Susquehanna Steam Electric Station Units 1 & 2

Radioactive Effluent Release Report

2011 Annual Report

PPL Susquehanna, LLC Berwick, PA April 2012

Attachment 1 to PLA-6833

Radioactive Effluent Release Report for SSES Units 1 and 2

RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

REPORT PERIOD: 01/01/11 - 12/31/11

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SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION, SUMMARY AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

INTRODUCTION

The submittal of the 2011 Radioactive Effluent Release Report is in accordance with PPL Susquehanna, LLC Tech Spec. 5.6.3. The enclosed information is consistent with the objectives outlined in the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) and Process Control Program (PCP). The 2011 Radioactive Effluent Release Report is in conformance with 10CFR50.36a and 10CFR50, Appendix I, Section IV.B.1.

PPL Susquehanna, LLC is located in Salem Township, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania. It is on the west bank of the Susquehanna River, 8 km northeast of Berwick. The station consists of two boiling water reactor generating units. Each unit has completed an Extended Power Uprate process which has increased licensed thermal power from 3489 MWt (megawatt thermal) to 3952 MWt. Unit-1 completed the power uprate in 2010 and Unit 2 completed the power uprate in 2011. The reactor and generating units were supplied by General Electric, while the Bechtel Corporation served as architect-engineer and constructor.

Construction of the Station began in the early 1970s. Fuel load began in Unit 1 in July of 1982. Initial criticality was achieved in the Unit 1 reactor on September 10, 1982. The reactor reached 100% power for the first time on February 4, 1983. Commercial operation of Unit 1 was declared on June 8, 1983. Initial criticality of Unit 2 occurred on May 8, 1984. Unit 2 was declared commercial on February 12, 1985.

Airborne effluents are released from the Station via five rooftop vents on the reactor building (see Figure 1-1). Continuous sampling for particulates and iodines is performed at each vent as well as continuous monitoring for noble gases. A program of periodic sampling and analysis for tritium and noble gases along with periodic analysis of particulate and iodine samples is conducted as specified in the plant Technical Requirements. All waterborne effluents are released in batch mode and are sampled and analyzed prior to release. Waterborne effluents from the site are released into the cooling tower blowdown line for dilution prior to release to the Susquehanna River (see Figure 1-2). Blowdown line flow rates are at least 5,000 gpm during periods of liquid radwaste release. The diluted effluent is introduced to the river by way of a perforated diffuser pipe placed on the river bed. The diffuser serves to mix the station discharge with the main flow of the river.

This report presents a summary of the quantities of radioactive materials which were released from the Station during the period from January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011. In addition, this report serves as a medium for notifying the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission staff of changes to the ODCM, PCP and documentation of any exceptions to the effluent monitoring program which must be reported per Technical Requirements.

Airborne and waterborne radioactive effluent releases to the environment during the report period were sampled and analyzed in accordance with the Technical

Requirements. All radioactive effluent releases were within the concentration and release limits specified in the Technical Requirements. Calculations and terms utilized in this report are those outlined in the ODCM.

Section 1 contains supplemental information pertaining to effluents from the Susquehanna plant. Included are regulatory limits (Table 1-1), sampling and analysis methods, characterization of the number and duration of batch and abnormal releases and a brief summary of the applicable year's effluents.

Section 2 contains effluent and waste disposal data for the report period. Table 2-1 contains a summation of all airborne releases, grouped into the radionuclide categories of gases, particulates, iodines, and tritium. Average release rates are presented and compared to the applicable limits. Table 2-2 presents the activity totals of specific radionuclides in airborne effluents.

Waterborne effluents are summarized in Table 2-3. Average diluted concentrations are presented and compared to the applicable limits. Table 2-4 presents the release quantities of specific radionuclides in waterborne effluents over the report period. Figures 2-1 and 2-2 present the Susquehanna River Monthly Average Flow Rates for 2011 and the Monthly Liquid Radwaste Discharge Totals for 2011, respectively.

Table 2-5 contains estimates of the errors associated with the measurements involved in quantifying effluents. Sampling errors, counting errors, and errors associated with determining effluent flow rates and volumes all contribute to the total error of effluent measurements. Error estimates are presented for each category of radionuclide detected in airborne and waterborne effluents and solid wastes during the report period (Error Analysis of the Radioactive Effluent Sampling and Analysis Program at the SSES, Hydro Nuclear Services; 1985).

Tables 2-7 through 2-15 present a characterization of the solid radioactive waste shipped offsite during the report period. An estimate of major nuclide composition is presented for each waste type. Also included are the volumes and curie contents associated with each type of solid waste. The number of waste shipments from the site transported directly for burial or disposal are listed in Table 2-6.

Section 3 presents meteorological data for 2011, including data recovery, joint frequency distribution of wind speed and direction, stability class distribution, and atmospheric dispersion estimates for selected locations.

Section 4 of this report contains an assessment of the calculated doses attributed to the reported radiological effluents for the calendar year. The Radioactive Effluent Tracking and Dose Assessment Software (RETDAS) computer code was used for calculation of doses from waterborne effluents. Site-specific parameters used in the calculations for the Danville receiver are shown in Table 4-1. The RETDAS code was also used for calculation of doses from airborne effluents. The calculated doses and direct radiation estimates can be used to estimate the doses to maximally exposed members of the

public. Table 4-2 summarizes maximum calculated doses to members of the public from airborne and waterborne effluents. Table 4-3 presents calculated collective doses to members of the public within the Riverlands/Energy Information Center Complex. Table 4-4 summarizes the calculated doses for residences and other occupied areas within the site boundary and the nearest dairy. Additionally, Section 4 includes a description of the methodology used in the calculation and resultant dose impact of carbon-14 released from the station.

Section 5 of this report documents changes to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual, Technical Requirements Manual and the Solid Radioactive Waste Process Control Program.

Section 6 presents a listing of cases (if any) in which airborne or waterborne effluent monitoring instrumentation was declared inoperable and was not restored to operability within the time period specified in Technical Requirements 3.11.1.4, 3.11.1.5 and 3.11.2.6 Action Statements. In addition, this section presents issues (if any) with the collection of milk or fresh leafy vegetables per Technical Requirement 3.11.4.1 and changes due to the land use census per Technical Requirement 3.11.4.2. Section 6 also includes reporting associated with the Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI) Groundwater Protection Initiative.

Section 7 contains corrections (if any) to previous Radioactive Effluent Release Reports.

Section 8 contains information on effluent and offsite dose from the systems classified as insignificant effluent pathways.

SUMMARY

During 2011 there were one hundred forty eight (148) liquid batch releases resulting in a total release volume of one million four hundred eighty eight thousand (1,488,000) gallons. The total number of liquid batch releases and total volume released in 2011 was lower than the corresponding values for 2010 (206 releases resulting in 2,702,000 gallons released in 2010) due to the Unit-1 condenser area flood event (900,000 gallons of water discharged in addition to water released through liquid radwaste treatment system) which occurred in 2010. The predominant radionuclide released in liquid effluents during 2011 was tritium. Approximately fifty-two (52) curies of tritium were released in liquid effluents in 2011, compared to fifty seven (57) curies released in 2010. When compared with all radionuclides released in liquid effluents in 2011, Co-60 and Zn-65 were the main contributors to the resultant offsite dose. Consistent with previous years, the offsite dose from liquid releases in 2011 was less than one percent (1%) of the annual limits for both organ and whole body dose.

In 2010, an industry initiative (supported by EPRI and NEI) was established to evaluate and report Carbon-14 (C-14) in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report. The initiative is rooted in Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 2, "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactive Material in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents and Solid Waste", in that the NRC has recommended that U.S. nuclear power plants evaluate whether C-14 is a "principal radionuclide", and if so, report the amount of C-14 released. The C-14 released from the Susquehanna station in 2011 was calculated using conservative auidance provided by the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI Report No. 1021106). Based on the EPRI methodology, approximately 23 Curies of C-14 were released in gaseous effluents in 2011. See section 4 for additional details on the calculation of C-14 released in airborne effluents. Historically, tritium has been the predominant radionuclide (both in Curies and resultant offsite dose) released in gaseous effluents from the Susquehanna station. Approximately forty-seven (47) curies of tritium were released in gaseous effluents in 2011 compared to thirty-one (31) curies in 2010. The resultant maximum offsite organ dose due to gaseous effluents from Unit-1 for 2011 was 4.56E-1 mrem, which is three (3%) of the per unit annual limit of fifteen (15) mrem. The resultant maximum offsite organ dose due to gaseous effluents from Unit-2 for 2011 was 3.34E-1 mrem, which is two percent (2%) of the per unit annual limit of fifteen (15) mrem. The maximum offsite dose from gaseous effluents was lower in 2011 when compared with 2010 due to the dose from C-14 releases being lower.

FIGURE 1-1

AIRBORNE EFFLUENT RELEASE POINTS



FIGURE 1-2

WATERBORNE EFFLUENT PATHWAY



SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

1. Regulatory Limits

Technical Requirements 3.11.1 and 3.11.2 outline requirements for release of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents, respectively. Concentration of radioactive materials released in liquid effluents and resulting dose are limited in unrestricted areas. Dose and dose rate due to radioactive materials released in gaseous effluents are limited in areas at or beyond the site boundary. Technical Requirement limits are listed in Table 1-1.

2. Maximum Permissible Concentrations in Waterborne Effluents

The concentration of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas is limited to 10 times the concentrations specified in 10 CFR Part 20 Appendix B Table 2, Column 2, for radionuclides other than dissolved or entrained noble gases.

For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration is limited to $2.0E-04 \mu Ci/ml$ total activity (TRO 3.11.1.1).

3. Average Energy of Fission and Activation Gas

The Calculation of Noble Gas Effluent Average Energies E-Bar Beta and Gamma was not performed due to the fact that no noble gases were measured in Station Vent Air Samples above detection limits during 2011.

4. Measurements and Approximations of Total Radioactivity

Analyses of specific radionuclides in effluent samples are used to evaluate the radioactive composition and concentration of effluents.

5. Methods of Quantifying Effluents

a. <u>Fission and Activation Gases</u>: Gas samples are routinely collected monthly and analyzed with a high resolution (HPGE) detector system which incorporates a data reduction program to determine radionuclide composition in terms of specific activity. Data from the continuous vent monitors are used to determine the average concentration of noble gases. The high resolution (HPGE) isotopic scan is used to convert the continuous vent monitor activity to actual activity based on the determined nuclide mixture. The vent and sample flow rates are continuously monitored and the average flow rates for each vent are used to calculate the total activity released in a given time period. When the continuous monitors are out of service, manual grab samples are taken from each vent once every eight hours (once every four hours for the standby gas treatment vent when standby gas treatment system is in service).

- b. lodines: Iodine is continuously collected on charcoal or silver zeolite cartridges via an isokinetic sampling assembly in each vent. Filters are normally exchanged once per week and analyzed on a high resolution (HPGE) system. The daily average flow rates for the vents and sample pumps are averaged for the duration of the sampling period and a ratio of vent flow rate to sample flow rate is determined. The ratio is used to determine the total activity of each isotope released during the time period in question. When the continuous samplers are out of service, iodine is continuously collected from alternate sampling ports available on the sample lines or directly from the affected rooftop vent(s).
- c. <u>Particulates</u>: Particulates are continuously collected via an isokinetic sampling assembly in each vent. Filters are normally exchanged once per week and analyzed on a high resolution (HPGE) system. Flow rate corrections are performed as for iodines. When the continuous samplers are out of service, particulates are continuously collected from alternate sampling ports available on the sample lines or directly from the affected rooftop vent(s).
- **d.** <u>**Tritium**</u>: Airborne tritium is collected monthly via bubbler sampler. The sample is collected for one hour at a flow rate of approximately 1000 cc/min. Tritium activity in the bubbler sample is determined by liquid scintillation counting. The liquid sample tritium concentration is then converted to air concentration by volume proportion.
- e. <u>Waterborne Effluents</u>: Each tank of liquid radwaste is sampled and analyzed for principal gamma emitters prior to release. Each sample tank is recirculated for a sufficient amount of time prior to sampling to ensure that a representative sample is obtained. Samples are analyzed on a high resolution (HPGE) system and release permits are generated based on the values obtained from the isotopic analysis and the most recent values for tritium, gross alpha, iron-55, and strontium-89 and -90. An aliquot based on release volume is saved and added to monthly and quarterly composite containers. The monthly tritium analysis is done in-house. A monthly composite is sent to a vendor laboratory for gross alpha analysis. A quarterly composite is sent to a vendor laboratory for iron-55, strontium-89 and-90 analyses.

The concentration of each radionuclide in each batch is multiplied by the volume of the batch to determine the total quantity of each nuclide released in each batch. The isotopic totals for each batch are summed to determine the total source term for the report period.

TABLE 1-1

TECHNICAL REQUIREMENT LIMITS

A. <u>NOBLE GASES</u>:

- 1. ≤500 mrem/year TOTAL BODY ≤3000 mrem/year - SKIN
 - dose rate limit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.1.I)
- 2. ≤5 mrad AIR GAMMA ≤10 mrad - AIR BETA
 - quarterly air dose limits per reactor unit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.2a)
- 3. ≤10 mrad AIR GAMMA ≤20 mrad - AIR BETA
 - annual air dose limits per reactor unit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.2.b)

B. AIRBORNE I-131, I-133, TRITIUM, PARTICULATES WITH HALF-LIVES > 8 DAYS:

- 1. ≤1500 mrem/year ORGAN (inhalation pathways only)
 - dose rate limit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.1.II.A)
- 2. ≤7.5 mrem ORGAN
 - quarterly dose limit per reactor unit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.3.a)
- 3. \leq 15 mrem ORGAN
 - annual dose limit per reactor unit at and beyond the site boundary (TRO 3.11.2.3.b)

C. LIQUID EFFLUENTS:

- 1. ≤1.5 mrem TOTAL BODY ≤5.0 mrem - ORGAN
 - quarterly dose limits per unit (TRO 3.11.1.2.a)
- ≤3.0 mrem TOTAL BODY
 ≤10.0 mrem ORGAN
 - annual dose limits per unit (TRO 3.11.1.2.b)

D. AIRBORNE EFFLUENT: BASES FOR PERCENT OF APPLICABLE LIMIT VALUES IN TABLE 2-1

Fission and Activation Gases

Derived release rate limits based on the Technical Requirement (TRO 3.11.2.1.I.A and B) limits of 500 mrem/yr to the total body and 3000 mrem/yr to the skin were calculated (PPL calculation EC-ENVR-1041 Rev. 2) from the expected mix of noble gas radionuclides presented in Attachment A of ODCM-QA-003, Effluent Monitor Setpoints. The lower limit of 1.00E+06 μ Ci/min (1.67E+04 μ Ci/sec) based on total body dose rate is used.

