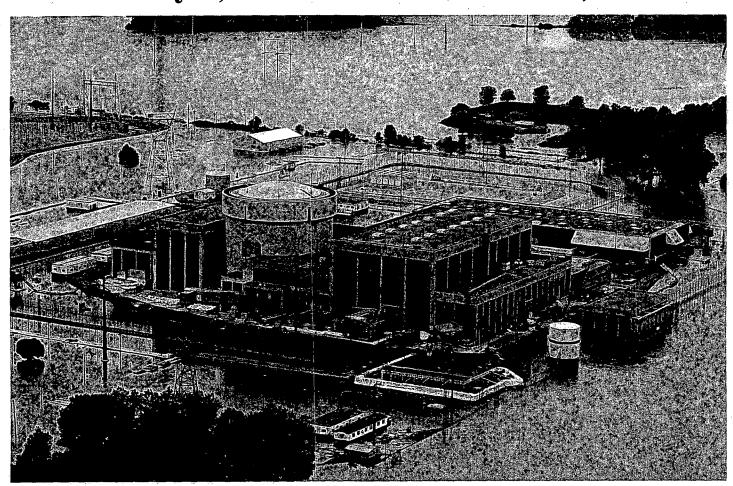
Omaha Public Power District Fort Calhoun Station Unit No. 1

Annual Report
For
Technical Specification
Section 5.9.4.a

January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011



Omaha Public Power District Fort Calhoun Station Unit No. 1

Annual Report For Technical Specifications, Section 5.9.4.a

January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011

Annual Radiological Effluent Release Report

This report is submitted in accordance with Section 5.9.4.a of the Technical Specifications of Fort Calhoun Station Unit No. 1, Facility Operating License DPR-40 for the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011. The Effluent Report is presented in the format outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 1.

In addition, this report provides the results of quarterly dose calculations performed in accordance with the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual. Results are presented by quarter for the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011.

Descriptions of any changes made during the preceding twelve months to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual and/or the Process Control Program for the Fort Calhoun Station are presented.

PRC RECOMMENDS

Division Manager Nuclear Operations/Plant Manager

MAR 2 8 2012

PRC MTG. MINUTES

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Annual Radiological Effluent Release Report, for Fort Calhoun Station Unit No. 1, is submitted as required by Technical Specification 5.9.4.a for the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011.

1.1 Executive Summary

The Radioactive Effluent Monitoring program for the year 2011 was conducted as described in the following report. Major efforts were made to maintain the release of radioactive effluents to the environment as low as reasonably achievable.

The total airborne activity released from noble gas was 0.823 curies. This was a decrease from the 2010 activity of 2.02 curies. This decrease is attributed to 2011 being an outage year with the station being off line approximately nine months.

The total airborne activity from I-131, I-133, and particulates with half-lives > 8 days in 2011 was 1.09E-05 curies. This was an increase from the 2010 activity of 0.00E+00 curies. During 2011, effluent samples obtained from both effluent stacks identified detectable concentrations of isotopes that could be related to operation of Fort Calhoun Station from 22 March-2011 to 19 April 2011. The concentrations detected were above levels historically observed for the plant's status during that period. Concentrations returned to those historically observed levels after 19 April-2011. Given the events of March 2011 at the Dai-Ichi plant, Fukushima Japan and the associated airborne releases and subsequent trans-Pacific transportation, the slightly elevated concentrations detected at these release points are reasonably attributed to the Dai-Ichi releases. However, the concentrations detected at Fort Calhoun and projected doses are conservatively included in this report for completeness.

The total airborne activity from Tritium was 4.79 curies. This was an increase from the 2010 activity of 2.5 curies. This increase is attributed to 2011 being a refueling outage year.

The total airborne activity from C-14 was 0.68 curies. This was a decrease from the 2010 activity of 2.36 curies. This decrease is attributed to 2011 being a refueling outage year and extended plant shutdown from Missouri river flood conditions. Airborne activity from C-14 is included in the 2011 annual report, per Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 2. This is a calculated value based on power generation and days of operation. Critical organ doses from C-14

were calculated using a ratio of 15% as CO₂. This ratio was determined during an NRC in-plant source term study conducted at the Fort Calhoun Station between 1976 and 1977, NUREG/CR-0140.

