theOyster Creek Generating Station, January – March, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: January - March 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13 <b>-</b> 18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	1	2	6	7	2	0	18
NNE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
NE	1	1	2	1	1	0	6
ENE	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
E	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	2	6	2	0	0	10
S	0	0	1	6	. 1	1	9
SSW	0	0	5	4	0	0	9
SW	0	1	3	11	2	0	17
WSW	0	2	8	5	1	2	18
W	1	5	9	7	11	2	35
WNW	1	5	2	13	6	0	27
NW	0	2	2	5	2	0	11
NNW	0	0	0	3	2	0	5
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	5	20	45	67	28	5	170

Table D - 3Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

#### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	1	7	0	0	0	8
NNE	0	7	0	0	0	0	7
NE	0	9	15	0	0	0	24
ENE	0	12	34	0	0	0	46
Е	0	11	9	2	0	0	22
ESE	0	17	10	0	0	0	27
SE	0	11	33	0	0	0	44
SSE	0	7	31	4	0	0	42
S	0	2	28	50	0	0	80
SSW	0	2	14	10	0	0	26
SW	1	7	18	2	· 0	0	28
WSW	0	5	17	4	0	0	26
W	0	3	14	2	0	0	19
WNW	0	6	17	3	0	0	26
NW	0	13	43	11	0	0	67
NNW	0	3	6	0	0	0	9
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	116	296	88	0	0	501

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

Hours of calm in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes: 4

...

Table D – 3Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind			-	· 1	,		
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
NNE	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
NE .	0	5	6	0	0	0	11
ENE	0	4	6	0	0	0	10
Е	0	5	2	0	0	0	7
ESE	0	7	2	0	0	0	9
SE	0 ·	7	4	0	0	0	11
SSE	3	5	3	0	0	0	11
S .	0	2	6	3	0	0	11
SSW	1	4	6	3	0	0	14
SW	0	· 7	0	0	0	0 ·	7
WSW	0	6	1	0	0	0	7
W	0	6	6	1	0	0	13
WNW	0	5	6	0	0	0	11
NW	1	4	6	1	0	0	12
NNW	0	3	2	0	0	0	5
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	5	75	56	8	0	0	144

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D - 3Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3 -	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	• 0	0	Ò	0	0	0
NNE	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
NE	0	4	7	0	0	0	11
ENE	0	3	1	0.	0	0	4
Ε	0	5	1	0	0	0	6
ESE	0	3	· 0	0	0	0	3
SE	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
SSE	hour	3	· 4	0	0	0	8
S	0	1	2	3	0	0	6
SSW	1	3	2	0	0	0	6
ŚW	0	1	3	• 0	0	0	4
WSW	1	3	1	0	0	0	5
W	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
WNW	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
NW	1	3	1	1	0	0	6
NNW	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	4	37	27	4	0	0	72

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Hours of calm in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes:

4

Table D - 3Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Neutral - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind		<b>~</b> · <b>~</b> <i>′</i>									
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total				
N	5	4	0	0	0	0	9				
NNE	6	24	3	0	0	0	33				
NE	14	51	40	0	0	0	105				
ENE	8	27	18	2	0	0	55				
Е	4	6	16	6	0	0	32				
ESE	2	4	5	2	0	0	13				
SE	2	34	1	0	0	0	37				
SSE .	3	23	4	1	0	0	31				
S	6	20	20	1	0	0	47				
SSW	3	13	14	16	0	0	46				
SW	1	21	12	0	0	0	34				
WSW	1	14	5	0	0	0	20				
W	2	9	11	0.	0	0	22				
WNW	5	7	11	0	0	0	23				
NW	1	5	11	0	0	0	17				
NNW	6	6	3	0	0	0	15				
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Total	69	268	174	28	0	0	539				

Hours of calm in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes: 4

.

Table D - 3Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
 N		0	0	0	0	0	4
NNE	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
NE	11	18	2	0	0	0	31
ENE	4	8	1	0	0	0	13
E	5	4	1	1	0	0	11
ESE	4	5	0	0	. 0	0	9
SE	5	6	0	0	0	0	11
SSE	13	13	4	0	0	0	30
S	15	32	12	0	0	0	59
SSW	11	75	56	6	0	0	148
SW	13	44	9	0	0	0	66
WSW	6	26	2 <sup>.</sup>	0	0	0	34
Ŵ	9	19	0	0	0	0	28
WNW	6	24	1	0	0	0	31
NW	10	37	4	1	0	0	52
NNŴ	4	6	3	0	0	0	13
Variable	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0
Total	121	319	95	8	0	0	543

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D – 3Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

171	wind Speed (in mpn)									
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total			
N	4	1	0	0	0	0	5			
NNE	4	1	0	0	0	0	5			
NE	2	1	0	0	0	0	3			
ENE	3	0	0	0	0	0	3			
E	2	1	0	0	0	0	3			
ESE	4	0	0	0	0	0	4.			
SE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1			
SSE	3	0	0	0	0	0	3			
S	11	0	0	0	0	0	11			
SSW	13	4	0	0	0	0	17			
SW	11	11	0	0	0	0	22			
WSW	10	20	0	0	0	0	30			
W	9	7	0	0	0	0	16			
WNW	11	6	1	0	0	0	18			
NW	8	12	0	0	0	0	20			
NNW	7	1	0	0	0	0	8			
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Total	103	65	1	0	0	0	169			

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D - 3Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
			<b></b>				
N	5	0	0	0	0	0	5
NNE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
S	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
SSW	6	1	0	0	0	0	7
SW	13	4	0	0	0	0	17
WSW	30	11	0	0	0	0	41
W	42	3	0	0	0	0	45
WNW	25	6	0	0	0	0	31
NW	27	6	0	0	0	0	33
NNW	6	1	0	0	0	0	7
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	163	32	0	0	0	0	195

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D – 4Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind			ind Spool	~ (111 mp)	-/		
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12 	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
NE	0	0	0	2	2	0	4
ENE	0	0	4	8	1	0	13
E	0	0	2	<sup>,</sup> 1	2	0	5
ESE	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
SE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	2	1	· <u>1</u>	1	0	5
S	0	0	2	9	8	2	21
SSW	0	0	0	3	7	3	13
SW	0	0	0	3	1	0	4
WSW	0	0	0	1	4	2	7
W	0	0	2	2	7	0	11
WNW	0	0	1	2	0	0	3
NW	0	0	0	7	13	5	25
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	2	16	39	46	12	115

Hours of calm in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes: 4

5

Table D - 4Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

	Arna Opeca (In mpn)									
Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total			
N	0	0	0	5	0	0	5			
NNE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1			
NE	0	1	2	4	1	0	8			
ENE	0	0	3	9	4	0	16			
Е	0	0	3	3	2	0	8			
ESE	0	1	8	0	0	0	9			
SE	0	1	7	2.	0	0	10			
SSE	0	0	3	7 .	0	0	10			
S	0	1	5	12	12	1	31			
SSW	0	0	2	5	4	5	16			
SW	1	0	1	7	1	0	10			
WSW	0	0	. 0	7	1	1	9			
W	0	0	0	1	1	1	3			
WNW	0	0	2	4	5	0	11			
NW	0	0	2	10	5	4	21			
NNW	0	0	4	3	0	0	7			
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Total	1	4	43	79	36	12	175			

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D - 4Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
NNE	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
NE	0	1	5	7	4	0	17
ENE	0	4	1	2	3	0	10
E	0	1	4	2	0	0	7
ESE	0	3	3	1	0	0	7
SE	0	2	9	0	0	0	11
SSE	0	0	10	8	1	0	19
S	0	1	2	5	5	1	14
SSW	0	0	2	3	6	5	16
SW	0	0	4	6	0	0	10
WSW	0	0	2	9	1	1	13
W	0	0	1	1	5	1	8
WNW	0	1	3	5	5	2	16
NW	0	0	9	3	6	3	21
NNW	0	0	0	4	0	0	4
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	14	60	57	36	13	180

Hours of calm in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes: 4

.

Table D – 4 Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, April - June, 2015

#### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Neutral - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

#### Wind 4-7 1-3 19-24 > 24 Direction 8-12 13-18 Total \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ ----\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_\_\_\_ Ν NNE NE ENE Е ESE .0 SE SSE S SSW SW WSW W WNW NW NNW Variable Total

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

Hours of calm in this stability class: Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes: 

.

,

Table D – 4Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind	······································									
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total			
N	0	0	5	3	1	0	9			
NNE	0	4	5	3	1	0	13			
NE	0	4	6	5	4	0	19			
ENE	3	0	4	2	0	0	9			
E	0	3	7	2	1	1	14			
ESE	0	2	10	0	0	1	13			
SE	2	1	3	1	0	1	8			
SSE	1	6	7	7	3	1	25			
S	2	8	11	33	2	0	56			
SSW	0	6	18	44	38	8	114			
SW	0	7	5	22	48	6	88			
WSW	1	1	4	28	12	1	47			
Ŵ	1	0	3	13	7	1	25			
WNW	1	2	6	11	9	0	29			
NW	2	2	5	18	21	1	49			
NNW	0	1	0	7	17	0	25			
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Total	13	47	99	199	164	21	543			

Table D - 4Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
 N	1	0	1	2	0	1	5
NNE	0	3	3	2	1	0	9
NE	0	6	4	1	0	0	11
ENE	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
E	0	2	0	1	0	0	3
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	· 0
SE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
SSE	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
S	2	1	1	1	0	0	5
SSW	0	1	4	11	8	1	25
SW	1	3	2	3	11	1	21
WSW -	0	2	9	3	13	3	30
W	0	1	1	8	7	1	18
WNW	0	1	1	2	6	1	11
NW	1	0	0	3	13	1	18
NNW	0	1	2	8	13	0	24
Variable	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0
Total	6	24	31	45	72	9	187

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D - 4Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, April – June, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: April - June 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	0	5	9	1	2	17
NNE	, 0	3	0	3	0	0	6
NE	1	0	3	2	1	0	7
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	0	0	1	4	1	0	6
SSW	0	0	1	5	3	0	9
SW	1	1	2	9	9	2	24
WSW	0	0	3	0	7	4	14
W	0	2	2	1	5	0	10
WNW	0	1	5	4	3	0	13
NW	0	1	6	3	4	2	16
NNW	0	2	5	4	1	0	12
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2	11	34	44	35	10	136

# Table D – 5Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

#### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
NNE	0	4	0	0	0	. 0	4
NE	0	10	20	0	0	0	30
ENE	0	17	35	0	0	0	52
E	0	8	3	0	0	0	11
ESE	0	15	6	0	0	0	21
SE	0	11	46	4	0	0	61
SSE	0	1	38	1	0	0	40
S	0	5	41	3	0	0	49
SSW	0	6	12	0	0	0	18
SW	0	17	9	0	0	0	26
WSW	0	13	7	0	0	0	20
W	0	11	10	0	0	0	21
WNW	0	6	15	0	0	0	21
NW	0	12	6	0	0	0	18
NNW	0	6	2	0	0	0	8
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	145	251	8	0	0	404

Table D – 5Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

#### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

57 J)	aria preca (rin mpir)									
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total			
N	0	7	1	0	0	0	8			
NNE	0	2	2	0	0	0	, 4			
NE	0	9	7	0	0	0	16			
ENE	1	10	5	0	0	0	16			
E	0	4	2	0	0	0	6			
ESE	0	4	0	0	0	0	4			
SE	0	13	6	1	0	0	20			
SSE	0	2	13	0	0	0	15			
S	0	3	11	1	0	0	15			
SSW	1	3	5	0	0	0	9			
SW	3	5	3	0	0	0	11			
WSW	0	4	1	0	0	0	5			
W	0	7	0	0.	0	0	7			
WNW	0	6	1	0	0	0	7			
NW	1	9	1	0	0	0	11			
NNW	0	13	1	0	0	0	14			
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Total	6	101	59	2	0	0	168			

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D - 5Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

***)	WING PRECA (IN White										
Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total				
N	1	3	0	0	0	0	. 4				
NNE	0	3	0	0	0	0	3				
NE	0	3	3	0	0	0	6				
ENE	0	4	2	0	0	0	6				
E	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0				
ESE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2				
SE	0	4	6	0	0	0	10				
SSE	1	المحتة	6	0	0	0	8				
S	0	1	12	0	0	0	13				
SSW	0	3	1	0	0	0	4				
SW	0	4	1	0	0	0	5				
WSW	1	5	1	0	0	0	7				
W	0	1	2	0	0	0	3				
WNW	3	1	0	0	0	0	4				
NW	0	2	1	0	0	0	3				
NNW	0	3	1	0	0	0	4				
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Total	6	39	37	0	0	0	82				

### Wind Speed (in mph)

## Table D – 5Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Neutral - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	5	10	1	0	0	0	16
NNE	0	8	0	0	0	0	8
NE	1	26	27	0	0	0	54
ENE	1	11	24	0	0	0	36
E	3	6	1	Ő	0	0	10
ESE	0	14	5	0	0	0	19
SE	2	25	10	1	0	0	38
SSE	3	24	10	0	0	0	.37
S	1	21	19	0	0	0	41
SSW	2	14	15	0	0	0	31
SW	1	14	1	0	0	0	16
WSW	2	14	2	0	0	0	18
W	4	10	0	0	0	0	14
ŴNW	7	8	2	0	0	0	17
NW	8	11	2	0	0	0	21
NNW	8	22	0	0	0	0	30
Variable	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0
Total	48	238	119	1	0	0	406

Hours of calm in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes: 0

65

Table D - 5Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	6	8	1	0	0	0	15
NNE	6	8	0	0	0	0	14
NE	6	29	9	0	0	0	44
ENE	3 .	10	25	0	0	0	38
Ε	2	3	0	0	0	0	5
ESE	1	4	0	0	0	0	5
SE	5	13	4	0	0	0	22
SSE	13	12	0	0	0	0	25
S	12	40	1	0	0	0	53
SSW	17	70	3	0	0	0	90
SW	18	50	0	0	0	0	68
WSW	13	40	0	0	0	0	53
W	9	21	0	0	0	0	30
WNW	13	12	0	0	0	0	25
NW	10	6	0	0	0	0	16
NNW	6	9	2	0	0	0	17
Variable	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	140	335	45	0	0	0	520

Table D – 5Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

#### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

### Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	4	3	0	0	0	0	7
NNE	3	2	0	0	0	0	5
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
E	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
ESE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
SSE	8	1	0	0	0	0	9
S	17	3	0	0	0	0	20
SSW	17	4	0	0	0	0	21
SW	16	8	0	0	0	0	24
WSW	24	9	0	0	0	0	33
W	23	6	0	0	0	0	29
WNW	15	3	0	0	0	0	18
NW	16	7	0	0	0	0	23
NNW	6	4	0	0.	0	0	10
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	156	54	0	0	0	0	210

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

## Table D - 5Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July - September, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

### Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	8	0	0	0	0	0	8
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	· 0	0
Ε	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
S	8	0	0	0	0	0	8
SSW	8	0	0	0	0	0	8
SW	17	0	0	0	0	0	17
WSW	68	6	0	0	0	0	74
W	152	1	0	0	0	0	153
WNW	65	2	0	0	0	0	67
NW	38	5	0	0	0	0	43
NNW	15	2	0	0	0	0	17
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	381	17	0	0	0	0	398
Table D - 6Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

#### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

	tit i		Wind Speed (in mph)								
	Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18 	19-24 	> 24	Total			
	N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	NE	0	0	0	1	0	0	1			
	ENE	0	0	0	2	0	0	2			
	· E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	SSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	WSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Ŵ	0	0	0	1	0	0	1			
	WNW	0	0	0	3	0	0	3			
	NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	NNW	0	0	0	Ô	0	0	0			
	Variable	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0			
	Total	0	0	0	7	0	0	7			
Hours of	of calm in th	is stab	ility cl	ass:	0						

#### Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes:

0

.

-

Table D - 6Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

.

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	4	9	1	0	14
ENE	0	0	5	8	1	0	14
Е	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
ESE	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
SE	0	0	6	2	4	0	12
SSE	0	0	3	7	0	0	10
S	0	0	1	18	1	0	20
SSW	0	. 0	0	4	0	0	4
SW	0	0	1	4	0	0	5
WSW	0	0	2	5	1	0	8
W	0	0	2	6	0	0	8
WNW	0	0	0	4	5	0	9
NW	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
NNW	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	30	69	13	0	112

### Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D - 6Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

## Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	0	4	1	0	0	5
NNE	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
NE	0	0	12	11	0	0	23
ENE	0	2	13	7	4	0	26
E	0	0	12	0	0	0	12
ESE	0	5	3	0	0 .	0	8
SE	0	1	25	0	2	0	28
SSE	0	0	19	19	0	0	38
S	0	0	4	13	2	0	19
SSW	0	2	4	12	0	0	18
SW	0	0	7	1	0	0	8
WSW	0	4	10	3	0	0	17
ស	0	3	3	5	0	0	11
WNW	0	1	4	4	1	0	10
NW	0	2	7	4	0	0	13
NNW	0	0	9	1	0	0	10
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	21	138	81	9	0	249

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D - 6Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

#### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Neutral - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	1	9	15	11	0	0′	36
NNE	0	3	7	4	0	0	14
NE	1	4	22	53	18	1	99
ENE	2	8	16	6	39	16	87
E	1	6	7	5	0	0	19
ESE	0	9	18	5	0	0	32
SE	1	7	34	18	2	0	62
SSE	1	12	31	24	1	0	69
S	0	7	27	41	5	1	81
SSW	2	4	18	40	8	1	73
SW	0	8	11	20	0	0	39
WSW	0	6	14	8	0	0	28
W	1	11	9	12	1	0	34
WNW	2	5	15	6	1	0	29
NW	1	13	15	4	0	0	33
NNW	2	5	20	8	0	0	35
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	15	117	279	265	75	19	770

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D - 6Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

## Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

## Wind Speed (in mph)

				-,		
1-3	4-7 	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total 
0	5	2	11	0	0	18
0	1	2	6	1	0	10
1	5	13	5	2	0	26
1	6	9	. 6	10	3	35
0	3	5	1	0	0	9
1	· 3	2	1	3	0	10
0	3	6	5	1	2	17
1	3	13	5	0	1	23
1	4	12	26	0	· 0	43
0	2	18	74	3	0	97
0	2	10	57	28	0	97
0	0	5	23	10	0	38
0	0	2	17	8	0	27
0	2	7	12	4	0	25
0	2	2	7	3	0	14
0	3	3	8	2	0	16
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	44	111	264	75	6	505
	1-3 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Table D - 6Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

## Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind											
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total				
N	0	2	3	14	2	0	21				
NNE	1	3	4	3	1	0	12				
NE	2	0	3	3	0	0	8				
ENE	0	0	3	3	0	0	6				
E	1	0	1	0	0	0	2				
ESE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1				
SE	0	4	2	0	0	0	6				
SSE	0	2	7	0	0	0	9				
S	0	2	11	1	0	0	14				
SSW	0	5	7	10	0	0	22				
SW	1	2	2	12	20	0	37				
WSW	1	2	5	9	12	3	32				
W	0	0	5	7	10	1	23				
WNW	0	3	5	12	5	2	27				
NW	0	5	4	10	10	0	29				
NNW	0	3	1	13	8	0	25				
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Total	7	33	63	97	68	6	274				

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D – 6 Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, July – September, 2015

## Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: July - September 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	0	5	17	0	0	22
NNE	0	4	14	5	. 0	0	23
NE	0	2	7	3	0	0	12
ENE	0	2	4	2	. 0	0	8
E	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
ESE	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
SE	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	0	1	10	0	0	0	11
SSW	0	6	12	8	0	0	26
SW	0	3	13	4	1	0	21
WSŴ	0	3	9	6	6	1	25
W	1	0	7	11	2	0	21
WNW	2	6	8	21	3	Ō	40
NW	1	5	22	11	5	Ó	44
NNW	0	3	5	11	8	0	27
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	4	40	122	99	25	1	291

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

# Table D - 7Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

## Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Extremely Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
IN	0	Ţ	T	U	U	0	Z
NNE	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
NE	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
ENE	0	8	9	0	0	0	17
E	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
ESE	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
SE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
SSE	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
S	0	4	1	1	0	0	6
SSW	0	1	5	1	0	0	7
SW	0	3	3	0	0	0	6
WSW	0	1	7	0	0	0	8
W	0	3	5	0	0	0	8
WNW	0	8	14	1	0	0	23
NW	0	1	17	1	0	0	19
NNW	0	4	5	0	0	0	9
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	47	73	4	0	0	124

Table D – 7Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

#### Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Moderately Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
NNE	0	0	4	0	0	0	4
NE	0	1	4	0	0	0	5
ENE	0	5	1	0	0	0	6
E	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
ESE	0	10	3	0	0	0	13
SE	0	5	0	0	0	0	5
SSE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
S	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
SSW	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
SW	0	5	5	0	0	0	10
WSW	0	7	3	0	0	0	10
W	0	5	3	1	0	0	9
WNW	Ó	10	6	2	0	0	18
NW	0	6	7	0	0	0	13
NNW	0	4	3	0	0	0	7
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	64	45	3	0	0	112

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D - 7Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

#### Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Slightly Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-7		
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	4	0	0	0	0	4
NNE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
NE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
ENE	0	3	1	0	0	Ö	4
E	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	0	5	1	0	0	0	6
SE	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
SSE	Ò	1	3	0	0	0	4
S	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
SSW	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
SW	0	3	2	0	0	0	5
WSW	0	5	2	0	0	0	7
Ŵ	0	8	2	1	0	0	11
WNW	0	3	4	3	0	0	10
NW	1	6	2	0	0	0	9
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	44	20	5	0	0	70

Table D - 7Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Neutral - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind			-	. 1			
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	4	16	1	0	0	0	21
NNE	8	17	24	1	0	0	50
NE	1	12	54	28	0	0	95
ENE	<sup>′</sup> 5	19	27	0	0	0	51
E	3	19	10	12	0	0	44
ESE	0	12	8	1	0	0	21
SE	5	20	5	1	. 0	0	31
SSE	0	3	17	· <u>1</u>	0	0	21
S	2	7	6	7	0	0	22
SSW	0	12	21	8	0	0	41
SW	2	12	16	1	0	0	31
WSW	4	15	6	0	0	0	25
W	2	18	6	1	0	0	27
WNW	1	28	16	2	0	0	47
NW	5	21	11	0	0	0	37
NNW	6	18	8	0	0	0	32
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	48	249	236	63	0	0	596

Table D - 7Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Slightly Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	4	6	0	0	0	0	10
NNE	6	7	1	0	0	0	14
NE	8	10	8	2	0	0	28
ENE	13	4	10	0.	0	0	27
E	. 10	13	4	0	0	0	27
ESE	1	13	6	0	0	0	20
SE	6	20	10	0	0	0	36
SSE	7	15	6	0	0	0	28
S	14	17	8	0	0	0	39
SSW	8	35	15	0	0	0	58
SW	10	33	10	0	0	0	53
WSW	10	68	2	0	0	0	80
W	15	52	7	0	0	0	74
WNW	9	39	5	· 0	0	0	53
NW	8	23	5	0	0	0	36
NNW	8	29	4	0	0	0	41
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	137	384	101	2	0	0	624

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

Hours of calm in this stability class: 1 Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes: 5

.

Table D - 7Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Moderately Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
· N	2	2	0	0	0	· 0	4
NNE	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
NE	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
ENE	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
E	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
ESE	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
SE	7	1	0	0	0	0	8
SSE	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
S	4	3	· 0	0	0	0	7
SSW	8	7	0	0	0	0	15
SW	18	17	0	0	0	0	35
WSW	15	26	0	0	0	0	41
W	21	14	0	0	0	0	35
WNW	19	10	0	0	0	0	29
NW	9	8	0	0	0	0	17
NNW	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	121	90	0	0	0	0	211

## Wind Speed (in mph)

# Table D - 7Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October - December, 2015

## Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Extremely Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Wind's Measured at 33 Feet

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	- 8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
NNE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NE	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
ENE	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
S	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
SSW	14	2	0	0	0	0	16
SW	21	7	· 0	. 0	0	0	28
WSW	96	6	0	0	0	0	102
W	143	13	0	0	0	0	156
WNW	37	8	0	0	0	0	45
NW	54	11	0	0	0	0	65
NNW	12	6	0	0	0	0	18
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	399	53	0	0	0	0	452

Hours of calm in this stability class: 13 Hours of missing wind measurements in this stability class: 0 Hours of missing stability measurements in all stability classes: 5

82

Table D – 8Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

### Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Extremely Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Nind	wina Speea (in mph)										
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total				
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
SSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
NW	0	0	0	1	1	0	2				
NNW	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0				
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Total	0	0	0	1	1	0	2 ,				

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D - 8Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

ł

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Moderately Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

	Wind									
	Direction	1-3	4-7 	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total		
	N	0	0	0	2	0	0	2		
	NNE	0	0	0	1	0	0	1		
	NE	0	0	1	1	0	0	2		
	ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Е	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	ESE	0 ·	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	SSW	0	0	0	1	0	0	1		
	SW	0	0	0	1	0	0	1		
	WSW	0	0	0	2	0	0	2		
	W	0	0	0	1	0	0	1		
	WNW	0	0	1	3	1	0	5		
	NW	0	0	0	4	2	0	6		
	NNW	0	.0	0	1	0	0	1		
	Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0		
	Total	0	0	2	17	3	0	22		
Hours c Hours c Hours c	of calm in t of missing v of missing s	chis stab vind meas stability	ility c urement: measure	lass: s in thi: ements in	0 s stabil n all st	ity class ability (	s: 0 classes:	5		

.

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D – 8Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

574 m m

#### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Slightly Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

# Wind Speed (in mph)

Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	1	4	0	0	5
NE	0	0	2	2	0	0	4
ENE	0	1	7	8	0	0	16
E	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
ESE	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
S	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
SSW	0	0	2	3	2	0 .	7
SW	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
WSW	0	0	1	6	1	0	8
W	0	0	1	4	3	0	8
WNW	0	0	4	7	4	2	17
NW	0	1	2	7	4	1	15
NNW	0	0	3	2	1	0	6
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	2	29	50	15	3	99

Table D - 8Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Neutral - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind												
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total					
N	1	10	18	7	0	0	36					
NNE	0	2	10	22	6	1	41					
NE	3	3	2	23	29	58	118					
ENE	1	3	14	13	20	11	62					
Е	1	7	14	12	11	19	64					
ESE	1	7	12	18	7	7	52					
SE	1	6	10	2	9	1	29					
SSE	1	8	5	4	4	2	24					
S	1	3	8	5	4	2	23					
SSW	0	3	11	13	14	8	49					
SW	0	3	14	15	18	1	51					
WSW	0	6	21	22	7	0	56					
W	0	4	18	10	9	2	43					
WNW	0	12	. 17	24	18	10	81					
NW	2	6	17	28	11	1	65					
NNW	2	7	9	12	9	0	39					
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Total /	14	90	200	230	176	123	833					

Table D – 8Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Slightly Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

#### Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind			1	• •			
Direction	1-3 	4-7 	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
NI	0	2	0	10	2	0	26
IN	0	2	9	12	5	0	20
NNE	1	5	2	5	1	0	14
NE	0	4	6	6	3	1	20
ENE	1	3	6	6	2	0	18
Е	0	2	3	6	3	1	15
ESE	2	4	8	8	2	0	24
SE	1	4	6	15	8	3	37
SSE	0	4	7	б	7	5	29
S	0	4	6	11	8	4	33
SSW	0	. 6	16	22	17	6	67
SW	1	0	13	30	23	8	75
WSW	0	2	10	10	30	4	56
W	0	3	9	30	40	1	83
WNW	1	1	3	26	22	0	53
NW	0	0	3	17	23.	0	43
NNW	1	1	2	9	17	0	30
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>m</b> - 1: - 2	0	45	100	010	000	22	600
Total	8	45	103	219	209	33	623

Table D - 8Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

#### Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Moderately Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total
N	0	0	1	6	7	1	15
NNE	0	0	2	3	4	0	9
NE	0	. 0	2	2	0	0	4
ENE	0	0	4	1	0	0	5
E	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
ESE	1	3	2	1	0	0	7
SE	2	0	3	0	0	0	5
SSE	0	1	7	1	0	0	9
S	0	1	4	3	0	0	8
SSW	0	0	5	11	7	1	24
SW	0	3	3	16	9	4	35
WSW	` O	0	1	6	15	1	23
W	0	1 *	2	9	19	4	35
WNW	0	0	1	8	25	2	36
NW ·	0	1	3	8	11	3	26
NNW	0	0	2	7	15	. 0	24
Variable	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0
Total	3	10	44	82	112	16	267

Wind Speed (in mph)

Table D – 8Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, October – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: October - December2015 Stability Class - Extremely Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

## Wind Speed (in mph)

Wind												
Direction	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	Total					
N	0	1	6	16	11	1	35					
NNE	1	2	9	7	1	0	20					
NE	1	0	1	3	1	0	6					
ENE	0	1	8	3	0	0	12					
Е	0	0	9	4	0	0	13					
ESE	0	1	5	0	0	0	6					
SE	0	4	5	1	0	0	10					
SSE	0	2	· 4	4		0	13					
S	1	2	0	18	3	0	24					
SSW	1	5	3	3	4	0	16					
SW	1	3	5	4	13	1	27					
WSW	2	9	6	8	3	3	31					
W	2	7	3	17	8	5	42					
WNW	1	12	1	5	14	5	38					
NW	1	5	5	7	5	0	23					
NNW	0	2	4	21	12	2	41					
Variable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Total	11	56	74	121	78	17	357					

Table D – 9Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class - All Stabilities - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind					Wind	Wind Speed (in m/s)							
Directi Sector	on <0.50	0.5- 1	1.1 - 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total	
N	1	32	38	44	67	33	11	0	0	0	0	226	
NNE	0	17	20	29	68	91	28	5	0	0	0	258	
NE	0	27	26	34	137	172	91	34	16	0	0	537	
ENE	1	21	34	29	102	141	72	26	1	0	0	427	
Е	1	16	21	19	67	37	26	10	15	0	0	212	
ESE	0	13	12	22	86	65	10	3	3	0	0	214	
SE	0	11	31	51	123	126	48	9	4	0	0	403	
SSE	2	26	43	29	88	85	68	27	3	0	0	371	
S	3	47	60	46	121	93	88	75	43	1	0	577	
SSW	4	53	80	78	189	138	76	58	33	2	0	711	
SW	3	78	112	114	195	96	38	13	1	0	0	650	
WSW	4	142	222	184	194	63	30	10	2	0	0	851	
W	11	277	245	135	158	78	42	17	4	0	0	967	
WNW	4	132	158	105	168	115	123	58	35	1	0	899	
NW	5	81	185	137	163	129	107	71	37	2	0	917	
NNW	2	40	69	79	130	80	44	13	5	0	0	462	
Tot	41	1013	1356	1135	2056	1542	902	429	202	6	0	8682	
Ho Ho Ho Hc	urs of Ca urs of Va urs of Va urs of Mi urs in Pe	lm riable lid Dat ssing D riod .	 Directi a ata	on 81	64 0 746 14 760								

Table D – 9Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class - Extremely Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind					Wind	Speed	i (in	m/s)				
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	0	0	0	0	6	10	5	0	0	0	0	21
NNE	0	0	0	1	7	8	7	0	0	0	0	23
NE	0	0	0	0	12	33	17	0	0	0	0	62
ENE	0	0	0	1	25	58	28	7	0	0	0	119
Е	0	0	0	0	17	15	4	3	0	0	0	39
ESE	0	0	0	1	24	32	1	0	0	0	0	58
SE	0	0	0	2	14	76	29	4	3	0	0	128
SSE	0	0	0	0	8	21	42	17	1	0	0	89
S	0	0	0	1	6	17	31	52	33	1	0	141
SSW	0	0	0	0	6	22	13	9	7	0	0	57
SW	0	0	1	1	24	23	10	1	1	0	0	61
WSW	0	0	0	2	14	22	12	8	2	0	0	60
W .	0 ·	0	0	1	10	26	17	5	1	0	0	60
WNW	0	0	0	0	16	36	39	28	12	0	0	131
NW	0	0	0	1	24	41	55	28	18	2	0	169
NNW	0	0	0	0	9	18	9	3	3	0	0	42
Tot	0	0	1	11	222	458	319	165	81	3	0	1260
Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours i	of Calm of Varia of Valid of Missi n Peric	ble Di Data ng Dat	rectio	on . 12 . 87	0 0 60 14 60							

.

