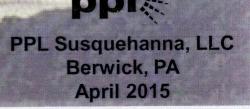
Susquehanna Steam Electric Station Units 1 & 2

Radioactive Effluent Release Report

2014 Annual Report



Attachment 1 to PLA-7322

Radioactive Effluent Release Report for SSES Units 1 and 2

RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

REPORT PERIOD: 01/01/14 - 12/31/14

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SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION, SUMMARY AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

INTRODUCTION

The submittal of the 2014 Radioactive Effluent Release Report is in accordance with PPL Susquehanna, LLC Tech Spec. 5.6.3. The enclosed information is consistent with the objectives outlined in the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) and Process Control Program (PCP). The 2014 Radioactive Effluent Release Report is in conformance with 10CFR50.36a and 10CFR50, Appendix I, Section IV.B.1.

PPL Susquehanna, LLC is located in Salem Township, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania. It is on the west bank of the Susquehanna River, 8 km northeast of Berwick. The station consists of two boiling water reactor generating units. Each unit has completed an Extended Power Uprate process which has increased licensed thermal power from 3489 MWt (megawatt thermal) to 3952 MWt. Unit-1 completed the power uprate in 2010 and Unit 2 completed the power uprate in 2011. The reactor and generating units were supplied by General Electric, while the Bechtel Corporation served as architect-engineer and constructor.

Construction of the Station began in the early 1970s. Fuel load began in Unit 1 in July of 1982. Initial criticality was achieved in the Unit 1 reactor on September 10, 1982. The reactor reached 100% power for the first time on February 4, 1983. Commercial operation of Unit 1 was declared on June 8, 1983. Initial criticality of Unit 2 occurred on May 8, 1984. Unit 2 was declared commercial on February 12, 1985.

Airborne effluents are released from the Station via five rooftop vents on the reactor building (see Figure 1-1). Continuous sampling for particulates and iodines is performed at each vent as well as continuous monitoring for noble gases. A program of periodic sampling and analysis for tritium and noble gases along with periodic analysis of particulate and iodine samples is conducted as specified in the plant Technical Requirements. All waterborne effluents are released in batch mode and are sampled and analyzed prior to release. Waterborne effluents from the site are released into the cooling tower blowdown line for dilution prior to release to the Susquehanna River (see Figure 1-2). Blowdown line flow rates are at least 5,000 gpm during periods of liquid radwaste release. The diluted effluent is introduced to the river by way of a perforated diffuser pipe placed on the river bed. The diffuser serves to mix the station discharge with the main flow of the river.

This report presents a summary of the quantities of radioactive materials which were released from the Station during the period from January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014. In addition, this report serves as a medium for notifying the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission staff of changes to the ODCM, PCP and documentation of any exceptions to the effluent monitoring program which must be reported per Technical Requirements.

Airborne and waterborne radioactive effluent releases to the environment during the report period were sampled and analyzed in accordance with the Technical

Requirements. All radioactive effluent releases were within the concentration and release limits specified in the Technical Requirements. Calculations and terms utilized in this report are those outlined in the ODCM.

Section 1 contains supplemental information pertaining to effluents from the Susquehanna plant. Included are regulatory limits (Table 1-1), sampling and analysis methods, characterization of the number and duration of batch and abnormal releases and a brief summary of the applicable year's effluents.

Section 2 contains effluent and waste disposal data for the report period. Table 2-1 contains a summation of all airborne releases, grouped into the radionuclide categories of gases, particulates, iodines, and tritium. Average release rates are presented and compared to the applicable limits. Table 2-2 presents the activity totals of specific radionuclides in airborne effluents.

Waterborne effluents are summarized in Table 2-3. Average diluted concentrations are presented and compared to the applicable limits. Table 2-4 presents the release quantities of specific radionuclides in waterborne effluents over the report period. Figures 2-1 and 2-2 present the Susquehanna River Monthly Average Flow Rates for 2014 and the Monthly Liquid Radwaste Discharge Totals for 2014, respectively.

Table 2-5 contains estimates of the errors associated with the measurements involved in quantifying effluents. Sampling errors, counting errors, and errors associated with determining effluent flow rates and volumes all contribute to the total error of effluent measurements. Error estimates are presented for each category of radionuclide detected in airborne and waterborne effluents and solid wastes during the report period (Error Analysis of the Radioactive Effluent Sampling and Analysis Program at the SSES, Hydro Nuclear Services; 1985).

Tables 2-7 through 2-14 present a characterization of the solid radioactive waste shipped offsite during the report period. An estimate of major nuclide composition is presented for each waste type. Also included are the volumes and curie contents associated with each type of solid waste. The number of waste shipments from the site transported directly for burial or disposal are listed in Table 2-6.

Section 3 presents meteorological data for 2014, including data recovery, joint frequency distribution of wind speed and direction, stability class distribution, and atmospheric dispersion estimates for selected locations.

Section 4 of this report contains an assessment of the calculated doses attributed to the reported radiological effluents for the calendar year. The Radioactive Effluent Tracking and Dose Assessment Software (RETDAS) computer code was used for calculation of doses from waterborne effluents. Site-specific parameters used in the calculations for the Danville receiver are shown in Table 4-1. The RETDAS code was also used for calculation of doses from airborne effluents. The calculated doses and direct radiation estimates can be used to estimate the doses to maximally exposed members of the



public. Table 4-2 summarizes maximum calculated doses to members of the public from airborne and waterborne effluents. Table 4-3 presents calculated collective doses to members of the public within the Riverlands/Energy Information Center Complex. Table 4-4 summarizes the calculated doses for residences and other occupied areas within the site boundary and the nearest dairy. Additionally, Section 4 includes a description of the methodology used in the calculation and resultant dose impact of Carbon-14 released from the station.

Section 5 of this report documents changes to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual, Technical Requirements Manual and the Solid Radioactive Waste Process Control Program.

Section 6 presents a listing of cases (if any) in which airborne or waterborne effluent monitoring instrumentation was declared inoperable and was not restored to operability within the time period specified in Technical Requirements 3.11.1.4, 3.11.1.5 and 3.11.2.6 Action Statements. In addition, this section presents issues (if any) with the collection of milk or fresh leafy vegetables per Technical Requirement 3.11.4.1 and changes due to the land use census per Technical Requirement 3.11.4.2. Section 6 also includes reporting associated with the Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI) Groundwater Protection Initiative.

Section 7 contains corrections (if any) to previous Radioactive Effluent Release Reports.

Section 8 contains information on effluent and offsite dose from the systems classified as insignificant effluent pathways.

SUMMARY

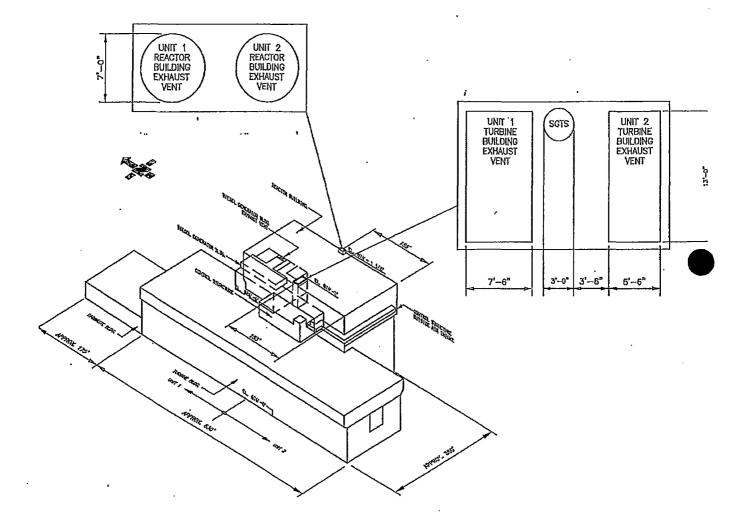
During 2014 there were two hundred eight (208) liquid batch releases resulting in a total release volume of approximately two million six hundred seventy thousand (2,670,000) gallons. The total number of liquid batch releases and total volume released in 2014 was lower than the corresponding values for 2013 (210 releases resulting in 3,000,000 gallons released in 2013). The predominant radionuclide released in liquid effluents during 2014 was tritium. Approximately eighty three (83) curies of tritium were released in liquid effluents in 2014, compared to eight one (81) curies released in 2013. When compared with all radionuclides released in liquid effluents in 2014, Co-60 was the main contributor to the resultant offsite dose. Consistent with previous years, the offsite dose from liquid releases in 2014 was less than one percent (1%) of the annual limits for both organ and whole body dose.

In 2010, an industry initiative (supported by EPRI and NEI) was established to evaluate and report Carbon-14 (C-14) in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report. The initiative is rooted in Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 2, "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactive Material in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents and Solid Waste", in that the NRC has recommended that U.S. nuclear power plants evaluate whether C-14 is a "principal radionuclide", and if so, report the amount of C-14 released. The C-14 reported as released from the Susquehanna station in 2014 is calculated based on samples taken from each units Offgas system in October 2012, specifically the Offgas post-treatment sample stream. Approximately 42 Curies of C-14 were released in gaseous effluents in 2014. See section 4 for additional details on C-14 released in airborne effluents.

Historically, tritium has been the predominant radionuclide (both in curies and resultant offsite dose) released in gaseous effluents from the Susquehanna station. Approximately twenty six (26) curies of tritium were released in gaseous effluents in 2014 compared to one (1) curie in 2013. The resultant maximum offsite organ dose due to gaseous effluents from Unit-1 for 2014 was 1.55E-1 mrem, which is 1.03% of the per unit annual limit of fifteen (15) mrem. The resultant maximum offsite organ dose due to gaseous effluents from Unit-2 for 2014 was 6.26E-2 mrem, which is 0.42 % of the per unit annual limit of fifteen (15) mrem. The maximum offsite dose from gaseous effluents in 2014 is greater than the maximum offsite dose from gaseous effluents in 2013 primarily due to the slight increase in airborne effluent tritium.

FIGURE 1-1





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FIGURE 1-2

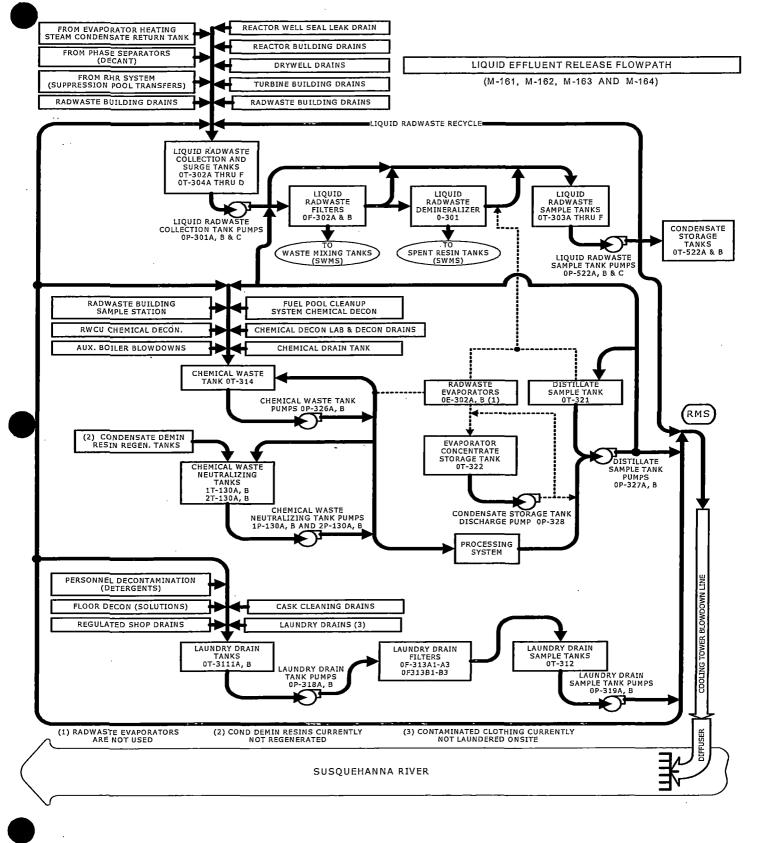
WATERBORNE EFFLUENT PATHWAY

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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

1. <u>Regulatory Limits</u>

Technical Requirements 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 outline requirements for release of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents, respectively. Concentration of radioactive materials released in liquid effluents and resulting dose are limited in unrestricted areas. Dose and dose rate due to radioactive materials released in gaseous effluents are limited in areas at or beyond the site boundary. Technical Requirement limits are listed in Table 1-1.

2. <u>Maximum Permissible Concentrations in Waterborne Effluents</u>

The concentration of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas is limited to 10 times the concentrations specified in 10 CFR Part 20 Appendix B Table 2, Column 2, for radionuclides other than dissolved or entrained noble gases.

For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration is limited to $2.0E-04 \mu$ Ci/ml total activity (TRO 3.11.1.1).

3. Average Energy of Fission and Activation Gas

The Calculation of Noble Gas Effluent Average Energies E-Bar Beta and Gamma for 2014 resulted in an Annual E-Bar Beta value of 4.41E-1 MeV and E-Bar Gamma value of 1.20E+0 MeV.

4. Measurements and Approximations of Total Radioactivity

Analyses of specific radionuclides in effluent samples are used to evaluate the radioactive composition and concentration of effluents.

5. Methods of Quantifying Effluents

a. <u>Fission and Activation Gases</u>: Gas samples are routinely collected monthly and analyzed with a high resolution (HPGE) detector system which incorporates a data reduction program to determine radionuclide composition in terms of specific activity. Data from the continuous vent monitors are used to determine the average concentration of noble gases. The high resolution (HPGE) isotopic scan is used to convert the continuous vent monitor activity to actual activity based on the determined nuclide mixture. The vent and sample flow rates are continuously monitored and the average flow rates for each vent are used to calculate the total activity released in a given time period. When the continuous monitors are out of service, manual grab samples are taken from each vent once every eight hours (once every four hours for the standby gas treatment vent when standby gas treatment system is in service).

- b. lodines: Iodine is continuously collected on charcoal or silver zeolite cartridges via an isokinetic sampling assembly in each vent. Filters are normally exchanged once per week and analyzed on a high resolution (HPGE) system. The daily average flow rates for the vents and sample pumps are averaged for the duration of the sampling period and a ratio of vent flow rate to sample flow rate is determined. The ratio is used to determine the total activity of each isotope released during the time period in question. When the continuous samplers are out of service, iodine is continuously collected from alternate sampling ports available on the sample lines or directly from the affected rooftop vent(s).
- c. <u>Particulates</u>: Particulates are continuously collected via an isokinetic sampling assembly in each vent. Filters are normally exchanged once per week and analyzed on a high resolution (HPGE) system. Flow rate corrections are performed as for iodines. When the continuous samplers are out of service, particulates are continuously collected from alternate sampling ports available on the sample lines or directly from the affected rooftop vent(s).
- d. <u>Tritium</u>: Airborne tritium is collected monthly via bubbler sampler. The sample is collected for one hour at a flow rate of approximately 1000 cc/min. Tritium activity in the bubbler sample is determined by liquid scintillation counting. The liquid sample tritium concentration is then converted to air concentration by volume proportion.
- e. <u>Waterborne Effluents</u>: Each tank of liquid radwaste is sampled and analyzed for principal gamma emitters prior to release. Each sample tank is recirculated for a sufficient amount of time prior to sampling to ensure that a representative sample is obtained. Samples are analyzed on a high resolution (HPGE) system and release permits are generated based on the values obtained from the isotopic analysis and the most recent values for tritium, gross alpha, iron-55, and strontium-89 and -90. An aliquot based on release volume is saved and added to monthly and quarterly composite containers. The monthly tritium analysis is done in-house. A monthly composite is sent to a vendor laboratory for gross alpha analysis. A quarterly composite is sent to a vendor laboratory for iron-55, strontium-89 and-90 analyses.

