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H. B. ROBINSON STEAM ELECTRIC PLANT, UNIT NO. 2 DOCKET NO. 50-261/RENEWED LICENSE NO. DPR-23

2012 ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Attached is the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period of January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2012, for H. B. Robinson Steam Electric Plant (HBRSEP), Unit No. 2. This report is submitted in accordance with 10 CFR 50.4 as required by 10 CFR 50.36a(a)(2) and the HBRSEP, Unit No. 2, Technical Specifications Section 5.6.3.

This document contains no new Regulatory Commitments. If you have any questions on this subject, please contact me at (843) 857-1329.

Sincerely.

W. Richard Hightower

Supervisor - Licensing/Regulatory Programs

WRH/mjp

Attachment

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NRC Resident Inspector

IE48

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DUKE ENERGY

H. B. ROBINSON STEAM ELECTRIC PLANT, UNIT NO. 2 RENEWED OPERATING LICENSE NO. DPR-23 DOCKET NO. 50-261

RADIOACTIVE AND EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT

January 1, 2012 - December 31, 2012

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I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A. Discussion

1. Effluent Controls

The H. B. Robinson Steam Electric Plant (HBRSEP), Unit No. 2, Offsite Dose Calculation Manual specifies controls and dose limits pertaining to releases of radioactivity to the environment. None of these controls or dose limits were exceeded during 2012.

2. Protection Standards

The main objective in the control of radiation is to ensure that any exposure is kept not only within regulatory limits, but As Low As Reasonably Achievable (ALARA). The ALARA concept applies to reducing radiation exposure both to workers at HBRSEP, Unit No. 2, and to the general public. Reasonably achievable means that radiation exposure reduction is based on sound environmental practices, economic decisions, and operating practices. By practicing ALARA, HBRSEP minimizes health risk and environmental detriment, and ensures that exposures are maintained well below regulatory limits.

3. Sources of Radioactivity Released

During normal operations of a nuclear power station, most of the fission products are retained within the fuel and fuel cladding. However, small quantities of radioactive fission and activation products are present in the reactor coolant water. The types of radioactive material released are noble gases, iodines and particulates, and tritium.

The noble gas fission products in the reactor coolant water are released as a gas when the coolant is depressurized. These gases are collected by a system designed for collection and storage for radioactive decay prior to release to the environment.

Small releases of radioactivity in liquids may occur from equipment associated with the reactor coolant system. These liquids are collected and processed for radioactivity removal, prior to and during release.

4. Noble Gas

Some of the fission products released in airborne effluents are radioactive isotopes of noble gases, such as argon and xenon. Noble gases are by nature inert and do not concentrate in humans or other organisms. Noble gases contribute to human radiation exposure as external exposure.

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5. **lodines and Particulates**

The main contribution of radioactive iodine to human exposure is to the thyroid gland, where the body concentrates iodine. The particulates contribute to internal exposure of tissues such as the muscle, liver, and intestines. These particulates can also be a source of exposure if deposited on the ground.

6. Tritium

Tritium, a radioactive isotope of hydrogen, is a predominate radionuclide in liquid and gaseous effluents. Tritium is produced in the reactor via a number of processes. Tritium is a weak beta particle emitter and contributes very little radiation exposure to the human body, and when tritium is inhaled, ingested, or absorbed it is dispersed throughout the body until eliminated.

7. Processing and Monitoring

Effluents are strictly controlled and monitored to ensure that radioactivity released to the environment is minimal and within regulatory limits. Effluent controls include the operation of radiation monitoring systems, in-plant and environmental sampling and analyses, quality assurance programs for both in-plant and environmental sampling and analyses, and procedures that address effluent and environmental monitoring.

The plant radiation monitoring system provides monitors that are designed to ensure that releases are below regulatory limits. Each instrument provides indication of the amount of radioactivity present and is equipped with alarms and indicators in the control room. The alarm setpoints are set below the regulatory limits, i.e., typically at less than 50 percent of the regulatory limit, to ensure that the limits are not exceeded. If a monitor alarms, batch releases to the environment from a tank is automatically suspended. Additionally, releases are sampled and analyzed in the laboratory prior to discharge to the environment. The sampling and analysis done in the laboratory provides a more sensitive and precise method of determining pre-effluent composition than in-plant monitoring instruments.

The plant has a meteorological tower, which is linked to computers that record the meteorological data. This meteorological data and the results of the Land Use Census are used to verify the ground level dispersion factors contained in the ODCM that are used in calculating the dose to the public.

In addition to in-plant equipment, the company maintains a Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program, which consists of devices used to sample the air and water in the environment. The samples collected from the surrounding environment are analyzed to determine the presence of radioactive material in the environment.

8. Exposure Pathways

Radiological exposure pathways are the methods by which people may become exposed to radioactive material. The major pathways of concern are those which could cause the highest calculated radiation dose. The projected pathways are determined from the type and amount of radioactive material that may have been released, the environmental transport mechanism, and the use of the environment.

Environmental transport mechanisms include, but are not limited to, hydrological (i.e., water) and meteorological (i.e., weather) characteristics of the area. Information on water flow, wind speed and direction, dietary intake of residents, recreational use of the area, and location of homes and farms in the area are some of the many factors used to calculate the potential exposure to offsite personnel.

The release of radioactive gaseous effluents includes pathways such as external whole body exposure, deposition on plants and soils, and human inhalation. The release of radioactive material in liquid effluents includes pathways such as fish consumption and direct exposure from the lake at the shoreline.

Even though radionuclides can reach humans by many different pathways, some radionuclides result in more exposure than others. The critical pathway is the one that, for a specific radionuclide, will result in the greatest exposure to a population, or a specific group of the population, called the critical group. The critical group may vary depending on the radionuclides involved, the age and diet of the group, and other cultural factors. The exposure may be received by the whole body or to a specific organ, with the organ receiving the largest fraction of the exposure called the critical organ.

The exposures to the general public in the area surrounding HBRSEP, Unit No. 2, are calculated for gaseous and liquid releases. The exposure due to radioactive material released in gaseous effluents is calculated using factors such as the amount of radioactive material released the concentration beyond the site boundary, locations of exposure pathways, and usage factors. The exposures calculated due to radioactive materials released in liquid effluents are calculated using factors such as the total volume of liquid, the total volume of dilution water, and usage factors.

9. Plant Operation

HBRSEP, Unit No. 2, operated continuously with the exception of 1/18/2012 through 3/22/2012 and 3/22/2012 through 3/30/2012.