<u>lodine-131</u>

A derived release rate limit for I-131 based on the Technical Requirement (TRO 3.11.2.1.II.A) limit of 1500 mrem/yr from I-131, I-133, tritium and particulates with half-lives greater than 8 days was calculated (PPL calculation EC-ENVR-1041 Rev. 2) based on the ratio of the expected annual release quantities of I-131 and I-133 provided in Attachment E of ODCM-QA-004, Airborne Effluent Dose Calculations. The limit is $1.04E+02 \mu$ Ci/min I-131 (1.73E+00 μ Ci/sec).

Particulates

A derived release rate limit for particulate activity other than iodines based on the Technical Requirement (TRO 3.11.2.1.II.A) limit of 1500 mrem/yr from I-131, I-133, tritium and particulates with half-lives greater than 8 days was calculated (PPL calculation EC-ENVR-1041 Rev. 2) based on the expected annual release quanities of particulate radionuclides provided in Attachment E of ODCM-QA-004, Airborne Effluent Dose Calculations. The limit is $3.02E+03 \mu$ Ci/min (5.03E+01 μ Ci/sec).

<u>Tritium</u>

A derived release rate was calculated based on the 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1, Effluent Concentration Limit for tritium (1.0E-07 μ Ci/cc) to unrestricted areas. A relative concentration of 4.1E-05 sec/m³ was assumed (PPL calculation EC-ENVR-1040). The limit is 1.46E+05 μ Ci/min (2.44E+03 μ Ci/sec).

Radionuclide Fractional Summation

The sum of the percents of applicable limits for particulates, iodine and tritium must be less than 100%.

E. WATERBORNE EFFLUENT: BASES FOR PERCENT OF APPLICABLE LIMIT VALUES IN TABLE 2-3

Fission and Activation Products

Concentrations of fission and activation products in liquid effluent from radwaste effluent are determined for each batch prior to release. Each isotope concentration is compared to ten times the 10CFR20 Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 Effluent Concentration Values (TRO 3.11.1.1).

Tritium

Liquid effluent quarterly tritium concentrations are compared to ten times the 10 CFR 20 Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2, Effluent Concentration value of $1.0E-03 \mu$ Ci/ml to unrestricted areas.

Dissolved and Entrained Gases

Liquid effluent concentrations for dissolved and entrained gases are compared to the limiting value for total noble gas activity of 2.0E-04 μ Ci/ml (TRO 3.11.1.1).

Radionuclide Fractional Summation

The sum of the percents of applicable limits for fission and activation products, tritium and dissolved and entrained gases must be less than 100%.

SECTION 2

EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL DATA

Airborne Effluents

Summaries of the radionuclide total curie activities and average release rates are included in Tables 2-1 and 2-2. Carbon-14 (C-14) activity released is not included in Tables 2-1 or 2-2. C-14 released in airborne effluents is calculated based on conservative methodology provided by the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI Report No. 1021106). See Section 4 for additional details on the calculation of C-14 released in 2011 from the Susquehanna station. If a radionuclide was not detected, zero activity was used for that isotope in dose calculations and the activity is listed as "<MDC" (less than the minimum detectable concentration) in Tables 2-1 and 2-2. <MDC indicates that no activity was positively detected in any sample when samples were analyzed with techniques which achieved the required Lower Limits of Detection (LLD) as specified in the Technical Requirement (TRO) Table 3.11.2.1-1, Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Sampling and Analysis Program. In all cases, the measurement laboratory MDCs were at or below the LLD levels required by Technical Requirements. The following are typical measurement laboratory MDCs.

Typical MDCs

Radionuclide	<u>MDC (μCi/cc)</u>
Kr-87	4.3 E-08
Kr-88	4.6 E-08
Xe-133	3.0 E-08
Xe-133m	1.1 E-07
Xe-135	1.5 E-08
Xe-135m	8.0 E-08
Xe-138	1.5 E-07
Mn-54	2.9 E-13
Fe-59	2.8 E-13
Co-58	1.8 E-13
Co-60	3.8 E-13
Zn-65	1.0 E-13
Mo-99	1.0 E-12
Cs-134	2.4 E-13
Cs-137	1.1 E-13
Ce-141	1.0 E-13
Ce-144	5.0 E-13
I-131	4.4 E-14
Sr-89	1.1 E-13
Sr-90	1.3 E-14
H-3	1.5 E-08
Gross Alpha	2.3 E-14

Batch Releases

Number of Batch Releases:	0
Total Time Period for Batch Release:	NA
Maximum Time Period for a Batch Release:	NA
Average Time Period for a Batch Release:	NA
Minimum Time Period for a Batch Release:	NA
	Number of Batch Releases: Total Time Period for Batch Release: Maximum Time Period for a Batch Release: Average Time Period for a Batch Release: Minimum Time Period for a Batch Release:

Abnormal Releases

1.	Number of Releases	0
2.	Total Activity Released	NA

.

TABLE 2-1

AIRBORNE EFFLUENT - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

A. Fission and Activation Gas	Unit	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Total Release	Ci	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""></mdc<>
Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	0	0	0	0
Percent of Applicable Limit (1.67E+04 μCi/sec)	%	0	0	0	0

B. Iodines

Total I-131	Ci	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<>	<mdc< th=""></mdc<>
Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	0	Ō	0	0
Percent of Applicable Limit (1.73E+00	%	0	0	0	0
μCi/sec)					

C. Particulate

Particulate with Half-Life >8 Days	Ci	<mdc< th=""><th>2.24E-04</th><th>7.55E-06</th><th><mdc< th=""></mdc<></th></mdc<>	2.24E-04	7.55E-06	<mdc< th=""></mdc<>
Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	0	2.85E-05	9.50E-07	0
Percent of Applicable Limit (5.03E+01 µCi/sec)	%	0	5.67E-05	1.89E-06	0
Gross Alpha Radioactivity	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>

D. Tritium

Total Release	Ci	8.94E+00	2.91E+00	4.69E+00	3.05E+01
Average Release Rate for Period	µCi/sec	1.15E+00	3.70E-01	5.90E-01	3.84E+00
Percent of Applicable Limit (2.44E+03 µCi/sec)	%	4.71E-02	1.52E-02	2.42E-02	1.57E-01

E. Radionuclide Fractional Summation

Sum of Percent of Applicable Limit	%	0.05	0.02	0.02	0.16
During Period for B, C and D (Limit =					
100%)					

.

TABLE 2-2

AIRBORNE EFFLUENT - RADIONUCLIDES RELEASED

			Releases in Co	ontinuous Mode	
		First	Second	Third	Fourth
Nuclides Released	Unit	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
A. Fission and Activat	ion Gases				
N-13	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Ar-41	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Kr-85	Ci	<mdc td="" ·<=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Kr-85m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Kr-87	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Kr-88	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Kr-89	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Xe-133	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Xe-135	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Xe-135m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Xe-137	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Xe-138	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Total for Period	Ci	0	0	0	0
	· · ·			•	
B. lodines					
l-131	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
I-133	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
l-135	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Total for Period	Ci	0	0	0	0
	<u> </u>			· · ·	
C. Particulate					
Cr-51	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>1.61E-04</td><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	1.61E-04	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Mn-54	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Fe-59	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Co-57	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Co-58	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Co-60	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>6.32E-05</td><td>7.55E-06</td><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	6.32E-05	7.55E-06	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Zn-65	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Sr-89	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Sr-90	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Cs-134	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Cs-137	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td></td><td><<u>MDC</u></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td></td><td><<u>MDC</u></td></mdc<>		< <u>MDC</u>
Ce-141			<mdc< td=""><td></td><td></td></mdc<>		
Ce-144			<mdc< td=""><td></td><td></td></mdc<>		
Nb-95		<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td></td><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td></td><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>		<mdc< td=""></mdc<>
Ba-La-140		<mdc< td=""><td></td><td></td><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>			<mdc< td=""></mdc<>





Waterborne Effluents

Summaries of the radionuclide total curie activities, average diluted concentrations, and percent of applicable Technical Requirement limits are included in Tables 2-3 and 2-4.

	Batch Releases*	<u>Qtr. 1</u>	<u>Qtr. 2</u>	<u>Qtr. 3</u>	<u>Qtr. 4</u>	<u>Annual</u>
1.	Number of Batch Releases	28	48	49	23	148
2.	Total Time Period for a Batch Release	3.71E+03	6.58E+03	7.59E+03	1.74E+03	1.96E+04
3.	Maximum Time Period for a Batch Release	3.00E+02	3.08E+02	3.07E+02	2.81E+02	3.08E+02
4.	Average Time Period for a Batch Release	1.33E+02	1.37E+02	1.55E+02	7.55E+01	1.33E+02
5.	Minimum Time Period for a Batch Release	3.00E+01	2.90E+01	3.00E+01	3.20E+01	2.90E+01
6.	Average Cooling Tower Blowdown Flow Rate During Periods of Release	1.22E+04	9.47E+03	1.12E+04	1.24E+04	1.09E+04
7.	Susquehanna River Flow Rate	1.29E+07	1.76E+07	1.10E+07	1.12E+07	1.32E+07

*Units of time and flow are expressed in minutes and gallons per minute (gpm), respectively.

If a radionuclide was not detected, zero activity was used for that isotope in dose calculations and the activity is listed as "<MDC" (less than the miniumum detectable concentration) in Tables 2-3 and 2-4. <MDC indicates that no activity was positively detected in any sample when samples were analyzed with techniques which achieved the required Lower Limits of Detection (LLD) as specified in the Technical Requirement 3.11.1.1-1, Radioactive Liquid Waste Sampling and Analysis Program. In all cases, the measurement laboratory MDCs were at or below the LLD levels required by Technical Requirements. The following are typical measurement laboratory MDCs.

<u>Radionuclide</u>	<u>MDC (µCi/ml)</u>
Mn-54	4.5 E-08
Fe-59	5.0 E-08
Co-58	4.0 E-08
Co-60	5.4 E-08
Zn-65	4.9 E-08
Mo-99	1.7 E-07
l-131	2.0 E-08
Cs-134	2.2 E-08
Cs-137	2.6 E-08
Ce-141	3.2 E-08
Ce-144	1.3 E-07
Sr-89	4.4 E-08
Sr-90	1.6 E-08
Fe-55	8.2 E-07
H-3	3.6 E-06
Gross Alpha	3.7 E-09

Abnormal Releases

1.	Number of releases	0	0	0	0
2.	Volume Released (Gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3.	Total Activity Released (Ci)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

1



TABLE 2-3

WATERBORNE EFFLUENT - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

			First	Second	Third	Fourth
Α.	Fission and Activation Products	Unit	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	1. Total Release (excluding: Tritium, Ent.]]]
	Gases, Alpha)	Ci	2.30E-03	5.27E-03	1.00E-02	5.30E-03
	2. Average Diluted Concentration					
Ļ	During Period	µCi/ml	1.34E-08	2.23E-08	3.12E-08	6.52E-08
	3. Sum of Average Diluted C _n /L _n Ratio					
_	During Period	Unitless	3.10E-04	5.43E-04	8.63E-04	1.90E-03
L	Percent of Applicable Limit (Ratio < 1.0)	%	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.20
В.	Tritium			1		
Ļ	1. Total Release	Ci	1.18E+01	1.78E+01	1.81E+01	4.09E+00
	2. Average Diluted Concentration					
	During Period	μCi/ml	6.89E-05	7.56E-05	5.65E-05	5.03E-05
L	3. Percent of Applicable Limit (1.0E-2 µCi/ml)	%	0.69	0.76	0.57	0.50
~						
С.	Dissolved and Entrained Gases					
_	1. Total Release		<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>7.08E-06</td><td>5.74E-06</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>7.08E-06</td><td>5.74E-06</td></mdc<>	7.08E-06	5.74E-06
	2. Average Diluted Concentration	µCi/ml	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.21E-11	7.06E-11
ŀ	During Period			0.005.00		
L	3. Percent of Applicable Limit (2.0E-4 µCi/ml)	%	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.10E-05	3.53E-05
D.	Radionuclide Fractional Summation					
Γ	1. Sum of Percent of Applicable Limit During					
	Period for A, B and C (Limit = 100%)	%	0.72	0.81	0.66	0.70
_						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
E.	Gross Alpha Radioactivity					
	1. Total Release	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>5.87E-06</td><td>3.91E-05</td><td>1.46E-05</td></mdc<>	5.87E-06	3.91E-05	1.46E-05
F.	Volume of Water Released	Gallons	2.79E+05	5.02E+05	5.93E+05	1.14E+05
	(Prior to Dilution)	Liters	1.06E+06	1.90E+06	2.24E+06	4.31E+05
					_	
G.	Volume of Dilution Water	Gallons	4.52E+07	6.18E+07	8.40E+07	2.14E+07
	Used During Period of Release	Liters	1.71E+08	2.34E+08	3.18E+08	8.09E+07
	-					
Н.	Volume of Dilution Water	Gallons	1.45E+09	1.19E+09	1.78E+09	1.58E+09
	Used Over Entire Period	Liters	5.49E+09	4.50E+09	6.73E+09	5.97E+09
				·····		·