The concentration of each radionuclide in each batch is multiplied by the volume of the batch to determine the total quantity of each nuclide released in each batch. The isotopic totals for each batch are summed to determine the total source term for the report period.

TABLE 1-1

TECHNICAL REQUIREMENT LIMITS

A. <u>NOBLE GASES</u>:

- 1. ≤500 mrem/year TOTAL BODY ≤3000 mrem/year - SKIN
 - instantaneous dose rate limit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.1.I)
- 2. ≤5 mrad AIR GAMMA ≤10 mrad - AIR BETA
 - quarterly air dose limits per reactor unit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.2a)
- 3. ≤10 mrad AIR GAMMA ≤20 mrad - AIR BETA
 - annual air dose limits per reactor unit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.2.b)

B. AIRBORNE I-131, I-133, TRITIUM, PARTICULATES WITH HALF-LIVES > 8 DAYS:

- 1. ≤1500 mrem/year ORGAN (inhalation pathways only)
 - instantaneous dose rate limit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.1.II.A)
- 2. $\leq 7.5 \text{ mrem} \text{ORGAN}$
 - quarterly dose limit per reactor unit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.3.a)
- 3. $\leq 15 \text{ mrem ORGAN}$
 - annual dose limit per reactor unit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.3.b)

C. LIQUID EFFLUENTS:

- 1. ≤1.5 mrem TOTAL BODY ≤5.0 mrem - ORGAN
 - quarterly dose limits per unit (TRO 3.11.1.2.a)
- 2. ≤3.0 mrem TOTAL BODY
 ≤10.0 mrem ORGAN
 annual dose limits per unit (TRO 3.11.1.2.b)

D. AIRBORNE EFFLUENT: BASES FOR PERCENT OF APPLICABLE LIMIT VALUES IN TABLE 2-1

Fission and Activation Gases

Derived release rate limits based on the Technical Requirement (TRO 3.11.2.1.I.A and B) limits of 500 mrem/yr to the total body and 3000 mrem/yr to the skin were calculated (PPL calculation EC-ENVR-1041 Rev. 7) from the expected mix of noble gas radionuclides presented in Attachment A of ODCM-QA-003, Effluent Monitor Setpoints. The lower limit of 2.00E+06 μ Ci/min (3.33E+04 μ Ci/sec) based on total body dose rate is used.

Iodine-131

A derived release rate limit for I-131 based on the Technical Requirement (TRO 3.11.2.1.II.A) limit of 1500 mrem/yr from I-131, I-133, tritium and particulates with half-lives greater than 8 days was calculated (PPL calculation EC-ENVR-1041 Rev. 7) based on the ratio of the expected annual release quantities of I-131 and I-133 provided in Attachment E of ODCM-QA-004, Airborne Effluent Dose Calculations. The limit is 1.36E+02 μ Ci/min I-131 (2.27E+00 μ Ci/sec).

Particulates

A derived release rate limit for particulate activity other than iodines based on the Technical Requirement (TRO 3.11.2.1.II.A) limit of 1500 mrem/yr from I-131, I-133, tritium and particulates with half-lives greater than 8 days was calculated (PPL calculation EC-ENVR-1041 Rev. 7) based on the expected annual release quanities of particulate radionuclides provided in Attachment E of ODCM-QA-004, Airborne Effluent Dose Calculations. The limit is $3.83E+03 \mu$ Ci/min (6.38E+01 μ Ci/sec).

<u>Tritium</u>

A derived release rate was calculated based on the 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1, Effluent Concentration Limit for tritium (1.0E-07 μ Ci/cc) to unrestricted areas. A relative concentration of 4.1E-05 sec/m³ was assumed (PPL calculation EC-ENVR-1040). The limit is 1.46E+05 μ Ci/min (2.44E+03 μ Ci/sec).

Radionuclide Fractional Summation

The sum of the percentages of applicable limits for particulates, iodine and tritium must be less than 100%.

E. WATERBORNE EFFLUENT: BASES FOR PERCENT OF APPLICABLE LIMIT VALUES IN TABLE 2-3

Fission and Activation Products

Concentrations of fission and activation products in liquid effluent from radwaste effluent are determined for each batch prior to release. Each isotope concentration is compared to ten times the 10CFR20 Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 Effluent Concentration Values (TRO 3.11.1.1).

<u>Tritium</u>

Liquid effluent quarterly tritium concentrations are compared to ten times the 10 CFR 20 Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2, Effluent Concentration value of 1.0E-03 µCi/ml to unrestricted areas.

Dissolved and Entrained Gases

Liquid effluent concentrations for dissolved and entrained gases are compared to the limiting value for total noble gas activity of 2.0E-04 μ Ci/ml (TRO 3.11.1.1).

Radionuclide Fractional Summation

The sum of the percentages of applicable limits for fission and activation products, tritium and dissolved and entrained gases must be less than 100%.

SECTION 2

EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL DATA

Airborne Effluents

Summaries of the radionuclide total curie activities and average release rates are included in Tables 2-1 and 2-2. Total for Period values in Table 2-2 may not equal the sum of the Curies listed for each radionuclide due to unit rounding of the individual isotopes. Carbon-14 (C-14) activity released is not included in Tables 2-1 or 2-2. See Section 4 for additional details on the calculation of C-14 released in 2014 from the Susquehanna station. If a radionuclide was not detected, zero activity was used for that isotope in dose calculations and the activity is listed as "<MDC" (less than the minimum detectable concentration) in Tables 2-1 and 2-2. <MDC indicates that no activity was positively detected in any sample when samples were analyzed with techniques which achieved the required Lower Limits of Detection (LLD) as specified in the Technical Requirement (TRO) Table 3.11.2.1-1, Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Sampling and Analysis Program. In all cases, the measurement laboratory MDCs were at or below the LLD levels required by Technical Requirements. The following are typical measurement laboratory MDCs.

Typical MDCs

Radionuclide	MDC (µCi/cc)
Kr-87 Kr-88 Xe-133 Xe-133m Xe-135 Xe-135 Xe-138	4.3 E-08 4.6 E-08 3.0 E-08 1.1 E-07 1.5 E-08 8.0 E-08 1.5 E-07
Mn-54 Fe-59 Co-58 Co-60 Zn-65 Mo-99 Cs-134 Cs-137 Ce-141 Ce-144 I-131 Sr-89 Sr-90 H-3 Gross Alpha	$\begin{array}{c} 2.9 \ \text{E-13} \\ 2.8 \ \text{E-13} \\ 1.8 \ \text{E-13} \\ 3.8 \ \text{E-13} \\ 1.0 \ \text{E-13} \\ 1.0 \ \text{E-13} \\ 1.0 \ \text{E-12} \\ 2.4 \ \text{E-13} \\ 1.1 \ \text{E-13} \\ 1.0 \ \text{E-13} \\ 5.0 \ \text{E-13} \\ 4.4 \ \text{E-14} \\ 1.1 \ \text{E-13} \\ 1.3 \ \text{E-14} \\ 1.5 \ \text{E-08} \\ 2.3 \ \text{E-14} \end{array}$



Batch Releases

1.	Number of Batch Releases:	0
2.	Total Time Period for Batch Release:	NA
3.	Maximum Time Period for a Batch Release:	NA
4.	Average Time Period for a Batch Release:	NA
5.	Minimum Time Period for a Batch Release:	NA

Abnormal Releases

1. Number of Releases		0
2.	Total Activity Released	NA

TABLE 2-1

AIRBORNE EFFLUENT - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

A. Fission and Activation Gas	Unit	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Total Release	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>2.44E+00</td><td>5.66E+00</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>2.44E+00</td><td>5.66E+00</td></mdc<>	2.44E+00	5.66E+00
Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	0	0	3.07E-01	7.12E-01
Percent of Applicable Limit (3.33E+04 µCi/sec)	%	0	0	9.21E-04	2.14E-03

B. lodines

Total I-131	Ci	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""></mdc<>
Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	0 .	Ō	0	0
Percent of Applicable Limit (2.27E+00 µCi/sec)	%	0	0	0	0

C. Particulate

Particulate with Half-Life >8 Days	Ci	<mdc< th=""><th>1.13E-04</th><th><mdc< th=""><th>7.99E-06</th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	1.13E-04	<mdc< th=""><th>7.99E-06</th></mdc<>	7.99E-06
Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	0	1.43E-05	0	1.01E-06
Percent of Applicable Limit (6.38E+01 µCi/sec)	%	0	2.25E-05	0	1.58E-06
Gross Alpha Radioactivity	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>

D. Tritium

Ci	5.77E+00	4.36E+00	9.01E+00	6.65E+00
µCi/sec	7.42E-01	5.54E-01	1.13E+00	8.36E-01
%	3.04E-02	⁻ 2.27E-02	4.65E-02	3.43E-02
Ŀ	Ci/sec	Ci/sec 7.42E-01	Ci/sec 7.42E-01 5.54E-01	Ci/sec 7.42E-01 5.54E-01 1.13E+00

E. Radionuclide Fractional Summation

Sum of Percent of Applicable Limit	%	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.03	٦
During Period for B, C and D (Limit =						
100%)						

TABLE 2-2

AIRBORNE EFFLUENT - RADIONUCLIDES RELEASED

·		Releases in Continuous Mode			
Nuclides Released	Unit	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter

A. Fission and Activation Gases

A. I ISSIOII allu Activ	ation Gases				
N-13	Ci	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""></mdc<>
Ar-41	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>2.19E+00</td><td>5.06E+00</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>2.19E+00</td><td>5.06E+00</td></mdc<>	2.19E+00	5.06E+00
Kr-85	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Kr-85m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>1.01E-01</td><td>2.36E-01</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>1.01E-01</td><td>2.36E-01</td></mdc<>	1.01E-01	2.36E-01
Kr-87	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Kr-88	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>5.80E-02</td><td>1.18E-01</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>5.80E-02</td><td>1.18E-01</td></mdc<>	5.80E-02	1.18E-01
Kr-89	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Xe-133	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>8.37E-02</td><td>2.37E-01</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>8.37E-02</td><td>2.37E-01</td></mdc<>	8.37E-02	2.37E-01
Xe-135	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Xe-135m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Xe-137	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Xe-138	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Total for Period	Ci	0	0	2.44E+00	5.66E+00

B. lodines

I-131	Ci	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""></mdc<>
I-133	Ci	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""></mdc<>
1-135	Ci	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""></mdc<>
Total for Period	Ci	0	0	0	0

C. Particulate

Cr-51	Ci	<mdc< th=""><th>3.79E-05</th><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	3.79E-05	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""></mdc<>
Mn-54	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>5.78E-06</td><td><mdc< td=""><td>7.99E-06</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	5.78E-06	<mdc< td=""><td>7.99E-06</td></mdc<>	7.99E-06
Fe-59	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Co-57	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Co-58	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>3.64E-06</td><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	3.64E-06	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Co-60	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>6.55E-05</td><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	6.55E-05	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Zn-65	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Sr-89	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Sr-90	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Cs-134	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Cs-137	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Ce-141	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Ce-144	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Nb-95	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Ba-La-140	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Total for Period	Ci	0	1.13E-04	0	7.99E-06

Waterborne Effluents

Summaries of the radionuclide total curie activities, average diluted concentrations, and percent of applicable Technical Requirement limits are included in Tables 2-3 and 2-4. Total for Period values in Table 2-4 may not equal the sum of the Curies listed for each radionuclide due to unit rounding of the individual isotopes.

	Batch Releases*	<u>Qtr. 1</u>	<u>Qtr. 2</u>	<u>Qtr. 3</u>	<u>Qtr. 4</u>	<u>Annual</u>
1. 2. 3.	Number of Batch Releases Total Time Period for Batch Releases Maximum Time Period for a Batch	46 * 9.02E+03 3.04E+02	59 9.18E+03 2.95E+02	43 6.58E+03 2.81E+02	60 8.83E+03 2.96E+02	208 3.36E+04 3.04E+02
4.	Release Average Time Period for a Batch Release	1.96E+02	1.56E+02	1.53E+02	1.47E+02	1.62E+02
5.	Minimum Time Period for a Batch Release	2.00E+01	3.60E+01	3.50E+01	3.50E+01	2.00E+01
6.	Average Cooling Tower Blowdown Flow Rate During Periods of Release	1.12E+04	1.17E+04	1.31E+04	1.15E+04	1.18E+04
7.	Susquehanna River Flow Rate	7.02E+06	1.21E+07	2.61E+06	4.52E+06	6.53E+06

*Units of time and flow are expressed in minutes and gallons per minute (gpm), respectively.

If a radionuclide was not detected, zero activity was used for that isotope in dose calculations and the activity is listed as "<MDC" (less than the miniumum detectable concentration) in Tables 2-3 and 2-4. <MDC indicates that no activity was positively detected in any sample when samples were analyzed with techniques which achieved the required Lower Limits of Detection (LLD) as specified in the Technical Requirement 3.11.1.1-1, Radioactive Liquid Waste Sampling and Analysis Program. In all cases, the measurement laboratory MDCs were at or below the LLD levels required by Technical Requirements. The following are typical measurement laboratory MDCs.