,

Table D – 9Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class - Moderately Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind		Wind Speed (in m/s)										
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	0	0	0	2	13	1.	1	0	0	0	0	17
NNE	0	0	0	1	6	5	2	0	0	0	0	14
NE	0	0	0	4	11	16	3	0	0	0	0	34
ENE	0	0	1	1	12	13	6	2	0	0	0	35
Е	0 ۲	0	0	1	11	2	2	0	0	0	0	16
ESE	0	0	0	3	16	7	1	0	0	0	0	27
SE	0	0	0	6	12	18	4	1	0	0	0	41
SSE	0	0	3	0	4	18	6	0	0	0	0	31
S	0	0	Q	1	4	10	14	4	3	0	0	36
SSW	0	1	1	3	6	7	5	4	1	1	0	29
SW	0	0	1	5	10	9	3	1	0	0	0	29
WSW	0	0	0	5	9	8	5	1	0	0	0	28
W	0	0	0	6	14	15	3	7	2	0 ·	0	47
WNW	0	0	0	5	16	8	13	7	3	0	0	52
NW	0	0	1	4	19	10	13	5	5	0	0	57
NNW	0	0	0	4	21	9	2	2	0	0	0	38
Tot	0	1	7	51	184	156	83	34	14	1	0	531
Hours o Hours o Hours o Hours o Hours i	on . 5 . 87	0 0 31 14 · 60										

·

.

Table D – 9Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class - Slightly Unstable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind Speed (in m/s)												
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	0	0	2	3	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	12
NNE	0	0	0	1	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	9
NE	0	0	0	1	5	7	5	1	0	0	0	19
ENE	0	0	0	2	10	2	1	2	0	0	0	17
Е	0	0	0	3	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	8
ESE	0	0	0	4	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	15
SE	0	0	0	3	9	5	3	0	0	0	0	20
SSE	0	0	1	2	4	9	5	0	0	0	0	21
S	0	0	0	0	2	6	12	3	2	0	0	25
SSW	0	0	1	3	5	5	2	0	0	0	0	16
SW	0	0	0	1	6	6	1	0	0	0	0	14
WSW	0	0	1	2	11	5	3	0	0	0	0	22
W	0	0	0	3	9	6	7	1	1	0	0	27
WNW	0	0	2	3	10	4	6	5	7	0	0	37
NW	0	0	2	5	5	7	4	3	2	0	0	28
NNW	0	0	1	2	7	2	2	1	1	0	0	16
Tot	0	0	10	38	103	72	54	16	13	0	0	306
Hours c Hours c Hours c Hours c Hours i	of Calm f Varia of Valid of Missi n Peric	ble Di Data ng Dat	irectio	on . 3 . 87	0 0 06 14 60							

.

Table D – 9Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class – Neutral - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind					Wind	l Speed	d (in	m/s)				
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1 - 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	0	8	17	21	23	13	4	0	0	0	0	86
NNE	0	2	11	11	45	68	18	5	0	0	0	160
NE	0	10	8	17	61	93	59	32	15	0	0	295
ENE	0	3	14	12	41	46	23	12	1	0	0	152
Е	0	3	6	9.	21	16	15	6	14	0	0	90
ESE	0	1	3	7	23	15	6	3	3	0	0	61
SE	0	3	11	19	62	20	6	3	1	0	0	125
SSE	0	3	5	8	43	31	10	8	2	0	0	110
S	0	4	7	0	40	39	20	12	5	0	0	127
SSW	0	1	8	3	29	44	24	30	24	1	0	164
SW	0	2	3	12	39	30	18	10	0	0	0	114
WSW	0	3	9	15	37	17	9	1	0	0	0	91
W	0	5	9	9	39	17	14	4	0	0	0	97
WNW	0	10	16	18	44	32	30	17	13	1	0	181
NW	0	6	14	26	35	34	20	27	12	0	0	174
NNW	0	8	21	27	44	29	24	5	1	0	0	159
Tot	0	72	162	214	626	544	300	175	91	2	0	2186
Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours of	of Calm of Varia of Valia of Miss: in Perio	 able D d Data ing Da od	irecti ta	on 21 . 87	0 0 186 14 760							

.

Table D – 9Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class – Slightly Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind					Wind	Speed	l (in	m/s)				
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
Ν	0	10	5	10	19	7	0	0	0	0	0	51
NNE	0	6	6	11	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	35
NE	0	13	14	11	48	23	7	1	1	0	0	118
ENE	0	7	17	11	13	22	14	3	0	0 <sup>°</sup>	0	87
Ę	0	7	12	4	14	4	4	1	1	0	0	47
ESE	0	3	6	6	14	9	2	0	0	0	0	40
SE	0	3	14	20	25	7	6	1	0	0	0	76
SSE	0	10	25	19	28	6	5	2	0	0	0	95
S	0	18	29	38	67	21	10	4	0	0	0	187
SSW	1	11	39	49	138	60	32	15	1	0	0	346
SW	0	20	36	49	102	28	6	1	0	0	0	242
WSW	0	11	32	65	103	11	1	0	0	0	0	223
W	0	20	22	57	70	14	1	Ó	0	0	0	184
WNW	0	7	26	33	71	34	35	1	0	0	0	207
NW	0	13	32	36	77	37	15	8	0	0	0	218
NNW	0	9	14	24	48	22	7	2	0	0	0	126
Tot	1	168	329	443	843	311	145	39	3	0	0	2282
Hours o Hours o Hours o Hours o Hours i	of Calm of Varia of Valic of Missi n Peric	ble D Data ng Dat od	irectio	on . 22 . 87								

# Table D – 9Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class – Moderately Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind					Wind	l Speed	d (in	m/s)				
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	0	3	6	7	2	0	0	0	0.	0	0	18
NNE	0	7	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	0 .	0 ·	15
NE	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5 <sup>.</sup>
ENE	0	6	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
Е	1	4	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
ESE	0	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
SE	0	5	6	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
SSE	1	6	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
S	0	12	20	6	2	0.	1	0	0	0	0	41
SSW	0	20	22	16	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	62
SW	0	19	37	30	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
WSW	0	16	45	58	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	139
W	1	25	42	24	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	106
WNW	1	20	38	27	11	1	0	0	0	0	0	98
NW	1	14	39	34	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	91
NNW	1	5	13	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29
Tot	6	171	287	221	74	1	1	0	0	0	0	761
Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours of	of Calm of Varia of Valic of Missi in Perio	 able D d Data ing Da od	 irecti  ta	on . 7	9 0 770 14 760							

,

Table D - 9

Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 33 Feet for various Stability Classes for the Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class – Extremely Stable - 150Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 33 Feet

Wind Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2	Wind 2.1- 3	8 Speed 3.1- 4	4.1- 5	m/s) 5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	1	11	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21
NNE	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
NE	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
ENE	1	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
Е	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	1	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
S	3	13	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20
SSW	3	20	9	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	37
SW	3	37	34	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90
WSW	4	112	135	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	288
W	10	227	172	35	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	446
WNW	3	95	76	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	193
NW	4	48	97	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	180
NNW	1	18	20	12	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	52
Tot	34	601	560	157	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1356
Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours i	of Calm of Varia of Valic of Missi of Peric	able Di 1 Data ing Dat	irectio	on . 14 . 87	46 0 02 14 60							

Table D – 10Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class – All Stabilities - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

•

.

Wind				•	Wi	nd Spee	ed (in	m/s)				
Direction Sector	on <0.50	0.5- 1	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	0	2	3	7	28	39	52	74	128	36	10	379
NNE	0	1	3	7	25	39	49	52	110	32	6	324
NE	0	6	6	6	33	54	61	86	166	111	103	632
ENE	0	2	7	11	26	40	60	64	91	79	65	445
Е	0	2	5	7	24	46	33	32	35	32	36	252
ESE	0	3	4	13	29	55	39	25	36	12	15	231
SE	0	0	8	8	31	53	82	55	47	21	15	320
SSE	0	2	3	10	33	52	66	104	76	20	15	381
S	1	3	5	11	28	50	66	109	188	73	25	559
SSW	0	2	4	6	27	50	71	131	268	156	134	849
SW	0	1	8	7	28	47	51	86	240	197	90	755
WSW	0	1	2	9	26	57	59	79	161	145	94	633
W	0	4	6	10	40	45	48	114	166	178	91	702
WNW	0	3	3	17	33	59	65	76	216	195	183	850
NW	0	2	5	12	31	54	54	90	194	218	157	817
NNW	0	1	4	8	18	45	47	45	155	160	59	542
Tot	1	35	76	149	460	785	903	1222	2277	1665	1098	8671
Ho Ho Ho Ho Ho	ours of Ca ours of Va ours of Va ours of Ma ours in Pe	alm . ariable alid Da issing eriod	 e Dire ata . Data 	 ction 	2 0 8673 87 8760							

# Table D – 10Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class – Extremely Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind					Wind	l Speed	l (in	m/s)				
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1 - 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
NNĘ	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2.	0	7
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	7	1	0	15
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	5
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	5
S	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	7	9	3	21
SSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	5	13
SW	0 .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	4
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	7
W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	5	2	12
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0	4	11
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	14	12	39
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	3
Tot	0	0	0	0	1	2	7	18	43	43	34	148
Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours i	of Calm of Varia of Valic of Missi n Peric	ble D: Data Data	irecti  ta	on . 1 . 87	0 0 48 87 60			·				

Table D - 10Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class – Moderately Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind					Wind	Speed	i (in	m/s)				
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1 - 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	7	1	0	10
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	5
NE	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	10	12	2	0	26
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	12	5	1	31
E	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	2	2	2	0	12
ESE	0	0	0	1	0	3	6	3	Ó	0	0	13
SE	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	9	1	4	0	23 ·
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	9	9	0	0	21
S	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	9	23	13	3	52
SSW	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	9	2	7	21
SW	0	0	1	0.	0	1	1	6	6	1	0	16
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	11	2	1	19
W	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	10	2	2	19
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	15	13	13	45
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	15	13	12	50
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	6	0	1	14
Tot	0	0	1	1	0	13	39	82	140	61	40	377
Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours of	of Calm of Varia of Valia of Miss in Perio	 able D d Data ing Da	irecti ta	on . 3	0 0 377 87 760							

# Table D - 10Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class – Slightly Unstable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind					Wind	l Speed	d (in	m/s)				
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	3	4	0	0	13
NNE	0	0	0	0	1	4	3	2	3	4	0	17
NE	0	0	0	0	1	6	7	10	14	7	0	45
ENE	0	0	0	0	3	9	10	12	12	4	4	54
E	0	0	0	0	1	10	8	0	3	0	0	22
ESE	0	0	0	0	4	9	5	1	1	0	0	20
SE	0	0	0	0	3	6	27	8	0	2	0	46
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	2	15	25	18	2	0	62
S	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	8	13	9	1	37
SSW	0	0	0	0	0	4	5	8	15	10	6	48
SW	0	0	0	0	0	6	4	2	9	0	0	21
WSW	0	0	0	0	2	10	3	9	12	4	3	43
W	0	0	0	0	3	2	3	9	7	6	8	38
WNW	0	0	0	0	2	7	6	11	20	17	25	88
NW	0	0	0	0	2	7	10	12	8	18	12	69
NNW	0	0.	0	0	0	4	6	4	7	1	3	25
Tot	0	0	0	0	25	86	121	124	146	84	62	648
Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours of Hours i	of Calm of Varia of Valic of Missi n Peric	ble Di Data ng Dat od	Lrectio	on . 6 . 87	0 0 548 87 60							

# Table D - 10Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class – Neutral - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind					Wind	l Speed	d (in	m/s)				
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	0	2	1	6	18	21	21	20	24	7	0	120
NNE	0	1	0	4	11	11	22	24	73	16	6	168
NE	0	3	3	2	20	28	28	42	113	85	99	423
ENE	0	2,	3	6	15	18	26	19	38 <sup>.</sup>	57	55	239
Е	0	1	4	4	14	19	11	14	19	20	34	140
ESE	0	1	2	8	13	30	10	13	25	6	14	122 .
SE	0	0	3	3	17	34	32	27	21	7	5	149 · ·
SSE	0	1	1	5	21	27	32	40	28	4	4	163
S	0	0	3	8	11	24	31	42	52	18	7	196
SSW	0	2	3	2	11	8	30	38	79	55	70	298
SW	0	1	1	5	9	17	16	26	61	43	12	191
WSW	0	0	0	1	15	19	26	24	41	26	7	159
W	0	2	3	7	19	20	25	43	42	27	18	206
WNW	0	0	0	6	14	30	35	29	53	47	87	301
NW	0	1	2	6	16	23	18	26	63	55	76	286
NNW	0	1	3	5	9	31	21	16	46	34	30	196
Tot	0	18	32	78	233	360	384	443	778	507	524	3357
Hours Hours Hours Hours Hours	of Calm of Varia of Valia of Miss in Perio	 able D d Data ing Da od	irecti ta	on . 33 . 87	0 0 357 87 760							

.

Table D – 10Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## **Oyster Creek Alpha**

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class – Slightly Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind					Wind	Speed	l (in	m/s)				
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
Ν	0	0	0	1	4	12	16	17	27	4	0	81
NNE	0	0	1	1	7	9	4	9	11	3	0	45
NE	0	0	1	4	6	10	14	10	17	12	3	77
ENE	0	0	4	5	5	4	12	7	15	11	5	68
Е	0	0	0	2	6	7	3	8	8	8	2	44
ESE	0	2	1	3	6	9	9	5	10	6	1	52
SE	0	0	2	2	5	6	6	8	23	8	10	70
SSE	0	1	1	4	7	10	10	16	15	10	11	85
S	1	1	1	2	1 <b>1</b>	17	10	36	62	17	10	168
SSW	0	0	0	2	6	21	21	60	122	61	37	330
SW	0	0	2	1	7	10	18	28	100	101	44	311
WSW	0	0	1	0	4	7	11	22	60	61	27	193
W	0	1	0	1	6	8	7	30	58	80	17	208
WNW	0	3	0	0	4	7	13	12	65	58	20	182
NW	0	1	0	1	3	3	8	25	58	66	23	188
NNW	0	0	1	2	2	4	3	6	35	54	2	109
Tot	1	9	15	31	89	144	165	299	686	560	212	2211
Hours c Hours c Hours c Hours c Hours i	of Calm of Varia of Valic of Missi n Peric	ble Di Data ng Dat	irectio	on . 22 . 87	1 0 12 87 60							·

Table D - 10Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

## Oyster Creek Alpha

## Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class -- Moderately Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind Direction	<0.50	0.5-	1.1-	1.6-	Wind 2.1-	Speed 3.1-	(in 4.1-	m/s) 5.1-	6.1-	8.1-	>10 00	Total
Sector	10.50	Ŧ	1.5	2	5	4	5	0	0	ΤŪ	/10.00	IULAL
Ν	0	0	1	0	2	3	2	6	32	12	4	62
NNE	0	0	1	2	1	5	6	7	9	6	0	37
NE	0	1	1	0	3	6	5	3	4	0	0	23
ENE	0	0	0	0	2	5	2	4	2	0	0	15
Е	0	1	0	1	1	4	0	0	2	0	0	9
ESE	0	0	1	1	4	3	1	2	0	0	0	12
SE	0	0	3	3	2	2	6	1	1	0	0	18
SSE	0	0	1	0	2	8	4	7	0	0	0	22
S	0	1	1	1	4	4	11	5	7	1	0	35
SSW	0	0	0	1	2	7	7	14	26	18	4	79
SW	0	0	2	1	6	6	4	10	38	35	21	123
WSW	0	0	1	1	0	8	7	14	21	40	32	124
W	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	13	20	37	30	111
WNW	0	0	0	1	1	6	6	9	22	40	20	105
NW	0	0	1	3	3	4	3	3	21	36	17	91
NNW	0	0	0	0	3	4	4	4	32	50	13	110
Tot	0	3	13	15	38	79	73	102	237	275	141	976
Hours o Hours o Hours o Hours o Hours i	of Calm of Varia of Valic of Missi n Peric	able Di 1 Data 1 Data 1 Dat	irectio	on . 9	0 0 776 87 60							
## Oyster Creek 2015 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

Table D – 10Wind Speed by Direction Measured at 380 Feet for various Stability Classes for the<br/>Oyster Creek Generating Station, January – December, 2015

#### **Oyster Creek Alpha**

#### Period of Record: January - December 2015 Stability Class – Extremely Stable - 380Ft-33Ft Delta-T (F) Winds Measured at 380 Feet

Wind	Wind Speed (in m/s)											
Direction Sector	<0.50	0.5- 1	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2	2.1- 3	3.1- 4	4.1- 5	5.1- 6	6.1- 8	8.1- 10	>10.00	Total
N	0	0	1	0	2	3	7	27	34	12	6	92
NNE	0	0	1	0	5	10	12	9	12	1	0	50
NE	0	2	1	0	3	3	6	9	3	3	1	31
ENE	0	0	0	0	1	3	7	6	5	1	0	23
Ε	0	0	1	0	2	5	6	5	1	0	0	20
ESE	0	0	0	0	2	1	6	1	0	0	0	10
SE	0	0	0	0	4	3	3	2	1	0	0	13
SSE	0	0	0	1	2	3	3	6	5	3	0	23
S	0	1	0	0	1	4	5	8	24	6	1	50
SSW	0	0	1	1	8	9	7	10	16	3	5	60
SW	0	0	2	0	6	7	8	14	23	16	13	89
WSW	0	1	0	7	5	13	10	6	16	12	18	88
W	0	1	3	2	10	9	8	14	26	21	14	108
WNW	0	0	3	10	12	9	5	9	36	20	14	118
NW	0	0	2	2	7	17	10	18	17	16	5	94
NNW	0	0	0	1	4	2	11	10	28	21	8	85
Tot	0	5	15	24	74	101	114	154	247	135	85	954
Hours Hours Hours Hours Hours	of Calm of Vari of Vali of Miss in Peri	able I d Data ing Da od	)irecti 1 1ta	.on . 8	1 0 955 87 760							

Oyster Creek 2015 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

•

Appendix E ODCM Revisions

See attached copy of CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7

Oyster Creek 2015 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

Appendix F ERRATA

\_

None



CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 1 of 140

# OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL

# FOR

# OYSTER CREEK GENERATING STATION

Revision of this document requires PORC approval and changes are controlled by CY-AA-170-3100

.

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 2 of 140

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION

## PART 1 - RADIOLOGICAL EFFLUENT CONTROLS

- 1.0 DEFINITIONS
- 3/4 CONTROLS AND SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS
- 3/4.0 APPLICABILITY
- 3/4.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3/4.3.3.10	RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING
	INSTRUMENTATION
3/4.3.3.11	RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONTIORING
	INSTRUMENTATION

#### 3/4.11 RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

3/4.11.1	LIQUID	EFFLUENTS

- 3/4.11.1.1 CONCENTRATION
- 3/4.11.1.2 DOSE
- 3/4.11.1.3 LIQUID WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM
- 3/4.11.2 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS
- 3/4,11.2.1 DOSE RATE
- 3/4.11.2.2 DOSE NOBLE GASES
- 3/4.11.2.3 DOSE IODINE -131, IODINE 133, TRITIUM, AND RADIONUCLIDES IN PARTICULATE FORM
- 3/4.11.2.4 GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM
- 3/4.11.3 MARK | CONTAINMENT
- 3/4.11.4 TOTAL DOSE
- 3/4.12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING
- 3/4.12.1 MONITORING PROGRAM
- 3/4.12.2 LAND USE CENSUS
- 3/4.12.3 INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM
- 3/4.12.4 METEOROLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 3 of 140

BASES FOR SECTIONS 3.0 AND 4.0

#### 3/4.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3/4.3.3.10	RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING
	INSTRUMENTATION
3/4.3.3.11	RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING
	INSTRUMENTATION

#### 3/4.11 RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

- 3/4.11.1.1 CONCENTRATION
- 3/4.11.1.2 DOSE
- 3/4.11.1.3 LIQUID RADWASTE TREATMENT
- 3/4.11.2 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS
- 3/4.11.2.1 DOSE RATES
- 3/4.11.2.2 DOSE NOBLE GAS
- 3/4.11.2.3 DOSE IODINE-131, IODINE-133, TRITIUM, AND RADIONUCLIDES IN PARTICULATE FORM
- 3/4.11.2.4 GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM
- 3/4.11.3 MARK I CONTAINMENT
- 3/4.11.4 TOTAL DOSE

## 3/4.12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

3/4.12.1	MONITORING PROGRAM
3/4.12.2	LAND USE CENSUS
3/4.12.3	INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM

## 5.0 DESIGN FEATURES / SITE MAP

#### 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

- 6.1 ANNUAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL OPERATING REPORT (AREOR)
- 6.2 ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT (ARERR)
- 6.3 RESPONSIBILITES

CY-OC-170-301 **Revision 7** Page 4 of 140

#### PART II - CALCULATIONAL METHODOLOGIES

- 1.0 LIQUID EFFLEUNTS
- 1.1 RADIATION MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROLS
- 1.2 LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITOR SETPOINT DETERMINATION
  - 1.2.1 LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORS
  - 1.2.2 SAMPLE RESULT SET POINTS
  - 1.2.3 ASSUMED DISTRIBUTION SET POINTS
- 1.3 BATCH RELEASES

- 1.4 CONTINUOUS RELEASES
- LIQUID EFFLUENT DOSE CALCULATION 10 CFR 50 1.5

1.5.1	MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC DOSE - LIQUID EFFLUENTS
1.5.2	SHORELINE DEPOSIT DOSE
1.5.3	SHORELINE DOSE EXAMPLE 1
1.5.3.1	SHORELINE DOSE EXAMPLE 2
1.5.4	INGESTION DOSE - LIQUID
1.5.5	INGESTION DOSE CALCULATION EXAMPLE 1
1.5.5.1	INGESTION DOSE CALCULATION EXAMPLE 2
1.5.6	PROJECTED DOSE – LIQUID

- 1.6 **REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES**
- 2 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS
- 2.1 RADIATION MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROLS
- 2.2. GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITOR SET POINT DETERMINATION
  - 2.2.1 PLANT VENT
  - 2.2.2 OTHER RELEASE POINTS
  - 2.2.3 RADIONUCLIDE MIX FOR SET POINTS
- 2.3 GASEOUS EFFLUENT INSTANTANEOUS DOSE RATE CALCULATIONS 10 CFR 20
  - 2.3.1 SITE BOUNDARY DOSE RATE – NOBLE GASES
  - 2.3.1.1 TOTAL BODY DOSE RATE
  - EXAMPLE TOTAL BODY DOSE RATE 2.3.1.2
  - SKIN DOSE RATE 2.3.1.3

- 2.3.1.4 EXAMPLE SKIN DOSE RATE
- 2.3.2 SITE BOUNDARY DOSE RATE RADIOIODINE AND PARTICULATES
- 2.3.2.1 METHOD SITE BOUNDARY DOSE RATE RADIOIODINE AND PARTICULATES
- 2.3.2.2 EXAMPLE IODINE AND PARTICULATES DOSE RATE CALCULATION
- 2.4 NOBLE GAS EFFLUENT DOSE CALCULATION 10 CFR 50
  - 2.4.1 UNRESTRICTED AREA DOSE NOBLE GASES
  - 2.4.1.1 AIR DOSE METHOD
  - 2.4.1.2 EXAMPLE NOBLE GAS AIR DOSE CALCULATION
  - 2.4.1.3 INDIVIDUAL PLUME DOSE METHOD
- 2.5 RADIOIODINE PARTICULATE AND OTHER RADIONUCLIDES DOSE CALCULATIONS – 10 CFR 50

2.5.1	INHALATION OF RADIOIODINES, TRITIUM, PARTICULATES, AND OTHER RADIONUCUDES
2.5.2	EXAMPLE CALCULATION - INHALATION OF RADIOIODINES,
2.5.3	INGESTION OF RADIOIODINES, PARTICULATES AND OTHER RADIONUCLIDES
2.5.3.1	CONCENTRATION OF THE RADIONUCLIDE IN ANIMAL FORAGE
2.5.3.2	EXAMPLE CALCULATION OF CONCENTRATION OF THE RADIONUCLIDE IN ANIMAL FORAGE AND VEGETATION –
2.5.3.3	OTHER THAN TRITIUM CONCENTRATION OF TRITIUM IN ANIMAL FORAGE AND VEGETATION
2.5.3.4	EXAMPLE CALCULATION OF CONCENTRATION OF TRITIUM IN ANIMAL FORAGE AND VEGETATION
2.5.3.5	CONCENTRATION OF THE RADIONUCLIDE IN MILK AND MEAT
2.5.3.6	EXAMPLE CALCULATION OF CONCENTRATION OF THE RADIONUCLIDE IN MILK AND MEAT
2.5.3.7	DOSE FROM CONSUMPTION OF MILK, MEAT, AND VEGETABLES
2.5.3.8	EXAMPLE CALCULATION - DOSE FROM CONSUMPTION OF MILK, MEAT, AND VEGETABLES
2.5.4	GROUND PLANE DEPOSITION IRRADIATION

## CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 6 of 140

- 2.5.4.1 GROUND PLANE CONCENTRATION
- 2.5.4.2 EXAMPLE GROUND PLANE CONCENTRATION CALCULATION
- 2.5.4.3 GROUND PLANE DOSE
- 2.5.4.4 EXAMPLE GROUND PLANE DOSE
- 2.6 PROJECTED DOSES GASEOUS

## 3 TOTAL DOSE TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC – 40 CFR 190

- 3.1 EFFLUENT DOSE CALCULATIONS
- 3.2 DIRECT EXPOSURE DOSE DETERMINATION

#### 4.0 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

APPRENDIX A – DERIVED DOSE FACTORS AND RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

Table A-1:	Dose Conversion Factors for Deriving Radioactive Noble
	Gas Radionuclide-To-Dose Equivalent Rate Factors
Table A-2:	Noble Gas Radionuclide-To-Dose Equivalent Rate Factors
Table A-3:	Air Dose Conversion Factors for Effluent Noble Gas
Table A-4:	Locations Associated with Maximum Exposure of a Member of The Public
Table A-5:	Critical Receptor Noble Gas Dose Conversion Factors

#### APPENDIX B – MODELING PARAMETERS

Table B-1:	OCGS Usage Factors for Individual Dose Assessment
Table B-2:	Monthly Average Absolute Humidity g/m <sup>3</sup>

#### APPENDIX C – REFERENCES

Table C-1: REFERENCES

## APPENDIX D-SYSTEM DRAWINGS

Figure D-1-1a:	Liquid Radwaste Treatment Chem Waste and Floor
	Drain System
Figure D-1-1b:	Liquid Radwaste Treatment – High Purity and Equipment
•	Drain System
Figure D-1-1c:	Groundwater Remediation System
Figure D-1-2:	Solid Radwaste Processing System
Figure D-2-1:	Gaseous Radwaste Treatment – Augmented Offgas System
Figure D-2-2:	Ventilation System
Figure D-2-3:	AOG Ventilation System

APPENDIX E – RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM – SAMPLE TYPE AND LOCATION

- Table E-1: REMP Sample Locations
- Figure E-1: Oyster Creek Generating Station REMP Sample Locations within a 1 Mile Radius
- Figure E-2: Oyster Creek Generating Station REMP Sample Locations within a 1 to 5 Mile Radius
- Figure E-3: Oyster Creek Generating Station REMP Sample Locations over a 5 Mile Radius
- Figure E-4: Area Plot Plan of Site

## OYSTER CREEK GENERATING STATION OFF SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL

## INTRODUCTION

The Oyster Creek Off Site Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) is an implementing document to the Oyster Creek Technical Specifications. The previous Limiting Conditions for Operations that were contained in the Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications (RETS) are now included in the ODCM as Radiological Effluent Controls (REC). The ODCM contains two parts: Part I – Radiological Effluent Controls, and Part II – Calculational Methodologies.