WATERBORNE EFFLUENT - RADIONUCLIDES RELEASED

		Releases in Batch Mode					
Nuclides	Unit	First	Second	Third	Fourth		
Released		Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter		
A. Fission and Activ	ation I	Products	L				
Na-24	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Cr-51	Ci	2.99E-04	3.04E-04	1.04E-06	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Mn-54	Cì	1.47E-05	1.87E-05	3.92E-05	2.05E-06		
Fe-55	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Co-58	Ci	1.51E-04	1.13E-03	1.78E-03	5.91E-04		
Fe-59	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>2.06E-06</td><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	2.06E-06	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Co-60	Ci	1.18E-03	3.45E-03	7.78E-03	4.33E-03		
Zn-65	Ci	6.57E-04	3.63E-04	4.17E-04	3.71E-04		
Sr-89	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Sr-90	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Nb-95	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>6.66E-07</td><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	6.66E-07	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Tc-99m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Sb-124	Sb-124 Ci		<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Cs-137	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Sb-125	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Ta-182	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td>2.75E-06</td><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	2.75E-06	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Total for Period	Ci	2.30E-03	5.27E-03	1.00E-02	5.30E-03		
B. Tritium							
Total for Period	Ci	1.18E+01	1.78E+01	1.81E+01	4.09E+00		
C. Dissolved and En	traine	d Gases	-				
Ar-41	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Kr-85	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Kr-85m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
<u>Kr-87</u>	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Kr-88	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>5.74E-06</td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>5.74E-06</td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>5.74E-06</td></mdc<>	5.74E-06		
Xe-131m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Xe-133m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Xe-133	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>4.98E-06</td><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>4.98E-06</td><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	4.98E-06	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Xe-135m	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Xe-135	Ci	<mdc< td=""><td><mdc< td=""><td>2.10E-06</td><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<></td></mdc<>	<mdc< td=""><td>2.10E-06</td><td><mdc< td=""></mdc<></td></mdc<>	2.10E-06	<mdc< td=""></mdc<>		
Total for Period	Ci	0	0	7.08E-06	5.74E-06		

Figure 2-1









TABLE 2-5

ESTIMATED TOTAL ERRORS ASSOCIATED WITH EFFLUENTS MEASUREMENTS

		MEASUREMENT	ESTIMATED TOTAL ERROR
1.	Airl	porne Effluents	
	a.	Fission and Activation Gases	15.9%
	b.	I-131	13.3%
	c.	Particulates (incl. Gross Alpha)	15.8%
	d.	Tritium	13.6%
2.	Wat	terborne Effluents	
	a.	Fission and Activation Products	5.0%
	b.	Tritium	3.3%
	c.	Dissolved and Entrained Gases	8.4%
	d.	Gross Alpha Activity	6.0%
	e.	Volume of Waste Released (Prior to Dilution)	5.0%
	f.	Volume of Dilution Water Used During Period	15.0%
			ESTIMATED MAXIMUM

3. Solid Wastes

a.	Bead Resin / Charcoal – Class A HIC (Pyrolysis)	±25%
b.	CFS Backwash Media – Class A HIC (Pyrolysis)	±25%
c.	CFS Filters - Class A HIC (Pyrolysis)	±25%
d.	Condensate Demineralizer / Radwaste Demineralizer - Class A HIC (Pyrolysis)	±25%
e.	Contaminated Waste Oil – Class A Fuel Blending for Co-Generation	±25%
f.	Liquid Radwaste Filter Media - Class A HIC (Pyrolysis)	±25%
g.	Processed DAW – Class A HIC (Compacted)	±25%
h.	Processed DAW Class A Strong Tight Container (Compacted)	±25%
i.	Sump Sludge – Class A HIC (Pyrolysis)	±25%

MEASUREMENT ERROR

SUSQUEHANNA STEAM ELECTRIC STATION

RADIOACTIVE WASTE REPORT

RADIOACTIVE EFFLÜENT RELEASE REPORT

SOLID RADIOACTIVE WASTE

DATA PERIOD:

JANUARY 1, 2011 - DECEMBER 31, 2011

PREPARED BY:

MICHAEL C. MICCA HEALTH PHYSICIST

APPROVED BY:

RICK KESSLER RADIOLOGICAL OPERATIONS SUPERVISOR

REPORT NOTES

- 1. All activities reported in Milli-Curies (mCi) unless otherwise noted.
- 2. Reported activities, as indicated with the (<) sign, are comprised in whole or part of MDL values.
- 3. Estimated maximum measurement error is $\pm 25\%$.

TABLE 2-6

WASTE DISPOSITION

Data Period: January 1, 2011 - December 31, 2011

A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFF-SITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL

Number of ShipmentsMode of TransportationDestinationNONE

B. IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS

Number of Shipments Mode of Transportation Destination

NONE

NOTE: The number of shipments listed in A include only the shipments from PPL Susquehanna, LLC to a disposal site. It does not include shipments made to or from volume reduction vendors.

Table 2-7

Annual Waste Release Summary Report

Year: 2011
Class: A Volume Reduction Vendor: Yes
Source: Bead Resin/Charcoal
Container: HIC (High Integrity Container)
Process: Pyrolysis

Nuclides	Activity (mCi)	% of Total
C-14	7.810E-03	0.02 %
CO-58	5.110E-03	0.01 %
CO-60	1.200E+01	30.44 %
CS-137	7.170E-01	1.82 %
FE-55	1.250E+01	31.71 %
H-3	5.570E+00	14.13 %
I-129	6.970E-03	0.02 %
MN-54	6.320E+00	16.03 %
NI-63	1.040E+00	2.64 %
SR-90	1.530E-02	0.04 %
TC-99	6.180E-02	0.16 %
ZN-65	1.180E+00	2.99 %
_		
Total Activity (Ci) 0.039	100.00 %
Container Volume	25.390 ft3	0.719 m3

Table 2-8

Annual Waste Release Summary Report

			Year:	20	11			
Class:	A		Volu	ıme	Reducti	ion	Vendor:	Yes
	Sou	rce:	CFS B	ack	wash Me	dia		
Cor	ntainer:	HIC	(High	Int	cegrity	Cor	ntainer)	
		Pro	cess:	Pyr	olysis			

Nuclides	Activity (mCi)	% of Total
C-14 .	1.800E+00	0.01 %
CO-58	7.720E+01	0.62 %
CO-60	2.690E+03	21.59 %
CR-51	3.560E+01	0.29 %
CS-137	5.310E-01	0.00 %
FE-55	9.080E+03	72.87 %
FE-59	7.370E+00	0.06 %
H-3	2.720E+01	0.22 %
I-129	7.100E-02	0.00 %
MN-54	3.460E+02	2.78 %
NB-95	4.960E+00	0.04 %
NI-63	7.480E+01	0.60 %
SR-90	6.520E-01	0.01 %
TA-182	6.200E+00	0.05 %
TC-99	6.470E-01	0.01 %
ZN-65	1.040E+02	0.83 %
ZR-95	4.170E+00	0.03 %
Total Activity (Ci)	12.461	100.00 %
Container Volume	17.260 ft3	0.489 m3

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Annual Waste Release Summary Report

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	Year: 2011	
Class: A	Volume Reduction Vendor: Ye	s
	Source: CFS Filters	
Container:	HIC (High Integrity Container)	
	Process: Pyrolysis	

Nuclides .	Activity (mCi)	% of Total
C-14	3.970E+00	0.01 %
CO-58	1.220E+02	0.43 %
CO-60	5.990E+03	21.21 %
CR-51	1.290E+02	0.46 %
CS-137	1.180E+00	0.00 %
FE-55	2.020E+04	71.52 %
FE-59	3.170E+01	0.11 %
Н-З	1.660E+01	0.06 %
I-129	1.170E-01	0.00 %
MN-54	1.190E+03	4.21 %
NB-95	1.680E+01	0.06 %
NI-63	1.660E+02	0.59 %
SR-90	1.440E+00	0.01 %
TC-99	1.070E+00	0.00 %
ZN-65	3.720E+02	1.32 %
Total Activity (Ci)	28 242	100 00 %
Container Volume	53.720 ft3	1.521 m3

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Annual Waste Release Summary Report

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		Year: 2011
Clas	ss: A	Volume Reduction Vendor: Yes
Source:	Condensate	Demineralizer / Radwaste Demineralizer
	Container:	HIC (High Integrity Container)
		Process: Pyrolysis

Nuclides	Activity (mCi)	% of Total
C-14	1.940E+03	18.34 %
CO-58	7.150E+02	6.76 %
CO-60	4.470E+03	42.25 %
CR-51	4.050E+01	0.38 %
CS-137	7.130E+00	0.07 %
FE-55	1.110E+03	10.49 %
FE-59	3.740E+00	0.04 %
H-3	3.810E+02	3.60 %
I-129	2.180E-01	0.00 %
I-131	9.920E-02	0.00 %
MN-54	1.370E+03	12.95 %
NB-95	2.990E+01	0.28 %
NI-63	1.110E+02	1.05 %
SB-124	2.730E-01	0.00 %
SB-125	1.470E+00	0.01 %
SN-113	2.020E+00	0.02 %
SR-90	1.730E+00	0.02 %
TC-99	1.660E+00	0.02 %
ZN-65	3.700E+02	3.50 %
ZR-95	2.460E+01	0.23 응
		
Total Activity (C	(i) 10.580	100.00 %
Container Volume	157.100 ft3	4.449 m3

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Annual Waste Release Summary Report

Year: 2011 Class: A Volume Reduction Vendor: Yes Source: Contaminated Waste Oil Container: None Process: Fuel Blending for Co-Generation

Activity (mCi)	% of Total
< 1.080E-03	0.01 %
1.150E+00	9.63 %
1.840E-03	0.02 %
9.170E-01	7.68 %
9.820E+00	82.22 %
< 2.380E-04	0.00 %
3.960E-02	0.33 %
8.140E-03	0.07 %
< 5.840E-03	0.05 %
0.012	100.00 %
0.000 ft3	0.000 m3
	Activity (mCi) < 1.080E-03 1.150E+00 1.840E-03 9.170E-01 9.820E+00 < 2.380E-04 3.960E-02 8.140E-03 < 5.840E-03 .0.012 0.000 ft3

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Annual Waste Release Summary Report

			Year:	201	11				
Class:	A		Volu	ume	Red	luction	on	Vendor:	Yes
	Source:	Liqui	d Rad	lwast	te 🛛	Filte	er 1	Media	
Cor	ntainer:	HIC	(High	Int	egr	ity 🖉	Cor	tainer)	
		Proc	ess:	Pyro	oly	sis			

Nuclides	Activity (mCi)	% of Total
		
C-14	5.690E-02	0.00 %
CO-58	3.240E+01	0.37 %
CO-60	1.530E+03	17.29 %
CR-51	1.410E+01	0.16 %
CS-137	4.120E-01	0.00 %
FE-55	6.790E+03	76.74 %
H-3	2.520E+01	0.28 %
I-129	1.360E-02	0.00 %
MN-54	2.420E+02	2.74 %
NB-95	1.320E+00	0.01 %
NI-63	1.020E+02	1.15 %
SR-90	4.340E-02	0.00 %
TA-182	7.130E+00	0.08 %
TC-99	1.780E-01	0.00 %
ZN-65	1.030E+02	1.16 %
Total Activity (Ci)	8.848	100.00 %
Container Volume	16.280 ft3	0.461 m3

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Annual Waste Release Summary Report

			Year:	20	11			
Class:	А		Volu	ıme	Reducti	on	Vendor:	Yes
		Sourc	e: Pro	oces	ssed DAW	7		
Cor	ntainer:	HIC	(High	Int	egrity	Cor	tainer)	
		Pro	cess:	Com	pacted			

Nuclides	Activity (mCi)	% of Total
C-14	4.200E-01	0.01 %
CO-58	1.150E+02	2.70 %
CO-60	1.070E+03	25.11 %
CS-137	3.700E+00	0.09 %
FE-55	2.430E+03	57.04 %
H-3	2.170E-01	0.01 %
I-129	1.240E-03	0.00 %
MN-54	1.370E+02	3.22 %
NB-95	5.570E+00	0.13 %
NI-63	4.950E+01	1.16 %
SR-89	3.970E+00	0.09 %
SR-90	2.940E-02	0.00 %
TC-99	1.070E-02	0.00 %
ZN-65	4.450E+02	10.44 %
Total Activity (Ci) 4.260	100.00 %
Container Volume	22.200 ft3	0.629 m3

Annual Waste Release Summary Report

Year: 2011 Class: A Volume Reduction Vendor: Yes Source: Processed DAW Container: Strong Tight Container Process: Compacted

Nuclides	Activity (mCi)	% of Total
~ ~ ~ ~		
C-14	3.592E-01	0.00 %
CO-58	7.354E+00	0.07 %
CO-60	2.709E+03	25.27 %
CR-51	4.106E-01	0.00 %
CS-137	2.364E+00	0.02 %
FE-55	·7.445E+03	69.47 %
FE-59	2.098E-02	0.00 %
H-3	1.383E+02	1.29 %
HF-181	3.820E-04	0.00 %
I-129	2.710E-02	0.00 %
MN-54	2.229E+02	2.08 %
NB-94	3.160E-03	0.00 %
NB-95	6.260E-02	0.00 %
NI-59	7.560E-01	0.01 %
NI-63	1.563E+02	1.46 %
SB-124	8.780E-05	0.00 %
SB-125	3.210E-04	0.00 %
SR-90	1.577E-02	0.00 %
TA-182	8.890E-02	0.00 %
TC-99	1.058E-01	0.00 %
ZN-65	3.489E+01	0.33 %
ZR-95	2.230E-02	0.00 %
Total Activity (Ci)	10.718	100.00 %
Container Volume	4601.350 ft3	130.298 m3

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Annual Waste Release Summary Report

	Year: 2011	
Class: A	Volume Reduction Vendor:	Yes
	Source: Sump Sludge	
Container:	HIC (High Integrity Container)	
	Process: Pyrolysis	

Nuclides	Activity (mCi)	% of Total
C-14	9.900E+00	0.96 %
CO-58	2.770E-01	0.03 %
CO-60	2.150E+02	20.84 %
CS-137	1.450E+00	0.14 %
FE-55	7.480E+02	72.52 %
Н-З	1.320E+01	1.28 %
HF-181	1.590E-01	0.02 %
I-129	1.570E-01	0.02 %
MN-54	1.760E+01	1.71 %
NB-95	5.150E-01	0.05 %
NI-63	2.150E+01	2.08 %
TC-99	4.800E-01	0.05 %
ZN-65	2.540E+00	0.25 %
ZR-95	6.570E-01	0.06 %
Total Activity (Ci) 1.031	100.00 %
Container Volume	19.150 ft3	0.542 m3 ·

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SECTION 3

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METEOROLOGICAL DATA AND DISPERSION ESTIMATES

METEOROLOGY AND DISPERSION DATA

Meteorological data have been collected at the PPL Susquehanna, LLC site since the early 1970s. At the present time, the meteorological system is based on a 300-foot high tower located approximately 1,000 feet to the southeast of the plant. Wind sensors are mounted at the 10m and 60m elevations on this tower. Vertical temperature differential is measured with redundant sensor pairs between the 10m and 60m levels. Sigma theta (the standard deviation of horizontal wind direction) is calculated from wind direction at both levels. Dew point and ambient temperature sensors are present at the 10m level. Precipitation is measured at ground level.