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10. Results

The Radioactive Effluent Release Report is a detailed listing of the radioactivity released from the HBRSEP, Unit No. 2, during the period from January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012. Some of the gaseous and liquid release parameters for this reporting period are summarized below:

GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

	<u>Units</u>	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr
Fission & Act. Gas	Ci	2.57E-01	3.63E-02	3.66E-02	4.51E-02
I-131	Ci	1.13E-06	ND¹	ND¹	ND¹
Part. >8 Day Half-Lives	Ci	1.47E-07	ND¹	ND¹	6.46E-09
Tritium	Ci	1.56E+00	1.36E+00	2.04E+00	1.64E-00

LIQUID EFFLUENTS

	<u>Units</u>	1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr
Fission & Act. Products	Ci	3.41E-03	2.40E-04	6.70E-04	3.18E-04
Tritium	Ci	5.74E+01	5.37E+00	7.74E+00	3.64E+01
Dilution Volume	Liters	1.574E+11	2.83E+11	2.89E+11	2.70E+11
Waste Volume	Liters	1.39E+06	2.98E+05	2.15E+05	1.36E+05

During the period of January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012, the estimated maximum individual offsite dose due to radioactivity released in effluents was:

Liquid Effluents:

Total Body Dose
 Critical Organ Dose
 5.14E-05 millirem
 3.70E-05 millirem, Liver

Note – an additional 0.187 mrem to a child was estimated based on the evaporation of tritium from Lake Robinson. This is based on Lake Robinson 2012 environmental sample results, 2012 meteorology and represents the dose from the buildup in the lake. This conservatively bounds the dose due to 2012 tritium effluents.

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Gaseous Effluents:

Beta Air Dose
 Gamma Air Dose
 1.91E-03 millirad
 3.82E-03 millirad

• Critical Organ Dose 9.08E-02 millirem, Thyroid

Note - Carbon-14 releases resulted in 0.099 mrem to the total body and 0.510 mrem to the bone of a child, which is not included in the above doses. It is estimated that 7.34 curies of Carbon-14 were released during 2012.

B. Significant Variances

1. No variances in historical data of significance were identified during this period.

C. Regulatory Compliance

- 1. The 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, doses were calculated using the Canberra Effluent Management System (EMS¹). The EMS Software provides day-by-day dose estimates that are conservative because all releases are assigned to the limiting receptor, using the continuous ground level dispersion factors calculated from 2005 2009 meteorology. Pathways assumed for the limiting receptors are vegetation, milk, and meat. When projected on a day-by-day basis, utilizing conservative meteorological conditions, the dose commitment from gaseous and liquid effluents is a small fraction of the 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, limits. The direct radiation assessment to the most likely exposed member of the public is reported in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report. During 2012, the results of the direct radiation assessment demonstrated no measurable effect above background for plant operations.
- 2. There were no changes to the waste solidification Process Control Program (PCP) during this reporting period. See page 36.
- 3. There were no changes to the Radioactive Waste Systems (i.e., liquid, gaseous, or solid) during this reporting period. See page 36.
- 4. There were two reportable instrumentation inoperability events during this reporting period. See page 36.
- 5. There were no outside liquid holdup tanks that exceeded the 10 curie limit during this reporting period. See page 36.
- 6. There were no Waste Gas Decay Tanks that exceeded the 1.9E+04 curie limit during this reporting period. See page 37.
- 7. There were no instances of missed compensatory samples during this reporting period. See page 37.
- 8. There were no revisions to the ODCM during this reporting period. See page 36.
- 9. There were no dose calculations performed or special reports made as a result of any spills or leaks during this period. See page 37.
- 10. There were no events associated with a failure to meet an ODCM specified sampling frequency, but there was an LLD radionuclide verification incident reported. See page 37.

¹ EMS, Effluent Management System Software is a product of Canberra Nuclear Industries used for determining dose from radioactive effluent releases.

II. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

A. Regulatory Limits

1. Fission and Activation Gases:

10 CFR 20 Limits (Instantaneous Release Rate)

Total Body Dose ≤500 mrem/yr

Skin Dose ≤3000 mrem/yr

10 CFR 50, Appendix I

For Calendar Quarter

Gamma Dose ≤5 mrad

Beta Dose ≤10 mrad

For Calendar Year

Gamma Dose ≤10 mrad

Beta Dose ≤20 mrad

2. Iodine-131 and 133, Tritium, and Particulates >8 day half-lives:

10 CFR 20 Limits (Instantaneous Release Rate)

Dose from Inhalation (only) to a child to any organ ≤1500 mrem/yr

10 CFR 50, Appendix I (Organ Doses)

For Calendar Quarter ≤7.5 mrem

For Calendar Year ≤15 mrem

3. Liquids:

Concentrations are specified in 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2, for radionuclides other than dissolved or entrained noble gases. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to 2.00E-04 μ Ci/ml total activity.

10 CFR 50, Appendix I
For Calendar Quarter
Total Body Dose ≤1.5 mrem
Any Organ Dose ≤5 mrem
For Calendar Year
Total Body Dose ≤3 mrem
Any Organ Dose ≤10 mrem

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B. Measurements and Approximations of Total Radioactivity

1. Continuous Gaseous Releases

- a) Fission and Activation Gases The total activity released is determined from the net count rate of the gaseous monitor, its calibration factor, and the total exhaust flow. The activity of radioactive gas is determined by the fraction of that radioactive gas in the isotopic analysis for that period.
- b) Iodines The activity released as Iodine-131, 133, and 135 is based on isotopic analysis of the charcoal cartridge and particulate filter, and the total exhaust flow.
- c) Particulates The activity released via particulates with half-lives greater than eight days is determined by isotopic analysis of particulate filters and the total exhaust flow.
- d) Tritium The activity released as tritium is based on weekly grab sample analysis and total exhaust flow.
- e) Carbon 14 The activity released is determine using NUREG-0017 (GALE Code) Section 2.2.25, as specified in ODCM, Section 3.16 and corrected for Effective Full Power Days (EFPD) for 2012.

2. Batch Gaseous Releases

- a) Fission and Activation Gases The activity released is based on the volume released and the activity of the individual nuclides obtained from an isotopic analysis of the grab sample taken prior to the release.
- b) Iodines The iodines from mixed mode batch releases are included in the iodine determination from the mixed mode continuous Reactor Auxiliary Building release.
- c) Particulates The particulates from mixed mode batch releases are included in the particulate determination from the mixed mode continuous Reactor Auxiliary Building release.
- d) Tritium The activity released as tritium is based on the grab sample analysis of each batch and the batch volume.
- e) Carbon 14 The activity released is determine by using NUREG-0017 (GALE Code) Section 2.2.25, as specified in ODCM, Section 3.16 and corrected for Effective Full Power Days (EFPD) for 2012.

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3. Liquid Releases

- a) Fission and Activation Products The total release values (not including tritium, gases, and alpha) are comprised of the sum of the individual radionuclide activities in each release to the discharge canal for the respective quarter. These values represent the activity known to be present in the liquid radwaste effluent.
- b) Tritium The activity released as tritium is based on the grab sample analysis of each batch and the batch volume. For continuous releases, the activity released as tritium is based on analysis of a weekly composite sample. For continuous releases without a composite sampler, the tritium activity is based on analysis of daily grab samples or a composite of grab samples.
- c) Alpha The measured alpha concentration in a monthly composite sample is used to calculate the total release and average diluted concentration during each period.
- d) Strontium-89, 90, Nickel-63 and Iron-55 The total release values are measured quarterly from composite samples.