Part I includes the following:

- The Radiological Effluent Controls and the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Programs required by Technical Specifications 6.8.4
- Descriptions of the information that should be included in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report and the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report required by Technical Specifications 6.9.1.d and 6.9.1.e, respectively.

Part II describes methodologies and parameters used for:

- The calculation of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation alarm/trip set points; and
- The calculation of radioactive liquid and gaseous concentrations, dose rates, cumulative yearly doses, and projected doses.

Part II also contains a list and graphical description of the specific sample locations for the radiological environmental monitoring program (REMP), and the liquid and gaseous waste treatment systems and discharge points.

## PART I - RADIOLOGICAL EFFLUENT CONTROLS

#### 1.0 **DEFINITIONS**

The following terms are defined so that uniform interpretation of these CONTROLS may be achieved. The defined terms appear in capitalized type and are applicable throughout these CONTROLS.

#### 1.1 <u>OPERABLE – OPERABILITY</u>

A system, subsystem, train, component or device shall be OPERABLE or have OPERABILITY when it is capable of performing its specified function(s). Implicit in the definition shall be the assumption that all necessary attendant instrumentation, controls, normal and emergency electrical power sources, cooling or seal water, lubrication or other auxiliary equipment that are required for the system, subsystem, train, component or device to perform its function(s) are also capable of performing their related support function(s).

A verification of OPERABILITY is an administrative check, by examination of appropriate plant records (logs, surveillance test records) to determine that a system, subsystem, train, component or device is not inoperable. Such verification does not preclude the demonstration (testing) of a given system, subsystem, train, component or device to determine OPERABILITY.

#### 1.2 ACTION

ACTION shall be that part of a CONTROL that prescribes remedial measures required under designated conditions.

#### 1.3 CHANNEL CALIBRATION

A CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be the adjustment, as necessary, of the channel output such that it responds, with acceptable range and accuracy, to known values of the parameter that the channel monitors. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall encompass the entire channel, including equipment actuation, alarm, or trip.

#### 1.4 CHANNEL CHECK

A CHANNEL CHECK shall be a qualitative determination of acceptable operability by observation of channel behavior during operation. This determination shall include, where possible, comparison of the channel with other independent channels measuring the same variable.

#### 1.5 <u>CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST</u>

CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall be the injection of a simulated signal into the channel to verify its proper response including, where applicable, alarm and/or trip initiating actions.

#### 1.6 CONTROL

The Limiting Conditions for Operation (LCOs) that were contained in the Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications were transferred to the OFF SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM) and were renamed CONTROLS. This is to distinguish between those LCOs that were retained in the Technical Specifications and those LCOs or CONTROLS that were transferred to the ODCM.

#### 1.7 FREQUENCY NOTATION

The FREQUENCY NOTATION specified for the performance of Surveillance Requirements shall correspond to the intervals defined in Table 1.1.

#### 1.8 <u>REPORTABLE EVENT</u>

A REPORABLE EVENT shall be any of those conditions specified Section 50.73 to 10CFR Part 50.

#### 1.9 SOURCE CHECK

é

SOURCE CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment of channel response when the channel sensor is exposed to a source of increased radioactivity.

#### 1.10 AUGMENTED OFF GAS SYSTEM (AOG)

The AUGMENTED <u>OFF GAS</u> SYSTEM is designed and installed to holdup and/or process radioactive gases from the main condenser off gas system for the purpose of reducing the radioactive material content of the gases before release to the environs.

#### 1.11 MEMBER (S) OF THE PUBLIC

MEMBER (S) OF THE PUBLIC shall include all persons who are not occupationally associated with Exelon Generation and who do not normally frequent the Oyster Creek Generating Station site. This category does not include employees of the utility, its contractors, contractor employees, vendors, or persons who enter the site to make deliveries, to service equipment, work on site or for other purposes associated with plant functions. This category does include persons who use portions of the site for recreational, occupational, or other purposes not associated with the plant. An individual is not a member of the public during any period in which the individual receives an occupational dose.

## 1.12 OFF SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM)

The OFF SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM) shall contain the methodology and parameters used in the calculation of Off Site doses due to radioactive gaseous and liquid effluents, in the calculation of gaseous and liquid effluent monitoring Alarm/Trip Set points, and in the conduct of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program. The ODCM shall also contain (1) the Radioactive Effluent Controls and Radiological Environmental Monitoring Programs required by Technical Specification Section 6.8.4 and (2) descriptions of the information that should be included in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report AND Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report required by Technical Specification Sections 6.9.1.d and 6.9.1.e, respectively.

#### 1.13 <u>PURGE – PURGING</u>

PURGE or PURGING shall be the controlled process of discharging air or gas from a confinement and replacing it with air or gas.

#### 1.14 SITE BOUNDARY

The SITE BOUNDARY shall be the perimeter line around OCGS beyond which the land is neither owned, leased, nor otherwise subject to control by Exelon Generation. The area outside the SITE BOUNDARY is termed OFF SITE or UNRESTRICTED AREA.

#### 1.15 OFF SITE

The area that is beyond the site boundary where the land is neither owned, leased nor otherwise subject to control by Exelon Generation. Can be interchanged with UNRESTRICTED AREA.

#### 1.16 UNRESTRICTED AREA

An UNRESTRICTED AREA shall be any area at or beyond the SITE BOUNDARY, access to which is not controlled by the licensee for purposes of protection of individuals from exposure to radiation and radioactive materials, or any area within the SITE BOUNDARY used for residential quarters or for industrial, commercial, institutional, and/or recreational purposes. Can be interchanged with OFF SITE.

#### 1.17 DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131

DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 shall be that concentration of I-131 (micro curies per gram), which alone would produce the same thyroid dose as the quantity and isotopic mixture of I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134, and I-135 actually present. The thyroid dose conversion factors used for this calculation shall be those listed in Table E-7 of Regulatory Guide 1.109, "Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluences for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10CFR Part 40 Appendix I."

#### 1.18 <u>DEPOSITION (D/Q)</u>

The direct removal of gaseous and particulate species on land or water surfaces. DEPOSITION is expressed as a quantity of material per unit area (e.g. m<sup>-2</sup>).

#### 1.19 DOSE CONVERSION FACTOR (DCF)

A parameter calculated by the methods of internal dosimetry, which indicates the committed dose equivalent (to the whole body or organ) per unit activity inhaled or ingested. This parameter is specific to the isotope and the dose pathway. DOSE CONVERSION FACTORS are commonly tabulated in units of mrem/hr per picocurie/m<sup>3</sup> in air or water. They can be found in Reg Guide 1.109 appendices.

#### 1.20 EFFLUENT CONCENTRATION (EC)

The liquid and air concentration levels which, if inhaled or ingested continuously over the course of a year, would produce a total effective dose equivalent of 0.05 rem. LEC refers to liquid EFFLUENT CONCENTRATION.

## 1.21 ELEVATED (STACK) RELEASE

An airborne effluent plume whose release point is higher than twice the height of the nearest adjacent solid structure and well above any building wake effects so as to be essentially unentrained. Regulatory Guide 1.111 is the basis of the definition of an ELEVATED RELEASE. Elevated releases generally will not produce any significant ground level concentrations within the first few hundred yards of the source. ELEVATED RELEASES generally have less dose consequence to the public due to the greater downwind distance to the ground concentration maximum compared to ground releases. All main stack releases at the OCGS are ELEVATED RELEASES.

#### 1.22 FINITE PLUME MODEL

Atmospheric dispersion and dose assessment model which is based on the assumption that the horizontal and vertical dimensions of an effluent plume are not necessarily large compared to the distance that gamma rays can travel in air. It is more realistic than the semi-infinite plume model because it considers the

finite dimensions of the plume, the radiation build-up factor, and the air attenuation of the gamma rays coming from the cloud. This model can estimate the dose to a receptor who is not submerged in the radioactive cloud. It is particularly useful in evaluating doses from an elevated plume or when the receptor is near the effluent source.

## 1.23 GROUND LEVEL (VENT) RELEASE

An airborne effluent plume which contacts the ground essentially at the point of release either from a source actually located at ground elevation or from a source well above the ground elevation which has significant building wake effects to cause the plume to be entrained in the wake and driven to the ground elevation. GROUND LEVEL RELEASES are treated differently than ELEVATED RELEASES in that the X/Q calculation results in significantly higher concentrations at the ground elevation near the release point.

#### 1.24 OCCUPATIONAL DOSE

The dose received by an individual in a RESTRICTED AREA or in the course of employment in which the individual's assigned duties involve exposure to radiation and to radioactive material from licensed and unlicensed sources of radiation, whether in the possession of the licensee or other person. Occupational dose does not include dose received from background radiation, as a patient from medical practices, from voluntary participation in medical research programs, or as a member of the general public

#### 1.25 <u>"OPEN DOSE</u>"

A routine effluent dosimetry computer program that uses Reg. Guides 1.109 and 1.111 methodologies.

#### 1.26 RAGEMS (RADIOACTIVE EMISSIONS MONITORING SYSTEM)

A plant system that monitors gaseous effluent releases from monitored release points. There is a RAGEMS system for the main stack (RAGEMS I) and one for the turbine building (RAGEMS II). They monitor particulates, iodine's, and noble gases.

#### 1.27 SEMI-INFINITE PLUME MODEL

Dose assessment model with the following assumptions. The ground is considered to be an infinitely large flat plate and the receptor is located at the origin of a hemispherical cloud of infinite radius. The radioactive cloud is limited to the space above the ground plane. The semi-infinite plume model is limited to immersion dose calculations.

#### 1.28 SOURCE TERM

The activity release rate, or concentration of an actual release or potential release. The common units for the source term are curies, curies per second, and curies per cubic centimeter, or multiples thereof (e.g., micro curies).

## 1.29 <u>X/Q - ("CHI over Q")</u>

The dispersion factor of a gaseous release in the environment calculated by a point source Gaussian dispersion model. Normal units of X/Q are sec/m<sup>3</sup>. The X/Q is used to determine environmental atmospheric concentrations by multiplying the source term, represented by Q (in units of  $\mu$ Ci/sec or Ci/sec). Thus, the plume dispersion, X/Q (seconds/cubic meter) multiplied by the source term, Q (uCi/seconds) yields an environmental concentration, X ( $\mu$ Ci/m<sup>3</sup>). X/Q is a function of many parameters including wind speed, stability class, release point height, building size, and release velocity.

### 1.30 SEEDS (Simplified Effluent Environmental Dosimetry System)

A routine effluent dosimetry computer program that uses Reg. Guides 1.109 and 1.111 methodologies.

<u>NOTATION</u>	FREQUENCY
S	At least once per 12 hours.
D	At least once per 24 hours.
W	At least once per 7 days.
M	At least once per 31 days.
Q	At least once per 92 days.
SA	At least once per 184 days.
A	At least once per 366 days.
R	At least once per 18 months (550 days).
1/24	At least once per 24 months (refueling cycle)
S/U	Prior to each reactor startup.
P	Prior to each radioactive release.
N.A.	Not applicable.

TABLE 1.1: SURVEILLANCE FREQUENCY NOTATION \*

\* Each surveillance requirement shall be performed within the specified time interval with a maximum allowable extension not to exceed 25% of the surveillance interval.

## 3/4 CONTROLS AND SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

3/4.0 APPLICABILITY

#### CONTROLS

- 3.0.1 Compliance with the CONTROLS contained in the succeeding CONTROLS is required during the OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS or other conditions specified therein; except that upon failure to meet the CONTROL, the associated ACTION requirements shall be met.
- 3.0.2 Noncompliance with a CONTROL shall exist when the requirements of the CONTROL and associated ACTION requirements are not met within the specified time intervals. If the CONTROL is restored prior to expiration of the specified time intervals, completion of the ACTION requirements is not required.
- 3.0.3 Except as provided in the associated ACTION requirements, when a CONTROL is not met or the associated ACTION requirements cannot be satisfied, action shall be initiated to place the unit into COLD SHUTDOWN within the following 30 hours.

Where corrective measures are completed that permit operation under the ACTION requirements, the ACTION may be taken in accordance with the specified time limits as measured from the time of failure to meet the CONTROL. Exceptions to these requirements are stated in the individual CONTROLS.

This CONTROL is not applicable in COLD SHUTDOWN or REFUELING.

- 3.0.4 Entry into an OPERATIONAL CONDITION or other specified condition shall not be made when the conditions of the CONTROLS are not met and the associated ACTION requires a shutdown if they are not met within a specified time interval. Entry into an OPERATIONAL CONDITION or other specified condition may be made in accordance with ACTION requirements when conformance to them permits continued operation of the facility for an unlimited period of time. This provision shall not prevent passage through or to OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS as required to comply with ACTION requirements. Exceptions to these requirements are stated in the individual CONTROLS.
- 3.0.5 Equipment removed from service or declared inoperable to comply with ACTIONS may be returned to service under administrative control solely to perform testing to demonstrate its OPERABILITY or the OPERABILITY of other equipment. This is an exception to CONTROL 3.0.2 for the system returned to service under administrative control to perform the testing required to demonstrate OPERABILITY.

## 3 /4.0 APPLICABILITY

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 4.0.1 Surveillance Requirements shall be met during the OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS or other conditions specified for individual CONTROLS unless otherwise stated in an individual Surveillance Requirement.
- 4.0.2 Each Surveillance Requirement shall be performed within the specified surveillance interval with a maximum allowable extension not to exceed 25 percent of the specified surveillance interval.
- 4.0.3 Failure to perform a Surveillance Requirement within the allowed surveillance interval, defined by CONTROL 4.0.2, shall constitute a failure to meet the OPERABILITY requirements for a CONTROL. The time limits of the ACTION requirements are applicable at the time it is identified that a Surveillance Requirement has not been performed. The ACTION requirements may be delayed for up to 24 hours to permit the completion of the surveillance when the allowed outage time limits of the ACTION requirements are less than 24 hours. Surveillance Requirements do not have to be performed on inoperable equipment.
- 4.0.4 Entry into an OPERATIONAL CONDITION or other specified applicable condition shall not be made unless the Surveillance Requirement(s) associated with the CONTROLS have been performed within the applicable surveillance interval or as otherwise specified. This provision shall not prevent passage through or to OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS as required to comply with ACTION requirements.

## 3/4.3 INSTRUMENTATION

#### 3/4.3.3.10 RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

#### CONTROLS

3.3.3.10 In accordance with Oyster Creek Technical Specifications 6.8.4.a.1, the radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channels shown in Table 3.3.3.10-1 shall be OPERABLE with their Alarm/Trip set points set to ensure that the limits of CONTROL 3.11.1.1 are not exceeded. The Alarm/Trip set points of these channels shall be determined and adjusted in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II section 1.2.1.

APPLICABILITY: During all liquid releases via these pathways.

### ACTION:

- a. With a radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channel Alarm/Trip set point less conservative than required by the above CONTROL, immediately suspend the release of radioactive liquid effluents monitored by the affected channel, or declare the channel inoperable, or change the set point so it is acceptably conservative, or provide for manual initiation of the Alarm/Trip function(s).
- With less than the minimum number of radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channels OPERABLE, take the ACTION shown in Table 3.3.3.10-1. Make every reasonable effort to return the instrument to OPERABLE status within 30 days and, if unsuccessful, explain in the next Radioactive Effluent Release Report pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.1.d why the inoperability was not corrected in a timely manner.
- c. The provisions of CONTROL 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable. Report all deviations in the Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.3.3.10 Each radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, SOURCE CHECK, CHANNEL CALIBRATION, and CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST at the Frequencies shown in Table 4.3.3.10-1.

## TABLE 3.3.3.10-1: RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

INSTR	UMENT	MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE	ACTION
1. RAŬ AUT	DIOACTIVITY MONITORS PROVIDING ALARM AND FOMATIC TERMINATION OF RELEASE	• •	
a.	Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line (DELETED)	N/A	N/A
b.	Turbine Building Sump No. 1-5 (DELETED)	N/A	N/A
2. RA PF	ADIOACTIVITY MONITORS PROVIDING ALARM BUT NO ROVIDING AUTOMATIC TERMINATION OF RELEASE	νT	
а.	Reactor Building Service Water System Effluent Line	1	112
3. FL	OW RATE MEASUREMENT DEVICES		
a.	Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line (DELETED)	N/A	N/A
b.	Groundwater Remediation Release Path	1	115

.

#### TABLE 3.3.3.10-1 (Continued)

#### TABLE NOTATIONS

# ACTION 110 With no channels OPERABLE, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided that:

- a. At least two independent samples are taken, one prior to discharge and one near the completion of discharge and analyzed in accordance with SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT 4.11.1.1.
- Before initiating a release, at least two technically qualified members of the Facility Staff independently verify the release rate calculations and discharge line valving;

Otherwise, suspend release of radioactive effluents via this pathway.

- ACTION 112 With no channels OPERABLE, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided that, at least once per 24 hours, grab samples are collected and analyzed for radioactivity at a limit of detection specified by Table 4.11.1.1.1.
- ACTION 113 With no channel OPERABLE, effluent releases via the affected pathway may continue provided the flow is estimated with the pump curve or change in tank level, at least once per batch during a release.
- ACTION 114 With no channel OPERABLE effluent may be released provided that before initiating a release:
  - a. A sample is taken and analyzed in accordance with SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT 4.11.1.1.1.
  - b. Qualified personnel determine and independently verify the acceptable release rate.
- ACTION 115 With no channel OPERABLE, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided the flow rate is estimated at least once per 4 hours during actual releases. Pump performance curves may be used to estimate flow.

## TABLE 4.3.3.10-1: RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS<sup>a</sup>

<u>IN</u>	<u>STRI</u>	JMENT	CHANNEL CHECK	SOURCE CHECK	CHANNEL CALIBRATION	CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST
1.	rae Aut	DIOACTIVITY MONITORS PROVIDING ALARM AND OMATIC TERMINATION OF RELEASE				
	a.	Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line (DELETED)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	b.	Turbine Building Sump No. 1-5 (DELETED)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2.	RAE NO1	DIOACTIVITY MONITORS PROVIDING ALARM BUT PROVIDING AUTOMATIC TERMINATION OF RELE	EASE			
	a.	Reactor Building Service Water System Effluent Line	e D	M	R <sup>e</sup>	$\mathbf{Q}^{d}$
3.	FLO	W RATE MEASUREMENT DEVICES				,
	a.	Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line (DELETED)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	b.	Groundwater Remediation Release path	D <sup>f</sup>	N/A	$R^{f}$	N/A

#### TABLE 4.3.3.10-1 (Continued)

#### TABLE NOTATIONS

- a. Instrumentation shall be **OPERABLE** and in service except that a channel may be taken out of service for the purpose of a check, calibration, test or maintenance without declaring it to be inoperable.
- d. The **CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST** shall also demonstrate that Control Room alarm annunciation occurs if any of the following conditions exists:
  - 1. Instrument indicates measured levels above the alarm set point.
  - 2. Instrument indicates a downscale failure.
  - 3. Instrument controls not set in operate mode.
  - 4. Instrument electrical power loss.
- e. The **CHANNEL CALIBRATION** shall be performed according to established calibration procedures.
- f. While actively discharging through this pathway.

## 3/4.3 INSTRUMENTATION

## 3/4.3.3.11 RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

#### CONTROLS

3.3.3.11 In accordance with Oyster Creek Technical Specifications 6.8.4.a.1, the radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels shown in Table 3.3.3.11-1 shall be OPERABLE with their alarm/trip set points set to ensure that the limits of CONTROL 3.11.2.1 are not exceeded. The alarm/trip set points of these channels meeting CONTROLS 3.11.2.1 shall be determined and adjusted in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II Section 2.2.

<u>APPLICABILITY</u>: As shown in Table 3.3.3.11-1

#### ACTION:

- a. With a radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channel alarm/trip set point less conservative than required by the above CONTROL, immediately suspend the release of radioactive gaseous effluents monitored by the affected channel, or declare the channel inoperable, or change the set point so it is acceptably conservative.
- b. With less than the minimum number of radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels OPERABLE, take the ACTION shown in Table 3.3.3.11 1. Exert best efforts to return the instrument to OPERABLE status within 30 days and, if unsuccessful, explain in the next Radioactive Effluent Release Report pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.1.d why this inoperability was not corrected in a timely manner.
- c. The provisions of CONTROLS 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable. Report all deviations in the Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.3.3.11 Each radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, SOURCE CHECK, CHANNEL CALIBRATION, and CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST operations at the frequencies shown in Table 4.3.3.11-1.

## CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 23 of 140

# TABLE 3.3.3.11-1: RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

<u>INS</u>	TRUMENT	MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE <sup>a</sup>	APPLICABILITY	ACTION
1.	DELETED			
2.	STACK MONITORING SYSTEM			
	a. Radioactive Noble Gas Monitor (Low Range)	1	b,e	124
	b. Iodine Sampler	1	b,e	127
	c. Particulate Sampler	1	b,e	127
	d. Effluent Flow Measuring Device	1	b	122
	e. Sample Flow Measuring Device	1	b	128
3.	TURBINE BUILDING VENTILATION MONITORIN	G SYSTEM		
	a. Radioactive Noble Gas Monitor (Low Range)	1	b	123
	b. Iodine Sampler	1	b	127
	c. Particulate Sampler	1 .	b	127
	d. Effluent Flow Measuring Device	. 1	b	122
	e. Sample Flow Measuring Device	1	b	128

\* :

.

٠.

102015

## TABLE 3.3.3.11-1(Continued)

## RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

<u>INS</u>	TRU	IMENT	MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE <sup>a</sup>	APPLICABILITY	ACTION
4.	AU	IGMENTED OFF GAS BUILDING EXHAU	IST VENTILATION MONITOR	ING SYSTEM	
	a.	Radioactive Noble Gas Monitor	1	b	123
	b.	Iodine Sampler	· 1	b	127
	C.	Particulate Sampler	1	b	127
	d.	Sample Flow Measuring Device	1	b	128

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 25 of 140

#### TABLE 3.3.3.11-1 (Continued)

#### **TABLE NOTATIONS**

- a. Channels shall be OPERABLE and in service as indicated except that a channel may be taken out of service for the purpose of a check, calibration, test maintenance or sample media change without declaring the channel to be inoperable.
- b. During releases via this pathway
- e. Monitor / sampler or an alternate shall be OPERABLE to monitor / sample Stack effluent whenever the drywell is being purged.
- ACTION 122 With no channel OPERABLE, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided the flow rate is estimated whenever the exhaust fan combination in this system is changed.
- ACTION 123 With no channel OPERABLE, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided a grab sample is taken at least once per 48 hours and is analyzed for gross radioactivity within 24 hours thereafter or provided an alternate monitoring system with local display is utilized.
- ACTION 124 With no channel OPERABLE, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided a grab sample is taken at least once per 8 hours and analyzed for gross radioactivity within 24 hours or provided an alternate monitoring system with local display is utilized. Drywell purge is permitted only when the radioactive noble gas monitor is operating.
- ACTION 127 With no channel OPERABLE, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided the required sampling is initiated with auxiliary sampling equipment as soon as reasonable after discovery of inoperable primary sampler(s).
- ACTION 128 With no channel OPERABLE, effluent releases via the sampled pathway may continue provided the sampler air flow is estimated and recorded at least once per day.

## CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 26 of 140

.

## TABLE 4.3.3.11-1: RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

<u>IN</u> :	STR	JMENT	CHANNEL CHECK	SOURCE CHECK	CHANNEL CALIBRATION	CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST	MODES IN WHICH SURVIELLANCE REQUIRED <sup>a</sup>
1.	DEI	LETED			,		
2.	MA	IN STACK MONITORING SYSTEM					
	a.	Radioactive Noble Gas Monitor (Low Range	e) D	M	1/24 <sup>f</sup>	Q <sup>h</sup>	b
	b.	lodine Sampler	W	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	b
	C.	Particulate Sampler	W	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	b
	d.	Effluent Flow Measuring Device	D	N.A.	1/24	Q	b
	e.	Sample Flow Measuring Device	D	N.A.	R	Q.	b
3.	TUR	BINE BUILDING VENTILATION MONITORI	NG SYSTEM	I			
	a.	Radioactive Noble Gas Monitor (Low Range	e) D	M	1/24 <sup>f</sup>	Q <sup>i</sup>	b
	b.	Iodine Sampler	W	N.A.,	N.A.	N.A.	b
	C.	Particulate Sampler	W	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	b
	d.	Effluent Flow Measuring Device	D	N.A.	1/24	Q	b
	e.	Sample Flow Measuring Device	D	N.A.	R	Q	b

# TABLE 4,3.3,11-1(Continued)

## RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

INSTR	UMENT	CHANNEL CHECK	SOURCE CHECK C	CHANNEL ALIBRATION	CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST	MODES IN WHICH SURVIELLANCE IS REQUIRED <sup>®</sup>
Δ ΔΠ	SMENTED OFF GAS BUILDING EXHAUST			NG SYSTEM		
AU						
a.	Radioactive Noble Gas Monitor	D	Μ	$R^{f}$	Q <sup>e</sup>	· b
b.	lodine Sampler	W	N.A	N.A.	N.A.	b
C.	Particulate Sampler	W	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	b
d.	Sample Flow Measuring Device	D	N.A.	R	N.A.	b

## TABLE 4.3.3.11-1 (Continued)

## **TABLE NOTATIONS**

- a. Instrumentation shall be OPERABLE and in service except that a channel may be taken out of service for the purpose of a check calibration, test or maintenance without declaring it to be inoperable.
- b. During releases via this pathway.
- e. The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall also demonstrate that control room alarm annunciation occurs if any of the following conditions exist:
  - 1. Instrument indicates measured levels above the alarm set point.
  - 2. Instrument indicates a downscale failure.
  - 3. Instrument controls not set in operate mode.
  - 4. Instrument electrical power loss.
- f. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be performed according to established calibration procedures.
- h. The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall also demonstrate that control room alarm annunciation occurs if any of the following conditions exists:
  - 1. Instrument indicates measured levels above the alarm set point.
  - 2. Instrument indicates a low count rate/monitor failure.

3. Switch cover alarm shall be verified to alarm when the cover is opened; and clear when the cover is closed after the faceplate switches are verified in their correct positions.

- i. The CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST shall also demonstrate that control room alarm annunciation occurs if any of the following conditions exists:
  - 1. Instrument indicates measured levels above the alarm set point.
  - 2. Instrument indicates a low count rate/monitor failure.

## 3/4.11 RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

- 3/4.11.1 LIQUID EFFLUENTS
- 3/4.11.1.1 CONCENTRATION

### CONTROLS

3.11.1.1 In accordance with the Oyster Creek Technical Specifications 6.8.4.a.2 and 3, the concentration of radioactive material, other than noble gases, in liquid effluent in the discharge canal at the Route 9 bridge (See Figure E-4) shall not exceed the concentrations specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2. The concentration of noble gases dissolved or entrained in liquid effluent in the discharge canal at the Route 9 bridge shall not exceed 2E-4 microcuries/milliliter.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

### ACTION:

- a. In the event the concentration of radioactive material in liquid effluent released into the Off Site area beyond the Route 9 bridge exceeds either of the concentration limits above, reduce the release rate without delay to bring the concentration below the limit.
- b. The provisions of CONTROLS 3.0.3, 3.0.4 and Technical Specification 6.9.2 are not applicable.

## SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.11.1.1.1 Radioactive liquid wastes shall be sampled and analyzed according to the sampling and analysis program in Table 4.11.1.1.1.1.

Alternately, pre-release analysis of batches(es) of radioactive liquid waste may be by gross beta or gamma counting provided a maximum concentration limit of 1E-8  $\mu$ Ci/ml in the discharge canal at the Route 9 bridge is applied.

- 4.11.1.1.2 The results of the radioactivity analyses shall be used in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II Section 1.2 to assure that the concentrations at the point of release are maintained within the limits of CONTROL 3.11.1.1 and 3.11.1.2.
- 4.11.1.1.3 The alarm or trip set point of each radioactivity monitoring channel in Table 3.3.3.10-1 shall be determined on the basis of sampling and analyses results obtained according to Table 4.11.1.1.1 and the set point method in ODCM Part II 1.2.1 and set to alarm or trip before exceeding the limits of CONTROL 3.11.1.1.

## CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 30 of 140

# TABLE 4.11.1.1.1.1: RADIOACTIVE LIQUID WASTE SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROGRAM

Liquid Release Type	Sampling Frequency	Minimum Analysis Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit Detection <sup>a</sup> (LLD) (µCi/ml)
1 Deteb Weste	Р	P°	Principal Gamma Emitters	5E-07
Release Tanks	Each Batch <sup>b</sup>	Each Batch	I-131	5E-07
	P One Batch/M⁵	М	Dissolved and Entrained Gases (Gamma Emitters)	1E-05
	Р	М	H-3	1E-05
	Each Batch <sup>♭</sup>	Composite <sup>d</sup>	Gross Alpha	1E-07
	Р	Q	Sr-89, Sr-90	5E-08
	Each Batch <sup>b</sup>	Composite <sup>d</sup>	Fe-55	1E-06
2 Continuous	W		Principal Gamma Emitters	5E-07
a. Reactor Building	Grab Sample <sup>e</sup>	W	I-131	5E-07
Service Water			H-3	1E-05
Lindent		ћл	Gross Alpha	1E-07
	(note f)	Composite <sup>g</sup>	Fe-55	1E-06
3. Groundwater	Continuouch	D	Principal Gamma Emitters	5E-07
Remediation Pathway	Continuous	Composite	H-3	1E-05
a. Continuous	lous		Gross Alpha	1E-07
		М	Sr-89, Sr-90	5E-08
	IVI .	Composite <sup>9</sup>	Fe-55	1E-06
			Ni-63	1E-06
b. Batch Release	Р	Р	Principal Gamma Emitters	5E-07
Tank	Each Batch <sup>ь</sup>	Each Batch	H-3	1E-05
			Gross Alpha	1E-07
	P M		Sr-89, Sr-90	5E-08
	Each Batch <sup>b</sup> Composite	Composite <sup>d</sup>	Fe-55	1E-06
			Ni-63	1E-06

### <u>TABLE 4.11.1.1-1 (CONTINUED)</u>

#### TABLE NOTATIONS

- a. The Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) is defined, for purposes of these specifications, as the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count, above system background, that will be detected with 95 percent probability with only 5 percent probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.
  - The LLD is applicable to the capability of a measurement system under typical conditions and not as a limit for the measurement of a particular sample in the radioactive liquid waste sampling and analyses program.