A back-up meteorological tower was erected in 1982. It is a 10m tower providing alternate measurements of wind speed, wind direction, and sigma theta. A 10m supplemental downriver meteorological tower is also available. This tower measures wind speed, wind direction, sigma theta, temperature and dew point.

Meteorological data are transmitted to the plant Control Room, Technical Support Center, Emergency Operations Facility for emergency response availability, and ABSG Consulting, Inc. ABSG Consulting, Inc., located in Rockville, Maryland, provides meteorological consulting services to PPL Susquehanna, LLC.

Regulatory Guide 1.23 (Safety Guide 23) requires at least 90% data recovery for meteorological instrumentation. During 2011, all meteorological instrumentation met the 90% data recovery requirement. Table 3-1 lists the percent valid data recovery values for the parameters monitored as part of the PPL Susquehanna Meteorological Monitoring Program.

Dispersion modeling for effluents from normal operation is done using the MIDAS system XDCALC program, a straight-line Gaussian plume model designed to estimate average relative concentration. The model was developed in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.111. For periods when the wind speed is calm, the actual wind direction that last occurred is used.

XDCALC and the XQINTR program that interpolates X/Q values to exact locations both use terrain correction factors to account for the temporal and spatial variations in the airflow in the region. A straight-line trajectory model assumes that a constant mean wind transports and diffuses effluents in the direction of airflow at the release point within the entire region of interest. The terrain correction factors were taken from FSAR Table 2.3-128.

Tables 3-2 and 3-3 provide the joint frequency distribution of wind speed and direction (as a function of delta temperature) at the 10 and 60 meter elevations of the primary meteorological tower. Table 3-4 lists no decay, undepleted X/Q values at various distances from the site. Table 3-5 lists 2.26 day decay, undepleted X/Q values at various distances from the site. Table 3-6 lists 8-day decay, depleted X/Q values at various distances from the site and Table 3-7 is a listing of D/Q (relative deposition) values at various distances from the site.

TABLE 3-1

METEOROLOGICAL DATA RECOVERY FOR 2011

Parameter	Percent Valid Data Recovery
Wind Speed 10m - Primary ⁽¹⁾	99.3
Wind Speed 60m – Primary	99.3
Wind Speed $10m - Backup$ ⁽²⁾	99.5
Wind Speed 10m – Downriver (3)	100.0
Wind Direction 10m - Primary	98.4
Wind Direction 60m – Primary	98.4
Wind Direction 10m – Backup	99.6
Wind Direction 10m – Downriver	100.0
Temperature 10m – Primary	99.4
Dew Point 10m – Primary	100.0
Delta Temperature 60m – Primary	99.0
Sigma Theta 10m – Primary	98.4
Sigma Theta 60m – Primary	98.4
Sigma Theta 10m – Backup	99.6
Sigma Theta 10m – Downriver	100.0
Precipitation – Primary	100.0
Composite Parameters	
Wind Speed and Direction 10m, Delta Temperature 60-10m	98.1
Wind Speed and Direction 60m, Delta Temperature 60-10m	98.1
(1) SSES "Primary" meteorological tower	L
(2) SSES "Backup" meteorological tower	
(3) SSES "Downriver" meteorological tower	

TABLE 3-2

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Red	Period of Record = 1/1/2011 00:00 - 12/31/2011 23:00							
Elevation:	Speed:	10_SPD	Dir	rection: 1	0_WD	Lapse:	DT60-1	0A
Stability Clas	ss A		Delta Te	emperature	Extre	emely Uns	table	
				Wind	Speed (mp	h)		
Wind Directi	on	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ν		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE		0	0	3	0	0	0	3
NE		2	5	0	0	0	0	7
ENE		3	0	0	0	0	0	3
Ε		3	0	0	0	0	0	3
ESE		3	0	0	0	0	0	3
SE		3	0	0	0	0	0	3
SSE		1	1	0	0	0	0	2
S		1	0	2	0	0	0	3
SSW		2	4	2	0	0	0	8
SW		3	8	• 6	0	0	0	17
WSW	Ι,	2	2	1	0	0	0	5
W		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNW	V	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NW		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNW	,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		23	20	14	0	0	0	57
Calm I	Hours not	Included a	bove for :		To	tal Period		0
Variab	le Directi	on Hours fo	or:		То	tal Period		0
Invalid	Hours fo	or:			То	tal Period		167
Valid I	Hours for	this Stabili	ty Class fo	r:	То	tal Period		57
Total I	Total Hours for Period							8760

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

	Total Period							
Period of Record =		1/1/2011 00:00 - 12/31/2011 23:00						
Elevation: Speed:	10_SPD	Di	rection: 1	0_WD	Lapse:	DT60-1	0A	
Stability Class B		Delta Te	emperature	Mod	erately Un	stable		
			Wind	Speed (mp	h)			
Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Ν	0	1	2	0	0	0	3	
NNE	0	3	1	0	0	0	4	
NE	1	6	0	0	0	0	7	
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ε	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
ESE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
SSE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
S	1	2	5	0	0	0	8	
SSW	0	11	4	0	0	0	15	
SW	1	16	22	0	0	0	39	
WSW	0	3	8	1	0	0	12	
\mathbf{W}	0	1	2	0	0	0	3	
WNW	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	5	45	44	1	0	0	95	
Calm Hours no	t Included a	bove for :		Та	tal Period		0	
Variable Direct	ion Hours f	or:		To	tal Period		0	
Invalid Hours f	or:			То	tal Period		167	
Valid Hours for	• this Stabili	ty Class fo	or:	Τα	tal Period		95	
Total Hours for	Period						8760	

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SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

			10	tal renou	1				
Period of Record =		1/1/2011 00:00 - 12/31/2011 23:00							
Elevation: Speed: Stability Class C	10_SPD	D Direction: 10_WD Lapse: DT60-10A Delta Temperature Slightly Unstable							
	Wind Speed (mph)								
Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Ν	1	6	6	0	0	0	13		
NNE	1	10	9	1	0	0	21		
NE	0	31	1	0	0	0	32		
ENE	2	13	1	0	0	0	16		
Ε	7	4	1	0	0	0	12		
ESE	1	1	2	0	0	0	4		
SE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1		
SSE	0	1	5	0	0	0	6		
S	1	5	13	0	0	0	19		
SSW	3	22	7	1	0	0	33		
SW	0	43	30	4	0	0	77		
WSW	0	14	28	4	0	0	46		
W	0	3	9	0	0	0	12		
WNW	0	1	0	0	0	0	1		
NW	0	6	4	5	0	0	15		
NNW	0	1	11	3	0	0	15		
Total	16	162	127	18	0	0	323		
Calm Hours not	t Included a	bove for :		Тс	otal Period		0		
Variable Direct	Variable Direction Hours for:				otal Period		0		
Invalid Hours for:				Тс	otal Period		167		

Valid Hours for this Stability Class for: Total Hours for Period

3-6

Total Period

323

8760

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Record = 1/				1/1/2011 00:00 - 12/31/2011 23:00					
Elevation:	Speed:	10_SPD	10_SPD Direction: 10_WD Lapse: DT60-10						
Stability Clas	s D		Delta To	emperature	Neut	ral			
				Wind	Speed (mp	h)			
Wind Direction	<u>on</u>	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Ν		26	168	143	4	0	0	341	
NNE		77	212	43	0	0	0	332	
NE		141	203	10	0	0	0	354	
ENE		132	98	22	1	0	0	253	
Ε		117	49	10	0	0	0	176	
ESE		86	25	28	17	2	0	158	
SE		105	44	15	1	0	0	165	
SSE		81	103	12	1	0	0	197	
S		91	166	49	6	0	0	312	
SSW		81	209	39	1	0	0	330	
SW		63	301	163	15	0	0	542	
WSW		28	147	139	41	0	0	355	
W		17	77	87	42	0	0	223	
WNW	/	10	57	65	14	0	0	146	
NW		12	74	127	35	3	0	251	
NNW		7	90	139	11	0	0	247	
Total		1074	2023	1091	189	5	0	4382	
Calm H	lours not	Included	above for :		То	tal Period		0	
Variab	le Directi	on Hours	for:		То	tal Period		0	
Invalid	Hours fo	or:			То	tal Period		167	
Valid H	lours for	this Stabil	lity Class fo	or:	То	tal Period		4382	
Total H	lours for	Period						8760	

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

	Total Period							
Period of Record =	1/1/2011 00:00 - 12/31/2011 23:00							
Elevation: Speed:	10_SPD	Direction: 10_WD Lapse: DT60-10A					0A	
Stability Class E		Delta Temperature Slightly Stable						
			Wind	Speed (mp	h)			
Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Ν	27	46	2	1	0	0	76	
NNE	92	99	0	4	3	0	198	
NE	160	63	3	0	0	0	226	
ENE	330	24	1	0	0	0	355	
E	195	8	0	0	0	0	203	
ESE	113	5	2	0	0	0	120	
SE	125	9	2	0	0	0	136	
SSE	94	22	5	0	0	0	121	
S	137	94	11	1	0	0	243	
SSW	89	142	11	1	0	0	243	
SW	48	105	12	1	0	0	166	
WSW	16	46	4	1	0	0	67	
W	12	17	3	0	0	0	32	
WNW	6	7	0	0	0	0	13	
NW	8	14	3	0	0	0	25	
NNW	9	29	0	0	0	0	38	
Total	1461	730	59	9	3	0	2262	
Calm Hours not	Included a	bove for :		То	tal Period		0	
Variable Directi	ion Hours f	or:		To	tal Period		0	
Invalid Hours fo	or:			To	tal Period		167	
Valid Hours for	this Stabili	ty Class fo	r:	Τα	tal Period		2262	
Total Hours for	Period						8760	

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Record =		1/1/20	11 00:00	- 12/3	1/2011 23	:00	
Elevation: Speed:	10_SPD Direction: 10_WD Lapse: DT60-10A						
Stability Class F		Delta Te	emperature	Mod	erately Sta	ble	
			Wind	Speed (mp	h)		
Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ν	2	3	0	0	0	0	5
NNE	26	7	0	0	0	0	33
NE	106	7	0	0	0	0	113
ENE	391	11	0	0	0	0	402
E	171	0	0	0	0	0	171
ESE	48	0	0	0	0	0	48
SE	36	0	0	0	0	0	36
SSE	30	0	0	0	0	0	30
S	27	4	0	0	0	0	31
SSW	21	14	0	0	0	0	35
SW	3	7	0	0	0	0	10
WSW	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
. W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNW	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NW	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
NNW	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Total	868	55	0	0	0	0	923
Calm Hours not	t Included a	bove for :		То	tal Period		0
Variable Direct	ion Hours fo	or:		То	tal Period		0
Invalid Hours f	or:			То	tal Period		167
Valid Hours for	[•] this Stabili	ty Class fo	r:	То	tal Period		923
Total Hours for	Period						8760

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Record =		1/1/2011 00:00 - 12/31/2011 23:00				
Elevation: Speed	: 10_SPD	Direction: 10_V	ND Lapse:	DT60-10A		
Stability Class G		Delta Temperature	Extremely Stable	e		

Wind Speed (mph)

Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ν	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
NNE	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
NE	67	2	0	0	0	0	69
ENE	319	13	0	0	0	0	332
\mathbf{E}	85	0	0	0	0	0	85
ESE	23	0	0	0	0	0	23
SE	21	0	0	0	0	0	21
SSE	8	0	0	0	0	0	8
S	4	1	0	0	0	0	5
SSW	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
W	1	0	0	0	0.	0	1
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNW	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	534	17	0	0	0	0	551
Calm Hours r	ot Included a	bove for :		Το	tal Period		0
Variable Dire	ction Hours f	or:		То	tal Period		0
Invalid Hours	for:			Το	tal Period		167
Valid Hours f	or this Stabili	ity Class for	:	Total Period			551
Total Hours f	Total Hours for Period						8760

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SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 10m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Summary	of All	Stability	Classes
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Total Period 1/1/2011 00:00 - 12/31/2011 23:00 Period of Record = Direction: 10_WD **Elevation:** Speed: 10_SPD Lapse: DT60-10A Delta Temperature Wind Speed (mph) **Wind Direction** <u>1 - 4</u> <u>4 - 8</u> 8 - 13 <u>13 - 19</u> 19 - 25 <u>> 25</u> Total Ν **NNE** NE ENE E ESE SE SSE S **SSW** SW **WSW** W **WNW** NW **NNW** Total Calm Hours not Included above for : **Total Period** Variable Direction Hours for: **Total Period Invalid Hours for: Total Period** Valid Hours for this Stability Class for: **Total Period Total Hours for Period**

TABLE 3-3

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Record =		1/1/2011 00:0	0 - 12/31	1/2011 23:0	0
Elevation: Speed: (60_SPD	Direction:	60_WD	Lapse:	DT60-10A
Stability Class A		Delta Temperatur	e Extre	emely Unsta	ble