C. Estimated Total Errors

- 1. Estimated total errors for gaseous effluents are based on uncertainties in counting equipment calibration, counting statistics, exhaust flow rates, exhaust sample flow rates, non-steady release rates, chemical yield factors, and sample losses for such items as charcoal cartridges.
- 2. Estimated total errors for liquid effluents are based on uncertainties in counting equipment calibration, counting statistics, non-steady release flow rate, sampling and mixing losses, and volume determinations.
- 3. Estimated total errors for solid waste are based on uncertainties in equipment calibration, dose rate measurements, geometry, and volume determinations.

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III. **GASEOUS EFFLUENTS**

A. **Batch Releases**

	Jan - June 2012	July - Dec 2012
Number of batch releases	48	45
Total time period for batch releases	3.59E+04 min	2.19E+04 min
Maximum time period for a batch release	9.88E+03 min	4.73E+02 min
Average time period for a batch release	7.48E+02 min	4.86E+02 min
Minimum time period for a batch release	3.00E+01 min	2.50E+01 min

Abnormal Releases B.

	Jan - June 2012	July – Dec 2012
Number of releases	0	0
Total activity released	0.00E+00 Ci	0.00E+00 Ci

C. **Data Tables**

The following tables provide the details of gaseous releases:

Table III-A **Summation of All Releases** Table III-B

Ground Level and Mixed Mode Releases

Typical Lower Limits of Detection for Gaseous Effluents Table III-C

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TABLE III-A EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT - 2012 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

		Unit	Quarter	Quarter	Est. Total
		O III C	11	2	Error %
Α.	Fission and Activation Gases				-
	1. Total release	Ci	2.59E-01	3.63E-02	3.63E+01
	2. Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	3.29E-02	4.61E-03	
B.	Iodines				
	1. Total Iodine-131	Ci	1.13E-06	ND	1.74E+01
	2. Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	1.43E-07	ND	
C.	Particulates				
	1. Particulates with half-lives >8 days	Ci	1.47E-07	ND	1.05E+01
	2. Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	1.88E-08	ND	
	3. Gross alpha radioactivity	Ci	ND	ND	
D.	Tritium				
	1. Total release	Ci	1.56E-00	1.36E+00	2.31E+01
	2. Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	1.98E-01	1.72E-01	
E.	Carbon-14				
	1. Total release¹	Ci	1.83E+00	1.83E+00	
F.	Percent of 10 CFR 50, Appendix I				
ž.	 Quarterly limit Gamma air Beta air Organ: Thyroid² 	% % %	2.51E-02 9.54E-03 2.16E-01	1.72E-02 3.04E-03 2.88E-01	
	 Cumulative Annual limit* Gamma air Beta air Organ: Thyroid² 	% % %	1.25E-02 4.77E-03 1.44E-01	2.11E-02 6.29E-03 2.68E-01	

^{*}Cumulative total for the year-to-date using the methodology in the ODCM.

¹The estimated releases of Carbon-14 are not based on measurements of effluents, but on the methodology of NUGEG-0017 adjusted for EFPD. The calculated annual release is divided among four calendar quarters, and based on the number of days in each quarter.

²The maximum organ dose (determined to be the thyroid from measured effluents) does not include Carbon-14 bone dose of 0.125 mrem per quarter. Total Body dose from Carbon-14 releases is 0.025 mrem per quarter.

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TABLE III-A (Continued) EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT - 2012 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

		Unit	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Est. Total Error %
A.	Fission and Activation Gases				
	1. Total release	Ci	3.66E-02	4.51E-01	3.63E+01
	2. Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	4.61E-03	5.67E-03	
B.	lodines				
	1. Total lodine-131	Ci	ND	ND	1.74E+01
	2. Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	ND	ND	
С.	Particulates				
	1. Particulates with half-lives >8 days	Ci	ND	6.46E-09	1.05E+01
	2. Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	ND	8.13E-10	
	3. Gross alpha radioactivity	Ci	ND	ND	
D.	Tritium				
	1. Total release	Ci	2.04E+00	1.64E-00	2.31E+01
	2. Average release rate for period	μCi/sec	2.56E-01	2.06E-01	
E.	Carbon-14				
	1. Total release ¹	Ci	1.85E+00	1.85E+00	
F.	Percent of 10 CFR 50, Appendix I				
	Quarterly limit Gamma air Beta air Organ: Thyroid ²	% % %	1.71E-02 3.04E-03 3.73E-01	1.69E-02 3.43E-03 3.00E-01	
	2. Cumulative Annual limit* Gamma air Beta air Organ: Thyroid ²	% % %	2.97E-02 7.81E-03 4.55E-01	3.82E-02 9.53E-02 6.05E-01	

^{*}Cumulative total for the year-to-date using the methodology in the ODCM.

¹The estimated releases of Carbon-14 are not based on measurements of effluents, but on the methodology of NUREG-0017 adjusted for EFPD. The calculated annual release is divided among four calendar quarters, and based on the number of days in each quarter.

²The maximum organ dose (determined to be the thyroid from measured effluents) does not include Carbon-14 bone dose of 0.125 mrem per quarter. Total Body dose from Carbon-14 releases is 0.025 mrem per quarter.

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TABLE III-B EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT - 2012 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - GROUND LEVEL AND MIXED MODE RELEASES

		Continuo	Continuous Mode		Batch Mode	
Nuclides Released	Unit	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	
1. Fission Gases		·				
Kr-88	Ci	ND	ND	3.93E-05	ND	
Kr-85	Ci	ND	ND	1.32E-03	ND	
Xe-131m	Ci	ND	ND	2.01E-03	ND	
Xe-133	Ci	3.88E-02	ND	1.71E-01	ND	
Xe-133m	Ci	ND	ND	6.89E-04	9.56E-05	
Ar-41	Ci	ND	ND	4.46E-02	3.62E-02	
Total for Period	Ci	3.88E-02	ND	2.20E-01	3.63E-02	
2. lodines¹	,					
I-131	Ci	1.13E-06	ND	ND	ND	
Total for Period	Ci	1.13E-06	ND	ND	ND	
3. Particulates ¹						
Nb-95m	Ci	1.71E-07	ND	ND	ND	
Te-123m	Ci	ND	ND	1.50E-09	ND	
Co-60	Ci	ND	ND	7.63E-09	ND	
Ag-110m	Ci	ND	ND	9.40E-09	ND	
Cs-137	Ci	ND	ND	2.06E-08	ND	
Co-58	Ci	ND	ND	1.08E-07	ND	
Total for Period	Ci	1.71E-07	ND	1.47E-07	ND	

¹Mixed mode continuous accountability includes mixed mode batch accountability (excludes tritium).

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TABLE III-B (Continued) EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT - 2012 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - GROUND LEVEL AND MIXED MODE RELEASES

		Continuo	ous Mode	Batch	Mode
Nuclides Released	Unit	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
1. Fission Gases					-
Ar-41	Ci	ND	ND	3.60E-02	3.54E-02
Kr-85	Ci	ND	ND	ND	8.51E-03
Xe-133	Ci	ND	5.96E-08	6.73E-04	1.12E-03
Total for Period	Ci	ND	5.96E-08	3.66E-02	4.51E-02
2. Iodines¹					
Total for Period	Ci	ND	ND	ND	ND
3. Particulates ¹					
Co-58		ND	ND	ND	6.46E-09
Total for Period	Ci	ND	ND	ND	6.46E-09

¹Mixed mode continuous accountability includes mixed mode batch accountability (excludes tritium).