For a particular measurement system, which may include radiochemical separation:

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 * Sb}{E * V * 2.22 E6 * Y * \exp(-\lambda \Delta t)}$$

Where:

LLD is the lower limit of detection as defined above (microcurie per unit mass or volume),

S<sub>b</sub> is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate (counts per minute),

E is the counting efficiency,

V is the sample size (units of mass or volume),

2.22E+6 is the number of disintegrations per minute per microcurie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield, when applicable,

 $\lambda$  is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide, and

 $\Delta t$  is the elapsed time between the end of the sample collection and the time of counting.

Analyses shall be performed in such a manner that the stated LLDs will be achieved under routine conditions with typical values of E, V, Y, and t for the radionuclides Mn-54, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, Mo-99, Ce-141, Cs-134, Cs-137; and an LLD of 5E-6  $\mu$ Ci/ml should typically be achieved for Ce-144.

## TABLE 4.11.1.1.1 (CONTINUED)

#### TABLE NOTATIONS

Occasionally, background fluctuations, interfering radionuclides, or other uncontrollable circumstances may render these LLD's unachievable.

When calculating the LLD for a radionuclide determined by gamma ray spectrometry, the background may include the typical contributions of other radionuclides normally present in the sample. The background count rate of a semiconductor detector (e.g. HPGe) is determined from background counts that are determined to be within the full width of the specific energy band used for the quantitative analysis for the radionuclide.

The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification will apply are exclusively the following radionuclides: Mn-54, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, Mo-99, Cs-134, Cs-137, Ce-141, and Ce-144. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be detected and reported. Other peaks that are measurable and identifiable, together with the above nuclides, shall be identified and reported. The LLD for Ce-144 is 5E-6  $\mu$ Ci/mL whereas the LLD for Mo-99 and the other gamma emitters is 5E-7  $\mu$ Ci/mL. Nuclides that are below the LLD for the analysis should not be reported.

- b. A batch release is the discharge of liquid wastes of a discrete volume. Before sampling for analysis, each batch should be thoroughly mixed.
- c. In the event a gross radioactivity analysis is performed in lieu of an isotopic analysis before a batch is discharged, a sample will be analyzed for principal gamma emitters afterwards.
- d. A composite sample is one in which the quantity of liquid sampled is proportional to the quantity of liquid waste discharged and in which the method of sampling employed results in a specimen which is representative of the liquids released.
- e. Analysis may be performed after release.
- f. In the event a grab sample contains more than 5E-7  $\mu$ Ci/mL of I-131 and principal gamma emitters or in the event the Reactor Building Service Water radioactivity monitor indicates more than 5E-7  $\mu$ Ci/mL radioactivity in the effluent, as applicable, sample the elevated activity effluent daily until analysis confirms the activity concentration in the effluent does not exceed 5E-7  $\mu$ Ci/mL. In addition a composite sample must be made up for further analysis for all samples taken when the activity was > 5E-7  $\mu$ Ci/mL.
- g. A composite sample is produced combining grab samples, each having a defined volume, collected routinely from the sump or stream being sampled
- h. Aliquot sampling shall be at least hourly to be representative of the quantities and concentrations of radioactive materials in liquid effluent. Prior to analyses, all samples taken for the composite shall be thoroughly mixed in order for the composite samples to be representative of the effluent release.

## 3/ 4.11 RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

## 3/ 4.11.1.2 DOSE

#### CONTROLS

- 3.11.1.2 In accordance with Oyster Creek Technical Specifications 6.8.4.a.4 and 5, the dose or dose commitment to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released to UNRESTRICTED AREAS (see Figure E-4) shall be limited:
  - a. During any calendar quarter to less than or equal to 1.5 mrem to the Total Body and to less than or equal to 5 mrem to any body organ, and
  - b. During any calendar year to less than or equal to 3 mrem to the Total Body and to less than or equal to 10 mrem to any body organ.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

#### ACTION:

- a. With the calculated dose from the release of radioactive materials in liquid effluents exceeding any of the above limits, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days from the end of the quarter, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report that identifies the cause(s) for exceeding the limit(s) and defines the corrective actions that have been taken and/or will be taken to reduce the releases and the proposed corrective actions to be taken to assure that subsequent releases will be in compliance with the above limits.
- b. The provisions of CONTROL 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.11.1.2 Cumulative dose contributions from liquid effluents for the current calendar quarter and the current calendar year shall be determined in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II Section 1.5 at least once per 31 days in accordance with Technical Specification 6.8.4.a.5.
# 3/4.11.1.3 LIQUID WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM

## CONTROLS

3.11.1.3 In accordance with the Oyster Creek Technical Specifications 6.8.4.a.6, the liquid radwaste treatment system shall be OPERABLE and appropriate portions of the system shall be used to reduce releases of radioactivity when projected doses due to the liquid effluent to UNRESTRICTED AREAS (see Figure E-4) would exceed 0.06 mrem to the Total Body or 0.2 mrem to any organ in a 31 day period.

## APPLICABILITY: At all times.

# ACTION:

- a. With radioactive liquid waste being discharged without treatment and in excess of the above, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report that includes the following information:
  - 1. Explanation of why liquid radwaste was being discharged without treatment, identification of any inoperable equipment or subsystems, and the reason for the inoperability,
  - 2. Action(s) taken to restore the inoperable equipment to OPERABLE status, and
  - 3. Summary description of action(s) taken to prevent a recurrence.
- b. The provisions of CONTROL 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

## SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 4.11.1.3.1 Doses due to liquid releases to UNRESTRICTED AREAS shall be projected at least once per 31 days in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II Section 1.5 in accordance with Technical Specifications 6.8.4.a.5.
- 4.11.1.3.2 The installed liquid radwaste treatment system shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by meeting CONTROLS 3.11.1.1, 3.11.1.2, and 3.11.1.3.

- 3/4.11.2 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS
- 3/4.11.2.1 DOSE RATE

# CONTROLS

- 3.11.2.1 In accordance with the Oyster Creek Technical Specifications 6.8.4.a.5 and 7, the dose rate due to radioactive materials released in gaseous effluents in the UNRESTRICTED AREA (see Figure E-4) shall be limited to the following:
  - a. For noble gases: Less than or equal to 500 mrem/yr to the total body and less than or equal to 3000 mrem/yr to the skin, and
  - b. For iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and for all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days: Less than or equal to 1500 mrem/yr to any body organ.

# APPLICABILITY: At all times.

# ACTION:

- a. With the dose rate(s) exceeding the above limits, immediately restore the release rate to within the above limit(s).
- b. If the gaseous effluent release rate cannot be reduced to meet the above limits, the reactor shall be in at least SHUTDOWN CONDITION within 48 hours unless corrective actions have been completed and the release rate restored to below the above limit.

## SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 4.11.2.1.1 The dose rate due to noble gases in gaseous effluents shall be determined to be within the above limits in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II Section 2.3.1.
- 4.11.2.1.2 The dose rate due to iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days in gaseous effluents shall be determined to be within the above limits in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II Section 2.3.2 by obtaining representative samples and performing analyses in accordance with the sampling and analysis program specified in Table 4.11.2.1.2-1.
- 4.11.2.1.3 Dose rates due to tritium, Sr-89, Sr-90, and alpha-emitting radionuclides are averaged over no more than 3 months and the dose rate due to other radionuclides is averaged no more than 31 days.

TABLE 4.11.2.1.2-1: RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS WASTE SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROGRAM

Gaseous Release Type	Sampling Frequency	Minimum Analysis Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit Detection <sup>a</sup> (LLD) (µCi/ml)
· · ·	Q Grab Sample <sup>f</sup>	Q	H-3	1E-06
	M Grab Sample c,d,f	М	Principal Gamma Emitters <sup>b</sup> (Noble Gases)	1E-04
		W	I-131	1E-12
Stack; Turbine Building Exhaust Vents; Augmented Off gas Building Vent	Continuous <sup>f</sup>	Charcoal Sample	I-133	1E-10
	Continuous <sup>f</sup>	W Particulate Sample	Principal Gamma Emitters <sup>b</sup> (particulates)	1E-11
	Continuous <sup>f</sup>	M <sup>e</sup> Composite Particulate Sample	Gross Alpha	1E-11
	Continuous	Q <sup>e</sup> Composite Particulate Sample	Sr-89, Sr-90	1E-11
	Continuous	Noble Gas Monitor	Noble Gases Gamma Radioactivity	1E-06

.

# TABLE 4.11.2.1.2-1 (Continued)

## TABLE NOTATIONS

a. The Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) is defined, for purposes of these specifications, as the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count, above system background, that will be detected with 95 percent probability with only 5 percent probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

The LLD is applicable to the capability of a measurement system under typical conditions and not as a limit for the measurement of a particular sample in the radioactive liquid waste sampling and analyses program.

For a particular measurement system which may include radiochemical separation:

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 * Sb}{E * V * 2.22 \text{E}6 * Y * \exp(-\lambda \Delta t)}$$

#### Where:

LLD is the lower limit of detection as defined above (microcurie per unit mass or volume),

S<sub>b</sub> is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a

blank sample as appropriate (counts per minute),

E is the counting efficiency,

V is the sample size (units of mass or volume),

2.22E+6 is the number of disintegrations per minute per microcurie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield, when applicable,

 $\lambda$  is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide, and

 $\Delta t$  is the elapsed time between the end of the sample collection and the time of counting.

Analyses shall be performed in such a manner that the stated LLD's will be achieved under routine conditions with typical values of E, V, Y, and t for the radionuclides Mn-54, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, Cs-134, Cs-137, and Ce-141. Occasionally background fluctuations or other uncontrollable circumstances may render these LLD's unachievable.

When calculating the LLD for a radionuclide determined by gamma ray spectrometry, the background may include the typical contributions of other radionuclides normally present in the samples. The background count rate of a HpGe detector is determined from background

# TABLE 4.11.2.1.2-1 (Continued)

## TABLE NOTATIONS

counts that are determined to be within the full width of the specific energy band used for the quantitative analysis for that radionuclide

- b. The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification applies exclusively are the following radionuclides: Kr-87, Kr-88, Xe-133, Xe-133m, Xe-135 and Xe-138 for gaseous emissions and Mn-54, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, Mo-99, Cs-134, Cs-137, Ce-141, and Ce-144 for particulate emissions. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be considered. Other gamma peaks that are identifiable, together with those of the above nuclides, shall also be analyzed and reported in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report consistent with CONTROL 3.11.2.1. The LLD for Mo-99 and Ce-144 is 1E-10 μCi/ml whereas the LLD for other principal gamma emitting particulates is 1E-11 μCi/ml. Radionuclides which are below the LLD for the analysis should not be reported.
- c. The noble gas radionuclides in gaseous effluent may be identified by taking a grab sample of effluent and analyzing it.
- d. In the event the reactor power level increases more than 15 percent in one hour and the Stack noble gas radioactivity monitor shows an activity increase of more than a factor of three after factoring out the effect due to the change in reactor power, a grab sample of Stack effluent shall be collected and analyzed.
- e. A composite particulate sample shall include an equal fraction of at least one particulate sample collected during each week of the compositing period.
- f. In the event a sample is collected for 24 hours or less, the LLD may be increased by a factor of 10.

# 3/4.11.2.2 DOSE - NOBLE GASES

#### CONTROLS

- 3.11.2.2 In accordance with the Oyster Creek Technical Specification 6.8.4.a.5 and 8, the air dose due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents in the UNRESTRICTED AREA (see Figure E-4) shall be limited to the following:
  - a. During any calendar quarter: Less than or equal to 5 mrad for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 10 mrad for beta radiation and,
  - b. During any calendar year: Less than or equal to 10 mrad for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 20 mrad for beta radiation.

# APPLICABILITY: At all times.

#### ACTION:

- a. With the calculated air dose from radioactive noble gases in gaseous effluents exceeding any of the above limits, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days from the end of the quarter during which the release occurred, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report that identifies the cause(s) for exceeding the limit(s) and defines the corrective actions that have been taken to reduce the release and the proposed corrective actions to be taken to assure that subsequent releases will be in compliance with the above limits.
- b. The provisions of CONTROLS 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

## SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.11.2.2 Cumulative dose contributions for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year for noble gases shall be determined in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II Section 2.4.1 at least once per 31 days in accordance with Technical Specification 6.8.4.a.5.

# 3/4.11.2.3 DOSE - IODINE-131, IODINE-133, TRITIUM, AND RADIONUCLIDES IN PARTICULATE FORM

# CONTROLS

- 3.11.2.3 In accordance with Oyster Creek Technical Specification 6.8.4.a.5 and 9, the dose to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days in gaseous effluents released in the UNRESTRICTED AREA (see Figure E-4) shall be limited to the following:
  - a. During any calendar quarter: Less than or equal to 7.5 mrem to any body organ and,
  - b. During any calendar year: Less than or equal to 15 mrem to any body organ.

# APPLICABILITY: At all times.

## ACTION:

- a. With the calculated dose from the release of iodine-131, iodine-133 and radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days, in gaseous effluents exceeding any of the above limits, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report that identifies the cause(s) for exceeding the limit and defines the corrective actions that have been taken to reduce the releases and the proposed corrective actions to be taken to assure that subsequent releases will be in compliance with the above limits.
- b. The provisions of CONTROLS 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

# SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.11.2.3 Cumulative dose contributions for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year for iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and radionuclides in particulate form with halflives greater than 8 days shall be determined in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II Section 2.5 at least once per 31 days in accordance with Technical Specification 6.8.4.a.5.

# 3/4.11.2.4 GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM

# CONTROLS

- 3.11.2.4 The AUGMENTED OFF GAS SYSTEM shall be in operation to reduce releases of radioactivity when the projected doses in 31 days due to gaseous effluent releases to areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY (see Figure E-4) would exceed:
  - a. 0.2 mrad to air from gamma radiation, or
  - b. 0.4 mrad to air from beta radiation, or
  - c. 0.3 mrem to any body organ
- <u>APPLICABILITY</u>: Whenever the main condenser steam jet air ejector is in operation except during startup or shutdown with reactor power less than 40 percent of rated. In addition, the AUGMENTED OFF GAS SYSTEM need not be in operation during end of cycle coast-down periods when the system can no longer function due to low off gas flow.

# ACTION:

- a. Every reasonable effort shall be made to maintain and operate charcoal absorbers in the AUGMENTED OFF GAS SYSTEM to treat radioactive gas from the main condenser air ejectors.
- With gaseous radwaste from the main condenser air ejector system being discharged without treatment for more than 30 consecutive days and either CONTROL 3.11.2.1 or 3.11.2.4 exceeded, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days from the end of the quarter during which release occurred, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report that includes the following information:
  - 1. Identification of any inoperable equipment or subsystems, and the reason for the inoperability,
  - 2. Action(s) taken to restore the inoperable equipment to OPERABLE status, and
  - 3. Summary description of action(s) taken to prevent a recurrence.
- c. The provisions of CONTROL 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

# SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 4.11.2.4.1 Operation of the Augmented Off gas System charcoal absorbers shall be verified by verifying the AOG System bypass valve, V-7-31, alignment or alignment indication closed at least once every 12 hours whenever the main condenser air ejector is operating.
- 4.11.2.4.2 Doses due to gaseous releases to UNRESTRICTED AREAS shall be projected at least once per 31 days in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II Section 1.5 in accordance with Technical Specifications 6.8.4.a.5.

# 3/4.11.3 MARK I CONTAINMENT

#### CONTROLS

- 3.11.3.1 Venting or purging of the containment Drywell may be through normal Reactor Building Ventilation if the following requirements are met:
- <u>APPLICABILITY</u>: If the Station year-to-date radiological effluent releases (either iodine or noble gas) are less than 10% of the ODCM limit, then Standby Gas Treatment is <u>NOT</u> required for purging the contents of the Drywell.

## ACTION:

a. If the Station year-to-date radiological effluent releases (either iodine or noble gas) are greater than 10% of the ODCM limit, then the Standby Gas Treatment System must be used for purging the contents of the Drywell.

# SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.11.3.1 The Standby Gas Treatment System is OPERABLE and available whenever the purge system is in use.

# 3/4.11.4 TOTAL DOSE

## CONTROLS

3.11.4.1 In accordance with Oyster Creek Technical Specifications 6.8.4.a.10, the annual (calendar year) dose commitment to any MEMBER OFTHE PUBLIC due to radioactive material in the effluent and direct radiation from the OCGS in the UNRESTRICTED AREA shall be limited to less than or equal to 75 mrem to the thyroid or less than or equal to 25 mrem to the total body or any other organ.

# APPLICABILITY: At all times

#### ACTION:

- a. With the calculated doses from the release of radioactive materials in liquid or gaseous effluents exceeding twice the limits of CONTROLS 3.11.1.2a, 3.11.1.2b, 3.11.2.2a, 3.11.2.2b, 3.11.2.3a, or 3.11.2.3b, perform an assessment to determine whether the limits of CONTROL 3.11.4.1 have been exceeded. If such is the case, prepare and submit to the Commission within 30 days, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report that defines the corrective action to be taken to reduce subsequent releases to prevent recurrence of exceeding the above limits and includes the schedule for achieving conformance with the above limits. This Special Report shall include information specified in 10CFR20.2203. If the estimated dose(s) exceeds the above limits, and if the release condition resulting in violation of 40 CFR Part 190 has not already been corrected, the Special Report shall include a request for a variance in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 190. Submittal of the report is considered a timely request, and a variance is granted until staff action on the request is complete.
- b. The provisions of CONTROLS 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 4.11.4.1 Cumulative dose contributions from liquid and gaseous effluents shall be determined in accordance with SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT 4.11.1.2, 4.11.2.2, 4.11.2.3, and in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II Section 3.0 at least once per year.
- 4.11.4.2 Cumulative dose contributions from direct radiation from the facility shall be determined in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM Part II Section 3.2. This requirement is applicable only under conditions set forth in CONTROL 3.11.4, ACTION a.

# 3/4.12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

# 3/4.12.1 MONITORING PROGRAM

# CONTROLS

3.12.1. In accordance with Oyster Creek Technical Specifications 6.8.4.b, the radiological environmental monitoring program shall be conducted as specified in Table 3.12.1-1. For specific sample locations see Table E-1. Revisions to the non-ODCM required portions of the program may be implemented at any time. Non-ODCM samples are those taken in addition to the minimum required samples listed in Table 3.12.1-1.

# APPLICABILITY: At all times.

# ACTION:

- a. With the radiological environmental monitoring program not being conducted as specified in Table 3.12.1-1, prepare and submit to the Commission, in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report required by Technical Specification 6.9.1.e, a description of the reasons for not conducting the program as required and the plans for preventing a recurrence.
- b. With the level of radioactivity as the result of plant effluents in an environmental sampling medium at a specified location exceeding the reporting levels of Table 3.12.1-2 when averaged over any calendar quarter, prepare and submit to the Commission within 60 days of the end of the quarter, pursuant to Technical Specification 6.9.2, a Special Report that identifies the cause(s) for exceeding the limit(s) and defines the corrective actions to be taken to reduce radioactive effluents so that the potential annual dose\* to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC is less than the calendar year limits of CONTROLS 3.11.12, 3.11.2.2, and 3.11.2.3. When more than one of the radionuclides in Table 3.12.1-2 are detected in the sampling medium, this report shall be submitted if:

 $\frac{\text{concentration (1)}}{\text{reporting level (1)}} + \frac{\text{concentration (2)}}{\text{reporting level (2)}} + ... \ge 1.0$ 

When radionuclides other than those in Table 3.12.1-2 are detected and are the result of plant effluents, this report shall be submitted if the potential annual dose\* to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from all radionuclides is equal to or greater than the calendar year limits of CONTROLS 3.11.1.2, 3.11.2.2, and 3.11.2.3. This report is not required if the measured level of radioactivity was not the result of plant effluents; however, in such an event, the condition shall be reported and described in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to Section 6.1.2.1.

\*The methodology used to estimate the potential annual dose to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC shall be indicated in this report.

# 3/4.12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

# 3/4.12.1 MONITORING PROGRAM

## CONTROLS (Continued)

## ACTION: (Continued)

- c. If garden vegetation samples are unobtainable due to any legitimate reason, it is NOT ACCEPTABLE to substitute vegetation from other sources. The missed sample will be documented in the annual report, with no further actions necessary. If a permanent sampling location becomes unavailable, follow Table 3.12.1-1 Table Notation (1) to replace the location.
- d. The provisions of CONTROLS 3.0.3, 3.0.4 and Technical Specification 6.9.2 are not applicable.

# SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.12.1 The radiological environmental monitoring samples shall be collected pursuant to Table 3.12.1-1 from the specific locations given in Table E-1, and shall be analyzed pursuant to the requirements of Table 3.12.1-1, and the detection capabilities required by Table 4.12.1-1.

# CY-OC-170-301 **Revision 7** Page 47 of 140

# TABLE 3.12.1-1: RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

.

EXPOSURE PATHWAY AND/OR SAMPLE	NUMBER OF REPRESENTAIVE SAMPLES AND SAMPLE LOCATIONS <sup>(1)</sup>	SAMPLING AND COLLECTION FREQUENCY	TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS
1. DIRECT RADIATION <sup>(2)</sup>	Routine monitoring stations with two or more dosimeters placed as follows: An inner ring of stations one in each meteorological sector in the general area of the SITE BOUNDARY (At least 16 locations); An outer ring of stations, one in each land-based meteorological sector in the approximately 6- to 8-km range fro the site (At least 14 locations); and At least 8 stations to be placed in special interest areas such a population centers, nearby residences schools, and in one or two areas to serve as control stations.	Quarterly om	Gamma dose quarterly

.

# TABLE 3.12.1-1(Cont'd)

## RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

# EXPOSURE PATHWAY

## 2. AIRBORNE

Radioiodine and Particulates NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES AND SAMPLE LOCATIONS<sup>(1)</sup>

Samples from 5 locations:

Three samples from close to the SITE BOUNDARY in different sectors of the highest calculated annual average groundlevel D/Q

One sample from the vicinity of a community having the highest calculated annual average groundlevel D/Q; and

One sample from a control location, as for example 15-30 km distant and in the least prevalent wind direction  $^{(6)}$ 

SAMPLING AND COLLECTION FREQUENCY

Continuous sampler operation with sample collection weekly or more frequently if required by dust loading

## TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS

Radioiodine Canister: I-131 analysis weekly

<u>Particulate Sampler</u> Gross beta radioactivity analysis following filter change<sup>(3)</sup>;

Gamma isotopic analysis<sup>(4)</sup> of composites (by location) quarterly

# TABLE 3.12.1-1(Cont'd)

.

.

# RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

EXPOSURE PATHWAY AND/OR SAMPLE	NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES AND <u>SAMPLE LOCATIONS<sup>(1)</sup></u>	SAMPLING AND COLLECTION FREQUENCY	TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS
3. WATERBORNE a. Surface	One sample upstream One sample downstream	Grab sample weekly, Combine into monthly composite.	Gamma isotopic and tritium analysis <sup>(4)</sup>
b. Ground <sup>(5)</sup>	Samples from one or two sources if likely to be affected	Grab sample quarterly	Gamma isotopic and tritium analysis <sup>(4)</sup>
c. Drinking	1 sample of each of 1 to 3 of the nearest water supplies that could be affected by its discharge	Grab sample weekly, combine into a 2-week composite if I-131 analysis Is required; composite monthly otherwise	Gross beta, gamma isotopic and tritium analysis monthly <sup>(4)(7)</sup>
	One sample from a background location		r.

.

.

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 50 of 140

# TABLE 3.12.1-1(Cont'd)

# RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

EXPOSURE PATHWAY AND/OR SAMPLE

.

# NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES AND SAMPLE LOCATIONS<sup>(1)</sup>

SAMPLING AND COLLECTION FREQUENCY TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS

d. Sediment

One sample from downstream area with existing or potential recreational value

Semiannually

Gamma isotopic analysis<sup>(4)</sup> semiannually

## TABLE 3.12.1-1(Cont'd)

# RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

# EXPOSURE PATHWAY

# NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES AND SAMPLE LOCATIONS<sup>(1)</sup>

# SAMPLING AND COLLECTION FREQUENCY

# TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS

4. INGESTION a. Milk<sup>(6)</sup>

No milking animals

If milk animals are identified: Samples from milking animals in three locations within 5km having the highest dose potential. If there are none, then one sample from milking animals in each of three areas between 5 an 8 km distant where doses are calculated to be greater than 1 mrem per year. One sample from milking animal at a control location 15 to 30 km distant and in the least prevalent wind direction

b. Fish

One sample of available species consumed by man in plant discharge canal

One sample of available species consumed by man not influenced by plant discharge Semimonthly when on pasture;

monthly at other times

Gamma isotopic <sup>(4)</sup> and lodine -131 semimonthly when animals are on pasture; monthly at other times

Semiannually, when available Gamma isotopic analysis <sup>(4)</sup> on edible portions

r

## CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 52 of 140

# TABLE 3.12.1-1(Cont'd)

#### RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

## EXPOSURE PATHWAY AND/OR SAMPLE

c. Clams

NUMBER OF REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES AND SAMPLE LOCATIONS<sup>(1)</sup>

One sample of available species consumed by man within the influence of the facility discharge.

One sample of available species consumed by man not influenced by plant discharge.

# d. Vegetation <sup>(8)</sup>

3 samples of broad leaf vegetation grown nearest each of two different Off Site locations of highest predicted annual average combined elevated and ground level release D/Q

One sample of each of the similar broad leaf vegetation grown at least 15 to 30 km (9.3-18.6 miles) distant in the least prevalent wind direction.

# SAMPLING AND COLLECTION FREQUENCY

Semiannually, when available

# TYPE AND FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS

Gamma isotopic analysis <sup>(4)</sup> on edible portions.

Monthly during growing season Gamma isotopic analysis <sup>(4)</sup> and I-131 on edible portion.

# TABLE 3.12.1-1 (Continued)

# TABLE NOTATIONS

- 1 Specific parameters of distance and direction sector from the centerline of the reactor, and additional description where pertinent, are provided for each and every sample location in Table 3.12.1-1 and Table E-1. Deviations are permitted from the required sampling schedule if specimens are unobtainable due to circumstances such as hazardous conditions, seasonal unavailability, malfunction of automatic sampling equipment, and other legitimate reasons. If specimens are unobtainable due to sampling equipment malfunction, effort shall be made to complete corrective action prior to the end of the next sampling period. All deviations from the sampling schedule shall be documented in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to CONTROL 6.1.2.4. It is recognized that, at times, it may not be possible or practicable to continue to obtain samples of the media of choice at the most desired location or time. In these instances suitable specific alternative media and locations may be chosen for the particular pathway in question and appropriate substitutions made within 30 days in the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program given in the ODCM. Pursuant to Technical specification 6.19, submit in the next Radioactive Effluent Release Report documentation for a change in the ODCM including revised figure(s) and table for the ODCM reflecting the new location(s) with supporting information identifying the cause of the unavailability of samples for the pathway and justifying the selection of the new location(s) for This applies to changes/deletions/additions of permanent sampling obtaining samples. locations. This does not apply to one-time deviations from the sampling schedule. In those cases, it is NOT ACCEPTABLE to substitute sample media from other sources. The missed sample will be documented in the annual report, with no further actions necessary.
- 2 One or more instruments, such as pressurized ion chamber, for measuring and recording dose rate continuously may be used in place of, or in addition to, integrating dosimeters. The number of direct radiation monitoring stations has been reduced from the NUREG 1302 recommendation due to geographical limitations; e.g., some sectors are over water and some sectors cannot be reached due to lack of highway access, therefore the number of dosimeters has been reduced accordingly.
- 3 Airborne particulate sample filters shall be analyzed for gross beta radioactivity 24 hours or more after sampling to allow for radon and thoron daughter decay. If gross beta activity in air particulate is greater than ten times the yearly mean of control samples, gamma isotopic analysis shall be performed on the individual samples.
- 4 Gamma isotopic analysis means the identification and quantification of gamma-emitting radionuclides that may be attributable to the effluents from the facility.
- 5 Groundwater samples shall be taken when this source is tapped for drinking or irrigation purposes in areas where the hydraulic gradient or recharge properties are suitable for contamination. Extensive studies of geology and groundwater in the vicinity of the OCGS (Reference 21 and 31) have demonstrated that there is no plausible pathway for effluents from the facility to contaminate offsite groundwater, including the local

drinking water supplies. Samples of groundwater, including local drinking water wells, are collected in order to provide assurance to the public that these water resources are not impacted.

- 6 The purpose of this sample is to obtain background information. If it is not practical to establish control locations in accordance with the distance and wind direction criteria, other sites which provide valid background data may be substituted
- 7 I-131 analysis on each composite when the dose calculated for the consumption of the water is greater than 1 mrem per year. If garden vegetation samples are unobtainable due to any legitimate reason (see (1) above), it is <u>NOT</u> ACCEPTABLE to substitute vegetation from other sources. The missed sample will be documented in the annual report, with no further actions necessary.

