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May 12, 2015

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Washington, D.C. 20555-0001

Subject: 2014 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report  
Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station  
Docket No. 50-271  
License No. DPR-28

Dear Sir or Madam,

In accordance with Vermont Yankee Technical Specification 6.6.E, enclosed is a copy of the 2014 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report. This report contains a summary and analysis of the radiological environmental data collected for the calendar year 2014.

There are no new regulatory commitments being made in this submittal.

Should you have any questions or require additional information concerning this submittal, please contact me at (802) 451-3374.

Sincerely,

  
[CCC/JTM]

Enclosure: Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report – Year 2014

cc listing (next page)

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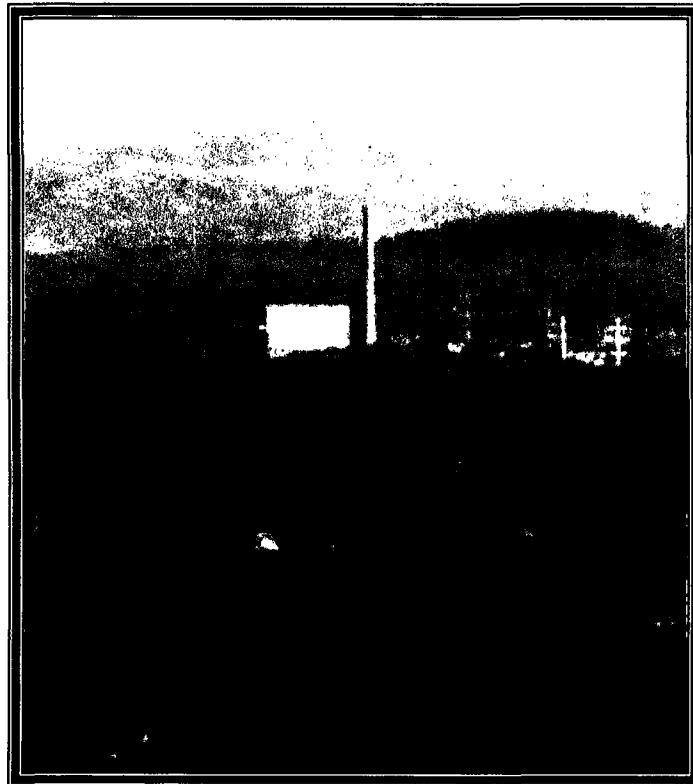
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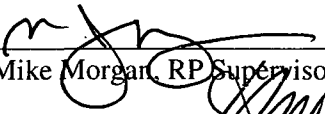
**ENTERGY - VERMONT YANKEE  
Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station**

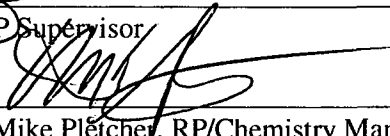
**ANNUAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL  
OPERATING REPORT**

**Year 2014**



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## 1. INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes the findings of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) conducted by Entergy-Vermont Yankee in the vicinity of the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station (VYNPS) in Vernon, Vermont during the calendar year 2014. The analyses of samples collected indicated that no plant-generated radioactive material was found in any location off site. In all cases, the possible radiological impact was negligible with respect to exposure from natural background radiation. In no case did the detected levels exceed the most restrictive federal regulatory or plant license limits for radionuclides in the environment. Measured values were several orders of magnitude below reportable levels listed in Table 4.5 of this report. Except for sample deviations listed in Section 6.1, all other samples were collected and analyzed as required by the program.

This report is submitted annually in compliance with plant Technical Specification 6.6.E. The remainder of this report is organized as follows:

Section 2: Provides an introductory explanation of background radioactivity and radiation detected in the plant environs.

Section 3: Provides a brief description of the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station site and its environs.

Section 4: Provides a description of the overall REMP program design. Included is a summary of the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station (VYNPS) Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) requirements for REMP sampling, tables listing all locations sampled or monitored in 2014 with compass sectors and distances from the plant, and maps showing each REMP location. Tables listing Lower Limit of Detection requirements and Reporting Levels are also included.

Section 5: Consists of the summarized data as required by the VYNPS ODCM. The tables are in a format similar to that specified by the NRC Radiological Assessment Branch Technical Position on Environmental Monitoring (Reference 1). Also included is a summary of the 2014 environmental TLD measurements.

Section 6: Provides the results of the 2014 monitoring program. The performance of the program in meeting regulatory requirements as given in the ODCM is discussed, and the data acquired during the year are analyzed.

Section 7: Provides an overview of the Quality Assurance programs used Teledyne Brown Engineering and Environmental Dosimetry Company.

Section 8: Summarizes the requirements and the results of the 2014 Land Use Census.

Section 9: Gives a summary of the 2014 Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program.

## 2. BACKGROUND RADIOACTIVITY

Radiation or radioactivity potentially detected in the Vermont Yankee environment can be grouped into three categories. The first is “naturally-occurring” radiation and radioactivity. The second is “man-made” radioactivity from sources other than the Vermont Yankee plant. The third potential source of radioactivity is due to emissions from the Vermont Yankee plant. For the purposes of the Vermont Yankee REMP, the first two categories are classified as “background” radiation, and are the subject of discussion in this section of the report. The third category is the one that the REMP is designed to detect and evaluate.

### 2.1 Naturally Occurring Background Radioactivity

Natural radiation and radioactivity in the environment, which provide the major source of human radiation exposure, may be subdivided into three separate categories: “primordial radioactivity,” “cosmogenic radioactivity” and “cosmic radiation.” “Primordial radioactivity” is made up of those radionuclides that were created with the universe and that have a sufficiently long half-life to be still present on the earth. Included in this category are the newly-formed “daughter” radionuclides descending from these original elements. A few of the more important radionuclides in this category are Uranium-238 (U-238), Thorium-232 (Th-232), Rubidium-87 (Rb-87), Potassium-40 (K-40), Radium-226 (Ra-226), and Radon-222 (Rn-222). Uranium-238 and Thorium-232 are readily detected in soil and rock, whether through direct field measurements or through laboratory analysis of samples. Radium-226 in the earth can find its way from the soil into ground water, and is often detectable there. Radon-222 is one of the components of natural background in air, and its daughter products are detectable on air sampling filters. Potassium-40 comprises about 0.01 percent of all natural potassium in the earth, and is consequently detectable in most biological substances, including the human body. There are many more primordial radionuclides found in the environment in addition to the major ones discussed above (Reference 2).

The second sub-category of naturally-occurring radiation and radioactivity is “cosmogenic radioactivity.” This is produced through the nuclear interaction of high energy cosmic radiation with elements in the earth’s atmosphere, and to a much lesser degree, in the earth’s crust. These radioactive elements are then incorporated into the entire geosphere and atmosphere, including the earth’s soil, surface rock, biosphere, sediments, ocean floors, polar ice and atmosphere. The major radionuclides in this category are Carbon-14 (C-14), Hydrogen-3 (H-3 or Tritium), Sodium-22 (Na-22), and Beryllium-7 (Be-7). Beryllium-7 is the one most readily detected, and is found on air sampling filters and occasionally in biological media (Reference 2).



The third sub-category of naturally-occurring radiation and radioactivity is “cosmic radiation.” This consists of high energy atomic and sub-atomic particles of extra-terrestrial origin and the secondary particles and radiation that are produced through their interaction in the earth’s atmosphere. The majority of this radiation comes from outside of our solar system, and to a lesser degree from the sun. We are protected from most of this radiation by the earth’s atmosphere, which absorbs the radiation. Consequently, one can see that with increasing elevation one would be exposed to more cosmic radiation as a direct result of a thinner layer of air for protection. This “direct radiation” is detected in the field with gamma spectroscopy equipment, high pressure ion chambers and thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs).

## **2.2 Man-Made Background Radioactivity**

The second source of “background” radioactivity in the Vermont Yankee environment is from “man-made” sources not related to the power plant. The most recent contributor (prior to year 2011) to this category was the fallout from the Chernobyl accident in April of 1986, which was detected in the Vermont Yankee environment and other parts of the world. Some smaller amounts of radioactivity were detected in the environment following the Fukushima Daiichi plants accidents in March 2011. A much greater contributor to this category, however, has been fallout from atmospheric nuclear weapons tests. Tests were conducted from 1945 through 1980 by the United States, the Soviet Union, the United Kingdom, China and France, with the large majority of testing occurring during the periods 1954-1958 and 1961-1962. (A test ban treaty was signed in 1963 by the United States, Soviet Union and United Kingdom, but not by France and China.) Atmospheric testing was conducted by the People’s Republic of China as recently as October 1980. Much of the fallout detected today is due to this explosion and the last large scale test performed in November of 1976 (Reference 3).

The radioactivity produced by these detonations was deposited worldwide. The amount of fallout deposited in any given area is dependent on many factors, such as the explosive yield of the device, the latitude and altitude of the detonation, the season in which it occurred, and the timing of subsequent rainfall which washes fallout from the troposphere (Reference 4). Most of this fallout has decayed into stable elements, but the residual radioactivity is still readily detectable in environmental samples worldwide. The two predominant radionuclides are Cesium-137 (Cs-137) and Strontium-90 (Sr-90). They are found in soil and in vegetation, and since cows and goats graze large areas of vegetation, these radionuclides are also often detected in milk.

Other potential “man-made” sources of environmental “background” radioactivity include other nuclear power plants, coal-fired power plants, national defense installations, hospitals, research laboratories and

industry. These, collectively, are insignificant on a global scale when compared to the sources discussed above (natural and fallout).

### **3. GENERAL PLANT AND SITE INFORMATION**

The Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station is located in the town of Vernon, Vermont in Windham County. The 130-acre site is on the west shore of the Connecticut River, immediately upstream of the Vernon Hydroelectric Station. The plant site is bounded on the north, south and west by privately-owned land, and on the east by the Connecticut River. The surrounding area is generally rural and lightly populated, and the topography is flat or gently rolling on the valley floor.

Construction of the single unit 540 megawatt BWR (Boiling Water Reactor) plant began in 1967. The pre-operational Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program, designed to measure environmental radiation and radioactivity levels in the area prior to station operation, began in 1970. Commercial operation began on November 30, 1972. An Extended Power Uprate, conducted in 2006, resulted in the present generation capacity of 650 megawatts electric.

A decision was made in 2013 to permanently shut down and decommission Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station at the end of 2014. The last day of power operation occurred on December 29, 2014.

#### 4. PROGRAM DESIGN

The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) for the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station (VYNPS) was designed with specific objectives in mind. These are:

- To provide an early indication of the appearance or accumulation of any radioactive material in the environment caused by the operation of the station.
- To provide assurance to regulatory agencies and the public that the station's environmental impact is known and within anticipated limits.
- To verify the adequacy and proper functioning of station effluent controls and monitoring systems.
- To provide standby monitoring capability for rapid assessment of risk to the general public in the event of unanticipated or accidental releases of radioactive material.

The program was initiated in 1970, approximately two years before the plant began commercial operation. It has been in operation continuously since that time, with improvements made periodically over those years.

The current program is designed to meet the intent of NRC Regulatory Guide 4.1, *Programs for Monitoring Radioactivity in the Environs of Nuclear Power Plants*; NRC Regulatory Guide 4.8, *Environmental Technical Specifications for Nuclear Power Plants*; the NRC Radiological Assessment Branch Technical Position of November 1979, *An Acceptable Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program*; and NRC NUREG-0473, *Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications for BWRs*. The environmental TLD program has been designed and tested around NRC Regulatory Guide 4.13, *Performance, Testing and Procedural Specifications for Thermoluminescence Dosimetry: Environmental Applications*. The quality assurance program is designed around the guidance given in NRC Regulatory Guide 4.15, *Quality Assurance for Radiological Monitoring Programs (Normal Operations) - Effluent Streams and the Environment*.

The sampling requirements of the REMP are given in the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual Table 3.5.1 and are summarized in Table 4.1 of this report. The identification of the required sampling locations is given in the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM), Chapter 7. These sampling and monitoring locations are shown graphically on the maps in Figures 4.1 through 4.6 of this report.

The Vermont Yankee Chemistry Department conducts the radiological environmental monitoring program and collects all airborne, terrestrial and ground water samples. VYNPS maintains a contract with Normandeau Associates to collect all fish, river water and river sediment samples. In 2014, analytical measurements of environmental samples were performed at Teledyne Brown Engineering Laboratory in Knoxville Tennessee. TLD badges are posted and retrieved by the Vermont Yankee Chemistry Department, and were analyzed by Environmental Dosimetry Company in Sterling Massachusetts.

#### **4.1 Monitoring Zones**

The REMP is designed to allow comparison of levels of radioactivity in samples from the area possibly influenced by the plant to levels found in areas not influenced by the plant. Monitoring locations within the first zone are called “indicators.” Those within the second zone are called “controls.” The distinction between the two zones, depending on the type of sample or sample pathway, is based on one or more of several factors, such as site meteorological history, meteorological dispersion calculations, relative direction from the plant, river flow, and distance. Analysis of survey data from the two zones aids in determining if there is a significant difference between the two areas. It can also help in differentiating between radioactivity and radiation due to plant releases and that due to other fluctuations in the environment, such as atmospheric nuclear weapons test fallout or seasonal variations in the natural background.

#### **4.2 Pathways Monitored**

Four pathway categories are monitored by the REMP. They are the airborne, waterborne, ingestion and direct radiation pathways. Each of these four categories is monitored by the collection of one or more sample media, which are listed below, and are described in more detail in this section:

##### **Airborne Pathway**

- Air Particulate Sampling**

- Charcoal Cartridge (Radioiodine) Sampling**

##### **Waterborne Pathways**

- River Water Sampling**

- Ground Water Sampling**

- Sediment Sampling**

##### **Ingestion Pathways**

- Milk Sampling**

- Silage Sampling**

- Mixed Grass Sampling**

- Fish Sampling**

##### **Direct Radiation Pathway**

- TLD Monitoring**

### **4.3 Descriptions of Monitoring Programs**

#### **4.3.1 Air Sampling**

Continuous air samplers are installed at seven locations. (Five are required by the VYNPS ODCM.) The sampling pumps at these locations operate continuously at a flow rate of approximately one cubic foot per minute. Airborne particulates are collected by passing air through a 50 mm glass-fiber filter. A dry gas meter is incorporated into the sampling stream to measure the total volume of air sampled in a given interval. The entire system is housed in a weatherproof structure. The filters are collected on a weekly frequency and, to allow for the decay of radon daughter products, the analysis for gross beta radioactivity is delayed for more than 24 hours. The weekly filters are composited by location at the environmental laboratory for a quarterly gamma spectroscopy analysis.

If the gross-beta activity on an air particulate sample is greater than ten times the yearly mean of the control samples, ODCM Table 3.5.1, Note c, requires a gamma isotopic analysis on the sample. Whenever the main plant stack effluent release rate of I-131 is equal to or greater than 0.1  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ , weekly air particulate collection from the plant stack is required by ODCM Table 3.5.1, Note h.

#### **4.3.2 Charcoal Cartridge (Radioiodine) Sampling**

Continuous air samplers are installed at seven locations. (Five are required by the ODCM Table 3.5.1.) The sampling pumps at these locations operate continuously at a flow rate of approximately one cubic foot per minute. A 60 cc TEDA-impregnated charcoal cartridge is located downstream of the air particulate filter described in Section 4.3.1 above. A dry gas meter is incorporated into the sampling stream to measure the total volume of air sampled in a given interval. The entire system is housed in a weatherproof structure. These cartridges are collected and analyzed weekly for I-131.

Whenever the main plant stack effluent release rate of I-131 is equal to or greater than 0.1  $\mu\text{Ci}/\text{sec}$ , weekly charcoal cartridge collection from the plant stack is required, pursuant to ODCM Table 3.5.1, Note h.

#### **4.3.3 River Water Sampling**

An automatic compositing sampler is maintained at the downstream sampling location by the Vermont Yankee Chemistry Department staff. Normandeau Associates personnel maintain the pump that delivers river water to the sampler. The sampler is controlled by a timer that collects a frequent aliquot of river water. An additional grab sample is collected monthly at the upstream control location. Each sample is analyzed for gamma-emitting radionuclides. Although not required by the VYNPS ODCM, a gross-beta analysis is also performed on each sample. The monthly composite and grab samples are composited by location by the contracted environmental laboratory for a quarterly tritium (H-3) analysis.

#### **4.3.4 Ground Water (Deep Well Potable Water) Sampling**

Grab samples are collected quarterly from up to four indicator locations and one control location. Only one indicator and one control are required by the VYNPS ODCM. Each sample is analyzed for gamma-emitting radionuclides and H-3. Although not required by the VYNPS ODCM, a gross-beta analysis is also performed on each sample.

#### **4.3.5 Sediment Sampling**

River sediment grab samples are collected semiannually from the downriver location and at the North Storm Drain Outfall by Normandeau Associates. Each sample is analyzed at an offsite environmental laboratory for gamma-emitting radionuclides.

#### **4.3.6 Milk Sampling**

When milk animals are identified as being on pasture feed (May through October), milk samples are collected twice per month from that location. Throughout the rest of the year, and for the full year where animals are not on pasture, milk samples are collected on a monthly schedule. Two locations are chosen as a result of the annual Land Use Census, based on meteorological dispersion calculations and proximity to the plant. The third location is a control, which is located sufficiently far away from the plant to be outside any potential plant influence. Other samples may be collected from locations of interest.

Immediately after collection, each milk sample is refrigerated and then shipped to the contracted environmental laboratory. Each sample is analyzed for gamma-emitting radionuclides. A separate low-level I-131 analysis is performed to meet the Lower Limit of Detection requirements in the ODCM. Although not required by the ODCM, Sr-89 and Sr-90 analyses are also performed on quarterly composited samples.

#### **4.3.7 Silage (Chopped Corn or Grass) Sampling**

Silage samples are collected at the milk sampling location at the time of harvest, if available. The silage from each location is shipped to the contracted environmental laboratory where it is analyzed for gamma-emitting radionuclides. Although not required by the ODCM, the silage samples are analyzed for low-level I-131.

#### **4.3.8 Mixed Grass Sampling**

At each air sampling station, a mixed grass sample is collected quarterly, when available. Enough grass is clipped to provide the minimal sample weight needed to achieve the required Lower Limit of Detection (LLD). The mixed grass samples are analyzed for gamma-emitting radionuclides. Although not required by the ODCM, the grass samples are analyzed for low-level I-131.

#### **4.3.9 Fish Sampling**

Fish samples are collected semiannually at two Connecticut River locations (upstream of the plant and in the Vernon Pond) by Normandeau Associates. The samples are frozen and delivered to the environmental laboratory where the edible and inedible portions are separately analyzed for gamma-emitting radionuclides.

#### **4.3.10 TLD Monitoring**

Direct gamma radiation exposure is continuously monitored with the use of thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs). Specifically, Panasonic UD-801AS1 and UD-814AS1 calcium sulfate dosimeters are used, with a total of five elements in place at each monitoring location. Each pair of dosimeters is sealed in a plastic bag, which is in turn housed in a plastic screen cylinder. This cylinder is attached to an object such as a fence or utility pole.

A total of 40 stations are required by the ODCM. Of these, 24 must be read out quarterly, while those from the remaining 16 incident response (outer ring) stations need only be de-dosed (annealed) quarterly, unless an ODCM gaseous release limit was exceeded during the period. Although not required by the ODCM, the TLDs from the 16 outer ring stations are read out quarterly along with the other stations' TLDs. In addition to the TLDs required by the ODCM, more than thirteen are typically posted at or near the site boundary. The plant staff posts and retrieves all TLDs, while the contracted environmental laboratory (Environmental Dosimetry Company) provides processing.

**TABLE 4.1**

**RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM**

(as required by ODCM Table 3.5.1)\*

| Exposure Pathway and/or Sample Media       | Collection                 |   |                      | Analysis  |   |
|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------|---|---|
|  | Number of Sample Locations | Routine Sampling Mode                               | Collection Frequency | Analysis Type   | Analysis Frequency  |
| 1. Direct Radiation (TLDs)                 | 40                         | Continuous  | Quarterly            | Gamma dose; Outer Ring - dc-dose only, unless gaseous release Control was exceeded            | Each TLD  |
| 2. Airborne (Particulates and Radioiodine) | 5                          | Continuous  | Weekly               | Particulate Sample:<br>Gross Beta<br><br>Gamma Isotopic<br><br>Radioiodine Canister:<br>I-131 | Each Sample<br><br>Quarterly Composite (by location)<br><br>Each Sample |
| 3. Waterborne                              |                            |   |                      |   |   |
| a. Surface water                           | 2                          | Downstream. Automatic composite<br>Upstream: grab   | Monthly              | Gamma Isotopic<br>Tritium (H-3)   | Each Sample<br>Quarterly Composite                                      |
| b. Ground water                            | 3                          | Grab  | Quarterly            | Gamma Isotopic<br>Tritium (H-3)   | Each Sample<br>Each Sample  |
| c. Shoreline Sediment                      | 2                          | Downstream: grab<br>N. Storm Drain<br>Outfall: grab | Semiannually         | Gamma Isotopic  | Each Sample   |

- See ODCM Table 3.5.1 for complete footnotes.



**TABLE 4.1, cont.**

**RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM**  
 (as required by ODCM Table 3.5.1)\*

| Exposure Pathway<br>and/or<br>Sample Media | Collection                                  |                          |   | Analysis                             |                            |
|--|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
|  | Nominal<br>Number of<br>Sample<br>Locations | Routine Sampling<br>Mode | Nominal<br>Collection<br>Frequency          | Analysis<br>Type                     | Analysis<br>Frequency      |
| 4. Ingestion                               |   |                          |   |                                      |                            |
| a. Milk                                    | 3   | Grab                     | Monthly<br>(Semimonthly<br>when on pasture) | Gamma Isotopic<br>I-131              | Each sample<br>Each sample |
| b. Fish                                    | 2   | Grab                     | Semiannually                                | Gamma Isotopic on<br>edible portions | Each sample                |
| c. Vegetation                              |   |                          |   |                                      |                            |
| Grass sample                               | 1 at each air<br>sampling<br>station        | Grab                     | Quarterly when<br>available                 | Gamma Isotopic                       | Each sample                |
| Silage sample                              | 1 at each milk<br>sampling<br>station       | Grab                     | At harvest                                  | Gamma Isotopic                       | Each sample                |

\* See ODCM Table 3.5.1 for complete footnotes.

**TABLE 4.2**

**RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING LOCATIONS (NON-TLD) IN 2014  
VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER STATION**

| <u>Exposure Pathway</u> | <u>Station Code</u> | <u>Station Description</u>    | <u>Zone<sup>(a)</sup></u> | <u>Distance From Plant Stack (km)</u> | <u>Direction From Plant</u> |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>I. Airborne</b>      |                     |                               |                           |                                       |                             |
|                         | AP/CF-11            | River Sta. No. 3.3            | I                         | 1.9                                   | SSE                         |
|                         | AP/CF-12            | N. Hinsdale, NH               | I                         | 3.6                                   | NNW                         |
|                         | AP/CF-13            | Hinsdale Substation           | I                         | 3.1                                   | E                           |
|                         | AP/CF-14            | Northfield, MA                | I                         | 11.6                                  | SSE                         |
|                         | AP/CF-15            | Tyler Hill Road               | I                         | 3.1                                   | WNW                         |
|                         | AP/CF-21            | Spofford Lake                 | C                         | 16.4                                  | NNE                         |
|                         | AP/CF-40            | Gov. Hunt House               | I                         | --                                    | On-site                     |
| <b>2. Waterborne</b>    |                     |                               |                           |                                       |                             |
| <b>a. Surface</b>       |                     |                               |                           |                                       |                             |
|                         | WR-11               | River Sta. No. 3.3            | I                         | 1.9                                   | SSE                         |
|                         | WR-21               | Rt.9 Bridge                   | C                         | 11.8                                  | NNW                         |
| <b>b. Ground</b>        |                     |                               |                           |                                       |                             |
|                         | WG-11               | Main Plant Well               | I                         | 0.2                                   | On-site                     |
|                         | WG-12               | Vernon Green Well             | I                         | 2.1                                   | SSE                         |
|                         | WG-14               | Plant Support Bldg (PSB) Well | I                         | 0.3                                   | On-site                     |
|                         | WG-15               | Southwest Well                | I                         | 0.3                                   | On-site                     |
|                         | WT-14               | Test Well 201                 | I                         | --                                    | On-site                     |
|                         | WT-16               | Test Well 202                 | I                         | --                                    | On-site                     |
|                         | WT-17               | Test Well 203                 | I                         | --                                    | On-site                     |
|                         | WT-18               | Test Well 204                 | I                         | --                                    | On-site                     |
|                         | WG-22               | Copeland Well                 | C                         | 13.7                                  | N                           |
| <b>c. Sediment</b>      |                     |                               |                           |                                       |                             |
|                         | SE-11               | Shoreline Downriver           | I                         | 0.6                                   | SSE                         |
|                         | SE-12               | North Storm Drain Outfall     | I                         | 0.1                                   | E                           |

TABLE 4.2, cont.

**RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING LOCATIONS (NON-TLD) IN 2014  
VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER STATION**

| Direction<br>Exposure<br>Pathway<br>Stack | Station<br>Code | Station Description                     | Zone <sup>(a)</sup> | Distance                |               |
|---|-----------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
|   |                 |   |                     | From Plant<br>Stack(km) | From<br>Plant |
| 3. Ingestion                              |                 |   |                     |                         |               |
| a. Milk                                   | TM-11           | Miller Farm                             | I                   | 0.8                     | W             |
|   | TM-14           | Brown Farm <sup>(d)</sup>               | I                   | 2.2                     | S             |
|   | TM-18           | Blodgett Farm                           | I                   | 3.6                     | SE            |
|   | TM-20           | Dunklee Farm (Vern-Mont) <sup>(e)</sup> | C                   | 5.5                     | S             |
|   | TM-22           | Franklin Farm                           | C                   | 9.7                     | WSW           |
|   | TM-24           | County Farm <sup>(c)</sup>              | C                   | 21.6                    | N             |
| b. Fish                                   | FH-11           | Vernon Pond                             | I                   | 0.6 <sup>(b)</sup>      | SSE           |
|   | FH-21           | Rt.9 Bridge                             | C                   | 11.8                    | NNW           |
| c. Mixed Grass                            | TG-11           | River Sta. No. 3.3                      | I                   | 1.9                     | SSE           |
|   | TG-12           | N. Hinsdale, NH                         | I                   | 3.6                     | NNW           |
|   | TG-13           | Hinsdale Substation                     | I                   | 3.1                     | E             |
|   | TG-14           | Northfield, MA                          | I                   | 11.6                    | SSE           |
|   | TG-15           | Tyler Hill Rd.                          | I                   | 3.1                     | WNW           |
|   | TG-21           | Spofford Lake                           | C                   | 16.4                    | NNE           |
|   | TG-40           | Gov. Hunt House                         | I                   | --                      | On-site       |
| d. Silage                                 | TC-11           | Miller Farm                             | I                   | 0.8                     | W             |
|   | TC-14           | Brown Farm <sup>(d)</sup>               | I                   | 2.2                     | S             |
|   | TC-18           | Blodgett Farm                           | I                   | 3.6                     | SE            |
|   | TC-20           | Dunklee Farm (Vern-Mont) <sup>(e)</sup> | C                   | 5.2                     | S             |
|   | TC-22           | Franklin Farm                           | C                   | 9.7                     | WSW           |

(a) I = Indicator Stations; C = Control Stations

(b) Fish samples are collected anywhere in Vernon Pond, which is adjacent to the plant (see Figure 4.1).

(c) County Farm ceased operations on May 4, 2012.

(d) Brown Farm ceased operations on May 9, 2013.

(e) Dunklee Farm (Vern-Mont) is outside of the 3-mile ODCM Zone and not required by the ODCM.

**TABLE 4.3**

**RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING LOCATIONS (TLD) IN 2014  
VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER STATION**

| <u>Station Code</u> | <u>Station Description</u>   | <u>Zone<sup>(a)</sup></u> | <u>Distance From Plant (km)<sup>(d)</sup></u> | <u>Direction From Plant<sup>(d)</sup></u> |
|---------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|
| DR-1                | River Sta. No. 3.3           | I                         | 1.6   | SSE                                       |
| DR-2                | N. Hinsdale, NH              | I                         | 3.9   | NNW                                       |
| DR-3                | Hinsdale Substation          | I                         | 3.0   | E   |
| DR-4                | Northfield, MA               | C                         | 11.3  | SSE                                       |
| DR-5                | Spofford Lake                | C                         | 16.5  | NNE                                       |
| DR-6                | Vernon School                | I                         | 0.52  | WSW                                       |
| DR-7                | Site Boundary <sup>(c)</sup> | SB                        | 0.28  | W   |
| DR-8                | Site Boundary                | SB                        | 0.25  | SSW                                       |
| DR-9                | Inner Ring                   | I                         | 1.7   | N   |
| DR-10               | Outer Ring                   | O                         | 4.5   | N   |
| DR-11               | Inner Ring                   | I                         | 1.6   | NNE                                       |
| DR-12               | Outer Ring                   | O                         | 3.6   | NNE                                       |
| DR-13               | Inner Ring                   | I                         | 1.2   | NE  |
| DR-14               | Outer Ring                   | O                         | 3.9   | NE  |
| DR-15               | Inner Ring                   | I                         | 1.5   | ENE                                       |
| DR-16               | Outer Ring                   | O                         | 2.8   | ENE                                       |
| DR-17               | Inner Ring                   | I                         | 1.2   | E   |
| DR-18               | Outer Ring                   | O                         | 3.0   | E   |
| DR-19               | Inner Ring                   | I                         | 3.7   | ESE                                       |
| DR-20               | Outer Ring                   | O                         | 5.3   | ESE                                       |
| DR-21               | Inner Ring                   | I                         | 1.8   | SE  |
| DR-22               | Outer Ring                   | O                         | 3.3   | SE  |
| DR-23               | Inner Ring                   | I                         | 2.0   | SSE                                       |
| DR-24               | Outer Ring                   | O                         | 3.9   | SSE                                       |
| DR-25               | Inner Ring                   | I                         | 1.9   | S   |
| DR-26               | Outer Ring                   | O                         | 3.8   | S   |
| DR-27               | Inner Ring                   | I                         | 1.1   | SSW                                       |
| DR-28               | Outer Ring                   | O                         | 2.2   | SSW                                       |
| DR-29               | Inner Ring                   | I                         | 0.9   | SW  |
| DR-30               | Outer Ring                   | O                         | 2.4   | SW  |

**TABLE 4.3, cont.**

**RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING LOCATIONS (TLD) IN 2014  
VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER STATION**

| <u>Station Code</u>  | <u>Station Description</u> | <u>Zone<sup>(a)</sup></u> | <u>Distance From Plant (km)<sup>(d)</sup></u> | <u>Direction From Plant<sup>(d)</sup></u> |
|----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|
| DR-31                | Inner Ring                 | I                         | 0.71  | WSW                                       |
| DR-32                | Outer Ring                 | O                         | 5.1   | WSW                                       |
| DR-33                | Inner Ring                 | I                         | 0.66  | WNW                                       |
| DR-34                | Outer Ring                 | O                         | 4.6   | W   |
| DR-35                | Inner Ring                 | I                         | 1.3   | WNW                                       |
| DR-36                | Outer Ring                 | O                         | 4.4   | WNW                                       |
| DR-37                | Inner Ring                 | I                         | 2.8   | NW  |
| DR-38                | Outer Ring                 | O                         | 7.3   | NW  |
| DR-39                | Inner Ring                 | I                         | 3.1   | NNW                                       |
| DR-40                | Outer Ring                 | O                         | 5.0   | NNW                                       |
| DR-41 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.38  | SSW                                       |
| DR-42 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.59  | S   |
| DR-43 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.44  | SSE                                       |
| DR-44 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.19  | SE  |
| DR-45 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.12  | NE  |
| DR-46 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.28  | NNW                                       |
| DR-47 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.50  | NNW                                       |
| DR-48 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.82  | NW  |
| DR-49 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.55  | WNW                                       |
| DR-50 <sup>(b)</sup> | Gov. Hunt House            | I                         | 0.35  | SSW                                       |
| DR-51 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.26  | W   |
| DR-52 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.24  | SW  |
| DR-53 <sup>(b)</sup> | Site Boundary              | SB                        | 0.21  | WSW                                       |

- (a) I = Inner Ring TLD; O = Outer Ring Incident Response TLD; C = Control TLD; SB = Site Boundary TLD.
- (b) This location is not considered a requirement of ODCM Table 3.5.1.
- (c) DR-7 satisfies ODCM Table 3.5.1 for an inner ring direct radiation monitoring location. However, it is averaged as a Site Boundary TLD due to its close proximity to the plant.
- (d) Distance and direction is relative to the center of the Turbine Building for direct radiation monitors.