Dose contributions from airborne effluents at the unrestricted area boundary were; 9.72-04 mRad gamma air dose, 1.53E-03 mRad beta air dose, 2.94E-01 mRem total body dose, and 1.26E+00 mRem critical organ dose. Gamma and beta dose showed a slight decrease from 2010 levels of 3.36E-03 mRad gamma air dose and 1.60E-03 mRad beta air dose. The slight decrease in immersion dose occurred in spite significant reductions in activity released due to the station being off line. Whole body and critical organ doses increased from 2010 levels of 1.58E-01 mRem total body dose and 7.72E-01 mRem critical organ dose. The marked increase in inhalation/ingestion doses occurred in spite significant reductions in activity released. Station flooding resulted in the meteorological tower being inoperable for a large portion of the year. Off-site data used to generate the report had a significant increase in station X/Q values. Fort Calhoun Station is procedurally required to perform dose calculations using real time met data (dose estimates are performed using annual average X/Q values). X/Q value used for report generation was 6.80E-05 sec/m³. The highest annual average X/Q to date at the station, determined using on site data with at least 90% recovery, is 1.30E-05 sec/m³.

Total water activity (excluding tritium, dissolved gases, and alpha) released in 2011 in liquid effluents was 1.97E-03 curies. This was approximately equal to the 2010 activity of 1.98E-03 curies. The total water tritium activity released in 2011 in liquid effluents was 83.2 curies. This was a decrease from the 2010 activity of 178.3 curies. This decrease is attributed to extended station outage. Radioactive liquid volume released increased by 36% due to the station refueling outage and reactor cavity leakage, yet released activity decreased.

The calculated whole body dose due to liquid effluents at the site discharge from all sources in 2011 was 2.64E-02 mRem. This was an increase from the 2010 dose of 2.35E-02 mRem. The extended station outage lowered the dilution volume during releases and raised the dose exposure, despite lower nuclide concentrations in the waste stream.

The calculated critical organ dose due to liquid effluents at the site discharge from all sources in 2011 was 4.79E-02 mRem. This was an increase from the 2010 dose of 3.18E-02 mRem due to an

Liquid dose calculations were made for swimming, boating and fishing pathways despite the fact that flooding forced law enforcement to secure access to the river during the seasons when these activities typically occur. Dose calculations did not include the historical release rates (3-4 times higher than summer/fall norms) which occurred at the site. Calculations were made using the USAR dilution factors for river flows since no empirical data existed for the higher flows. Flooding also made many of the locations north, south, and east of the plant uninhabitable, and many of these sites remain so. Calculations were performed as if these sites were indeed inhabited, and deposition from atmospheric release was possible. No suitable methodology existed for partial occupancy dose determinations. The calculation of both liquid and gaseous doses at the site using default ODCM factors and off site meteorological data did produce higher dose, however, projected doses are conservatively included in this report for completeness.

The Fort Calhoun Station meteorological system had a cumulative recovery rate of 39.43% from the station meteorological tower with the remaining 60.57% provided by the National Weather Service, for the joint frequency parameters required by Regulatory Guide 1.23 for wind speed, wind direction, and delta temperature. The lower recovery rate was due to the loss of the onsite tower from flood damage.

There were no abnormal releases during 2011.

During 2011 there were was one change to the Offsite Dose Calculations Manual (ODCM) and no changes to the Process Control Program (PCP).

For 2011, the total volume of buried solid radwaste was 76.62 cubic meters. This was an increase from the 64.22 cubic meters of solid waste buried in 2010.

The total buried activity for 2011 was 2.951 curies, 2.56 curies from spent resin and 0.391 curies from dry compressables. This was a decrease from the 2010 value of 3.50 curies. Overall, the radioactive effluent monitoring program was conducted in a manner to ensure the activity released and associated dose to the public were maintained as low as reasonably achievable.

2.0 SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

2.1 Regulatory Limits

The ODCM Radiological Effluent Control Specifications applicable to the release of radioactive material in liquid and gaseous effluents are described in the following sections.