<u>Radionuclide</u>	<u>MDC (µCi/ml)</u>
Mn-54	4.5 E-08
Fe-59	5.0 E-08
Co-58	4.0 E-08
Co-60	5.4 E-08
Zn-65	4.9 E-08
Mo-99	1.7 E-07
I-131	2.0 E-08
Cs-134	2.2 E-08
Cs-137	2.6 E-08
Ce-141	3.2 E-08
Ce-144	1.3 E-07
Sr-89	4.4 E-08
Sr-90	1.6 E-08
Fe-55	8.2 E-07
H-3	3.6 E-06
Gross Alpha	3.7 E-09

Abnormal Releases

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1.	Number of releases	0	0	0	0
2.	Volume Released (Gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	Total Activity Released (Ci)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3.	l otal Activity Released (CI)	IN/A	N/A	N/A	IN/A

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TABLE 2-3

WATERBORNE EFFLUENT - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

		First	Second	Third	Fourth
A. Fission and Activation Products	Unit	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
1. Total Release (excluding: Tritium, Ent.					
Gases, Alpha)	Ci	2.33E-03	6.40E-03	4.74E-03	7.13E-03
2. Average Diluted Concentration					
During Period	µCi/ml	6.10E-09	1.57E-08	1.46E-08	1.85E-08
3. Sum of Average Diluted C _n /L _n Ratio					
During Period	Unitless	1.08E-04	4.18E-04	4.07E-04	2.75E-04
4. Percent of Applicable Limit (Ratio < 1.0)	%	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.03
B. Tritium		0.705.04	4.055.04	4.005.04	0.455.04
1. Total Release	Ci	2.79E+01	1.95E+01	1.38E+01	2.15E+01
2. Average Diluted Concentration			4 705 05		E ECE OF
During Period	µCi/ml %	7.29E-05	4.79E-05	4.24E-05	5.56E-05
3. Percent of Applicable Limit (1.0E-2 µCi/ml)	%	0.73	0.48	0.42	0.56
C. Dissolved and Entrained Gases					
1. Total Release	Ci	1.07E-06	1.51E-05	4.24E-06	3.67E-06
2. Average Diluted Concentration	⊥UCi/ml	2.80E-12	3.71E-11	1.30E-11	9.52E-12
During Period	μοι/ι	2.000-12			0.021-12
3. Percent of Applicable Limit (2.0E-4 µCi/ml)	%	1.40E-06	1.85E-05	6.50E-06	4.76E-06
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·····	·	
D. Radionuclide Fractional Summation					
1. Sum of Percent of Applicable Limit During					
Period for A, B and C (Limit = 100%)	%	0.74	0.52	0.46	0.59
E. Gross Alpha Radioactivity					
1. Total Release	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
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F. Volume of Water Released	Gallons	7.33E+05	7.26E+05	5.18E+05	6.98E+05
(Prior to Dilution)	Liters	2.77E+06	2.75E+06	1.96E+06	2.64E+06
G. Volume of Dilution Water	Gallons	1.00E+08	1.07E+08	8.55E+07	1.01E+08
Used During Period of Release	Liters	3.80E+08	4.05E+08	3.24E+08	3.83E+08
H. Volume of Dilution Water	Gallons	1.29E+09	1.59E+09	1.54E+09	1.72E+09
Used Over Entire Period	Liters	4.88E+09	6.03E+09	5.85E+09	6.50E+09

TABLE 2-4

WATERBORNE EFFLUENT - RADIONUCLIDES RELEASED

		Releases in Batch Mode				
Nuclides	Unit	First	Second	Third	Fourth	
Released		Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	
A. Fission and Acti	vation I					
Ba-142	l Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>5.98E-05</td><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	5.98E-05	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Cr-51	Ci	7.70E-04	2.50E-04	1.37E-04	2.91E-03	
Mn-54	Ci	2.48E-04	9.58E-04	6.91E-04	3.92E-04	
Fe-55	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Co-58	Ci	.1.26E-04	1.16E-04	4.75E-06	6.41E-04	
Fe-59	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>3.74E-06</td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>3.74E-06</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>3.74E-06</td></mdc<>	3.74E-06	
Co-60	Ci	1.19E-03	4.96E-03	3.90E-03	2.88E-03	
Zn-65	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>4.08E-05</td><td><mdc< td=""><td>2.59E-04</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	4.08E-05	<mdc< td=""><td>2.59E-04</td></mdc<>	2.59E-04	
Sr-89	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Sr-90	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Nb-95	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>3.34E-07</td><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	3.34E-07	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Mo-99	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>1.04E-05</td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>1.04E-05</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>1.04E-05</td></mdc<>	1.04E-05	
Nb-97	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Tc-99m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>5.08E-07</td><td>1.06E-05</td><td>4.30E-05</td></mdc<>	5.08E-07	1.06E-05	4.30E-05	
Te-134	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Cs-137	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>5.23E-06</td><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	5.23E-06	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Sb-124	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>8.13E-07</td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>8.13E-07</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>8.13E-07</td></mdc<>	8.13E-07	
Ta-182	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>1.07E-05</td><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	1.07E-05	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
U-235	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>9.58E-08</td><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>9.58E-08</td><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	9.58E-08	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Total for Period	Ci	2.33E-03	6.40E-03	4.74E-03	7.13E-03	
B. Tritium	<u></u>				, <u> </u>	
Total for Period	Ci	2.79E+01	1.95E+01	1.38E+01	2.15E+01	
C. Dissolved and E		d Gases	l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Ar-41	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Kr-85	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Kr-85m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Kr-87	Ci	< <u>MDC</u>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Kr-88	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Xe-131m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Xe-133m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Xe-133	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>1.51E-05</td><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	1.51E-05	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Xe-135m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
Xe-135	Ci	1.07E-06	<mdc< td=""><td>4.24E-06</td><td>3.67E-06</td></mdc<>	4.24E-06	3.67E-06	
Total for Period	Ci	1.07E-06	1.51E-05	4.24E-06	3.67E-06	

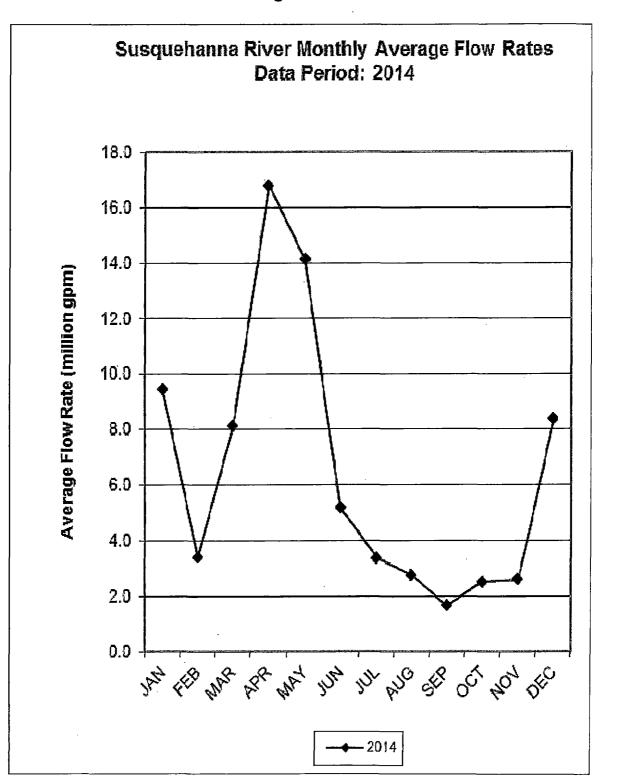
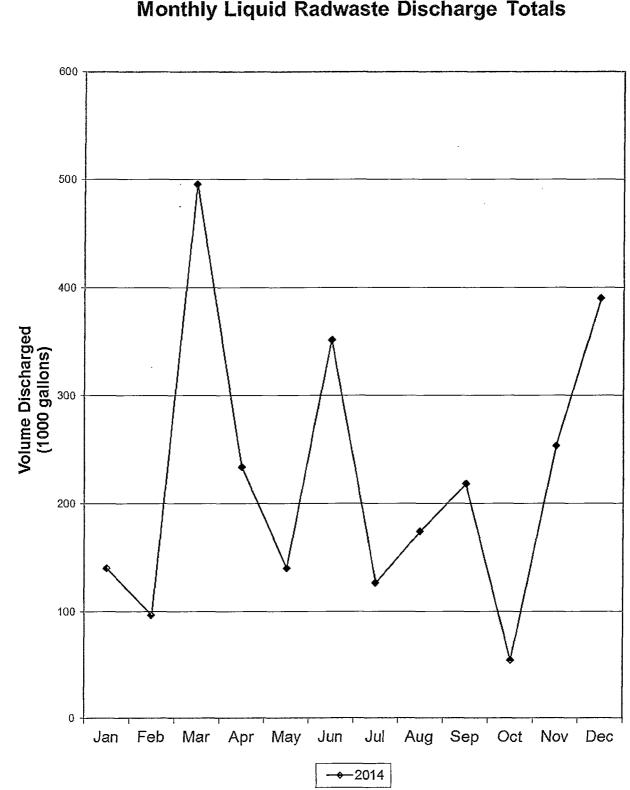


Figure 2-1



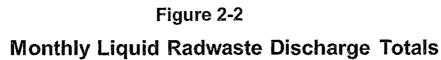


TABLE 2-5

ESTIMATED TOTAL ERRORS ASSOCIATED WITH EFFLUENTS MEASUREMENTS

		MEASUREMENT	ESTIMATED TOTAL ERROR
1.	Airl	borne Effluents	
	a.	Fission and Activation Gases	15.9%
	b.	I-131	13.3%
	C.	Particulates (incl. Gross Alpha)	15.8%
	d.	Tritium	13.6%
2.	Wa	terborne Effluents	
	a.	Fission and Activation Products	5.0%
	b.	Tritium	3.3%
	C.	Dissolved and Entrained Gases	8.4%
	d.	Gross Alpha Activity	6.0%
	e.	Volume of Waste Released (Prior to Dilution)	5.0%
	f.	Volume of Dilution Water Used During Period	15.0%
		~	ESTIMATED MAXIMUM MEASUREMENT ERROR
3.	Solic	Wastes	
	а.	Contaminated Waste Oil – Class A Fuel Blending for Co-Generation	±25%
	b.	Condensate Demineralizer / Radwaste Demineralizer Class A HIC (Pyrolysis)	±25%
	C.	Processed DAW – Class A HIC (Compacted)	±25%
	d.	Processed DAW – Class A HIC (Non-Processed)	±25%
	e.	Liquid Radwaste Filter Media – Class A HIC (Pyrolysis)	±25%
	f.	Processed DAW – Class A Strong Tight Container (Compacted)	±25%
	g.	Processed DAW – Class A Strong Tight Container (Compacted)	±25%

SUSQUEHANNA STEAM ELECTRIC STATION RADIOACTIVE WASTE REPORT RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT SOLID RADIOACTIVE WASTE

DATA PERIOD:

JANUARY 1, 2014 - DECEMBER 31, 2014

PREPARED BY:

KIMBERLY MURCHISON HEALTH PHYSICIST

APPROVED BY:

7 / JEFF GRISWOLD RADIOLOGICAL OPERATIONS SUPERVISOR

REPORT NOTES

- 1. All activities reported in Milli-Curies (mCi) unless otherwise noted.
- 2. Reported activities, as indicated with the (<) sign, are comprised in whole or part of MDL values.
- 3. Estimated maximum measurement error is $\pm 25\%$.

TABLE 2-6

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WASTE DISPOSITION

Data Period: January 1, 2014 - December 31, 2014

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A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFF-SITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL

Number of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination
NONE		

B. IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS

Number of Shipments Mode of Transportation Destination

NONE



Waste Release Detail Report

Container: Process:	14-021 A Contaminat	ed Waste	Oil Co-Gene:		ndor: Yes
Nuclides	Ac	tivity (mCi) ^s	% of Tot	al
C-14 CO-60 CS-137 FE-55 H-3 I-129 MN-54 NI-63 TC-99	<	2.030E+0 1.310E-0 2.950E+0	0 3 0 0 3 2 1	0.01 % 16.64 % 0.01 % 24.19 % 57.72 % 0.03 % 0.11 % 1.25 % 0.03 %	
Total Activi Container Vo	ty (Ci). lume	0.01 650.00	2 1 0 ft ³	18.406	 5 m ³

Table 2-8

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Annual Waste Release Summary Report

Year: 2014 Reference: BEAD RESIN Class: A Volume Reduction Vendor: Yes Source: Condensate Demineralizer / Radwaste Demineralizer Container: HIC (High Integrity Container) Process: Pyrolysis QA Done: Yes By: effluents

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Nuclides	Activity (mCi)	% of Total
AG-110M	1.580E+00	0.02 %
AM-241	0.000E+00	0.00 %
C-14	3.640E+02	4.90 %
CE~144	1.430E-03	0.00 %
CM-242	0.000E+00	0.00 %
CO~57	2.980E-01	0.00 %
CO~58	1.360E+02	1.83 %
CO~60	4.080E+03	54.93 %
CR-51	2.260E+01	0.30 %
CS-137	9.070E+00	0.12 %
FE-55	1.480E+03	19.93 %
FE~59	4.500E+00	0.06 %
H-3	3.150E+02	4.24 응
I-129	5.390E-01	0.01 %
I-131	1.060E+00	0.01 응
LA-140	3.510E-04	0.00 %
MN-54	6.320E+02	8.51 %
NB-95	6.440E+00	0.09 %
NI-59	3.000E-01	0.00 %
NI-63	1.900E+02	2.56 %
PU-241	0.000E+00	0.00 %
SB-124	0.000E+00	0.00 %
SB-125	1.970E+00	0.03 %
SR-89	8.010E-03	0.00 %
SR-90	4.050E-01	0.01 %
TA-182	8.810E+00	0.12 %
TC-99	3.700E+00	0.05 %
ZN-65	1.610E+02	
ZR-95	7.860E+00	0.11 %
Total Activity (Ci)	7.427 716.700 ft ³	100.00 %
Container Volume	716.700 ft ³	20.295 m^3



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Annual Waste Release Summary Report -----

0.08 %

0.00 %

2.38 %

1.06 %

0.00 응

0.72 %

100.00 %

 0.490 m^3

Year: Reference: Class:	DAW CFS FILTERS	duction Vendor:	Yes
	Processed DAW		
Container:	HIC (High Integrity Con	tainer)	
	Compacted		
QA Done:	Yes By: effluents		
Nuclides	Activity (mCi)	% of Total	
C-14	3.630E-02	0.00 %	
CO-58	2.330E+00	0.09 %	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CO-60	6.710E+02	24.68 %	
CS-137	1.460E-01	0.01 %	
FE-55	1.930E+03	70.98 %	

2.180E+00

2.370E-02

6.480E+01

2.890E+01

1.230E-01

Total Activity (Ci) 2.719

Container Volume

1.950E+01

17.300 ft³

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H-3

I-129

MN-54

NI-63

TC-99

ZN-65

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Annual Waste Release Summary Report

Source: Container:	A Processe HIC (Hig Non-Proc	Vol d DAW h Integri essed	lume Red ity Cont		Vendor: Ye	ទ
Nuclides		Activity	(mCi)	% of To	otal	
CO-58		1.460E+	+00	3.58	음	
CO-60		1.990E+	+01	48.77	20	
CS-137		9.050E-	·02	0.22	8	
FE-55		1.520E+	-01	37.25	olo	
MN-54		1.420E4	-00	3.48	00	
NB-95		1.450E+	-00	3.55	8	
NI-63		5.190E-	-01	1.27	00	
ZN-65		7.600E-	-01	1.86	010	
Total Activ: Container Vo			~	100.00 1.0	· ·	

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Annual Waste Release Summary Report

Class: Source: Container: Process:	ERWIN - LRW FM	Filter M rity Cont		r: Yes
Nuclides	Activit	y (mCi)	% of Total	
C-14			0.00 %	
CO-58	3.050	E+00	0.10 %	
CO-60	1.690		56.43 %	
CR-51		E-03		
CS-137		E-01	0.02 %	
FE-55			35.06 %	
FE-59	1.880			
H-3	1.490		0.50 %	
I-129	1.750		0.00 %	
MN-54			5.18 %	
NB-95	5.120		0.00 %	
NI-63	3.640		1.22 %	
SB-124		E-02		
SR-90	3.890		0.00 %	
TA-182	1.500		0.05 %	
TC-99		E-02		
ZN-65	4.300		1.44 %	
ZR-95	8.430	E-02	0.00 %	
Total Activ Container Vo	ity (Ci) 2 olume 17	.995 .300 ft ³	100.00 % 0.490 m ³	