Wind Speed (mph)

Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>
Ν	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NNE	1	2	4	1	0	0	8
NE	2	3	0	0	0	0	5
ENE	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
E	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
SSE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
S	1	0	0	2	1	0	4
SSW	2	2	3	1	0	0	8
SW	3	2	7	4	0	0	16
WSW	0	5	0	1	0	0	6
W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNW	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	17	16	14	9	1	0	57
Calm Hours n	ot Included a	bove for :		Та	tal Period		1
Variable Direc	ction Hours f	0 r:		То	tal Period		0
Invalid Hours	for:			Τα	tal Period		165
Valid Hours fo	or this Stabili	ty Class fo	r:	Τα	tal Period		57
Total Hours for Perio	a 8760	-					

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Rec	ord =		1/1/2011 00:00 - 12/31/2011 23:00							
Elevation:	Speed:	60_SPD	Dir	ection: 6	50_WD	Lapse:	DT60-1	0A		
Stability Clas	s B		Delta Te	emperature	Mod	erately Uns	table			
				Wind	Speed (mp	h)				
Wind Direction	<u>)n</u>	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Ν		1	0	5	0	0	0	6		
NNE		0	2	5	0	0	0	7		
NE		1	0	1	0	0	0	2		
ENE		1	0	0	0	0	0	1		
E		0	0	1	0	0	0	1		
ESE		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
SE		1	0	0	0	0	0	1		
SSE		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
S		0	0	1	2	0	0	3		
SSW		0	1	9	5	0	0	15		
SW		0	5	29	12	0	0	46		
WSW		0	1	5	6	0	0	12		
W		0	0	1	0	0	0	1		
WNW	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
NW		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
NNW		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total		4	9	57	25	0	0	95		
Calm H	lours not	Included a	bove for :		Τα	tal Period		1		
Variabl	ion Hours fo	or:		Τα	tal Period		0			
Invalid Hours for:					Total Period 165					
Valid Hours for this Stability Class f				r:	Το	tal Period		95		
Total H	ours for	Period						8760		

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Re	cord =		1/1/2011 00:00 - 12/31/2011 23:00				
Elevation:	Speed:	60_SPD	Direction: 60_WD	Lapse: DT60-10A			
Stability Clas	ss C		Delta Temperature Slig	htly Unstable			

Wind Speed (mph)

Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Ν	0	4	13	3	0	0	20	
NNE	2	17	13	5	0	0	37	
NE	4	12	10	0	0	0	26	
ENE	3	2	1	0	0	0	6	
Ε	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	
ESE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
SE	0	1	3	0	0	0	4	
SSE	0	1	2	2	0	0	5	
S	1	1	7	8	1	0	18	
SSW	1	11	15	5	1	0	33	
SW	0	7	54	20	4	0	85	
WSW	0	2	19	15	3	0	39	
W	0	2	9	0	0	0	11	
WNW	0	1	4	3	0	0	8	
NW	0	1	4	11	1	0	17	
NNW	0	0	4	3	0	0	7	
Total	11	63	160	76	10	0	320	
Calm Hours n	ot Included a	bove for :		Τα	tal Period		1	
Variable Direc	tion Hours f	or:		Та	otal Period		0	
Invalid Hours	for:			Та	otal Period		165	
Valid Hours fo	or this Stabili	ity Class fo	r:	Total Period 32				
Total Hours fo	or Period						8760	

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SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

	Total Period									
Period of Record =		1/1/20	11 00:00) - 12/3	1/2011 23:0	00				
Elevation: Speed:	60_SPD	Di	rection: (50_WD	Lapse:	DT60-1	0A			
Stability Class D		Delta To	emperature	Neut	ral					
			Wind	Speed (mp	h)					
Wind Direction	<u>1-4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>			
Ν	23	116	148	22	1	0	310			
NNE	51	164	150	34	0	0	399			
NE	74	155	72	10	0	0	311			
ENE	58	56	34	9	0	0	157			
E	41	30	31	13	7	2	124			
ESE	31	35	18	17	9	6	116			
SE	43	52	32	10	0	1	138			
SSE	41	53	59	9	3	0	165			
S	46	65	118	31	18	0	278			
SSW	47	135	98	42	7	1	330			
SW	44	226	242	133	26	3	674			
WSW	19	84	169	127	41	1	441			
W	11	33	95	55	24	0	218			
WNW	10	23	89	52	14	1	189			
NW	3	33	133	64	10	0	243			
NNW	12	34	158	54	2	0	260			
Total	554	1294	1646	682	162	15	4353			
Calm Hours not	t Included a	above for :		То	tal Period		1			
Variable Directi	ion Hours f	or:		Total Period			0			
Invalid Hours fo	o r:			Total Period		165				
Valid Hours for	this Stabil	ity Class fo	or:	Total Period 4353						
Total Hours for	Period						8760			

TABLE 3-3

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Record =		1/1/20	11 00:00) - 12/3	1/2011 23:0	00		
Elevation: Speed: Stability Class E	60_SPD	Di Delta To	rection: (emperature	50_WD Sligł	Lapse: tly Stable	DT60-1	0A	
			Wind	Speed (mp	h)			
Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Tota</u>	
Ν	36	136	19	2	0	3	196	
NNE	110	206	71	3	3	2	395	
NE	118	75	21	3	0	0	217	
ENE	65	21	9	1	0	0	96	
E	46	27	9	0	0	0	82	
ESE	39	17	2	1	. 0	0	59	
SE	59	27	7	2	1	0	96	
SSE	36	32	25	5	0	0	98	
S	42	62	52	15	8	1	180	
SSW	34	76	104	20	3	0	237	
SW	24	121	134	23	2	0	304	
WSW	16	39	79	29	1	0	164	
W	7	17	14	0	0	0	38	
WNW	5	15	10	0	0	0	30	
NW	9	19	25	2	0	0	55	
NNW	6	21	10	1	0	0	38	
Total	652	911	591	107	18	6	2285	
Calm Hours no	t Included a	bove for :		Τα	tal Period		1	
Variable Direct	ion Hours f	or:		Τα	otal Period		0	
Invalid Hours f	or:		Total Period 1					
Valid Hours for	• this Stabili	ity Class fo	or:	Τα	tal Period		2285	
Total Hours for	Period			1				

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

1/1/2011 00:00 - 12/31/2011 23:00 Period of Record = **Elevation:** Direction: 60_WD Speed: 60_SPD Lapse: DT60-10A Stability Class F **Delta** Temperature Moderately Stable Wind Speed (mph) Wind Direction <u>4 - 8</u> <u>13 - 19</u> 1-4 <u>8 - 13</u> 19 - 25 <u>> 25</u> Total Ν NNE NE **ENE** E ESE SE SSE S SSW SW **WSW** W **WNW** NW **NNW** Total Calm Hours not Included above for : **Total Period** Variable Direction Hours for: **Total Period Invalid Hours for: Total Period** Valid Hours for this Stability Class for: **Total Period Total Hours for Period**

SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Total Period

Period of Record =			1/1/2011 00:0	0 - 12/31/2	011 23:0	00
Elevation:	Speed:	60_SPD	Direction:	60_WD	Lapse:	DT60-10A
Stability Clas	ss G		Delta Temperature	e Extreme	ely Stable	e

Wind Speed (mph)

Wind Direction	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u>19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Ν	8	46	3	0	0	0	57	
NNE	26	116	4	0	0	0	146	
NE	47	34	0	0	0	0	81	
ENE	29	5	0	0	0	0	34	
Ε	17	3	0	0	0	0	20	
ESE	19	4	0	0	0	0	23	
SE	14	3	0	0	0	0	17	
SSE	10	6	0	0	0	0	16	
S	13	34	0	0	0	0	47	
SSW	7	31	9	1	0	0	48	
SW	1	24	15	0	0	0	40	
WSW	1	1	2	0	0	0	4	
\mathbf{W}	2	2	0	0	0	0	4	
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NW	3	3	2	0	0	0	8	
NNW	1	4	2	0	0	0	7	
Total	198	316	37	1	0	0	552	
Calm Hours r	not Included a	above for :		Τα	tal Period		1	
Variable Dire	ction Hours f	or:		Τα	tal Period		0	
Invalid Hours	for:			Total Period				
Valid Hours f	or this Stabil	ity Class fo	r:	Total Period				
Total Hours f	or Period						8760	

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SSES JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION OF WIND SPEED AND WIND DIRECTION 60m VERSUS DELTA TEMPERATURE 60-10m FOR THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 2011 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2011 (Continued)

Joint Frequency Distribution

Hours at Each Wind Speed and Direction

Summary of All Stability Classes

j •••				То	otal Period					
Period of Record =			1/1/20	11 00:00	- 12/3	1/2011 23:0	00			
Elevation:	Speed:	60_SPD	Di	rection: 6	50_WD	Lapse:	DT60-1	0A		
			Delta T	emperature						
				Wind	Speed (mp	oh)				
Wind Direction	<u>on</u>	<u>1 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 8</u>	<u>8 - 13</u>	<u>13 - 19</u>	<u> 19 - 25</u>	<u>> 25</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Ν		89	394	194	27	1	3	708		
NNE		266	708	248	43	3	2	1270		
NE		320	339	109	13	0	0	781		
ENE		203	93	44	10	0	0	350		
E		145	64	42	14	7	2	274		
ESE		112	62	21	18	9	6	228		
SE		152	91	42	12	1	1	299		
SSE		113	107	86	16	3	0	325		
S		117	187	179	59	28	1	571		
SSW		102	284	250	75	11	1	723		
SW		78	411	502	193	32	3	1219		
WSW		38	139	284	184	45	1	691		
W		23	59	120	55	24	0	281		
WNW	7	16	40	103	55	14	1	229		
NW		17	59	164	77	11	0	328		
NNW		20	62	175	58	2	0	317		
Total		1811	3099	2563	909	191	21	8594		
Calm H	lours no	t Included a	bove for :		To	otal Period		1		
Variab	le Direct	ion Hours f	or:		Τα	otal Period		0		
Invalid	Hours f	o r:	Total Period					165		
Valid H	lours for	this Stabili	ity Class fo	or:	Та	otal Period		8594		
Total H	lours for	Period								



TABLE 3-4

					Mi	les				
Direction From	0 - 1	1 - 2	2 - 3	3 - 4	4 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50
N	4.39E-06	8.30E-07	3.43E-07	1.80E-07	1.16E-07	4.26E-08	1.16E-08	5.55E-09	3.47E-09	2.44E-09
NNE	8.08E-06	1.65E-06	7.35E-07	3.92E-07	2.52E-07	9.29E-08	2.53E-08	1.23E-08	7.82E-09	5.56E-09
NE	1.59E-05	2.98E-06	1.35E-06	7.63E-07	5.03E-07	1.97E-07	5.92E-08	2.96E-08	1.90E-08	1.38E-08
ENE	4.34E-05	8.13E-06	3.94E-06	2.32E-06	1.54E-06	6.10E-07	1.76E-07	8.53E-08	5.52E-08	4.05E-08
Е	2.02E-05	3.69E-06	1.62E-06	9.16E-07	6.11E-07	2.48E-07	7.82E-08	3.95E-08	2.55E-08	1.86E-08
ESE	1.03E-05	1.99E-06	8.97E-07	5.00E-07	3.32E-07	1.34E-07	3.70E-08	1.62E-08	1.04E-08	7.49E-09
SE	1.16E-05	2.28E-06	1.04E-06	5.88E-07	3.91E-07	1.59E-07	3.99E-08	1.47E-08	9.38E-09	6.75E-09
SSE	8.37E-06	1.63E-06	7.19E-07	4.01E-07	2.69E-07	1.15E-07	2.97E-08	1.05E-08	6.68E-09	4.78E-09
S	7.63E-06	1.62E-06	7.82E-07	4.49E-07	3.06E-07	1.41E-07	3.84E-08	1.31E-08	8.28E-09	5.90E-09
ssw	8.40E-06	1.69E-06	7.75E-07	4.37E-07	2.88E-07	1.19E-07	3.04E-08	1.15E-08	7.26E-09	5.16E-09
sw	6.59E-06	1.33E-06	6.25E-07	3.55E-07	2.36E-07	1.02E-07	2.56E-08	8.46E-09	5.27E-09	3.69E-09
wsw	3.76E-06	7.32E-07	3.40E-07	1.99E-07	1.36E-07	6.39E-08	1.98E-08	7.37E-09	3.75E-09	2.04E-09
w	1.86E-06	3.54E-07	1.52E-07	8.31E-08	5.44E-08	2.23E-08	5.99E-09	2.41E-09	1.49E-09	1.03E-09
WNW	1.19E-06	2.17E-07	8.67E-08	4.53E-08	2.88E-08	1.05E-08	2.81E-09	1.31E-09	8.06E-10	5.54E-10
NW	2.11E-06	3.91E-07	1.56E-07	7.99E-08	5.06E-08	1.82E-08	4.80E-09	2.27E-09	1.40E-09	9.71E-10
NNW	2.28E-06	4.32E-07	1.82E-07	9.65E-08	6.08E-08	2.12E-08	5.27E-09	2.49E-09	1.54E-09	1.07E-09