2.1.1 Fission and Activation Gases (Noble Gases)

The release rate of radioactive material in airborne effluents shall be controlled such that the instantaneous concentrations of radionuclides do not exceed the values specified in 10 CFR 20 for airborne effluents at the unrestricted area boundary. To support plant operations, Supervisor - System Chemistry may increase this limit up to the limits specified in Technical Specification 5.16.1.g.

Technical Specification 5.16.1.g establishes the administrative control limit on the concentration resulting from radioactive material, other than noble gases, released in gaseous effluents to unrestricted areas conforming to ten times 10 CFR 20.1001-20.2401, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1. For noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to five times 10 CFR 20.1001-20.2401, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1.

The air dose due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents to areas at or beyond the unrestricted area boundary shall be limited to the following:

- During any calendar quarter: Less than or equal to 5 mRad for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 10 mRad for beta radiation, and
- b. During any calendar year: Less than or equal to 10 mRad for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 20 mRad for beta radiation.
- 2.1.2 <u>Doses from I-131, I-133, C-14, Tritium, and Radioactive</u>

 <u>Material in Particulate Form with Half Lives Greater than 8</u>

 <u>Days (Other than Noble Gases).</u>
 - a. The dose to an individual or dose commitment to any

organ of an individual in unrestricted areas due to the release of I-131, I-133, C-14, H-3, and radioactive material in particulate form with half-lives greater than eight days (other than noble gases) in airborne effluents shall not exceed 7.5 millirem from all exposure pathways during any calendar quarter.

b. The dose to an individual or dose commitment to any organ of an individual in unrestricted areas due to the release of I-131, I-133, C-14, H-3, and radioactive materials in particulate form with half-lives greater than eight days (other than noble gases) in airborne effluents shall not exceed 15 millirem from all exposure pathways during any calendar year.

2.1.3 Liquid Effluents

The release rate of radioactive material in liquid effluents shall be controlled such that the instantaneous concentrations for radionuclides, other than dissolved or entrained noble gases, do not exceed the values specified in 10 CFR 20 for liquid effluents at site discharge. To support plant operations, the Supervisor - System Chemistry may increase this limit up to the limit specified in Technical Specifications 5.16.1.b.

Technical Specification 5.16.1.b establishes the administrative control limit on concentration of radioactive material, other than dissolved or entrained noble gases, released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas conforming to ten times 10 CFR 20.1001-20.2401, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to 2.0E-04 μ Ci/mL total activity.

The dose or dose commitment to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released to unrestricted areas shall be limited to:

- During any calendar quarter: Less than or equal to
 1.5 mRem to the whole body and less than or equal to 5 mRem to any organ, and
- During any calendar year: Less than or equal to 3
 mRem to the whole body and less than or equal to 10
 mRem to any organ.

2.1.4 Total Dose-Uranium Fuel Cycle

The dose to any individual from uranium fuel cycle sources shall be limited to ≤ 25 mRem to the total body or any organ (except the thyroid, which shall be limited to ≤ 75 mRem) during each calendar year.

2.2 Effluent Concentration Limits (ECL)

2.2.1 Liquid Effluents

The values specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Column 2 are used as the ECL for liquid radioactive effluents released to unrestricted areas. A value of 2.0E-04 μ Ci/mL is used as the ECL for dissolved and entrained noble gases in liquid effluents.

2.2.2 Gaseous Effluents

The values specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Column 1 are used as the ECL for gaseous radioactive effluents released to unrestricted areas.

2.3 Measurements and Approximations of Total Radioactivity

Measurements of total radioactivity in liquid and gaseous radioactive effluents were accomplished in accordance with the sampling and analysis requirements of Tables 3.1 and 3.2 of Part I of the ODCM.

2.3.1 Liquid Radioactive Effluents

Each batch was sampled and analyzed for gamma emitting radionuclides using gamma spectroscopy, prior to release. Composite samples were analyzed monthly and quarterly for the Monitor and Hotel Waste Tanks. Composite samples were analyzed monthly in the onsite laboratory for tritium and gross alpha radioactivity, using liquid scintillation and proportional counting techniques respectively. Composite samples were analyzed quarterly for Sr-89, Sr-90, Fe-55, Ni-63, and Gross Alpha by a contract laboratory (Teledyne Brown Engineering, Inc.). A software program was used to project the total body and critical organ dose contribution at the unrestricted area boundary for each release and the percent contribution to the annual objective dose.