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Year: 2014

Annual Waste Release Summary Report

Reference: MEMPHIS/ERWIN DAW Class: A Volume Reduction Vendor: Yes Source: Processed DAW Container: Strong Tight Container Process: Compacted QA Done: Yes By: effluents Nuclides Activity (mCi) % of Total ____ -----6.440E-06 0.00 % AG-110M AM-241 4.020E-06 0.00 % 0.00 % C-14 4.300E-02 CE-144 1.840E-05 0.00 % 3.050E-06 0.00 % CM-242 0.00 응 CO-57 3.840E-03 2.040E+02 3.48 % CO-58 2.860E+03 48.84 % CO-60 0.00 % 1.770E-03 CR-51 CS-137 0.22 % 1.290E+01 FE-55 2.180E+03 37.23 % 1.930E-04 0.00 % FE-59 Н-З 1.150E+01 0.20 % 0.00 % I-129 1.080E-02 1.930E-05 0.00 % I-131 0.00 % LA-140 0.000E+00 MN-54 2.030E+02 3.47 % NB-95 2.010E+02 3.43 % 0.00 % NI-59 3.640E-03 1.28 % 7.470E+01 NI-63 PU-241 0.00 % 5.040E-04 0.00 % SB-124 3.450E-06 SB-125 2.430E-02 0.00 % SR-89 1.350E-04 0.00 % 0.00 % SR-90 9.690E-04 0.00 응 TA-182 2.020E-04 6.810E-02 0.00 % TC-99 ZN-65 1.080E+02 1.84 응 5.610E-04 0.00 % ZR-95 ______ Total Activity (Ci)5.855100.00 %Container Volume5456.000 ft3154.500 m3



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Annual Waste Release Summary Report

Year: 2014						
Reference:	SPMF 2014					
Class:	A	Vol	ume Rea	duction	Vendor:	Yes
Source:	Processed	DAW				
Container:	Strong Tig	ght Cont	ainer			
	Compacted					
QA Done:	Yes By:	: efflu	ents			
Nuclides	Ac	ctivity	(mCi)	% of T	otal	
CO-58		1.460E+				
CO-60		2.040E+				
CS-137		9.280E+				
FE-55		1.560E+				
H-3		7.450E+				
MN-54		1.450E+		3.47		
NB-95		1.440E+				
NI-63		5.330E+	01	1.27	90 10	
ZN-65		7.730E+	01	1.85	8	
Total Activ Container Vo	ity (Ci)	4.1	82	100.00	18	
Container Vo	olume	2268.0	00 ft'	64.	224 m³	

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SECTION 3

METEOROLOGICAL DATA AND DISPERSION ESTIMATES

METEOROLOGY AND DISPERSION DATA

Meteorological data have been collected at the PPL Susquehanna, LLC site since the early 1970s. At the present time, the meteorological system is based on a 300-foot high tower located approximately 1,000 feet to the southeast of the plant. Wind sensors are mounted at the 10m and 60m elevations on this tower. Vertical temperature differential is measured with redundant sensor pairs between the 10m and 60m levels. Sigma theta (the standard deviation of horizontal wind direction) is calculated from wind direction at both levels. Dew point and ambient temperature sensors are present at the 10m level. Precipitation is measured at ground level.

A back-up meteorological tower was erected in 1982. It is a 10m tower providing alternate measurements of wind speed, wind direction, and sigma theta. A 10m downriver meteorological tower is also available. This tower measures wind speed, wind direction, sigma theta, temperature and dew point.

Meteorological data are transmitted to the plant Control Room, Technical Support Center, Emergency Operations Facility for emergency response availability, and ABSG Consulting, Inc. ABSG Consulting, Inc., located in Rockville, Maryland, provides meteorological consulting services to PPL Susquehanna, LLC.

Regulatory Guide 1.23 (Safety Guide 23) requires at least 90% data recovery for meteorological instrumentation. During 2014, all meteorological instrumentation met the 90% data recovery requirement. Table 3-1 lists the percent valid data recovery values for the parameters monitored as part of the PPL Susquehanna Meteorological Monitoring Program.

Dispersion modeling for effluents from normal operation is done using the MIDAS system XDCALC program, a straight-line Gaussian plume model designed to estimate average relative concentration. The model was developed in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.111. For periods when the wind speed is calm, the actual wind direction that last occurred is used.

XDCALC and the XQINTR program that interpolates X/Q values to exact locations both use terrain correction factors to account for the temporal and spatial variations in the airflow in the region. A straight-line trajectory model assumes that a constant mean wind transports and diffuses effluents in the direction of airflow at the release point within the entire region of interest. The terrain correction factors were taken from FSAR Table 2.3-128.

Tables 3-2 and 3-3 provide the joint frequency distribution of wind speed and direction (as a function of delta temperature) at the 10 and 60 meter elevations of the primary meteorological tower. Table 3-4 lists no decay, undepleted X/Q values at various distances from the site. Table 3-5 lists 2.26 day decay, undepleted X/Q values at various distances from the site. Table 3-6 lists 8-day decay, depleted X/Q values at various distances from the site and Table 3-7 is a listing of D/Q (relative deposition) values at various distances from the site.

TABLE 3-1

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METEOROLOGICAL DATA RECOVERY FOR 2014

Parameter	Percent Valid Data Recovery
Wind Speed 10m – Primary ⁽¹⁾	99.8
Wind Speed 60m - Primary	99.8
Wind Speed 10m – Backup ⁽²⁾	99.9
Wind Speed 10m – Downriver ⁽³⁾	99.9
Wind Direction 10m – Primary	99.8
Wind Direction 60m – Primary	99.8
Wind Direction 10m – Backup	100.0
Wind Direction 10m - Downriver	100.0
Temperature 10m - Primary	99.6
Dew Point 10m - Primary	100.0
Delta Temperature 60m - Primary	99.4
Sigma Theta 10m - Primary	99.8
Sigma Theta 60m - Primary	99.8
Sigma Theta 10m - Backup	100.0
Sigma Theta 10m - Downriver	100.0
Precipitation - Primary	99.6
COMPOSITE PARAMETERS	
Wind Speed and Direction 10m, Delta Temperature 60-10m	99.4 .
Wind Speed and Direction 60m, Delta Temperature 60-10m	99.4
(1) SSES "Primary" meteorological to	
(2) SSES "Backup" meteorological to	
(3) SSES "Downriver" meteorologica	I tower



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TABLE 3-2

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014

Joint Frequency Distribution

Period of Record = Elevation: Speed: Stability Class A	Total Period1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:0010_SPDDirection: 10_WDLapse: DT60-10ADelta TemperatureExtremely Unstable							
			Wind	Speed (mp	h)			
Wind Direction	<u>1-4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Ν	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
NNE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
NE	6	1	0	0	0	0	7	
ENE	9	1	0	0	0	0	10	
${f E}$	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	
ESE	6	0	0	0	0	0	6	
SE	5	0	2	0	0	0	7	
SSE	2	1	1	0	0	0	4	
S .	2	2	3	1	0	0	8	
SSW	3	5	7	0	0	0	15	
SW	0	3	15	2	0	0	20	
WSW	1	1	0	3	0	0	5	
\mathbf{W}	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	39	16	28	6	0	0	89	
Calm Hours not Included above for : Variable Direction Hours for: Invalid Hours for: Valid Hours for this Stability Class for: Total Hours for Period			Total Period6Total Period0Total Period54Total Period898760					

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Reco	rd =		1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:00				0
Elevation: S	Speed:	10_SPD	Direction:	10_	WD	Lapse:	DT60-10A
Stability Class	В		Delta Temperatu	ire	Moderat	ely Unst	able

Wind Speed (mph)

Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ν	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
NNE	2	1	6	0	0	-0	, 9
NE	4	5	5	0	0	0	14
ENE	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
E	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
ESE	4	3	0	0	0	0	7
SE	0	6	7	0	0	0	13
SSE	2	0	4	0	0	0	6
S	1	6	6	1	0	0	14
SSW	0	8	9	0	0	0	17
SW	3	9	31	5	0	0	48
WSW	0	2	7	1	0	0	10
W	0	0	5	0	0	0	5
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNW	0	0	4	1	0	0	5
Total	20	42	87	8	0	0	157
Calm Hours n	ot Included a	bove for :		То	tal Period		6
Variable Direc	tion Hours f	or:		Total Period			0
Invalid Hours	for:			Total Period			54
Valid Hours fo	or this Stabili	ty Class fo	r:	То	tal Period		157
Total Hours fo	Total Hours for Period						8760

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Period of Record = Elevation: Speed: Stability Class C	Total Period 1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:00 10_SPD Direction: 10_WD Lapse: DT60-10A Delta Temperature Slightly Unstable							
			Wind	Speed (mp	oh)			
Wind Direction	<u>1-4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Ν	0	5	17	1	0	0	23	
NNE	0	21	6	1	0	0	28	
NE	6	23	2	0	0	0	31	
ENE	7	4	0	0	0	0	11	
E	5	4	0	0	0	0	9	
ESE	4	7	0	0	0	0	11	
SE	3	8	6	0	0	0	17	
SSE	0	9	5	0	0	0	14	
S	2	16	13	5	0	0	36	
SSW	2	30	5	0	0	0	37	
SW	1	50	63	9	0	0	123	
WSW	0	11	33	13	1	0	58	
W	0	2	5	0	0	0	7	
WNW	0	3	2	0	0	0	5	
NW	0	2	3	1	0	0	6	
NNW	0	3	12	8	0	0	23	
Total	30	198	172	38	1	0	439	
Calm Hours not					otal Period		6	
Variable Directi		or:		То	tal Period		0	
Invalid Hours fo				То	tal Period		54	
Valid Hours for	Valid Hours for this Stability Class for:				tal Period		439	

Total Hours for Period

3-6

8760

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Period of Record = Elevation: Speed: Stability Class D	10_SPD	\mathbf{Di}) - 12/3 10_WD	1/2014 23: Lapse: tral		0A .
			Wind	l Speed (mp	h)		
Wind Direction	<u>1-4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
N	26	181	168	7	0	0	382
NNE	65	187	67	0	0	0	319
NE	122	161	25	0	0	0	308
ENE	125	63	4	0	0	0	192
Е	126	51	3	0	0	0	180
ESE	9 9	56	18	0	0	0	173
SE	89	101	18	0	0	0	208
SSE	· 77	92	33	1	0	0	203
S	93	172	59	1	0	0	325
SSW	71	214	47	1	0	0	333
SW	48	285	178	26	1	0	538
WSW	23	118	122	73	6	0	342
W	11	71	78	31	1	0	192
WNW	5	64	68	4	0	0	141
NW	9	90	137	26	0	0	262
NNW	10	132	177	26	0	0	345
Total	999	2038	1202	196	8	0	4443
Calm Hours not Variable Directi					tal Period tal Period		6 0
Invalid Hours fo	or:			То	tal Period		54
Valid Hours for	this Stabil	ity Class fo	or:	То	tal Period		4443
Total Hours for		-					8760



SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Period of Record = Elevation: Speed: Stability Class E	Total Period 1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:00 : 10_SPD Direction: 10_WD Lapse: DT60-10A Delta Temperature Slightly Stable						
			Wind	Speed (mp	h)		
Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>≥ 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ν	21	41	1	0	0	0	63
NNE	68	74	3	0	0	0	145
NE	175	51	1	0	0	0	227
ENE	299	15	0	0	0	0	314
${f E}$	219	3	0	0	0	0	222
ESE	141	11	0	0	0	0	152
SE	101	11	5	1	0	0	118
SSE	119	37	15	0	0	0	171
S	127	102	20	1	0	0	250
SSW	57	169	18	2	0	0	246
SW	24	104	22	0	0	0	150
WSW	17	19	10	2	0	0	48
W	7	11	3	0	0	0	21
WNW	4	8	2	0	0	0	14
NW	5	17	3	0	0	0	25
NNW	5	21	2	0	0	0	28
Total	1389	694	105	6 .	0	0	2194
Calm Hours not Included above for : Variable Direction Hours for: Invalid Hours for: Valid Hours for this Stability Class for: Total Hours for Period			To To	tal Period tal Period tal Period tal Period		6 0 54 2194 8760	

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Record = Elevation: Speed: Stability Class F	10_SPD	Di	1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:00 Direction: 10_WD Lapse: DT60-10A Delta Temperature Moderately Stable					
			Wind	Speed (mp	h)			
Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Ν	6	4	0	0	0	0	10	
NNE	24	8	0	0	0	0	32	
NE	143	6	1	0	0	0	150	
ENE	392	12	0	0	0	0	404	
E	141	1	0	0	0	0	142	
ESE	56	2	0	0	0	0	58	
SF	33	1	0	0	0	0	34	

ESE	20	2	0	0	0	U	28
SE	33	1	0	0	0	0	34
SSE	34	2	0	0	0	0	36
S	30	1	0	0	0	0	31
SSW	7	9	0	0	0	0	16
SW	2	3	0.	0	0	0	5
WSW	1	2	1	0	0	0	4
W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NW	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
NNW	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
Total	873	52	2	0	0	0	927
Calm Hours n	ot Included al	bove for :		Total	Period		6
Variable Direc	ction Hours fo	or:		Total	Period		0
Invalid Hours	for:			Total	Period		54
Valid Hours fo	or this Stabilit		Total Period			927	
Total Hours fo	or Period						8760

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Period of Record = Elevation: Speed: Stability Class G	Total Period 1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:00 10_SPD Direction: 10_WD Lapse: DT60-10A Delta Temperature Extremely Stable								
	Wind Speed (mph)								
Wind Direction	<u>1-4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>		
\mathbf{N}	0	1	0	0	0	0	1		
NNE	12	0	0	0	0	0	12		
NE	76	2	0	0	0	0	78		
ENE	252	5	0	0	0	0	257 [.]		
\mathbf{E}	63	0	0	. 0	0	0	63		
ESE	15	0	0	0	0	0	15		
SE	8	0	0	0	0	0	8		
SSE	8	0	0	0	0	0	8		
S	4	1	0	0	0	0	5		
SSW	2	2	0	0	0	0	4		
SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total	440	11	0	0	0	0	451		
Calm Hours not Included above for : Variable Direction Hours for: Invalid Hours for: Valid Hours for this Stability Class for: Total Hours for Period			r:	Total Period Total Period Total Period 5 Total Period 45 876					

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Summary of	Summary of All Stability Classes								
			Total Period						
Period of Record =			1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:00						
Elevation:	Speed:	10_SPD	Direction:	10_WD	Lapse:	DT60-10A			

Delta Temperature

Wind Speed (mph)

Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ν	56	233	189	8	0	0	483
NNE	171	292	82	1	0	0	546
NE	532	249	34	0	0	0	815
ENE	1087	101	4	0	0	0	1192
E	560	60	3	0	0	0	623
ESE	325	79	18	0	0	0	422
SE	239	127	38	1	0	0	405
SSE	242	141	58	1	0	0	442
S	259	300	101	9	0	0	669
SSW	142	437	86	3	0	0	668
SW	78	454	309	42	1	0	884
WSW	42	153	173	92	7	0	467
\mathbf{W}	18	84	91	31	1	0	225
WNW	9	75	72	4	0	0	160
NW	15	110	143	27	0	0	295
NNW	18	156	195	35	0	0	404
Total	3790	3051	1596	254	9	0	8700
Calm Hours 1	not Included	above for :		To	tal Period		6
Variable Dire	Variable Direction Hours for:				Total Period		
Invalid Hours	Invalid Hours for:				Total Period		

Valid Hours for this Stability Class for: **Total Hours for Period**

3-11

Total Period

8700

8760

TABLE 3-3

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

		Total Period
Period of Record =		1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:00
Elevation: Speed:	60_SPD	Direction: 60_WD Lapse: DT60-10A
Stability Class A		Delta Temperature Extremely Unstable

Wind Speed (mph)

Wind Direction	<u>1-4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ν	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
NNE	4	4	0	0	0	0	8
NE	10	2	0	0	0	.0	12
ENE	5	0	0	0	0	0	5
\mathbf{E}	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	2	0	2	1	0	0	5
SSE	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
S	1	2	0	2	1	0	6
SSW	3	7	2	4	1	0	17
SW	0	3	4	17	0	0	24
WSW	0	1	1	1	2	0	5
\mathbf{W}	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	21	9	25	4	0	89
Calm Hours no	ot Included a	bove for :		Total Period			5
Variable Direc	tion Hours f	or:		To	tal Period		0
Invalid Hours	for:			To	tal Period		56 89
Valid Hours fo	Valid Hours for this Stability Class for:				Total Period		
Total Hours fo	Total Hours for Period						8760

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Period of Record = Elevation: Speed: Stability Class B	60_SPD	Din	Total I 14 00:00 rection: (emperature) - 12/3 50_WD	1/2014 23 Lapse: erately Un	DT60-1	0A
			Wind	Speed (mp	oh)		
Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
\mathbf{N}	0	2	3	2	0	0	7
NNE	0	1	3	5	0	0	9
NE	5	6	3	0	0	0	14
ENE	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
\mathbf{E}	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	1	1	4	0	0	0	6
SE	0	3	7	3	0	0	13
SSE	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
S	1	1	3	5	1	1	12
SSW	0	4	7	5	3	0	19
SW	3	4	22	20	2	0	51
WSW	1	0	4	5	1	0	11
\mathbf{W}	0	0	2	2	0	0	4
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NW	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
NNW	0	0	1	2	0	0	3
Total	14	23	59	53	7	• 1	157
Calm Hours not	Included al	bove for :		То	tal Period		5
Variable Directi	on Hours fo	or:		To	tal Period		0
Invalid Hours fo	r:			To	tal Period		56
Valid Hours for	Valid Hours for this Stability Class for:				tal Period		157
Total Hours for	Period						8760

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Period of Record = Elevation: Speed: Stability Class C	Total Period 1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:00 60_SPD Direction: 60_WD Lapse: DT60-10A Delta Temperature Slightly Unstable								
			Wind	Speed (mp	h)				
Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Ν	0	5	16	4	0	0	25		
NNE	2	16	21	4	1	. 0	44 [·]		
NE	8	12	2	0	0	0	22		
ENE	3	3	0	0	0	0	6		
${f E}$	2	4	1	0	0	0	7		
ESE	0	5	4	0	. 0	0	9		
SE	1	1	8	2	0	0	12		
SSE	1	3	8	1	0	0	13		
S	5	3	10	8	5	1	32		
SSW	1	11	19	3	1	0	35		
SW	0	17	82	29	2	0	130		
WSW	0	1	19	28	14	1	63		
W	0	0	8	1	0	0	9		
WNW	0	1	3	0	0	0	4		
NW	0	1	1	8	2	0	12		
NNW	0	1	8	7	0	0	16		
Total	23	84	210	95	25	2	439		
Calm Hours not Included above for : Variable Direction Hours for: Invalid Hours for: Valid Hours for this Stability Class for: Total Hours for Period				То То	tal Period tal Period tal Period tal Period		5 0 56 439 8760		

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SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Period of Record = Elevation: Speed: Stability Class D	60_SPD	Di	Total I 14 00:00 rection: (emperature) - 12/3 50_WD	1/2014 23: Lapse: ral		0A
			Wind	Speed (mp	h)		
Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ν	19	89	178	51	0	0	337
NNE	57	135	141	53	4	0	388
NE	69	98	42	4	0	0	213
ENE	53	63	21	4	0	0	141
E	39	54	30	9	0	0	132
ESE	35	45	38	9	2	0	129
SE	43	63	80	23	4	0	213
SSE	53	58	26	20	0	0	157
S	38	49	98	50	8	1	244
SSW	46	147	81	61	7	0	342
SW	32	205	235	99	21	1	593
WSW	15	76	163	155	79	10	498
\mathbf{W}	3	53	107	84	10	0	257
WNW	4	22	90	38	3	0	157
NW	4	40	179	84	6	0	313
NNW	6	47	192	80	3	0	328
Total	516	1244	1701	824	145	12	4442
Calm Hours not Included above for : Variable Direction Hours for: Invalid Hours for:			То То	tal Period tal Period tal Period		5 0 56 4442	
Valid Hours for Total Hours for		ity Class to	or:	10	tal Period		4442 8760

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Record = Elevation: Speed: Stability Class E	1011 Ferrod1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:0060_SPDDirection: 60_WDLapse: DT60-10ADelta TemperatureSlightly Stable									
	Wind Speed (mph)									
Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>			
Ν	30	89	37	0	0	0	156			
NNE	81	194	48	3	0	0	326			
NE	90	84	15	1	0	0	190			
ENE	64	25	0	0	0	0	89			
${f E}$	51	34	6	0	0	0	91			
ESE	32	27	10	1	0	0	70			
SE	40	32	16	12	2	0	102			
SSE	44	37	24	17	0	0	111			
S	45	53	61	33	3	1	196			
SSW	28	88	130	28	8	2	284			
SW	30	94	136	33	1	0	294			
WSW	12	32	62	36	2	0	144			
W	6	29	10	1	0	0	36			
WNW	6	9	7	2	0	0	24			
NW	3	19	25	0	0	0	47			
NNW	5	11	7	0	0	0	23			
Total	567	847	594	167	16	3	2194			
Calm Hours not Included above for : Variable Direction Hours for: Invalid Hours for: Valid Hours for this Stability Class for: Total Hours for Period			To To	tal Period tal Period tal Period tal Period		5 0 56 2194 8760				

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Record =			1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:00				
Elevation:	Speed:	60_SPD	Direction: 6	0_WD	Lapse:	DT60-10A	
Stability Cla	iss F		Delta Temperature	Modera	tely Stab	le	

Wind Speed (mph)

Wind Direction	<u>1-4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ν	19	97	5	0	0	0	121
NNE	83	175	8	1	0	0	267
NE	79	47	2	0	0	0	128
ENE	51	11	0	0	0	0	62
\mathbf{E}	32	4	1	0	0	0	37
ESE	28	9	0	0	0	0	37
SE	15	7	4	0	0	0	26
SSE	23	8	1	1	0	0	33
S	24	20	2	0	0	0	46
SSW	18	38	12	1	0	0	69
\mathbf{SW}	11	25	16	0	0	0	52
WSW	3	3	9	2	1	0	18
W	3	3	0	0	0	0	6
WNW	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
NW	4	3	1	0	0	0	8
NNW	4	10	2	0	0	0	16
Total	397	461	63	5	1	0	927
Calm Hours n	ot Included a	above for :		То	tal Period		5
Variable Direc	ction Hours f	or:		To		0	
Invalid Hours	for:			Total Period			56
Valid Hours fo	Valid Hours for this Stability Class for:				tal Period		927
Total Hours fo	or Period					8760	



SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Re	cord =		1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:00					
Elevation:	Speed:	60_SPD	Direction: 60_W	D Lapse: DT60-10A				
Stability Cla	ss G		Delta Temperature	Extremely Stable				

Wind Speed (mph)

Wind Direction	<u>1-4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ν	13	65	2	0	0	0	80
NNE	24	109	7	0	0	0	140
NE	35	20	0	0	0	0	55
ENE	20	5	0	0	0	0	25
E	15	4	0	0	0	0	19
ESE	5	2	0	0	0	0	7
SE	14	1	0	0	0	0	15
SSE	6	10	0	0	0	0	16
S	7	19	0	0	0	0	26
SSW	7	15	9	0	0	0	31
SW	1	14	4	0	0	0	19
WSW	1	2	2	1	0	0	6
W	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
WNW	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NW	1	0	2	0	0	0	3
NNW	2	4	0	0	0	0	6
Total	153	271	26	1	0	0	451
Calm Hours n	ot Included a	above for :		То	tal Period		5
Variable Dire	ction Hours f	or:		То	tal Period		0
Invalid Hours	for:			To	tal Period		56
Valid Hours f	or this Stabili	ity Class for	r:	То	tal Period		451
Total Hours fo	or Period						8760

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2014 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Summary of All Stability Classes

Total Period

Period of Red	cord =		1/1/2014 00:0	1/1/2014 00:00 - 12/31/2014 23:00					
Elevation:	Speed:	60_SPD	Direction:	60	_WD	Lapse:	DT60-10A		

Delta Temperature

Wind Speed (mph)

Wind Direction	<u>1-4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
\mathbf{N}^{+}	82	348	241	57	0	0	728
NNE	251	634	228	66	3	0	1182
NE	296	269	64	5	0	0	634
ENE	198	108	21	4	0	0	331
Е	142	100	38	9	0	0	289
ESE	101	89	56	10	2	0	258
SE	115	107	117	41	6	0	386
SSE	129	117	59	41	0	0	346
S	121	147	174	98	18	4	562
SSW	103	310	260	102	20	2	797
SW	77	362	499	198	26	1	1163
WSW	32	115	260	228	99	11	745
W	13	76	127	88	10	0	314
WNW	11	33	100	40	3	0	187
NW	12	63	208	94	8	0	385
NNW	17	73	210	89	3	0	392
Total	1700	2951	2662	1170	198	18	8699
Calm Hours n	ot Included	above for :		To	tal Period		5
Variable Dire	ction Hours	for:		То	tal Period		0
Invalid Hours	for:			То	tal Period		56
Valid Hours f	or this Stabi	lity Class fo	or:	То	tal Period		8699
Total Hours f	or Period						8760



					 				······································	Miles										
					Willes															
Direction From	0 - 1	1 - 2	2 - 3	3 - 4	4 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50										
N	4.14E-06	7.77E-07	3.20E-07	1.67E-07	1.06E-07	3.86E-08	1.03E-08	4.90E-09	3.05E-09	2.13E-09										
NNE	6.70E-06	1.33E-06	5.91E-07	3.17E-07	2.04E-07	7.53E-08	2.05E-08	1.01E-08	6.36E-09	4.53E-09										
NE	1.64E-05	3.08E-06	1.41E-06	7.97E-07	5.27E-07	2.07E-07	6.25E-08	3.14E-08	2.02E-08	1.46E-08										
ENE	3.78E-05	7.17E-06	3.49E-06	2.05E-06	1.36E-06	5.35E-07	1.54E-07	7.47E-08	4.84E-08	3.54E-08										
Έ	1.81E-05	3.35E-06	1.46E-06	8.18E-07	5.44E-07	2.20E-07	6.86E-08	3.45E-08	2.22E-08	1.62E-08										
ESE	1.08E-05	2.14E-06	9.58E-07	5.29E-07	3.49E-07	1.40E-07	3.81E-08	1.66E-08	1.06E-08	7.66E-09										
SE	9.38E-06	1.85E-06	8.39E-07	4.69E-07	3.09E-07	1.25E-07	3.07E-08	1.12E-08	7.15E-09	5.11E-09										
SSE	9.17E-06	1.80E-06	7.93E-07	4.43E-07	2.97E-07	1.27E-07	3.31E-08	1.18E-08	7.49E-09	5.36E-09										
S	7.41E-06	1.56E-06	7.51E-07	4.31E-07	2.94E-07	1.34E-07	3.65E-08	1.24E-08	7.86E-09	5.59E-09										
SSW	7.28E-06	1.46E-06	6.61E-07	3.70E-07	2.44E-07	9.99E-08	2.55E-08	9.56E-09	6.01E-09	4.26E-09										
SW	5.87E-06	1.17E-06	5.44E-07	3.07E-07	2.04E-07	8.74E-08	2.18E-08	7.17E-09	4.46E-09	3.12E-09										
WSW	3.13E-06	6.03E-07	2.79E-07	1.63E-07	1.11E-07	5.18E-08	1.59E-08	5.89E-09	2.99E-09	1.62E-09										
W	1.33E-06	2.52E-07	1.08E-07	5.85E-08	3.81E-08	1.54E-08	4.06E-09	1.61E-09	9.89E-10	6.80E-10										
WNW	1.14E-06	2.07E-07	8.22E-08	4.27E-08	2.71E-08	9.82E-09	2.60E-09	1.21E-09	7.38E-10	5.05E-10										
NW	2.12E-06	3.92E-07	1.56E-07	7.92E-08	5.01E-08	1.79E-08	4.66E-09	2.18E-09	1.34E-09	9.19E-10										
NNW	2.74E-06	5.08E-07	2.13E-07	1.13E-07	7.05E-08	2.41E-08	5.87E-09	2.75E-09	1.69E-09	1.16E-09										

2014 SSES Annual Relative Concentrations - No Decay, Undepleted X/Q (sec/m³)



	Miles											
Direction From	0-1	1-2	2 - 3	3 - 4	4 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50		
N	4.13E-06	7.73E-07	3.17E-07	1.65E-07	1.05E-07	3.77E-08	9.77E-09	4.49E-09	2.69E-09	1.81E-09		
NNE	6.69E-06	1.32E-06	5.85E-07	3.12E-07	2.01E-07	7.30E-08	1.93E-08	9.03E-09	5.47E-09	3.73E-09		
NE	1.63E-05	3.06E-06	1.39E-06	7.82E-07	5.14E-07	1.99E-07	5.75E-08	2.73E-08	1.66E-08	1.14E-08		
ENE	3.77E-05	7.10E-06	3.44E-06	2.01E-06	1.33E-06	5.12E-07	1.41E-07	6.46E-08	3.95E-08	2.73E-08		
E	1.80E-05	3.32E-06	1.44E-06	7.98E-07	5.28E-07 [·]	2.09E-07	6.20E-08	2.91E-08	1.75E-08	1.19E-08		
ESE	1.08E-05	2.12E-06	9.42E-07	5.17E-07	3.39E-07	1.33E-07	3.45E-08	1.41E-08	8.43E-09	5.68E-09		
SE	9.36E-06	1.84E-06	8.27E-07	4.59E-07	3.01E-07	1.19E-07	2.80E-08	9.67E-09	5.79E-09	3.90E-09		
SSE	9.15E-06	1.78E-06	7.83E-07	4.35E-07	2.90E-07	[.] 1.22E-07	3.04E-08	1.02E-08	6.17E-09	4.18E-09		
S	7.39E-06	1.55E-06	7.43E-07	4.25E-07	2.88E-07	1.30E-07	3.42E-08	1.11E-08	6.75E-09	4.60E-09		
SSW	7.27E-06	1.45E-06	6.55E-07	3.66E-07	2.40E-07	9.73E-08	2.42E-08	8.76E-09	5.32E-09	3.64E-09		
SW	5.86E-06	1.16E-06	5.40E-07	3.04E-07	2.01E-07	8.56E-08	2.09E-08	6.68E-09	4.04E-09	2.75E-09		
WSW	3.12E-06	6.01E-07	2.77E-07	1.62E-07	1.10E-07	5.08E-08	1.53E-08	5.49E-09	2.71E-09	1.43E-09		
W	1.33E-06	2.51E-07	1.07E-07	5.79E-08	3.76E-08	1.51E-08	3.90E-09	1.51E-09	9.00E-10	6.03E-10		
WNW	1.14E-06	2.06E-07	8.16E-08	4.23E-08	2.67E-08	9.62E-09	2.49E-09	1.13E-09	6.69E-10	4.45E-10		
NW	2.11E-06	3.90E-07	1.55E-07	7.84E-08	4.95E-08	1.75E-08	4.46E-09	2.03E-09	1.21E-09	8.09E-10		
NNW	2.73E-06	5.07E-07	2.12E-07	1.12E-07	6.97E-08	2.37E-08	5.65E-09	2.58E-09	1.54E-09	1.03E-09		