# TABLE 3.12.1-2: REPORTING LEVELS FOR RADIOACTIVITY CONCENTRATIONS IN ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES - REPORTING LEVELS

Analysis	Surface and Ground Water(pCi/l)	Airborne Particulate and lodine (pCi/m <sup>3</sup> )	Fish (pCi/Kg, wet)	Milk (pCi/l)	Vegetation (pCi/Kg, wet)
H-3	20000*				
Mn-54	1000	· · ·	30000		
Fe-59	400		10000		
Co-58	1000		30000		
Co-60	300		10000		
Zn-65	300	1	20000		
Zr-Nb-95	400				
I-131	2**	0.9		3	100
Cs-134	30	10	1000	60	1000
Cs-137	50	20	2000	70	2000
Ba-La-140	200	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		300	

\*For drinking water samples (this is the 40 CFR Part 141 value). If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 30,000 pCi/L may be used.

\*\*If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 20 pCi/L may be used.

1

# TABLE 4.12.1-1: DETECTION CAPABILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLE ANALYSIS<sup>(1),(2) -</sup> LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (LLD)<sup>(3)</sup>

Analysis	Surface and Ground Water (pCi/l)	Air Particulate and Air Iodine (pCi/m <sup>3</sup> )	Vegetation (pCi/Kg, wet)	Sediment (pCi/Kg, dry)	Fish, Clams and Crabs (pCi/Kg, wet)
Gross Beta	4	0.01			
H-3	2000 <sup>(4)</sup>				
Mn-54	15				130
Fe-59	30				260
Co-58, 60	15			,	. 130
Zn-65	30				260
Zr-95	30				
Nb-95	15				
I-131	1 <sup>(4)</sup>	0.07 <sup>(5)</sup>	60		
Cs-134	15	0.05 <sup>(6)</sup>	60	150	130
Cs-137	,18	0.06 <sup>(6)</sup>	80	180	150
La-140	15				
Ba-140	60 <sup>(7)</sup>				

# TABLE 4.12.1-1 (Continued)

# TABLE NOTATIONS

- 1. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be considered. Other peaks that are identifiable, together with those of the above nuclides, shall also be analyzed and reported in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to CONTROL 6.1.2.3.
- 2. Required detection capabilities for dosimeters used for environmental measurements shall be in accordance with the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 4.13.
- The LLD is defined, for purposes of these CONTROLS as the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count, above system background, that will be detected with 95% probability with only 5% probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

For a particular measurement system, which may include radiochemical separation:

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 * Sb}{E * V * 2.22 * Y * \exp(-\lambda \Delta t)}$$

Where:

LLD is the "a priori" lower limit of detection as defined above, as picocuries per unit mass or volume,

Sb is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate, as counts per minute,

E is the counting efficiency, as counts per disintegration,

V is the sample size in units of mass or volume,

2.22 is the number of disintegrations per minute per Pico curie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield, when applicable,

 $\lambda$  is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide (sec<sup>-1</sup>), and

 $\Delta t$  for environmental samples is the elapsed time between sample collection, or end of the sample collection period, and time of counting (sec).

Typical values of E, V, Y, and  $\Delta t$  should be used in the calculation.

#### TABLE 4.12.1-1 (Continued)

#### **TABLE NOTATIONS**

It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an <u>a priori</u> (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not as an <u>a posteriori</u> (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement. Analyses shall be performed in such a manner that the stated LLDs will be achieved under routine conditions. Occasionally, background fluctuations, unavoidable small sample sizes, the presence of interfering nuclides, or other uncontrollable circumstances may render these LLDs unachievable. In such cases, the contributing factors shall be identified and described in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant Technical Specification 6.9.1.e and Control 6.1.2.6.4.

- 4. If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 3000 pCi/L for tritium and 15 pCi/L for iodine-131 may be used.
- 5. For the air iodine sample
- 6. For the air particulate sample
- 7. Ba-140 and La-140 are in equilibrium

# 3/4.12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

# 3/4.12.2 LAND USE CENSUS

## CONTROLS

3.12.2 In accordance with the Oyster Creek Technical Specifications 6.8.4.b, a land use census shall be conducted and shall identify within a distance of 5 miles the location in each of the 16 meteorological sectors of the nearest milk animal, the nearest residence and the nearest garden\* of greater than 500 ft<sup>2</sup> producing broad leaf vegetation. The census shall also identify within a distance of 3 miles the location in each of the 16 meteorological sectors all milk animal and all gardens greater than 500 square feet producing broadleaf vegetation.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

# ACTION:

- a. With a land use census identifying a location(s) that yields a calculated dose or dose commitment greater than the values currently being calculated in SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT 4.11.2.3, identify the new location(s) in the next Radioactive Effluent Release Report, pursuant to Control 6.2.2.4.
- b. With a land use census identifying a location(s) that yields a calculated dose or dose commitment (via the same exposure pathway) 20 percent greater than at a location from which samples are currently being obtained in accordance with CONTROL 3.12.1, add the new location(s) to the radiological environmental monitoring program within 30 days. The sampling location(s), excluding the control station location, having the lowest calculated dose or dose commitment(s), via the same exposure pathway, may then be deleted from this monitoring. Pursuant to CONTROL 6.2.2.4, identify the new location(s) in the next Radioactive Effluent Release Report and also include in the report a revised figure(s) and table for the ODCM reflecting the new location(s).
- c. The provisions of CONTROLS 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

## SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.12.2 The land use census shall be conducted during the growing season at least once per 12 months using that information that will provide the best results, such as by door-todoor survey, visual survey, aerial survey, or by consulting local agriculture authorities. The results of the land use census shall be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to CONTROL 6.1.2.2.

\*Broad leaf vegetation sampling of at least three different kinds of vegetation may be performed at the SITE BOUNDARY in each of two different direction sectors with the highest predicted elevated release D/Q's in lieu of the garden census. Controls for broadleaf vegetation sampling in Table 3.12.1-1, Part 4.c shall be followed, including analysis of control samples.

# 3/4.12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

# 3/4.12.3 INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM

## CONTROLS

3.12.3 In accordance with Oyster Creek Technical Specifications 6.8.4.b.3, analyses shall be performed on radioactive materials supplied as part of an interlaboratory comparison program which has been approved by the Commission.

## APPLICABILITY: At all times.

## ACTION:

- a. With analyses not being performed as required above, report the reason and corrective actions taken to prevent a recurrence to the Commission in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to CONTROL 6.1.2.6.3.
- b. The provisions of CONTROLS 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

# SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.12.3 A summary of the results obtained as part of the above-required Interlaboratory Comparison Program shall be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to CONTROL 6.1.2.6.3.

# 3 /4 .12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

## 3/4.12.4 METEOROLOGICAL MONITORING PROGRAM

## CONTROLS

3.12.4 The meteorological monitoring instrumentation channels shown in Table 3.12.4.-1 shall be operable.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

## ACTION:

- a. With less than the minimum required instrumentation channels OPERABLE for more than 7 days, initiate an Issue Report outlining the cause of the malfunction and the plans for restoring the instrumentation to OPERABLE status.
- b. The provisions of CONTROLS 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

## TABLE 3.12.4-1

# **METEOROLOGICAL MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION**

INS		ELEVATION	MINIMUM INSTRUMENT OPERABLE		
1.	Wind Speed				
	а	380 feet	1		
·	b.	150 feet	1		
	С.	33 feet	1		
2.	Wind Direction				
	a.	380 feet	1		
	b.	150 feet	1		
	С.	33 feet	1		
3.	ΔT				
	a.	380-33	1		
	b.	150-33	1		

# **BASES FOR SECTIONS 3.0 AND 4.0**

## CONTROLS AND SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

NOTE: The BASES contained in the succeeding pages summarize the reasons for the CONTROLS of Sections 3.0 and 4.0, but are not considered a part of these CONTROLS.

3/4.3 INSTRUMENTATION

#### BASES

# 3/4.3.3.10 RADIOACTIVE LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

The radioactive liquid effluent instrumentation is provided to monitor and control, as applicable, the releases of radioactive materials in liquid effluents during actual or potential releases of liquid effluents. The reactor service water system discharge line radioactivity monitor initiates an alarm in the Control Room when the alarm set point is exceeded. The alarm/trip set points for these instruments shall be calculated and adjusted in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM to ensure that the alarm/trip will occur prior to exceeding the limits of 10 CFR Part 20. The OPERABILITY and use of this instrumentation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criteria 60, 63, and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

# 3/4.3.3.11 RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

The radioactive gaseous effluent instrumentation is provided to monitor and control, as applicable, the releases of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents during actual or potential releases of gaseous effluents. The alarm/trip set points for each of the noble gas monitors shall be calculated and adjusted in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM. This will ensure the alarm/trip will occur prior to exceeding the limits of 10 CFR Part 20. The radioactive gas monitors for the stack effluent and the Augmented Off gas Building exhaust ventilation have alarms which report in the Reactor Control Room. The OPERABILITY and use of this instrumentation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criteria 60, 63, and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

#### BASES

## 3/4.11.1 LIQUID EFFLUENTS

## 3/4.11.1.1 CONCENTRATION

This CONTROL is provided to ensure that the concentration of radioactive materials released in liquid waste effluents to UNRESTRICTED AREAS will be less than the concentration levels specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2. This limitation provides additional assurance that the levels of radioactive materials in bodies of water in UNRESTRICTED AREAS will result in exposures within (1) the Section II.A design objectives of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50, to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC and (2) the limits of 10 CFR Part 20.106(a) to the population. The concentration limit for dissolved or entrained noble gases is based upon the assumption that Xe-135 is the controlling radioisotope and its concentration limit in air (submersion) was converted to an equivalent concentration in water using the methods described in International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) Publication 2.

The value 1E-8 is the limit for unidentified gross gamma or beta releases as per 10 CFR 20 Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 "any single radionuclide...other than alpha or spontaneous fission ...half life greater than 2 hours". This provides operational flexibility while providing reasonable assurance that dose will remain less than 0.1 rem/yr.

The required detection capabilities for radioactive materials in liquid waste samples are tabulated in terms of the lower limits of detection (LLDs). Detailed discussion of the LLD, and other detection limits can be found in references 25, 26, and 27.

Weekly grab samples for Service Water Effluent are composited for monthly tritium and gross alpha analysis and quarterly Sr-89/90 and Fe-55 analysis if activity is detected.

While discharging groundwater via the continuous release remediation pathway, the composite sample will be analyzed daily for principal gamma emitters and tritium. A monthly composite sample is analyzed for gross alpha, Sr-89/90, Fe-55, and Ni-63.

While discharging groundwater via the batch release mode remediation pathway, a grab sample is collected from each tank and analyzed for principal gamma emitters and tritium, a composite sample is analyzed monthly for gross alpha, Sr-89/90, Fe-55, and Ni-63.

Circulating Water Effluent is not included in Table 4.11.1.1.1.1, Radioactive Liquid Waste Sampling and Analysis Program since the Circulating Water is sampled as part of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program, Table 3.12.1-1, 3a, Waterborne, Surface downstream sample.

# 3/4.11.1.2 DOSE

This CONTROL is provided to implement the requirements of Sections II.A, III.A, and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The CONTROL implements the guides set forth in Section II.A of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I to assure that the releases of radioactive material in liquid effluents to UNRESTRICTED AREAS will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable." The dose calculation methodology and parameters in the ODCM implement the requirements in Section III.A of Appendix I that conformance with the guides of Appendix I be shown by calculational procedures based on models and data, such that the actual exposure of a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC through appropriate pathways is unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The equations specified in the ODCM for calculating the doses due to the actual release rates of radioactive materials in liquid effluents are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109 and Regulatory Guide 1.113.

# 3/4.11.1.3 LIQUID RADWASTE TREATMENT

The OPERABILITY of the liquid radwaste treatment system ensures that this system will be available for use whenever liquid effluents require treatment prior to their release to the environment. The requirement that the appropriate portions of this system be used, when specified, provides assurance that the releases of radioactive materials in liquid effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable". This CONTROL implements the requirements of General Design Criterion 60 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50 and the design objective given in Section II.D of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50. The specified limits governing the use of appropriate portions of the liquid radwaste treatment system were specified as a suitable fraction of the dose design objectives set forth in Section II.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50, for liquid effluents. Figure D-1-1a, Liquid Radwaste Treatment Chem Waste and Floor Drain System and Figure D-1-1b, Liquid Radwaste Treatment – High Purity and Equipment Drain System provides details of the Liquid Radwaste Treatment system.

## 3/4.11.2 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

## 3/4.11.2.1 DOSE RATE

This CONTROL is provided to ensure that the dose at any time at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY from gaseous effluents will be within the annual dose limits of 10 CFR Part 20 to UNRESTRICTED AREAS. The annual dose limits are the doses associated with the concentrations of 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1. These limits provide reasonable assurance that radioactive material discharged in gaseous effluents will not result in the exposure of a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC in an UNRESTRICTED AREA either within or outside the SITE BOUNDARY, to annual average concentrations exceeding the limits specified in Appendix B, Table 2 of 10 CFR Part 20. For MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC who may at times be within the SITE BOUNDARY, the occupancy of the individual will usually be sufficiently low to

compensate for any increase in the atmospheric diffusion factor above that for the SITE BOUNDARY. Examples of calculations for such MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC with the appropriate occupancy factors shall be given in the ODCM. The specified release rate limits restrict, at all times, the corresponding gamma and beta dose rates above background to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC at or beyond the SITE BOUNDARY to less than or equal to 500 mrem/year to the total body or to less than or equal to 3000 mrem/yr to the skin. These release rate limits also restrict, at all times, the corresponding thyroid dose rate above background to a child via the inhalation pathway to less than or equal to 1500 mrem/year.

The required detection capabilities for radioactive materials in liquid waste samples are tabulated in terms of the lower limits of detection (LLDs). Detailed discussion of the LLD, and other detection limits can be found in references 25, 26 and 27.

Tritium is sampled quarterly for gaseous effluents. Based on the consistency of the data from the quarterly sampling, the sampling frequency is adequate.

# 3/4.11.2.2 DOSE - NOBLE GASES

This CONTROL is provided to implement the requirements of Section II.B, III.A and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The CONTROL implements the guides set forth in Section II.B of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I to assure that the releases of radioactive material in gaseous effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable." The SURVEILLANCE **REQUIREMENTS** implement the requirements in Section III.A of Appendix I that conformance with the guides of Appendix I be shown by calculational procedures based on models and data such that the actual exposure of a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC through appropriate pathways is unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The dose calculation methodology and parameters established in the ODCM for calculating the doses due to the actual release rates of radioactive noble gases in gaseous effluents are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109 and Regulatory Guide 1.111. The ODCM equations provided for determining the air doses at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY are based upon the historical average atmospheric conditions.

# 3/4.11.2.3 DOSE - IODINE-131, IODINE-133, TRITIUM, AND RADIONUCLIDES IN PARTICULATE FORM

This CONTROL is provided to implement the requirements of Section II.C, III.A and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The CONTROLS are the guides set forth in Section II.C of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I to assure that the releases of radioactive material in gaseous effluents to UNRERSTRICTED AREAS will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable." The ODCM calculational methods specified in SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS implement the requirements in Section III.A of Appendix I that conformance with the guides of Appendix I be shown by calculational procedures based on models and data

such that the actual exposure of a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC through appropriate pathways is unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The ODCM calculational methodology and parameters for calculating the doses due to the actual release rates of the subject materials are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109, and Regulatory Guide 1.111. These equations also provide for determining the actual doses based upon the historical average atmospheric conditions. The release rate controls for iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and radionuclides in particulate form with half-life greater than 8 days are dependent on the existing radionuclide pathways to man, in the areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY. The pathways that were examined in the development of these calculations were: 1) individual inhalation of airborne radionuclides, 2) deposition of radionuclides onto green leafy vegetation with subsequent consumption by man, 3) deposition onto grassy areas where milk animals and meat producing animals graze with consumption of the milk and meat by man, and 4) deposition on the ground with subsequent exposure of man.

# 3/4.11.2.4 GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM

The OPERABILITY of the AUGMENTED OFF GAS TREATMENT SYSTEM (AOG) ensures that the system will be available for use whenever gaseous effluents require treatment prior to release to the environment. The requirement that the appropriate portions of these systems be used, when specified, provides reasonable assurance that the releases of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable." This CONTROL implements the requirements of General Design Criterion 60 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50, and the design objectives given in Section II.D of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50. The specified limits governing the use of appropriate portions of the systems were specified as a suitable fraction of the dose design objectives set forth in Section II.B and II.C of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50, for gaseous effluents. Figure D-2-1, Gaseous Radwaste Treatment – Augmented Off gas System, Figure D-2-2, Ventilation System provide details of the Augmented Off Gas Treatment System and Figure D-2-3, AOG Ventilation System.

## 3/4.11.4 TOTAL DOSE

This CONTROL is provided to meet the dose limitations of 40 CFR Part 190 that have now been incorporated into 10 CFR Part 20 by 46 FR 18525. The CONTROL requires the preparation and submittal of a Special Report whenever the calculated doses from plant radioactive effluents exceed 25 mrem to the total body or any organ, except the thyroid, which shall be limited to less than or equal to 75 mrem. It is highly unlikely that the resultant dose to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC will exceed the dose limits of 40 CFR Part 190 if the doses remain within twice the dose design objectives of Appendix I, and if direct radiation doses from the unit, including outside storage tanks, etc. are kept small. The Special Report will describe a course of action that should result in the limitation of the annual dose to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC to within the 40 CFR Part 190 limits. For purposes of the Special Report, it may be assumed that the dose commitment to the MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from other uranium fuel cycle sources is negligible. If the dose to any MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC is estimated to exceed the requirements of 40 CFR Part 190, the Special Report with a request for a variance (provided the release conditions resulting in violation of 40 CFR Part 190 have not already been corrected), in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 190 and 10 CFR Part 20, is considered to be a timely request and fulfills the requirements of 40 CFR Part 190 until NRC staff action is completed. The variance only relates to the limits of 40 CFR Part 190, and does not apply in any way to the other requirements for dose limitation of 10 CFR Part 20, as addressed in CONTROLS 3.11.1.1 and 3.11.2.1. An individual is not considered a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC during any period in which he/she is engaged in carrying out any operation that is part of the nuclear fuel cycle.

# 3/4.12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

#### BASES

## 3/4.12.1 MONITORING PROGRAM

The radiological environmental monitoring program required by this CONTROL provides representative measurements of radiation and of radioactive materials in those exposure pathways and for those radionuclides that lead to the highest potential radiation exposures of MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC resulting from the station operation. This monitoring program implements Section IV.B.2 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50 and thereby supplements the radiological effluent monitoring program by verifying that the measurable concentrations of radioactive materials and levels of radiation are not higher than expected on the basis of the effluent measurements and the modeling of the environmental exposure pathways. Guidance for this monitoring program is provided by the Radiological Assessment Branch Position on Environmental Monitoring, Revision 1, November 1979.

The required detection capabilities for environmental sample analyses are tabulated in terms of the lower limits of detection (LLDs). The LLDs required by Table 4.12.1-1 are considered optimum for routine environmental measurements in industrial laboratories. It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an <u>a priori</u> (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not as an <u>a posteriori</u> (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement.

Detailed discussion of the LLD, and other detection limits in references 25, 26, and 27.

Site-specific research, which included the installation of a groundwater monitoring well network, has demonstrated that the groundwater pathway is not a potential pathway to man from the OCGS. The surface water into which the OCGS discharges is a marine estuary containing saline water that is not used as drinking water or irrigation water by man.

# 3/4.12.2 LAND USE CENSUS

This CONTROL is provided to ensure that changes in the use of areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY are identified and that modifications to the radiological environmental monitoring program are made if required by the results of this census. The best information from the door-to-door survey, from aerial survey, from visual survey or consulting with local agricultural authorities shall be used. This census satisfies the requirements of Section IV.B.3 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50. Restricting the census to gardens of greater than 50 m<sup>2</sup> (500 ft<sup>2</sup>) provides assurance that significant exposure pathways via leafy vegetables will be identified and monitored since a garden of this size is the minimum required to produce the quantity (26 kg/year) of leafy vegetables assumed in Regulatory Guide 1.109 for consumption by a child. To determine this minimum garden size, the following assumptions were made: 1) 20% of the garden was used for growing broad leaf vegetation (i.e., similar to lettuce and cabbage), and 2) a vegetation yield of 2 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.

# 3/4.12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

#### BASES

# 3/4.12.3 INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM

The requirement for participation in an approved Interlaboratory Comparison Program is provided to ensure that independent checks on the precision and accuracy of the measurements of radioactive material in environmental sample matrices are performed as part of the quality assurance program for environmental monitoring in order to demonstrate that the results are valid for the purposes of Section IV.B.2 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50.5.0

# 5.0 DESIGN FEATURES / SITE MAP

(Provided FOR INFORMATION ONLY. Technical Specifications are controlling.)

5.1 Site map which will allow identification of structures and release points shall be as shown in Figure E-4.
## 6.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

- 6.1 ANNUAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL OPERATING REPORT (AREOR)
- 6.1.1 In accordance with Oyster Creek Technical Specifications 6.9.1.e, a routine radiological environmental operating report covering the operation of the unit during the previous calendar year shall be submitted prior to May 1 of the following year.
- 6.1.2 The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Reports shall include:
- 6.1.2.1 Summaries, interpretations, and an analysis of trends of the results of the radiological environmental surveillance activities (Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program REMP) for the report period. This will include a comparison with preoperational studies, with operational controls (as appropriate), and with previous environmental surveillance reports, and an assessment of the observed impacts of the plant operation on the environment.
- 6.1.2.2 The reports shall also include the results of land use censuses required by CONTROL 3.12.2. If harmful effects or evidence of irreversible damage are detected by the monitoring, the report shall provide an analysis of the problem and a planned course of action to alleviate the problem.
- 6.1.2.3 The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Reports shall include summarized and tabulated results similar in format to that in Regulatory Guide 4.8, December 1975 of all the radiological environmental samples taken during the report period.
- 6.1.2.4 Deviations from the sampling program identified in CONTROL 3.12.1 shall be reported.
- 6.1.2.5 In the event that some individual results are not available for inclusion with the report, the report shall be submitted noting and explaining the reasons for the missing results. The missing data shall be submitted as soon as possible in a supplementary report.
- 6.1.2.6 The reports shall also include the following:
  - a. A summary description of the radiological environmental monitoring Program;
  - b. Map(s), covering sampling locations, keyed to a table giving distances and directions from the reactor;
  - c. The results of licensee participation in the Inter-laboratory Comparison Program, as required by CONTROL 3.12.3;
  - d. Identification of environmental samples analyzed when the analysis instrumentation was not capable of meeting the detection capabilities in Table 4.12.1-1.

## 6.2 ANNUAL ROUTINE RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT (ARERR)

- 6.2.1 Routine radioactive effluent release reports covering the operation of the unit shall be submitted prior to May 1 of each year and in accordance with the requirements of 10CFR50.36a and section IV.B.1 of 10CFR 50 Appendix I.
- 6.2.2 The Radioactive Effluent Release Report shall include:
- 6.2.2.1 A summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released from the unit as outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21. "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactivity in Solid Wastes and Releases of Radioactive Materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants," Revision 1, June 1974, with data summarized on a quarterly basis following the format of Appendix B thereof.
- 6.2.2.2 An annual summary of hourly meteorological data collected over the previous year. This annual summary may be in the form of joint frequency distributions of wind speed, wind direction, and atmospheric stability. Alternatively, summary meteorological data may be retained and made available to the NRC upon request.
- 6.2.2.3 An assessment of the radiation doses due to the radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents released from the unit or station during the previous calendar year. The historical annual average meteorology or the meteorological conditions concurrent with the time of release of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents (as determined by sampling frequency and measurement) shall be used for determining the gaseous pathway doses. The assessment of radiation doses shall be performed in accordance with this OFF SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM).
- 6.2.2.4 Identify those radiological environmental sample parameters and locations where it is not possible or practicable to continue to obtain samples of the media of choice at the most desired location or time. In addition, the cause of the unavailability of samples for the pathway and the new location(s) for obtaining replacement samples should be identified. The report should also include a revised figure(s) and table(s) for the ODCM reflecting the new location(s).
- 6.2.2.5 An assessment of radiation doses to the likely most exposed MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from reactor releases and other nearby uranium fuel cycle sources (including doses from primary effluent pathways and direct radiation) for the previous calendar year to show conformance with 40 CFR Part 190, Environmental Radiation Protection Standards for Nuclear Power Operation. The assessment of radiation doses shall be performed in accordance with this OFF SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM) Part II Sections 1.5, 2.4, 2.5 and 3.2.
- 6.2.2.6 The Radioactive Effluent Release Reports shall include the following information for each class of solid waste (as defined by 10 CFR Part 61) shipped Off Site during the report period (see Figure D-1-2):
  - a. Total volume shipped
    - b. Total curie quantity (specify whether determined by measurement or estimate),
    - c. Principal radionuclides (specify whether determined by measurement or estimate),

- d. Type of waste (e.g., dewatered spent resin, compacted dry waste, evaporator bottoms)
- 6.2.2.7 Unplanned releases from the site to UNRESTRICTED AREAS of radioactive materials in gaseous and liquid effluents on a quarterly basis.
- 6.2.2.8 Changes to the PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM (PCP)
- 6.2.2.9 Changes to the OFF SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM) in the form of a complete, legible copy of the ODCM.
- 6.3 **RESPONSIBILITIES**:
- 6.3.1 Chemistry / Radwaste Responsible for:
- 6.3.1.1 Implementing approval.
- 6.3.1.2 Compliance with specifications regarding routine dose assessment.
- 6.3.1.3 Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program
- 6.3.1.4 Technical consultation and review
- 6.3.2 Operations Responsible for compliance with specifications regarding operation of the OCGS.
- 6.3.3 Engineering Responsible for compliance with specifications regarding set point determination and implementation
- 6.3.4 Radiological Engineering Responsible for technical consultation and review.

## **PART II - CALCULATIONAL METHODOLOGIES**

### 1.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS

## 1.1 RADIATION MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROLS

The liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation and controls at Oyster Creek for controlling and monitoring normal radioactive material releases in accordance with the Oyster Creek Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications are summarized as follows:

<u>Reactor Building Service Water Effluent</u> - The Reactor Building Service Water Effluent Line Monitor provides an alarm function only for releases into the environment.

Liquid radioactive waste flow diagrams are presented in Figures D-1-1a, D-1-1b, and D-1-1c.

## 1.2 LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITOR SET POINT DETERMINATION

Per the requirements of CONTROL 3.3.3.10, alarm set points shall be established for the liquid monitoring instrumentation to ensure that the release concentration limits of CONTROL 3.11.1.1 are met (i.e., the concentration of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to UNRESTRICTED AREAS at the U.S. route 9 bridge over the discharge canal shall not exceed the concentrations specified in 10 CFR 20 Appendix B. Table 2, Column 2, for radionuclides and 2E-04  $\mu$ Ci/ml for dissolved or entrained noble gases).

## 1.2.1 LIQUID EFFLUENT MONITORS

The set points for the liquid effluent monitors at the Oyster Creek Generating Station are determined by the following equation:

$$S = \frac{A}{FLEC} g \frac{F2}{F1} + BKG$$

Where:

- S = radiation monitor alarm set point (cpm)
- A = activity concentration ( $\mu$ Ci/ml) of sample in laboratory: A =  $\Sigma$ C<sub>i</sub>
- g = the primary conversion factor for the instrument the ratio of effluent radiation monitor counting rate to laboratory activity concentration in a sample of liquid (cpm per μCi/mL).
- F1 = flow in the batch release line (e.g. gal/min). Value not greater than the discharge line flow alarm maximum set point.

- F<sub>2</sub> = flow in the discharge canal (e.g. gal/min). Value not less than the discharge canal minimum flow.
- BKG = Monitoring instrument background (cpm)
- FLEC = fraction or multiple of unrestricted area LEC in aqueous effluent based on sample analysis. FLEC is the ratio between the LECi and Ci. FLEC is unitless. For example: LEC for Co-60 is 3E-6 μCi/mL. If the concentration in a expected release is 6E-6 μCi/mL; then FLEC is 6E-6/3E-6 = 2.

The term  $\frac{A}{FLEC}$  represents the count rate of a solution having the same nuclide distribution as the sample and the LEC of that mixture.

- Ci = concentration of radionuclide i in effluent, i.e., in a liquid radwaste sample tank, in reactor building service water ( $\mu$ Ci/mL).
- LEC<sub>i</sub> = the unrestricted area liquid effluent concentration (LEC) of radionuclide i, i.e., 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 quantity for radionuclide i (μCi/mL).

In the event gross radioactivity analysis alone is used to determine the radioactivity in an effluent stream or batch, FLEC is C/1E-8 (see 4.11.1.1.1),

Where:

- C = the gross radioactivity concentration in effluent ( $\mu$ Ci/mL).
- 1E-8 = the unrestricted area LEC for unidentified radionuclides ( $\mu$ Ci/mL) from 4.11.1.1.1.

If the gross activity concentration, C, is below the lower limit of detection for gross activity, the value, 1E-8  $\mu$ Ci/mL, or the equivalent counting rate (cpm/mL) may be substituted for the factor  $\frac{A}{FLEC}$ 

 $\frac{A}{FLEC}$  = 1E-8 µCi/mL

## 1.2.2 SAMPLE RESULT SET POINTS

Usually, when the concentration of specific radionuclides is determinable in a sample(s), i.e., greater than the LLD, the alarm/trip set point of each liquid effluent radioactivity monitor is based upon the measurement of radioactive material in a batch of liquid to be released or in a continuous aqueous discharge.

## 1.2.3 ASSUMED DISTRIBUTION SET POINTS

Alternatively, a radionuclide distribution that represents the distribution expected to be in the effluent if the concentration were high enough to be detectable, i.e., greater than the LLD, may be assumed. The representative distribution may be based upon past measurements of the effluent stream or upon a computed distribution.

## 1.3 BATCH RELEASES

A sample of each batch of liquid radwaste is analyzed for I-131 and other principal gamma emitters or for gross beta or gross gamma activity before release. The result of the analysis is used to calculate the trip set point of the radioactivity monitor on the liquid radwaste effluent line to apply to release of the batch.