For continuous releases from the Steam Generator blowdown, daily grab samples were obtained for weekly, monthly and quarterly composites, in proportion to the rate of blowdown. Samples were analyzed using gamma spectroscopy techniques weekly. Composites were also analyzed monthly in the onsite laboratory for tritium and gross alpha radioactivity using liquid scintillation and proportional counting techniques, respectively. Composite samples were analyzed quarterly for Sr-89, Sr-90, Fe-55, and Gross Alpha by a contract laboratory (Teledyne Brown Engineering, Inc.).

2.3.2 Gaseous Radioactive Effluents

Each gaseous batch release was sampled and analyzed for radioactivity prior to release. For release of Waste Gas Decay Tanks, noble gas grab samples were analyzed for gamma emitting radionuclides using gamma spectroscopy. For releases from the Containment Building, samples were taken using charcoal and particulate filters, in addition to noble gas and Tritium grab samples, and analyzed for gamma emitting radionuclides prior to each release. The results of the analysis and the total volume of effluent released were used to determine the total amount of radioactivity released in the batch mode. A software program was developed and installed that can project the total body and critical organ dose contribution at the unrestricted area boundary for each release and the percent contribution to the annual objective dose. This program also adds the projected dose to the current actual dose totals in a temporary file, until it is updated with actual release data at the completion of a purge.

Continuous release effluent pathways were continuously sampled using charcoal and particulate filters and analyzed weekly for gamma emitting radionuclides using gamma spectroscopy. Weekly particulate filters were analyzed for gross alpha radioactivity in the onsite laboratory using proportional counting techniques. Quarterly composites of particulate filters were analyzed for Sr-89, Sr-90, and Gross Alpha by a contract laboratory (Teledyne Brown Engineering, Inc.).

2.4 Estimation of Total Percent Error

The estimated total percent error is calculated as follows:

Total Percent Error = $(E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2 + ... + E_n^2)^{0.5}$ Where E_n = percent error associated with each contributing parameter.

Sample counting error is estimated by the Canberra Genie System Software for samples analyzed by gamma spectroscopy. This calculation can include the error associated with peak area determination, gamma ray abundance, efficiency and half-life. Systematic error is estimated for gaseous and liquid effluent analyses and dilution and wastewater volume.

2.5 Batch Releases

A summary of information for liquid and gaseous batch releases is included in Table III.1.

2.6 Abnormal Releases

Abnormal Releases are defined as unplanned and unmonitored releases of radioactive material from the site.

A summary of information for liquid and gaseous abnormal releases is included in Table III.2.

3.0 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

The quantities of radioactive material released in gaseous effluents are summarized in Tables III.3, III.4 and III.5. All radioactive materials released in gaseous form are considered to be ground level releases.

4.0 LIQUID EFFLUENTS

The quantities of radioactive material released in liquid effluents are summarized in Tables III.6, III.7 and III.8.

5.0 SOLID WASTES

The quantities of radioactive material released as solid effluents are summarized in Section VI.

6.0 RELATED INFORMATION

6.1 Operability of Liquid and Gaseous Monitoring Instrumentation

During the reporting period there were 3 instruments used to monitor radioactive effluent releases that failed to meet the reportable instrument operability requirements listed in the ODCM during the reporting period. RM-052, Stack Radiation Monitor failed its required source check surveillance and remained inoperable for 38 days during primary calibration. Stack monitoring was performed via RM-062, Normal Range Stack Gas Radiation Monitor during the unavailability. RM-054A and RM-054B Steam Generator Blowdown Radiation Monitors have been inoperable since 4/27/2011 due to being unable to perform surveillance testing which requires blowdown flow. Station operational mode has blowdown secured, and grab sampling is being performed for SG drain operations until blowdown can be established on station restart.