TABLE III-C
TYPICAL LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION FOR GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

Nuclide	LLD (μCi/cc)
Н-3	6.85E-09
Ar-41	2.54E-08
Mn-54	9.55E-15
Co-58	5.70E-14
Fe-59	6.00E-14
Co-60	1.41E-14
Zn-65	6.47E-14
Br-82	1.93E-13
Kr-85	2.60E-06
Kr-85m	1.75E-08
Kr-87	4.60E-08
Kr-88	4.52E-08
Sr-89	1.92E-15
Sr-90	8.25E-16
Mo-99	7.40E-13
I-131	5.30E-14
Xe-131m	7.03E-07
I-133	1.20E-12
Xe-133	4.45E-08
Xe-133m	1.29E-07
Cs-134	3.91E-14
I-135	2.21E-09
Xe-135	1.72E-08
Xe-135m	6.63E-08
Cs-137	2.42E-14
Xe-138	2.07E-07
Ba-140	1.67E-13
La-140	5.62E-14
Ce-141	6.23E-14
Ce-144	2.28E-13
Gross Alpha	3.44E-15

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IV.

A. Batch Releases

LIQUID EFFLUENTS

	Jan - June 2012	July - Dec 2012
Number of batch releases	61	12
Total time period for batch releases	1.22E+04 min	2.24E+03 min
Maximum time period for a batch release	3.18E+02 min	2.14E+02 min
Average time period for a batch release	2.00E+02 min	1.87E+02 min
Minimum time period for a batch release	7.00E+01 min	1.24E+02 min

B. Abnormal Releases

	Jan - June 2012	July - Dec 2012
Number of releases	0	0
Total activity released	0.00E+00 Ci	0.00E+00 Ci

C. Data Tables

The following tables provide the details of liquid releases:

Table IV-A	Summation of All Releases
Table IV-B	Continuous Mode and Batch Mode Releases
Table IV-C	Typical Lower Limits of Detection for Liquid Effluents

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TABLE IV-A EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT - 2012 LIQUID EFFLUENTS - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		Unit	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Est. Total Error %
A.	Fission and Activation Products				
	 Total release (not including tritium, gases, alpha) 	Ci	3.41E-03	2.40E-04	1.07E+01
	Average diluted concentration during period	μCi/ml	2.16E-11	8.47E-13	
В.	Tritium		_		
	1. Total release	Ci	5.74E+01	5.37E+00	9.20E+00
	Average diluted concentration during period	μCi/ml	3.64E-07	1.90E-08	
C.	Dissolved and entrained gases				
	1. Total release	Ci	7.50E-03	2.12E-04	9.60E+00
	Average diluted concentration during period	μCi/ml	4.76E-11	7.50E-13	
	3. Percent of applicable limit	%	4.59E-09	1.38E-08	
D.	Gross alpha radioactivity				
	1. Total release	Ci	4.44E-05	1.17E-05	1.83E+01
E.	Volume of waste released prior to dilution	Liters	1.39E+06	2.98E+05	
F.	Volume of dilution water used during period	Liters	1.57E+11	2.83E+11	
G.	Percent of 10 CFR 50, Appendix I				
	 Quarterly Limit Organ: GI-LLI, Liver¹ Total body 	% %	9.88E-03 3.34E-03	3.26E-05 2.07E-05	
	2. Cumulative Annual Limit* Organ: Liver, GI-LLI Total body	% %	4.94E-03 1.67E-03	4.96E-03 1.68E-03	

¹ GI-LLI, gastrointestinal-lower large intestine received the highest dose for Quarter 1 & Liver for Quarter 2. *Cumulative total for the year-to-date using the methodology in the ODCM.

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TABLE IV-A (Continued) EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT - 2012 LIQUID EFFLUENTS - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

A. Fission and Activation Products 1. Total release (not including tritium, gases, alpha) 2. Average diluted concentration during period Ci		 Total release (not including tritium, gases, alpha) Average diluted concentration during period Tritium Total release Average diluted concentration 	Ci μCi/ml	6.70E-04 2.31E-12	3.18E-04	Est. Total Error %
A. Fission and Activation Products 1. Total release (not including tritium, gases, alpha) 2. Average diluted concentration during period B. Tritium 1. Total release Ci 7.74E+00 3.64E+01 9.20E+00 2. Average diluted concentration during period C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci 2.10E-06 8.72E-06 9.60E+00 2. Average diluted concentration during period C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci 2.10E-06 8.72E-06 9.60E+00 2. Average diluted concentration during period Average diluted concentration during period C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci 2.10E-06 8.72E-06 9.60E+00 2. Average diluted concentration during period Ci 7.26E-15 3.23E-14		 Total release (not including tritium, gases, alpha) Average diluted concentration during period Tritium Total release Average diluted concentration 	μCi/ml	6.70E-04 2.31E-12	3.18E-04	
1. Total release (not including tritium, gases, alpha) 2. Average diluted concentration during period B. Tritium 1. Total release Ci 7.74E+00 3.64E+01 9.20E+00 2. Average diluted concentration during period C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci 2.10E-06 8.72E-06 9.60E+00 2. Average diluted concentration during period C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci 2.10E-06 8.72E-06 9.60E+00 2. Average diluted concentration during period 3. Percent of applicable limit Ci ND ND 1.83E+01 E. Volume of waste released prior to		 Total release (not including tritium, gases, alpha) Average diluted concentration during period Tritium Total release Average diluted concentration 	μCi/ml	2.31E-12		1.07E+01
tritium, gases, alpha) 2. Average diluted concentration during period B. Tritium 1. Total release 2. Average diluted concentration during period C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release 2. Average diluted concentration during period C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release 2. Average diluted concentration during period C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release 3. Average diluted concentration during period C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci 2.10E-06 8.72E-06 9.60E+00 4.23E-14 3.23E-14 3.23E-14 3.23E-14 5.23E-15 3.23E-14 5.23E-16 5	В.	tritium, gases, alpha) 2. Average diluted concentration during period Tritium 1. Total release 2. Average diluted concentration	μCi/ml	2.31E-12		1.07E+01
Ci Ci Ci Ci Ci Ci Ci Ci	В.	Average diluted concentration during period Tritium Total release Average diluted concentration	μCi/ml	2.31E-12		11072-01
B. Tritium 1. Total release Ci 7.74E+00 3.64E+01 9.20E+00	В.	during period Tritium 1. Total release 2. Average diluted concentration			1.17E-12	
1. Total release Ci 7.74E+00 3.64E+01 9.20E+00 2. Average diluted concentration during period μCi/ml 2.68E-08 1.35E-07 C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci 2.10E-06 8.72E-06 9.60E+00 2. Average diluted concentration during period μCi/ml 7.26E-15 3.23E-14 3. Percent of applicable limit % 2.39E-07 4.23E-06 D. Gross alpha radioactivity 1. Total release Ci ND ND 1.83E+01	В.	 Total release Average diluted concentration 	Ci	7 74F±00		
2. Average diluted concentration during period C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release 2. Average diluted concentration during period 3. Percent of applicable limit Ci ND ND ND 1.83E+01 E. Volume of waste released prior to		2. Average diluted concentration	Ci	7 74F±00		
C. Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release 2. Average diluted concentration during period 3. Percent of applicable limit Ci Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci Dissolved and entrained gases Ci Dissolved and entrained gases Picture Ci Dissolved A.72E-06 Picture Ci Dissolved and entrained gases Ci Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci Dissolved and entrained gases Liters Dissolved and entrained gases Liters Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci Dissolved and entrained gases Liters Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci Dissolved and entrained gases 2. 12E-06 Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci Dissolved and entrained gases 2. 12E-06 Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci Dissolved and entrained gases 2. 12E-06 Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release Ci Dissolved and entrained gases 1. Total release		•		7.746400	3.64E+01	9.20E+00
1. Total release Ci 2.10E-06 8.72E-06 9.60E+00 2. Average diluted concentration during period μCi/ml 7.26E-15 3.23E-14 3. Percent of applicable limit % 2.39E-07 4.23E-06 D. Gross alpha radioactivity 1. Total release Ci ND ND 1.83E+01		daring period	μCi/ml	2.68E-08	1.35E-07	
2. Average diluted concentration during period 3. Percent of applicable limit 4.23E-06 D. Gross alpha radioactivity 1. Total release Ci ND ND 1.83E+01 E. Volume of waste released prior to	C.	Dissolved and entrained gases				
during period 3. Percent of applicable limit 4.23E-06 D. Gross alpha radioactivity 1. Total release Ci ND ND 1.83E+01 E. Volume of waste released prior to		1. Total release	Ci	2.10E-06	8.72E-06	9.60E+00
D. Gross alpha radioactivity 1. Total release Ci ND ND 1.83E+01 E. Volume of waste released prior to Liters 2.15E+05 1.36E+05			μCi/ml	7.26E-15	3.23E-14	
1. Total release Ci ND ND 1.83E+01 E. Volume of waste released prior to Liters 2.15E+05 1.36E+05		3. Percent of applicable limit	%	2.39E-07	4.23E-06	
1. Total release Ci ND ND 1.83E+01 E. Volume of waste released prior to Liters 2.15E+05 1.36E+05						,
E. Volume of waste released prior to	D.		<u></u>			<u></u>
		1. Total release	Ci	ND	ND	1.83E+01
	_					
	E.	•	Liters	2.15E+05	1.36E+05	
F. Volume of dilution water used during period Liters 2.89E+11 2.70E+11	F.	Ç .	Liters	2.89E+11	2.70E+11	
G. Percent of 10 CFR 50, Appendix I	G.	Percent of 10 CFR 50, Appendix I				
1. Quarterly Limit						
Organ: Liver, GI-LLI ¹ % 1.02E-05 2.16E-05						
Total body % 1.06E-05 5.47E-05		Total body	%	1.06E-05	5.47E-05	J
2 Cumulative Annual Limit*		2. Cumulative Annual Limit*				
2. Cumulative Amiual Limit		Organ: Liver, GI-LLI	%	4.96E-03	4.97E-03	
Organ: Liver, GI-LLI % 4.96E-03 4.97E-03		Total body	%	1.69E-03	1.71E-03	