2011 SSES Annual Relative Concentrations - No Decay, Undepleted X/Q (sec/m³)





	<u> </u>				Mi	les				
Direction From	0-1	1 - 2	2 - 3	3 - 4	4 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50
N	4.38E-06	8.25E-07	3.40E-07	1.78E-07	1.13E-07	4.13E-08	1.09E-08	5.01E-09	3.00E-09	2.02E-09
NNE	8.07E-06	1.64E-06	7.27E-07	3.86E-07	2.47E-07	8.98E-08	2.36E-08	1.10E-08	6.65E-09	4.52E-09
NE	1.59E-05	2.96E-06	1.33E-06	7.48E-07	4.91E-07	1.89E-07	5.44E-08	2.57E-08	1.55E-08	1.06E-08
ENE	4.32E-05	8.06E-06	3.89E-06	2.27E-06	1.50E-06	5.83E-07	1.61E-07	7.37E-08	4.50E-08	3.11E-08
E	2.02E-05	3.65E-06	1.60E-06	8.94E-07	5.93E-07	2.35E-07	7.05E-08	3.32E-08	2.00E-08	1.36E-08
ESE	1.03E-05	1.97E-06	8.81E-07	4.88E-07	3.21E-07	1.27E-07	3.32E-08	1.35E-08	8.05E-09	5.41E-09
SE	1.16E-05	2.26E-06	1.03E-06	5.75E-07	3.79E-07	1.52E-07	3.61E-08	1.25E-08	7.43E-09	5.01E-09
SSE	8.35E-06	1.62E-06	7.09E-07	3.93E-07	2.62E-07	1.10E-07	2.72E-08	9.12E-09	5.46E-09	3.69E-09
S	7.62E-06	1.61E-06	7.73E-07	4.42E-07	3.00E-07	1.36E-07	3.57E-08	1.16E-08	7.00E-09	4.75E-09
SSW	8.39E-06	1.68E-06	7.68E-07	4.31E-07	2.83E-07	1.15E-07	2.87E-08	1.04E-08	6.31E-09	4.30E-09
SW	6.58E-06	1.33E-06	6.20E-07	3.51E-07	2.33E-07	9.95E-08	2.44E-08	7.80E-09	4.71E-09	3.19E-09
wsw	3.75E-06	7.29E-07	3.38E-07	1.97E-07	1.34E-07	6.26E-08	1.90E-08	6.85E-09	3.39E-09	1.79E-09
w	1.85E-06	3.52E-07	1.51E-07	8.21E-08	5.36E-08	2.17E-08	5.68E-09	2.20E-09	1.31E-09	8.81E-10
WNW	1.19E-06	2.16E-07	8.61E-08	4.49E-08	2.84E-08	1.03E-08	2.69E-09	1.22E-09	7.24E-10	4.83E-10
NW	2.11E-06	3.90E-07	1.55E-07	7.91E-08	5.00E-08	1.78E-08	4.59E-09	2.10E-09	1.26E-09	8.46E-10
NNW	2.28E-06	4.30E-07	1.81E-07	9.56E-08	6.00E-08	2.07E-08	5.05E-09	2.32E-09	1.39E-09	9.41E-10

2011 SSES Annual Relative Concentrations - 2.26-Day Decay, Undepleted X/Q (sec/m³)

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TABLE 3-6

					Mi	les	······			
Direction From	0 - 1	1 - 2	2 - 3	3 - 4	4 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50
N	4.01E-06	7.03E-07	2.77E-07	1.40E-07	8.65E-08	2.96E-08	7.11E-09	2.98E-09	1.67E-09	1.06E-09
NNE	7.39E-06	1.40E-06	5.94E-07	3.03E-07	1.89E-07	6.45E-08	1.55E-08	6.61E-09	3.74E-09	2.41E-09
NE	1.45E-05	2.53E-06	1.09E-06	5.90E-07	3.76E-07	1.37E-07	3.62E-08	1.57E-08	8.99E-09	5.88E-09
ENE	3.96E-05	6.88E-06	3.19E-06	1.79E-06	1.15E-06	4.22E-07	1.08E-07	4.52E-08	2.61E-08	1.73E-08
E	1.85E-05	3.12E-06	1.31E-06	7.07E-07	4.56E-07	1.71E-07	4.75E-08	2.08E-08	1.19E-08	7.81E-09
ESE	9.41E-06	1.69E-06	7.24E-07	3.86E-07	2.48E-07	9.23E-08	2.24E-08	8.50E-09	4.83E-09	3.14E-09
SE	1.06E-05	1.93E-06	8.41E-07	4.55E-07	2.92E-07	1.10E-07	2.43E-08	7.75E-09	4.40E-09	2.85E-09
SSE	7.64E-06	1.38E-06	5.81E-07	3.10E-07	2.01E-07	7.94E-08	1.81E-08	5.59E-09	3.16E-09	2.04E-09
S	6.97E-06	1.37E-06	6.32E-07	3.48E-07	2.29E-07	9.77E-08	2.36E-08	6.99E-09	3.95E-09	2.55E-09
SSW	7.68E-06	1.43E-06	6.27E-07	3.38E-07	2.16E-07	8.24E-08	1.87E-08	6.17E-09	3.49E-09	2.25E-09
sw	6.02E-06	1.13E-06	5.06E-07	2.75E-07	1.77E-07	7.10E-08	1.58E-08	4.57E-09	2.56E-09	1.63E-09
wsw	3.43E-06	6.20E-07	2.75E-07	1.55E-07	1.02E-07	4.46E-08	1.23E-08	3.99E-09	1.82E-09	9.02E-10
w	1.70E-06	3.00E-07	1.23E-07	6.44E-08	4.08E-08	1.55E-08	3.69E-09	1.30E-09	7.19E-10	4.53E-10
WNW	1.09E-06	1.84E-07	7.02E-08	3.51E-08	2.16E-08	7.32E-09	1.74E-09	7.11E-10	3.91E-10	2.45E-10
NW	1.93E-06	3.31E-07	1.27E-07	6.19E-08	3.80E-08	1.27E-08	2.97E-09	1.23E-09	6.80E-10	4.29E-10
NNW	2.08E-06	3.66E-07	1.47E-07	7.48E-08	4.56E-08	1.48E-08	3.26E-09	1.35E-09	7.51E-10	4.75E-10

2011 SSES Annual Relative Concentrations - 8-Day Decay, Depleted X/Q (sec/m³)

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					Mi	les				
Direction From	0-1	1 - 2	2 - 3	3 - 4	4 - 5	5 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50
N	2.59E-08	3.82E-09	1.57E-09	7.43E-10	4.39E-10	1.39E-10	3.33E-11	1.23E-11	6.54E-12	4.11E-12
NNE	3.35E-08	5.18E-09	2.25E-09	1.07E-09	6.30E-10	1.96E-10	4.57E-11	1.68E-11	8.99E-12	5.65E-12
NE	4.15E-08	6.26E-09	2.68E-09	1.30E-09	7.69E-10	2.48E-10	6.07E-11	2.23E-11	1.19E-11	7.49E-12
ENE	7.38E-08	1.15E-08	5.10E-09	2.50E-09	1.48E-09	4.67E-10	1.06E-10	3.73E-11	1.99E-11	1.25E-11
E	3.42E-08	4.99E-09	2.03E-09	9.71E-10	5.80E-10	1.91E-10	4.84E-11	1.78E-11	9.51E-12	5.97E-12
ESE	2.16E-08	3.27E-09	1.39E-09	6.73E-10	4.02E-10	1.33E-10	3.03E-11	9.78E-12	5.22E-12	3.28E-12
SE	2.64E-08	4.01E-09	1.75E-09	8.65E-10	5.20E-10	1.76E-10	3.65E-11	1.00E-11	5.34E-12	3.35E-12
SSE	2.53E-08	3.78E-09	1.61E-09	7.95E-10	4.84E-10	1.73E-10	3.80E-11	1.01E-11	5.40E-12	3.39E-12
S	3.04E-08	4.87E-09	2.29E-09	1.18E-09	7.32E-10	2.84E-10	6.62E-11	1.70E-11	9.06E-12	5.69E-12
SSW	3.90E-08	5.96E-09	2.67E-09	1.35E-09	8.19E-10	2.86E-10	6.35E-11	1.81E-11	9.67E-12	6.08E-12
SW	4.49E-08	7.13E-09	3.36E-09	1.74E-09	1.07E-09	4.03E-10	9.11E-11	2.32E-11	1.24E-11	7.78E-12
wsw	2.95E-08	4.55E-09	2.12E-09	1.14E-09	7.23E-10	2.98E-10	8.39E-11	2.43E-11	1.06E-11	5.21E-12
w	1.38E-08	2.07E-09	8.94E-10	4.46E-10	2.72E-10	9.73E-11	2.37E-11	7.44E-12	3.97E-12	2.49E-12
WNW	9.08E-09	1.31E-09	5.28E-10	2.52E-10	1.50E-10	4.85E-11	1.20E-11	4.41E-12	2.36E-12	1.48E-12
NW	1.79E-08	2.62E-09	1.05E-09	4.88E-10	2.89E-10	9.16E-11	2.20E-11	8.09E-12	4.32E-12	2.71E-12
NNW	1.85E-08	2.74E-09	1.16E-09	5.60E-10	3.28E-10	1.00E-10	2.25E-11	8.28E-12	4.42E-12	2.78E-12

2011 SSES Annual Relative Concentrations - D/Q (m⁻²)

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TABLE 3-8

2011 ATMOSPHERIC DISPERSION ESTIMATES FOR RETDAS INPUT AT SELECTED LOCATIONS

AFFECTED SECTOR	LOCATION	MILES	(1) X/Q	X/Q DEC	X/Q DEC+ (3) DEP	(4) DEPOSITION
11/SW	Maximum (X/Q) Site Boundary	0.61	1.18E-05	1.17E-05	1.06E-05	2.95E-08
9/S	Closest (X/Q) Site Boundary	0.38	6.66E-06	6.65E-06	6.20 E-06	4.18E-08
12 / WSW	Maximum (X/Q) Residence	1.3	1.01E-05	1.00E-05	8.65E-06	1.46E-08
16 / NNW	Maximum (D/Q) Residence	0.6	6.37E-06	6.35E-06	5.75E-06	1.84E-08
12 / WSW	Maximum (D/Q) Garden	1.3	1.01E-05	1.00E-05	8.65E-06	1.46E-08
12 / WSW	Maximum (D/Q) Dairy	1.7	6.82E-06	6.75E-06	5.70E-06	9.41E-09
12 / WSW	Maximum (D/Q) Meat Producer	1.7	6.82E-06	6.75E-06	5.70E-06	9.41E-09
3 / NE	Riverlands / EIC	0.7	4.04E-06	4.03E-06	3.60E-06	2.56E-08
12 / WSW	Tower's Club	0.5	4.33E-05	4.32E-05	3.95E-05	7.37E-08

NEAREST RESIDENCE WITHIN A 5-MILE RADIUS BY SECTOR

SECTOR	AFFECTED					X/Q DEC	
NUMBER	SECTOR		MILES	X/Q	X/Q DEC	+DEP	DEPOSITION
1	N	H. Burd	1.3	1.99E-06	1.97E-06	1.70E-06	6.18E-09
2	NNE	E. Ashbridge III	1	3.06E-06	3.05E-06	2.67E-06	1.19E-08
3	NE	W. Tuggle	0.9	2.80E-06	2.79E-06	2.46E-06	1.68E-08
4	ENE	R. Dickosky	2.1	4.42E-07	4.39E-07	3.63E-07	2.76E-09
5	E	L.Kozlowski/M. Witts	1.4	3.93E-07	3.91E-07	3.34E-07	2.33E-09
6	ESE	R. Panetta	0.5	1.19E-06	1.19E-06	1.08E-06	9.06E-09
7	SE	J. Futoma	0.5	2.11E-06	2.10E-06	1.92E-06	1.79E-08
8	SSE	M. Naunczek	0.6	1.73E-06	1.72E-06	1.56E-06	1.34E-08
9	S	S. Slusser	1	1.54E-06	1.53E-06	1.34E-06	7.75E-09
10	SSW	S. Molnar	0.9	3.45E-06	3.44E-06	3.03E-06	1.23E-08
11	SW	F. Michael	1.5	2.99E-06	2.96E-06	2.53E-06	6.27E-09
12	WSW	F. Michael	1.3	1.01E-06	1.00E-06	8.65E-06	1.46E-08
13	W	F. Hummel	1.2	5.22E-06	5.17E-06	4.48E-06	7.38E-09
14	WNW	R. Orlando	0.8	5.10E-06	5.06E-06	4.51E-06	9.63E-09
15	NW	B. Kramer	0.7	7.06E-06	7.02E-06	6.30E-06	1.48E-08
16	NNW	G. John	0.6	6.37E-06	6.35E-06	5.75E-06	1.84E-08

NEAREST GARDEN WITHIN A 5-MILE RADIUS BY SECTOR

SECTOR NUMBER	AFFECTED SECTOR	NAME	MILES	X/Q	X/Q DEC	X/Q DEC +DEP	DEPOSITION
1	N	N B. J. Wojcik		5.20E-07	5.12E-07	4.07E-07	1.40E-09
2	NNE	R. Chapin	2.3	8.80E-07	8.72E-07	7.17E-07	3.05E-09
3	NE	M. Welch	2.7	5.49E-07	5.44E-07	4.40E-07	2.89E-09
4	ENE	G. Dennis	2.4	3.62E-07	3.59E-07	2.94E-07	2.26E-09
5	E	W. Daily	1.8	2.62E-07	2.60E-07	2.18E-07	1.53E-09
6	ESE	B. Smith	3.1	5.72E-08	5.67E-08	4.51E-08	3.29E-10
7	SE	T. Scholl	0.6	1.59E-06	1.59E-06	1.44E-06	1.30E-08
8	SSE	H. Roinick	2.9	1.38E-07	1.36E-07	1.09E-07	8.40E-10
9	S	T. Stemrich	2.7	2.96E-07	2.93E-07	2.37E-07	1.32E-09
10	SSW	S. Bodnar	1.2	2.28E-06	2.26E-06	1.96E-06	7.58E-09
11	SW	R. Broody	1.9	2.07E-06	2.05E-06	1.71E-06	4.23E-09
12	WSW	F. Michael	1.3	1.01E-05	1.00E-05	8.65E-06	1.46E-08
13	W	F. Hummel	1.2	5.22E-06	5.17E-06	4.48E-06	7.38E-09
14	WNW	P. Moskaluk	1.3	2.47E-06	2.45E-06	2.11E-06	4.18E-09
15	NW	D. Goff	1.8	1.73E-06	1.71E-06	1.44E-06	2.99E-09
16	NNW	P. Culver	4	3.24E-07	3.17E-07	2.46E-07	6.10E-10