**TABLE 4.4  
ENVIRONMENTAL LOWER LIMIT OF DETECTION (LLD) SENSITIVITY REQUIREMENTS**

| Analysis   | Water<br>(pCi/l)    | Airborne<br>Particulates<br>or Gases<br>(pCi/m <sup>3</sup> ) | Fish<br>(pCi/Kg) | Milk<br>(pCi/l) | Vegetation<br>(pCi/Kg) | Sediment<br>(pCi/Kg -<br>dry) |
|------------|---------------------|---|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Gross-Beta | 4                   | 0.01  |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| H-3        | 2000 <sup>(a)</sup> |   |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| Mn-54      | 15                  |   | 130              |                 |                        |                               |
| Fe-59      | 30                  |   | 260              |                 |                        |                               |
| Co-58,60   | 15                  |   | 130              |                 |                        |                               |
| Zn-65      | 30                  |   | 260              |                 |                        |                               |
| Zr-Nb-95   | 15                  |   |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| I-131      | 1 <sup>(b)</sup>    | 0.07  |                  | 1               | 60                     |                               |
| Cs-134     | 15                  | 0.05  | 130              | 15              | 60                     | 150                           |
| Cs-137     | 18                  | 0.06  | 150              | 18              | 80                     | 180                           |
| Ba-La-140  | 15                  |   |                  | 15              |                        |                               |

(a) If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 3000 picocuries/liter may be used.

(b) If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 15 picocuries/liter may be used.

See ODCM Table 4.5.1 for additional explanatory footnotes.

**TABLE 4.5**

**REPORTING LEVELS FOR RADIOACTIVITY CONCENTRATIONS  
IN ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES**

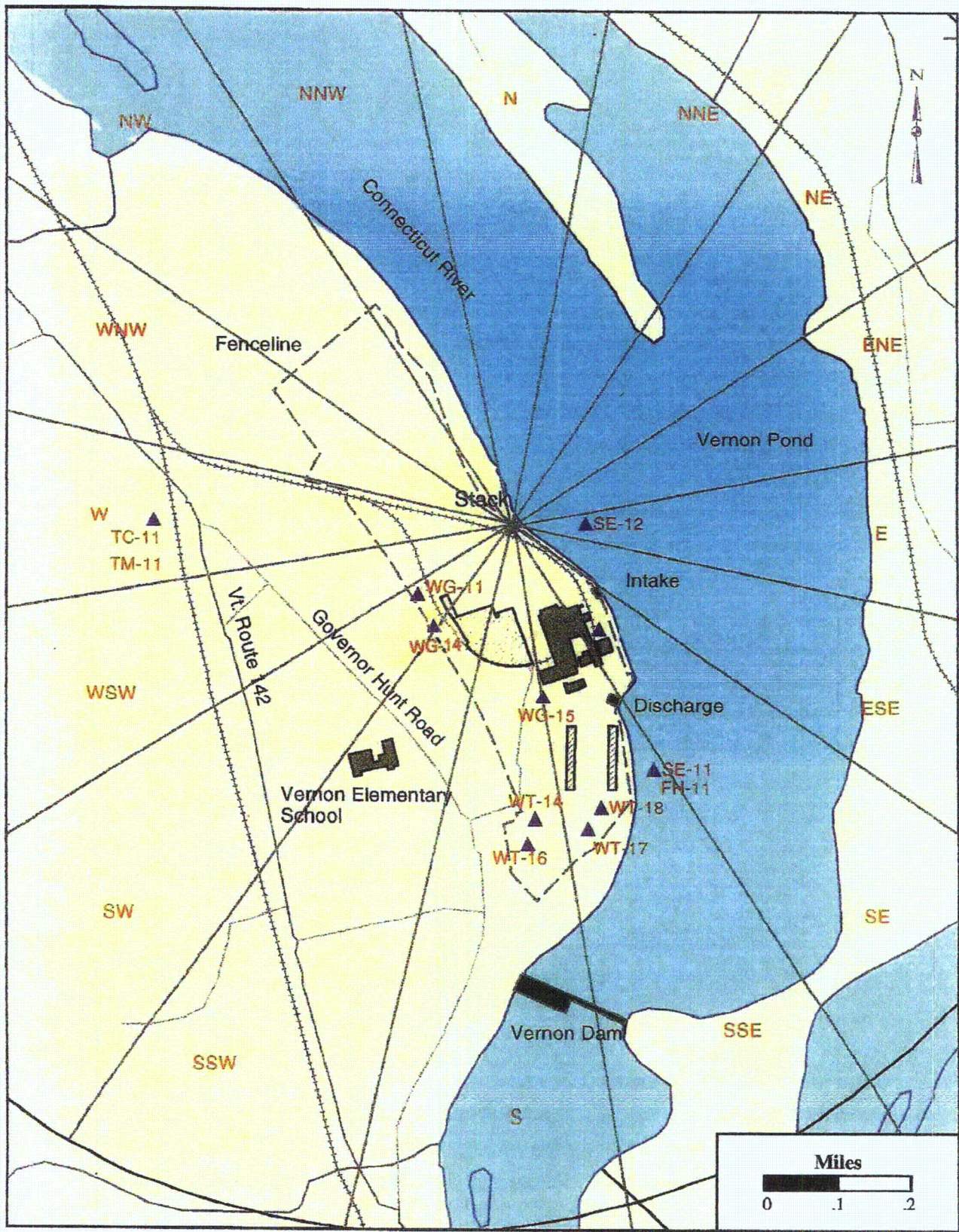
| Analysis  | Water<br>(pCi/l)      | Airborne<br>Particulates<br>or Gases<br>(pCi/m <sup>3</sup> ) | Fish<br>(pCi/Kg) | Milk<br>(pCi/l) | Food Product<br>(pCi/Kg) | Sediment<br>(pCi/Kg-dry) |
|-----------|-----------------------|---|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| H-3       | 20,000 <sup>(a)</sup> |   |                  |                 |                          |                          |
| Mn-54     | 1000                  |   | 30,000           |                 |                          |                          |
| Fe-59     | 400                   |   | 10,000           |                 |                          |                          |
| Co-58     | 1000                  |   | 30,000           |                 |                          |                          |
| Co-60     | 300                   |   | 10,000           |                 |                          | 3000 <sup>(b)</sup>      |
| Zn-65     | 300                   |   | 20,000           |                 |                          |                          |
| Zr-Nb-95  | 400                   |   |                  |                 |                          |                          |
| I-131     | 2 <sup>(c)</sup>      | 0.9   |                  | 3               | 100                      |                          |
| Cs-134    | 30                    | 10  | 1000             | 60              | 1000                     |                          |
| Cs-137    | 50                    | 20  | 2000             | 70              | 2000                     |                          |
| Ba-La-140 | 200                   |   |                  | 300             |                          |                          |

(a) Reporting Level for drinking water pathways. For non-drinking water, a value of 30,000 pCi/liter may be used.

(b) Reporting Level for grab samples taken at the North Storm Drain Outfall only.

(c) If no drinking water pathway exists, a value of 20 picocuries/liter may be used.

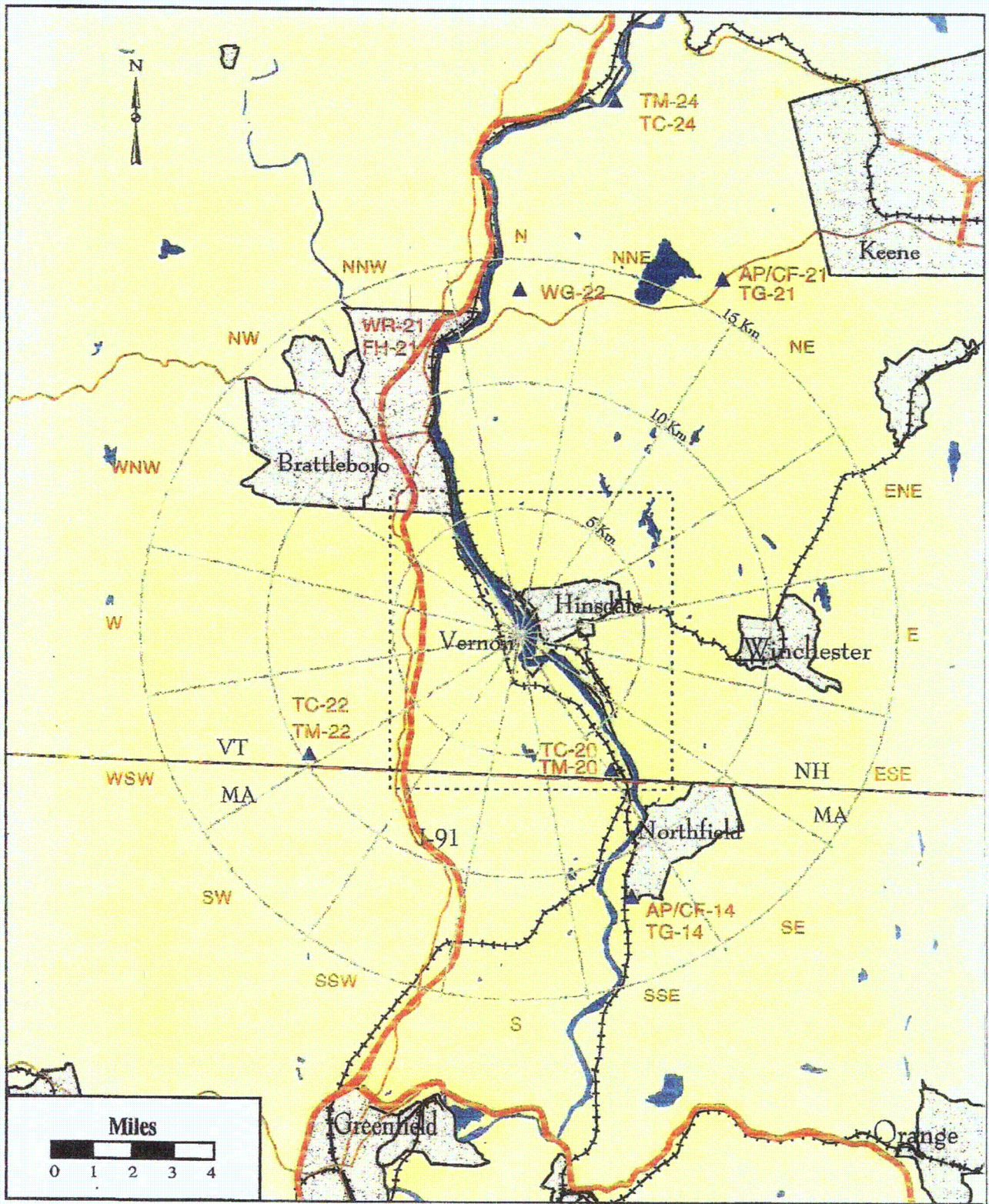
See ODCM Table 3.5.2 for additional explanatory footnotes.



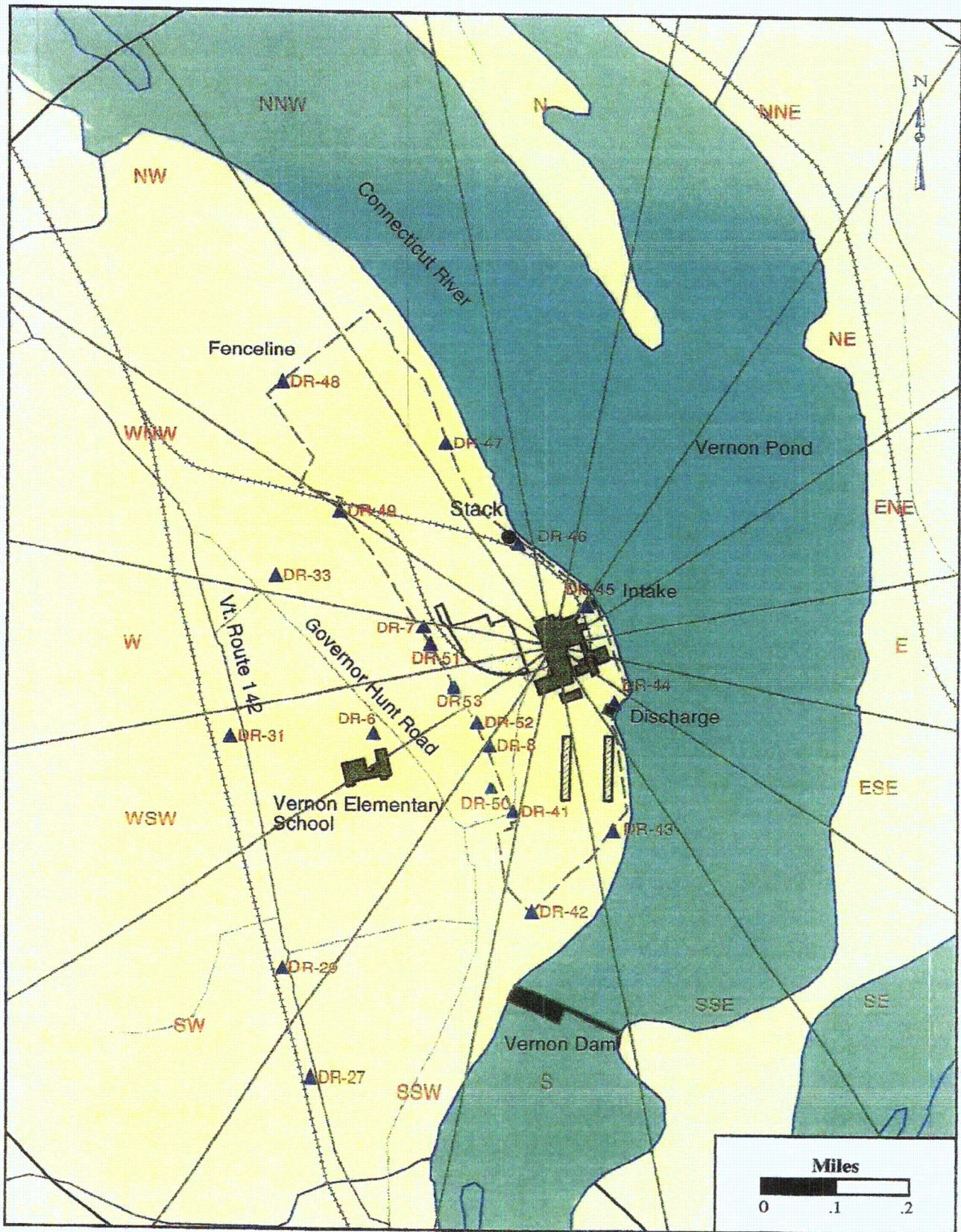
**Figure 4.1 Environmental Sampling Locations  
In Close Proximity to Plant**



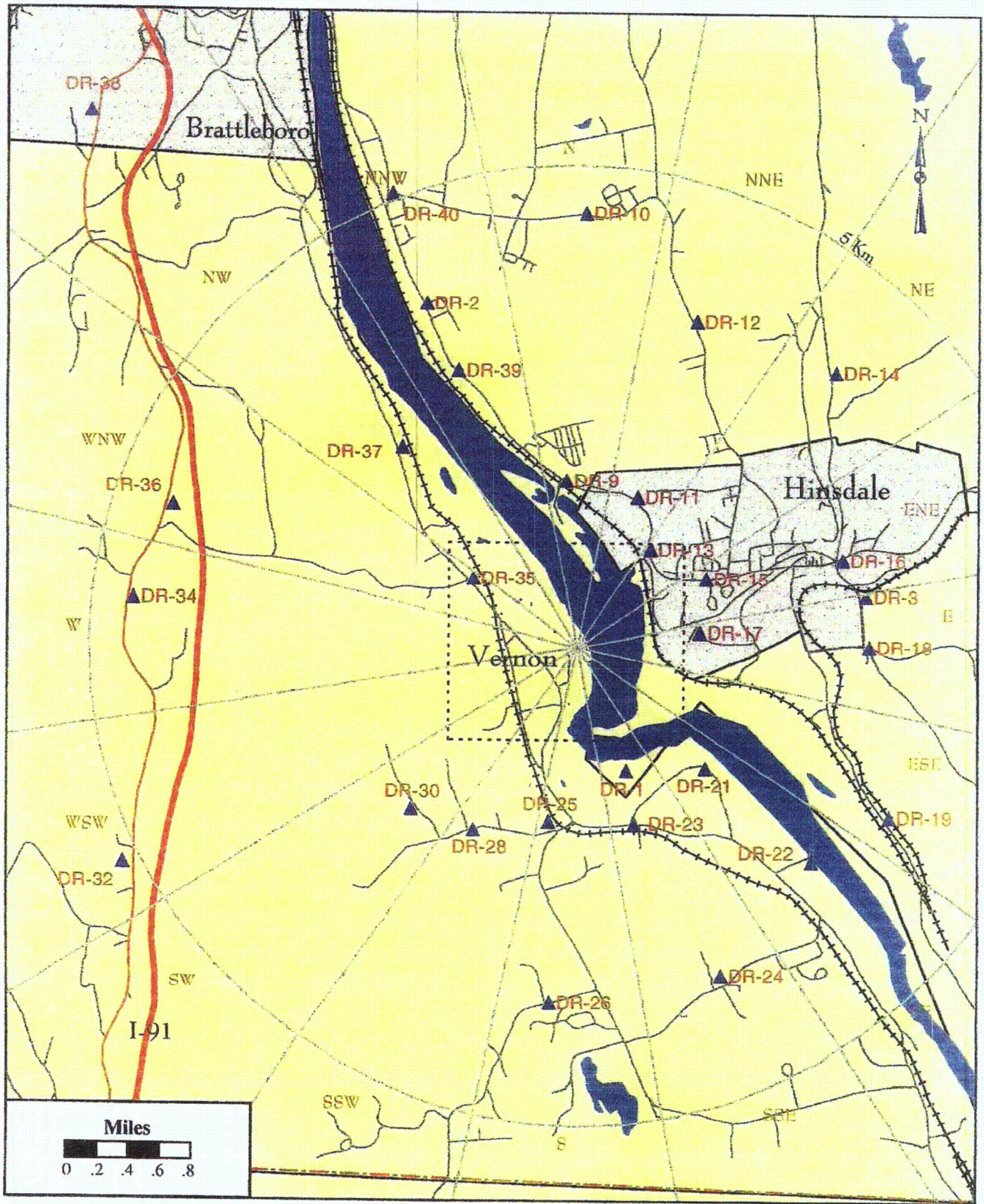




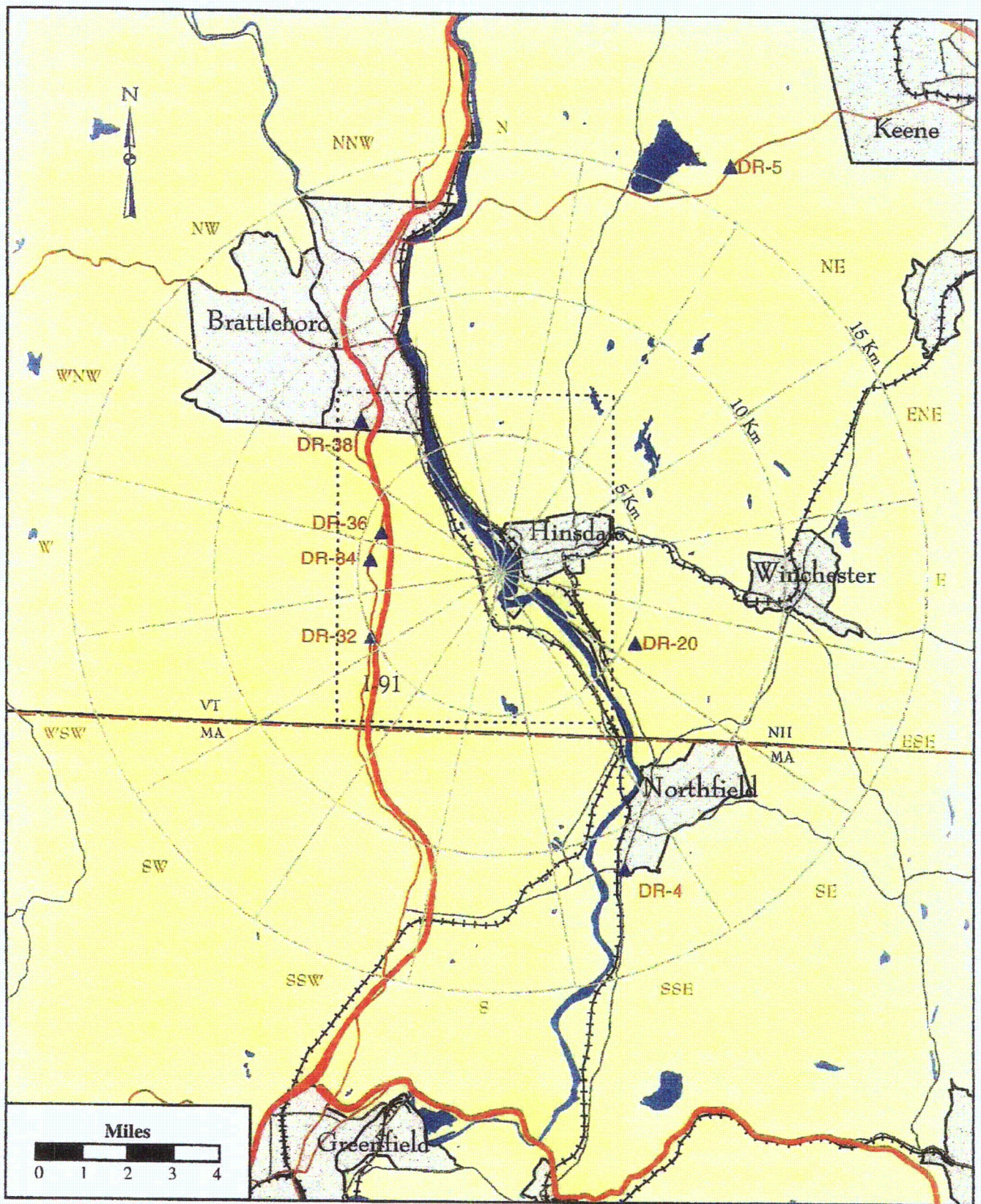
**Figure 4.3 Environmental Sampling Locations Greater than 5 Km from Plant**



**Figure 4.4 Thermoluminescent Dosimeter Locations  
In Close Proximity to Plant**



**Figure 4.5 Thermoluminescent Dosimeter Locations  
Within 5 Km of Plant**



**Figure 4.6 Thermoluminescent Dosimeter Locations Greater than 5 Km from Plant**

## 5. RADIOLOGICAL DATA SUMMARY TABLES

This section summarizes the analytical results of the environmental samples that were collected during 2014. These results, shown in Table 5.1, are presented in a format similar to that prescribed in the NRC's Radiological Assessment Branch Technical Position on Environmental Monitoring (Reference 1). The results are ordered by sample media type and then by radionuclide. The units for each media type are also given.

In 2014, Vermont Yankee contracted with one laboratory for all analyses of the environmental samples including samples for hard-to-detect radionuclides (such as Strontium-89 and 90).

The left-most column of Table 5.1 contains the radionuclide of interest, the total number of analyses for that radionuclide in 2014 and the number of measurements which exceeded the Reporting Levels found in Table 3.5.2 of the VYNPS Off-site Dose Calculation Manual. The latter are classified as "Non-routine" measurements. The second column lists the required Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) for those radionuclides that have detection capability requirements as specified in the ODCM Table 4.5.1. The absence of a value in this column indicates that no LLD is specified in the ODCM for that radionuclide in that media. The target LLD for any analysis is typically 50 percent of the most restrictive required LLD. Occasionally the required LLD may not be met. This may be due to malfunctions in sampling equipment or lack of sufficient sample quantity which would then result in low sample volume. Delays in analysis at the laboratory could also be a factor. Such cases, if and when they should occur, would be addressed in Section 6.2.

For each radionuclide and media type, the remaining three columns summarize the data for the following categories of monitoring locations: (1) the Indicator stations, which are within the range of influence of the plant and which could be affected by its operation; (2) the Control stations, which are beyond the influence of the plant; and (3) the station which had the highest mean concentration during 2014 for that radionuclide. Direct radiation monitoring stations (using TLDs) are grouped into Inner Ring, Outer ring, Site Boundary and Control.

In each of these columns, for each radionuclide, the following statistical values are given:

- The mean value of all concentrations, including those results that are less than the *a posteriori* LLD for that analysis.
- The minimum and maximum concentration, including those results that are less than the *a posteriori* LLD. In previous years, data less than the *a posteriori* LLD were converted to zero for purposes of reporting the means and ranges.

- The “Number Detected” is the number of positive measurements. A measurement is considered positive when the concentration is greater than three times the standard deviation in the concentration and greater than or equal to the *a posteriori* LLD (Minimum Detectable Concentration or MDC).
- The “Total Analyzed” for each column is also given.

Each single radioactivity measurement datum in this report is based on a single measurement of a sample. Any concentration below the *a posteriori* LLD for its analysis is averaged with those values above the *a posteriori* LLD to determine the average of the results. Likewise, the values are reported in ranges even though they are below the *a posteriori* LLD. To be consistent with normal data review practices used by Vermont Yankee, a “positive measurement” is considered to be one whose concentration is greater than three times its associated standard deviation, is greater than or equal to the *a posteriori* LLD and satisfies the analytical laboratory’s criteria for identification.

The radionuclides reported in this section represent those that: 1) had an LLD requirement in Table 4.5.1 of the ODCM, or a Reporting Level listed in Table 3.5.2 of the ODCM, or 2) had a positive measurement of radioactivity, whether it was naturally-occurring or man-made; or 3) were of special interest for any other reason. The radionuclides routinely analyzed and reported by the environmental laboratory (in a gamma spectroscopy analysis) were: Th-232, Ba/La-140, Be-7, Co-58, Co-60, Cs-134, Cs-137, Fe-59, K-40, Mn-54, Zn-65 and Zr-95.

Data from direct radiation measurements made by TLDs are provided in Table 5.2. The complete listing of quarterly TLD data is provided in Table 5.3.

Radiological Environmental Program Summary  
**2014 Radiological Environmental Operating Report**  
Vermont Yankee

**Table 5.1:**

|                |                         |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| Sample Medium: | Air Particulate (AP)    |
| Sample Medium: | Charcoal Cartridge (CF) |
| Sample Medium: | River Water (WR)        |
| Sample Medium: | Ground Water (WG)       |
| Sample Medium: | Sediment (SE)           |
| Sample Medium: | Test Well (WT)          |
| Sample Medium: | Milk (TM)               |
| Sample Medium: | Silage (TC)             |
| Sample Medium: | Mixed Grass (TG)        |
| Sample Medium: | Fish (FH)               |



**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT<br>Location of Facility: VERNON, VT |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:<br>50-271                 |  | REPORTING PERIOD:<br>2014              |   |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT)                                 | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                                | CONTROL                                | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN      |   |   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | LOCATIONS<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE        | LOCATION<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE       | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE                   | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION           | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
| AIR PARTICULATES<br>(PCI/TOTAL)  | GR-B                              | 363                                | 0.01   | 0.0147<br>(311/311)<br>( 0.0043/ 0.0313) | 0.0142<br>(52/52)<br>( 0.0047/ 0.0279) | 0.0154<br>(52/52)<br>( 0.0051/ 0.0252) | 12 INDICATOR<br>N. HINSDALE, NH<br>3.6 KM NNW OF SITE | 0   |
|  | GAMMA<br>BE-7                     | 28                                 | N/A  | 0.1012<br>(24/24)<br>(0.0537/0.1343)     | 0.0969<br>(4/4)<br>(0.0716/0.1384)     | 0.1154<br>(4/4)<br>(0.0838/0.1337)     | 14 INDICATOR<br>NORTHFIELD, MA<br>11.6 KM SSE OF SITE | 0   |
|  | K-40                              |                                    | N/A  | 0.0344<br>(0/24)<br>(<0.0127/<0.0622)    | 0.03<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0217/<0.0473)     | 0.0475<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0324/<0.0622)   | 14 INDICATOR<br>NORTHFIELD, MA<br>11.6 KM SSE OF SITE | 0   |
|  | CS-134                            |                                    | 0.05   | 0.0023<br>(0/24)<br>(<0.0008/<0.0036)    | 0.0026<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0020/<0.0036)   | 0.0028<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0021/<0.0036)   | 14 INDICATOR<br>NORTHFIELD, MA<br>11.6 KM SSE OF SITE | 0   |
|  | CS-137                            |                                    | 0.06   | 0.0020<br>(0/24)<br>(<0.0007/<0.0031)    | 0.0024<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0018/<0.0033)   | 0.0025<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0021/<0.0031)   | 12 INDICATOR<br>N. HINSDALE, NH<br>3.6 KM NNW OF SITE | 0   |
|  | RA-226                            |                                    | N/A  | 0.0346<br>(0/24)<br>(<0.0176/<0.0514)    | 0.0410<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0282/<0.0566)   | 0.0410<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0282/<0.0566)   | 21 CONTROL<br>SPOFFORD LAKE<br>16.4 KM NNE OF SITE    | 0   |
|  | AC-228                            |                                    | N/A  | 0.0080<br>(0/24)<br>(<0.0052/<0.0150)    | 0.0094<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0080/<0.0111)   | 0.0096<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0069/<0.0150)   | 12 INDICATOR<br>N. HINSDALE, NH<br>3.6 KM NNW OF SITE | 0   |
|  | TH-228                            |                                    | N/A  | 0.0031<br>(0/24)<br>(<0.0019/<0.0042)    | 0.0038<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0031/<0.0053)   | 0.0038<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.0031/<0.0053)   | 21 CONTROL<br>SPOFFORD LAKE<br>16.4 KM NNE OF SITE    | 0   |
| 27<br>AIR IODINE   | GAMMA                             | 363                                |  |  |  |  |   |   |

FRACTION OF DETECTABLE MEASUREMENTS AT SPECIFIED LOCATIONS IS INDICATED IN PARENTHESES (F)

**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT     |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:                           |   | 50-271                                  |  |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| Location of Facility: VERNON, VT                         |                                   |                                    |  | REPORTING PERIOD:                        |   | 2014                                    |  |   |
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT) | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                                | CONTROL                                 | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN       |  |   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | LOCATIONS<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE        | LOCATION<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE        | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE                    | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION              | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
| (PCI/TOTAL)  | I-131                             |                                    | 0.07   | 0.0278<br>(0/311)<br>(< 0.0058/< 0.0399) | 0.0302<br>(0/52)<br>(< 0.0131/< 0.0399) | 0.0302<br>(0/52)<br>(< 0.0131/< 0.0399) | 21 CONTROL<br>SPOFFORD LAKE<br>16.4 KM NNE OF SITE       | 0   |
| RIVER WATER<br>(PCI/LITER)                               | GR-B                              | 23                                 | 4  | 1.84<br>(3/11)<br>(1.37/2.25)            | 1.56<br>(0/12)<br>(<1.04/<1.95)         | 1.84<br>(3/11)<br>(1.37/2.25)           | 11 INDICATOR<br>RIVER STA. NO. 3.3<br>1.9 KM SSE OF SITE | 0   |
|  | H-3                               | 23                                 | 3000   | 605<br>(0/11)<br>(<531/<641)             | 614<br>(0/12)<br>(<521/<663)            | 614<br>(0/12)<br>(<521/<663)            | 21 CONTROL<br>RT. 9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE        | 0   |
|  | GAMMA<br>MN-54                    | 23                                 | 15   | 0.926<br>(0/11)<br>(<0.497/<1.76)        | 1.02<br>(0/12)<br>(<0.675/<1.74)        | 1.02<br>(0/12)<br>(<0.675/<1.74)        | 21 CONTROL<br>RT. 9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE        | 0   |
|  | CO-58                             |                                    | 7.5  | 1.18<br>(0/11)<br>(<0.660/<1.90)         | 1.24<br>(0/12)<br>(<0.749/<1.87)        | 1.24<br>(0/12)<br>(<0.749/<1.87)        | 21 CONTROL<br>RT. 9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE        | 0   |
|  | FE-59                             |                                    | 30   | 3.05<br>(0/11)<br>(<1.40/<5.04)          | 2.87<br>(0/12)<br>(<1.61/<5.29)         | 3.05<br>(0/11)<br>(<1.40/<5.04)         | 11 INDICATOR<br>RIVER STA. NO. 3.3<br>1.9 KM SSE OF SITE | 0   |
|  | CO-60                             |                                    | 15   | 0.905<br>(0/11)<br>(<0.419/<1.94)        | 1.04<br>(0/12)<br>(<0.592/<1.71)        | 1.04<br>(0/12)<br>(<0.592/<1.71)        | 21 CONTROL<br>RT. 9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE        | 0   |
|  | ZN-65                             |                                    | 30   | 1.85<br>(0/11)<br>(<1.00/<3.51)          | 2.09<br>(0/12)<br>(<1.23/<3.32)         | 2.09<br>(0/12)<br>(<1.23/<3.32)         | 21 CONTROL<br>RT. 9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE        | 0   |