¹Liver received the highest dose for Quarter 3 & 4.

^{*}Cumulative total for the year-to-date using the methodology in the ODCM.

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TABLE IV-B EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT - 2012

LIQUID EFFLUENTS - CONTINUOUS MODE AND BATCH MODE RELEASES **Continuous Mode Batch Mode**

			1	7	1
Nuclides Released	Unit	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
Tracinaes Released		1	2	1	2
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Н-3	Ci	ND	ND	5.74E+01	5.37E+00
					
Gross Alpha	Ci	ND	ND	4.44E-05	1.18E-05
Ce-144	Ci	ND	ND	7.25E-06	ND
Co-58	Ci	ND	ND	6.64E-04	4.13E-05
Co-60	Ci	ND	ND	7.74E-04	2.15E-05
Cr-51	Ci	ND	ND	3.76E-05	ND
Cs-134m	Ci	ND	ND	1.53E-06	ND
Cs-137	Ci	ND	ND	8.05E-06	ND
Fe-55	Ci	ND	ND	1.19E-04	ND
I-131	Ci	ND	ND	2.30E-07	ND
Mn-54	Ci	ND	ND	3.16E-07	ND
Nb-95	Ci	ND	ND	1.09E-04	4.63E-06
Ni-63	Ci	ND	ND	4.53E-04	9.04E-05
Ru-105	Ci	ND	ND	5.12E-06	ND
Sb-124	Ci	ND	ND	1.43E-06	ND
Sb-125	Ci	ND	ND	1.19E-04	1.48E-05
Sn-117m	Ci	ND	ND	4.61E-04	3.28E-05
Te-123m	Ci	ND	ND	5.77E-04	3.35E-05
Y-92	Ci	ND	ND	1.04E-05	ND
Zn-65	Ci	ND	ND	3.55E-06	ND
Zr-95	Ci	ND	ND	5.57E-05	1.03E-06
Total for Period	Ci	ND	ND	3.41E-03	2.40E-04
Kr-85	Ci	ND	ND	1.46E-06	ND
Xe-131m	Ci	ND	ND	7.49E-05	ND
Xe-133	Ci	ND	ND	7.42E-03	2.12E-04
Total for Period	Ci	ND	ND	7.50E-03	2.12E-04

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TABLE IV-B (Continued) EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT - 2012 LIQUID EFFLUENTS - CONTINUOUS MODE AND BATCH MODE RELEASES

		Continu	ous Mode	Batch	Mode
Nuclides Released	Unit	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
Н-3	Ci	ND	ND	7.75E+00	3.64E+01
Co-58	Ci	ND	ND	2.83E-05	3.79E-05
Co-60	Ci	ND	ND	3.48E-05	1.12E-04
Mn-54	Ci	ND	ND	ND_	1.40E-06
Nb-95	Ci	ND	ND	2.76E-06	6.93E-06
Ni-63	Ci	ND	ND	7.93E-05	1.09E-04
Sb-124	Ci	ND	ND	2.85E-06	ND
Sb-125	Ci	ND	ND	5.20E-04	4.53E-05
Sn-117m	Ci	ND	ND	6.85E-07	5.56E-07
Te-123m	Ci	ND	ND	7.00E-07	5.66E-07
Zr-95	Ci	ND	ND	ND	3.58E-06
Total for Period	Ci	ND	ND	6.70E-04	3.18E-04
•					
Xe-133	Ci	ND	ND	1.55E-06	8.72E-06
Xe-135	Ci	ND	ND	5.51E-07	ND
Total for Period	Ci	ND	ND	2.10E-06	8.72E-06
Gross Alpha	Ci	ND	ND	ND	ND