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2014 SSES Annual Relative Concentrations - 2.26-Day Decay, Undepleted X/Q (sec/m³)

TABLE 3-6

	Miles											
Direction From	0 - 1	1-2	2 - 3	3 - 4	4 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50		
N	3.78E-06	6.58E-07	2.59E-07	1.30E-07	7.98E-08	2.69E-08	6.35E-09	2.64E-09	1.47E-09	9.34E-10		
NNE	6.12E-06	1.12E-06	4.78E-07	2.46E-07	1.53E-07	5.24E-08	1.26E-08	5.39E-09	3.05E-09	1.97E-09		
NE	1.50E-05	2.61E-06	1.14E-06	6.17E-07	3.94E-07	1.44E-07	3.82E-08	1.67E-08	9.56E-09	6.27E-09		
ENE	3.45E-05	6.06E-06	2.82E-06	1.58E-06	1.02E-06	3.71E-07	9.43E-08	3.96E-08	2.29E-08	1.51E-08		
E	1.65E-05	2.84E-06	1.18E-06	6.31E-07	4.06E-07	1.52E-07	4.18E-08	1.82E-08	1.04E-08	6.81E-09		
ESE	9.91E-06	1.81E-06	7.73E-07	4.09E-07	2.61E-07	9.65E-08	2.32E-08	8.77E-09	4.99E-09	3.23E-09		
SE	8.57E-06	1.57E-06	6.77E-07	3.63E-07	2.31E-07	8.63E-08	1.87E-08	5.95E-09	3.37E-09	2.18E-09		
SSE	8.38E-06	1.52E-06	6.41E-07	3.43E-07	2.22E-07	8.81E-08	2.02E-08	6.25E-09	3.55E-09	2.30E-09		
S	6.77E-06	1.32E-06	6.07E-07	3.34E-07	2.20E-07	9.34E-08	2.24E-08	6.66E-09	3.77E-09	2.43E-09		
SSW	6.65E-06	1.23E-06	5.34E-07	2.87E-07	1.83E-07	6.95E-08	1.57E-08	5.15E-09	2.91E-09	1.87E-09		
SW	5.36E-06	9.88E-07	4.40E-07	2.38E-07	1.53E-07	6.09E-08	1.35E-08	3.88E-09	2.17E-09	1.38E-09		
WSW	2.86E-06	5.11E-07	2.26E-07	1.27E-07	8.33E-08	3.61E-08	9.85E-09	3.19E-09	1.45E-09	7.17E-10		
W	1.21E-06	2.13E-07	8.71E-08	4.53E-08	2.86E-08	1.07E-08	2.51E-09	8.75E-10	4.82E-10	3.02E-10		
WNW	1.04E-06	1.75E-07	6.65E-08	3.31E-08	2.03E-08	6.85E-09	1.61E-09	6.55E-10	3.59E-10	2.24E-10		
NW	1.93E-06	3.32E-07	1.26E-07	6.14E-08	3.76E-08	1.25E-08	2.88E-09	1.18E-09	6.50E-10	4.07E-10		
NNW	2.50E-06	4.31E-07	1.72E-07	8.74E-08	5.29E-08	1.68E-08	3.64E-09	1.49E-09	8.23E-10	5.16E-10		

2014 SSES Annual Relative Concentrations - 8-Day Decay, Depleted X/Q (sec/m3)



2014 SSES Annual Relative Concentrations - D/Q (m⁻²)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Miles		<u></u>		·····	
Direction From	0 - 1	1 - 2	2 - 3	3 - 4	4 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50
N	2.80E-08	4.12E-09	1.69E-09	8.01E-10	4.74E-10	1.50E-10	3.59E-11	1.32E-11	7.06E-12	4.43E-12
NNE	2.95E-08	4.56E-09	1.98E-09	9.41E-10	5.54E-10	1.73E-10	4.03E-11	1.48E-11	7.91E-12	4.97E-12
NE	4.11E-08	6.20E-09	2.65E-09	1.28E-09	7.61E-10	2.45E-10	6.01E-11	2.21E-11	1.18E-11	7.42E-12
ENE	6.40E-08	9.94E-09	4.43E-09	2.17E-09	1.28E-09	4.05E-10	9.23E-11	3.24E-11	1.73E-11	1.08E-11
Е	3.24E-08	4.74E-09	1.93E-09	9.22E-10	5.50E-10	1.81E-10	4.59E-11	1.69E-11	9.03E-12	5.67E-12
ESE	2.53E-08	3.83E-09	1.63E-09	7.88E-10	4.71E-10	1.56E-10	3.55E-11	1.15E-11	6.11E-12	3.84E-12
SE	2.90E-08	4.41E-09	1.93E-09	9.52E-10	5.71E-10	1.93E-10	4.02E-11	1.10E-11	5.87E-12	3.69E-12
SSE	3.00E-08	4.48E-09	1.91E-09	9.43E-10	5.75E-10	2.06E-10	4.51E-11	1.20E-11	6.40E-12	4.02E-12
S	3.25E-08	5.21E-09	2.45E-09	1.26E-09	7.84E-10	3.03E-10	7.08E-11	1.82E-11	9.69E-12	6.09E-12
SSW	3.90E-08	5.97E-09	2.68E-09	1.35E-09	8.20E-10	2.86E-10	6.35E-11	1.81E-11	9.68E-12	6.08E-12
SW	4.64E-08	7.37E-09	3.47E-09	1.80E-09	1.11E-09	4.17E-10	9.42E-11	2.40E-11	1.28E-11	8.05E-12
WSW	2.80E-08	4.32E-09	2.02E-09	1.08E-09	6.87E-10	2.83E-10	7.97E-11	2.30E-11	1.01E-11	4.95E-12
W	1.13E-08	1.70E-09	7.34E-10	3.66E-10	2.23E-10	7.99E-11	1.95E-11	6.11E-12	3.26E-12	2.05E-12
WNW	8.99E-09	1.30E-09	5.22E-10	2.50E-10	1.48E-10	4.81E-11	1.19E-11	4.37E-12	2.33E-12	1.47E-12
NW	1.78E-08	2.60E-09	1.04E-09	4.85E-10	2.87E-10	9.10E-11	2.18E-11	8.04E-12	4.29E-12	2.69E-12
NNW	2.44E-08	3.63E-09	1.53E-09	7.41E-10	4.34E-10	1.32E-10	2.98E-11	1.10E-11	5.85E-12	3.68E-12

TABLE 3-8

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2014 ATMOSPHERIC DISPERSION ESTIMATES FOR RETDAS INPUT AT SELECTED LOCATIONS

AFFECTED SECTOR	LOCATION	MILES	X/Q ⁽¹⁾	X/Q DEC	X/Q DEC+ ⁽³⁾ DEP	DEPOSITION
11/SW	Maximum (X/Q) Site Boundary	0.61	1.21E-05	1.20E-05	1.09E-05	2.92E-08
9/S	Closest (X/Q) Site Boundary	0.38	6.28E-06	6.27E-06	5.85E-06	4.51E-08
12 / WSW	Maximum (X/Q) Residence	1.3	8.89E-06	8.82E-06	7.60E-06	1.27E-08
16 / NNW	Maximum (D/Q) Residence	0.6	6.99E-06	6.96E-06	6.30E-06	2.19E-08
7 / SE	Maximum (D/Q) Garden	0.6	1.60E-06	1.59E-06	1.44E-06	1.29E-08
12/WSW	Maximum (D/Q) Dairy	1.7	6.01E-06	5.95E-06	5.03E-06	8.16E-09
15 / NW	Maximum (D/Q) Meat Producer	0.9	3.91E-06	3.93E-06	3.45E-06	1.06E-08
3/NE	Riverlands / EIC	0.7	3.58E-06	3.57E-06	3.19E-06	2.64E-08
12/WSW	Tower's Club	0.5	3.77E-05	3.76E-05	3.44E-05	6.39E-08

NEAREST RESIDENCE WITHIN A 5-MILE RADIUS BY SECTOR

SECTOR NUMBER	AFFECTED SECTOR	NAME	MILES	X/Q	X/Q DEC	X/Q DEC +DEP	DEPOSITION
1	N	H. Burd	1.3	1.91E-06	1.90E-06	1.63E-06	6.62E-09
2	NNE	E. Ashbridge III	1	2.63E-06	2.62E-06	2.29E-06	1.19E-08
3	NE	W. Tuggle	0.9	2.47E-06	2.46E-06	2.17E-06	1.74E-08
4	ENE	R. Ditkosky/T. Davis	2.1	3.63E-07	3.61E-07	2.98E-07	2.62E-09
5	E	L. Kozlowski	1.4	2.80E-07	2.79E-07	2.38E-07	1.91E-09
6	ESE	R. Panetta	0.5	1.14E-06	1.14E-06	1.04E-06	8.97E-09
7	SE	J. Futoma	0.5	2.11E-06	2.11E-06	1.93E-06	1.77E-08
8	SSE	M. Naunczek	0.6	2.07E-06	2.06E-06	1.87E-06	1.78E-08
9	S	S. Slusser	1	1.44E-06	1.44E-06	1.25E-06	8.36E-09
10	SSW	S. Molnar	0.9	2.81E-06	2.80E-06	2.47E-06	1.09E-08
11	SW	F. Michael	1.5	3.08E-06	3.06E-06	2.61E-06	6.21E-09
12	WSW	F. Michael	1.3	8.89E-06	8.82E-06	7.60E-06	1.27E-08
13	W	F. Hummel	1.2	4.72E-06	4.68E-06	4.05E-06	7.01E-09
14	WNW	J. Confer	1.1	3.35E-06	3.37E-06	2.92E-06	6.53E-09
15	NW	C. McGraw, Jr.	0.8	5.40E-06	5.37E-06	4.77E-06	1.13E-08
16	NNW	G. John	0.6	6.99E-06	6.96E-06	6.30E-06	2.19E-08

NEAREST GARDEN WITHIN A 5-MILE RADIUS BY SECTOR

SECTOR NUMBER	AFFECTED SECTOR	NAME	MILES	X/Q	X/Q DEC	X/Q DEC +DEP	DEPOSITION
1	N	B. J. Wojcik	3.2	4.98E-07	4.92E-07	3.90E-07	1.50E-09
2	NNE	R. Chapin	2.3	7.48E-07	7.42E-07	6.10E-07	3.05E-09
3	NE	M. Welch	2.7	4.77E-07	4.74E-07	3.82E-07	2.98E-09
4	ENE	G. Dennis	2.4	2.97E-07	2.95E-07	2.41E-07	2.15E-09
5	E	J. Brown	4.3	4.07E-08	4.11E-08	3.11E-08	2.44E-10
6	ESE	B. Hoffman	3.1	5.41E-08	5.36E-08	4.26E-08	3.26E-10
7	SE	T. Scholl	0.6	1.60E-06	1.59E-06	1.44E-06	1.29E-08
8	SSE	H. Roinick	2.9	1.61E-07	1.60E-07	1.28E-07	1.11E-09
9	S	R. Houck	3.1	2.09E-07	2.11E-07	1.66E-07	1.05E-09
10	SSW	S. Bodnar	1.3	1.63E-06	1.64E-06	1.40E-06	5.82E-09
11	SW	R. Broody	1.9	2.14E-06	2.12E-06	1.77E-06	4.19E-09
12	WSW	F. Michael	1.3	8.89E-06	8.82E-06	7.60E-06	1.27E-08
13	W	R. White	2.0	2.07E-06	2.10E-06	1.73E-06	2.86E-09
14	WNW	P. Moskaluk	1.3	2.64E-06	2.61E-06	2.25E-06	4.90E-09
15	NW	T. Dawson	0.9	3.91E-06	3.93E-06	3.45E-06	1.06E-08
16	NNW	P. Culver	4	3.58E-07	3.50E-07	2.72E-07	7.24E-10

NEAREST ANIMAL RAISED FOR MEAT CONSUMPTION WITHIN A 5-MILE RADIUS BY SECTOR

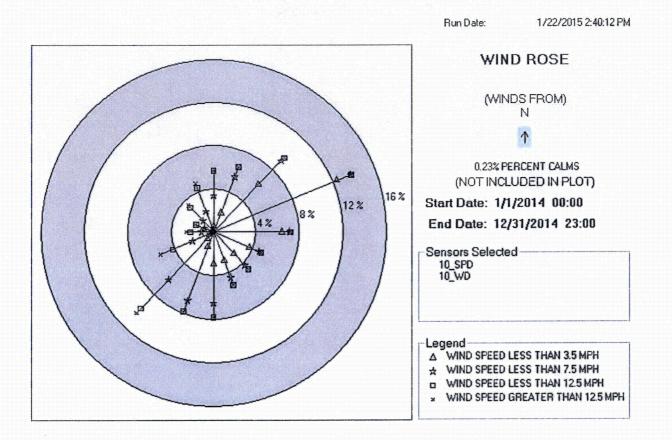
SECTOR NUMBER	AFFECTED SECTOR	NAME	MILES	X/Q	X/Q DEC	X/Q DEC+DEP	DEPOSITION
2	NNE	R. Chapin	2.3	7.42E-07	7.48E-07	6.10E-07	3.05E-09
4	ENE	G. Dennis	2.4	2.95E-07	2.97E-07	2.41E-07	2.14E-09
5	E	J. Bloss	4.5	3.81E-08	3.76E-08	2.85E-08	2.23E-10
10	SSW	K. Davis	14	2.33E-08	2.20E-08	1.45E-08	4.65E-11
12	WSW	T. & M. Berger	1.7	6.01E-06	5.95E-06	5.03E-06	8.16E-09
15	NW	T. Dawson	0.9	3.91E-06	3.93E-06	3.45E-06	1.06E-08