FRACTION OF DETECTABLE MEASUREMENTS AT SPECIFIED LOCATIONS IS INDICATED IN PARENTHESES (F)

**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT<br>Location of Facility: VERNON, VT |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:<br>50-271          |                                   | REPORTING PERIOD:<br>2014         |   |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT)                                 | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                         | CONTROL                           | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN |   |   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | LOCATIONS<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | LOCATION<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE  | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE              | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION                   | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
| RIVER WATER (cont'd)<br>(PCI/LITER)  | ZR-95                             |                                    | 15   | 2.18<br>(0/11)<br>(<1.01/<3.47)   | 2.36<br>(0/12)<br>(<1.52/<3.48)   | 2.36<br>(0/12)<br>(<1.52/<3.48)   | 21 CONTROL<br>RT. 9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE             | 0   |
|  | I-131                             |                                    | 15   | 191<br>(0/11)<br>(<4.80/<772)     | 79.8<br>(0/11)<br>(<5.00/<385)    | 191<br>(0/11)<br>(<4.80/<772)     | 11 INDICATOR<br>RIVER STA. NO. 3.3<br>1.9 KM SSE OF SITE      | 0   |
|  | CS-134                            |                                    | 15   | 0.816<br>(0/11)<br>(<0.494/<1.72) | 0.969<br>(0/12)<br>(<0.593/<1.68) | 0.969<br>(0/12)<br>(<0.593/<1.68) | 21 CONTROL<br>RT. 9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE             | 0   |
|  | CS-137                            |                                    | 18   | 0.901<br>(0/11)<br>(<0.520/<1.85) | 1.08<br>(0/12)<br>(<0.704/<1.85)  | 1.08<br>(0/12)<br>(<0.704/<1.85)  | 21 CONTROL<br>RT. 9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE             | 0   |
|  | BA/LA-140                         |                                    | 15   | 18.5<br>(0/11)<br>(<2.48/<57.3)   | 10.7<br>(0/12)<br>(<1.84/<35.9)   | 18.5<br>(0/11)<br>(<2.48/<57.3)   | 11 INDICATOR<br>RIVER STA. NO. 3.3<br>1.9 KM SSE OF SITE      | 0   |
|  | RA-226                            |                                    | N/A  | 22.5<br>(0/11)<br>(<10.3/<49.0)   | 24.6<br>(0/13)<br>(<2.12/<48.0)   | 24.6<br>(0/13)<br>(<2.12/<48.0)   | 21 CONTROL<br>RT. 9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE             | 0   |
| GROUND WATER<br>(PCI/LITER)  | GR-B                              | 20                                 | 4  | 4.64<br>(15/16)<br>(<1.49/8.34)   | 2.74<br>(4/4)<br>(2.03/4.63)      | 5.76<br>(4/4)<br>(3.83/8.34)      | 15 INDICATOR<br>SOUTHWEST WELL<br>0.3 KM ON-SITE              | 0   |
|  | H-3                               | 20                                 | 2000   | 596<br>(0/16)<br>(<579/<610)      | 586<br>(0/4)<br>(<574/<603)       | 599<br>(0/4)<br>(<590/<602)       | 14 INDICATOR<br>PLANT SUPPORT BUILDING WELL<br>0.3 KM ON-SITE | 0   |

**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT     |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:                    |                                  | 50-271                            |  |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| Location of Facility: VERNON, VT                         |                                   |                                    |  | REPORTING PERIOD:                 |                                  | 2014                              |  |   |
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT) | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                         | CONTROL                          | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN |  |   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | LOCATIONS                         | LOCATION                         | MEAN                              | STATION #  | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE              | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE             | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE              | NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION                   |   |
| GROUND WATER (cont'd)<br>(PCI/LITER)                     | I-131                             | 18                                 | 1  | 0.584<br>(0/14)<br>(<0.340/<1.00) | 0.851<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.452/<1.70) | 0.851<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.452/<1.70)  | 22 CONTROL<br>COPELAND WELL<br>13.7 KM N OF SITE | 0   |
|  | GAMMA<br>MN-54                    | 20                                 | 15   | 1.25<br>(0/16)<br>(<0.608/<2.00)  | 1.19<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.957/<1.41)  | 1.44<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.02/<1.91)    | 15 INDICATOR<br>SOUTHWEST WELL<br>0.3 KM ON-SITE | 0   |
|  | CO-58                             |                                    | 15   | 1.47<br>(0/16)<br>(<0.640/<2.10)  | 1.41<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.02/<1.66)   | 1.79<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.24/<2.03)    | 15 INDICATOR<br>SOUTHWEST WELL<br>0.3 KM ON-SITE | 0   |
|  | FE-59                             |                                    | 30   | 3.52<br>(0/16)<br>(<1.33/<6.49)   | 3.31<br>(0/4)<br>(<2.65/<3.81)   | 4.27<br>(0/4)<br>(<2.22/<6.49)    | 15 INDICATOR<br>SOUTHWEST WELL<br>0.3 KM ON-SITE | 0   |
|  | CO-60                             |                                    | 15   | 1.30<br>(0/16)<br>(<0.548/<2.22)  | 1.60<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.44/<1.81)   | 1.6<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.44/<1.81)     | 22 CONTROL<br>COPELAND WELL<br>13.7 KM N OF SITE | 0   |
|  | ZN-65                             |                                    | 30   | 2.49<br>(0/16)<br>(<0.953/<4.25)  | 2.38<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.36/<3.16)   | 2.88<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.67/<3.84)    | 15 INDICATOR<br>SOUTHWEST WELL<br>0.3 KM ON-SITE | 0   |
|  | ZR-95                             |                                    | 15   | 2.75<br>(0/16)<br>(<1.22/<4.69)   | 2.64<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.90/<3.04)   | 3.35<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.77/<4.69)    | 15 INDICATOR<br>SOUTHWEST WELL<br>0.3 KM ON-SITE | 0   |
|  | CS-134                            |                                    | 15   | 1.17<br>(0/16)<br>(<0.535/<1.89)  | 1.15<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.862/<1.53)  | 1.39<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.00/<1.89)    | 15 INDICATOR<br>SOUTHWEST WELL<br>0.3 KM ON-SITE | 0   |

FRACTION OF DETECTABLE MEASUREMENTS AT SPECIFIED LOCATIONS IS INDICATED IN PARENTHESES (F)

**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT     |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:                    |                                  | 50-271                            |   |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Location of Facility: VERNON, VT                         |                                   |                                    |  | REPORTING PERIOD:                 |                                  | 2014                              |   |   |
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT) | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                         | CONTROL                          | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN |   |   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | LOCATIONS<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | LOCATION<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE              | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION                           | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
| GROUND WATER (cont'd)<br>(PCI/LITER)                     | CS-137                            |                                    | 18   | 1.27<br>(0/16)<br>(<0.588/<2.16)  | 1.26<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.11/<1.55)   | 1.42<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.815/<2.08)   | 15 INDICATOR<br>SOUTHWEST WELL<br>0.3 KM ON-SITE                      | 0   |
|  | BA/LA-140                         |                                    | 7.5  | 29.9<br>(0/16)<br>(<1.25/<213)    | 5.59<br>(0/4)<br>(<3.23/<11.7)   | 55.8<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.25/<212)     | 11 INDICATOR<br>MAIN PLANT WELL<br>0.2 KM ON-SITE                     | 0   |
|  | RA-226                            |                                    | 2  | 32.9<br>(0/8)<br>(<16.4/<56.8)    | 29.0<br>(0/2)<br>(<23.3/<34.7)   | 36.6<br>(0/2)<br>(<16.4/<56.8)    | 11 INDICATOR<br>MAIN PLANT WELL<br>0.2 KM ON-SITE                     | 0   |
| SEDIMENT<br>(PCI/KG DRY)                                 | GAMMA                             | 36                                 |  |                                   |                                  |                                   |   |   |
|  | BE-7                              |                                    | N/A  | 1356<br>(0/34)<br>(<658/<2644)    | 1297<br>(0/2)<br>(<1085/<1509)   | 2251<br>(0/2)<br>(<1858/<2644)    | 30 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
|  | K-40                              |                                    | N/A  | 21432<br>(34/34)<br>(10990/28760) | 14625<br>(2/2)<br>(14510/14740)  | 28300<br>(2/2)<br>(28190/28410)   | 19 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
|  | MN-54                             |                                    | N/A  | 72.3<br>(0/34)<br>(<36.1/<105)    | 64.7<br>(0/2)<br>(<61.0/<68.4)   | 97.0<br>(0/2)<br>(<88.7/<105)     | 30 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
|  | CO-60                             |                                    |  | 67.0<br>(1/34)<br>(<34.0/285)     | 52.4<br>(0/2)<br>(<47.7/<57.1)   | 163<br>(1/2)<br>(<41.3/285)       | 29 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
|  | ZN-65                             |                                    | N/A  | 159<br>(0/34)<br>(<80.7/<267)     | 137<br>(0/2)<br>(<119/<155)      | 233<br>(0/2)<br>(<198/<267)       | 30 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |

**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT     |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:                    |                                  | 50-271                            |   |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Location of Facility: VERNON, VT                         |                                   |                                    |  | REPORTING PERIOD:                 |                                  | 2014                              |   |   |
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT) | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                         | CONTROL                          | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN |   |   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | LOCATIONS<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | LOCATION<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE              | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION                           | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
| SEDIMENT (cont'd)<br>(PCI/KG DRY)                        | NB-95                             |                                    | N/A  | 152<br>(0/34)<br>(<73.7/<299)     | 123<br>(0/2)<br>(<120/<127)      | 238<br>(0/2)<br>(<178/<299)       | 30 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
|  | CS-134                            |                                    | 150  | 56.6<br>(0/34)<br>(<31.5/<73.1)   | 51.9<br>(0/2)<br>(<45.7/<58.1)   | 71.6<br>(0/2)<br>(<70.1/<73.1)    | 13 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
|  | CS-137                            |                                    | 180  | 111<br>(22/34)<br>(<42.8/336)     | 91.3<br>(1/2)<br>(<66.5/116)     | 213<br>(2/2)<br>(89.3/336)        | 23 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
|  | BA/LA-140                         |                                    | N/A  | 5724<br>(0/34)<br>(<1477/<39610)  | 4043<br>(0/2)<br>(<1941/<6144)   | 23812<br>(0/2)<br>(<8013/<39610)  | 30 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
|  | RA-226                            |                                    | N/A  | 2205<br>(23/34)<br>(<737/4086)    | 2113<br>(2/2)<br>(1794/2431)     | 2978<br>(2/2)<br>(2905/3051)      | 22 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
|  | AC-228                            |                                    | N/A  | 2275<br>(32/34)<br>(<220/3908)    | 1042<br>(1/2)<br>(<194/1890)     | 3624<br>(2/2)<br>(3569/3678)      | 19 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
|  | TH-228                            |                                    | N/A  | 1640<br>(34/34)<br>(707/2385)     | 1242<br>(2/2)<br>(1199/1285)     | 2188<br>(2/2)<br>(1990/2385)      | 19 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
|  | TH-232                            |                                    | N/A  | 1362<br>(34/34)<br>(607/2095)     | 1057<br>(2/2)<br>(1025/1088)     | 2018<br>(2/2)<br>(1941/2095)      | 19 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |

FRACTION OF DETECTABLE MEASUREMENTS AT SPECIFIED LOCATIONS IS INDICATED IN PARENTHESES (F)

**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT<br>Location of Facility: VERNON, VT                |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:<br>50-271          |                                  | REPORTING PERIOD:<br>2014         |   |   |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT)  | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                         | CONTROL                          | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN |   |   |
|   |                                   |                                    |  | LOCATIONS<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | LOCATION<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE              | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION                           | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
| SEDIMENT (cont'd)<br>(PCI/KG DRY)   | U-238                             |                                    | N/A  | 6571<br>(0/34)<br>(<3576/<9664)   | 5595<br>(0/2)<br>(<5473/<5716)   | 8601<br>(0/2)<br>(<8566/<8636)    | 30 INDICATOR<br>NORTH STORM DRAIN OUTFALL<br>0.1 KILOMETERS E OF SITE | 0   |
| TEST WELLS<br>(PCI/LITER)<br>(Nuclear Energy Institute<br>Groundwater Protection<br>Initiative Samples) | GR-B                              | 16                                 | 4  | 9.75<br>(16/16)<br>( 4.66/20.9)   | N/A                              | 17.5<br>(4/4)<br>(13.1/20.9)      | 14 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 201<br>ON-SITE                              | 0   |
|   | H-3                               | 4                                  | 3000   | 600<br>(0/4)<br>(<586/<607)       | N/A                              | 607<br>(0/1)<br>(<607)            | 17 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 203<br>ON-SITE                              | 0   |
|   | GAMMA<br>K-40                     | 16                                 | N/A  | 13.3<br>(0/16)<br>(<4.49/<29.4)   | N/A                              | 17.8<br>(0/4)<br>(<4.49/<29.4)    | 16 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 202<br>ON-SITE                              | 0   |
|   | MN-54                             |                                    | 15   | 0.900<br>(0/16)<br>(<0.534/<1.37) | N/A                              | 0.966<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.886/<1.05)  | 17 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 203<br>ON-SITE                              | 0   |
|   | CO-58                             |                                    | 15   | 1.42<br>(0/16)<br>(<0.941/<1.84)  | N/A                              | 1.55<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.04/<1.81)    | 17 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 203<br>ON-SITE                              | 0   |
|   | FE-59                             |                                    | 30   | 4.38<br>(0/16)<br>(<2.23/<6.80)   | N/A                              | 4.82<br>(0/4)<br>(<2.46/<6.80)    | 17 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 203<br>ON-SITE                              | 0   |
|   | CO-60                             |                                    | 15   | 0.875<br>(0/16)<br>(<0.497/<1.54) | N/A                              | 0.937<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.901/<0.985) | 17 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 203<br>ON-SITE                              | 0   |

**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT<br>Location of Facility: VERNON, VT                         |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:<br>50-271           |                                    | REPORTING PERIOD:<br>2014          |   |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT)   | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                          | CONTROL                            | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN  |   |   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | LOCATIONS<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE  | LOCATION<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE   | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE               | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION       | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
| TEST WELLS (cont'd)<br>(PCI/LITER)<br>(Nuclear Energy Institute<br>Groundwater Protection<br>Initiative Samples) | NB-95                             |                                    | 15   | 1.63<br>(0/16)<br>(<1.11/<2.09)    | N/A                                | 1.79<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.16/<2.09)     | 17 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 203<br>ON-SITE          | 0   |
|  | I-131                             |                                    | 15   | 1329<br>(0/16)<br>(<5.75/<451)     | N/A                                | 1457<br>(0/4)<br>(<5.86/<4505)     | 17 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 203<br>ON-SITE          | 0   |
|  | CS-134                            |                                    | 15   | 0.791<br>(0/16)<br>(<0.460/<1.22)  | N/A                                | 0.842<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.767/<0.916)  | 17 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 203<br>ON-SITE          | 0   |
|  | CS-137                            |                                    | 18   | 0.883<br>(0/16)<br>(<0.523/<1.40)  | N/A                                | 0.947<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.838/<1.05)   | 17 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 203<br>ON-SITE          | 0   |
|  | BA/LA-140                         |                                    | 15   | 68.9<br>(0/16)<br>(<2.73/<194)     | N/A                                | 80.2<br>(0/4)<br>(<2.73/<194)      | 17 INDICATOR<br>TEST WELL 203<br>ON-SITE          | 0   |
| MILK<br>(PCI/LITER)  | I-131                             | 72                                 | 1  | 0.360<br>(0/36)<br>(<0.130/<0.474) | 0.360<br>(0/36)<br>(<0.140/<0.497) | 0.367<br>(0/18)<br>(<0.141/<0.497) | 20 CONTROL<br>DUNKLEE FARM<br>5.5 KM S OF SITE    | 0   |
|  | SR-89                             | 16                                 | 10   | 7.19<br>(0/8)<br>(<5.37/<9.67)     | 5.97<br>(0/8)<br>(<4.34/<8.41)     | 7.46<br>(0/4)<br>(<5.84/<8.65)     | 11 INDICATOR<br>MILLER FARM<br>0.8 KM W OF SITE   | 0   |
|  | SR-90                             | 16                                 | 2  | 1.10<br>(0/8)<br>(<0.670/<.59)     | 1.49<br>(4/8)<br>(<0.760/2.66)     | 2.00<br>(4/4)<br>(1.52/2.66)       | 22 CONTROL<br>FRANKLIN FARM<br>9.7 KM WSW OF SITE | 0   |



**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT<br>Location of Facility: VERNON, VT |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:<br>50-271          |                                  | REPORTING PERIOD:<br>2014                          |  |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT)                                 | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                         | CONTROL                          | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN                  |  |   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | LOCATIONS<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | LOCATION<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE                               | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION        | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
| MILK (cont'd)<br>(PCI/LITER)   | GAMMA<br>BE-7                     | 72                                 | N/A  | 39.4<br>(0/36)<br>(<26.2/<51.2)   | 39.6<br>(0/36)<br>(<26.4/<55.7)  | 40.6<br>(0/18)<br>(<26.2/<50.4)                    | 18 INDICATOR<br>BLODGETT FARM<br>3.6 KM SE OF SITE | 0   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | K-40                              | N/A                              | 1348<br>(36/36)<br>(1151/1585)                     | 1349<br>(36/36)<br>(1216/1541)                     | 1382<br>(18/18)<br>(1240/1585)                      |
|  | CS-134                            | 15                                 | 4.09<br>(0/36)<br>(<2.71/<5.37)                  | 4.18<br>(0/36)<br>(<2.73/<6.20)   | 4.21<br>(0/18)<br>(<2.71/<5.37)  | 18 INDICATOR<br>BLODGETT FARM<br>3.6 KM SE OF SITE | 0  |   |
|  | CS-137                            | 18                                 | 4.78<br>(0/36)<br>(<3.04/<6.79)                  | 5.22<br>(0/36)<br>(<2.97/<8.92)   | 5.55<br>(0/18)<br>(<3.84/<8.92)  | 22 CONTROL<br>FRANKLIN FARM<br>9.7 KM WSW OF SITE  | 0  |   |
|  | BA/LA-140                         | 15                                 | 6.43<br>(0/36)<br>(<3.78/<7.47)                  | 6.07<br>(0/36)<br>(<4.10/<7.47)   | 6.75<br>(0/18)<br>(<4.61/<7.45)  | 18 INDICATOR<br>BLODGETT FARM<br>3.6 KM SE OF SITE | 0  |   |
|  | RA-226                            | N/A                                | 115<br>(0/36)<br>(<65.2/<155)                    | 115<br>(0/36)<br>(<73.1/<174)     | 116<br>(0/18)<br>(<65.2/<155)    | 18 INDICATOR<br>BLODGETT FARM<br>3.6 KM SE OF SITE | 0  |   |
| SILAGE<br>(PCI/KG WET)   | I-131                             | 4                                  | 30   | 25.3<br>(0/2)<br>(<24.6/<25.9)    | 22.8<br>(0/2)<br>(<22.5/<23.0)   | 25.9<br>(0/1)<br>(<25.9)                           | 11 INDICATOR<br>MILLER FARM<br>0.8 KM W OF SITE    | 0   |
|  | GAMMA<br>BE-7                     | 4                                  | N/A  | 494<br>(1/2)<br>(<93.6/893)       | 401<br>(2/2)<br>(330/472)        | 893<br>(1/1)<br>(893)                              | 18 INDICATOR<br>BLODGETT FARM<br>3.6 KM SE OF SITE | 0   |

FRACTION OF DETECTABLE MEASUREMENTS AT SPECIFIED LOCATIONS IS INDICATED IN PARENTHESES (F)

**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT<br>Location of Facility: VERNON, VT |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:<br>50-271          |                                  | REPORTING PERIOD:<br>2014         |   |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT)                                 | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                         | CONTROL                          | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN |   |   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | LOCATIONS<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | LOCATION<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE              | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION           | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
| SILAGE (cont'd)<br>(PCI/KG WET)  | K-40                              |                                    | N/A  | 3218<br>(2/2)<br>(3215/3221)      | 6356<br>(2/2)<br>(3605/9106)     | 9106<br>(1/1)<br>(9106)           | 22 CONTROL<br>FRANKLIN FARM<br>9.7 KM WSW OF SITE     | 0   |
|  | CS-134                            |                                    | 60   | 12.0<br>(0/2)<br>(<9.54/<14.5)    | 9.41<br>(0/2)<br>(<6.74/<12.1)   | 14.5<br>(0/1)<br>(<14.5)          | 18 INDICATOR<br>BLODGETT FARM<br>3.6 KM SE OF SITE    | 0   |
|  | CS-137                            |                                    | 80   | 13.3<br>(0/2)<br>(<10.6/<16.1)    | 10.5<br>(0/2)<br>(<7.93/<13.1)   | 16.1<br>(0/1)<br>(<16.2)          | 18 INDICATOR<br>BLODGETT FARM<br>3.6 KM SE OF SITE    | 0   |
|  | AC-228                            |                                    | N/A  | 44.4<br>(0/2)<br>(<37.9/<50.9)    | 40.6<br>(0/2)<br>(<31.6/<49.6)   | 50.9<br>(0/1)<br>(<50.9)          | 18 INDICATOR<br>BLODGETT FARM<br>3.6 KM SE OF SITE    | 0   |
|  | TH-228                            |                                    | N/A  | 25.7<br>(0/2)<br>(<20.3/<31.1)    | 17.8<br>(0/2)<br>(<14.2/<21.3)   | 31.1<br>(0/1)<br>(<31.1)          | 18 INDICATOR<br>BLODGETT FARM<br>3.6 KM SE OF SITE    | 0   |
| MIXED GRASS<br>(PCI/KG WET)  | I-131                             | 8                                  | 60   | 78.8<br>(0/18)<br>(<14.1/<162)    | 85.9<br>(0/3)<br>(<30.0/<153)    | 92.4<br>(0/3)<br>(<29.5/<159)     | 12 INDICATOR<br>N. HINSDALE, NH<br>3.6 KM NNW OF SITE | 0   |
|  | GAMMA<br>BE-7                     | 21                                 | N/A  | 2492<br>(17/18)<br>(<140/5774)    | 2147<br>(2/3)<br>(<192/3227)     | 3524<br>(3/3)<br>(675/5774)       | 15 INDICATOR<br>TYLER HILL ROAD<br>3.1 KM WNW OF SITE | 0   |
|  | K-40                              |                                    | N/A  | 5721<br>(18/18)<br>(2923/14000)   | 5198<br>(3/3)<br>(3113/7078)     | 7227<br>(3/3)<br>(3418/14000)     | 15 INDICATOR<br>TYLER HILL ROAD<br>3.1 KM WNW OF SITE | 0   |

FRACTION OF DETECTABLE MEASUREMENTS AT SPECIFIED LOCATIONS IS INDICATED IN PARENTHESES (F)

**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT     |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:                  |                                | 50-271                            |   |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Location of Facility: VERNON, VT                         |                                   |                                    |  | REPORTING PERIOD:               |                                | 2014                              |   |   |
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT) | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                       | CONTROL                        | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN |   |   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE            | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE           | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE              | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION               | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
| MIXED GRASS (cont'd)<br>(PCI/KG WET)                     | CS-134                            |                                    | 60   | 20.0<br>(0/18)<br>(<8.23/<29.9) | 22.2<br>(0/3)<br>(<16.3/<26.6) | 23.0<br>(0/3)<br>(<13.1/<28.96)   | 12 INDICATOR<br>N. HINSDALE, NH<br>3.6 KM NNW OF SITE     | 0   |
|  | CS-137                            |                                    | 80   | 24.0<br>(0/18)<br>(<9.23/<39.4) | 26.4<br>(0/3)<br>(<18.6/<31.1) | 27.3<br>(0/3)<br>(<14.3/<36.1)    | 12 INDICATOR<br>N. HINSDALE, NH<br>3.6 KM NNW OF SITE     | 0   |
|  | RA-226                            |                                    | N/A  | 484<br>(0/18)<br>(<231/<808)    | 608<br>(0/3)<br>(<445/<752)    | 608<br>(0/3)<br>(<445/<752)       | 21 CONTROL<br>SPOFFORD LAKE<br>16.4 KM NNE OF SITE        | 0   |
|  | AC-228                            |                                    | N/A  | 96.1<br>(0/18)<br>(<45.5/<153)  | 113<br>(0/3)<br>(<78.6/<143)   | 113<br>(0/3)<br>(<65.8/<138)      | 12 INDICATOR<br>N. HINSDALE, NH<br>3.6 KM NNW OF SITE     | 0   |
|  | TH-228                            |                                    | N/A  | 389<br>(0/18)<br>(<19.1/<69.4)  | 42.9<br>(0/3)<br>(<26.2/<56.4) | 43.6<br>(0/3)<br>(<25.1/<69.4)    | 40 INDICATOR<br>GOV. HUNT HOUSE<br>ON-SITE                | 0   |
| FISH<br>(PCI/KG WET)                                     | GAMMA<br>K-40                     | 8                                  | N/A  | 3958<br>(4/4)<br>(3362/4516)    | 3408<br>(4/4)<br>(2782/4194)   | 3958<br>(4/4)<br>(3362/4516)      | 11 INDICATOR<br>VERMON POND<br>0.6 KM SSE OF SITE         | 0   |
|  | MN-54                             |                                    | 130  | 16.4<br>(0/4)<br>(<10.3/<21.2)  | 17.3<br>(0/4)<br>(<13.2/<20.7) | 17.3<br>(0/4)<br>(<13.2/<20.71)   | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |
|  | CO-58                             |                                    | 130  | 31.8<br>(0/4)<br>(<22.3/<36.7)  | 30.7<br>(0/4)<br>(<22.6/<38.1) | 31.8<br>(0/4)<br>(<22.3/<36.7)    | 11 INDICATOR<br>VERNON POND<br>0.6 KILOMETERS SSE OF SITE | 0   |

**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT<br>Location of Facility: VERNON, VT |                                   |                                    | DOCKET NUMBER:<br>50-271                         |  | REPORTING PERIOD:<br>2014                   |                                 | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN                         |   |  |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|---|---------------------------------|---|---|--|
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT)                                 | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR<br>LOCATIONS<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | CONTROL<br>LOCATION<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE            | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION               | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |  |
| FISH (cont'd)<br>(PCI/KG WET)  | FE-59                             |                                    | 260  | 113<br>(0/4)<br>(<86.4/<125)                   | 105<br>(0/4)<br>(<74.8/<125)                | 113<br>(0/4)<br>(<86.4/<125)    | 11 INDICATOR<br>VERNON POND<br>0.6 KILOMETERS SSE OF SITE | 0   |  |
|  | CO-60                             |                                    | 130  | 14.2<br>(0/4)<br>(<11.6/<17.2)                 | 16.0<br>(0/4)<br>(<13.7/<19.4)              | 16.0<br>(0/4)<br>(<13.7/<19.4)  | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |  |
|  | ZN-65                             |                                    | 260  | 35.3<br>(0/4)<br>(<23.2/<44.2)                 | 40.8<br>(0/4)<br>(<30.2/<46.5)              | 40.8<br>(0/4)<br>(<30.2/<46.5)  | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |  |
|  | CS-134                            |                                    | 130  | 13.7<br>(0/4)<br>(<8.62/<17.3)                 | 15.1<br>(0/4)<br>(<11.3/<17.5)              | 15.1<br>(0/4)<br>(<11.3/<17.5)  | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |  |
|  | CS-137                            |                                    | 150  | 15.6<br>(0/4)<br>(<11.7/<19.1)                 | 17.0<br>(0/4)<br>(<13.2/<19.5)              | 17.0<br>(0/4)<br>(<13.2/<19.5)  | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |  |
|  | H-3                               | 4                                  | N/A  | 377<br>(0/2)<br>(<196/<558)                    | 588<br>(0/2)<br>(<537/<639)                 | 588<br>(0/2)<br>(<537/<639)     | 11 INDICATOR<br>VERNON POND<br>0.6 KILOMETERS SSE OF SITE | 0   |  |
|  | AM-241                            | 4                                  | N/A  | 3.22<br>(0/4)<br>(<2.48/<3.74)                 | 5.62<br>(0/4)<br>(<2.47/<11.9)              | 5.62<br>(0/4)<br>(<2.47/<11.9)  | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |  |
|  | CM-242                            | 4                                  | N/A  | 1.34<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.841/<1.85)                | 2.54<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.876/<6.01)             | 2.54<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.876/<6.01) | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |  |

**TABLE 5.1 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM ANNUAL SUMMARY FOR  
THE VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT, 2014**

| Name of Facility: VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER PLANT<br>Location of Facility: VERNON, VT |                                   |                                    |  | DOCKET NUMBER:<br>50-271          |                                  | REPORTING PERIOD:<br>2014         |   |   |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| MEDIUM OR<br>PATHWAY SAMPLED<br>(UNIT OF<br>MEASUREMENT)                                 | TYPES OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | NUMBER OF<br>ANALYSES<br>PERFORMED | REQUIRED<br>LOWER LIMIT<br>OF DETECTION<br>(LLD) | INDICATOR                         | CONTROL                          | LOCATION WITH HIGHEST ANNUAL MEAN |   |   |
|  |                                   |                                    |  | LOCATIONS<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | LOCATION<br>MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE | MEAN<br>(F)<br>RANGE              | STATION #<br>NAME<br>DISTANCE AND DIRECTION               | NUMBER OF<br>NONROUTINE<br>REPORTED<br>MEASUREMENTS |
| FISH (cont'd)<br>(PCI/KG WET)  | CM-243/244                        | 4                                  | N/A  | 3.71<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.88/<6.92)    | 8.02<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.75/<19.3)   | 8.02<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.75/<19.3)    | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |
|  | FE-55                             | 8                                  | N/A  | 1534<br>(0/4)<br>(<1237/<1830)    | 1672<br>(0/4)<br>(<1265/<1880)   | 1672<br>(0/4)<br>(<1265/<1880)    | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |
|  | PU-238                            | 4                                  | N/A  | 1.01<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.004/<2.28)   | 2.69<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.14/<5.61)   | 2.69<br>(0/4)<br>(<1.14/<5.61)    | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |
|  | PU-239/240                        | 4                                  | N/A  | 2.35<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.008/<5.39)   | 3.94<br>(0/4)<br>(<2.07/<5.95)   | 3.94<br>(0/4)<br>(<2.07/<5.95)    | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |
|  | PU-241                            | 4                                  | N/A  | 364<br>(0/4)<br>(<266/<484)       | 375<br>(0/4)<br>(<288/<468)      | 375<br>(0/4)<br>(<288/<468)       | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |
|  | PU-242                            | 4                                  | N/A  | 1.71<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.006/<3.34)   | 2.89<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.808/<4.47)  | 2.89<br>(0/4)<br>(<0.808/<4.47)   | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |
|  | SR-89                             | 4                                  | N/A  | 292<br>(0/4)<br>(<229/<395)       | 251<br>(0/4)<br>(<231/<271)      | 292<br>(0/4)<br>(<229/<395)       | 11 INDICATOR<br>VERNON POND<br>0.6 KILOMETERS SSE OF SITE | 0   |
|  | SR-90                             | 4                                  | N/A  | 28.4<br>(1/4)<br>(<16.1/48.6)     | 37.4<br>(2/4)<br>(<18.7/69.4)    | 37.4<br>(2/4)<br>(<18.7/69.4)     | 21 CONTROL<br>RT.9 BRIDGE<br>11.8 KM NNW OF SITE          | 0   |
| DIRECT RADIATION<br>(MILLI-ROENTGEN/QTR.)<br>39  | TLD-QUARTERLY                     | 210                                | N/A  | 6.9<br>(202/202)<br>(4.8/13.1)    | 6.3<br>(8/8)<br>(5.3/70)         | 12.4<br>(4/4)<br>(12.0/13.1)      | DR-45 INDICATOR   | 0   |

FRACTION OF DETECTABLE MEASUREMENTS AT SPECIFIED LOCATIONS IS INDICATED IN PARENTHESES (F)

TABLE 5.2

ENVIRONMENTAL TLD DATA SUMMARY  
 VERMONT YANKEE NUCLEAR POWER STATION, VERNON, VT  
 (JANUARY - DECEMBER 2014)

| <u>INNER RING TLD</u>                          | <u>OUTER RING TLD</u>                                   | <u>OFFSITE STATION<br/>WITH HIGHEST MEAN</u>            | <u>CONTROL TLDs</u>                            |
|--|---|---|--|
| MEAN*<br>RANGE*<br><u>(NO. MEASUREMENTS)**</u> | MEAN*<br>RANGE*<br><u>(NO. MEASUREMENTS)**</u>          | STA.NO./ MEAN*<br>RANGE*<br><u>(NO. MEASUREMENTS)**</u> | MEAN*<br>RANGE*<br><u>(NO. MEASUREMENTS)**</u> |
| 6.43 ± 0.33<br>5.08 to 7.69<br>75              | 6.48 ± 0.35<br>4.84 to 7.87<br>67                       | <i>DR19</i> 7.24 ± 0.39<br>4.84 to 7.87<br>4            | 6.30 ± 0.39<br>5.33 to 6.96<br>8               |
|  | <u>SITE BOUNDARY TLD<br/>WITH HIGHEST MEAN</u>          | <u>SITE BOUNDARY TLD</u>                                |  |
|  | STA.NO./ MEAN*<br>RANGE*<br><u>(NO. MEASUREMENTS)**</u> | MEAN*<br>RANGE*<br><u>(NO. MEASUREMENTS)**</u>          |  |
|  | <i>DR45</i> 12.42 ± 0.47<br>12.30 to 12.24<br>4         | 7.95 ± 0.47<br>5.12 to 13.12<br>60                      |  |

\* Units are in micro-R per hour.