TABLE IV-C
TYPICAL LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION FOR LIQUID EFFLUENTS

Nuclide	LLD (μCi/ml)
Н-3	4.19E-06
Cr-51	1.25E-07
Mn-54	1.84E-08
Fe-55	8.64E-08
Co-57	2.29E-08
Co-58	2.84E-08
Fe-59	2.88E-08
Co-60	2.48E-08
Zn-65	3.24E-08
Sr-89	3.70E-08
Sr-90	1.36E-08
Nb-95	1.21E-08
Zr-95	2.16E-08
Mo-99	1.61E-07
Tc-99m	2.06E-08
Ag-110m	1.87E-08
Sn-113	2.46E-08
Sb-122	2.72E-08
Te-123m	2.02E-08
Sb-124	1.44E-08
Sb-125	5.20E-08
Xe-127	1.45E-08
I-131	1.67E-08
Xe-131m	1.05E-06
Te-132	1.77E-08
Xe-133	7.07E-08
Xe-133m	1.90E-07
Cs-134	2.04E-08
Xe-135	2.67E-08
Cs-137	1.26E-08
Ba-140	7.30E-08
La-140	2.30E-08
Ce-141	3.71E-08
Ce-144	1.49E-07
Gross Alpha	8.74E-08

V. SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS

Report Time Period: January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2012

A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (not irradiated fuel)

Waste Class A

Type of Waste	Waste Volume (m³)	Activity (Ci) ¹	Estimated Error (%)	No. Ship.
Spent resins, filter sludge, evaporator bottoms, etc.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dry compressible waste, contaminated equipment, etc.	5.19E+02	1.54E+00	2.00E+01	11
Irradiated components, control rods, etc.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other: Oil	1.27E+00	3.47E-04	2.00E+01	1

¹Excludes successful GIC/PCW Waste

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V. <u>SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS (Continued)</u>

Report Time Period: January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2012

A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (not irradiated fuel) (Continued)

Estimate of major nuclide composition (by type of waste)

Resins					
Radionuclide	%	Ci			
N/A	N/A	N/A			
Dry Com	pressible Waste				
Radionuclide	%	Ci			
Fe-55	2.60E+01	4.00E-01			
Co-60	2.04E+01	3.14E-01			
Ni-63	1.16E+01	1.78E-01			
Cs-137	8.53E+00	1.31E-01			
Nb-95	8.36E+00	1.29E-01			
Co-58	6.48E+00	9.98E-02			
Zr-95	4.94E+00	7.61E-02			
Cr-51	3.28E+00	5.05E-02			
Mn-54	3.21E+00	4.94E-02			
Ag-110M	3.00E+00	4.62E-02			
Ce-144	1.05E+00	1.61E-02			
Ru-106	7.02E-01	1.08E-02			
Others **	2.48E+00	3.82E-02			
Oil					
Radionuclide	%	Ci			
Cs-137	4.24E+01	1.47E-04			
Co-60	2.20E+01	7.64E-05			
Ce-144	2.20E+01	7.63E-05			
Co-58	1.36E+01	4.72E-05			

^{**} Others include Sb-125, Fe-59, H-3, Sr-90, Sn-113, C-14, Te-123M, Cm-242, Cm-243, Cs134, , Co-57, Am-241, Zn-65, , Pu-238, Pu-239, Pu-241, Sr-89, Ru-103, & Sn-117m.

Note: Total Curie Quantity and Principle Radionuclides were determined by estimates.

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VI. SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS (Continued)

Report Time Period: January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2012

A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (not irradiated fuel) (Continued)

Irradiated Fuel Shipments

Number of Shipments:	0
Mode of Transportation	N/A
Destination	N/A

Solid Waste

Number of Shipments:	11
Mode of Transportation	Highway - Exclusive Use Rail - Exclusive use
Destination	Energy Solutions (Clive, UT), Energy Solutions (Barnwell , SC), Duratek Services, Inc.(Oak Ridge, TN)

V. <u>SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS (Continued)</u>

Report Time Period: January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2012

B. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (not irradiated fuel)

Waste Class B

Type of Waste	Waste Volume (m³)	Activity (Ci)	Estimated Error (%)	No. Ship.
Spent resins, filter sludge, evaporator bottoms, etc.	7.54E+00	3.00E+01	2.00E+01	2
Dry compressible waste, contaminated equipment, etc.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Irradiated components, control rods, etc.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Estimate of major nuclide composition (by type of waste)

Resins									
Radionuclide	%	Ci							
Ni-63	6.01E+01	1.39E+01							
Cs-137	1.42E+01	3.29E+00							
Cs-134	1.10E+01	2.55E+00							
Fe-55	7.35E+00	1.70E+00							
C0-60	4.54E+00	1.05E+00							
C-14	1.33E+00	3.08E-01							
Mn-54	7.05E-01	1.63E-01							
Sb-125	4.27E-01	9.88E-02							
Co-58	2.33E-01	5.40E-02							
Co-57	4.41E-02	1.02E-02							
Ce-144	2.38E-02	5.51E-03							
Тс-99	1.62E-03	3.74E-04							

V. SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS (Continued)

Report Time Period: January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2012

B. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (not irradiated fuel) (Continued)

Filters									
Radionuclide	%	Ci							
Co-60	5.02E+01	3.45E+00							
Fe-55	2.07E+01	1.42E+00							
Ni-63	1.35E+01	9.28E-01							
Н-3	4.16E+00	2.86E-01							
C0-58	3.20E+00	2.20E-01							
Mn-54	2.84E+00	1.95E-01							
Sb-125	1.35E-00	9.25E-02							
Zr-95	9.41E-01	6.46E-02							
C-14	8.62E-01	5.92E-02							
Nb-95	8.52E-01	5.85E-02							
Sr-90	4.00E-01	2.75E-02							
Ce-144	3.95E-01	2.71E-02							
Others **	1.01E+02	6.91E+00							

^{**} Others include Cs-137, Cs-134, Sn-113, & C0-57.

Irradiated fuel shipments

Number of Shipments:	0
Mode of Transportation	N/A
Destination	N/A

Solid Waste

Number of Shipments:	2
Mode of Transportation	Highway - Exclusive Use
Destination	Barnwell Disposal Facility

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V. SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS

Report Time Period: January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2012

C. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (not irradiated fuel)

Waste Class C

Type of Waste	Waste Volume (m³)	Activity (Ci)	Estimated Error (%)	No. Ship.
Spent resins, filter sludge, evaporator bottoms, etc.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dry compressible waste, contaminated equipment, etc.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Irradiated components, control rods, etc.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Estimate of major nuclide composition (by type of waste)

Resins & Filters								
Radionuclide % Ci								
N/A	N/A	N/A						

Irradiated Fuel Shipments

Number of Shipments:	0
Mode of Transportation	N/A
Destination	N/A

Solid Waste

Number of Shipments:	0
Mode of Transportation	N/A
Destination	N/A

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VI. 40 CFR 190 DOSE CONFORMANCE

The direct radiation assessment to the most likely exposed member of the public is reported in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report. The results of the assessment demonstrate no measurable affect above background from plant operations. Since no 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, limits have been exceeded and the evaluation of the Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installations indicate only a small fraction of the total dose to the environs, this demonstrates conformance with 40 CFR 190, Environmental Radiation Protection Standards for Nuclear Power Operation.