ALL DAIRY LOCATIONS

SECTOR NUMBER	AFFECTED SECTOR	NAME	MILES	X/Q	X/Q DEC	X/Q DEC+DEP	DEPOSITION
5	E	J. Bloss	4.5	3.81E-08	3.76E-08	2.85E-08	2.23E-10
10	SSW	K. Davis	14	2.33E-08	2.20E-08	1.45E-08	4.65E-11
12	WSW	T. & M. Berger	1.7	6.01E-06	5.95E-06	5.03E-06	8.16E-09
13	W	J. & N. Dent	5	4.50E-07	4.35E-07	3.31E-07	4.37E-10

1	X/Q	RELATIVE CONCENTRATION (SEC/M ³)	
2	X/Q DEC	DECAYED AND UNDEPLETED, HALF-LIFE 2.26 DAYS (SEC/M ³)	
3	X/Q DEC+DEP	DECAYED AND DEPLETED, HALF-LIFE 8 DAYS (SEC/M ³)	
4	DEPOSITION	RELATIVE DEPOSITION RATE (1/M ²)	

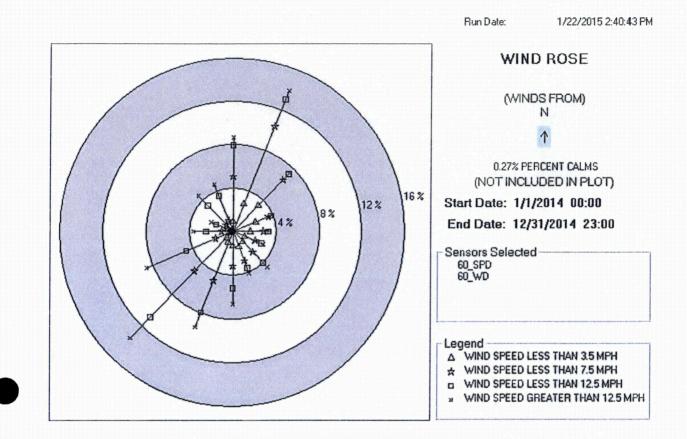
FIGURE 3-1



2014 ANNUAL WIND ROSE 10M LEVEL - PRIMARY TOWER

This wind rose displays the frequency of hourly average wind direction from a given sector. In 2014, the predominant wind direction occurred 13.7 % of the time from the ENE sector. The average wind speed was 5.1 mph and the average wind speed for the predominant sector (ENE) was 2.6 mph. The sector with the highest average wind speed was SW (8.9 mph).

FIGURE 3-2



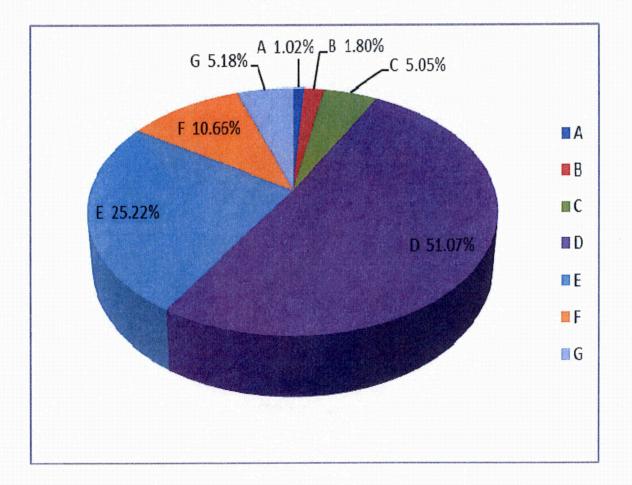
2014 ANNUAL WIND ROSE 60M LEVEL - PRIMARY TOWER

This wind rose displays the frequency of hourly average wind direction from a given sector. In 2014, the predominant wind direction occurred 13.6 % of the time from the NNE sector. The average wind speed was 7.9 mph and the average wind speed for the predominant sector (NNE) was 6.1 mph. The sector with the highest average wind speed was WSW (12.4 mph.).

FIGURE 3-3

PASQUIL STABILITY CLASS PREVALENCES DATA Period: 2014

Joint Frequency Distributions at 10 Meters Wind Speed and Direction 10M vs. Delta Temperature 60-10M (Based on 8,760 Valid Hours)



SECTION 4

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DOSE MEASUREMENTS AND ASSESSMENTS

Radiological Impact on Man

Sampling and analysis of airborne and waterborne effluents were performed in accordance with the frequencies, types of analysis, and Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) outlined in the PPL Susquehanna, LLC Technical Requirements Manual.

Radioactive material was detected in some of the airborne and waterborne effluent samples analyzed. Dose calculations using measured and calculated effluent activity levels, meteorological data from the current reporting period and average river flow dilution factors resulted in estimated doses to individuals at levels below 10 CFR 20 and 10 CFR 50, Appendix I limits. Direct radiation resulting from plant operation (reported in the 2014 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report) contributed a maximum of 7.31E-1 mrem (measured at location 9S2 and based on an occupancy time by a member of the public of 20 hours per quarter) at the Protected Area Boundary south of the plant. Based on airborne effluent sample data, the maximum organ (including thyroid)/total body dose is 2.17E-1 mrem (CHILD, LUNG Table 4-4). The maximum organ/total body dose from all liquid effluent is 3.94E-3 mrem (ADULT, GILLI Table 4-2). Conservatively adding the maximum organ/total body dose from liquid and gaseous effluent and the maximum total body dose determined from direct radiation results in a dose of 9.52E-1 mrem, which is 3.8% of the 40CFR190 limit of 25 mrem to total body/organ (except thyroid) and 1.3% of the 40CFR190 limit of 75 mrem to the thyroid.

Doses to a maximally exposed member of the public from waterborne effluents are calculated for fish ingestion and shoreline exposure at the plant outfall, and drinking water ingestion at Danville, PA. Site specific parameters used in the calculations for the Danville receiver, specific for actual average blowdown and river level for the entire year are shown in Table 4-1.

TABLE 4-1

SITE-SPECIFIC PARAMETERS USED FOR RETDAS CALCULATIONS (DANVILLE RECEIVER) FOR 2014

PARAMETER	ENTIRE YEAR		
Cooling Tower Blowdown (CFS)	26.1		
Average Net River Level (ft.)	6.8		
Dilution Factor at Danville ⁽¹⁾	413.2		
Transit time to Danville (hr.) ⁽¹⁾	24.7		

⁽¹⁾From ODCM-QA-005, Att. E

Summaries of maximum individual doses resulting from airborne and waterborne radioactive effluent releases from each unit are given in Table 4-2. Meteorological data from Section 3 were used to calculate the dose from airborne effluents.

The Radioactive Effluent Release Report includes an assessment of the radiation dose from radioactive effluents to members of the public within the site boundary. Within the Site Boundary there are several areas frequented by members of the public. There are no significant exposure pathways from waterborne effluents in these areas. Doses from airborne effluent are calculated for members of the public for the following locations: Riverlands Energy Information Center, the Towers Club, and residence with the maximum X/Q value; the garden, dairy and meat producing farm with the maximum D/Q value; and the site boundary with the maximum X/Q value. Summaries of the calculated maximum doses within the site boundary and selected locations beyond the site boundary resulting from airborne effluents are presented in Table 4-4. The above referenced locations are shown on Figure 4-1.

In the area comprising the Riverlands recreation area, which surrounds the Energy Information Center, three pathways of radiation exposure can be identified: plume, ground, and inhalation. There are no significant exposure pathways from waterborne effluents in this area. There are approximately 100,000 visitors to the Riverlands/Energy Information Center complex each year. For dose calculations, it is assumed the visitor stays in the area for one hour. The calculated dose rate and collective dose for visitors to the Riverlands/Energy Information Center during 2014 are shown on Table 4-3.

Use of the RETDAS code yields calculated doses for the Riverlands area for the report period. These doses assume an occupancy factor of 100% for a member of the public during 2014. These calculated dose values are shown on Table 4-4.

In Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 2, "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactive Material in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents and Solid Waste", the NRC has recommended that U.S. nuclear power plants evaluate whether Carbon-14 (C-14) is a "principal radionuclide", and if so, report the amount of C-14 released. Radioactive effluent releases of C-14 have not increased but the decline in releases of other radionuclides has resulted in C-14 possibly becoming more prominent, specifically in airborne effluents. This regulatory guidance has led to an industry initiative to evaluate and report C-14 in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

Information for C-14 dose impact is included as supplemental information in this report. Reportable values for dose impact do not include C-14 contribution. C-14, with a half-life of 5730 years, is a naturally occurring isotope of carbon produced by cosmic ray interactions in the atmosphere. Nuclear weapons testing in the 1950s and 1960s significantly increased the amount of C-14 in the atmosphere. C-14 is also produced in commercial nuclear reactors, but the amounts produced are much less than those produced naturally or from weapons testing.

In December 2010 the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) published Report 1021106, "Estimation of Carbon-14 in Nuclear Power Plant Gaseous Effluents", which provides conservative technical guidance to support the calculation of C-14 released in radioactive effluents. In a BWR the majority of C-14 is generated in the reactor core by neutron activation of reactor coolant, specifically ¹⁷O(n, α) ¹⁴C. Thus C-14 generation is directly proportional to reactor power. As documented in the EPRI report (for a BWR), approximately 99% of the C-14 produced in the reactor core is discharged as gaseous effluent (primarily as CO₂) through the offgas system. The remaining 1% is released in the form of solid radwaste. There is minimal (<1%) C-14 released in the liquid effluent pathway.

In October of 2012 PPL Susquehanna, in conjunction with an offsite lab, performed sampling and analysis for airborne effluent C-14 released from the station via each units offgas system.

Since both Susquehanna units are essentially identical in reactor design, a single value for the C-14 release rate (in the CO_2 form from the offgas system sample results) is used in the calculation of C-14 released from each unit. The release rate value is corrected to 100% power then scaled to the fraction of full power year for each unit. The fraction of a full power year is calculated as the Effective Full Power Days for the year in question divided by 365 to get the fraction of effective vs full year operation.

Based on the above outlined methodology, approximately 42 Curies of C-14 were released in gaseous effluents in 2014.

The airborne effluent pathway with the highest offsite dose potential (for C-14 releases) is the vegetation ingestion pathway. The maximum expected annual dose from C-14 released from Susquehanna Unit-1 (3.63E-1 mrem) and Unit-2 (3.89E-1 mrem) has been calculated based on methodology in Regulatory Guide 1.109 and includes site specific parameters (e.g., nearest garden with highest X/Q value, producing both broad leaf and non-broad leaf vegetation). The maximum organ dose from airborne effluent C-14 released from the Susquehanna station in 2014 is well below the 10CFR50, Appendix I, ALARA design objective (i.e., 15 mrem/yr per unit). The annual dose to the maximally exposed individual from all gaseous releases of C-14 (calculated by the above referenced methodology) is 7.52E-1 mrem to the critical organ (bone) and 1.50E-1 mrem to the total body.

Conservatively adding the maximum dose (calculated based on liquid and gaseous effluent sample results combined with direct radiation results) referenced on page 4-2 to the maximum dose due to the calculated release of C-14 (7.52E-1 mrem, CHILD, BONE) bounds the dose that any member of the public receives from station operations to 1.70 mrem, which is 6.8% of the 40CFR190 limit of 25 mrem to total body/organ (except thyroid) and 2.3% of the 40CFR190 limit of 75 mrem to the thyroid.

TABLE 4-2

SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC ⁽⁴⁾ DATA PERIOD: 1/1/14 TO 12/31/14

UNIT	EFFLUENT	AGE GROUP	APPLICABLE ORGAN	ESTIMATED MAXIMUM DOSE (MREM/MRAD)	LOCATION		PERCENT OF LIMIT	LIMIT (MREM/ MRAD) ⁽²⁾
					DIST (MILES)	AFFECTED SECTOR		
1	Liquid ⁽¹⁾	Teen	Total Body	1.31E-03	(3	3)	0.04	3
1	Liquid ⁽¹⁾	Adult	GILLI	1.97E-03	(3	3)	0.02	10
1	Noble Gas	N/A	Air Dose (Gamma- MRAD)	1.88E-02	0.5	WSW	0.2	10
1	Noble Gas	N/A	Air Dose (Beta-MRAD)	6.81E-03	0.5	WSW	0.03	20
1	Airborne Iodine, Tritium and Particulates	Child	Liver	1.55E-01	0.5	WSW	1.03	15
2	Liquid ⁽¹⁾	Teen	Total Body	1.31E-03	(3)		0.04	3
	Liquid ⁽¹⁾	Adult	GILLI	1.97E-03	(3)		0.02	_10
2	Noble Gas	N/A	Air Dose (Gamma- MRAD)	6.57E-02	0.5	WSW	0:66	10
2	Noble Gas	N/A	Air Dose (Beta-MRAD)	2.35E-02	0.5	WSW	0.12	20
2	Airborne Iodine, Tritium and Particulates	Child	Liver	6.26E-02	0.5	WSW	0.42	15

⁽¹⁾Estimated dose is based on a site total activity release equally divided between Unit 1 and Unit 2.

- ⁽²⁾10 CFR 50, Appendix I limits are in terms of mrad or mrem/reactor-year for airborne and waterborne effluent from each unit.
- ⁽³⁾Doses from liquid effluent are estimated from fish ingestion and shoreline exposure at the site outfall and from the drinking water pathway at Danville, PA.

⁽⁴⁾Dose due to calculated release of C-14 not included.

TABLE 4-3

CALCULATED COLLECTIVE DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC WITHIN THE RIVERLANDS/ENERGY INFORMATION CENTER COMPLEX DATA PERIOD: 1/1/14 TO 12/31/14

EFFLUENT	AGE GROUP	APPLICABLE ORGAN	DOSE RATE ⁽¹⁾ (MREM/HR)	COLLECTIVE DOSE ⁽²⁾ (PERSON-REM)
Noble Gas	N/A	Total Body	9.16E-07	9.16E-05
Noble Gas	N/A	Skin	3.28E-07	3.28E-05
lodine, Tritium and Particulates ⁽³⁾	Child	GI-LLI	2.48E-06	2.48E-04

⁽¹⁾Estimated dose and dose rate is based on annual site total activity release.

⁽²⁾Collective dose is based on 100,000 person-hours.

⁽³⁾ Dose due to calculated release of C-14 not included.