\*\* Each "measurement" is typically based on quarterly readings from five TLD elements.

TABLE 5.3

ENVIRONMENTAL TLD MEASUREMENTS  
2014  
(Micro-R per Hour)



ANNUAL

| Sta. No. | Description         | 1ST QUARTER |        | 2ND QUARTER |        | 3RD QUARTER |        | 4TH QUARTER |        | ANNUAL AVE. |
|----------|---------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|
|          |                     | EXP.        | S.D.   | EXP.        | S.D.   | EXP.        | S.D.   | EXP.        | S.D.   | EXP.        |
| DR-01    | River Sta. No. 3.3  | 5.93        | ± 0.35 | 6.16        | ± 0.25 | 6.40        | ± 0.37 | 6.07        | ± 0.22 | 6.1         |
| DR-02    | N Hinsdale, NH      | 6.06        | ± 0.37 | 7.15        | ± 0.31 | 7.25        | ± 0.51 | 7.07        | ± 0.26 | 6.9         |
| DR-03    | Hinsdale Substation | 6.00        | ± 0.28 | 7.42        | ± 0.25 | 7.69        | ± 0.41 | 7.25        | ± 0.29 | 7.1         |
| DR-04    | Northfield, MA      | 5.33        | ± 0.28 | 6.28        | ± 0.35 | 6.11        | ± 0.48 | 5.91        | ± 0.36 | 5.9         |
| DR-05    | Spofford Lake, NH   | 5.96        | ± 0.35 | 6.91        | ± 0.40 | 6.96        | ± 0.62 | 6.92        | ± 0.25 | 6.7         |
| DR-06    | Vernon School       | 5.67        | ± 0.30 | 6.84        | ± 0.34 | 7.09        | ± 0.46 | 6.64        | ± 0.27 | 6.6         |
| DR-07    | Site Boundary       | 6.90        | ± 0.39 | 8.05        | ± 0.38 | 8.08        | ± 0.50 | 7.40        | ± 0.26 | 7.6         |
| DR-08    | Site Boundary       | 8.01        | ± 0.46 | 8.60        | ± 0.58 | 9.07        | ± 0.52 | 8.11        | ± 0.29 | 8.5         |
| DR-09    | Inner Ring          | 5.83        | ± 0.31 | 6.44        | ± 0.28 | 6.55        | ± 0.36 | 6.58        | ± 0.36 | 6.4         |
| DR-10    | Outer Ring          | 4.84        | ± 0.32 | 5.66        | ± 0.24 | 5.81        | ± 0.32 | 5.70        | ± 0.22 | 5.5         |
| DR-11    | Inner Ring          | 5.23        | ± 0.23 | 6.25        | ± 0.29 | 6.10        | ± 0.38 | 6.05        | ± 0.29 | 5.9         |
| DR-12    | Outer Ring          | 5.15        | ± 0.28 | 5.85        | ± 0.22 | 5.88        | ± 0.41 | 5.80        | ± 0.28 | 5.7         |
| DR-13    | Inner Ring          | 6.04        | ± 0.26 | 6.79        | ± 0.23 | 6.90        | ± 0.36 | 6.60        | ± 0.26 | 6.6         |
| DR-14    | Outer Ring          | 6.27        | ± 0.28 | 7.76        | ± 0.38 | 7.84        | ± 0.40 | 7.58        | ± 0.33 | 7.4         |
| DR-15    | Inner Ring          | 6.23        | ± 0.35 | 7.02        | ± 0.26 | 6.81        | ± 0.60 |             |        | 6.7         |
| DR-16    | Outer Ring          | 6.74        | ± 0.41 | 7.42        | ± 0.36 | 7.12        | ± 0.48 | 7.18        | ± 0.37 | 7.1         |
| DR-17    | Inner Ring          | 5.44        | ± 0.26 | 6.45        | ± 0.27 | 6.42        | ± 0.36 | 6.18        | ± 0.30 | 6.1         |
| DR-18    | Outer Ring          | 5.63        | ± 0.47 | 6.81        | ± 0.27 | 6.99        | ± 0.53 | 6.65        | ± 0.24 | 6.5         |
| DR-19    | Inner Ring          | 6.17        | ± 0.34 | 7.58        | ± 0.39 | 7.65        | ± 0.50 | 7.57        | ± 0.33 | 7.2         |
| DR-20    | Outer Ring          | 5.75        | ± 0.25 | 7.22        | ± 0.38 | 7.45        | ± 0.64 | 6.91        | ± 0.30 | 6.8         |
| DR-21    | Inner Ring          | 5.08        | ± 0.27 | 6.82        | ± 0.26 | 6.67        | ± 0.52 | 6.47        | ± 0.29 | 6.3         |
| DR-22    | Outer Ring          | 5.85        | ± 0.25 | 6.82        | ± 0.31 | 6.81        | ± 0.35 | 6.54        | ± 0.38 | 6.5         |
| DR-23    | Inner Ring          | 5.32        | ± 0.27 | 5.85        | ± 0.20 | 6.06        | ± 0.36 | 6.12        | ± 0.40 | 5.8         |
| DR-24    | Outer Ring          | 4.87        | ± 0.35 | 5.97        | ± 0.19 | 5.90        | ± 0.45 | 5.68        | ± 0.26 | 5.6         |
| DR-25    | Inner Ring          | 5.35        | ± 0.23 | 6.44        | ± 0.25 | 6.48        | ± 0.37 | 6.37        | ± 0.36 | 6.2         |
| DR-26    | Outer Ring          | 5.40        | ± 0.28 | 6.88        | ± 0.29 | 6.89        | ± 0.46 | 6.76        | ± 0.39 | 6.5         |
| DR-27    | Inner Ring          | 5.22        | ± 0.25 | 6.40        | ± 0.30 | 6.42        | ± 0.44 | 6.22        | ± 0.37 | 6.1         |
| DR-28    | Outer Ring          | 5.61        | ± 0.28 | 6.49        | ± 0.29 | 7.06        | ± 0.41 | 6.48        | ± 0.29 | 6.4         |
| DR-29    | Inner Ring          | 5.63        | ± 0.24 | 6.90        | ± 0.38 | 6.70        | ± 0.40 | 6.49        | ± 0.54 | 6.4         |
| DR-30    | Outer Ring          | 5.27        | ± 0.25 | 6.62        | ± 0.26 | 6.61        | ± 0.40 | 6.32        | ± 0.34 | 6.2         |
| DR-31    | Inner Ring          | 5.49        | ± 0.31 | 6.82        | ± 0.35 | 6.97        | ± 0.36 | 6.54        | ± 0.48 | 6.5         |
| DR-32    | Outer Ring          | 5.11        | ± 0.31 | 6.31        | ± 0.37 | 6.67        | ± 0.50 | 6.23        | ± 0.27 | 6.1         |
| DR-33    | Inner Ring          | 5.89        | ± 0.30 | 6.78        | ± 0.22 | 7.00        | ± 0.36 | 7.09        | ± 0.55 | 6.7         |
| DR-34    | Outer Ring          | 5.34        | ± 0.27 | 7.10        | ± 0.35 | 7.00        | ± 0.53 | 6.71        | ± 0.40 | 6.5         |
| DR-35    | Inner Ring          | 5.49        | ± 0.23 | 6.36        | ± 0.31 | 6.75        | ± 0.35 | 6.26        | ± 0.26 | 6.2         |
| DR-36    | Outer Ring          | 6.13        | ± 0.26 | 7.87        | ± 0.30 | 7.69        | ± 0.41 |             |        | 7.2         |
| DR-37    | Inner Ring          | 5.24        | ± 0.35 | 6.74        | ± 0.28 | 6.80        | ± 0.47 | 6.72        | ± 0.23 | 6.4         |
| DR-38    | Outer Ring          | 5.58        | ± 0.27 | 7.04        | ± 0.35 | 7.03        | ± 0.42 | 6.75        | ± 0.26 | 6.6         |
| DR-39    | Inner Ring          | 6.01        | ± 0.32 | 6.94        | ± 0.32 | 6.84        | ± 0.37 | 6.79        | ± 0.30 | 6.7         |
| DR-40    | Outer Ring          | 5.93        | ± 0.27 | 6.60        | ± 0.37 | 6.81        | ± 0.37 | 7.07        | ± 0.73 | 6.6         |

Note: Blank spaces indicate missing TLDs

TABLE 5.3 (cont.)

ENVIRONMENTAL TLD MEASUREMENTS  
2014  
(Micro-R per Hour)

| Sta.<br>No. | Description         | 1ST QUARTER |        | 2ND QUARTER |        | 3RD QUARTER |        | 4TH QUARTER |        | ANNUAL       |
|-------------|---------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|--------|--------------|
|             |                     | EXP.        | S.D.   | EXP.        | S.D.   | EXP.        | S.D.   | EXP.        | S.D.   | AVE.<br>EXP. |
| DR-07       | Site Boundary       | 6.90        | ± 0.39 | 8.05        | ± 0.38 | 8.08        | ± 0.50 | 7.40        | ± 0.26 | 7.6          |
| DR-08       | Site Boundary       | 8.01        | ± 0.46 | 8.60        | ± 0.58 | 9.07        | ± 0.52 | 8.11        | ± 0.29 | 8.5          |
| DR-41       | Site Boundary       | 6.60        | ± 0.33 | 7.18        | ± 0.35 | 7.78        | ± 0.40 | 6.93        | ± 0.37 | 7.1          |
| DR-42       | Site Boundary       | 5.58        | ± 0.29 | 6.85        | ± 0.46 | 7.20        | ± 0.38 | 6.47        | ± 0.49 | 6.5          |
| DR-43       | Site Boundary       | 6.27        | ± 0.27 | 7.54        | ± 0.30 | 8.45        | ± 0.61 | 7.11        | ± 0.40 | 7.3          |
| DR-44       | Site Boundary       | 8.41        | ± 0.54 | 9.20        | ± 0.73 | 9.09        | ± 0.58 | 7.93        | ± 0.73 | 8.7          |
| DR-45       | Site Boundary       | 12.24       | ± 0.90 | 13.12       | ± 1.21 | 12.30       | ± 1.14 | 12.04       | ± 0.84 | 12.4         |
| DR-46       | Site Boundary       | 8.03        | ± 0.41 | 8.64        | ± 0.52 | 8.98        | ± 0.59 | 7.77        | ± 0.39 | 8.4          |
| DR-47       | Site Boundary       | 6.84        | ± 0.55 | 7.59        | ± 0.31 | 7.89        | ± 0.49 | 8.19        | ± 0.32 | 7.6          |
| DR-48       | Site Boundary       | 5.12        | ± 0.32 | 6.03        | ± 0.34 | 6.56        | ± 0.47 | 6.16        | ± 0.31 | 6.0          |
| DR-49       | Site Boundary       | 5.40        | ± 0.30 | 6.29        | ± 0.33 | 6.38        | ± 0.38 | 6.46        | ± 0.23 | 6.1          |
| DR-50       | Governor Hunt House | 6.02        | ± 0.41 | 7.35        | ± 0.36 | 7.30        | ± 0.46 | 6.87        | ± 0.30 | 6.9          |
| DR-51       | Site Boundary       | 6.79        | ± 0.32 | 8.87        | ± 0.30 | 8.97        | ± 0.56 | 7.92        | ± 0.39 | 8.1          |
| DR-52       | Site Boundary       | 8.35        | ± 0.35 | 9.19        | ± 0.54 | 10.08       | ± 0.59 | 8.27        | ± 0.48 | 9.0          |
| DR-53       | Site Boundary       | 8.07        | ± 0.46 | 9.99        | ± 0.54 | 9.39        | ± 0.55 | 8.70        | ± 0.33 | 9.0          |



## **6. ANALYSIS OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESULTS**

### **6.1 Sampling Program Deviations**

Off-site Dose Calculation Manual Control 3.5.1 allows for deviations “if specimens are unobtainable due to hazardous conditions, seasonal unavailability, malfunction of automatic sampling equipment and other legitimate reasons.” In 2014, six deviations were noted in the REMP. These deviations did not compromise the program’s effectiveness and are considered typical with respect to what is normally anticipated for any radiological environmental program. The specific deviations for 2014 were:

- a) The Hinsdale Substation environmental air sample station (APCF-13) air pump was found to be out of service on January 2, 2014. Continuous collection of air samples at this station is required by the Vermont Yankee Offsite Dose Calculation Manual, Section 3/4, Table 3.5.1 Section 1 (Airborne) and table note a. A new sample pump was installed immediately and normal collection of environmental air sample at this location was resumed.
- b) The Northfield, Ma. environmental air sample station (APCF-14) air pump was found to be out of service on September 30, 2014. Continuous collection of air samples at this station is required by the Vermont Yankee Offsite Dose Calculation Manual, Section 3/4, Table 3.5.1 Section 1 (Airborne) and table note a. A new sample pump was installed immediately and normal collection of environmental air sample at this location was resumed.
- c) The South River Station (3-3) compositor sample pump was found out of service on February 18, 2014. Continuous river water supply to this sampler is required by the Vermont Yankee Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) Table 3.5.1 Section 3(a). If a sample is not being collected via this pathway, then this event must be recorded in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report (AREOR) per ODCM Section 3/4.5.1 Action a.
- d) The Tyler Hill environmental air sample station (APCF-15) air pump was found to be out of service for approximately six hours on April 9, 2014. Continuous collection of air samples at this station is required by the Vermont Yankee Offsite Dose Calculation Manual, Section 3/4, Table 3.5.1 Section 1 (Airborne) and table note a. A new sample pump was installed immediately and normal collection of environmental air sample at this location was resumed.
- e) The River Station environmental air sample station (APCF-11) air pump was found to be out of service on June 17, 2014. Continuous collection of air samples at this station is required by the Vermont Yankee Offsite Dose Calculation Manual, Section 3/4, Table 3.5.1 Section 1 (Airborne) and table note a. A blown fuse was replaced and the station was returned to service.
- f) The South River Station (3-3) compositor sample pump was found out of service on November 1, 2014. Continuous river water supply to this sampler is required by the Vermont Yankee Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) Table 3.5.1 Section 3(a). If a sample is not being collected via this pathway, then this event must be recorded in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report (AREOR) per ODCM Section 3/4.5.1 Action a. The pump was returned to service without a significant loss of sample.

- g) Air sample station outages during 2014 are reflected in the air sample collection time percentages listed below.

| AP/CF # | 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter | 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter | 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter | 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter |
|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 11      | 98.7%                   | 100.0%                  | 99.9%                   | 99.6%                   |
| 12      | 98.8%                   | 100.0%                  | 99.8%                   | 99.5%                   |
| 13      | 98.8%                   | 100.0%                  | 99.9%                   | 100.0%                  |
| 14      | 98.7%                   | 100.0%                  | 99.8%                   | 100.0%                  |
| 15      | 98.8%                   | 100.0%                  | 99.7%                   | 99.2%                   |
| 21      | 98.8%                   | 100.0%                  | 99.8%                   | 100.0%                  |
| 40      | 98.7%                   | 100.0%                  | 99.9%                   | 98.4%                   |

## 6.2 Comparison of Achieved LLDs with Requirements

Table 4.5.1 of the VYNPS ODCM (also shown in Table 4.4 of this report) gives the required Lower Limits of Detection (LLDs) for environmental sample analyses. On occasion, an LLD is not achievable due to a situation such as a low sample volume caused by sampling equipment malfunction or limited sample availability. In such a case, ODCM 10.2 requires a discussion of the situation. At the contracted environmental laboratory, the target LLD for the majority of analyses is 50 percent of the most restrictive required LLD. Expressed differently, the typical sensitivities achieved for each analysis are at least 2 times greater than that required by the VYNPS ODCM.

For each analysis having an LLD requirement in ODCM Table 4.5.1, the *a posteriori* (after the fact) LLD calculated for that analysis was compared with the required LLD. During 2014, all sample analyses performed for the REMP program achieved an *a posteriori* LLD less than the corresponding LLD requirement.

## 6.3 Comparison of Results with Reporting Levels

ODCM Section 10.3.4 requires written notification to the NRC within 30 days of receipt of an analysis result whenever a Reporting Level in ODCM Table 3.5.2 is exceeded. Reporting Levels are the environmental concentrations that relate to the ALARA design dose objectives of 10 CFR 50, Appendix I. Environmental concentrations are averaged over the calendar quarters for the purposes of this comparison. The Reporting Levels are intended to apply only to measured levels of radioactivity due to plant effluents. During 2014, no analytical result exceeded a corresponding reporting level requirement in Table 3.5.2 of the ODCM.

## **6.4 Changes in Sampling Locations**

The Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual Section 10.2 states that if “new environmental sampling locations are identified in accordance with Control 3.5.2, the new locations shall be identified in the next Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report.” There were no changes to required sampling locations due to the Land Use Census conducted in 2014.

Milk collection from Dunklee farm (Vern-Mont Farm in Vernon) commenced in April, 2010 at the request of the farm owner. At this time, all dairy farms in Vernon are supplying milk for analysis.

This year Vermont Yankee is continuing to add data from the on-site air sampling station, AP/CF 40, at the Governor Hunt House. This location has been used continuously as a demonstration since early in the program, but the data had not previously been included in this report.

## **6.5 Data Analysis by Media Type**

The 2014 REMP data for each media type is discussed below. Whenever a specific measurement result is presented, it is given as the concentration in the units of the sample (volume or weight). An analysis is considered to yield a “detectable measurement” when the concentration exceeds three times the standard deviation for that analysis and is greater than or equal to the Minimum Detectable Concentration (MDC) for the analysis. With respect to data plots, all net concentrations are plotted as reported, without regard to whether the value is “detectable” or “non-detectable.” In previous years, values that were less than the MDC were converted to zero.

### **6.5.1 Airborne Pathways**

#### **6.5.1.1 Air Particulates (AP)**

The periodic air particulate filters from each of the seven sampling sites were analyzed for gross-beta radioactivity. At the end of each quarter, the filters from each sampling site were composited for a gamma analysis. The results of the air particulate sampling program are shown in Table 5.1 and Figures 6.1 through 6.7.

Gross beta activity was detected in all of the air particulate filters that were analyzed. As shown in Figure 6.1, there is no significant difference between the quarterly average concentrations at the indicator (near-plant) stations and the control (distant from plant) stations. Notable in Figure 6.1 is a distinct annual

cycle, with the minimum concentration in the fourth quarter, and the maximum concentration in the third quarter.

Figures 6.2 through 6.7 show the weekly gross beta concentration at each air particulate sampling location compared to the control air particulate sampling location at AP-21 (Spofford Lake, NH). Small differences are evident and expected between individual sampling locations. Figure 6.2 clearly demonstrates the distinct annual cycle, with the minimum concentration in the second quarter, and the maximum concentration in the first quarter. It can be seen that the gross-beta measurements on air particulate filters fluctuate significantly over the course of a year. The measurements from control station AP-21 vary similarly, indicating that these fluctuations are due to regional changes in naturally-occurring airborne radioactive materials, and not due to Vermont Yankee operations.

There was one naturally-occurring gamma-emitting radionuclides detected on the air particulate filters during this reporting period. Be-7, a naturally-occurring cosmogenic radionuclide, was detected on 28 of 28 filter sets analyzed.

#### **6.5.1.2 Charcoal Cartridges (CF)**

Charcoal cartridges from each of the seven air sampling sites were analyzed for I-131 each time they were collected. The results of these analyses are summarized in Table 5.1. As in previous years, no I-131 attributable to the operation of Entergy Vermont Yankee was detected in any charcoal cartridge.

### **6.5.2 Waterborne Pathways**

#### **6.5.2.1 River Water (WR)**

Aliquots of river water were automatically collected periodically from the Connecticut River downstream from the plant discharge area and hydro station, location WR-11. Monthly grab samples were also collected at the upstream control location, also on the Connecticut River, location WR-21. The composited samples at WR-11 were collected monthly and sent along with the WR-21 grab samples to the contracted environmental laboratory for analysis. Table 5.1 shows that gross-beta measurements were positive in 3 out of 11 indicator samples as would be expected due to naturally-occurring radionuclides in the water. No gross-beta was detected on any of the 12 control samples. As seen in Figure 6.8, the mean concentration of the indicator locations was similar to the mean concentration at the control location in 2014.

For each sampling site, the monthly samples were composited into quarterly samples for H-3 (Tritium) analyses. None of the samples contained detectable quantities of H-3.

No gamma-emitting radionuclides were detected in any of the samples.

#### **6.5.2.2 Ground Water – Potable Drinking Water (WG)**

Quarterly ground water (deep wells supplying drinking water to the plant and selected offsite locations) samples were collected from four indicator locations (only one is required by VYNPS ODCM) and one control location during 2014. In 1999, WG-14 (PSB Well) another on-site well location was added to the program. In July 2012, WG-15 (Southwest Well) was added to the ODCM as a quarterly sample location. Table 5.1 and Figure 6.9 show that gross-beta measurements were positive in 15 out of 16 indicator samples and in 4 out of 4 control samples. The beta activity is due to naturally-occurring radionuclides in the water. The levels at all sampling locations, including the higher levels at station WG-15, were consistent with those detected in previous years. No gamma-emitting radionuclides or tritium were detected in any of the samples.

#### **6.5.2.3 Sediment (SE)**

Semi-annual river sediment grab samples were collected from two indicator locations during 2014. The North Storm Drain Outfall location (SE-12) is an area where up to 40 different locations can be sampled within a 20 ft by 140 ft area. In 2014, 18 locations were sampled at SE-12 during each of the semi-annual collections. Two samples were collected at SE-11 during the year. Be-7 was not detected in any of the 36 samples analyzed. As would be expected, naturally-occurring Potassium-40 (K-40) was detected in all of the samples. Cobalt-60 was detected in 1 of 36 samples. Radium-226 (Ra-226) was detected in 25 of 36 samples. Actinium-228 (Ac-228) was detected in 33 of 36 samples. Thorium-228 (Th-228) was detected in all of the samples analyzed. Thorium-232 (Th-232) was detected in all 36 samples analyzed. Uranium-238 (U-238) was not detected in any of the 36 samples. Cesium-137 (Cs-137) was detected in 22 out of 34 of the indicator samples and one of the two control samples. The levels of Cs-137 measured were consistent with what has been measured in the previous several years and with those detected at other New England locations. Also see section 6.5.2.6 for more information.

#### **6.5.2.4 Test Wells (WT)**

During 1996, sampling was initiated at test wells around the outer edges of an area in the south portion of the VYNPS site where septic sludge is spread. This sampling continued through 2014. The test well locations are shown on Figure 4.1 and the results are summarized in Table 5.1 under the media category, Test Well (WT). In 2014, four samples were taken at each of the four locations and all were analyzed for gamma isotopic, gross beta and H-3 activity.

Prior to the gross beta analysis, each sample was filtered through a 0.45 micron Gelman Tuffryn membrane filter. Gross beta activity was detected in all 16 samples collected with levels ranging from 4.7 to 20.9 pCi/kg. No other radionuclides were detected.

#### **6.5.2.5 Storm Drain System**

The presence of plant-generated radionuclides in the onsite storm drain system has been identified in previous years at Vermont Yankee (VY). As a consequence, a 50.59 evaluation of radioactive materials discharged via the storm drain system was performed in 1998. This assessment was in response to Information and Enforcement Bulletin No. 80-10 and NRC Information Notice No. 91-40. The evaluation demonstrated that the total curies released via the VYNPS storm drain system are not sufficient to result in a significant dose (i.e. dose does not exceed 10% of the technical specification objective of 0.3 millirem per year to the total body, and 1.0 millirem per year to the target organ for the maximally exposed receptor). Water and sediment in the onsite storm drain system was routinely sampled throughout 2014 at various points. The results of this sampling are summarized below.

Sediment samples were taken from the storm drain system at onsite manhole locations in 2014 for a total of 10 samples. All samples were analyzed for gamma emitting isotopes. Table 6-1 summarizes the analytical results of the sediment samples. The naturally-occurring isotope Ra-226 was found in five of 10 samples as expected. The highest detected concentration for all radionuclides that were detected in sediment samples was found in sample SE-92 which is also designated by the plant as Manhole 12A.

No other gamma emitters were detected in the storm drain system sediment samples in 2014.

**Table 6.1****Summary of Storm Drain System Sediment Sample Analyses\***

| Isotope | No. Detected** | Mean<br>(pCi/kg) | Range<br>(pCi/kg) | Station With Highest<br>Detected Concentration |
|---------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Ra-226  | 5/10           | 1.13 E 3         | (0.746– 2.22) E 3 | MH-12A (SE-92)                                 |
| Cs-137  | 0/10           | NA               | NA                | -  |
| Mn-54   | 0/10           | NA               | NA                | -  |
| Co-60   | 0/10           | NA               | NA                | -  |
| Zn-65   | 0/10           | NA               | NA                | -  |

\* Radionuclides that were not detected in any sample are not listed

\*\* The fraction of sample analyses yielding detectable measurements (i.e. >3 standard deviations). The mean and the range are determined only from the samples where activity was >3 standard deviations.

Water samples were taken from the storm drain system at various access points in 2014 including Manholes MH-12A and MH-14. Table 6-2 summarizes the analytical results of water samples from the storm drain system (MH-12A and MH-14) in 2014. Low levels of gross beta activity were detected in 14 of the 18 samples analyzed, at concentrations that are typical of any environmental water sample. Tritium (H-3) was not detected in the 18 samples analyzed.

In 1998, an additional dose assessment was performed that incorporated all of the 1998 storm drain system analytical results (including both sediment and water). The dose assessment was performed using the maximum measured concentration of radionuclides in 1998, and a conservative estimate of the volume of sediment and water discharged via the storm drain system. The results of this dose assessment are estimates of the total body and maximum organ dose equaling 3.2% and 1.6% of the corresponding Technical Specification dose limits respectively. Therefore, there was no significant dose impact from plant-related radionuclides in the storm drain system in 1998. The sampling conducted in 2014 indicates that the presence of radionuclides in the storm drain system has not changed significantly. Therefore, the storm drain system remains an insignificant impact to dose. The VYNPS staff will continue to monitor the presence of plant related radionuclides in the storm drain system.

**Table 6.2****Summary of Storm Drain System Water Sample Analyses\***

| Isotope    | No. Detected ** | Mean (pCi/L) | Range (pCi/L)   | Station With Highest Detected Concentration |
|------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|---|
| Gross Beta | 14/18           | 4.1 E 0      | (1.3 – 9.4) E 0 | MH-12A (WW-12)                              |
| H-3        | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |
| Ra-226     | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |
| I-131      | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |
| Cs-134     | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |
| Cs-137     | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |
| ZrNb-95    | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |
| Co-58      | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |
| Mn-54      | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |
| Zn-65      | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |
| Fe-59      | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |
| Co-60      | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |
| Ba/La-140  | 0/18            | NA           | NA              | -   |

\* Radionuclides that were not detected in any sample are not listed

\*\* The fraction of sample analyses yielding detectable measurements (i.e. >3 standard deviations).

**6.5.2.6 Air Compressor Condensate and Manhole Sampling Results**

The presence of tritium in station air compressor condensate and manholes (Storm Drain System) has been identified since 1995 (ER\_95-0704). An evaluation has been performed (S.R.1592) which states "...leakage of tritium found in the storm drains (manholes) to ground water beneath the site will be transported by natural ground water gradient to the Connecticut River. However, at the current measured concentrations and postulated leak rate from the storm drains, the offsite dose impact is not significant (<2.4E-5 mrem/year)." Data provided in Table 6.3 will be filed under the requirements of 10CFR50.75(g) and is presented here in response to ER\_95-0704\_04 commitments. Because of revisions in the security arrangements at the plant site, there was no water available for collection in Manholes 11H, 13 and 8 during 2014.



**Table 6.3**

**Summary of Air Compressor Condensate and Manhole Water Tritium Concentrations\***

| Sample Location           | No. Detected** | Mean ( microcuries/ml ) | Range (microcuries/ml) |
|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Air Compressor Condensate | 4/4            | 2.15E-05                | (1.42 to 2.90) E-05    |
| Manhole 11H               | 0/0            | No Sample Available     | No Sample Available    |
| Manhole 13                | 0/0            | No Sample Available     | No Sample Available    |
| Manhole 8                 | 0/0            | No Sample Available     | No Sample Available    |

\* Reported per ER\_950704\_04.

\*\* The fraction of sample analyses yielding detectable measurements

**6.5.2.7 Groundwater Monitoring Wells Samples Results (WS)**

Leakage from primary system piping between the Augmented Off Gas (AOG) Building and the Turbine Building was identified early in 2010. A large pool of subsurface water became contaminated with Tritium as a result of this leak. A large number of new groundwater sample wells were installed and a significant effort was mounted to find the leak and fix it. As of December 2014, mitigation efforts have resulted in the extraction of approximately 365,000 gallons of tritiated water from this subsurface pool. Extraction of water from these wells was terminated in December 2014. Dose calculations have been performed assuming that this underground plume of contaminated water is moving towards and into the Connecticut River. Groundwater samples collected at the Vermont Yankee plant site and north of the plant site in the Connecticut River during August and November were reported by the State of Vermont and the NRC to contain traces of Strontium-90. The same (split) water samples were analyzed by the Vermont Yankee-contracted environmental laboratory (Teledyne Brown Engineering in Knoxville, Tennessee) and no Strontium-90 was detected in any of these split samples. This issue has been documented in Vermont Yankee’s corrective action program and further investigation is continuing on these and other water sample locations. The dose impacts and other details of this event are provided in the year 2014 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

**6.5.3 Ingestion Pathways**

**6.5.3.1 Milk (TM)**

Milk samples from cows at several local farms were collected monthly during 2014. Twice-per-month collections were made during the “pasture season” since the milking cows or goats were identified as being fed pasture grass during that time. Each sample was analyzed for I-131 and other gamma-emitting

radionuclides. Quarterly composites (by location) were analyzed for Sr-89 and Sr-90.