6.2 Changes to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) and/or Process Control Program (PCP)

During 2011, the following changes were made to the ODCM:

- Added percent CO₂ fraction of C-14 used for organ dose calculations in determining gaseous dose contributions, in Table 17, Recommended Values of Other Parameters.
- Corrected step references.
- Removed reference to procedure CH-ST-RV-0009.
- Corrected direction error in Table 4.2, Sample Station No 64.
- Updated direct exposure and inhalation, location and direction, to reflect current 2 year X/Q average in Table 4, Highest Potential Exposure Pathways for Estimating Dose.

During 2011, there were no changes made to the PCP.

6.3 New Locations or Modifications for Dose Calculations or Environmental Monitoring

• No new sample locations were added to the REMP program.

6.4 Noncompliance with Radiological Effluent Control Requirements

This section provides a list of any event that did not comply with the applicable requirements of the Radiological Effluent Controls given in the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM). Detailed documentation concerning the evaluations and corrective actions is maintained onsite.

6.4.1 Abnormal Gaseous and Liquid Releases

No abnormal releases were made during the calendar year of 2011.

6.4.2 Failure to Meet Specified Sampling Requirements

During 2011, there were no instances in which specified sampling requirements were not met.

6.5 <u>Modifications to Liquid and Gaseous Waste Treatment and Ventilation Exhaust Systems</u>

During the reporting period no design modifications were approved nor implemented involving major changes to the Liquid and Gaseous Waste Treatment Systems.

6.6 <u>Meteorological Monitoring Program</u>

A summary of hourly meteorological data, collected during 2011, is retained onsite. This data is available for review by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission upon request. Joint Frequency tables are included in Section VII, Attachment 2.

Real time hourly meteorological data is used to calculate the annual air effluent dose to individuals. For quarterly estimates during the year an annual average X/Q is used, which is an average of the highest X/Q's calculated for each of the previous two years. Due to station flooding damaging the weather tower electronics, Joint Frequency tables and station dose were determined using an abnormally large fraction of offsite data.

6.7 <u>Assessment of Doses</u>

6.7.1 <u>Doses Due to Liquid Effluents</u>

Total body, skin, and organ dose for liquid releases were calculated in mRem for all significant liquid pathways using the annual configuration of the LADTAP II program. The site

discharge location was chosen to present a most conservative estimate of dose for an average adult, teenager, child, and infant. A conservative approach is also presented by the assumption that Omaha and Council Bluffs receive all drinking water from the Missouri River.

The LADTAP II program in its annual configuration was also used to calculate the total body and organ doses for the population of 950,006 within a 50-mile radius of the plant (based on the 2010 census). The results of the calculations are listed in Section V.

The doses due to liquid effluents for total body and critical organ are also calculated quarterly using the methods in the ODCM. The results are listed in Section II.

6.7.2 Doses Due to Gaseous Effluents

Total body, skin and organ doses from ground releases were calculated in mRem to an average adult, teenager, child, and infant in each receptor using the annual configuration of the GASPAR II program. Also, the doses to the same groups, in units of mRad due to gamma and beta radiation carried by air, were computed using GASPAR II.

The GASPAR II program in its annual configuration was also used to calculate the ALARA integrated population dose summary for the total body, skin and organ doses in personrem for all individuals within a 50-mile radius. The results of the calculations are shown in Section IV.

The doses due to gaseous effluents for total body gamma and beta noble gas air dose are calculated quarterly using the methods in the ODCM with an annual average X/Q. The results are listed in Section II.

6.7.3 <u>Doses Due to I-131, I-133, C-14, H-3, and Particulates with Half Lives Greater than 8 days.</u>

The doses due to I-131, I-133, C-14, H-3, and Particulates with half-lives greater than 8 days for total body and critical organ dose are calculated quarterly using the highest of infant or child dose factors and an annual average X/Q. The results are listed in Section II for inhalation, ground and food.

6.7.4 <u>Direct Radiation Dose to Individuals and Populations</u>

Direct radiation doses attributed to the gamma radiation emitted from the containment structure were not observed above local background at any TLD sample locations for this annual period.

6.7.5 40 CFR 190 Dose Evaluation

ODCM Radiological Effluent Controls require dose evaluations to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR Part 190 only if calculated yearly doses exceed two times the annual design objectives for liquid and/or gaseous effluents. At no time during 2011 were any of these limits exceeded; therefore, no evaluations were required.