TABLE 4-4

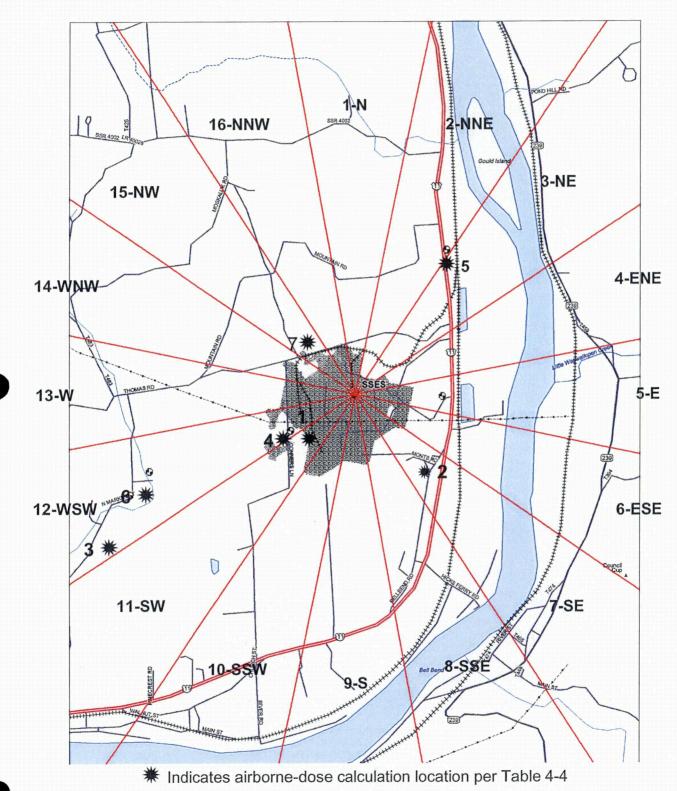
SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL DOSES FROM AIRBORNE EFFLUENT

	LOCATION	PATHWAY	MAXIMUM TOTAL BODY DOSE (MREM)		MAXIMUM ORGAN DOSE (MREM)		MAXIMUM THYROID DOSE (MREM)	
1.	Maximum site boundary X/Q	Total (All)	7.00E-02	(CHILD)	7.01E-02	(CHILD, LUNG)	6.99E-02	(CHILD)
2.	Maximum D/Q Garden	Total (All)	9.70E-03	(CHILD)	9.73E-03	(CHILD,GI-LLI)	9.66E-03	(CHILD)
3.	Maximum D/Q Dairy +	Total (All)	3.45E-02	(CHILD)	3.45E-02	(CHILD, LUNG)	3.44E-02	(CHILD)
4.	Tower's Club	Total (All)	2.17E-01	(CHILD)	2.17E-01	(CHILD, LUNG)	2.17E-01	(CHILD)
5.	Riverland/EIC	Total (All)	2.16E-02	(CHILD)	2.17E-02	(CHILD,GI-LLI)	2.15E-02	(CHILD)
6.	Maximum X/Q Residence	Total (All)	5.10E-02	(CHILD)	5.11E-02	(CHILD, LUNG)	5.10E-02	(CHILD)
7.	Maximum D/Q Meat	Total (Ali)	2.27E-02	(CHILD)	2.27E-02	(CHILD,GI-LLI)	2.27E-02	(CHILD)

Note: The doses shown above are based on 100% occupancy at the indicated locations. They are based on a composite of all pathways resulting in a total dose to the maximally exposed individual due to airborne effluents from both Unit-1 and Unit-2 operations. Dose due to calculated release of C-14 not included.

4-6

FIGURE 4-1



AIRBORNE-DOSE CALCULATION LOCATIONS

CHANGES TO THE OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM), TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS MANUAL (TRM) AND THE SOLID RADIOACTIVE WASTE PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM

CHANGES TO THE OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL

The PPL Susquehanna, LLC ODCM consists of nine (9) individual procedures.

There were no changes to any of the ODCM procedures in 2014.

CHANGES TO THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS MANUAL

Section 3.11 and 3.6.1 of the Unit-1 and Unit-2 Technical Requirements Manual (TRM) by reference are part of the ODCM. The following limits and requirements are contained in Section 3.11: liquid and gaseous effluent dose limits, liquid and gaseous effluent treatment system operability criteria (based on effluent dose), liquid and gaseous effluent treatment system operability criteria and the conduct of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program. Section 3.6.1 contains requirements for venting or purging of primary containment.

There were no changes to TRM Sections 3.6.1 or 3.11 during 2014.

PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM CHANGES

The following changes were made to the Process Control Program and implementing procedures during 2014. None of the changes reduce the overall conformance of the solidified waste product to existing criteria for solid wastes. All changes were reviewed and approved by PORC (as necessary) as documented on the attached summary of procedure changes. The following procedures were changed:

WM-RP-012 HANDLING AND USE OF STEEL LINERS AND HIGH INTEGRITY CONTAINERS

WM-RP-009 COMBUSTIBLE GAS CHECK AND CLOSURE OF PROCESSING LINERS AND HIGH INTEGRITY CONTAINERS

SC-068-002 SOLID RADWASTE SAMPLE TEST SOLIDIFICATION EVALUATION FOR INCONTAINER SOLIDIFICATION

NDAP-QA-0646 continues to fully implement the requirements and intent of the following:

- 1. Section 11.4 and 13.5 of the FSAR
- 2. Section 3.7.4 of the Technical Requirements Manual
- 3. 3. 10 CFR 20, 10 CFR 61, 10 CFR 71, 49 CFR 100-177, and 40 CFR 261

Compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements listed above continues to be met as the result of these changes to the program. These changes to the Process Control Program will not reduce the overall conformance of the solidified waste product to existing criteria for solid wastes.

PROCEDURE REVISION SUMMARIES

WM-RP-012 HANDLING AND USE OF STEEL LINERS AND HIGH INTEGRITY CONTAINERS

- 1. Revised section 6.2.13.a slings to lift 14-195 liners are now a maximum of 100 inches long.
- 2. Revised Attachment C. Maximum lengths of slings used to lift containers are listed.
- 3. Revised Attachment C. Maximum length of sling to lift L14-195 containers is 100 inches.
- 4. Added 6.2.10 Verify lid and container match marks are aligned.

<u>WM-RP-009</u> COMBUSTIBLE GAS CHECK AND CLOSURE OF PROCESSING LINERS AND HIGH INTEGRITY CONTAINERS

- 1. Eliminated requirement to release the four lock levers prior to removing closure tool Section 6.5.5(f).
- 2. MSA Altair 5X Air Monitor replaced PHD5 Section 3.

<u>SC-068-002</u> SOLID RADWASTE SAMPLE TEST SOLIDIFICATION EVALUATION FOR INCONTAINER SOLIDIFICATION

- 1. PER CRA 1496616, this Procedure is upgraded to the new procedure format in accordance with NDAP-QA-0008, Procedure Format and Content.
- 2. Cover Page Updated procedure owner to the Chemistry Department.
- 3. AR 1587537 SC-068-002 can be used as written; however, an enhancement should be made to change the level of use to Reference Use as determined by Chem lab supervision to comply with the newest Rev of NDAP-QA-0029.
- 4. Deleted Attachment A. Added information in the body of the procedure.
- 5. Deleted CH-RC-051 reference.

MISCELLANEOUS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS MANUAL (TRM), FSAR, 40CFR190 AND NEI GROUNDWATER PROTECTION INITIATIVE REPORTING

...

1. TRM Action 3.11.1.4.F.2 required the reporting of Liquid Radwaste Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation inoperability not corrected in a timely manner.

The Liquid Radwaste Discharge Radiation Monitor was declared inoperable at 1112 on 12/26/13 (requiring entry into TRO 3.11.1.4 Condition B) due to required maintenance on the monitor canister. Multiple attempts were made to return the monitor to service but problems were discovered with the detector microprocessor. Replacement parts were ordered to make the needed repairs. TRO 3.11.1.4 Condition F was entered at 1112 on 1/25/14 due to exceeding the 30 day return to service requirement of TRO 3.11.1.4 Condition B. The Liquid Radwaste Discharge Radiation Monitor was repaired and declared operable at 1041 on 2/6/14.

2. TRM Action 3.11.1.5.C.1 requires the reporting of Radioactive Liquid Process Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation inoperability not corrected in a timely manner, or if required sampling/analysis was not performed during the inoperable period.

None to report for 2014.

 TRM Action 3.11.2.6.K requires an explanation for Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation required actions and completion times not met.

None to report for 2014.

4. TRM Action 3.11.4.1.F.2 requires reporting the cause of the unavailability of milk or fresh leafy vegetable samples and identify the new locations for obtaining replacements.

None to report for 2014.

5. TRM Action 3.11.4.2.A requires reporting when land use census identifies a new location which yields a calculated dose or dose commitment greater than the values currently being calculated in Requirement 3.11.2.3 (Gaseous Effluent Dose due to lodine, Tritium, and Radionuclides in Particulate Form).

None to report for 2014.

6. TRM Action 3.11.4.2.B requires reporting when land use census identifies locations that yield a calculated dose or dose commitment (via the same exposure pathway) 20 percent greater than at a location from which samples are currently being obtained in accordance with Requirement 3.11.4.1 (Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program).

None to report for 2014.

- 7. The limits outlined in 40CFR190.10 (Environmental Standards for the Uranium Fuel Cycle-Standards for Normal Operations) were not exceeded by station operations during 2014. Refer to Section 2 and Section 4 for specific values.
- 8. FSAR Section 11.6.11 requires the reporting of airborne radioactivity detected in the Low Level Radwaste Holding Facility.

Only naturally occurring airborne radioactivity was detected above analysis MDC's in air samples from the Low Level Radwaste Holding Facility during 2014.

9. The PPL Susquehanna station has implemented an Action Plan in response to the NEI Initiative on Groundwater Protection. Part of the Action Plan includes the assessment of the current groundwater monitoring program. Groundwater is sampled and analyzed quarterly as part of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP). REMP groundwater sampling locations are defined in ODCM-QA-008 Attachment G. In August 2006, additional groundwater sampling was initiated at locations which are not listed in the ODCM. The additional locations are three manholes which collect water from a perimeter drain system. The perimeter drain system consists of perforated piping installed just above the footing along the exterior base of the vertical walls of the reactor, turbine and radwaste buildings. Outlined in Table 6-1 are the tritium analysis results from sampling of the perimeter drain system. No nuclear by-product gamma emitting radionuclides were identified above analysis MDC's for the perimeter drain samples in 2014. The tritium results reported in Table 6-1 did not exceed any Reporting Level thresholds in the PPL Susquehanna Technical Requirements Manual or any reporting criteria established in response to the NEI Groundwater Protection Initiative. Figure 6-1 is a trend graph of airborne and waterborne effluent tritium releases from the PPL Susquehanna Station starting in 1982.

TABLE 6-1

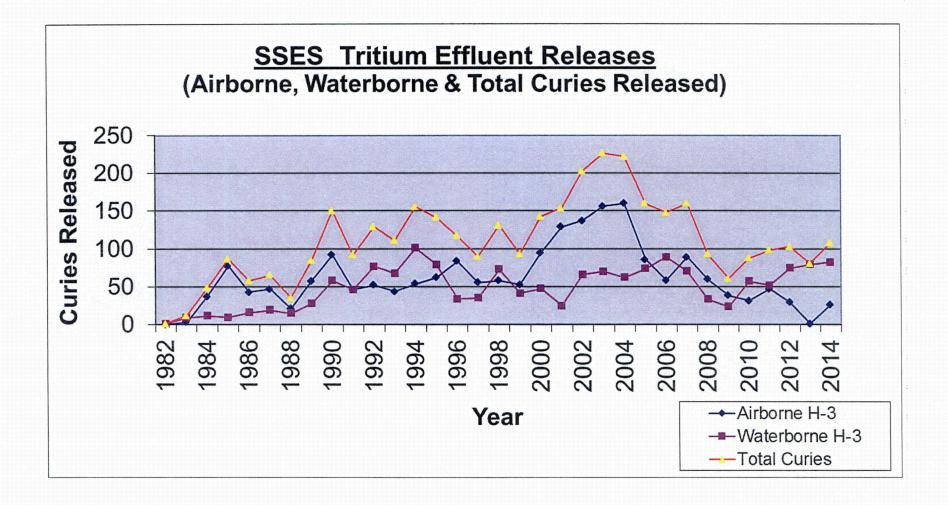
NEI Ground Water Protection Initiative Reporting

Perimeter Drain Sampling Results: 2014

	Manhole FD-1	Manhole FD-2	Manhole FD-3	
·	(7S9 - E of U2 CST)	(16S3- NW corner of RW Bldg.)	(9S3 - I/S RCA @ U2 HP Cont. Pt. Closet)	
Date	Tritium (pCi/liter)	Tritium (pCi/liter)	Tritium (pCi/liter)	
02/14/2014	237	235	176	
05/19/2014	198	166	141	
08/18/2014	198	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>	
11/17/2014	252	166	160	

<MDC = Less than Minimum Detectable Concentration





CORRECTIONS TO PREVIOUS RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORTS

CORRECTIONS TO PREVIOUS RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORTS

No corrections to previous Radioactive Effluent Release Reports are submitted for this report period.

EFFLUENT FROM SYSTEMS CLASSIFIED AS INSIGNIFICANT EFFLUENT PATHWAYS

EFFLUENT FROM SYSTEMS CLASSIFIED AS INSIGNIFICANT EFFLUENT PATHWAYS

Insignificant Effluent Pathways are: 1) evaporation from the Unit 1 and Unit 2 Condensate Storage Tanks (CST's); 2) evaporation from the common Refueling Water Storage Tank (RWST); 3) gaseous effluent from the Hydrogen Seal Oil, Main Turbine and RFPT lubrication oil mist eliminators which vent to the turbine building roofs.

These pathways are not continuously monitored. The CSTs and RWST are sampled monthly to determine the concentration of radionuclides present in these tanks. Tritium analysis on these samples is performed quarterly. Airborne release to the environment from the tanks is estimated based on conservative estimates of the evaporation rates from each of the tanks using a modified method established within Chapter 7 of EPA AP-42. A conservative carry-over fraction of radionuclides from the water to the evaporated liquid is then assumed. Airborne release to the environment from the demisters assumes the average moisture (condensate) concentration of the lubrication oil as measured via sampling during 2014. The calculation also assumes immediate removal of 100% of the water by the oil mist eliminators as it passes through the turbines.

The annual release of tritium, iodines and particulates with half-lives greater than 8 days was calculated based on the conservative assumptions outlined above. The calculated releases are shown in Table 8-1. All nuclides, except for tritium, released from insignificant effluent pathways are negligible compared to the airborne release data shown in Tables 2-1 and 2-2. The maximum dose to the public from a release of 0.46 Ci of tritium is calculated to be 3.84E-3 mrem (child). This is a fraction of the maximum dose from airborne effluent reported in Section 4.

8-2

TABLE 8-1

ANNUAL RELEASE FROM SYSTEMS CLASSIFIED AS INSIGNIFICANT EFFLUENT PATHWAYS

Nuclide	<u>RWST</u> (Ci)	U1-CST and Main Turbine/RFPT <u>Lube Oil Systems</u> (Ci)	U2-CST and Main Turbine/RFPT <u>Lube Oil Systems</u> (Ci)	<u>Total</u> (Ci)
H-3	3.15E-02	2.24E-01	2.07E-01	4.63E-01
Mn-54	5.08E-09	3.28E-08	1.12E-08	4.91E-08
Co-60	2.45E-08	1.43E-07	2.82E-08	1.96E-07
Co-58	8.75E-09	5.18E-08	1.11E-08	7.16E-08
Zn-65	1.26E-09	7.39E-09	9.93E-10	9.64E-09
Sb-124	0.00E+00	6.82E-10	0.00E+00	6.82E-10
Xe-135	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.53E-10	1.53E-10
Cs-137_	0.00E+00	2.97E-10	0.00E+00	2.97E-10

8-3