## 1.4 CONTINUOUS RELEASES

The Reactor Building Service Water Effluent is sampled and analyzed weekly for I-131, other principal gamma emitters. Results of analyses for the preceding week or for a period as long as the preceding 3 months are used to calculate the alarm/trip set point of the corresponding effluent radioactivity monitor in order to determine a representative value. In each case, whether batch or continuous, the monitor alarm/trip set point may be set at lower activity concentration than the calculated set point.

## 1.5 LIQUID EFFLUENT DOSE CALCULATION - 10 CFR 50

Doses resulting from the release of radioiodines and particulates must be calculated to show compliance with Appendix I of 10CFR50. Calculations will be performed at least monthly for all liquid effluents as stated in SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT 4.11.1.2 and SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT 4.11.1.3.1 to verify that the dose to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC is maintained below the limits specified in CONTROL 3.11.1.2

The maximum dose to an individual from radioiodines, tritium, and radioactive particulates with half-lives of greater than eight days in liquid effluents released to unrestricted areas is determined as described in Reg. Guide 1.109. Environmental pathways that radioiodine, tritium, and particulates in liquid effluent follow to the maximally exposed MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC are assumed to be: exposure to shoreline deposits, ingestion of fish, and ingestion of shellfish. To assess compliance with CONTROL 3.11.1.2, the dose due to radioactive iodine, tritium, and particulates in liquid effluent is calculated to a person at the Route 9 bridge who consumes fish and shellfish harvested at that location.

## 1.5.1 MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC DOSE - LIQUID EFFLUENTS

CONTROL 3.11.1.2 limits the dose or dose commitment to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC from radioactive materials in liquid effluents from Oyster Creek Generating Station to those listed in Table 1.5.1-1.

TABLE 1.5.1-1 LIQUID PATHWAY DOSE L
-------------------------------------

During Any Calendar Quarter	During Any Calendar Year
1.5 mrem to total body	<u> <ul> <li>3.0 mrem to total body             </li> </ul> </u>
$\leq$ 5.0 mrem to any organ	≤ 10.0 mrem to any organ

Per the SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS of 4.11.1.2, the following calculation methods shall be used for determining the dose or dose commitment due to the liquid radioactive effluents from Oyster Creek. Applicable liquid pathways to man for Oyster Creek include shoreline exposure, and ingestion of saltwater fish and shellfish. The receptor location is provided in Table A-4.

## 1.5.2 SHORELINE DEPOSIT DOSE

The shoreline exposure pathway dose is calculated generally in the form (based on Reg. Guide 1.109):

$$Rapj = 110000 \frac{UapWM}{F} \sum_{i} QiTiDaipj (1 - \exp(-\lambda iTb))$$

Where:

110000 = a constant that accounts for time and flow conversions

- Rapj = the annual dose to organ j (including the total body), through pathway p, to age group a
- Uap = the age dependent usage factor for the specific pathway. Usage factors for shoreline exposure are residence time on the shoreline (hours). Usage factors are provided in Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-5. Usage factors specifically selected for Oyster Creek are presented in Table B-1.
- W = the shore width factor. This adjusts the infinite plane gamma or beta dose factors for the finite size and shape of the shoreline. Different factors apply to different bodies of water. A factor of 0.1 is used for OC for 'discharge canal bank'.
- M = the recirculation factor. The recirculation factor is a multiplier of 3.76 to account for recirculation of discharge water back into the intake. Although this occurs infrequently, it is assumed to occur for each liquid release.

- F = the flow rate in the discharge canal in cubic feet per second
- Qi = the activity of the ith isotope in the release in curies
- Ti = the half life of the ith isotope in days
- Daipj = the age a, isotope i, pathway p, and organ j, specific dose conversion factor. Pathway, isotope, age, and organ specific dose factors are obtained from Regulatory Guide 1.109 Appendix E, Tables E-6 through E-14
- $\lambda i$  = the decay constant of the ith isotope in years
- Tb = the long term buildup time, assumed to be 30 years

Note:  $\lambda i$  and Tb can use any time units as long as they are both the same. No transit delay (Tp from Reg. Guide 1.109) is assumed.

1.5.3 SHORELINE DOSE EXAMPLE 1

The following provides an example of the liquid dose calculation:

Initial parameters:

Canal flow rate 1E6 gpm (typical of normal full power operation) Release: 10,000 gallons of water at 1E-3  $\mu$ Ci/ml Co-60

Problem: calculate shoreline whole body dose

Uap = 67 (teenager) hours W = 0.1 = 3.76Μ = 2228 [1E6 gpm \*3785 ml / gal / (60 sec/min \* 28316 ml/ft<sup>3</sup>) = 2228 CFS1 F = 0.03785 Ci [1E-3uCi/ml \* 10000gal \* 3785ml/gal / 1E6 uCi/Ci = 0.03785 Ci] Qi = 1920 [5.27 years\*365 days/yr = 1.92E3 days) Ti λi = 1.31E-1 [0.693 / (5.27 yrs)] = 30 years Tb = 1.7E-8 mrem/hr / pCi/m<sup>2</sup> Gamma dose factor Daipi

Calculate Rapj for a = Teen, j = total body, p = shoreline dose for one isotope

$$Rapj = 110000 \frac{67*0.1*3.76}{2228} \sum_{i} 0.03785*1920*1.7E - 8*(1 - \exp(-1.3E - 1*30))$$

Rapj = 1.51E - 3 mrem: teen: wholebody

## 1.5.3.1 SHORELINE DOSE EXAMPLE 2

The following provides an example of the liquid dose calculation for groundwater remediation discharge:

Initial parameters:

Canal flow rate 1E6gpm (typical of normal full power operation) Release: 50 gpm for 7 days at 1E-8  $\mu$ Ci/ml Co-60

Problem: Calculate shoreline whole body dose

Uap = 67 (teenager) hours W = 0.1 Μ = 3.76 = 2228 [1E6 gpm \*3785 ml / gal / (60 sec/min \* 28316 ml/ft<sup>3</sup>) = 2228 CFS] F = 1.91E-5 Ci [1E-08 µCi/ml\*50gpm\*7days\*24hr/day\*60 min/hr\*3785ml/gal/1E+6 µCi/Ci] Qi = 1920 [5.27 years\*365 days/yr = 1.92E+03 days) Ti = 1.31E-1 [0.693 / (5.27 yrs)] λi Tb = 30 years = 1.7E-8 mrem/hr / pCi/m<sup>2</sup> External Dose factor Daipi

Calculate Rapj for a = Teen, j = total body, p = shoreline dose for one isotope

$$Rapj = 110000 \frac{67*0.1*3.76}{2228} \sum_{i} 1.91E - 5*1920*1.7E - 8*(1 - \exp(-1.31E - 1*30))$$

Rapj = 7.60E - 7 mrem: teen: wholebody

1.5.4 INGESTION DOSE - LIQUID

Ingestion dose pathway calculations are similar to those for the shoreline dose, with minor changes in constants, removal of the shore width factor, and inclusion of the bioaccumulation factor:

$$Rapj = 1100 \quad \frac{UapM}{F} - \sum_{i} QiBipDaipj$$

Where:

Bip = the stable element bioaccumulation factor for pathway p for the ith isotope

No transit delay is assumed

Pathway, isotope, age, and organ specific dose factors are obtained from Regulatory Guide 1.109 Appendix E Tables E-7 through E-14. Bioaccumulation factors are

provided in Reg. Guide 1.109 Table A-1. Usage factors are provided in Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-5. Usage factors specifically selected for Oyster Creek are presented in Table B-1.

The radionuclides included in the periodic dose assessment per the requirements of CONTROL 3/4.11.1.2 are those as identified by gamma spectral analysis of the liquid waste samples collected and analyzed per the requirements of CONTROL 3/4.11.1.1, Table 4.11.1.1.1-1.

Radionuclides requiring radiochemical analysis (e.g., Sr-89 and Sr-90) will be added to the dose analysis at a frequency consistent with the required minimum analysis frequency of Table 4.11.1.1.1.1.

## 1.5.5 INGESTION DOSE CALCULATION EXAMPLE 1

The following provides an example of the liquid dose calculation:

Initial parameters:

Canal flow rate 1E6 gpm (typical of normal full power operation) Release: 10000 gallons of water at 1E-3 µCi/mL Co-60

Problem: calculate teen whole body dose from saltwater fish ingestion

$$Rapj = 1100 \quad \frac{UapM}{F} \sum_{i} QiBipDaipj$$

Uap = 16 (teenager) Kg M = 3.76 F = 2228 [1E6 gpm \*3785 ml / gal / (60 sec/min \* 28316 ml/ft<sup>3</sup>) = 2228 CFS] Qi = 0.03785 Ci [1E-3uCi/mL \* 10000gal \* 3785mL/gal / 1E6 uCi/Ci = 0.03785 Ci] Bip = 100 Daipj = 6.33E-6 mrem / pCi

Calculate Rapj for a = Teen, j = total body, p = fish ingestion dose for one isotope

$$Rapj = 1100 \ \frac{16 * 3.76}{2228} \sum_{i} 0.03785 \ *100 \ * 6.33 E - 6$$

Rapj = 7.12 E - 4 mrem : teen : wholebody

## 1.5.5.1 INGESTION DOSE CALCULATION EXAMPLE 2

The following provides an example of the liquid dose calculation for ground water remediation discharge:

Initial parameters:

Canal flow rate 1E6 gpm (typical of normal full power operation) Release: 50 gpm for 7 days at 700,000 pCi/l H-3

Problem: calculate teen whole body dose from saltwater fish ingestion

$$Rapj = 1100 \quad \frac{UapM}{F} \sum_{i} Q_{i}BipDaipj$$

Uap = 16 (teenager) Kg M = 3.76 F = 2228 [1E6 gpm \*3785 ml / gal / (60 sec/min \* 28316 ml/ft<sup>3</sup>) = 2228 CFS] Qi = 1.34 Ci [7E+5 pCi/l\*50gpm\*7days\*24hr/day\*60 min/hr\*3.785 l/gal/ 1E+12 pCi/Ci] Bip = 0.90 (Regulatory Guide 1.109, Table A-1) Daipj = 1.06E-07 mrem / pCi

Calculate Rapj for a = Teen, j = total body, p = fish ingestion dose for one isotope

$$Rapj = 1100 \ \frac{16 * 3.76}{2228} \sum_{i} 1.34 * 0.9 * 1.06 E - 7$$

Rapj = 3.80 E - 6 mrem : teen : wholebody

1.5.6 PROJECTED DOSE – LIQUID

The projected doses in a 31 day period are equal to the calculated doses from the current 31 day period.

### 1.6 REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES

A sample should be representative of the bulk stream or volume of effluent from which it is taken. Prior to sampling, large volumes of liquid waste should be mixed in as short a time interval as practicable to assure that any sediments or particulate solids are distributed uniformly in the waste mixture. Recirculation pumps for liquid waste tanks (collection or sample test tanks) should be capable of recirculating at a rate of not less than two tank volumes in eight hours. Minimum recirculation times and methods of recirculation are controlled by specific plant procedures.

## 2.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

## 2.1 RADIATION MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROLS

The gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation and controls at Oyster Creek for controlling and monitoring normal radioactive material releases in accordance with the Radiological Effluent CONTROLS are summarized as follows:

### (1) <u>Main Stack</u>

The main stack receives normal ventilation flow from the reactor building, new radwaste, old radwaste, process discharge flow from the augmented off gas system (AOG), condenser off gas flow if AOG is not in service, and normal ventilation flow from portions of the turbine building, predominantly the condenser bay area. Reactor building and turbine building flow is not normally processed or filtered. Reactor Building flow may be manually or automatically directed through the Standby Gas Treatment System (SBGTS) which has particulate and charcoal filtration. Off gas flow is processed through AOG or through a 30-minute delay pipe prior to release. Flow from the 'new' and 'old' radwaste buildings is HEPA filtered. Releases through the main stack are monitored for noble gases using the RAGEMS I system and sampled for iodine, particulates and tritium. The plant stack is considered to be a true elevated release point.

## (2) <u>Turbine Building Vent</u>

The Turbine building vent is monitored for noble gases by the RAGEMS II system and sampled for iodine, particulates and tritium. It discharges on the west side of the turbine building approximately at roof height and is considered to be a ground level release. It ventilates the turbine floor and other areas of the turbine building. Flow through this release point is not filtered.

## (3) Feed Pump Room Vent

The feed pump room vent is monitored by RAGEMS II. It discharges on the east side of the turbine building below roof height and is considered to be a ground level release. It ventilates the reactor feed pump room. Flow through this release point is not filtered.

### (4) <u>Augmented Off Gas Building Vent</u>

Off gas Building HVAC is released through a ground level release from the building. Off Gas process flow is not released through the building ventilation, but is routed to the stack plant. A ventilation monitoring system monitors for noble gas and samples for particulate and iodine.

## (5) <u>Isolation Condensers</u>

The isolation condensers are a ground level release. The predominant isotope through this potential release point is tritium as a consequence of the forced evaporation of condensate transfer water when the isolation condensers are initiated. Releases are neither monitored nor is the release process flow sampled. Releases of tritium are evaluated based on liquid samples of the input and the volume used.

Gaseous radioactive waste flow diagrams with the applicable, associated radiation monitoring instrumentation controls are presented in Figures D-2-1 and D-2-2.

## 2.2 GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITOR SET POINT DETERMINATION

## 2.2.1 PLANT VENT

Per the requirements of CONTROL 3.3.3.11, alarm set points shall be established for the gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation to ensure that the release rate of noble gases does not exceed the limits of CONTROL 3.11.2.1, which corresponds to a dose rate at the SITE BOUNDARY of 500 mrem/year to the total body or 3000 mrem/year to the skin. Based on a grab sample analysis of the applicable release (i.e., of the Stack, Off gas process flow, etc.), the radiation monitoring alarm set points may be established by the following calculation methods. A set point of a monitor of an elevated release, e.g., from the stack, may be calculated using the equation:

$$S = 1.06 \left(\frac{h}{f}\right) \frac{\sum Ci}{\sum (CiDFSi)} + Bkg$$

#### Where:

- S = the alarm set point (cpm)
- h = primary conversion factor of the instrument monitor response to activity concentration of effluent being monitored, cpm/(μCi/cm<sup>3</sup>). Each monitoring channel has a unique response, h, which is determined by the instrument calibration.
- Ci = relative concentration of noble gas radionuclide i in effluent at the point of monitoring ( $\mu$ Ci/cm<sup>3</sup>)
- 1.06 = 500 mrem/year /472 (conversion of cfm to cc/sec)
- DFSi = factor converting elevated release rate of radionuclide i to total body dose equivalent rate at the location of potential exposure. Units are: mrem/(yr(μCi/sec)). From Table A-1.
- f = flow of gaseous effluent stream being monitored, i.e., stack flow, vent flow, etc. (ft<sup>3</sup>/min)

## BKG = Monitoring instrument background (cpm or mR/hr)

## 2.2.2 OTHER RELEASE POINTS

The set point of a monitor of a ground-level or vent release, e.g., from the turbine building vent or the AOG building, may be calculated with the equation:

$$S = 1.06 \left(\frac{h}{f \frac{X}{Q}}\right) \frac{\sum Ci}{\sum (CiDFVi)} + Bkg$$

Where:

- DFVi = factor converting ground-level or vent release of radionuclide i to the total body dose equivalent rate at the location of potential exposure. Units are: mrem-m<sup>3</sup>/μCi-year From Table A-1.
- X/Q = atmospheric dispersion from point of ground-level or vent release to the location of potential exposure (sec/m<sup>3</sup>) from Table 2.2.2-1.

The atmospheric dispersion, X/Q, and the dose conversion factor, DFSi, depend upon local conditions. For the purpose of calculating radioactive noble gas effluent monitor alarm set points appropriate for the OCGS, the locations of maximum potential Off Site exposure and the reference atmospheric dispersion factors applicable to the derivation of set points are given in Table 2.2.2-1.

Symbols for this equation were defined in Section 2.2.1.

## TABLE 2.2.2-1 RECEPTOR LOCATIONS AND DISPERSION FOR GASEOUS MONITOR SET

			FUINTS		
	Discharge Point	Receptor	r Location	Atm. Dispersion	
		Sector	Distance(m)	(sec/m <sup>3</sup> )	
	Ground-level or vent	ENE	338	4.59 E-5	
1	Stack	SW	229	N/A	

## 2.2.3 RADIONUCLIDE MIX FOR SET POINTS

For the purpose of deriving a set point, the distribution of radioactive noble gases in an effluent stream may be determined in one of the following ways:

- 2.2.3.1 Preferably, the radionuclide distribution is obtained by gamma isotopic analysis of identifiable noble gases in effluent gas samples. Results of the analyses of one or more samples may be averaged to obtain a representative spectrum.
- 2.2.3.2 In the event a representative distribution is unobtainable from recent measurements by the radioactive gaseous waste sampling and analysis program, it may be based upon past measurements.
- 2.2.3.3 Alternatively, the total activity concentration of radioactive noble gases may be assumed to be Xenon-133 as found in Reg Guide 1.97.
- 2.3 GASEOUS EFFLUENT INSTANTANEOUS DOSE RATE CALCULATIONS 10 CFR 20
- 2.3.1 SITE BOUNDARY DOSE RATE NOBLE GASES

CONTROL 3.11.2.Ia limits the dose rate at the SITE BOUNDARY due to noble gas releases to  $\leq$  500 mrem/yr, total body and  $\leq$  3000 mrem/yr, skin. Radiation monitor alarm set points are established to ensure that these release limits are not exceeded. In the event any gaseous releases from the station results in an alarm set point (as determined in Section 2.2) being exceeded, an evaluation of the SITE BOUNDARY dose rate resulting from the release shall be performed.

2.3.1.1 TOTAL BODY DOSE RATE

The total body dose equivalent rate from radioactive noble gases discharged from an elevated point (stack above building wake) is calculated with the equation:

$$DG = \sum_{i} QiP\gamma Si$$

From a ground-level release (building vent) the total body dose equivalent rate is:

$$DG = \frac{X}{Qv} \sum_{i} QiP\gamma Vi$$

Where:

- DG = total body dose equivalent rate due to irradiation by radioactive noble gas (mrem/hr)
- Qi = average discharge rate of noble gas radionuclide i released during the averaging time ( $\mu$ Ci/hr)
- PγVi = factor converting time integrated ground-level concentration of noble gas nuclide i to total body dose  $\frac{\text{mrem} \text{m}^3}{\mu \text{Ci} \sec}$ . See Table A-2.
- $\frac{X}{Qv}$  = atmospheric dispersion factor from the OCGS to the Off Site location of interest (sec/m<sup>3</sup>) from Table 2.3.1.3-1

PγSi = factor converting unit noble gas nuclide i stack release to total body dose at ground level received outdoors from the overhead plume (mrem/ $\mu$ Ci). See Table A-2

The noble gas plume gamma-to-total body dose factors, PγSi at designated locations are derived from meteorological dispersion data with the USNRC RABFIN software computer code or similar computer program implementing Reg Guide 1.109, Appendix B. The noble gas semi-infinite cloud gamma-to-total body dose factors, PγVi, are derived from Reg Guide 1.109, Revision 1, Table B-1, Column 5.

## 2.3.1.2 EXAMPLE TOTAL BODY DOSE RATE

Calculate the dose from a release of 100 Ci of Xe133 in 1 hour from a ground level release

$$DG = \frac{X}{Qv} \sum_{i} QiP \ \gamma Vi$$

X/Qv = 4.59E-5 sec/m3 (Table 2.3.1.3-1) Qi = 1E8 μCi/hr [100Ci\*1E6 μCi/Ci]  $P_{\gamma}$ Vi = 9.33E-6 mrem-m<sup>3</sup> / μCi-sec

$$DG = 4.59 E - 5\sum_{i} 1E8 * 9.33 E - 6$$
$$DG = 0.043 mrem / hr$$

## 2.3.1.3 SKIN DOSE RATE

The dose equivalent rate to skin from radioactive noble gases is calculated by assuming a person at ground level is immersed in and irradiated by a semi-infinite cloud of the noble gases originating in airborne effluent. It is calculated for each air effluent discharge point with the equation:

$$DB = \frac{X}{Q} \sum_{i} Qi \left( SB \, i + 1.11 \, A \, \gamma V i \right)$$

where:

DB = dose rate to skin from radioactive noble gases (mrem/hr)

 $\frac{\mathbf{X}}{\mathbf{O}}$ 

= Atmospheric dispersions from gaseous effluent discharge point to ground-level

location of interest (sec/m<sup>3</sup>) from Table 2.3.1.3-1.

 $Q_i$  = discharge rate of noble gas radionuclide i ( $\mu$ Ci/hr)

## CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 86 of 140

- SBi = factor converting time integrated ground-level concentration of noble gas radionuclide i to skin dose from beta radiation  $\frac{mrem - m^3}{\mu Ci * sec}$  from Table A-2.
- AγVi = factor for converting time integrated, semi-infinite concentration of noble gas radionuclide i to air dose from its gamma  $\frac{mrad - m^3}{uCi * sec}$  from Table A-2.

The noble gas beta radiation-to-skin-dose factors, SB<sub>i</sub> and the noble gas gamma-to-air dose factors,  $A\gamma V_i$ , are derived from Reg Guide 1.109, Revision 1, Table B-1, columns 3 and 4 respectively. A tabulation of these factors used to compute noble gas-to-dose equivalent rate at 338 meters ENE for ground-level or vent and 544 meters SE for stack from the OCGS is in Table A-2.

The dose equivalent rate is calculated with the meteorological dispersion data given in Table 2.3.1.3-1.

		RAT	<u>ES</u>	
Discharge Point	Recepto	or Location Distance (m)	Atm. Dispersion (sec/m <sup>3</sup> )	
Ground Level or Vent	ENE	338	4.59 E-5	
Stack	SE	544	1.05 E-8	

TABLE 2.3.1.3-1 RECEPTOR LOCATIONS AND DISPERSION FOR SITE BOUNDARY DOSE

Alternatively, an approved computer code (e.g., "SEEDS" or "Open EMS") that implements the requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.109 may be used.

Actual meteorological conditions concurrent with the release period or the default, annual average dispersion parameters as presented above may be used for evaluating the gaseous effluent dose rate.

## 2.3.1.4 EXAMPLE SKIN DOSE RATE

Calculate the skin dose from a release of 100 Ci of Xe133 in 1 hour from a ground level release:

$$DB = \frac{X}{Q} \sum_{i} Qi (SBi + 1.11 A \gamma Vi)$$

- X/Q = 4.59 E-5 sec/m3
- Qi =  $1E8 \mu Ci/hr$
- SBi = 9.71E-6 mrem/ $\mu$ Ci/ m3/sec
- A $\gamma$ Vi = 1.12E-5 mrad/yr per  $\mu$ Ci/m<sup>3</sup>

$$DB = 4.59E - 5\sum_{i} 1E8(9.71E - 6 + 1.11*1.12E - 5)$$
$$DB = 0.102mrad / hr$$

## 2.3.2 SITE BOUNDARY DOSE RATE - RADIOIODINE AND PARTICULATES

2.3.2.1 METHOD - SITE BOUNDARY DOSE RATE - RADIOIODINE AND PARTICULATES

The dose rate Off Site due to the airborne release of I-131, I-133, tritium, and particulates with half-lives greater than 8 days is limited to no more than 1500 mrem/yr to any organ in CONTROL 3.11.2.1b. Evaluation of compliance with CONTROL 3.11.2.1b is based on the sampling and analyses specified in TABLE 4.11.2.1.2-1. Since the dose rate cannot be resolved within less than the sample integration or compositing time, the contribution of each radionuclide to the calculated dose rate will be averaged no more than 3 months for H-3, Sr-89, Sr-90, and alpha-emitting radionuclides and no more than 31 days for other radionuclides. These are their usual sample integration or compositing times. The equation used to assess compliance of radioiodine, tritium, and radioactive particulate releases with the dose rate limit is:

$$DRp = 1E6\sum_{e} \sum_{i}^{n} RaDFAijaQe \ i\frac{\overline{X}}{Qe}$$

Where:

Х

0e

1E6 = conversion pCi/ $\mu$ Ci

 $DR_n$  = the average dose rate to an organ via exposure pathway, p (mrem/yr).

- DFAija = inhalation dose factors due to intake of radionuclide i, to organ j age group a (mrem/pCi) from Reg. Guide 1.109 Appendix E.
- Ra = age group dependent inhalation respiratory rate (usage factor)  $m^3/yr$  from Table B-1
  - = annual average relative airborne concentration at an Off Site location due to a

release from either the Stack or a vent, i.e. release point, e (sec/m<sup>3</sup>) from Table 2.3.2.1-1.

 $Q_{ei}$  = release rate of radionuclide i from release point, e during the period of interest ( $\mu$ Ci/sec).

For real-time meteorology and on an annual average basis, the location of the maximum ground-level concentration originating from a vent release will differ from the maximum ground-level concentration from a stack release. When assessing

compliance with CONTROL 3.11.2.1b for tritium, iodine, and particulate, the air dispersion (X/Q) values are provided in Table 2.3.2.1-1.

	Discharge Point	Recepto	r Location	Atm. Dispersion
-		Sector	Distance (m)	<u>(sec/m3)</u>
(	Ground Level			
(	or Vent	ENE	338	4.59 E-5
:	Stack	SE	937	1.25 E-8
Alternatively, ir	nhalation exposure to e	effluent fro	m the stack r	nay be evaluated at the closest
Stack		SE	805	1.29 E-8

Alternatively, an approved computer code (e.g., "SEEDS" or "Open EMS") that implements the methods of Regulatory Guide 1.109, may be used.

## 2.3.2.2 EXAMPLE IODINE AND PARTICULATES DOSE RATE CALCULATION

Calculate the child thyroid dose rate from a release of 100  $\mu$ Ci/hr of I131 from a ground level release:

$$DRp = 1E6\sum_{e}\sum_{i}^{n} RaDFAijaQei\frac{\overline{X}}{Qe}$$

Ra = 3700 m<sup>3</sup>/yr DFAija = 4.39E-3 mrem/pCi Qei = 0.028  $\mu$ Ci/sec [100 $\mu$ Ci/hr /3600 sec/hr = 0.02778] X/Qe = 4.59 E-5 sec/m<sup>3</sup>  $DRp = 1E6\sum_{i}^{n} 3700 * 4.39E - 3 * 0.028 * 4.59E - 5$ 

$$DRp = 20.9mrem / yr$$

## 2.4 NOBLE GAS EFFLUENT DOSE CALCULATIONS - 10 CFR 50

Doses resulting from the release of noble gases must be calculated to show compliance with Appendix I of 10CFR50. Calculations will be performed at least monthly for all gaseous effluents as stated in SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT 4.11.2.2 to verify that the dose to air is kept below the limits specified in CONTROL 3.11.2.2 and the dose to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC is maintained below the limits specified in CONTROL 3.11.2.3.

## 2.4.1 UNRESTRICTED AREA DOSE - NOBLE GASES

CONTROL 3.11.2.2 requires a periodic assessment of releases of noble gases to evaluate compliance with the quarterly air dose limits shown in Table 2.4.1-1.

FABLE 2.4.1-1 ANNUAL	AIR DOSE LI	MITS
----------------------	-------------	------

Dur	ring any calendar quarter	During any calendar year	
$\leq$	5 mrad gamma-air	≤ 10 mrad gamma-air	
$\leq$	10 mrad beta-air	≤ 20 mrad beta-air	

The method used to calculate the air dose at the critical location due to noble gas is described by the following equations. The limits are provided in CONTROL 3.11.2.2 for air dose Off Site due to gamma and beta radiations from effluent noble gas.

## 2.4.1.1 AIR DOSE METHOD

For Gamma Radiation:

Dose 
$$\gamma = \sum_{i=1}^{n} A \gamma V i \frac{\overline{X}}{Q} v Q v i + A \gamma S i Q s i$$

For Beta Radiation

$$Dose\beta = \sum_{e} \sum_{i=1}^{n} A\beta i \frac{\overline{X}}{Q} eQei$$

Where:

Dose y	=the gamma	dose during	any specified	time period (	mrad).
	<b>U</b> .		<b>J</b>		

Dose  $\beta$  = the beta dose during any specified time period (mrad).

- $A\gamma V_i$  = the air dose factor due to ground level gamma emissions for each identified noble gas radionuclide, i; (mrad/yr per  $\mu$ Ci/m<sup>3</sup>). Table A-2
- $A\gamma S_i$  = the factor for air dose at ground level due to irradiation for an airborne plume resulting from a Stack release (mrad per  $\mu$ Ci), Table A-3.
- Aβi
- = the air dose factor due to beta emissions for each identified noble gas radionuclide, i (mrad/yr per μCi/m<sup>3</sup>). Table A-3

 $\frac{X}{O}e$ 

= the annual average relative concentration for areas at or beyond the site boundary for

releases from either the Stack or ground vent at the critical location (sec/m<sup>3</sup>), Table 2.4.1.1-1

Qvi = amount of radionuclide i released from vents ( $\mu$ Ci).

Qsi = amount of radionuclide i released from the Stack ( $\mu$ Ci).

Qei = amount of radionuclide i released from release point  $e(\mu Ci)$ .

Noble gases may be released from the ground level vents and stack. The quantity of noble gas radionuclides released will be determined from the continuous noble gas monitors and periodic isotopic analyses. The maximum Off Site gamma radiation dose rate to air from noble gases discharged from either the stack or from building vents occurs at 805 meters SE of the OCGS for the stack and 338 meters ENE of the OCGS for building vents. Values of A<sub>Y</sub>Si depend upon the meteorological conditions and the location of exposure and are calculated using the NRC RABFIN code or similar one in accordance with Reg. Guide 1.109, Appendix B, Section 1. A<sub>Y</sub>Vi and ABi are derived from Reg. Guide 1.109, Table B-1 for a semi-infinite cloud, independent of meteorology or location. Values of A<sub>Y</sub>Si, A<sub>Y</sub>Vi and ABi used to calculate the noble gas radiation dose to air at 805 meters SE of the OCGS for the stack and 338 meters ENE of the OCGS for building vents are in Table A-3. Reference atmospheric dispersion from the OCGS to 805 meters SE for the stack and 338 meters ENE of the OCGS to 805 meters SE for the stack and 338 meters ENE is given in Table 2.4.1.1-1.