NEAREST ANIMAL RAISED FOR MEAT CONSUMPTION WITHIN A 5-MILE RADIUS BY SECTOR

SECTOR NUMBER	AFFECTED SECTOR	NAME	MILES	X/Q	X/Q DEC	X/Q DEC+DEP	DEPOSITION
2	NNE NNE	R.Chapin	2.3	8.80E-07	8.72E-07	7.17E-07	3.05E-09
4	ENE	G.Dennis	2.4	3.62E-07	3.59E-07	2.94E-07	2.26E-09
5	E	W. Daily	1.8	2.62E-07	2.60E-07	2.18E-07	1.53E-09
6	ESE	B. Smith	3.1	5.72E-08	5.67E-08	4.51E-08	3.29E-10
10	SSW	K. & C. Drasher	3.5	3.92E-07	3.85E-07	3.03E-07	1.07E-09
12	WSW	T. & M Berger	1.7	6.82E-06	6.75E-06	5.70E-06	9.41E-09

ALL DAIRY LOCATIONS

SECTOR NUMBER	AFFECTED SECTOR	NAME	MILES	X/Q	X/Q DEC	X/Q DEC+DEP	DEPOSITION
5	E	W.Bloss	4.5	5.44E-08	5.85E-08	4.08E-08	2.72E-10
10	SSW	K. & C. Drasher	3.5	3.92E-07	3.85E-07	3.03E-07	1.07E-09
10	SSW	K.Davis	14.01	2.87E-08	2.69E-08	1.79E-08	5.28E-11
12	WSW	T. & M. Berger	1.7	6.82E-06	6.75E-06	5.70E-06	9.41E-09
13	W	J. Dent	5	5.07E-07	4.90E-07	3.72E-07	4.61E-10

1	X/Q	RELATIVE CONCENTRATION (SEC/M ³)
2	X/Q DEC	DECAYED AND UNDEPLETED, HALF-LIFE 2.26 DAYS (SEC/M ³)
3	X/Q DEC+DEP	DECAYED AND DEPLETED, HALF-LIFE 8 DAYS (SEC/M ³)
4	DEPOSITION	RELATIVE DEPOSITION RATE (1/M ²)



FIGURE 3-1

2011 ANNUAL WIND ROSE 10M LEVEL - PRIMARY TOWER



This wind rose displays the frequency of hourly average wind direction from a given sector. In 2011, the predominant wind direction occurred 15.8 % of the time from the ENE sector. The average wind speed was 4.8 mph and the average wind speed for the predominant sector (ENE) was 2.8 mph. The sector with the highest average wind speed was NW (8.7 mph).

FIGURE 3-2

2011 ANNUAL WIND ROSE 60M LEVEL – PRIMARY TOWER



This wind rose displays the frequency of hourly average wind direction from a given sector. In 2011, the predominant wind direction occurred 14.8 % of the time from the NNE sector. The average wind speed was 7.5 mph and the average wind speed for the predominant sector (NNE) was 5.9 mph. The sector with the highest average wind speed was WSW (10.8 mph.).

FIGURE 3-3

PASQUIL STABILITY CLASS PREVALENCES DATA Period: 2011

Joint Frequency Distributions at 10 Meters Wind Speed and Direction 10M vs. Delta Temperature 60-10M (Based on 8,593 Valid Hours)



SECTION 4

DOSE MEASUREMENTS AND ASSESSMENTS
Radiological Impact on Man

Sampling and analysis of airborne and waterborne effluents were performed in accordance with the frequencies, types of analysis, and Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) outlined in the PPL Susquehanna, LLC Technical Requirements Manual.

Radioactive material was detected in some of the airborne and waterborne effluent samples analyzed. Dose calculations using measured and calculated effluent activity levels, meteorological data from the current reporting period and average river flow dilution factors resulted in estimated doses to individuals at levels below 10 CFR 20 and 10 CFR 50, Appendix I limits. Direct radiation resulting from plant operation (reported in the 2011 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report) contributed a maximum of 6.68E-1 mrem (measured at TLD Location 9S2 and based on an occupancy time by a member of the public of 20 hours per quarter) at the Protected Area Boundary south of the plant. Based on airborne effluent sample data, the maximum organ (including thyroid)/total body dose is 4.52E-1 mrem (CHILD, LUNG Table 4-4). The maximum organ/total body dose from all liquid effluent is 6.00E-3 mrem (TEEN, LIVER Table 4-2). Conservatively adding the maximum organ/total body dose from liquid and gaseous effluent and the maximum total body dose determined from direct radiation results in a dose of 1.13 mrem, which is 4.5% of the 40CFR190 limit of 25 mrem to total body/organ (except thyroid) and 1.5% of the 40CFR190 limit of 75 mrem to the thyroid.

Doses to a maximally exposed member of the public from waterborne effluents are calculated for fish ingestion and shoreline exposure at the plant outfall, and drinking water ingestion at Danville, PA. Site specific parameters used in the calculations for the Danville receiver, specific for actual average blowdown and river level for the entire year are shown in Table 4-1.

TABLE 4-1

SITE-SPECIFIC PARAMETERS USED FOR RETDAS CALCULATIONS (DANVILLE RECEIVER) FOR 2011

PARAMETER	ENTIRE YEAR
Cooling Tower Blowdown (CFS)	25.4
Average Net River Level (ft.)	9.0
Dilution Factor at Danville ⁽¹⁾	1071.8
Transit time to Danville (hr.) ⁽¹⁾	14.7

⁽¹⁾From ODCM-QA-005, Att. E

Summaries of maximum individual doses resulting from airborne and waterborne radioactive effluent releases from each unit are given in Table 4-2. Meteorological data from Section 3 were used to calculate the dose from airborne effluents.

The Radioactive Effluent Release Report includes an assessment of the radiation dose from radioactive effluents to members of the public within the site boundary. Within the Site Boundary there are several areas frequented by members of the public. There are no significant exposure pathways from waterborne effluents in these areas. Doses from airborne effluent are calculated for members of the public for the following locations: Riverlands Energy Information Center, the Towers Club, and residence with the maximum X/Q value; the garden, dairy and meat producing farm with the maximum D/Q value; and the site boundary with the maximum X/Q value. Summaries of the calculated maximum doses within the site boundary and selected locations beyond the site boundary resulting from airborne effluents are presented in Table 4-4. The above referenced locations are shown on Figure 4-1.

In the area comprising the Riverlands recreation area, which surrounds the Energy Information Center, three pathways of radiation exposure can be identified: plume, ground, and inhalation. There are no significant exposure pathways from waterborne effluents in this area. There are approximately 100,000 visitors to the Riverlands/Energy Information Center complex each year. For dose calculations, it is assumed the visitor stays in the area for one hour. The calculated dose rate and collective dose for visitors to the Riverlands/Energy Information Center during 2011 are shown on Table 4-3.

Use of the RETDAS code yields calculated doses for the Riverlands area for the report period. These doses assume an occupancy factor of 100% for a member of the public during 2011. These calculated dose values are shown on Table 4-4.

In Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 2, "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactive Material in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents and Solid Waste", the NRC has recommended that U.S. nuclear power plants evaluate whether Carbon-14 (C-14) is a "principal radionuclide", and if so, report the amount of C-14 released. Radioactive effluent releases of C-14 have not increased but the decline in releases of other radionuclides has resulted in C-14 possibly becoming more prominent, specifically in airborne effluents. This regulatory guidance has led to an industry initiative to evaluate and report C-14 in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

Information for C-14 dose impact is included as supplemental information in this report. Reportable values for dose impact do not include C-14 contribution. C-14, with a half-life of 5730 years, is a naturally occurring isotope of carbon produced by cosmic ray interactions in the atmosphere. Nuclear weapons testing in the 1950s and 1960s significantly increased the amount of C-14 in the atmosphere. C-14 is

also produced in commercial nuclear reactors, but the amounts produced are much less than those produced naturally or from weapons testing.

In December 2010 the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) published Report 1021106, "Estimation of Carbon-14 in Nuclear Power Plant Gaseous Effluents", which provides conservative technical guidance to support the calculation of C-14 released in radioactive effluents. The calculation of C-14 discharged from the Susquehanna station and resultant offsite dose during 2011 is based upon the methodology outlined in the referenced EPRI report. In a BWR the majority of C-14 is generated in the reactor core by neutron activation of reactor coolant, specifically ¹⁷O(n, α) ¹⁴C . Thus C-14 generation is directly proportional to reactor power. As documented in the EPRI report, approximately 99% of the C-14 produced in the reactor core is discharged as gaseous effluent (primarily as CO₂) through the offgas system and released from the Turbine Building vents. The remaining 1% is released in the form of solid radwaste. There is minimal (<1%) C-14 released in the liquid effluent pathway. Based on the EPRI methodology, approximately 23 Curies of C-14 were released in gaseous effluents in 2011.

The airborne effluent pathway with the highest offsite dose potential (for C-14 releases) is the vegetation ingestion pathway. The maximum expected annual dose from C-14 released from Susquehanna Unit-1 (1.83E-1 mrem) and Unit-2 (1.55E-1 mrem) has been calculated based on methodology in Regulatory Guide 1.109 and includes site specific parameters (e.g., nearest garden with highest X/Q value, producing both broad leaf and non-broad leaf vegetation). The maximum organ dose from airborne effluent C-14 released from the Susquehanna station in 2011 is well below the 10CFR50, Appendix I, ALARA design objective (i.e., 15 mrem/yr per unit). The annual dose to the maximally exposed individual from all gaseous releases of C-14 (calculated by the above referenced methodology) is 3.38E-1 mrem to the critical organ (bone) and 6.74E-2 mrem to the total body.

Conservatively adding the maximum dose (calculated based on liquid and gaseous effluent sample results combined with direct radiation results) referenced on page 4-2 to the maximum dose due to the calculated release of C-14 (3.38E-1 mrem, CHILD, BONE) bounds the dose that any member of the public receives from station operations to 1.47 mrem, which is 6% of the 40CFR190 limit of 25 mrem to total body/organ (except thyroid) and 2% of the 40CFR190 limit of 75 mrem to the thyroid.

TABLE 4-2

SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC ⁽⁴⁾ DATA PERIOD: 1/1/11 TO 12/31/11

UNIT	EFFLUENT	AGE GROUP	APPLICABLE ORGAN	ESTIMATED MAXIMUM DOSE (MREM/MRAD)	LOCA	ATION	PERCENT OF LIMIT	LIMIT (MREM/ MRAD) ⁽²⁾
					DIST (MILES)	AFFECTED SECTOR		
1	Liquid ⁽¹⁾	Teen	Total Body	2.12E-03	()	3)	0.07	3
1	Liquid ⁽¹⁾	Teen	Liver	3.00E-03	(3)	0.03	10
1	Noble Gas	N/A	Air Dose (Gamma- MRAD)	0	0.5	WSW	0	10
1	Noble Gas	N/A	Air Dose (Beta-MRAD)	0	0.5	WSW	0	20
1	Airborne Iodine, Tritium and Particulates	Child	Liver	2.73E-01	0.5	WSW	1.8	15
2	Liquid ⁽¹⁾	Teen	Total Body	2.12E-03	(3)	0.07	3
2	Liquid ⁽¹⁾	Teen	Liver	3.00E-03	(3)		0.03	10
2	Noble Gas	N/A	Air Dose (Gamma- MRAD)	0	0.5	WSW	0	10
2	Noble Gas	N/A	Air Dose (Beta-MRAD)	0	0.5	WSW	0	20
2	Airborne Iodine, Tritium and Particulates	Child	Lung	1.79E-01	0.5	WSW	1.2	15

⁽¹⁾Estimated dose is based on a site total activity release equally divided between Unit 1 and Unit 2.

⁽²⁾10 CFR 50, Appendix I limits are in terms of mrad or mrem/reactor-year for airborne and waterborne effluent from each unit.

⁽³⁾Doses from liquid effluent are estimated from fish ingestion and shoreline exposure at the site outfall and from the drinking water pathway at Danville, PA.

⁽⁴⁾Dose due to calculated release of C-14 not included.

TABLE 4-3

CALCULATED COLLECTIVE DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC WITHIN THE RIVERLANDS/ENERGY INFORMATION CENTER COMPLEX DATA PERIOD: 1/1/11 TO 12/31/11

EFFLUENT	AGE GROUP	APPLICABLE ORGAN	DOSE RATE ⁽¹⁾ (MREM/HR)	COLLECTIVE DOSE ⁽²⁾ (PERSON-REM)
Noble Gas	N/A	Total Body	0	0
Noble Gas	N/A	Skin	0	0
lodine, Tritium and Particulates ⁽³⁾	Child	GI-LLI	4.93E-06	4.93E-04

⁽¹⁾Estimated dose and dose rate is based on annual site total activity release.

⁽²⁾Collective dose is based on 100,000 person-hours.

⁽³⁾ Dose due to calculated release of C-14 not included.

TABLE 4-4

SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL DOSES FROM AIRBORNE EFFLUENT

	LOCATION	PATHWAY	MAXIMUM TOTAL BODY DOSE (MREM)		MAXIMUM ORGAN DOSE (MREM)		MAXIMUM THYROID DOSE (MREM)	
1.	Maximum site boundary X/Q							
		Total (All)	1.24E-01	(CHILD)	1.24E-01	(CHILD, LUNG)	1.23E-01	(CHILD)
2.	Maximum X/Q Residence							
	Maximum D/Q Garden	Total (All)	1.05E-01	(CHILD)	1.05E-01	(CHILD, LUNG)	1.05E-01	<u>(C</u> HILD)
3.	Maximum D/Q Dairy +							
	Maximum D/Q Meat	Total (All)	7.10E-02	(CHILD)	7.11E-02	(CHILD, LUNG)	7.10E-02	(CHILD)
4.	Tower's Club							
		Total (All)	4.52E-01	(CHILD)	4.52E-01	(CHILD, LUNG)	4.51E-01	(CHILD)
5.	Riverland/EIC							
		Total (All)	4.31E-02	(CHILD)	4.32E-02	(CHILD, GI-LLI)	4.30E-02	(CHILD)

Note: The doses shown above are based on 100% occupancy at the indicated locations. They are based on a composite of all pathways resulting in a total dose to the maximally exposed individual due to airborne effluents from both Unit-1 and Unit-2 operations. Dose due to calculated release of C-14 not included.