6.8 Groundwater Monitoring Program and Observations

- OPPD conducted groundwater sampling from 19 wells, 2 surface water sites, and 2 storm water headers within the site property per NEI 07-07.
- No new monitoring wells were added to the sampling program during 2011. A rainwater sampling program was initiated prior to station flooding. Ten sample locations in sectors experiencing significant (>10%) wind direction were established to assess potential atmospheric deposition. Two sampling events were conducted prior to floodwaters requiring the samplers to be removed. No tritium activity in excess of the vendor's Minimum Detectable Activity (MDA) was reported. After the floodwaters receded, the samplers were relocated. Station electrical manholes were pumped out during flood recovery operations. No tritium or gamma activity was detected during the flood recovery process.
- No tritium activity in excess of the vendor's Minimum Detectable Activity (MDA) was reported in Table III.9. All other Table III.9 Sr-90 reported concentrations represent values greater than a 2 sigma threshold but less than MDA, which are evaluated by the plant staff as required by the site groundwater monitoring program. EPRI Report No. 1011730, Groundwater Monitoring Guidance for Nuclear Power Plants, documents plant shallow monitoring well Sr-90 results as typically showing a positive bias toward

detection (i.e. background greater than zero). The Fort Calhoun Station Sr-90 results reflect this same bias. Although the data set is too small to perform a complete statistical analysis, the measured values have not exceeded a threshold by which the results could be called "significantly different" from a true background value and therefore cannot be attributed to a plant environmental impact. The results are all below NRC, EPA, NEI and FCS groundwater protection program administrative reporting limits. Some hard to detect nuclides, were reduced to an annual sample frequency (Ni-63, Fe-55, Sr-90 in deep wells) based on 2 years of quarterly sampling with no detections above MDA.

- The Fort Calhoun REMP sampling showed no detected tritium within the Missouri River downstream at the sight boundary or at the nearest municipal drinking water facility. No groundwater drinking pathway exists on site. No state or federal drinking water limits, and no site groundwater protection program administrative limits were exceeded.
- Some station well sampling and semiannual storm water sampling was not performed due to flooding and high river levels submerging the sampling locations.

SECTION II QUARTERLY DOSES FROM EFFLUENTS

Offsite Dose Calculation Manual

January 1, 2011 - December 31, 2011

Quarterly Dose Calculation Results

January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011

With the implementation of the Fort Calhoun Station Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications (RETS) on October 1, 1985, radiation doses in the unrestricted area from liquid and gaseous effluents must be calculated on a quarterly basis in accordance with the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM). These calculations are performed to ensure the annual dose limits delineated in Appendix I of 10 CFR 50 and implemented by RETS are not exceeded. If the results of the quarterly calculations exceed fifty percent (50%) of the annual limits of Appendix I, actions are taken to reduce effluents so that the resultant doses do not exceed the annual limits during the remainder of the year and a special report is submitted to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. No special reports were required for 2011 calculated doses.

This section presents the results of the quarterly dose calculations performed during the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011. Details are shown as to the types, sources and resultant doses from the effluents, the annual limits and a comparison to the annual limits.

QUARTERLY CUMULATIVE DOSE CONTRIBUTION FROM RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS FORT CALHOUN FIRST QUARTER 2011 DOSE PROJECTIONS

I. Liquid Effluents:	Total Body Dose (mrem)	Critical Organ Dose (mrem)
Batch: Continuous:	1.06E-02 0.00E+00	1.47E-02 0.00E+00
Totals:	1.06E-02	1.47E-02
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	1.50E+00	5.00E+00
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.71 %	0.29 %
ODCM Annual Objective:	3.00E+00	1.00E+01
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	0.35 %	0.15 %
II. Gaseous Effluents: To	tal Body Gamma Dose (mrad)	Total Body Beta Dose (mrad)
A. Noble Gas Air Dose:	9.72E-04	4.56E-04
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	5.00E+00	1.00E+01
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.02 %	0.00 %
ODCM Annual Objective:	1.00E+01	2.00E+01
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	0.01 %	0.00 %
B. I-131, I-133, Tritium, C-14, and Particulates with Half-Lives > 8 Days:		Critical Organ Dose (mrem)
Inhalation: Ground and Food:	1.12E-04 4.76E-02	1.24E-04 2.35E-01
Totals:	4.77E-02	2.35E-01
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	7.50E+00	7.50E+00
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.64 %	3.14 %
ODCM Annual Objective:	1.50E+01	1.50E+01
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	በ 32 %	1.57 %