TABLE 2.4.1.1-1 RECEPTOR LOCATIONS AND DISPERSION FOR AIR DOSE

Discharge Point	Receptor Location		Atm. Dispersion
	Sector	Distance (m)	(sec/m3)
Ground Level or Vent	ENE	338	4.59 E-5
Stack	SE	805	1.29 E-8

Alternatively, an approved computer code (e.g., "SEEDS" or "Open EMS") that implements the requirements of Reg. Guide 1.109 may be used.

## 2.4.1.2 EXAMPLE NOBLE GAS AIR DOSE CALCULATION

Calculate the gamma air dose from a release of 1 Ci per hour of Xe133 for 10 hours from a ground level release and 100Ci per hour for 10 hours from an elevated release:

$$Dose\gamma = \sum_{i=1}^{n} A\gamma V i \frac{\overline{X}}{Q} v Q v i + A\gamma S i Q s i$$

A<sub>Y</sub>Vi = 1.12E-5 mrad –  $m^3 /\mu$ Ci – sec

X/Q = 4.59 E-5 sec/m<sup>3</sup>

Qvi = 1E7  $\mu$ Ci [1Ci/hr\*10hrs\*1E6  $\mu$ Ci/Ci]

AySi = 1.03E-12 mrad /  $\mu$ Ci

Qsi =  $1E9 \mu Ci$  [100Ci/hr\*10hrs\*1E6  $\mu Ci/Ci$ ]

$$Dosey = \sum_{i=1}^{n} 1.12E - 5*4.59E - 5*1E7 + 1.03E - 12*1E9$$
$$Dosey = \sum_{i=1}^{n} 5.14E - 3 + 1.03E - 3$$

 $Dose\gamma = 6.17E - 3mrad$ 

Note how the ground level portion has a higher dose contribution per unit activity than the elevated portion.

## 2.4.1.3 INDIVIDUAL PLUME DOSE METHOD

The method for dose to an individual from noble gases is essentially identical with the air dose method except that different dose factors apply. Also, since dose to the skin combines the contribution from gamma and beta emissions, the gamma dose must be added to the beta dose to obtain a total skin dose.

For Total Body:

$$Dose(t) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P\gamma V i \frac{\overline{X}}{Q} v Q v i + P\gamma . Si Q s i$$

For Skin

$$Dose(s) = \sum_{e} \sum_{i=1}^{n} S\beta i \frac{\overline{X}}{Q} eQei + Dose(t)$$

Where:

- Dose(t) =the total body dose during any specified time period (mrem).
- Dose(s) = the skin dose during any specified time period (mrem).

PγVi

PγS<sub>i</sub>

- = the plume dose factor due to ground level gamma emissions for each identified noble gas radionuclide, i; (mrad/yr per μCi/m<sup>3</sup>). Table A-5

= the factor for plume dose at ground level due to irradiation for an airborne plume resulting from a Stack release (mrad per  $\mu$ Ci), Table A-5.

 $S\beta_i$  = the skin dose factor due to beta emissions for each identified noble gas radionuclide, i (mrad/yr per  $\mu$ Ci/m<sup>3</sup>) from Table A-5.

## CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 92 of 140

 $\frac{\overline{X}}{Q^e}$   $\frac{\overline{X}}{Q^v}$  = the annual average relative concentration for areas at or beyond the site boundary for

releases from either the Stack or ground vent at the critical location (sec/m<sup>3</sup>) from Table 2.5.1.

Qvi = amount of radionuclide i released from vents ( $\mu$ Ci).

 $Q_{si}$  = amount of radionuclide i released from the Stack (µCi).

 $Q_{ei}$  = amount of radionuclide i released from release point e (µCi).

## 2.5 RADIOIODINE, PARTICULATE AND OTHER RADIONUCLIDES DOSE CALCULATIONS - 10 CFR 50

Doses resulting from the release of radioiodines and particulates must be calculated to show compliance with Appendix I of 10CFR50. Calculations will be performed at least monthly for all gaseous effluents as stated in SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT 4.11.2.2 and SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT 4.11.2.3 to verify that the dose to air is kept below the limits specified in CONTROL 3.11.2.2 and the dose to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC is maintained below the limits specified in CONTROL 3.11.2.3.

The maximum dose to an individual from radioiodines, tritium, and radioactive particulates with half-lives of greater than eight days in gaseous effluents released to unrestricted areas is determined as described in Reg. Guide 1.109. Environmental pathways that radioiodine, tritium, and particulates in airborne effluent follow to the maximally exposed MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC as determined by the annual land use survey and reference meteorology will be evaluated. The seasonality of exposure pathways may be considered. For instance, if the most exposed receptor has a garden, fresh and stored vegetables are assumed to be harvested and eaten during April through October. Fresh vegetables need not be considered as an exposure pathway during November through March. To assess compliance with CONTROL 3.11.2.3, the dose due to radioactive iodine, tritium, and particulates in airborne effluent is calculated to a person residing 972 meters ESE of the OCGS for ground-level or vent and 937 meters SE of the OCGS for stack. Reference atmospheric dispersion and deposition factors are given in Table 2.5-1.

Discharge Point	Dispersion X/Q (sec/m <sup>3</sup> )	Deposition D/Q(1/m <sup>2</sup> )	
Ground Level or Vent	5.13 E-6	1.68 E-8	
Stack	1.25 E-8	2.39 E-9	

TABLE 2.5-1 DISPERSION FOR 10CFR50 DOSES

The environmental pathways of exposure to be evaluated are: inhalation, irradiation from ground deposition, and ingestion of milk (cow and goat are treated separately), meat, and vegetables. Eight organs are considered: Bone, Liver, Total Body, Thyroid, Kidney, Lung, GI-LLI (Gastro-Intestinal tract / Lower Large Intestine), and Skin. Four different age groups are considered: Infants, Children, Teens, and Adults. Doses are calculated to a 'receptor' – a person who inhales the airborne activity and resides in a location with ground deposition, and eats and drinks the foodstuffs produced. The maximally exposed individual is conservatively assumed to reside at the location of the highest sum of the inhalation and ground plane doses, while eating and drinking foodstuffs transported from the locations that are highest for those pathways. Receptor locations are provided in Table A-4.

Alternatively, an approved computer code (e.g., "SEEDS" or "Open EMS") that implements the requirements of Reg Guide 1.109 may be used.

# 2.5.1 INHALATION OF RADIOIODINES, TRITIUM, PARTICULATES, AND OTHER RADIONUCLIDES.

Dose from the inhalation pathway is generally in the form:

$$Dja = RaT \sum_{i} \frac{X}{Q} QiDFAijaExp(-\lambda iTr)$$

Where:

Dja	= the dose to the organ j (of eight) of age group a (of four)
Ra	= the respiration rate for age group a from Table B-1
т	= the duration of the release in fraction of a year
$\frac{X}{Q}$	= The atmospheric dispersion to the point of interest (the 'receptor') in sec/m <sup>3</sup> from Table 2.5-1
Qi	= The release rate of radionuclide i (pCi/sec)
DFAija	= The inhalation dose conversion factor (mrem per pCi) for radionuclide i to organ j of age group a from Reg. Guide 1.109 Appendix E.
λi	= decay constant of isotope i: 0.693/ Half life in years
Tr	= plume transit time from release to receptor in years

 $\lambda$ i and Tr may be in any time units as long as they are the same

.

Note that a 'depleted X/Q' (dX/Q) is applicable to particulates only, which accounts for the natural settling and lack of surface reflection of particulates to estimate the downwind concentration accounting for these removal processes. Depleted X/Q will be slightly smaller than the X/Q. This is not used in the ODCM for simplicity. Using the X/Q is therefore slightly conservative compared to the dX/Q.

## 2.5.2 EXAMPLE CALCULATION - INHALATION OF RADIOIODINES, TRITIUM, PARTICULATES, AND OTHER RADIONUCLIDES

Calculate the dose to child lung from inhalation from a ground level release of 100  $\mu$ Ci of Co-60 in 10 hours. Plume transit decay time is ignored (exp(- $\lambda$ iTr)=1).

$$Dja = RaT \sum_{i} \frac{X}{Q} QiDFAija$$

Dja = the dose to the organ j (of eight) of age group a (of four) Ra =  $3700 \text{ m}^3/\text{yr}$ T = 0.00114 yrs [10 hrs / 8760 hrs / yr]  $\frac{X}{Q}$  =  $5.13 \text{ E-6 sec/m}^3$ Qi =  $2.78\text{E3 pCi/sec} [100 \ \mu\text{Ci} * 1\text{E6 pCi/}\mu\text{Ci} / (10 \text{ hrs}*3600 \text{ sec} / \text{hr})]$ DFAija = 1.91E-3 mrem / pCi

 $D_{ja} = 3700 * 0.00114 * 5.13E - 6 * 2.78E3 * 1.91E - 3$ 

## 2.5.3 INGESTION OF RADIOIODINES, PARTICULATES AND OTHER RADIONUCLIDES

Dose from the ingestion pathways is more complex and is broken out here into multiple steps:

# 2.5.3.1 CONCENTRATION OF THE RADIONUCLIDE IN ANIMAL FORAGE AND VEGETATION – OTHER THAN TRITIUM

The concentration of a radionuclide in a foodstuff (other than tritium – see section 2.5.3.3 for tritium) is dependent on the atmospheric deposition, the biological uptake into the food, various decay times (plume travel, harvest to table, etc.) and is generally of the form:

Where:

- Civ = the concentration (pCi/kg) of radionuclide i in vegetation
- Qi = the release rate of isotope i in pCi/hr
- $\frac{D}{O}$  = The atmospheric deposition to the point of interest (the 'receptor') in 1/m<sup>2</sup> from

Table 2.5-1.

Dja = 1.15E - 4mrem

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 96 of 140

$$Civ = \frac{D}{Q}Qi\left\{\frac{r(1 - EXP(-\lambda EiTe))}{Yv\lambda Ei} + \frac{Biv(1 - EXP(-\lambda iTb))}{P\lambda i}\right\}EXP(-\lambda iTh)EXP(-\lambda iTr)$$

 = the retention coefficient for deposition onto vegetation surfaces (1.0 for iodines, 0.2 for particulates)

$$\lambda i$$
 = the decay constant of radionuclide i; 0.693/half life in hours

r

- $\lambda Ei$  = the effective removal constant which is the sum of  $\lambda i + \lambda w$  where  $\lambda w$  is the weathering constant, 0.0021/hr
- Te = duration of crop exposure during the growing season in hours. This is not the entire duration of the growing season, and is different for leafy vegetable and fruit/grain/vegetables. Provided in Table E-15 of Reg. Guide 1.109 or Table B-1.

Yv = agricultural yield Kg of vegetation per 
$$m^2$$
, typically 0.7 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

Biv = soil uptake concentration factor for transfer of the radionuclide i from the soil to the vegetation through normal root uptake processes in pCi/kg in vegetation per pCi/Kg in soil. Values are provided in Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-1.

Tb = the length of time the soil is exposed to contaminated inputs – nominally 30 years (2.63E5 hr)

- Th = holdup time, the time the foodstuff is in transit between harvest and consumption in hours
- Tr = plume transit time from release to receptor in hours
- 2.5.3.2 EXAMPLE CALCULATION OF CONCENTRATION OF THE RADIONUCLIDE IN ANIMAL FORAGE AND VEGETATION OTHER THAN TRITIUM.

Calculate the forage and vegetation concentration from a ground level release of 100  $\mu$ Ci of Co-60 in 10 hours (plume transit time is ignored Tr=0, EXP(- $\lambda$ iTr)=1):

$$Civ = \frac{D}{Q}Qi\left\{\frac{r(1 - EXP(-\lambda EiTe))}{Yv\lambda Ei} + \frac{Biv(1 - EXP(-\lambda iTb))}{P\lambda i}\right\}EXP(-\lambda iTh)EXP(-\lambda iTr)$$

Yv	= 0.7 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Biv	= 9.4E-3
Tb	=2.63E5 hr
Р	=240 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
Th	= 24.1 hours

$$Civ = 1.67E - 8*1E7 \begin{cases} \frac{0.2*(1 - EXP(-2.12E - 3*720))}{0.7*2.12E - 3} + \\ \frac{9.4E - 3*(1 - EXP(-1.5E - 5*2.63E5))}{240*1.5E - 5} \end{cases} EXP(-1.5E - 5*0)$$

$$Civ = 1.67 E - 8 * 1E7 \begin{cases} \frac{0.2 * (1 - EXP (-1.53))}{1.48 E - 3} + \\ \frac{9.4E - 3 * (1 - EXP (-3.95))}{3.6E - 3} \end{cases} EXP (-0)$$

$$Civ = 1.67 \ E - 1 \left\{ \frac{105 \ .9 +}{2.56} \right\} * 1$$

 $Civ = 18.0 \, pCi \, / Kg$ 

## 2.5.3.3 CONCENTRATION OF TRITIUM IN ANIMAL FORAGE AND VEGETATION

Since tritium is assumed to be released as tritiated water (HTO), the concentration of tritium in a foodstuff is dependent on atmospheric dispersion like a gas, rather than particulate deposition as for other radionuclides for foodstuff uptake. Further, the concentration of tritium in food is assumed to be based on equilibrium between the concentration of the tritium in the atmospheric water and the concentration of tritium in the atmospheric water and the concentration of tritium in the form (a plume transit decay term:  $EXP(-\lambda iTr)$  is ignored since plume travel times are very short compared to the half life):

$$Ctv = 1000 Qt \frac{X}{Q} * 0.75 * \frac{0.5}{H}$$

Where:

Ctv = the concentration (pCi/kg) of tritium in vegetation

1000 = g per kg

Qt = the release rate of the tritium in pCi/ sec

- X/Q = the atmospheric dispersion at the vegetation point, sec/m<sup>3</sup> from Table 2.5-1
- 0.75 = the fraction of vegetation that is water
- 0.5 = the effective ratio between the atmospheric water concentration and the vegetation concentration
- = the absolute humidity  $a/m^3$ . Absolute humidity is seasonally dependent, varying Н from as little as 1 in the winter to as much as 20 in the summer. Monthly average values derived from historical data are provided in Table B-2.
- EXAMPLE CALCULATION OF CONCENTRATION OF TRITIUM IN ANIMAL FORAGE 2.5.3.4 AND VEGETATION.

Calculate the forage and vegetation concentration from a ground level release of 100  $\mu$ Ci of H-3 in 10 hours. Plume transit decay time is ignored (exp(- $\lambda$ iTr)=1):

$$Ctv = 1000Qt \frac{X}{Q} * 0.75 * \frac{0.5}{H}$$

- = 2778 pCi/sec [100uCi \* 1E6 pCi/uCi / (10hrs\*3600sec/hr)] = 5.13E-6 sec/m<sup>3</sup> Qt
- X/Q

 $= 5 \text{ a/m}^3$  (assumed for this example) Н

$$Ctv = 2778*1000*5.13E - 6*0.75*\frac{0.5}{5}$$
$$Ctv = 1.07 \, pCi \, / \, kg$$

#### 2.5.3.5 CONCENTRATION OF THE RADIONUCLIDE IN MILK AND MEAT

Meat and milk animals are assumed to eat both pasture grass and stored feed. During a fraction of the year, they may be assumed to be exclusively on stored feed, outside of the growing season. If using annual average release, the fraction of stored and fresh feed must be accounted for with fractions, otherwise (as in this ODCM), the fresh pasture pathway is turned on or off depending on the growing season.

The concentration of a radionuclide in the animal feed is calculated as follows:

$$Civ = FpCis + (1 - Fp)Cis(1 - Fs) + CipFs(1 - Fp)$$

Where:

= the growing season pasture factor: 1 if not growing season, 0 if in growing season Fp

- Fs = the fraction of the daily feed from fresh pasture from Table B-1 or Exhibit E-15 from Reg. Guide 1.109.
- Cip = the concentration in the fresh pasture feed (Civ from section 2.5.3.2 with Th = 0 for immediate consumption)
- Cis = the concentration in stored feed (Civ from section 2.5.3.2 with Th = 90 days)

The concentration in the milk is then based on this feed concentration:

 $Cim = FmCivQfEXP(-\lambda iTf)$ 

## Where:

Cim = the concentration in milk pCi/l

- Fm = the transfer coefficient of intake to concentration in the milk (d/l) from Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-1.
- Qf = feed intake rate Kg/d from Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-3.

λi = radionuclide i decay constant in 1/days

Tf = transport time from milk production to consumption (2 days for milk)

The Goat milk pathway may be similarly evaluated:

 $Cim = FgCivQfEXP(-\lambda iTf)$ 

## Where:

Fg = the transfer coefficient of intake to concentration in the milk (d/l) for goats from Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-2.

And for meat:

$$Cif = FfCivQfEXP(-\lambda iTs)$$

Where:

- Ff = the transfer coefficient of intake to concentration in the meat d/kg from Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-1.
- Ts = the transport time from slaughter to consumption (20 days)

# 2.5.3.6 EXAMPLE CALCULATION OF CONCENTRATION OF THE RADIONUCLIDE IN MILK AND MEAT

Calculate the concentration in cow milk from a ground level release of 100  $\mu$ Ci of Co-60 in 10 hours. Plume transit decay time is ignored (exp(- $\lambda$ iTr)=1):

$$Civ = FpCis + (1 - Fp)Cis(1 - Fs) + CipFs(1 - Fp)$$

Assume animals are on pasture and receive half of their food from stored feed.

Cip = 18.0 pCi/kg as previously calculated in section 2.5.3.2 Fp = 0Fs = 0.5

Cis is calculated by applying a 90 day decay term to the Cip value previously calculated, since the previous decay correction was for 0 time as shown in 2.5.3.2.

$$Cis = 18.0 * (\exp(-0.693 * 90 / (5.27 * 365)))$$

$$Cis = 17.4 \, pCi / kg$$

Civ is then:

Civ = 0\*17.4 + (1-0)17.4\*(1-0.5) + 18.0\*0.5\*(1-0)

Civ = 17.7 pCi/kg

The concentration in milk is given by:

 $Cim = FmCivQfEXP(-\lambda iTf)$ 

Fm =1.0E-3 d/l

Qf = 50 Kg/d

 $\lambda i$  = 3.6E-4/d [0.693 / (5.27 yrs\*365 days/yr)]

Cim = 1.0E - 3\*17.7\*50\*EXP(-3.6E - 4\*2)

$$Cim = 0.88 pCi/l$$

The concentration in meat given by:

$$Cif = FfCivQfEXP(-\lambda iTs)$$

Ff =1.3E-2 d/kg

Qf = 50 Kg/d  $\lambda i$  = 3.6E-4/d

Cif = 1.3E - 2\*17.7\*50\*EXP(-3.6E - 4\*20)

## Cif = 11.5 pCi/kg

## 2.5.3.7 DOSE FROM CONSUMPTION OF MILK, MEAT, AND VEGETABLES

The environmental pathway ingestion dose is the sum of the milk, meat, and vegetation ingestion pathways. There are two separate pathways for vegetation: fresh leafy vegetables and a combination of fruits, non-leafy vegetables, and grains. These differ only in the decay and buildup processes applied to account for the environmental exposure, and transportation delay decay represented by Te and Th as shown in section 2.5.3.1. For long half-life isotopes (e.g. Co-60) the decay differences have little impact on the dose.

Dose from the environmental ingestion pathways is generally of the form:

$$Dja = T\sum_{i} DFIija[UavFgCiv + UamCim + UafCif + UalFlCil]$$

Where:

= the dose to organ j of age group a - mrem Dja Т = fraction of year of release duration = the ingestion dose factor for isotope i to organ j for age group a - mrem/pCi from Reg. DFlija Guide 1.109 Appendix E Uav = Ingestion rate (usage factor) for non-leafy vegetables, grains, and fruits for age group a from Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-5 or Table B-1. = the fraction of vegetables, grains, and fruits from the location of interest : 0.76 in Reg. Fg Guide 1.109. Civ = the concentration of isotope i in the vegetables, fruits, and grains calculated from section 2.5.3.2. Uam = Ingestion rate (usage factor) for milk for age group a: from Table B-1 or Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-5. Cim = the concentration of isotope i in milk calculated from section 2.5.3.5. = the ingestion rate for meat for age group a: from Table B-1 or Reg. Guide 1.109 Table Uaf E-5.

## CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 102 of 140

- Cif = the concentration of isotope i in meat calculated from section 2.5.3.2.
- Ual = the ingestion rate for leafy vegetables for age group a: from Table B-1 or Reg. Guide 1.109 Table E-5.
- FI = the fraction of annual leafy vegetable ingestion from the location of interest : 1.0 in Reg. Guide 1.109.
- Cil = concentration of isotope i in the leafy vegetables for direct human consumption: Civ calculated from section 2.5.3.2 with Th=0.
- 2.5.3.8 EXAMPLE CALCULATION DOSE FROM CONSUMPTION OF MILK, MEAT, AND VEGETABLES

Calculate the ingestion dose to child whole body from a ground level release of 100  $\mu$ Ci of Co-60 in 10 hours. Plume transit decay time is ignored (exp(- $\lambda$ iTr)=1):

$$Dja = T\sum_{i} DFIija[UavFgCiv+UamCim+UafCif+UalFlCil]$$

Where:

Т = 0.00114 yr [10hrs / 8760 hrs/yr) = 1.56E-5 mrem/pCi DFlija Uav = 520 = 0.76 Fg = 17.6 [18.0\*EXP( $-\lambda$ \*60) using 60 day delay for ingestion] Civ Uam = 330 Cim = 0.88 Uaf = 41 Cif = 11.5 = 26 Ual FI = 1 Cil = 17.7

$$Dja = .00114\sum_{i} 1.56E - 5[520*0.76*17.6+330*0.88+41*11.5+26*1*17.7]$$
$$Dja = .00114\sum_{i} 1.56E - 5[6956+290+472+460]$$

Dja = 1.45E - 4mrem: child: wholebody

## 2.5.4 GROUND PLANE DEPOSITION IRRADIATION

Dose from ground plane deposition is estimated by determining the surface activity resulting from the release.

## 2.5.4.1 GROUND PLANE CONCENTRATION

The ground surface activity is estimated as:

$$Cig = \frac{D}{Q}\frac{Qi}{\lambda i}(1 - EXP(-\lambda iTb))$$

Where:

Cig = ground plane concentration of radionuclide i in  $pCi/m^2$ 

 $\frac{D}{O}$  = local atmospheric release deposition factor in 1/m<sup>2</sup> from Table 2.5-1

Qi = release rate in pCi/sec

- $\lambda i$  = radiological decay constant in 1/sec
- Tb = long term buildup time 30 years (9.46E8 sec)

Note: Qi,  $\lambda i$  and Tb can utilize any time units as long as they are all the same

## 2.5.4.2 EXAMPLE GROUND PLANE CONCENTRATION CALCULATION

Calculate the ground plane concentration from a 100  $\mu$ Ci release of Co-60 over 10 hours from a ground level release point.

$$Cig = \frac{D}{Q}\frac{Qi}{\lambda i}(1 - EXP(-\lambda iTb))$$

 $\frac{D}{Q}$ 

Qi

λi

Tb ,

= 1.67E-8 /m<sup>2</sup>

= 2778 pCi/sec [100μCi/10hrs/3600sec/hr] = 4.17E-9/sec [0.693/(5.27yr\*8760hr/yr\*3600sec/hr)] = 9.46E8 sec

$$Cig = 1.67E - 8\frac{2778}{4.17E - 9}(1 - EXP(-4.17E - 9*9.46E8))$$

Cig = 1.09E4 pCi/m2

## 2.5.4.3 GROUND PLANE DOSE

Annual dose from the ground plane deposition is of the form:

$$Djg = 8760 * T * Sf \sum_{i} CigDFGij$$

Where:

Djg = the annual dose (mrem) from ground plane pathway (g) to the total body or skin (j)

8760 = hours in a year

T = fraction of year release is in progress

Sf = shielding factor accounting for shielding from dwelling from Table B-1

DFGij = Ground plane dose factor for skin or total body (j) for radionuclide i from Table E-6 of Reg. Guide 1.109 in mrem/hr / pCi/m<sup>2</sup>.

## 2.5.4.4 EXAMPLE GROUND PLANE DOSE

Calculate the ground plane Total Body dose from a 100  $\mu$ Ci release of Co-60 over 10 hours from a ground level release point.

$$Djg = 8760 * T * Sf \sum_{i} CigDFGij$$

T = 0.00114 [10/8760] Sf = 0.7 DFGij = 1.7E-8 Cig = 1.09E4

 $Djg = 8760 * 0.00114 * 0.7 \sum_{i} 1.09E4 * 1.7E - 8$ 

$$Djg = 1.30E - 3mremTotalBody$$

2.6 PROJECTED DOSES – GASEOUS

The projected doses in a 31 day period are equal to the calculated doses from the current 31 day period.

3.0 TOTAL DOSE TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC - 40 CFR 190

The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Report (REMP) submitted by May 1st of each year shall include an assessment of the radiation dose to the likely most exposed MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC for reactor releases and other nearby uranium fuel cycle

102015

sources (including dose contributions from effluents and direct radiation from on-site sources). For the likely most exposed MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC in the vicinity of Oyster Creek, the sources of exposure need only consider the Oyster Creek Generating Station. No other fuel cycle facilities would contribute significantly to the MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC dose for the Oyster Creek vicinity, however, both plant operation and ISFSI sources must be included in the dose assessment.

To assess compliance with CONTROL 3.11.4, calculated organ and total body doses from effluents from liquid pathways and atmospheric releases as well as any dose from direct radiation will be summed.

As appropriate for demonstrating/evaluating compliance with the limits of CONTROL 3.11.4 (40 CFR 190), the results of the environmental monitoring program may be used for providing data on actual measured levels of radiation and / or radioactive material and resultant dose to the MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC in the actual pathways of exposure.

## 3.1 EFFLUENT DOSE CALCULATIONS

For purposes of implementing the surveillance requirements of CONTROL 3/4.11.4 and the reporting requirements of Technical Specification 6.9.1.d (ARERR), dose calculations for the Oyster Creek Generating Station may be performed using the calculation methods contained within the ODCM; the conservative controlling pathways and locations from the ODCM or the actual pathways and locations as identified by the land use census (CONTROL 3/4.12.1) may be used. Average annual meteorological dispersion parameters provided herein or meteorological conditions concurrent with the release period under evaluation may be used.

## 3.2 DIRECT EXPOSURE DOSE DETERMINATION

Any potentially significant direct exposure contribution to off-site individual doses may be evaluated based on the results of environmental measurements (e.g., dosimeter) and/or by the use of radiation transport and shielding calculation methodologies.

## 4.0 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM

The operational phase of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) is conducted in accordance with the requirements of CONTROL 3.12.1. The objectives of the program are:

- To determine whether any significant increases occur in the concentration of radionuclides in the critical pathways of exposure in the vicinity of Oyster Creek
- To determine if the operation of the Oyster Creek Generating Station has resulted in any increase in the inventory of long lived radionuclides in the environment;
- To detect any changes in the ambient gamma radiation levels; and
- To verify that OCGS operations have no detrimental effects on the health and safety of the public or on the environment.

The REMP sample locations are presented in Appendix E.
CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 106 of 140

# **APPENDIX A - DERIVED DOSE FACTORS AND RECEPTOR LOCATIONS**

,

# Table A-1 Dose Conversion Factors for Deriving Radioactive Noble Gas Radionuclide-to-Dose Equivalent Rate Factors\*

Radionuclide	Factor DFSi for Stack Release*	Factor DFVi for Ground-level or
	<u>mrem-sec</u> µCi-year	<u>vent Release^^</u> <u>mrem-m³</u> µCi-year
Kr83m	9.21E-10	7.56E-02
Kr85m	1.46E-04	1.17E+03
Kr85	2.58E-06	1.61E+01
Kr87	8.65E-04	5.92E+03
Kr88	2.16E-03	1.47E+04
Kr89	2.06E-03	1.66E+04
Kr90	-	1.56E+04
Xe131m	3.13E-05	9.15E+01
Xe133m	2.50E-05	2.51E+02
Xe133	2.15E-05	2.94E+02
Xe135m	4.81E-04	3.12E+03
Xe135	2.51E-04	1.81E+03
Xe137	1.79E-04	1.42E+03
Xe138	1.37E-03	8.83E+03
Xe139	2.14E-04	5.02E+03
Ar41	1.67E-03	8.84E+03

\* Based on meteorology applicable at 229 meters SW of stack.

\*\* For exposure to a semi-infinite cloud of noble gas.

<u>Radionuclide</u>	ΡγSi** <u>mrem</u> μCi	ΡγVi*** <u>mrem-m</u> ³ μCi-sec (K <sub>i</sub> )	AγVi*** <u>mrad-m</u> ³ μCi-sec (M <sub>i</sub> )	SBi*** <u>mrem-m</u> ³ μCi-sec (L <sub>i</sub> )
Kr83m	2.92E-17	2.40E-09	6.13E-07	-
Kr85m	4.64E-12	3.71E-05	3.90E-05	4.63E-05
Kr85	8.18E-14	5.11E-07	5.46E-07	4.25E-05
Kr87	2.74E-11	1.88E-04	1.96E-04	3.09E-04
Kr88	6.84E-11	4.67E-04	4.83E-04	7.52E-05
Kr89	6.53E-11	5.27E-04	5.49E-04	3.21E-04
Kr90	-	4.95E-04	5.17E-04	2.31E-04
Xe131m	9.92E-13	2.90E-06	4.95E-06	1.51E-05
Xe133m	7.94E-13	7.97E-06	1.04E-05	3.16E-05
Xe133	6.83E-13	9.33E-06	1.12E-05	9.71E-06
Xe135m	1.53E-11	9.90E-05	1.07E-04	2.26E-05
Xe135	7.97E-12	5.75E-05	6.10E-05	5.90E-05
Xe137	5.69E-12	4.51E-05	4.79E-05	3.87E-04
Xe138	4.34E-11	2.80E-04	2.92E-04	1.31E-04
Xe139	6.79E-12	-	-	-
Ar41	5.30E-11	2.81E-04	2.95E-04	8.54E-05

Table A-2 Noble Gas Radionuclide-to-Dose Equivalent Rate Factors\*

\* All of these dose factors apply out-of-doors.
\*\* Based on meteorology at 229 meters SW of effluent stack.
\*\*\* Derived from Reg Guide 1.109, Revision 1, Table B-1.