VII. METEOROLOGICAL DATA

A. <u>Continuous Release Diffusion Analysis</u>

Table VII-A presents the number and frequency of wind direction occurrences by wind speed class as recorded at the onsite meteorological system during continuous release, for the period January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2012.

The frequencies are presented as a percent of total occurrences for each stability class, as well as a summary for all classes for the lower (10 meter) sensor elevation.

Pertinent information available from the tables is as follows:

1. Stability

Percent occurrence Pasquill Stability categories based on lower level (10 meter) wind distribution:

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	
4.37	6.84	7.99	41.31	22.22	8.75	8.52	

2.	Wind Speed	10 Meter
	Average Speed (mph) Percent Calm	4.80 4.56
	Percent Less than 3.5 mph	40.94 (excludes calm)
3.	Wind Direction	10 Meter
	Prevailing	SSW
	Percent Occurrence	10.9

0.35

0.27

TOTAL

0.57

0.44

0.28

0.18

0.39

0.55

0.31

0.73

0.91

0.72

0.5

0.22

0.31

0.11

6.84

TABLE VII-A IOINT OCCURRENCE FREQUENCIES FOR LOWNDDEG AND LOWNDSPD - GROUND CONTINUOUS RELEASES

JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION ATMOSPHERIC STABILITY CLASS A WN OUMAX (M/S) W Ν NNE NE **ENE** Ε **ESE** SE SSE S **SSW** SW **WSW** W NW NNW TOTAL 0.36 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.01 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.01 0 0 0 0 0 1 1.56 0 0 0 4 3 3 0 1 0 0 0.102 0.43 0.03 0.14 0.19 0.10 0.13 0.22 0.27 0.09 0.18 0.06 3.35 0.08 4 8 4 2 7 8 3 1 0.41 3 2 8 0.011 0 0 2.391 0.18 0.05 0.01 0.10 0.39 0.17 0.05 0.03 0.44 0.14 0.125 1.731 5.59 2 7 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 4 9 8 1 7 4 0.02 0.04 0.01 0.02 8.27 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 3 3 0.034 6 0 0.137 0 0 0 0 0 0.011 10.95 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.011 0 0 15.65 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 **TOTAL** 0.09 0.87 0.87 0.26 0.16 0.19 0.1 0.17 0.25 0.3 0.19 0.33 0.26 0.18 0.1 0.05 4.37 JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION ATMOSPHERIC STABILITY CLASS B WN OUMAX (M/S) **NNE** NE Ε **ESE** SE SSE S SSW SW **WSW** W NW NNW **TOTAL** Ν **ENE** W 0 0 0 0 0 O 0 0 0 O 0 O 0 0.36 0 0 0 0 0.09 0.02 0.03 0.03 0.06 0.09 0.03 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.02 0.01 0 1.56 3 4 4 8 80.0 1 1 4 1 3 4 3 1 0.011 0 0.569 0.25 0.31 0.20 0.10 0.19 0.29 0.36 0.17 0.39 0.52 0.55 0.31 0.01 5 9 8 0.08 3.35 0.33 1 9 2 4 6 4 1 4 9 0.046 1 4.168 0.34 0.19 0.21 0.15 0.14 0.11 0.30 0.13 0.12 0.10 0.114 5.59 6 9 0 0 0 0 0 8 4 7 2 7 5 2 4 1.959 0.01 0.01 0.04 0.03 8.27 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0.046 4 0 0.148 10.95 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 15.65 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

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		JOINT F	REQUE	NCY DIST	TRIBUTIO	ON OF W	VIND SP	EED ANI	DIRECT	TION AT	MOSPH	ERIC STA	ABILITY	CLASS C			
														WN			
OUMAX (M/S)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Ε	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	W	NW	NNW	TOTAL
0.36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0.02	0.13	0.06	0.14	0.21	0.23	0.18	0.05		0.04	0.06	0.04	0.04			0.03	
1.56	3	7	8	8	6	9	2	7	0.08	6	8	6	6	0.023	0	4	1.412
	0.52	0.36	0.18	0.15	0.14	0.12	0.35		0.26	0.37	0.59	0.47	0.37		0.21	0.10	
3.35	4	4	2	9	8	5	3	0.33	2	6	2	8	6	0.194	6	2	4.783
	0.34	0.11	0.01	0.01	0.01			0.09	0.09	0.15	0.28	0.15			0.09	0.14	
5.59	2	4	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	9	5	9	0.08	0.091	1	8	1.685
											0.02	0.02	0.02		0.03		
8.27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	0.011	4	0	0.114
10.95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0.89	0.61	0.26	0.32	0.38	0.36	0.54	0.48	0.43	0.58	0.97	0.71	0.52	0.32	0.34	0.28	7.99
		JOINT F	REQUEN	ICY DIST	RIBUTIO	ON OF W	/IND SPI	EED AND	DIRECT	TION AT	MOSPH	ERIC STA	BILITY	CLASS D			
														WN			
OUMAX (M/S)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Ε	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	W	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
0.36	5	9	3	2	1	3	2	0.01	7	7	7	7	5	0.003	3	3	0.125
	0.44	0.78	1.18	1.11	0.97		1.10	0.93	0.61	0.64		0.60	0.43		0.27	0.31	11.48
1.56	4	6	4	6	9	1.15	5	4	5	9	0.66	4	3	0.239	3	9	9
	3.33	2.97	1.40	0.83	0.43	0.34	1.01	2.20	2.28	1.91	1.43	0.71	0.61		0.50	0.86	21.30
3.35	6	2	1	1	. 3	2	3	9	9	3	5	7	5	0.433	1	5	5
		1.11	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.52	0.60	0.63	0.46	0.44	0.29		0.23	0.88	
5.59	2.05	6	6	3	1	1	4	4	4	8	7	4	6	0.296	9	8	7.686
	0.10							0.01	0.04		0.10	0.03	0.03		0.15	0.05	
8.27	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	0.08	2	4	4	0.08	9	7	0.706
10.95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	5.94	4.88	2.64	1.98	1.43	1.52	2.16	3.69	3.56	3.29	2.67	1.81	1.38	1.05	1.18	2.13	41.31