AIRBORNE-DOSE CALCULATION LOCATIONS



Indicates airborne-dose calculation location per Table 4-4

SECTION 5

CHANGES TO THE OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM), TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS MANUAL (TRM) AND THE SOLID RADIOACTIVE WASTE PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM

CHANGES TO THE OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL

The PPL Susquehanna, LLC ODCM consists of nine (9) individual procedures.

ODCM-QA-003, Effluent Monitor Setpoints, was revised in 2011. Revision 7 was issued on March 24, 2011. The revision incorporated setpoint guidance to support the current airborne effluent SPING (System Particulate, Iodine and Noble Gas) units as well as the VERMS (Vent Effluent Radiation Monitoring System) units.

ODCM-QA-008, Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program, was revised in 2011. Revision 14 was issued October 21, 2011. The revision: a) added a new groundwater sampling location; b) deleted three dairy farm locations which were no longer in operation and c) updated a note to clarify that some dairy farms may not participate in the REMP milk sampling program but are still listed in the ODCM since the exposure pathway exists.

CHANGES TO THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS MANUAL

Section 3.11 and 3.6.1 of the Unit-1 and Unit-2 Technical Requirements Manual (TRM) by reference are part of the ODCM. The following limits and requirements are contained in Section 3.11: liquid and gaseous effluent dose limits, liquid and gaseous effluent treatment system operability criteria (based on effluent dose), liquid and gaseous effluent treatment system operability criteria and the conduct of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program. Section 3.6.1 contains requirements for venting or purging of primary containment.

There were no changes to TRM Sections 3.6.1 or 3.11 during 2011.

PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM CHANGES

The following changes were made to the Process Control Program and implementing procedures during 2011. None of the changes reduce the overall conformance of the solidified waste product to existing criteria for solid wastes. All changes were reviewed and approved (as necessary) by the Plant Operations Review Committee (PORC) as documented on the attached summary of procedure changes. The following procedures were changed:

- 1. WM-RP-107, Transfer and Dewater A (B) RWCU Phase Separator
- 2. WM-RP-113, Transfer and Dewatering of Waste Mix Tanks
- 3. WM-RP-106, Transfer and Dewatering Bead Resin
- 4. MT-EO-051, Fuel Pool Cleanout Operation of EnergySolutions Shielded Transfer Bell and Verification of No Free-Standing Water in FEXM High Integrity Container
- 5. CH-TP-055, Solid Radwaste 10CFR61 Correlation Factor Determination Sample Collection and Preparation
- 6. WM-RP-104, Gross Dewatering
- 7. WM-RP-112, Dewatering to Waste Disposal Criteria
- 8. ME-0RF-172, Fuel Pool Cleanout EnergySolutions Operating Guidelines for Use of Polyethlyene High Integrity Containers

NDAP-QA-0646 continues to fully implement the requirements and intent of the following:

- 1. Sections 11.4 and 13.5 of the FSAR
- 2. Section 3.7.4 of the Technical Requirements Manual
- 3. 10 CFR 20, 10 CFR 61, 10 CFR 71, 49 CFR 100-177, and 40 CFR 261

Compliance with all applicable regulatory requirements listed above continues to be met as the result of these changes to the program. These changes to the Process Control Program will not reduce the overall conformance of the solidified waste product to existing criteria for solid wastes.

PROCEDURE REVISION SUMMARY WM-RP-107, TRANSFER AND DEWATER A (B) RWCU PHASE SEPARATOR

1. Change in Step 7.5.4.a to incorporate change in vendors procedure.

PROCEDURE REVISION SUMMARY WM-RP-113, TRANSFER AND DEWATERING OF WASTE MIX TANKS

1. Change in Step 7.5.4.a to incorporate change in vendors procedure.

PROCEDURE REVISION SUMMARY WM-RP-106, TRANSFER AND DEWATERING BEAD RESIN

1. Change in Step 7.5.4.a to incorporate change in vendors procedure.

PROCEDURE REVISION SUMMARY MT-EO-051, FUEL POOL CLEANOUT-OPERATION OF ENERGYSOLUTIONS SHIELDED TRANSFER BELL AND VERIFICATION OF NO FREE STANDING WATER IN FEXM HIGH INTERGRITY CONTAINER

- 1. Changes reflect revisions made to EnergySolutions FP-OP-023, Rev. 9.
- 2. Made various administrative changes.
- 3. Added CAUTION before Step 8.2.1
- 4. Added checkboxes at Notes and Cautions

PROCEDURE REVISION SUMMARY CH-TP-055, SOLID RADWASTE 10CFR61 CORRELATION FACTOR DETERMINATION – SAMPLE COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

- 1. Deleted PCAF 2007-1223 (Admin change). Reincorporated pertinent changes as below.
- 2. Change procedure format, owner and adherence level.
- 3. Minor typographical changes
- 4. Deleted specific waste type information and Reference NDAP-QA-0646 for information.
- 5. Changed volume to Grams on FORM CH-TP-055-1, and updated Waste Stream information.

- 6. Added clarification about performing isotopic analyses based on deadtime criteria in Section 7.1. Updated sample frequency and quantity requirements in Section 7.1
- 7. Updated requirement for saving remaining original composite until vendor results are evaluated.
- 8. Move multiple notes to above the step they expand and made others procedure steps as appropriate.
- 9. Add Radwaste Health Physicist to Recommended Reviews
- 10. Adjust sampling frequency from 9 months to 1 year per Health Physicist-Radwaste and added provision for Health Physicist-Radwaste to be able to change frequency.
- 11. Added step in records section allowing the continued use of previous revisions of the FORM that are in use.
- 12. Update references.

PROCEDURE REVISION SUMMARY WM-RP-104, GROSS DEWATERING

1. Added note to clarify how to proceed following completion of Step 6.4.4.

PROCEDURE REVISION SUMMARY WM-RP -112, DEWATERING TO WASTE DISPOSAL CRITERIA

1. Added note to clarify how to proceed following completion of Step 6.6.8.

PROCEDURE REVISION SUMMARY ME-0RF -172, FUEL POOL CLEANOUT - ENERGYSOLUTIONS OPERATING GUIDELINES FOR USE OF POLYETHYLENE HIGH INTEGRITY CONTAINERS

- 1. Revise vendor name throughout procedure.
- 2. Revisions in accordance with EnergySolutions FO-AD-002, Revision 35 changes.
- 3. Add checkboxes to Notes and Cautions.

SECTION 6

MISCELLANEOUS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS MANUAL (TRM), FSAR, 40CFR190 AND NEI GROUNDWATER PROTECTION INITIATIVE REPORTING

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1. TRM Action 3.11.1.4.F.2 requires the reporting of Liquid Radwaste Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation inoperability not corrected in a timely manner.

The liquid radwaste discharge radiation monitor was declared inoperable at 0815 on 1/13/11 (requiring entry into TRO 3.11.1.4 Condition B) due to a leak in the detector canister assembly. Replacement parts were ordered to repair the leaking canister. The replacement parts were not available onsite until 1/26/11. TRO 3.11.1.4 Condition F was entered at 0815 on 1/27/11 due to exceeding the 14 day return to service requirement of TRO 3.11.1.4 Condition B. The liquid radwaste discharge radiation monitor detector canister leak was repaired and the monitor was declared operable at 1227 on 1/27/11.

The liquid radwaste discharge radiation monitor was declared inoperable at 0543 on 10/15/11 (requiring entry into TRO 3.11.1.4 Condition B) due to a problem with circuit boards related to detector response. Multiple attempts were made to repair/replace the failed circuit boards. TRO 3.11.1.4 Condition F was entered at 0543 on 10/29/11 due to exceeding the 14 day return to service requirement of TRO 3.11.1.4 Condition B. The liquid radwaste discharge radiation monitor circuit board problem was corrected and the monitor was declared operable at 1411 on 11/5/11.

2. TRM Action 3.11.1.5.C.1 requires the reporting of Radioactive Liquid Process Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation inoperability not corrected in a timely manner.

None to report for 2011.

3. TRM Action 3.11.2.6.K requires an explanation for Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation required actions and completion times not met.

None to report for 2011.

4. TRM Action 3.11.4.1.F.2 requires reporting the cause of the unavailability of milk or fresh leafy vegetable samples and identify the new locations for obtaining replacements.

None to report for 2011.

5. TRM Action 3.11.4.2.A requires reporting when land use census identifies a new location which yields a calculated dose or dose commitment greater than the values currently being calculated in Requirement 3.11.2.3 (Gaseous Effluent Dose due to lodine, Tritium, and Radionuclides in Particulate Form).

None to report for 2011.

6. TRM Action 3.11.4.2.B requires reporting when land use census identifies locations that yield a calculated dose or dose commitment (via the same exposure pathway) 20 percent greater than at a location from which samples are currently being obtained in accordance with Requirement 3.11.4.1 (Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program).

None to report for 2011.

- 7. The limits outlined in 40CFR190.10 (Environmental Standards for the Uranium Fuel Cycle-Standards for Normal Operations) were not exceeded by station operations during 2011. Refer to Section 2 and Section 4 for specific values.
- 8. FSAR Section 11.6.11 requires the reporting of airborne radioactivity detected in the Low Level Radwaste Holding Facility.

Only naturally occurring airborne radioactivity was detected above analysis MDC's in air samples from the Low Level Radwaste Holding Facility during 2011.

9. The PPL Susquehanna station has implemented an Action Plan in response to the NEI Initiative on Groundwater Protection. Part of the Action Plan includes the assessment of the current groundwater monitoring program. Groundwater is sampled and analyzed quarterly as part of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP). REMP groundwater sampling locations are defined in ODCM-QA-008 Attachment G. In August 2006, additional groundwater sampling was initiated at locations which are not listed in the ODCM. The additional locations are three manholes which collect water from a perimeter drain system. The perimeter drain system consists of perforated piping installed just above the footing along the exterior base of the vertical walls of the reactor, turbine and radwaste buildings. Outlined in Table 6-1 are the tritium analysis results from sampling of the perimeter drain system. No nuclear by-product gamma emitting radionuclides were identified above analysis MDC's for the perimeter drain samples in 2011. The tritium results reported in Table 6-1 did not exceed any Reporting Level thresholds in the PPL Susquehanna Technical Requirements Manual or any reporting criteria established in response to the NEI Groundwater Protection Initiative. Figure 6-1 is a trend graph of airborne and waterborne effluent tritium releases from the PPL Susquehanna Station starting in 1982.

TABLE 6-1



Perimeter Drain Sampling Results: 2011

	Manhole FD-1	<u>Manhole_FD-2</u>	Manhole FD-3
	(7S9 - E of U2 CST)	(16S3- NW corner of RW Bldg.)	(9S3 - I/S RCA @ U2 HP Cont. Pt. Closet)
Date	Tritium (pCi/liter)	Tritium (pCi/liter)	Tritium (pCi/liter)
2/7/2011	223	318	417
5/16/2011	215	237	195
8/16/2011	152	261	210
11/14/2011	153	216	234



Figure 6-1



6-5

SECTION 7

CORRECTIONS TO PREVIOUS RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORTS

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CORRECTIONS TO PREVIOUS RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORTS

No corrections to previous Radioactive Effluent Release Reports are submitted for this report period.

SECTION 8

EFFLUENT FROM SYSTEMS CLASSIFIED AS INSIGNIFICANT EFFLUENT PATHWAYS

EFFLUENT FROM SYSTEMS CLASSIFIED AS INSIGNIFICANT EFFLUENT PATHWAYS

Insignificant Effluent Pathways are: 1) evaporation from the Unit 1 and Unit 2 Condensate Storage Tanks (CST's); 2) evaporation from the common Refueling Water Storage Tank (RWST); 3) gaseous effluent from the Hydrogen Seal Oil, Main Turbine and RFPT lubrication oil mist eliminators which vent to the turbine building roofs.

These pathways are not continuously monitored. The CSTs and RWST are sampled monthly to determine the concentration of radionuclides present in these tanks. Tritium analysis on these samples is performed quarterly. Airborne release to the environment from the tanks is estimated based on conservative estimates of the evaporation rates from each of the tanks using a modified method established within Chapter 7 of EPA AP-42. A conservative carry-over fraction of radionuclides from the water to the evaporated liquid is then assumed. Airborne release to the environment from the demisters conservatively assumes the maximum moisture (condensate) concentration of the lubrication oil as measured via sampling during 2011. The calculation also assumes immediate removal of 100% of the water by the oil mist eliminators as it passes through the turbines.

The annual release of tritium, iodines and particulates with half-lives greater than 8 days was calculated based on the conservative assumptions outlined above. The calculated releases are shown in Table 8-1. All nuclides, except for tritium, released from insignificant effluent pathways are negligible compared to the airborne release data shown in Tables 2-1 and 2-2. The maximum dose to the public from a release of 4.50 Ci of tritium is calculated to be 4.34E-2 mrem (child). This is a small fraction of the maximum dose from airborne effluent reported in Section 4.

TABLE 8-1

ANNUAL RELEASE FROM SYSTEMS CLASSIFIED AS INSIGNIFICANT EFFLUENT PATHWAYS

Nuclide	<u>RWST</u> (Ci)	U1-CST and Main Turbine/RFPT <u>Lube Oil Systems</u> (Ci)	U2-CST and Main Turbine/RFPT <u>Lube Oil Systems</u> (Ci)	<u>Total</u> (Ci)
Н-3	4.66E-02	2.25E+00	2.20E+00	4.50E+00
Mn-54	6.74E-09	2.58E-06	2.80E-07	2.86E-06
Co-60	4.06E-08	7.21E-06	8.96E-07	8.14E-06
Co-58	6.17E-09	5.28E-06	7.38E-07	6.02E-06
Zn-65	1.54E-09	9.67E-07	1.49E-07	1.12E-06

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