As expected, naturally-occurring K-40 was detected in all samples. Also expected was Sr-90. Sr-90 was not detected in the 10 indicator samples but was detected in four of the eight control samples. Although Sr-90 is a by-product of nuclear power plant operations, the levels detected in milk are consistent with that expected from worldwide fallout from nuclear weapons tests, and to a much lesser degree from fallout from the Chernobyl incident. The Sr-90 levels shown in Table 5.1 and Figure 6.11 are consistent with those detected at other New England farms participating in other plant environmental monitoring programs. This radionuclide and Cs-137 are present throughout the natural environment as a result of atmospheric nuclear weapons testing that started primarily in the late 1950's and continued through 1980. They are found in soil and vegetation, as well as anything that feeds upon vegetation, directly or indirectly. The detection of Cs-137 in environmental milk samples is expected and has been detected in previous years. Cs-137 was not detected in any of the 86 samples in 2014. See Figure 6.10. It should be noted here that most of the Cs-137 concentrations and many of the Sr-90 concentrations shown on Figures 6.10 and 6.11, respectively, are considered "not detectable." All values have been plotted, regardless of whether they were considered statistically significant or not. As shown in these figures, the levels are also consistent with those detected in previous years near the VYNPS plant. There is also little actual difference in concentrations between farms. As in previous years, no I-131 attributable to the operation of Entergy Vermont Yankee was detected in any milk sample. Naturally occurring Ra-226 was not detected in any of the 86 samples analyzed.

#### **6.5.3.2 Silage (TC)**

A silage sample was collected from each of the required milk sampling stations during October. Each of these was analyzed for gamma-emitting radionuclides and I-131. As expected with all biological media, naturally-occurring Be-7 was detected in 3 of 4 samples and K-40 was detected in all samples. No Cs-137 or I-131 was detected in any sample.

#### **6.5.3.3 Mixed Grass (TG)**

Mixed grass samples were collected at each of the air sampling stations during three of the four quarters of 2014. As expected with all biological media, naturally-occurring Be-7 was detected in 19 of the 21 samples. Naturally-occurring K-40 was detected in all samples. Cesium-137 was not detected in any of the samples.

#### **6.5.3.4 Fish (FH)**

Semiannual samples of fish were collected from two locations in both spring and fall of 2014 for the VY REMP. Several species may be collected such as Walleye, Small Mouth Bass, Large Mouth Bass, Yellow Perch, White Perch, and Rock Bass. The edible portions of each of these were analyzed for gamma-emitting radionuclides. As expected in biological matter, naturally-occurring K-40 was detected in all eight samples. In addition to the analysis of edible portions, the inedible portions were also analyzed. These fish were also analyzed for Gross Beta, H-3, Am-241, Cm-242, Cm-243/244, Fe-55, Ni-63, Pu-232/238, Pu-239/240, Pu-241, Pu-242, Sr-89 and Sr-90.

Strontium 90 was detected in some of the inedible portions (bones, guts and skin are included in the 'inedible' portion). This is the fifth year in the VY REMP program that fish has been analyzed for Hard-to-Detects such as Strontium-90. The results were compared to studies done in the Hudson River by New York State officials and it was concluded that the Strontium-90 detected is a result of weapons-testing era fallout to the environment and not from nuclear power plant releases.

As shown in Table 5.1, Cs-137 was not detected in this year's samples. It should be noted that the majority of the Cs-137 concentrations plotted in Figure 6.12 are considered "not detectable." All values were plotted regardless of whether they were considered statistically significant or not. The Cs-137 levels plotted for 2014 and previous years are typical of concentrations attributable to global nuclear weapons testing fallout.

#### **6.5.4 Direct Radiation Pathway**

Direct radiation was continuously measured at 53 locations surrounding the Vermont Yankee plant with the use of thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLDs).

In 1999, DR-53 was added on the site boundary. The TLDs are collected every calendar quarter for readout at the environmental laboratory. The complete summary of data may be found in Table 5.3.

From Tables 5.2 and 5.3 and Figure 6.13, it can be seen that the Inner and Outer Ring TLD mean exposure rates were not significantly different in 2014. This indicates no significant overall increase in direct radiation exposure rates in the plant vicinity. It can also be seen from these tables that the Control TLD mean exposure rate was not significantly different than that at the Inner and Outer Rings. Figure 6.13 also shows an annual cycle at both indicator and control locations. The lowest point of the cycle occurs usually during the winter months. This is due primarily to the attenuating effect of the snow cover on radon emissions and on direct irradiation by naturally-occurring radionuclides in the soil. Differing amounts of these naturally-occurring radionuclides in the underlying soil, rock or nearby building materials result in different radiation levels between one field site and another

Upon examining Figure 6.17, as well as Table 5.2, it is evident that in recent years, station DR-45 had a higher average exposure rate than any other station. This location is on-site, and the higher exposure rates are due to plant operations and activities in the immediate vicinity of this TLD. There is no significant dose potential to the surrounding population or any real individual from these sources since they are located on the back side of the plant site, between the facility and the river. The same can be said for station DR-46, which has shown higher exposure rates in previous years.

**Environmental Program Trend Graphs**  
2014 Radiological Environmental Operating Report  
Vermont Yankee

**Graphs:**

- 6.1 – Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters (Average Concentrations)
- 6.2 – Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters (11)
- 6.3 – Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters (12)
- 6.4 – Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters (13)
- 6.5 – Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters (14)
- 6.6 – Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters (15)
- 6.7 – Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters (40)
- 6.8 – Gross Beta Measurement on River Water (Average Concentrations)
- 6.9 – Gross Beta Measurement on Ground Water (Average Concentrations)
- 6.10 – Cesium-137 in Milk (Annual Average Concentrations)
- 6.11 – Strontium 90 in Milk (Annual Average Concentrations)
- 6.12 – Cesium-137 in Fish (Annual Average Concentrations)
- 6.13 – Exposure Rate at Inner Ring, Outer Ring, and Control TLDS
- 6.14 – Exposure Rate at Indicator TLDS, DR01-03
- 6.15 – Exposure Rate at Indicator TLDS, DR 06,50
- 6.16 – Exposure Rate at Site Boundary TLDS, DR 07 - 08, 41 - 42
- 6.17 – Exposure Rate at Site Boundary TLDS, DR 43-46
- 6.18 – Exposure Rate at Site Boundary TLDS, DR 47-49, 51-53
- 6.19 – Exposure Rate at Inner Ring TLDS, DR 09-15(odd)
- 6.20 – Exposure Rate at Inner Ring TLDS, DR-17-23 (odd)
- 6.21 – Exposure Rate at Inner Ring TLDS, DR 25-31 (odd)
- 6.22 – Exposure Rate at Inner Ring TLDS, DR 33-39 (odd)
- 6.23 – Exposure Rate at Outer Ring TLDS, DR 10 - 16 (even)
- 6.24 – Exposure Rate at Outer Ring TLDS, DR 18-24 (even)
- 6.25 – Exposure Rate at Outer Ring TLDS, DR 26-32 (even)
- 6.26 – Exposure Rate at Outer Ring TLDS, DR 34-40 (even)
- 6.27 – Exposure Rate at Control TLDS, DR 04-05

Figure 6.1 - Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters - Quarterly Average Concentrations