0.57

0.19

0.09

0.04

TOTAL

0.09

0.03

0.3

0.68

0.91 0.88

0.91

0.75

0.37

0.52

0.83

8.75

		JOINT F	REQUE	NCY DIS	TRIBUTI	ON OF V	VIND SP	EED AN	D DIREC	TION AT	MOSPH	ERIC STA	ABILITY				
														WN			
OUMAX (M/S)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Ε	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	W	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	0.03	0.03	0.02		0.01	0.00	0.02		0.09	0.11	0.07	0.05			0.03	0.03	
0.36	9	1	5	0.01	2	7	2	0.07	2	7	2	6	0.04	0.03	7	4	0.695
	0.64	0.51	0.42	0.15	0.19	0.11	0.36	1.16	1.51	1.93	1.19	0.93			0.61	0.56	11.48
1.56	9	2	1	9	4	4	4	1	4	6	6	4	0.66	0.49	5	9	9
	0.51	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.03	0.05	0.03		1.03	1.73	0.85	0.42	0.58		0.76	1.34	
3.35	2	1	1	1	4	7	4	0.9	6	1	4	1	1	0.433	3	4	8.973
	0.06	0.02						0.05	0.12	0.23	0.12	0.09	0.02			0.17	
5.59	8	3	0	0	0	0	0	7	5	9	5	1	3	0.046	0.08	1	1.048
								0.01									
8.27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.011
10.95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1.27	0.66	0.54	0.26	0.24	0.18	0.42	2.2	2.77	4.02	2.25	1.5	1.3	1	1.49	2.12	22.22
		IOINT F	RFOUF	NCY DIS	rributio	ON OF V	VIND SP	FFD ANI	D DIRFC	TION AT	MOSPH	ERIC STA	ABILITY	CLASS F			
														WN			
OUMAX (M/S)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Ε	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	wsw	W	W	NW	NNW	TOTAL
		0.02	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.09	0.13	0.11	0.11	0.09	0.05	••		0.13	101712
0.36	0.08	9	4	6	4	4	5	3	4	8	5	1	2	0.06	0.08	4	1.07
5.55	0.44	0.15	·	0.03	·	0.02	0.25	0.51	•	0.64	0.63	0.50	0.28	0.00	0.44	·	2.07
1.56	4	9	0.08	4	0.08	3	1	2	0.74	9	8	1	5	0.33	4	0.74	5.91
	0.04	-				_	_	_	0.03	0.11	0.15	0.15	0.03	0.00	0.30	0.68	0.02
3.35	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.08	4	4	9	9	4	0.125	7	3	1.742
0.00	_		_	_	_	_	_	0.00	-	•	•	•	-	0.225	•	0.02	
5.59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.023
8.27	0	Ö	0	Ö	Ö	Ö	o	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.95	0	Ö	0	Ö	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	Ö	Ö
15.65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION ATMOSPHERIC STABILITY CLASS G

														WN			
OUMAX (M/S)	N	NNE	NE	ENE	Ε	ESE	SE	SSE	S	SSW	SW	WSW	W	W	NW	NNW	TOTAL
	0.30	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.03		0.27	0.24		0.15	0.14	0.11		0.38	0.51	
0.36	4	3	1	6	6	9	0.09	6	8	0.18	8	1	8	0.18	3	3	2.676
	0.61	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.01		0.18	0.55	0.50	0.36	0.31	0.28	0.23		0.77	1.03	
1.56	5	6	3	1	1	0.08	2	8	1	4	9	5	9	0.364	4	6	5.409
	0.03								0.01		0.02	0.09	0.05		0.04	0.15	
3.35	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	7	0.011	6	9	0.433
5.59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8.27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15.65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0.95	0.07	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.12	0.27	0.83	0.76	0.54	0.5	0.52	0.41	0.56	1.2	1.71	8.52

TOTAL HOURS CONSIDERED: 8782

ADDENDUM 1

CHANGES TO ODCM, PCP, AND RADIOACTIVE WASTE SYSTEMS

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I. <u>CHANGES TO THE OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM)</u>

There were no changes to the ODCM during this reporting period.

II. CHANGES TO THE RADIOACTIVE WASTE SYSTEMS

There were no changes to the Radioactive Waste Systems during this reporting period.

III. CHANGES TO THE PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM (PCP)

There were no changes to the Process Control Program during this reporting period.

IV. CHANGES TO THE LAND USE CENSUS

The Land Use Census is currently performed every 12 months and was last performed in 2012. The results of the 2012 Land Use Census and the 2012 meteorological data identified no changes that required an ODCM change. The next Land Use Census will be performed in 2013.

V. INSTRUMENT INOPERABILITY

There were two reportable instrumentation inoperability events during this reporting period.

Containment radiation monitors R-11 and R-12 were removed from service on 1/22/12 at 9:00 am to perform maintenance on the inlet and outlet isolation valves RMS 1-4. All maintenance activities were completed with exception of RMS-1. The maintenance on RMS-1 required a stroke test, which was not completed within 30 days. Per the ODCM, Table 3.10 – Items 2.A (A) and 2.B (A) states "With the number of channels operable less than the MCO requirement due to inoperable equipment: Exert best efforts to return the instruments to operable status within 30 days and, if unsuccessful, explain in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report why the inoperability was not corrected in a timely manner in accordance with Technical Specification 5.6.3." (NCR 519580). Monitors were returned to service on 2/29/12.

Steam Generator Flow Rate measurement device (FIT-1328 A, B, C) was removed from service on 3/15/12 T 8:15 am for > 30 days due to blow down being in service with heat recovery bypassed per the sodium recovery plan. This is part of the system design change. Per the ODCM, Table 2.6-1 – Items 2.B (A) states "With the number of channels operable less than the MCO requirement due to inoperable equipment: Exert best efforts to return the instruments to operable status within 30 days and, if unsuccessful, explain in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report why the inoperability was not corrected in a timely manner in accordance with Technical Specification 5.6.3" (NCR 530821). Steam Generator flow rate measurement device was returned to service 4/22/12.

VI. LIQUID HOLDUP TANK CURIE LIMIT

There were no outside liquid holdup tanks that exceeded the ten curie limit during this reporting period.

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VII. WASTE GAS DECAY TANK CURIE LIMIT

There were no waste gas decay tanks with a curie content that exceeded the 1.90E+04 curie limit during this reporting period.

VIII. MISSED COMPENSATORY SAMPLES

There were no instances of missed compensatory samples during this reporting period.

IX. SPECIAL GROUND WATER PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS

There were no dose calculations performed or special reports made as a result of any spills or leaks during this period.

Additional groundwater monitoring wells were sampled and analyzed during 2012 as part of the NEI Groundwater Protection Initiative. There were a total of seventeen wells monitored, fifteen of which are described in the ODCM and will be addressed in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report. For the two wells not in the ODCM program, no plant related gamma activity was detected. Low level tritium activity was found in the wells. The following are the tritium results from the two additional wells:

Groundwater Tritium - 2012 pCi/L								
Well ID	1st Quarter	2 nd Quarter	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter				
PDW-05	354	305	300	301				
TS-07B	364	227	419	N/A¹				

¹TS-07B was abandoned during the fourth quarter of 2012.

X. <u>MISSED ODCM SAMPLES</u>

There were no failures to meet the ODCM specified sample frequencies or analyses during this reporting period.

In order to comply with ODCM, Table 2.8.1 for required Lower Limits of Detection (LLDs) of principle gamma emitters list, specifies the following radionuclides: Mn-54, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, Mo-99, Cs-134, Cs-137, Ce-141, and Ce-144. During the validation and verification process for upgrading the APEX software from version 1.1 to 1.3, RNP personnel identified Ce-141 was not listed in version 1.1 liquid LLD library file.

Upon discovery the annual LLD's verification was performed, the nuclide libraries for gaseous as well as liquid (analysis and LLDs libraries) were checked against the ODCM. All radionuclides in the ODCM were verified present in APEX 1.3 and 1.1. Apex version 1.1 has been retired and version 1.3 is now in service. (NCR 589598)

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ADDENDUM 2

CORRECTIONS TO PREVIOUS REPORTS

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I.	There were no changes to the previous reports identified,	38