٦

Radionuclide	AγSi** <u>mrad</u> μCi	AγVi*** <u>mrad-m3</u> μCi-sec(M <sub>i</sub> )	Aβi*** <u>mrad-m3</u> μCi-sec (N <sub>i</sub> )
Kr83m	1.33E-16	6.13E-07	9.14E-06
Kr85m	6.89E-12	3.90E-05	6.25E-05
<r85< td=""><td>1.24E-13</td><td>5.46E-07</td><td>6.19E-05</td></r85<>	1.24E-13	5.46E-07	6.19E-05
<r87< td=""><td>4.13E-11</td><td>.1.96E-04</td><td>3.27E-04</td></r87<>	4.13E-11	.1.96E-04	3.27E-04
<r88< td=""><td>1.03E-10</td><td>4.83E-04</td><td>9.30E-05</td></r88<>	1.03E-10	4.83E-04	9.30E-05
<r89< td=""><td>9.82E-11</td><td>5.49E-04</td><td>3.37E-04</td></r89<>	9.82E-11	5.49E-04	3.37E-04
<r90< td=""><td>-</td><td>5.17E-04</td><td>2.49E-04</td></r90<>	-	5.17E-04	2.49E-04
Ke131m	1.50E-12	4.95E-06	3.52E-05
Ke133m	1.23E-12	1.04E-05	4.70E-05
Ke133	1.03E-12	1.12E-05	3.33E-05
Ke135m	2.31E-11	1.07E-04	2.35E-05
Ke135	1.20E-11	6.10E-05	7.81E-05
Ke137	8.59E-12	4.79E-05	4.03E-04
Ke138	6.51E-11	2:92E-04	1.51E-04
(e139	1.02E-11	-	-
\r41	7.94E-11	2.95E-04	1.04E-04

Table A-3 Air Dose Conversion Factors for Effluent Noble Gas

Γ

\*\* Based on meteorology at 229 meters SW of effluent stack. \*\*\* Derived from Reg Guide 1.109, Revision 1, Table B-1.

### Table A-4 Locations Associated with Maximum Exposure of a Member of the Public\*

Effluent	Locati	on
	Distance	Direction
	(meters)	(to)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Liquid	U.S. Route 9 Bridge at	Discharge Canal
Airborne lodine and Particulates	937	SE
Tritium	937	SE
Noble Gases	937	SE
Irradiation by OCGS	Site Boundary	All
Noble Gas g Air Dose	937	SE
Noble Gas B Air Dose	937	SE

Note: the nearby resident experiencing the maximum exposure to airborne effluent from the Station is located 937 meters SE of the OCGS. The nearby resident (part-time) experiencing the maximum exposure to gamma radiation directly from the Station is located 618 meters WSW of the OCGS. The most exposed member of the public is assumed to be exposed by irradiation from the OCGS, by inhaling airborne effluent, by irradiation by the airborne fluent, by irradiation by the airborne plume of the noble gas, by radionuclides deposited onto the ground, by irradiation by shoreline deposits, and by eating fish and shellfish caught in the discharge canal.

\*The age group of the most exposed member of the public is based on Reg. Guide 1.109, Revision 1.

					_
Radionuclide	PγSi** <u>mrem</u> μCi	ΡγVi*** <u>mrem-m<sup>3</sup></u> μCi-sec(K <sub>i</sub> )	AγVi*** <u>mrad-m<sup>3</sup></u> μCi-sec(M <sub>i</sub> )	AγSi** <u>mrad</u> μCi	SBi*** <u>mrem-m<sup>3</sup></u> μCi-sec(L <sub>i</sub> )
Kr83m	4.61E-17	2.40E-09	6.13E-07	1.77E-14	_
Kr85m	2.13E-12	3.71E-05	3.90E-05	3.16E-12	4.63E-05
Kr85	3.38E-14	5.11E-07	5.46E-07	5.12E-14	4.25E-05
Kr87	1.08E-11	1.88E-04	1.96E-04	1.63E-11	3.09E-04
Kr88	2.76E-11	4.67E-04	4.83E-04	4.14E-11	7.52E-05
Kr89	2.02E-11	5.27E-04	5.49E-04	3.03E-11	3.21E-04
Kr90	-	4.95E-04	5.17E-04	-	2.31E-04
Xe131m	5.05E-13	2.90E-06	4.95E-06	8.03E-13	1.51E-05
Xe133m	3.95E-13	7.97E-06	1.04E-05	6.50E-13	3.16E-05
Xe133	3.88E-13	9.33E-06	1.12E-05	6.13E-13	9.71E-06
Xe135m	5.82E-12	9.90E-05	1.07E-04	8.80E-12	2.26È-05
Xe135	3.51E-12	5.75E-05	6.10E-05	5.25E-12	5.90E-05
Xe137	1.74E-12	4.51E-05	4.79E-05	2.64E-12	3.87E-04
Xe138	1.72E-11	2.80E-04	2.92E-04	2.58E-11	1.31E-04
Xe139	9.30E-13	- ·	-	1.40E-12	-
Ar41	2.07E-11	2.81E-04	2.95E-04	3.10E-11	8.54E-05

### Table A-5 Critical Receptor Noble Gas Dose Conversion Factors\*

All of these dose factors apply out-of-doors. \*

\*\* Based on meteorology at 937 meters SE of effluent stack. \*\*\* Derived from Reg Guide 1.109, Revision 1, Table B-1

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 112 of 140

# **APPENDIX B - MODELING PARAMETERS**

.

.

Effluent Ingestion Parameters	Usage Factor
Fraction Of Produce From Local Garden	7.6E-1
Soil Density In Plow Layer (Kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	2.4E+2
Fraction Of Deposited Activity Retained On Vegetation	2.5E-1
Shielding Factor For Residential Structures	7.0E-1
Period Of Buildup Of Activity In Soil (hr)	1.31E+5
Period of Pasture Grass Exposure to Activity (hr)	7.2E+2
Period Of Crop Exposure to Activity (hr)	1.44E+3
Delay Time For Ingestion Of Stored Feed By Animals (hr)	2.16E+3
Delay Time For Ingestion Of Leafy Vegetables By Man (hr)	2.4E+1
Delay Time For Ingestion Of Other Vegetables By Man (hr)	1.44E+3
Transport Time Milk-Man (hr)	4.8E+1
Time Between Slaughter and Consumption of Meat Animal (hr)	4.8E+2
Grass Yield Wet Weight (Kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	7.0E-1
Other Vegetation Yield Wet-Weight (Kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	2.0
Weathering Rate Constant For Activity on Veg. (hr <sup>-1</sup> )	2.1E-3
Milk Cow Feed Consumption Rate (Kg/day)	5.0E+1
Goat Feed Consumption Rate (Kg/day)	6.0
Beef Cattle Feed Consumption Rate (Kg/day)	5.0E+1
Milk Cow Water Consumption Rate (L/day)	6.0E+1
Goat Water Consumption Rate (L/day)	8.0
Beef Cattle Water Consumption Rate (L/day)	5.0E+1
Environmental Transit Time For Water Ingestion (hr)	1.2E+1
Environmental Transit Time For Fish Ingestion (hr)	2.4E+1
Environmental Transit Time For Shore Exposure (hr)	0
Environmental Transit Time For Invertebrate Ingestion (hr)	2.4E+1

### Table B-1- OCGS Usage Factors For Individual Dose Assessment

Effluent Ingestion Parameters	Usage Factor
Water Ingestion (L/yr) a. Adult b. Teen c. Child d. Infant	7.3E+2 5.1E+2 5.1E+2 3.3E+2
Shore Exposure (hr/yr)	1 25+1
a. Addit h. Teen	6 7E+1
c Child	1 4F+1
d. Infant	0
Salt Water Sport Fish Ingestion (Kg/yr)	
a. Adult	2.1E+1
b. Leen	1.6E+1
C. Unild d. Infont	6.9
a. Infant	U
Salt Water Commercial Fish Ingestion (Kg/yr)	
a. Adult	2.1E+1
b. Teen	1.6E+1
c. Child	6.9
a. Infant	0
Salt Water Invertebrate Ingestion (Kg/yr)	
a. Adult	5.0
b. leen	3.8
C. Child d. Infont	1.7
a. Imant	U
Irrigated Leafy Vegetable Ingestion (Kg/yr)	
a. Adult	6.4E+1
b. Teen	4.2E+1
c. Child	2.6E+1
a. Infant	U

### Table B-1(Continued) OCGS Usage Factors for Individual Dose Assessment

### CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 115 of 140

Effluent Ingestion Parameters	Usage Factor
Irrigated Other Vegetable Ingestion (Kg/yr)	
a. Adult	5.2E+2
b. leen	6.3E+2
C. Child	5.2E+2
a. Infant	0
Irrigated Root Vegetable Ingestion (Kg/yr)	
a. Adult	5.2E+2
b. Teen	6.3E+2
c. Child	5.2E+2
d. Infant	0
Irrigated Cow and Coat Milk Ingestion (1. (ur)	
a Adult	3 1E+2
h Teen	4 0F+2
c Child	3 3E+2
d. Infant	3.3E+2
Irrigated Beef Ingestion (Kg/yr)	
a. Adult	1.1E+2
b. Teen	6.5E+1
c. Child	4.1E+1
d. Infant	0
Inhalation (m <sup>3</sup> /vr)	
a. Adult	8.0E+3
b. Teen	8.0E+3
c. Child	3.7E+3
d. Infant	1.4E+3
Cow and Goat Milk Ingestion (L/vr)	
a. Adult	3.1E+2
b. Teen	4.0E+2
c. Child	3.3E+2
d. Infant	3.3E+2
Meat Ingestion (Kg/yr)	
a. Adult	1.1E+2
b. Teen	6.5E+1
c. Child	4.1E+1
d. Infant	0

### Table B-1 (Continued) OCGS Usage Factors for Individual Dose Assessment

102015

Effluent Ingestion Parameters	Usage Factor
Leafy Vegetable Ingestion (Kg/yr) a. Adult b. Teen c. Child d. Infant	6.4E+1 4.2E+1 2.6E+1 0
Fruits, Grains, & Other Vegetable Ingestion (Kg/yr) a. Adult b. Teen c. Child d. Infant	5.2E+2 6.3E+2 . 5.2E+2 0

### Table B-1 (Continued) OCGS Usage Factors for Individual Dose Assessment

,

	Average Absolute
Month	Humidity (a/m <sup>3</sup> )
January	3.3
February	3.3
March	4.5
April	6.1
Мау	9.4
June	12.8
July	15.2
August	15.6
September	12.4
October	7.9
November	5.9
December	3.8

Table B-2 Monthly Average Absolute Humidity g/m<sup>3</sup> (derived from historical climatological data)

,

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 118 of 140

# **APPENDIX C - REFERENCES**

.

•

### Table C-1 - REFERENCES

- 1) Oyster Creek Updated Final Safety Analysis Report
- 2) Oyster Creek Facility Description and Safety Analysis Report
- 3) Oyster Creek Operating License and Technical Specifications
- 4) NUREG 1302 "Off Site Dose Calculation Manual Guidance: Standard Radiological Effluent Controls for Boiling Water Reactors" – Generic Letter 89-10, Supplement No. 1, April 1991
- 5) Reg Guide 1.21 "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactivity in Solid Wastes and Releases of radioactive materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants" Rev.1, June 1974
- 6) Reg Guide 1.23
- 7) Reg Guide 1.97
- Reg Guide 1.109 "Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance With 10 CFR 50, Appendix I", Rev 1, October, 1977
- Reg Guide 1.111 "Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routine Releases From Light-Water-Cooled Reactors", Rev.1, July, 1977
- 10) Reg Guide 4.8 " Environmental Technical Specifications for Nuclear Power Plants"
- 11) NRC Radiological Assessment Branch Technical Position, Rev 1, November 1979 (Appendix A to NUREG1302)
- 12) NUREG-0016
- 13) NUREG-0133
- 14) Licensing Application, Amendment 13, Meteorological Radiological Evaluation for the Oyster Creek Nuclear Power Station Site.
- 15) Licensing Application, Amendment 11, Question IV-8.
- 16) Evaluation of the Oyster Creek Nuclear Generating Station to Demonstrate Conformance to the Design Objectives of 10CFR50, Appendix I, May, 1976, Tables 3-10
- 17) XOQDOQ Output Files for Oyster Creek Meteorology, Murray and Trettle, Inc.

- 18) Hydrological Information and Liquid Dilution Factors Determination to Conform with Appendix I Requirements: Oyster Creek, correspondence from T. Potter, Pickard, Lowe and Garrick, Inc. to Oyster Creek, July, 1976.
- 19) Carpenter, J. J. "Recirculation and Effluent Distribution for Oyster Creek Site", Pritchard-Carpenter Consultants, Baltimore, Maryland, 1964.
- 20) Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Generic Letter 89-01, "Implementation of Programmatic Controls for Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications in the Administrative Controls Section and Relocation of the Procedural Details of RETS to the ODCM or PCP", January, 1989.
- 21) Ground Water Monitoring System (Final Report), Woodward-Clyde Consultants, March, 1984.
- 22) Meteorology and Atomic Energy, Department of Energy, 1981.
- 23) SEEDS Code Documentation through V & V of Version 98.8F (Radiological Engineering Calculation No. 2820-99-005, Dated 3/23/99)
- 24) Lynch, Giuliano, and Associates, Inc., Drawing Entitled, "Minor Subdivision, Lots 4 and 4.01 Block 1001", signed 13 Sep 99.
- 25) Currie, L. A., "Lower Limit of Detection: Definition and Elaboration of a Proposed Position for Radiological Effluent and Environmental Measurements".
- 26) NUREG/CR-4007 (September 1984).
- 27) HASL Procedures Manual, <u>HASL-300</u> (revised annually).
- 28) Regulatory Guide 1.113, "Estimating Aquatic Dispersion of Effluents from Accidental and Routine Reactor Releases for the Purposes of Implementing Appendix I," April 1977
- 29) Reg. Guide 4.13
- 30) 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table 2, Annual Limits on Intake (ALIs) and Derived Air Concentrations (DACs) of Radionuclides for Occupational Exposure; Effluent Concentrations; Concentrations for Release to Sewerage
- 31) Conestoga Rovers and Associates, Hydrogeologic Investigation Report, Fleet wide Assessment, Oyster Creek Generating Station, Forked River, New Jersey, Ref. No. 045136(18), September, 2006.
- 32) Letter date April 23, 2013 from Murray and Trettel, Incorporated
- 33) Letter dated January 10, 2013 titled "Meteorology and Dose Factor Update ODCM Revision 6"

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 121 of 140

# **APPENDIX D – SYSTEM DRAWINGS**

.



FIGURE D-1-1a: LIQUID RADWASTE TREATMENT CHEM WASTE AND FLOOR DRAIN SYSTEM

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 122 of 140

102015



# FIGURE D-1-1b: LIQUID RADWASTE TREATMENT - HIGH PURITY AND EQUIPMENT DRAIN SYSTEM

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 123 of 140







### FIGURE D-1-2: SOLID RADWASTE PROCESSING SYSTEM





CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 126 of 140

### CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 127 of 140



# Figure D-2-3 AOG Ventilation System



102015

# APPENDIX E - RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM - SAMPLE TYPE AND LOCATION

All sampling locations and specific information about the individual locations are given in Table E-1. Figures E-1, E-2 and E-3 show the locations of sampling stations with respect to the site. Figure E-4 shows the site layout.

,

# TABLE E-1: REMP SAMPLE LOCATIONS<sup>(1)</sup>

# 1. Direct Radiation

# DOS - Inner Ring at or near site boundary

<u>Code</u>	<u>(miles)</u>	<u>(degrees)</u>	Description
1 51	0.4 0.4	219 358	SW of site at OCGS Fire Pond, Forked River, NJ North of site, on the access road to Forked River Site, Forked River, NJ
52	0.3	333	NNW of site, on the access road to Forked River Site, Forked River, NJ
53	0.3	309	NW of site, at sewage lift station on the access road to the Forked River Site, Forked River, NJ
54	0.3	288	WNW of site, on the access road to Forked River Site, Forked River, NJ
55	0.3	263	West of site, on Southern Area Stores security fence, west of OCGS Switchyard, Forked River, NJ
56	0.3	249	WSW of site, on utility pole east of Southern Area Stores, west of the OCGS Switchyard, Forked River, NJ
57	0.2	206	SSW of site, on Southern Area Stores access road, Forked River, NJ
58	0.2	188	South of site, on Southern Area Stores access road, Forked River, NJ
59	0.3	166	SSE of site, on Southern Area Stores access road, Waretown, NJ
61	0.3	104	ESE of site, on Route 9 south of OCGS Main Entrance, Forked River, NJ
62	0.2	83	East of site, on Route 9 at access road to OCGS Main Gate, Forked River, NJ
63	0.2	70	ENE of site, on Route 9, between main gate and OCGS North Gate access road, Forked River, NJ
64	0.3	42	NE of site, on Route 9 North at entrance to Finninger Farm, Forked River, NJ
65	0.4	19	NNE of site, on Route 9 at Intake Canal Bridge, Forked River, NJ
66	0.4	133	SE of site, east of Route 9 and south of the OCGS Discharge Canal, inside fence, Waretown, NJ
112	0.2	178	S of site, along Southern access road, Lacey Township, NJ

# TABLE E-1: REMP SAMPLE LOCATIONS (CONTINUED)

# 1. Direct Radiation (Continued)

# DOS - Inner Ring at or near site boundary

<u>Code</u>	<u>(miles)</u>	<u>(degrees)</u>	<b>Description</b>
113	0.3	90	E of site, along Rt. 9 North, Lacey Township, NJ
T1	0.4	219	SW of site, at OCGS Fire Pond, Lacey Township, NJ
DOS - O	Duter Ring at	6 - 8 km	
4	4.6	213	SSW of Site, Garden State Parkway and Route 554, Barnegat, NJ
5	4.2	353	North of Site, Garden State Parkway Rest Area, Forked River, NJ
6	2.1	13	NNE of site, Lane Place, behind St. Pius Church, Forked River, NJ
8	2.3	177	South of site, Route 9 at the Waretown Substation, Waretown, NJ
9	2.5	230	WSW of site, where Route 532 and the Garden State Parkway meet, Waretown, NJ
22	1.6	145	SE of site, on Long John Silver Way, Skippers Cove, Waretown, NJ
46	5.6	323	NW of Site, on Lacey Road adjacent to Utility Pole BT 259 65
47	4.6	26	NNE of Site, Route 9 and Harbor Inn Road, Berkeley Township, NJ
48	4.5	189	South of Site, Intersection of Brook and School Streets, Barnegat, NJ
68	1.3	266	West of site, on Garden State Parkway North at mile marker 71.7, Lacey Township, NJ
73	1.8	108	ESE of site, on Bay Parkway, Sands Point Harbor, Waretown, NJ
74	1.8	88	East of site, Orlando Drive and Penguin Court, Forked River, NJ
75	2.0	71	ENE of site, Beach Blvd. and Maui Drive, Forked River, NJ
78	1.8	2	North of site, 1514 Arient Road, Forked River, NJ
79	2.9	160	SSE of site, Hightide Drive and Bonita Drive, Waretown, NJ
82	4.4	36	NE of site, Bay Way and Clairmore Avenue, Lanoka Harbor, NJ
84	4.4	332	NNW of site, on Lacey Road, 1.3 miles west of the Garden State Parkway on siren pole, Lacey Township, NJ

# TABLE E-1: REMP SAMPLE LOCATIONS (CONTINUED)

# 1. Direct Radiation (continued)

### DOS - Outer Ring at 6 - 8 km (continued)

<u>Code</u>	<u>(miles)</u>	<u>(degrees)</u>	Description
85	3.9	250	WSW of site, on Route 532, just east of Wells Mills Park, Waretown, NJ
86	5.0	224	SW of site, on Route 554, 1 mile west of the Garden State Parkway, Barnegat, NJ
98	1.6	318	NW of site, on Garden State Parkway at mile marker 73.0, Lacey Township, NJ
99	1.5	310	NW of site, on Garden State Parkway at mile marker 72.8, Lacey Township, NJ
100	1.4	43	NE of site, Yacht Basin Plaza South off Lakdeside Dr., Lacey Township, NJ
101	1.7	49	NE of site, end of Lacey Rd., East, Lacey Township, NJ
102	1.6	344	NNW of site, end of Sheffield Dr., Barnegat Pines, Lacey Township, NJ
103	2.4	337	NNW of site, Llewellyn Parkway, Barnegat Pines, Lacey Township, NJ
104	1.8	221	SW of site, Rt. 532 West, before Garden State Parkway, Ocean Township, NJ
105	2.8	222	SW of site, Garden State Parkway North, beside mile marker 69.6, Ocean Township, NJ
106	1.2	288	WNW of site, Garden State Parkway North, beside mile marker 72.2 Lacey Township, NJ
107	1.3	301	WNW of Site, Garden State Parkway North, beside mile marker 72.5, Lacey Township, NJ
109	1.2	141	SE of site, Lighthouse Dr., Waretown, Ocean Township, NJ
110	1.5	127	SE of site, Tiller Drive and Admiral Way, Waretown, Ocean Township, NJ
DOS - S	Special Interes	t	
11	8.2	152	SSE of site, 80 <sup>th</sup> and Anchor Streets, Harvey Cedars, NJ
<b>71</b>	1.6	164	SSE of site, on Route 532 at the Waretown Municipal Building, Waretown, NJ
72	1.9	25	NNE of site, on Lacey Road at Knights of Columbus Hall, Forked River, NJ

### CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 133 of 140

# TABLE E-1: REMP SAMPLE LOCATIONS (CONTINUED)

# 1. Direct Radiation (continued)

1

<b>DOS - Specia</b>	I Interest	(continued)
---------------------	------------	-------------

<u>Code</u>	<u>(miles)</u>	<u>(degrees)</u>	Description	
81	3.5	201	SSW of site, on Rose Hill Road at intersection with Barnegat Boulevard, Barnegat, NJ	
88	6.6	125	SE of site, eastern end of 3 <sup>rd</sup> Street, Barnegat Light, NJ	
89	6.1	108	ESE of site, Job Francis residence, Island Beach State Park	
. 90	6.3	75	ENE of site, parking lot A-5, Island Beach State Park	
92	9.0	46	NE of site, at Guard Shack/Toll Booth, Island Beach State Park	
3	6.0	97	East of site, near old Coast Guard Station, Island Beach State Park Special Interest Area	
DOS - Ba	ackground			
С	24.7	313	NW of site, JCP&L office in rear parking lot, Cookstown, NJ	
14	20.8	2	North of site, Larrabee Substation on Randolph Road, Lakewood, NJ	
2. Airborn	ne - Radioic	odines an	d Particulates	
APT, AIC	) - At or near	· site boun	dary in highest D/Q Sectors	
20	0.7	95	East of site, on Finninger Farm on south side of access road, Forked River, NJ	
66	0.4	133	SE of site, east of Route 9 and south of the OCGS Discharge Canal, inside fence, Waretown, NJ	
111	0.3	64	ENE of site, Finninger Farm property along access road, Lacey Township, NJ	
APT, AIO -Special Interest				
71	1.6	164	SSE of site, on Route 532 at the Waretown Municipal Building, Waretown, NJ	
72	1.9	25	NNE of site, on Lacey Road at Knights of Columbus Hall, Forked River, NJ	
73	1.8	108	ESE of site, on Bay Parkway, Sands Point Harbor, Waretown, NJ	
3	6.0	97	East of site, near old Coast Guard Station, Island Beach State Park Special Interest Area	

# TABLE E-1: REMP SAMPLE LOCATIONS (CONTINUED)

2. Airborn APT, AIO	e - Radioi – Backgou	odines an Ind(continu	d Particulates (continued) ed)
Code	(miles)	(degrees)	Description
С	24.7	313	NW of site, JCP&L office in rear parking lot, Cookstown, NJ
3. Waterbo	orne		
SWA - Su	irface		
23	3.6	64	ENE of site, Barnegat Bay off Stouts Creek, approximately 400 yards SE of "Flashing Light 1"
24	2.1	101	East of site, Barnegat Bay, approximately 250 yards SE of  "Flashing Light 3"
33	0.4	123	ESE of site, east of Route 9 Bridge in OCGS Discharge Canal
SWA - Ba	ckgound		
94	20.0	198	SSW of site, in Great Bay/Little Egg Harbor
GW - Gro	und		
W-3C	0.4	112	ESE of site on Finninger Farm adjacent to Station 35, Lacey Township, NJ
MW-24-3A	0.8	97	E of site on Finninger Farm on South side of access road, Lacey Township, NJ
DW - Drir	nking		
1S	0.1	209	On-site southern domestic well at OCGS, Forked River, NJ
1N	0.2	349	On-site northern domestic well at OCGS, Forked River, NJ
38	1.6	197	SSW of Site, on Route 532, at Ocean Township MUA Pumping Station, Waretown, NJ
114	0.8	267	Well at Bldg 25 on Forked River site
DW - Bac	kgound		
37	2.2	18	NNE of Site, off Boox Road at Lacey MUA Pumping Station, Forked River, NJ
AQS - Se	diment		
23	3.6	. 64	ENE of site, Barnegat Bay off Stouts Creek, approximately 400 yards SE of "Flashing Light 1"
24	2.1	101	East of site, Barnegat Bay, approximately 250 yards SE of "Flashing Light 3"
33	0.4	123	ESE of site, east of Route 9 Bridge in OCGS Discharge Canal

# TABLE E-1: REMP SAMPLE LOCATIONS (CONTINUED)

3. Waterborne (continued)				
AQS - Ba	ckgound	(degrees)	Description	
<u>000e</u> 94	<u>(mies)</u> 20.0	(degrees) 198	SSW of site, in Great Bay/Little Egg Harbor	
Ingestio	n			
FISH - Fis	h			
93	0.1	242	WSW of site, OCGS Discharge Canal between Pump Discharges and Route 9, Forked River, NJ	
FISH - Ba	ckgound			
94	20.0	198	SSW of site, in Great Bay/Little Egg Harbor	
CLAM - C	lams			
23	3.6	64	ENE of site, Barnegat Bay off Stouts Creek, approximately 400 yards SE of "Flashing Light 1"	
24	2.1	101	East of site, Barnegat Bay, approximately 250 yards SE of "Flashing Light 3"	
CLAM - B	ackgound			
94	20.0	198	SSW of site, in Great Bay/Little Egg Harbor	
CRAB - C	rabs			
33	0.4	123	ESE of site, east of Route 9 Bridge in OCGS Discharge Canal	
93	0.1	242	WSW of site, OCGS Discharge Canal between Pump Discharges and Route 9, Forked River, NJ	
VEG - Veg	getation			
35	0.4	111	ESE of site, east of Route 9 and north of the OCGS Discharge Canal, Forked River, NJ	
66	0.4	133	SE of site, east of Route 9 and south of the OCGS Discharge Canal, inside fence, Waretown, NJ	
115	0.3	96	East of Site, on Finninger Farm	
VEG - Bac	kgound			
26	22.1	310	NW of site at "IL-Pick" Farm New Fayot NL	
	AQS - Bac Code 94 Ingestio FISH - Fis 93 FISH - Ba 94 CLAM - C 23 24 CLAM - C 23 24 CLAM - B 94 CRAB - C 33 93 VEG - Veg 35 66 115 VEG - Bac	AQS - Backgound Code (miles) $94$ ParameterState9420.0FISH - Fish $93$ 930.1FISH - Backgound $94$ 9420.0CLAM - Clams $23$ 233.6242.1CLAM - Backgound $94$ 9420.0CRAB - Crabs $33$ 330.4930.1VEG - Vegetation $35$ 350.4660.41150.3VEG - Backgound	AQS - Backgound Code (miles) 94       (degrees) 198         Ingestion FISH - Fish 93       0.1       242         FISH - Backgound 94       20.0       198         CLAM - Clams 23       3.6       64         24       2.1       101         CLAM - Backgound 94       20.0       198         CLAM - Clams 23       3.6       64         24       2.1       101         CLAM - Backgound 94       20.0       198         CRAB - Crabs 33       0.4       123         93       0.1       242         VEG - Vegetation 35       0.4       111         66       0.4       133         115       0.3       96         VEG - Backgound       92.1       940	

### SAMPLE MEDIUM IDENTIFICATION KEY

APT = Air Particulate AIO = Air lodine

VEG = Vegetables

SWA = Surface Water AQS = Aquatic Sediment FISH = Fish CLAM = Clams DW = Drinking Water

DOS = Dosimeter CRAB =Crab GW = Ground Water

(1) Samples may not be collected from some locations listed in this table, as long as the minimum number of samples listed in Table 3.12.1-1 is collected.

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 137 of 140



102015

### CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 138 of 140



CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 139 of 140



102015

CY-OC-170-301 Revision 7 Page 140 of 140

### FIGURE E-4

### AREA PLOT PLAN OF SITE

### SITE MAP DEFINING UNRESTRICTED AREAS AND SITE BOUNDARY FOR RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS AND LIQUID EFFLUENTS



Site Boundary Distances

Sector	Distance in meters	Sector	Distance in meters
S	348	N	584
SSW	291	NNE	621
SW	229	NE	373
WSW	260	ENE	338
W	239	E	360
WNW	284	ESE	491
NW	364	SE	544
NNW	474	SSE	395