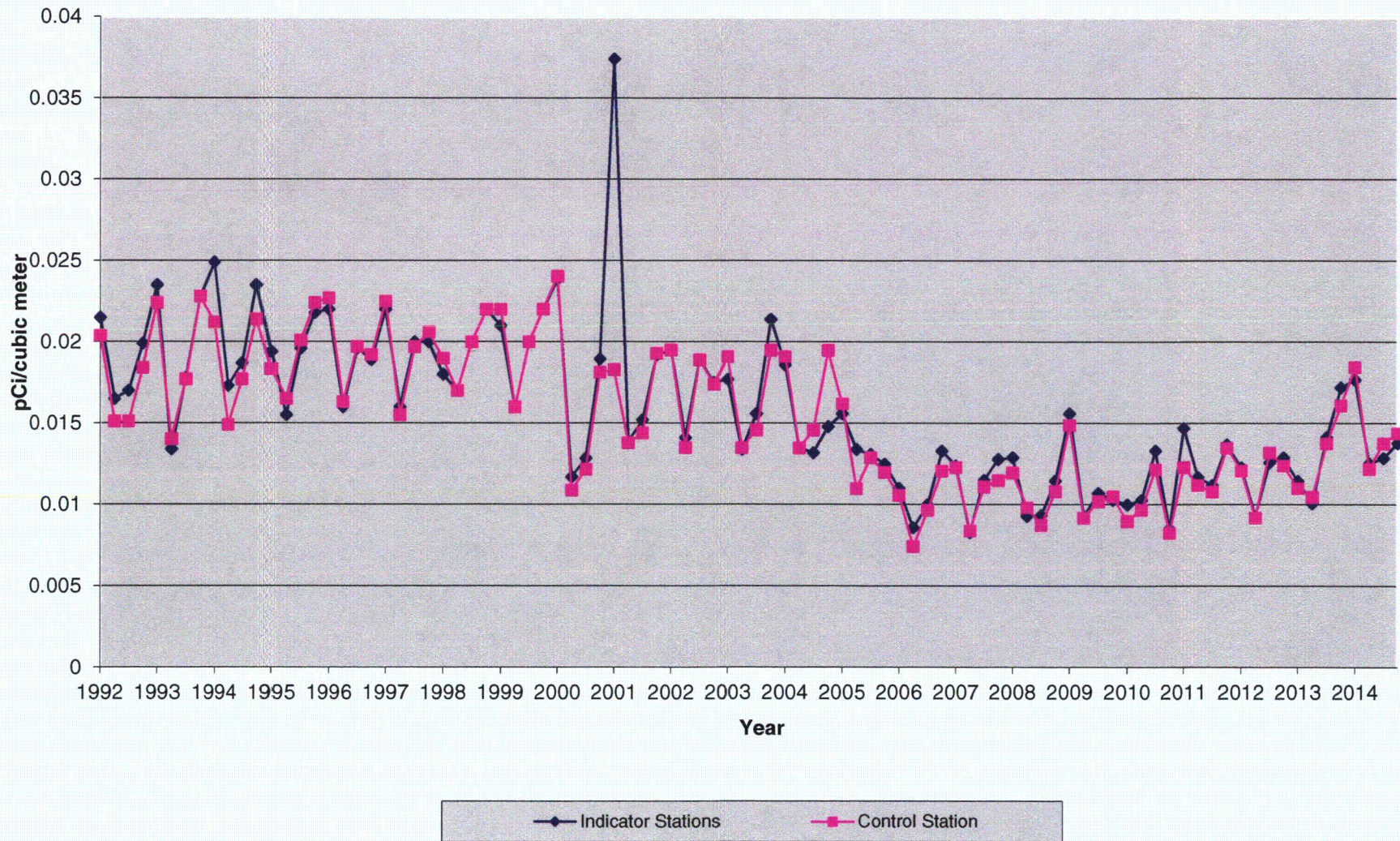


Figure 6.2 - Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters

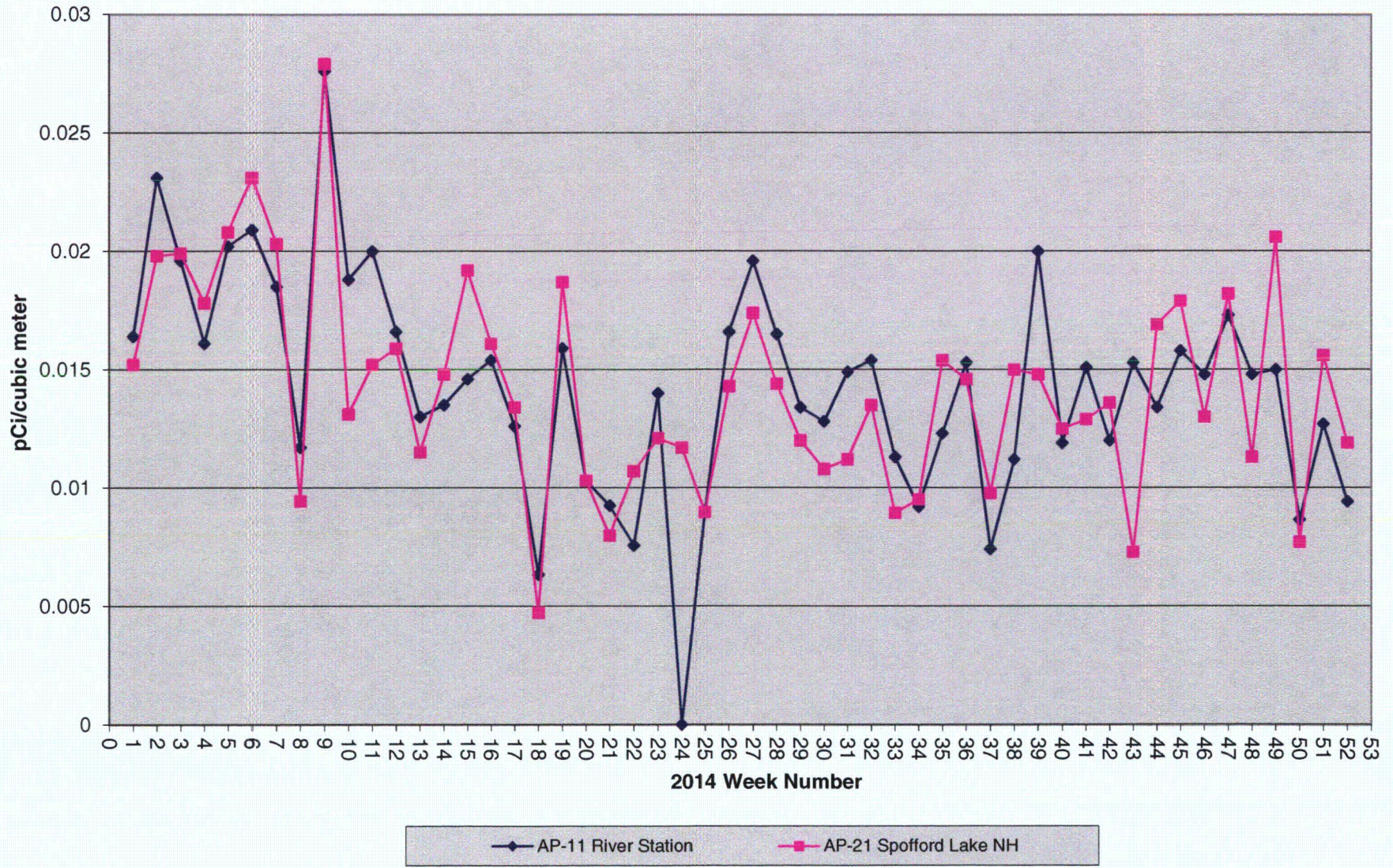


Figure 6.3 - Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters

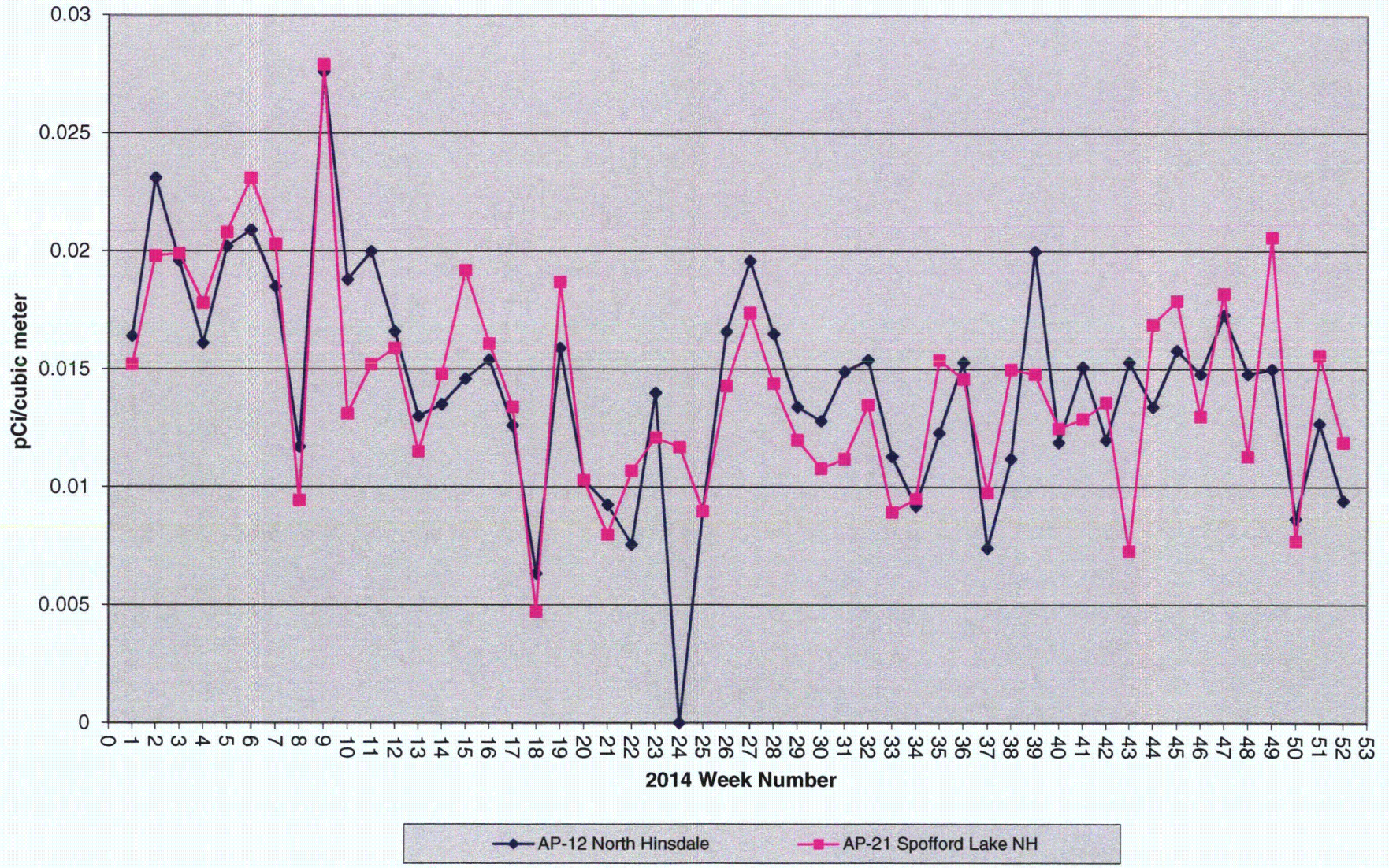




Figure 6.4 - Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters

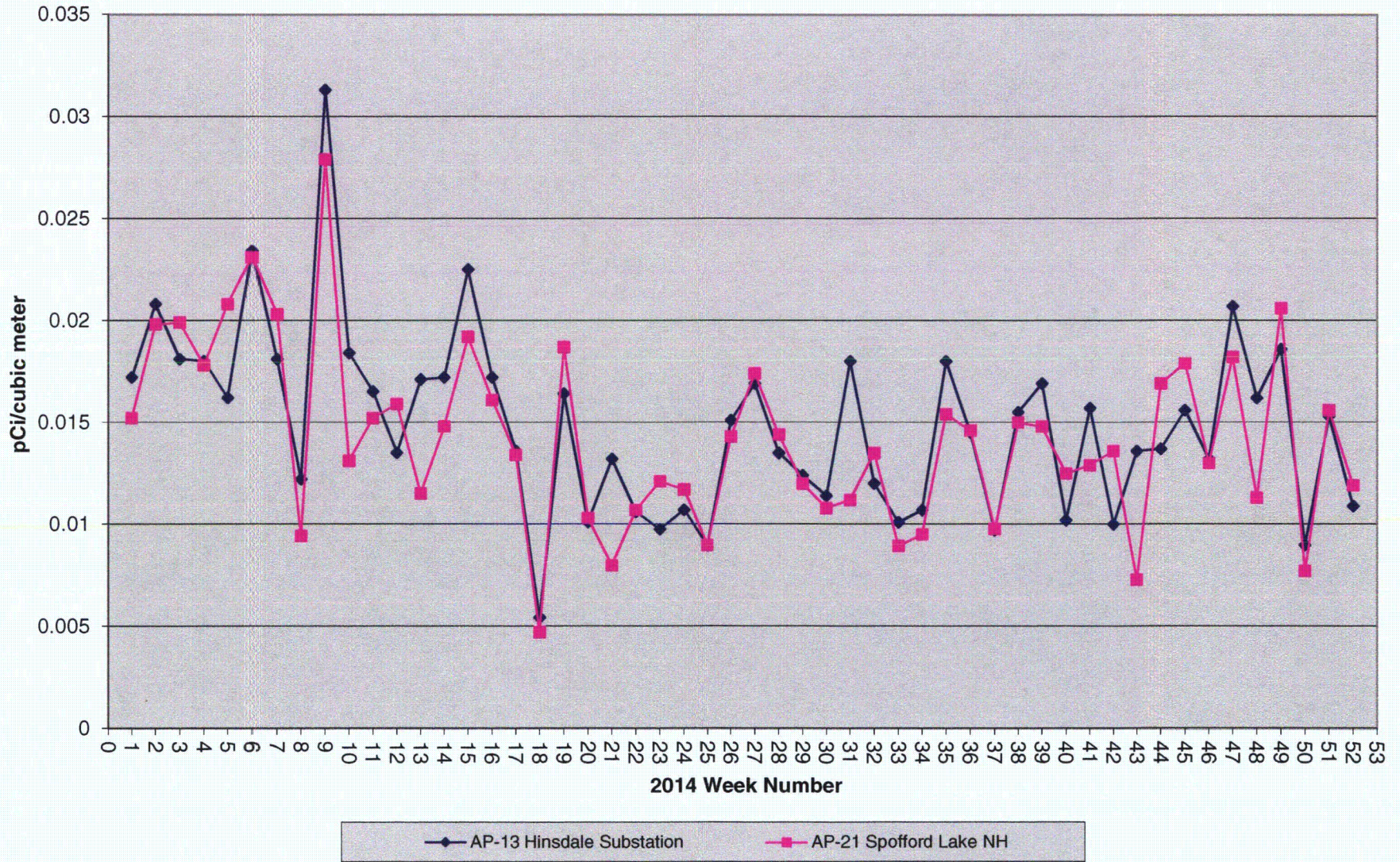


Figure 6.5 - Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters

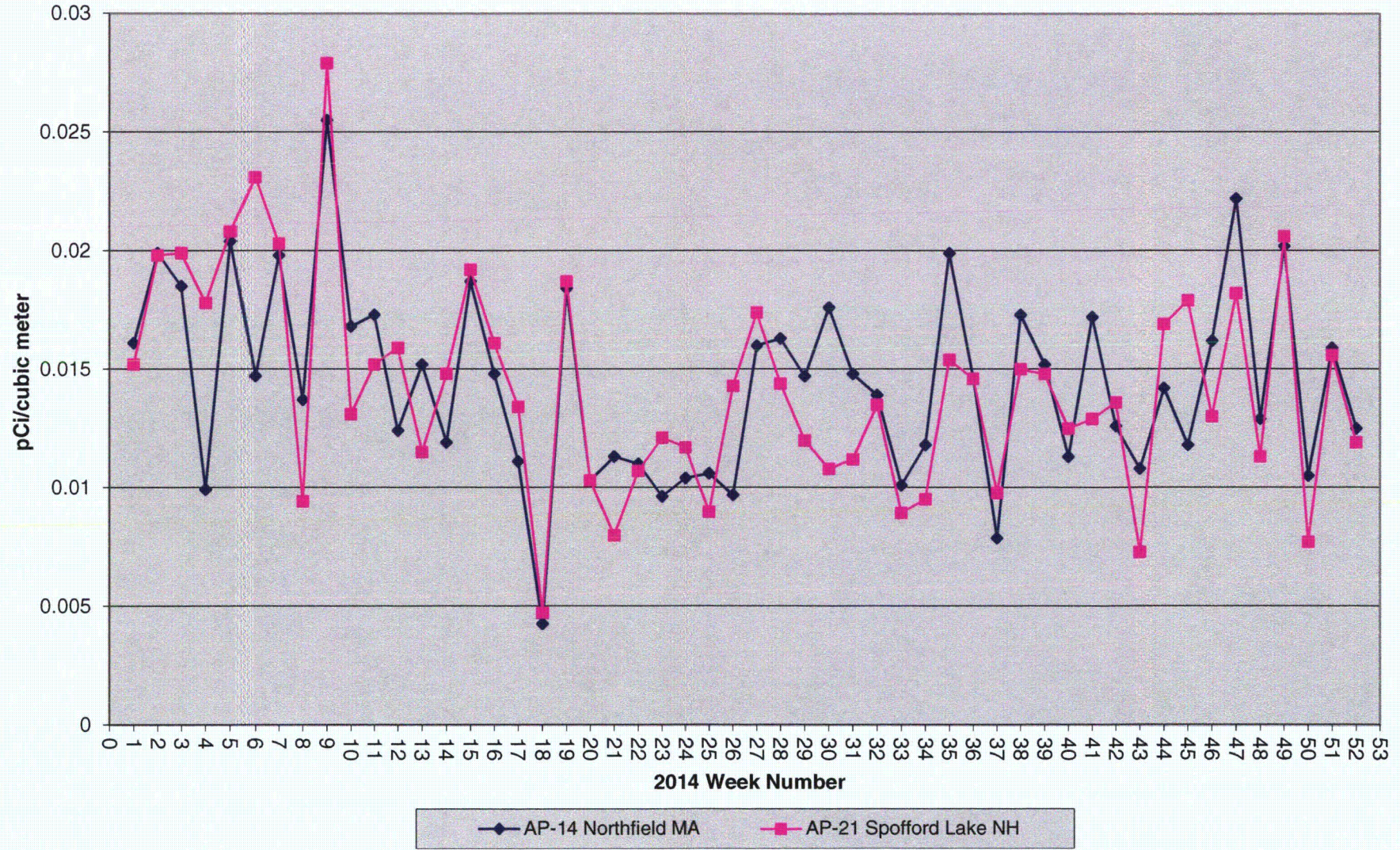


Figure 6.6 - Gross Beta Measurements on Air Particulate Filters

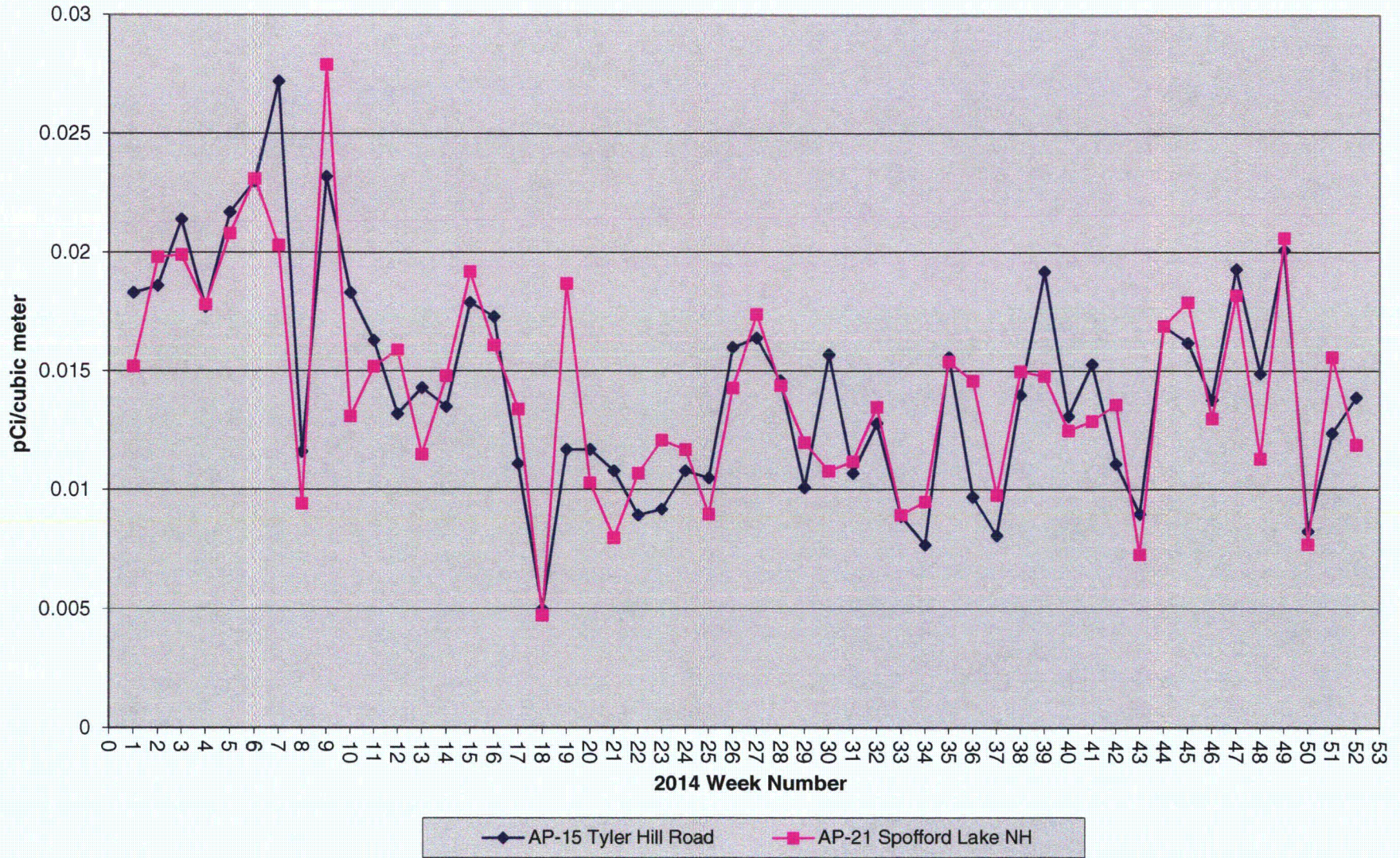


Figure 6.7 - Gross Beta Measurements of Air Particulate Filters

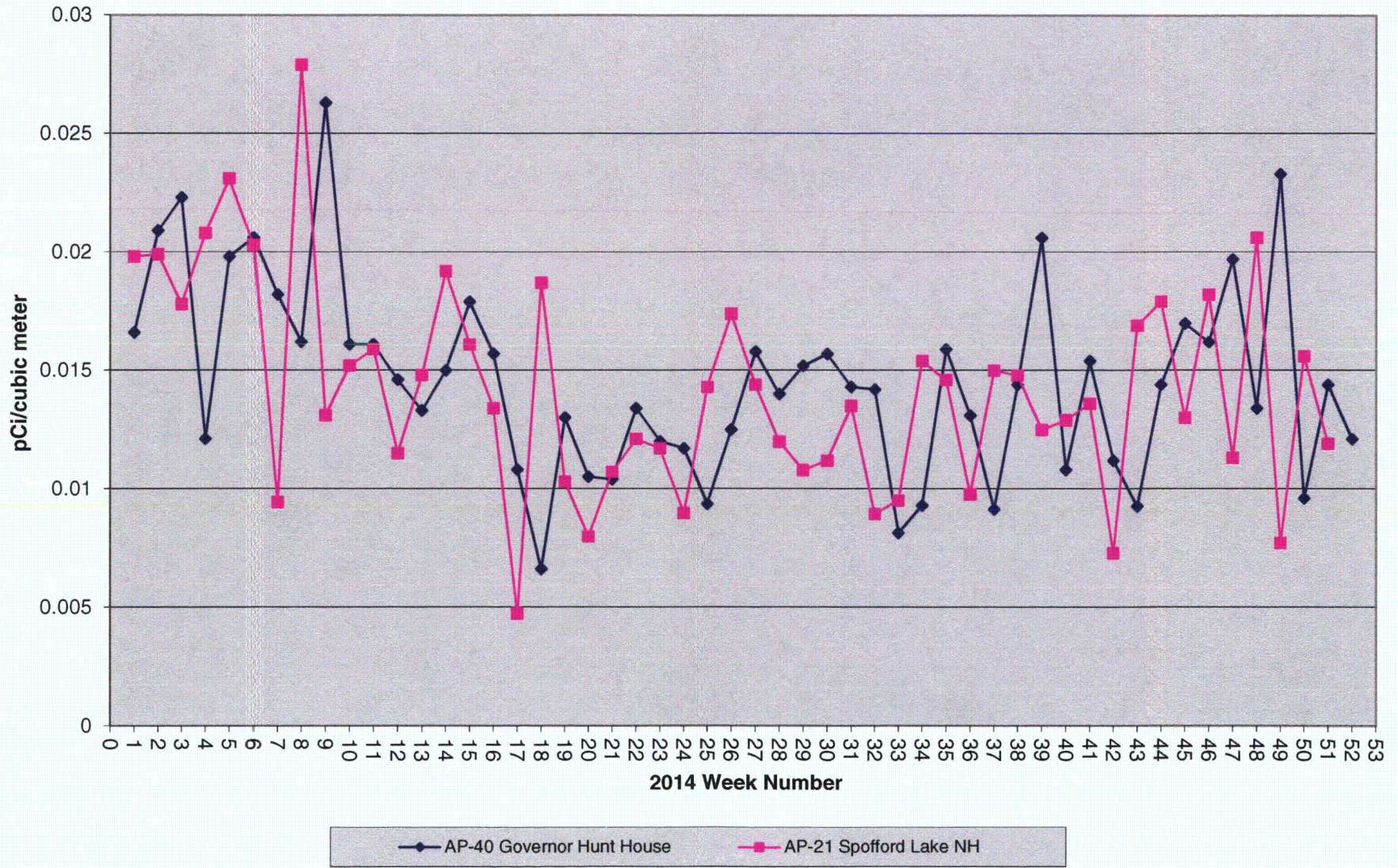
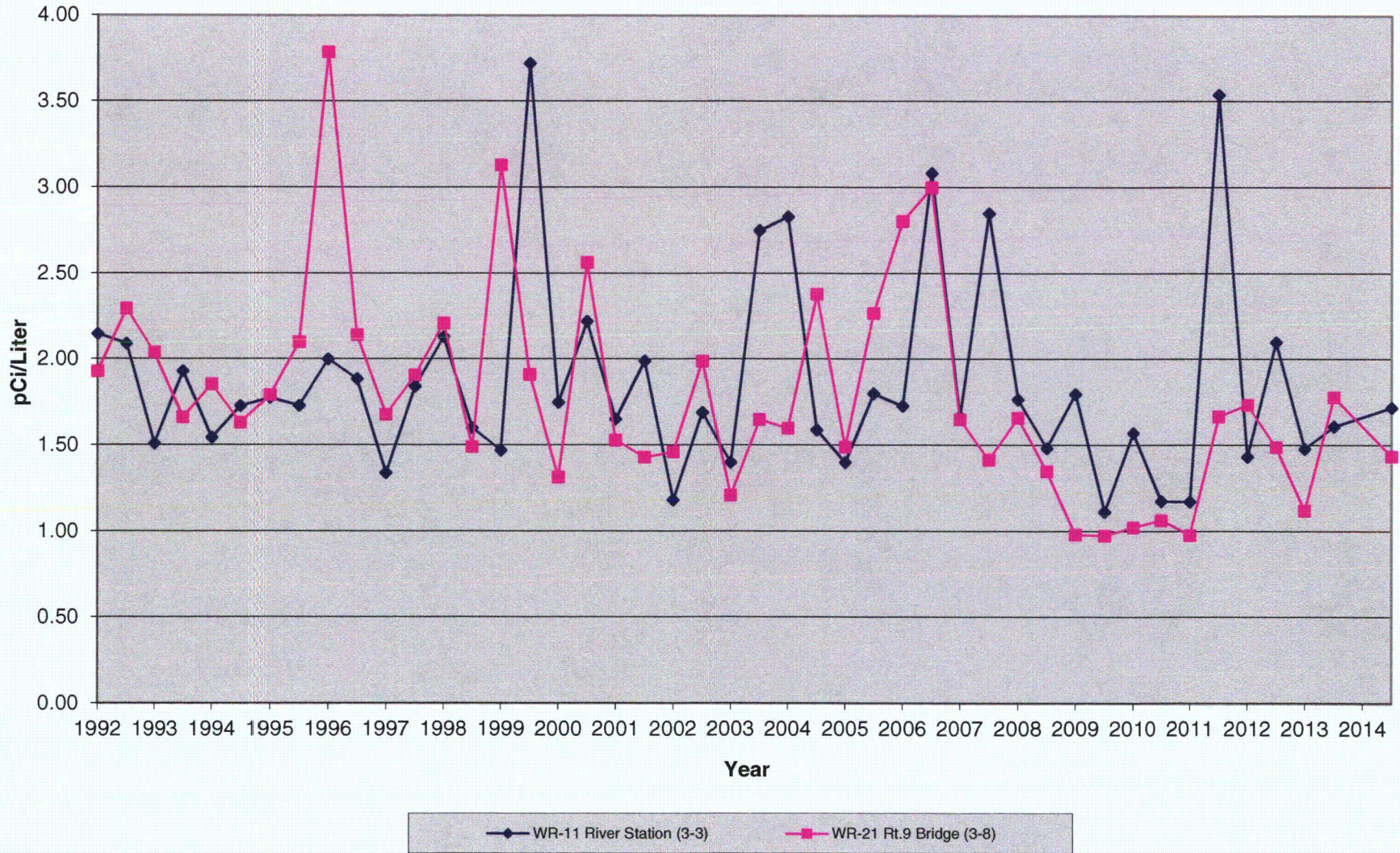


Figure 6.8 - Gross Beta Measurements on River Water Semi-Annual Average Concentration



**Figure 6.9 - Gross Beta Measurements on Ground Water Semi-Annual Average Concentrations**

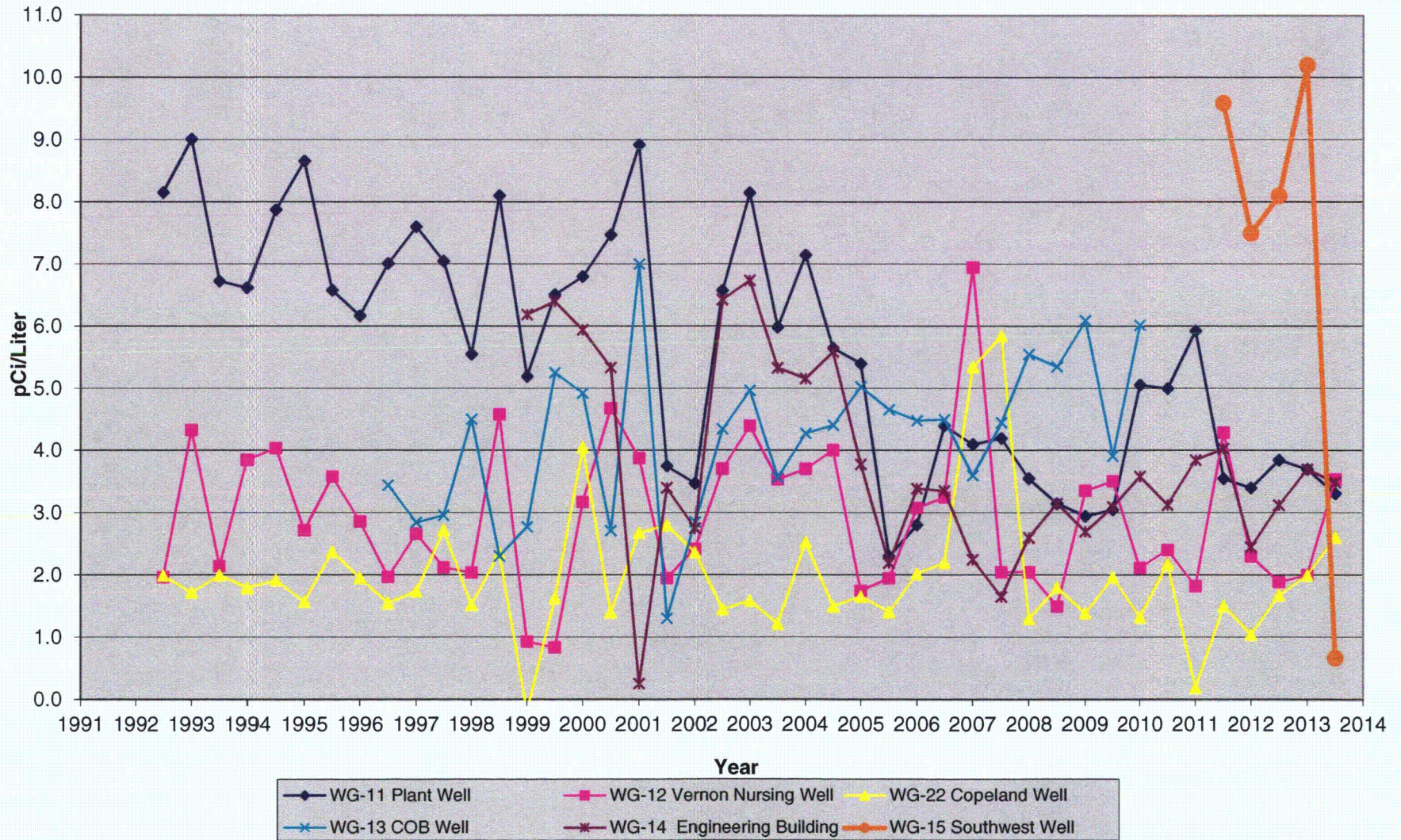
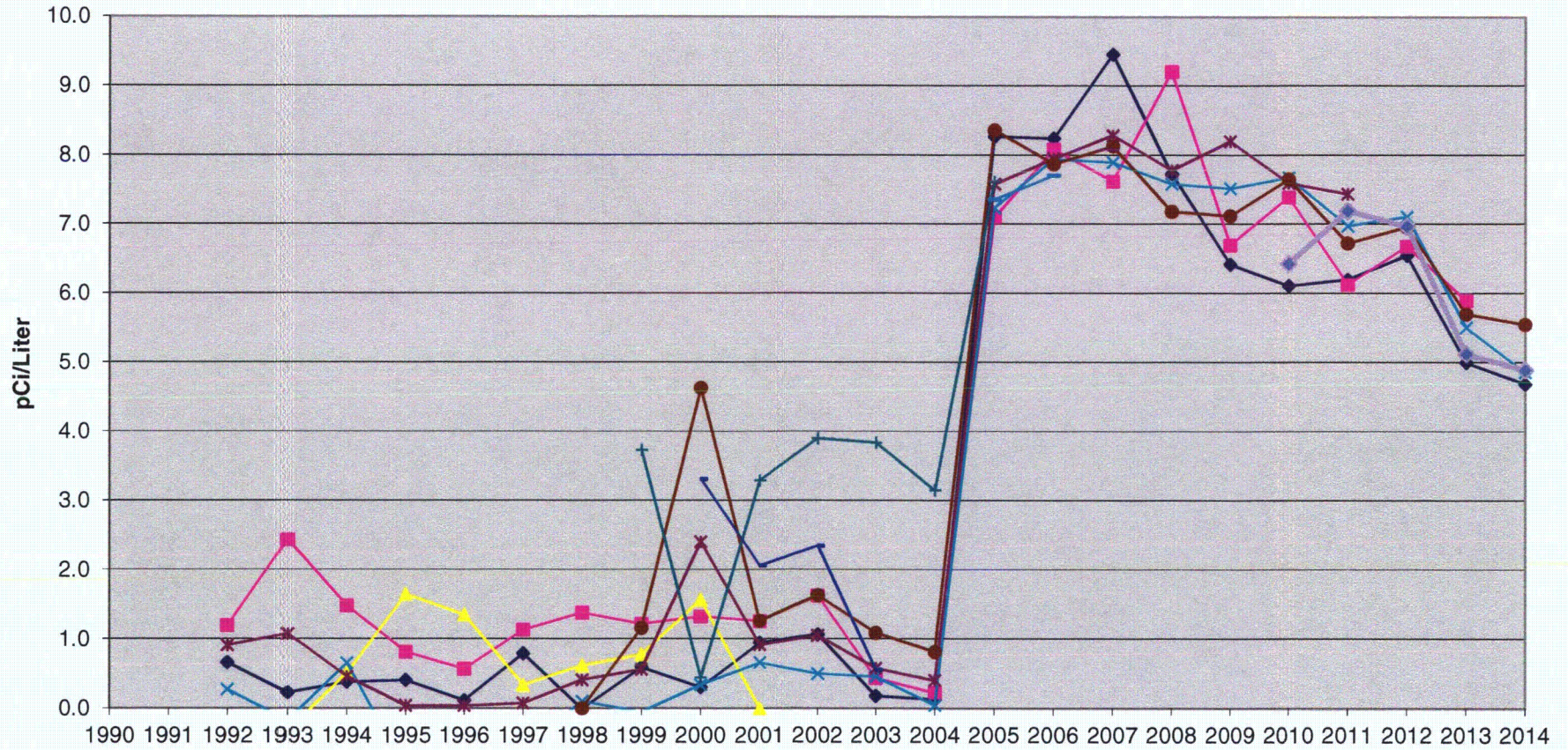


Figure 6.10 - Cesium 137 in Milk - Annual Average Concentration

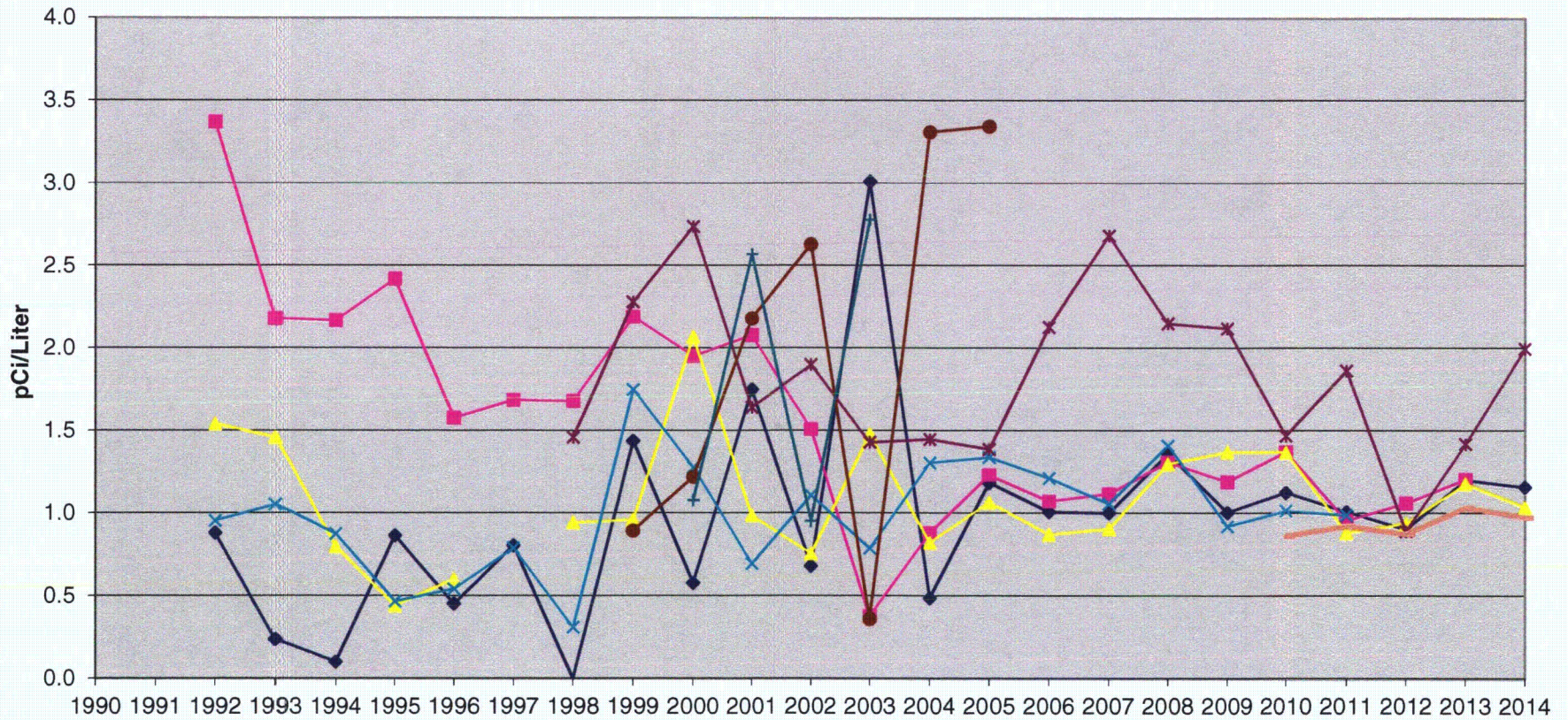


Note: In 2005, switched to reporting < MDA when no activity was detected. Using MDA values result in a larger number.

Year

- ◆ TM-11 Miller (cow)
- ◆ TM-14 Brown (cow)
- ◆ TM-16 Meadow Crest Farm (cow)
- ◆ TM-18 Blodgett Farm (cow)
- ◆ TM-24 County Farm (control)
- ◆ TM-22 Franklin (cow)
- ◆ TM-25 Downey-Spencer (goat)
- ◆ TM-26 Cheney Hill
- ◆ TM-99 Special Farm
- ◆ TM-20 Dunklee (cow)

Figure 6.11 - Strontium 90 in Milk - Annual Average Concentrations



Note: In 2005, switched to reporting < MDA when no activity was detected. Averages include the MDAs and positive values. Using MDA values result in a larger number.

Year

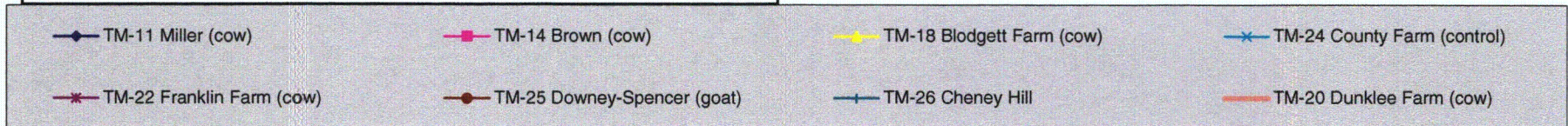
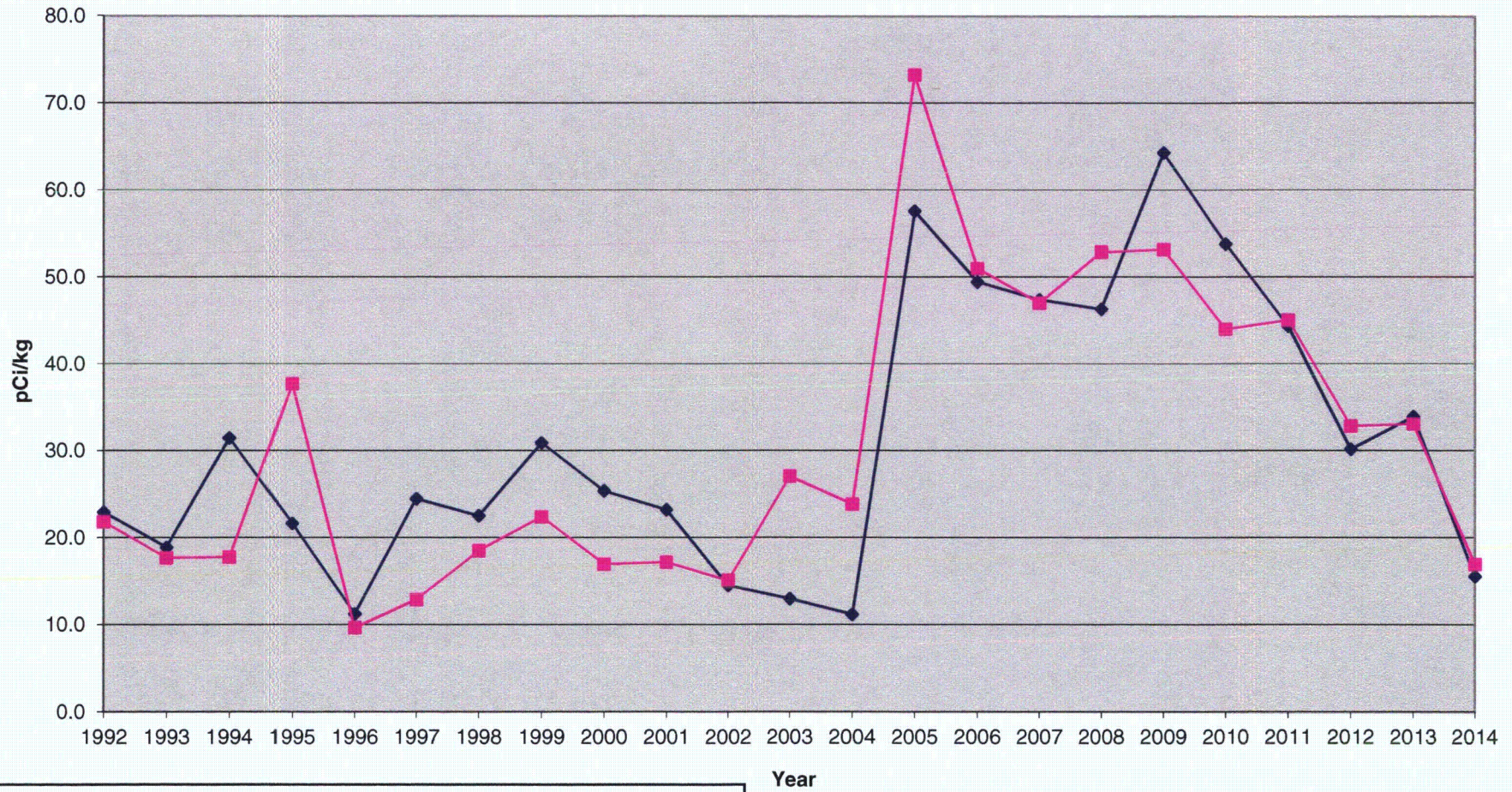




Figure 6.12 - Cesium 137 in Fish - Annual Average Concentrations



Note: In 2005 switched to reporting < MDA when no activity was detected. Using MDA values result in a larger number.



Figure 6.13 - Average Exposure Rate at Inner Ring, Outer Ring and Control TLDs

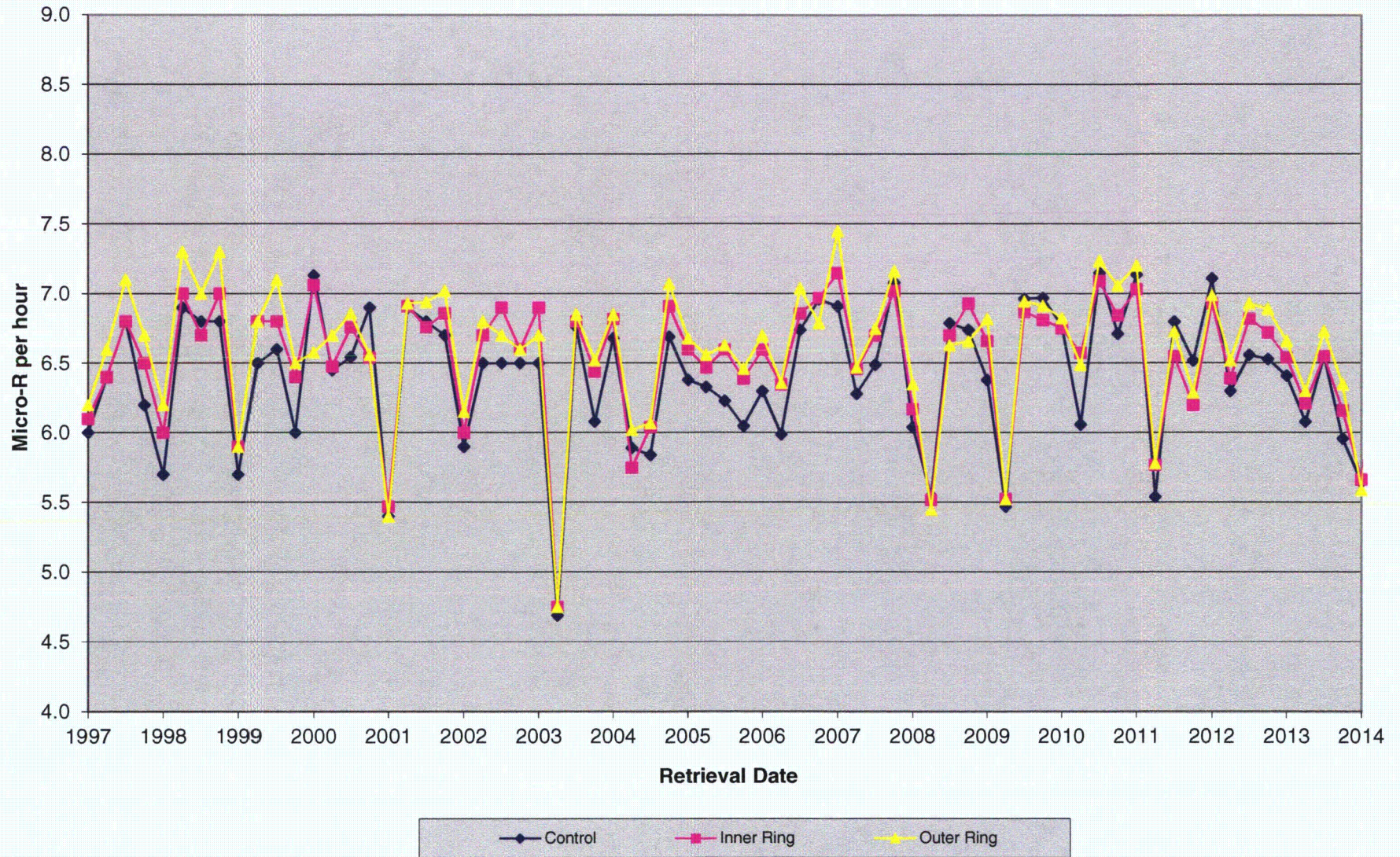


Figure 6.14 - Exposure Rate at Indicator TLDs, DR01-03

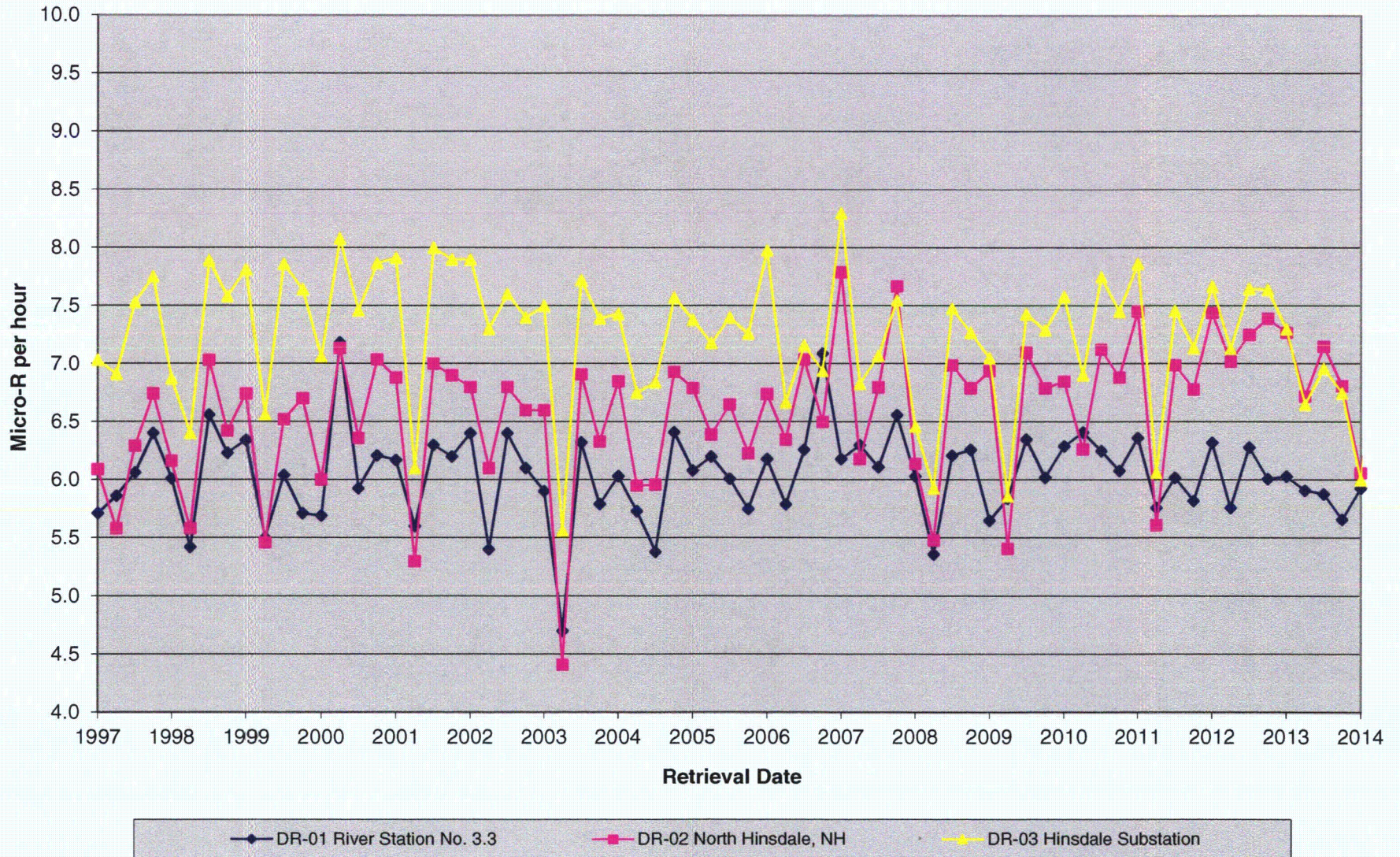


Figure 6.15 - Exposure Rate at Indicator TLDs, DR06 & DR-50

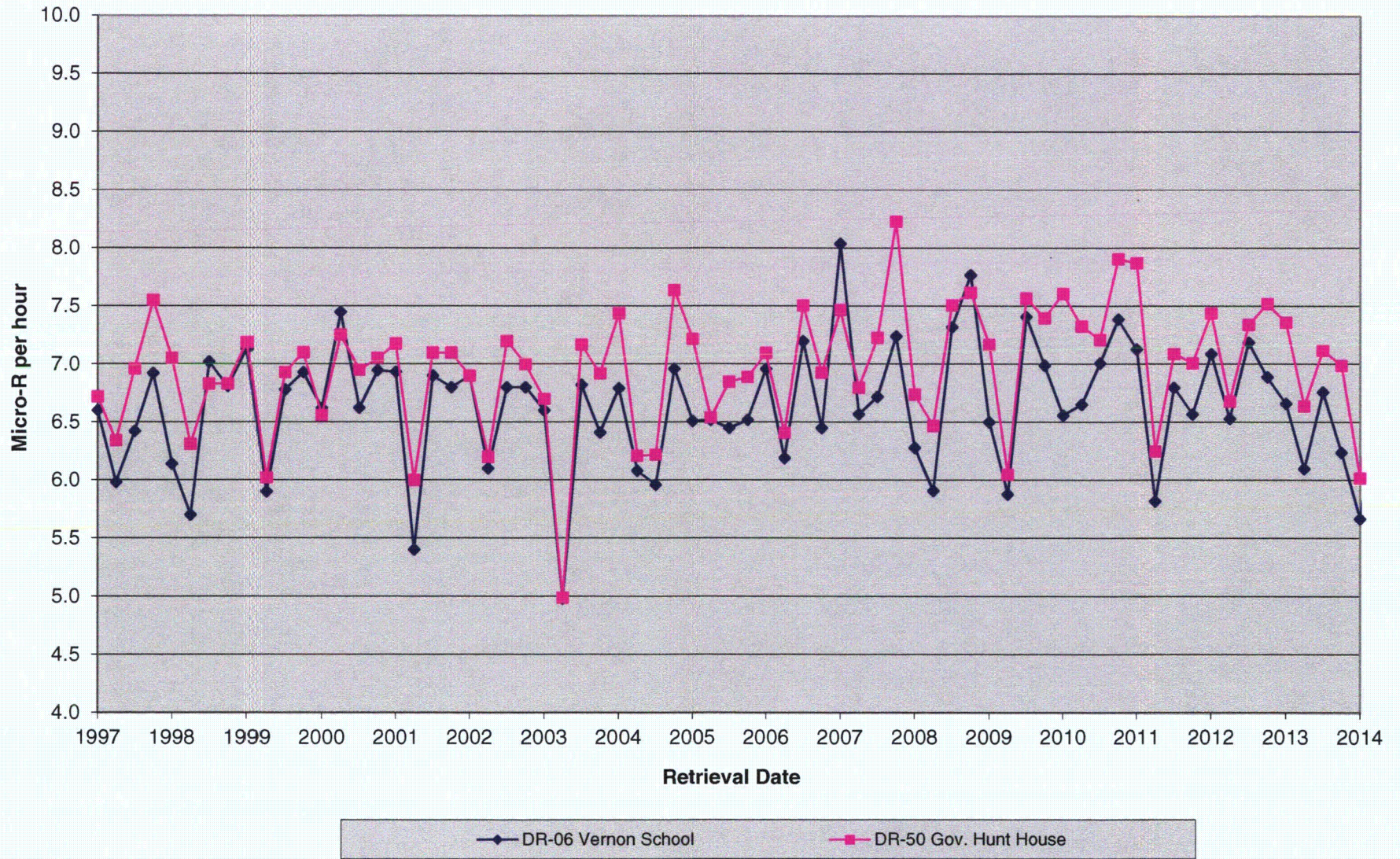


Figure 6.16 - Exposure Rate at Site Boundary TLDs DR07, 08, 41 & 42

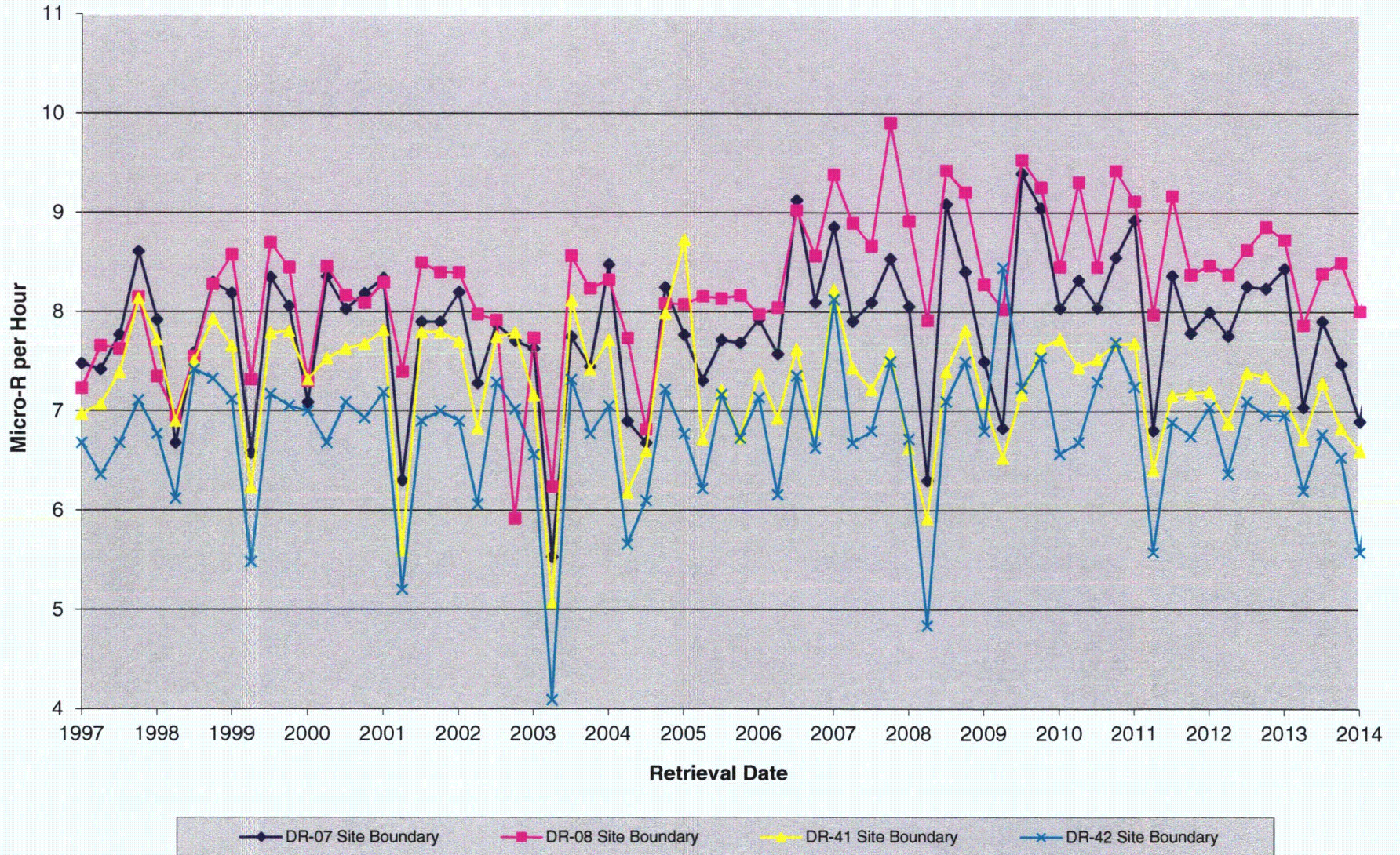


Figure 6.17 - Exposure Rate at Site Boundary TLDs - DR43 thru 46

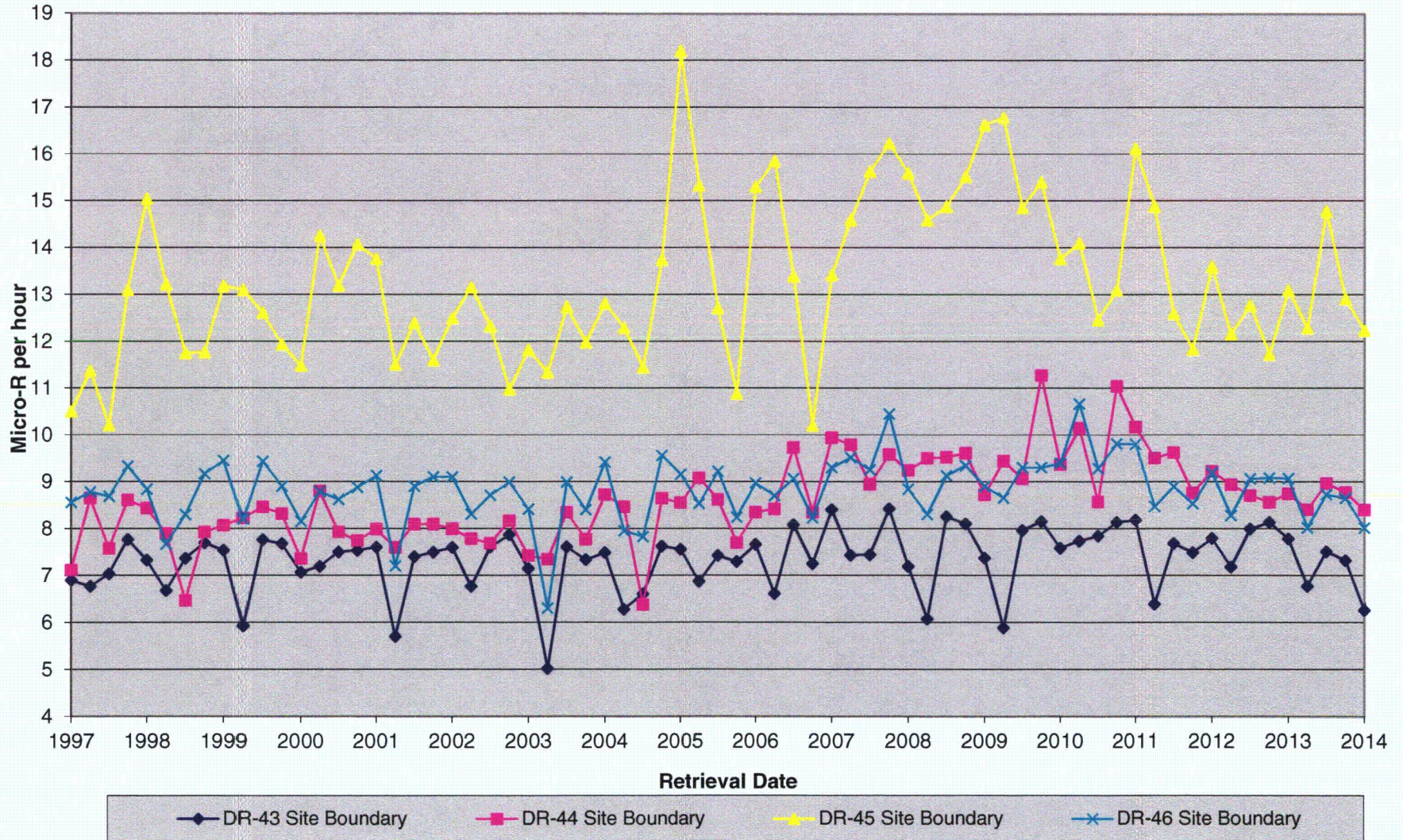


Figure 6.18 - Exposure Rate at Site Boundary TLDs DR47-49 & 51-53

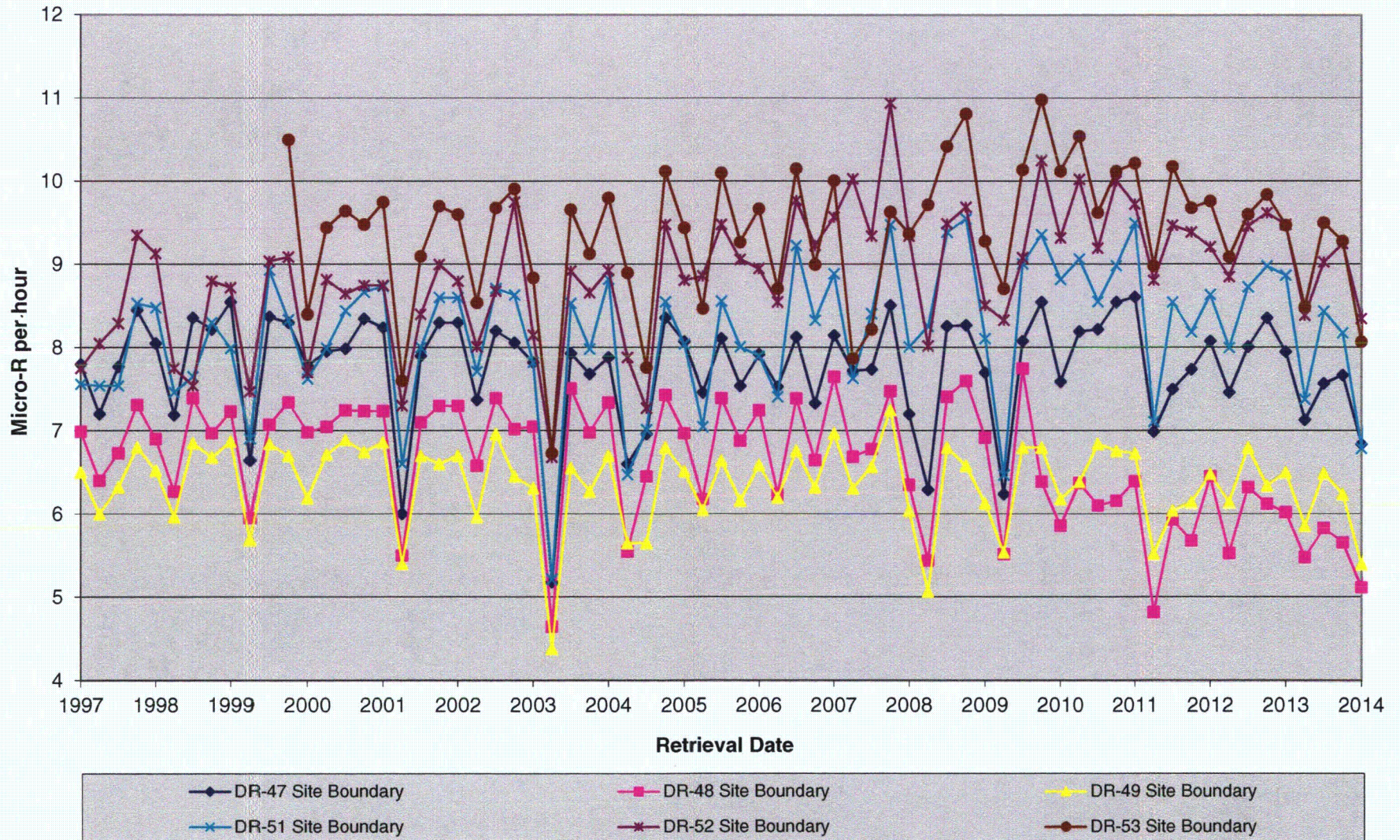


Figure 6.19 - Exposure Rate at Inner Ring TLDs DR09, 11, 13 & 15

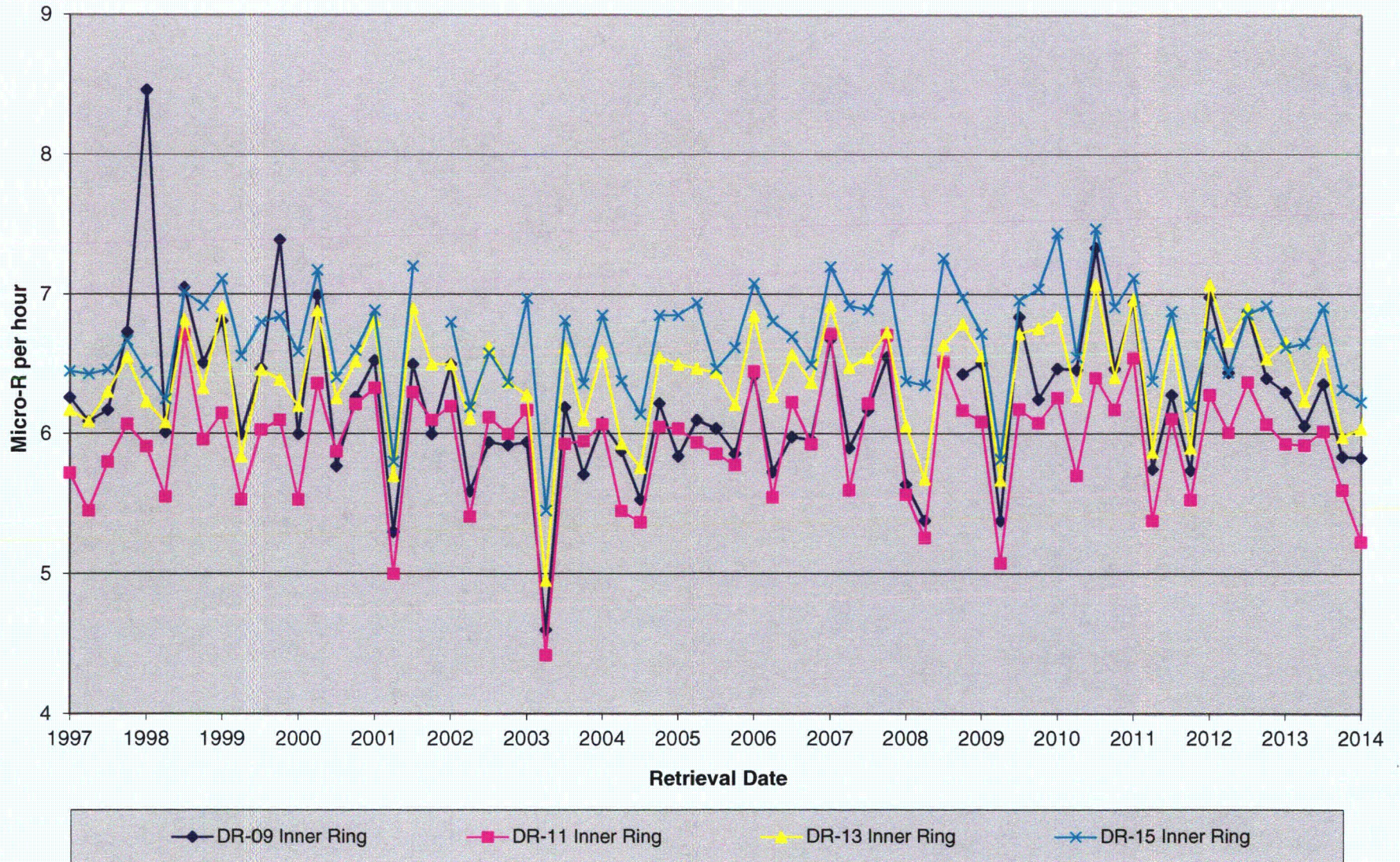




Figure 6.20 - Exposure Rate at Inner Ring TLDs DR17, 19, 21 & 23

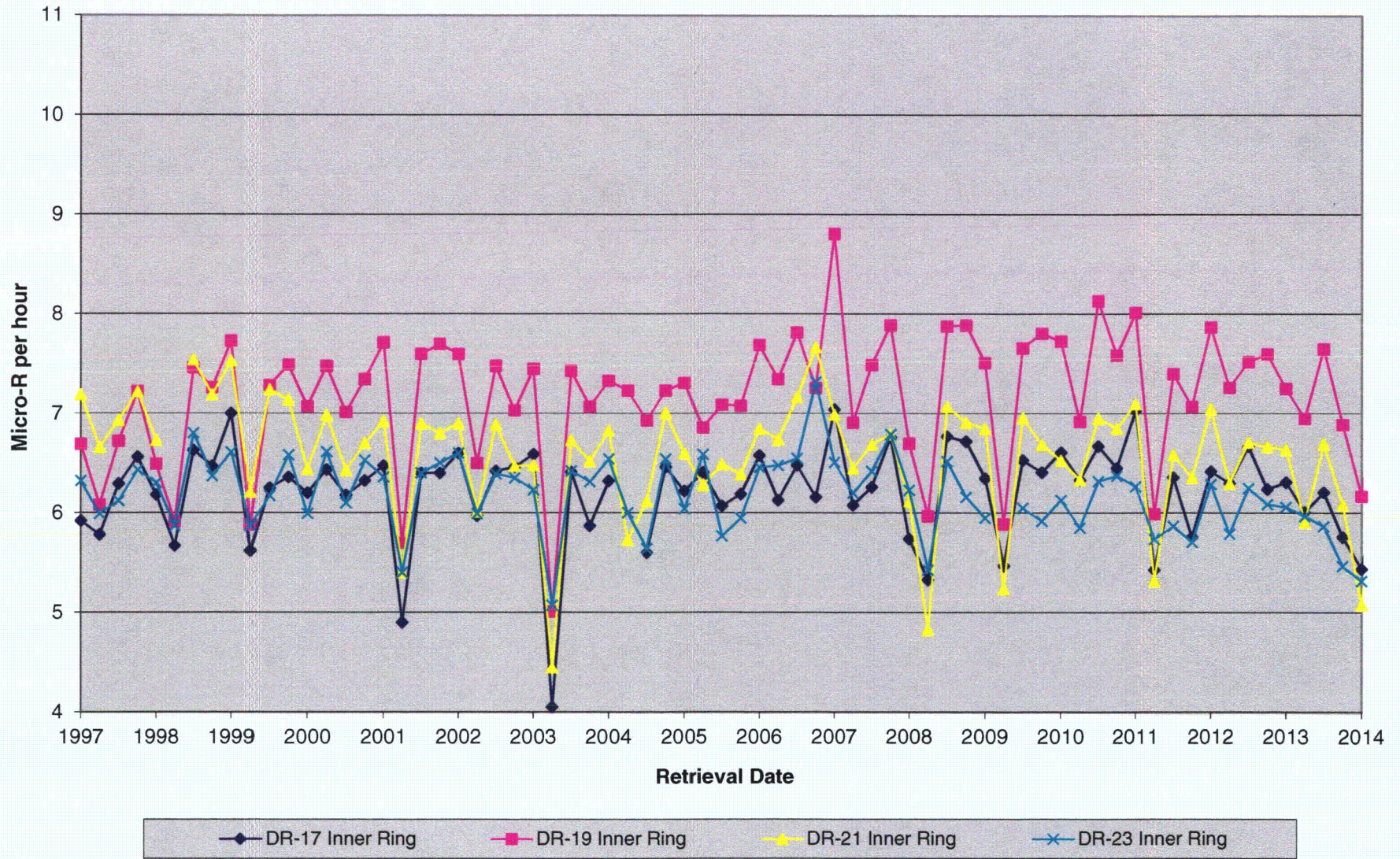


Figure 6.21 - Exposure Rate at Inner Ring TLDs DR25, 27, 29 & 31

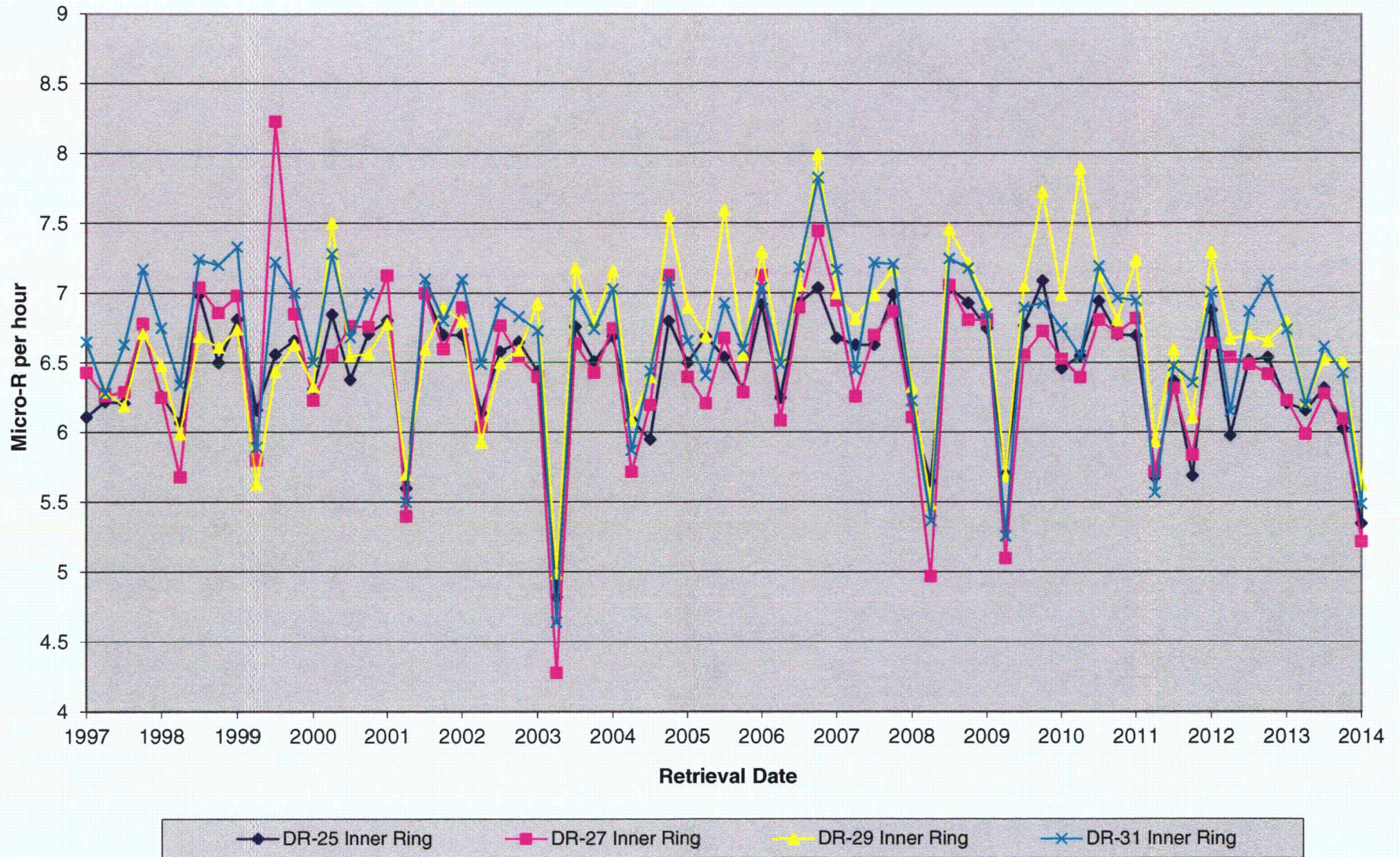


Figure 6.22 - Exposure Rate at Inner Ring TLDs DR33, 35, 37 & 39

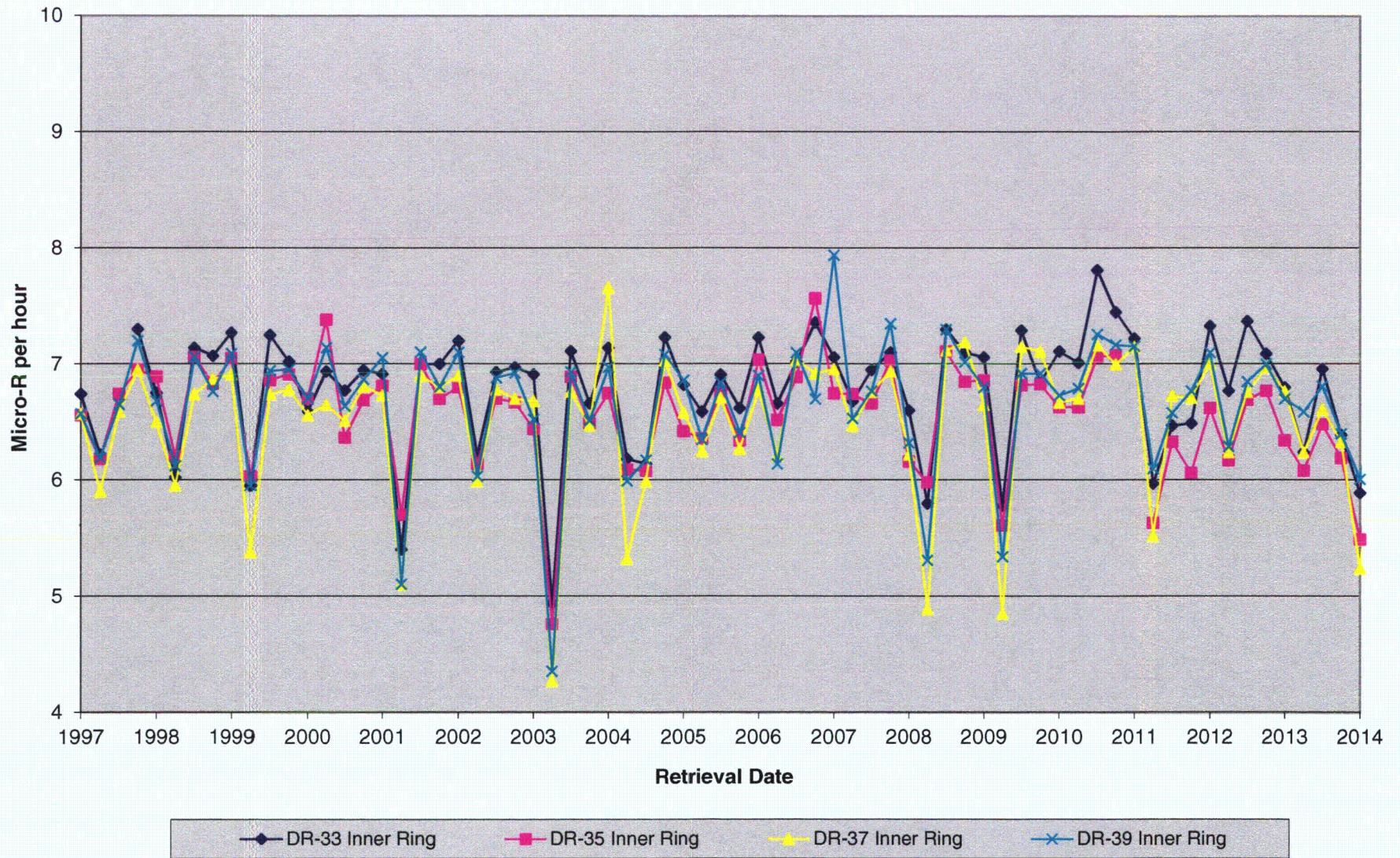


Figure 6.23 - Exposure Rate at Outer Ring TLDs DR10, 12, 14 & 16

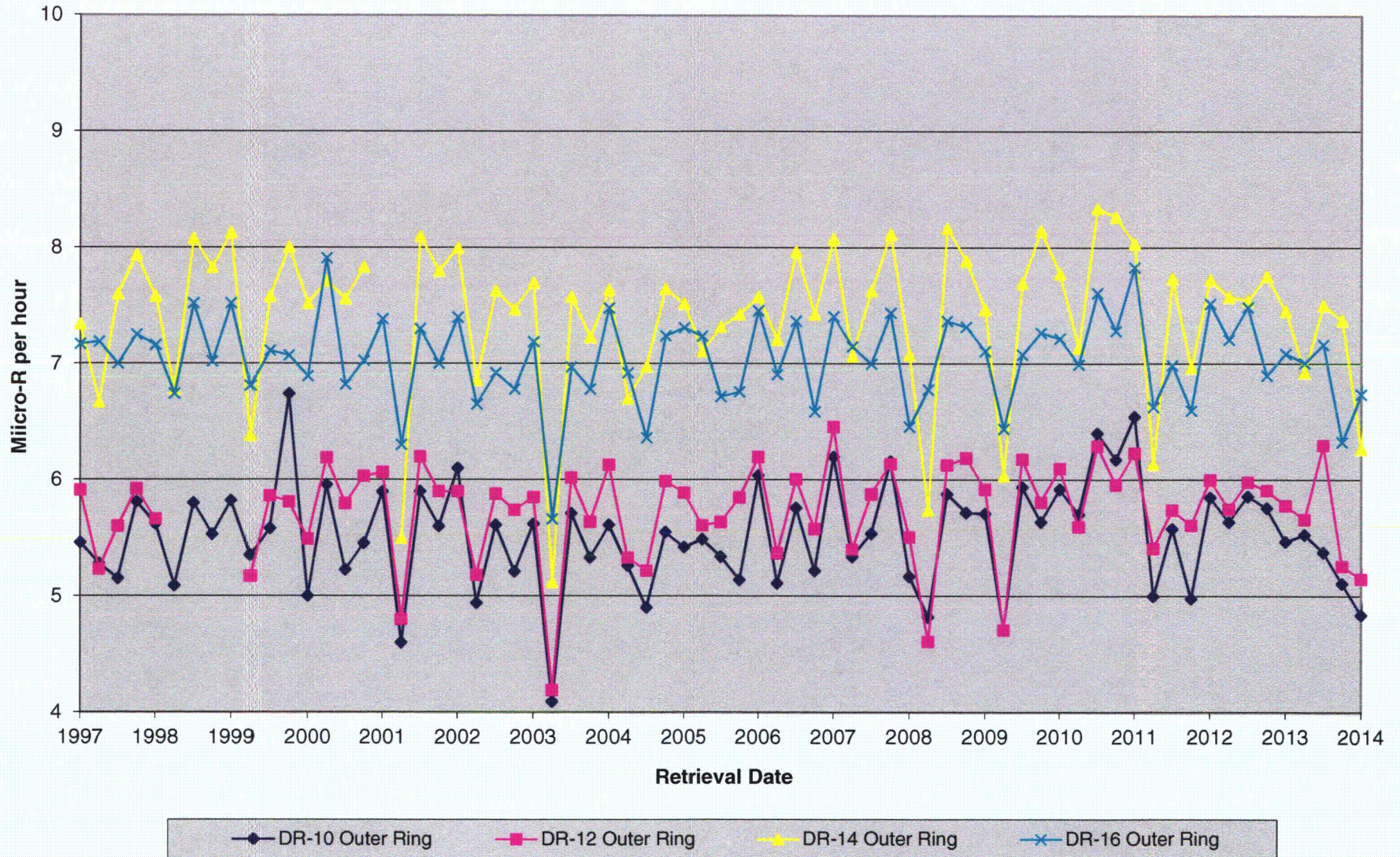


Figure 6.24 - Exposure Rate at Outer Ring TLDs DR18, 20, 22 & 24

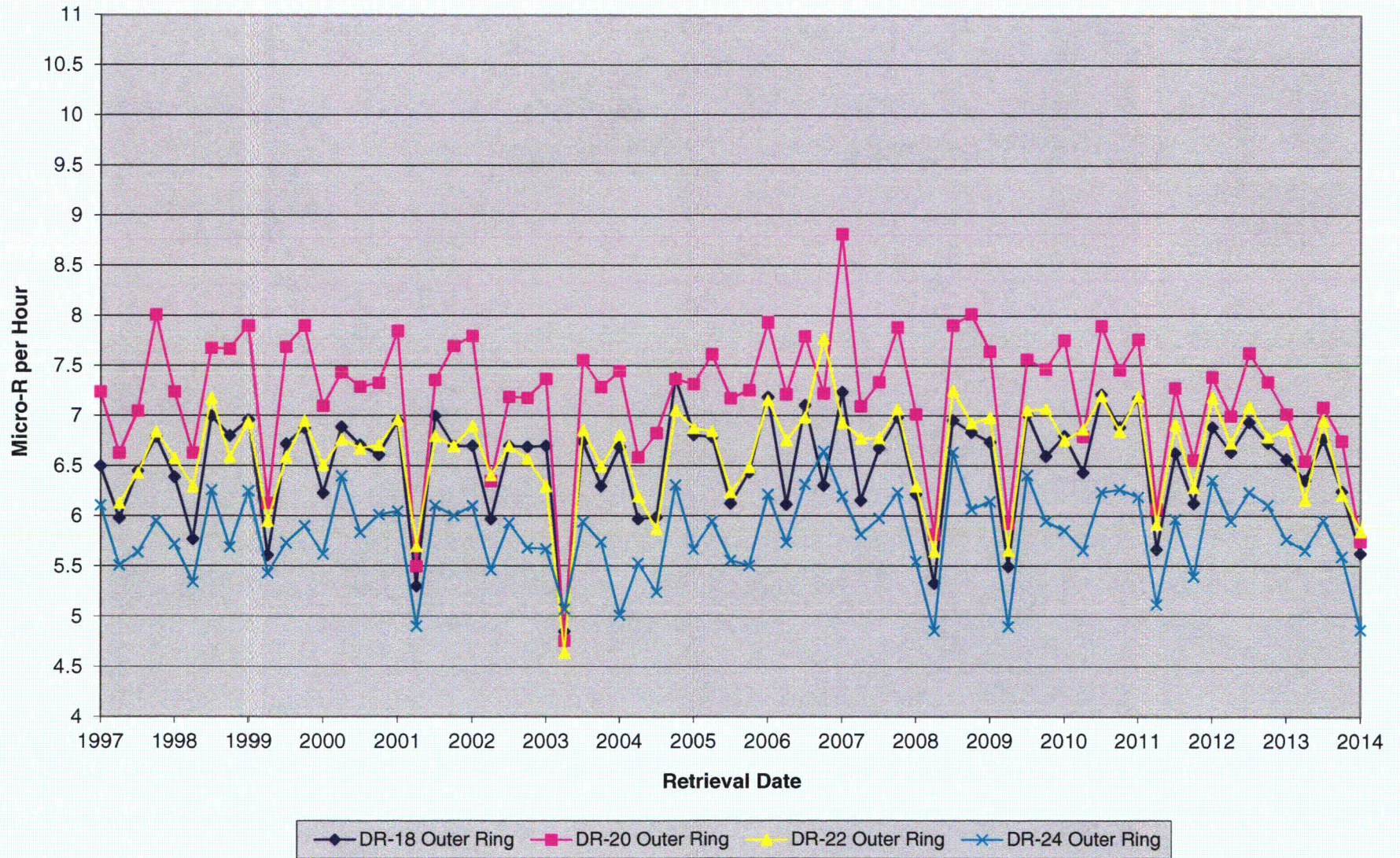


Figure 6.25 - Exposure Rate at Outer Ring TLDs DR26, 28, 30 & 32

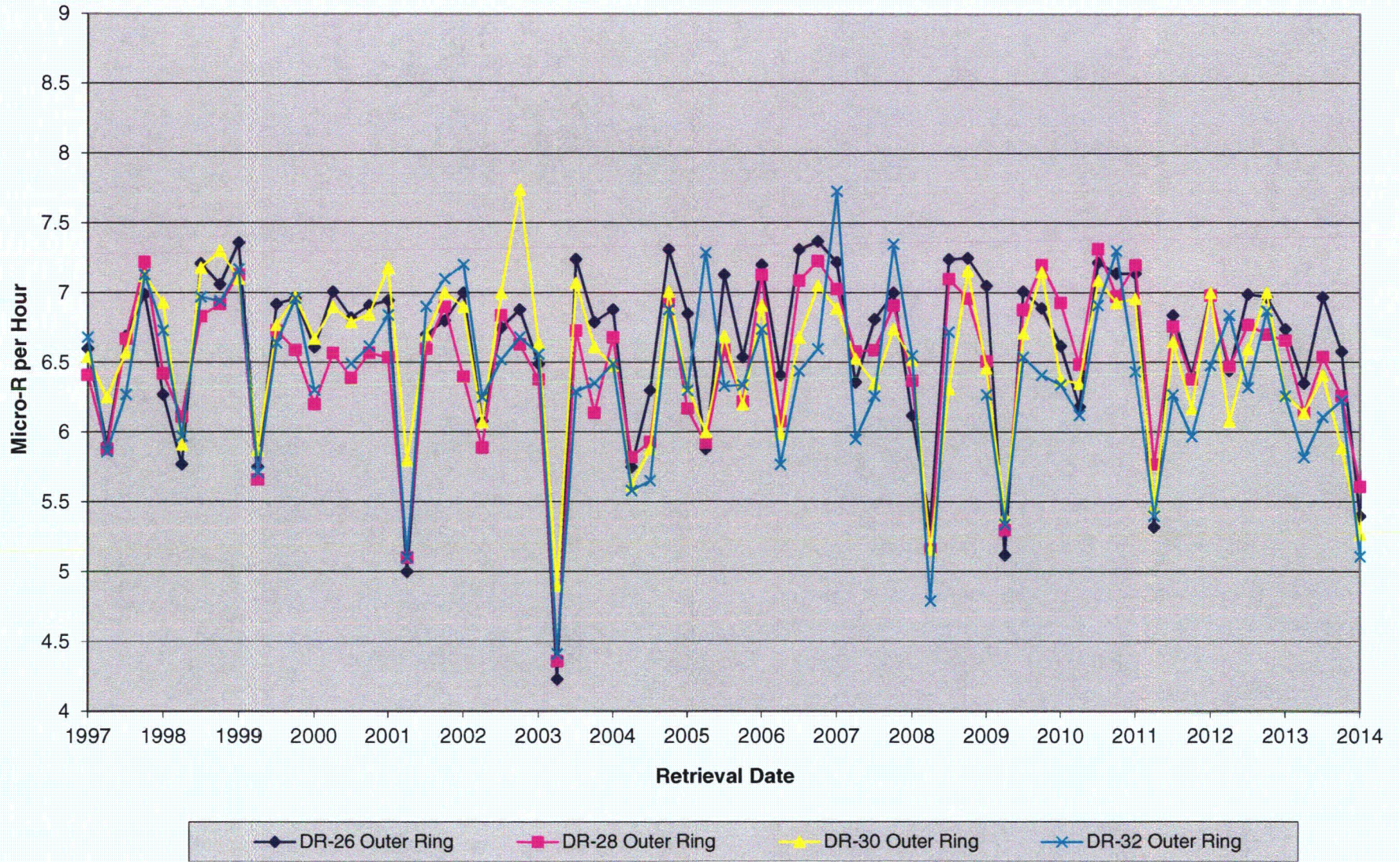


Figure 6.26 - Exposure Rate at Outer Ring TLDs DR 34, 36, 38 & 40

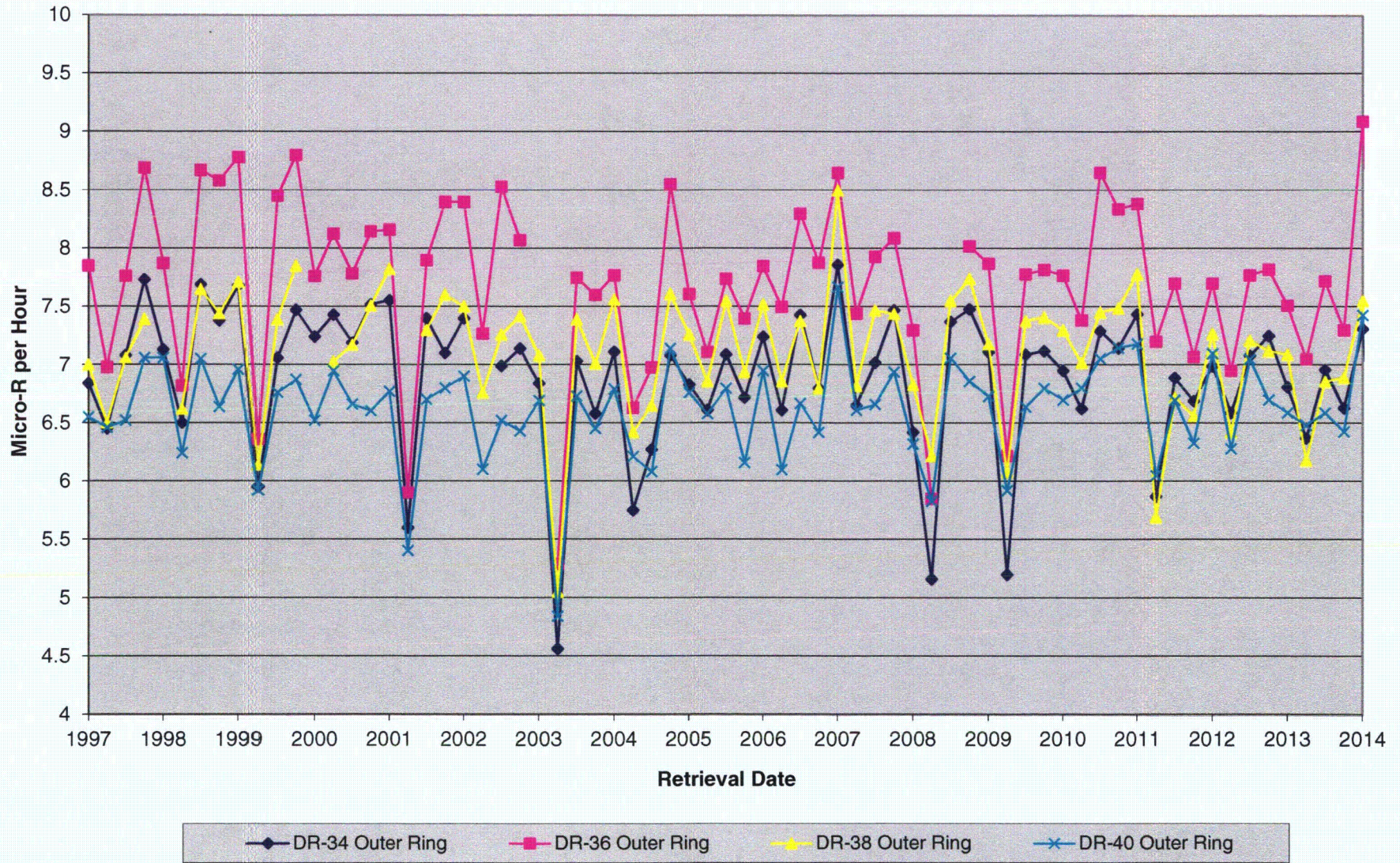
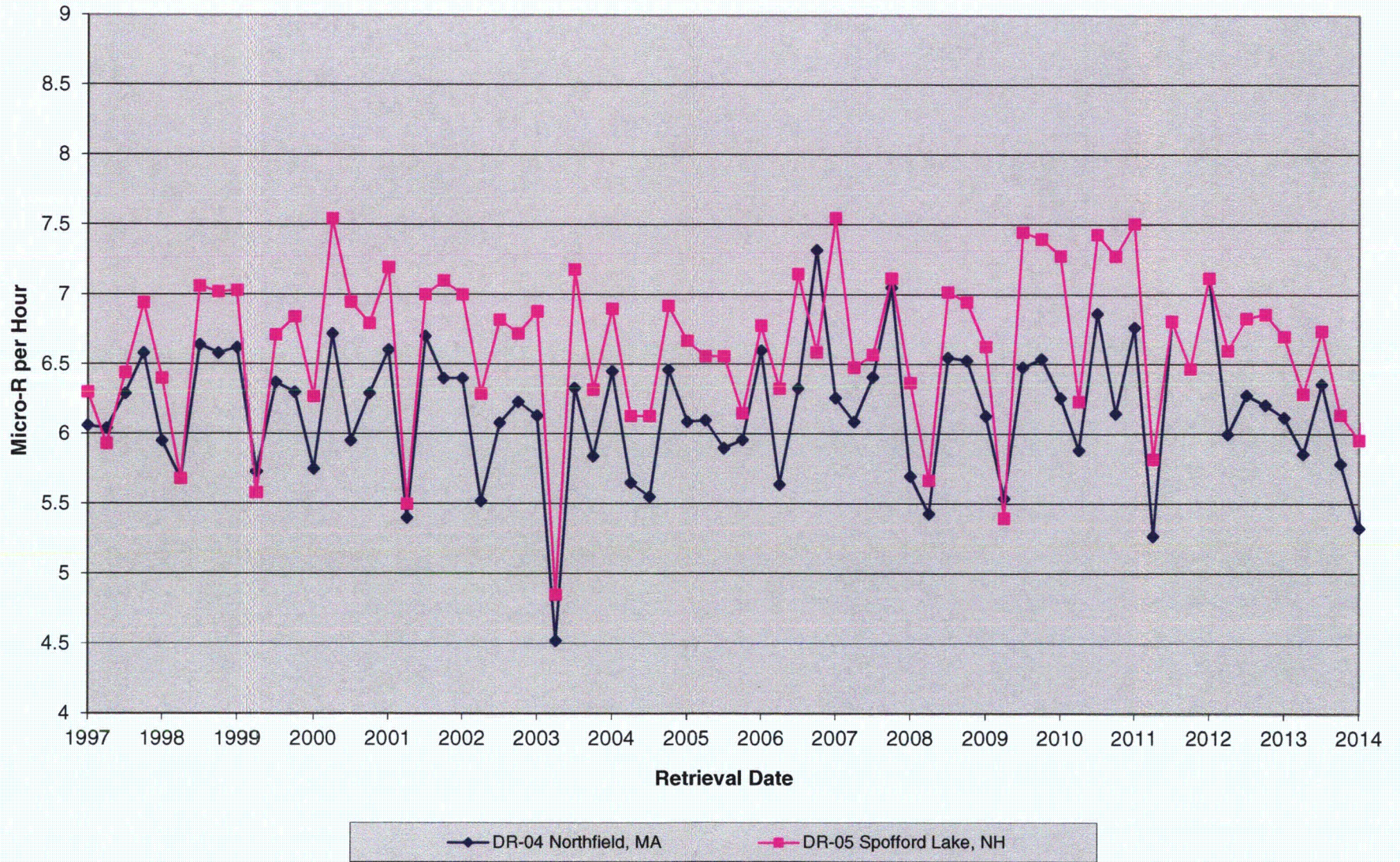


Figure 6.27 - Exposure Rate at Control TLDs DR04 & 05





## **7 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAMS**

### **7.1 Environmental Dosimetry Company**

The TLD systems at the Environmental Dosimetry Company (EDC) are calibrated and operated to ensure consistent and accurate evaluation of TLDs. The quality of the dosimetric results reported to EDC clients is ensured by in-house performance testing and independent performance testing by EDC clients, and both internal and client directed program assessments.

The purpose of the dosimetry quality assurance program at EDC is to provide performance documentation of the routine processing of EDC dosimeters. Performance testing provides a statistical measure of the bias and precision of dosimetry processing against a reliable standard, which in turn points out any trends or performance changes. Two programs are described below.

#### **7.1.1 QC Program**

Dosimetry quality control tests are performed on EDC Panasonic 814 Environmental dosimeters. These tests include: (1) the in-house testing program coordinated by the EDC QA Officer and (2) independent test perform by EDC clients. In-house test are performed using six pairs of 814 dosimeters, a pair is reported as an individual result and six pairs are reported as the mean result. Results of these tests are described in this report.

Excluded from this report are instrumentation checks. Although instrumentation checks represent an important aspect of the quality assurance program, they are not included as process checks in this report. Instrumentation checks represent between 5-10% of the TLDs processed.

#### **7.1.2 QA Program**

An internal assessment of dosimetry activities is conducted annually by the Quality Assurance Officer. The purpose of the assessment is to review procedures, results, materials or components to identify opportunities to improve or enhance processes and/or services.

#### **7.1.3 Environmental TLD Quality Assurance Program**

Results of performance tests conducted are summarized and discussed in the following sections. Summaries of the performance tests for the reporting period are given in Tables 1 through 3.

Table 1 provides a summary of individual dosimeter results evaluated against the EDC internal acceptance criteria for high-energy photons only. During this period, 100% (72/72) of the individual dosimeters, evaluated against these criteria met the tolerance limits for accuracy (+/-15.0%) and 100% (72/72) met the criterion for precision (+/-12.8%).

Table 2 provides the Bias + Standard deviation results for each group (N=6) of dosimeters evaluated against the internal tolerance criteria. Overall, 100% (12/12) of the dosimeter sets evaluated against the internal tolerance performance criteria met these criteria.

Table 3 presents the independent blind spike results for dosimeters processed during this annual period. All results passed the performance acceptance criterion.

**Table 1**  
Percentage of Individual Analyses that passed EDC Internal Criteria  
January – December 2014<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

| Dosimeter Type          | Number Tested | % Passed Bias Criteria | % Passed Precision Criteria |
|-------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Panasonic Environmental | 72            | 100                    | 100                         |

(1) This table summarizes results of tests conducted by EDC.

(2) Environmental Dosimeter results are free in air.

**Table 2**  
Mean Dosimeter Analyses (N=6)  
January – December 2014<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

| Process Date | Mean Bias % | Standard Deviation % | Tolerance Limit +/-15% |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| 4/19/2014    | 2.7         | 1.6                  | Pass                   |
| 4/22/2014    | -0.1        | 0.9                  | Pass                   |
| 4/30/2014    | 0.1         | 1.9                  | Pass                   |
| 7/22/2014    | 1.7         | 1.5                  | Pass                   |
| 7/25/2014    | 2.8         | 1.2                  | Pass                   |
| 8/04/2014    | -3.6        | 1.0                  | Pass                   |
| 9/24/2014    | 2.5         | 0.6                  | Pass                   |
| 10/21/2014   | 0.7         | 0.5                  | Pass                   |
| 10/28/2014   | 3.9         | 1.5                  | Pass                   |
| 1/25/2015    | 4.1         | 1.1                  | Pass                   |
| 1/28/2015    | 2.1         | 1.6                  | Pass                   |
| 3/11/2015    | -8.2        | 1.0                  | Pass                   |

(1) This table summarizes results of tests conducted by EDC for TLDs issued in 2013

(2) Environmental Dosimeter results are free in air.

**Table 3**  
Summary of Independent Dosimeter Testing  
January-December 2014<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

| Issuance Period           | Client    | Mean Bias % | Standard Deviation % | Pass/Fail |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------|-----------|
| 1 <sup>st</sup> Qtr. 2014 | Millstone | 2.8         | 3.2                  | Pass      |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> Qtr. 2014 | Millstone | -6.0        | 4.5                  | Pass      |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> Qtr. 2014 | Seabrook  | 0.3         | 1.6                  | Pass      |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> Qtr. 2014 | Millstone | -10.2       | 3.6                  | Pass      |
| 4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr. 2014 | Millstone | -6.5        | 2.9                  | Pass      |
| 4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr. 2014 | Seabrook  | 5.5         | 1.7                  | Pass      |

(1) Performance criteria are +/- 30%.

(2) Blind spike irradiations using Cs-137

## **7.2 Teledyne Brown Engineering Laboratory – Environmental Services (TBE-ES)**

### **7.2.1 Operational Quality Control Scope**

#### **7.2.1.1 Inter-laboratory**

The TBE-ES Laboratory QC Program is designed to monitor the quality of analytical processing associated with environmental, effluent (10CFR Part 50), and waste characterization (10CFR Part 61) samples.

Quality Control of environmental radioanalyses involves the internal process control program and independent third party programs administered by Analytics, Inc and Environmental Resource Associates (ERA).

TBE-ES participates in the Quality Assessment Program (QAP) administered by the Department of Energy (DOE) Mixed Analyte Performance Evaluation Program (MAPEP). The MAPEP is a set of performance evaluation samples (e.g. water, soil, air filters, etc.) designed to evaluate the ability and quality of analytical facilities performing sample measurements which contain hazardous and radioactive (mixed) analytes.

Quality Control for radioanalyses during this reporting period was divided among internal process check samples, third party process checks prepared by Analytics, Inc. (which was submitted by users or secured directly by TBE-ES for QC purposes), ERA, and DOE's MAPEP.

#### **7.2.1.2 Intra-laboratory**

The internal Quality Control program is designed to include QC functions such as instrumentation checks (to ensure proper instrument response), blank samples (to which no analyte radioactivity has been added), instrumentation backgrounds, duplicates, as well as overall staff qualification analyses and process controls. Both process control and qualification analyses samples seek to mimic the media type of those samples submitted for analyses by the various laboratory clients. These process controls (or process checks) are either actual samples submitted in duplicate in order to evaluate the accuracy of laboratory measurements, or blank samples which have been "spiked" with a known quantity of a radioisotope that is of interest to laboratory clients. These QC samples, which represent either "single" or "double-blind" unknowns, are intended to evaluate the entire radiochemical and radiometric process.

To provide direction and consistency in administering the quality assurance program, TBE-ES has developed and follows an annual quality control and audit assessment schedule. The plan describes the scheduled frequency and scope of Quality Assurance and Control considered necessary for an adequate QA/QC program conducted throughout the year. The magnitude of the process control program combines both internal and external sources targeted at 5% of the routine sample analysis load.

#### **7.2.1.3 QA Program (Internal and External Audits)**

During each reporting period at least one internal assessment is conducted in accordance with the pre-established TBE-ES Quality Control and Audit Assessment Schedule. In addition, the laboratory may be audited by prospective customers during a pre-contract audit, and/or by existing clients who wish to conduct periodic audits in accordance with their contractual

arrangements. The Nuclear Utilities Procurement Issues Committee (NUPIC) conducts audits of TBE-ES as a function of a Utilities Radiological Environment Measurement Program (REMP).

TBE-ES Laboratory-Knoxville has successfully completed the Energy Solutions (NIAC audit), State of Tennessee, Nuclear Utility Procurement Issues Committee (NUPC), New York State and Department of Health's Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (NELAP) audits. These audits were each a comprehensive review of TBE-ES's Quality and Technical programs used to assess the laboratory's ability to produce accurate and defensible data. No significant deficiencies, which would adversely impact data quality, were identified during any of these audits. Administrative findings identified during these inspections are usually addressed promptly, according to client specifications.

## **7.2.2 Analytical Services Quality Control Synopsis**

### **7.2.2.1 Results Summary**

#### **7.2.2.1.1 Environmental Services Quality Control**

During this annual reporting period, twenty-three nuclides associated with six media types were analyzed by means of the laboratory's internal process control, Analytics, ERA and DOE quality control programs. Media types representative of client company analyses performed during this reporting period were selected. The results for these programs are presented in Tables 7.2. Below is a synopsis of the media types evaluated:

- Air Filter
- Charcoal (Air Iodine)
- Milk
- Soil
- Vegetation
- Water

#### **7.2.2.1.2 Analytics Environmental Cross-Check Program**

Twelve nuclides were evaluated during this reporting period. Iron-55 in water was added to the Analytics program and removed from the DOE MAPEP program in 2010 due to the low level of Fe-55 activity in the MAPEP samples. All environmental analyses performed were within the acceptable criteria.

#### **7.2.2.1.3 Summary of Participation in the Department of Energy (DOE) Monitoring Program**

TBE-ES participated in the semi annual Mixed Analyte Performance Evaluation Program (MAPEP) for liquid, air particulate, soil, and vegetation analyses (MAPEP-Series 30 and 31). During this reporting period, 14 nuclides were evaluated. All but five of the environmental analyses performed were within the acceptable criteria.

The Teledyne Brown Engineering's MAPEP March 2014 Ni-63 and K-40 in water were overlooked when reporting the data. The data would have passed acceptance criteria. No Vermont Yankee samples were affected by this failure.

The Teledyne Brown Engineering's MAPEP March and September 2014 Sr-90 in AP results were evaluated as failing on the low side. No cause could be found for the slightly low result in March. The high gravimetric yield of 117% for the September failure could account for the low activity. No Vermont Yankee samples were affected by these failures.

The Teledyne Brown Engineering's MAPEP 2014 September Gross Alpha in an air particulate failed on the low side due to the air particulate filter being counted on the wrong side. When recounted on the correct side, the result fell within acceptance limits. No Vermont Yankee samples were affected by these failures.

#### **7.2.2.1.5 Summary of participation in the ERA Program**

During this reporting period, 13 nuclides were analyzed under ERA criteria. Gross alpha in an air particulate by digestion method was added to the ERA program in May 2010. All except one of the environmental analytical results were acceptable.

Teledyne Brown Engineering's ERA 2014 I-131 in water result of 15.8 pCi/L was lower than the known value of 16.8 pCi/L. The result was evaluated as failed with a found to known ratio of 0.778. Teledyne Brown Engineering considers this an acceptable with warning result. All ERA I-131 evaluations since 2004 have been acceptable. No Vermont Yankee samples were affected by this failure.

#### **7.2.2.2 Intra-Laboratory Process Control Program**

The TBE-ES Laboratory's internal process control program evaluated 5569 individual samples.

##### **7.2.2.2.1 Spikes/Matrix Spikes**

All of the 1498 environmental spikes were analyzed with statistically appropriate activity reported for each spike.

##### **7.2.2.2.2 Analytical Blanks**

During this reporting period, all of the 1459 environmental analytical blanks analyzed reported less than MDC.

##### **7.2.2.2.3 Duplicates**

All of the 5433 duplicate sets analyzed were within acceptable limits.

##### **7.2.2.2.4 Non-Conformance Reports**

There were 12 non-conformance reports issued for this reporting period. No ENNVY data was impacted by the non-conformance in each of these cases.

## 8. Land Use Census

The Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station Off-site Dose Calculation Manual 3/4.5.2 requires that a Land Use Census be conducted annually between the dates of June 1 and October 1. The census identifies the locations of the nearest milk animal and the nearest residence in each of the 16 meteorological sectors within a distance of five miles of the plant. The census also identifies the nearest milk animal (within three miles of the plant) to the point of predicted highest annual average D/Q (deposition factor for dry deposition of elemental radionuclides and other particulates) value due to elevated releases from the plant stack in each of the three major meteorological sectors. The 2014 Land Use Census was conducted in the summer of 2014 in accordance with the ODCM.

Following the collection of field data and in compliance with Off-site Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) Section 10.1, a dosimetric analysis would be performed to compare the census locations to the “critical receptor” identified in the ODCM. This critical receptor is the location that is used in the Method 1 screening dose calculations found in the ODCM (i.e. the dose calculations done in compliance with ODCM Surveillance 4.3.3). If a census location has a 20% greater potential dose than that of the critical receptor, this fact must be announced in the annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for that period. A re-evaluation of the critical receptor would also be done at that time. No changes in the census data from year 2008 occurred in the 2014 census; therefore no revisions of the 2008 calculations were required.

Pursuant to ODCM 3.5.2.a, a dosimetric analysis would be performed, using site specific meteorological data, to determine which milk animal locations would provide the optimal sampling locations. If any location had experienced a 20% greater potential dose commitment than at a currently sampled location, the new location would be added to the routine environmental sampling program in replacement of the location with the lowest calculated dose (which is eliminated from the program). The 2014 Land Use Census did not identify any locations, meeting the criteria of ODCM Table 3.5.1, with a greater potential dose commitment than at currently sampled locations. No changes to the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) were required based on the Land Use Census.

The results of the 2014 Land Use Census are included in this report in compliance with ODCM 4.5.2 and ODCM 10.2. The locations identified during the census may be found in Table 8.1.

**TABLE 8.1**  
**2014 LAND USE CENSUS LOCATIONS\***

| SECTOR | NEAREST RESIDENCE<br>Km (Mi) | NEAREST MILK ANIMAL<br>Km (Mi) |
|--------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| N      | 1.4 (0.9)                    | ----                           |
| NNE    | 1.4 (0.9)                    | 5.5 (3.4) Cows                 |
| NE     | 1.3 (0.8)                    | ----                           |
| ENE    | 1.0 (0.6)                    | ----                           |
| E      | 0.9 (0.6)                    | ----                           |
| ESE    | 1.9 (1.1)                    | ----                           |
| SE     | 2.0 (1.2)                    | 3.6 (2.2) Cows**               |
| SSE    | 2.1 (1.3)                    | ----                           |
| S      | 0.6 (0.4)                    | ----                           |
| SSW    | 0.5 (0.3)                    | ----                           |
| SW     | 0.4 (0.3)                    | 8.2 (5.1) Cows                 |
| WSW    | 0.5 (0.3)                    | ----                           |
| W      | 0.6 (0.4)                    | 0.8 (0.5) Cows                 |
| WNW    | 1.1 (0.7)                    | ----                           |
| NW     | 2.3 (1.4)                    | ----                           |
| NNW    | 1.7 (1.0)                    | ----                           |

\* Sectors and distances are relative to the plant stack as determined by a Global Positioning System survey conducted in 1997.

\*\* Location of nearest milk animal within 3 miles of the plant to the point of predicted highest annual average D/Q value in each of the three major meteorological sectors.

## 9. SUMMARY

During 2014 as in all previous years of plant operation, a program was conducted to assess the levels of radiation or radioactivity in the Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station environment. Over 1000 samples were collected (including TLDs) over the course of the year, with a total of over 2700 radionuclide or exposure rate analyses performed. The samples included groundwater, river water, sediment, fish, milk, silage, mixed grass, storm drain sediment, and storm drain water. In addition to these samples, the air surrounding the plant was sampled continuously and the radiation levels were measured continuously with environmental TLDs.

Three of the objectives of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) are:

- To provide an early indication of the appearance or accumulation of any radioactive material in the environment caused by the operation of the station.
- To provide assurance to regulatory agencies and the public that the station's environmental impact is known and within anticipated limits.
- To verify the adequacy and proper functioning of station effluent controls and monitoring systems. .

Low levels of radioactivity from three sources (discussed below) were detected in samples collected off-site as a part of the radiological environmental monitoring program. Most samples had measurable levels of naturally-occurring K-40, Be-7, Th-232 or radon daughter products. These are the most common of the naturally-occurring radionuclides.

Samples of sediment contained fallout radioactivity such as Cs-137 from atmospheric nuclear weapons tests conducted primarily from the late 1950s through 1980.

Tritium, at concentrations significantly higher than background levels, was detected in on-site groundwater monitoring wells installed in 2007 and in 2010 in response to industry events and the discovery of primary system leakage from underground Augmented Off Gas (AOG) System condensate return piping into the subsurface groundwater pool under the plant site. The leakage from this piping was terminated in early February, 2010. Extensive sampling and analysis was performed on groundwater samples and other media throughout all of year 2014. Steps to remediate the contamination of the subsurface groundwater layer under the plant site were terminated in December 2014. Additional



assessment of the dose contribution of radioactive waterborne releases from this event is provided in the 2014 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

## 10. REFERENCES

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6. NUREG/CR-3130, *Influence of Leach Rate and Other Parameters on Groundwater Migration*, February 1983.
7. Vermont Yankee Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM), Revision 35, October 9, 2014.