Reviewed by: ____



QUARTERLY CUMULATIVE DOSE CONTRIBUTION FROM RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS FORT CALHOUN SECOND QUARTER 2011 DOSE PROJECTIONS

I. Liquid Effluents:	Total Body Dose (mrem)	Critical Organ Dose (mrem)
Batch: Continuous:	1.45E-03 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Totals:	1.45E-03	1.85E-03
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	1.50E+00	5.00E+00
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.10 %	0.04 %
ODCM Annual Objective:	3.00E+00	1.00E+01
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	0.40 %	0.17 %
II. Gaseous Effluents: To	tal Body Gamma Dose (mrad)	Total Body Beta Dose (mrad)
A. Noble Gas Air Dose:	9.79E-05	1.79E-04
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	5.00E+00	1.00E+01
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.00 %	0.00 %
ODCM Annual Objective:	1.00E+01	2.00E+01
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	0.01 %	0.00 %
B. I-131, I-133, Tritium, C-14, and Particulates with Half-Lives > 8 Days:	Total Body Dose (mrem)	Critical Organ Dose (mrem)
	5.76E-04 8.69E-03	6.36E-04 3.01E-02
Totals:	9.26E-03	3.08E-02
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	7.50E+00	7.50E+00
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.12 %	0.41 %
ODCM Annual Objective:	1.50E+01	1.50E+01
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	0.20%	1.78 %

Reviewed by:

QUARTERLY CUMULATIVE DOSE CONTRIBUTION FROM RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS FORT CALHOUN THIRD QUARTER 2011 DOSE PROJECTIONS

I. Liquid Effluents:	Total Body Dose (mrem)	Critical Organ Dose (mrem)
Batch: Continuous:	8.77E-04 0.00E+00	1.29E-03 0.00E+00
Totals:	8.77E-04	1.29E-03
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	1.50E+00	5.00E+00
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.06 %	0.03 %
ODCM Annual Objective:	3.00E+00	1.00E+01
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	0.43 %	0.18 %
II. Gaseous Effluents: To	tal Body Gamma Dose (mrad)	Total Body Beta Dose (mrad)
A. Noble Gas Air Dose:		
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	5.00E+00	1.00E+01
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.00 %	0.00 %
ODCM Annual Objective:	1.00E+01	2.00E+01
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	0.01 %	0.00 %
B. I-131, I-133, Tritium, C-14, and Particulates with		
Half-Lives > 8 Days:	Total Body Dose (mrem)	Critical Organ Dose (mrem)
Inhalation: Ground and Food:	7.56E-04 3.50E-03	7.56E-04 3.50E-03
Totals:	4.25E-03	4.25E-03
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	7.50E+00	7.50E+00
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.06 %	0.06 %
ODCM Annual Objective:	1.50E+01	1.50E+01
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	0 47 0	1.78 %

Reviewed by:



QUARTERLY CUMULATIVE DOSE CONTRIBUTION FROM RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS FORT CALHOUN FOURTH QUARTER 2011 DOSE PROJECTIONS

I. Liquid Effluents:		Critical Organ Dose (mrem)	
Batch: Continuous:	8.19E-04 0.00E+00		
Totals:	8.19E-04	1.19E-03	
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	1.50E+00	5.00E+00	
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.05 %	0.02 %	
ODCM Annual Objective:	3.00E+00	1.00E+01	
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	0.45 %	0.19 %	
I. Gaseous Effluents: To	tal Body Gamma Dose (mrad)	Total Body Beta Dose (mrad)	
A. Noble Gas Air Dose:	2.28E-09	2.59E-07	
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	5.00E+00	1.00E+01	
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.00 %	0.00 %	
ODCM Annual Objective:	1.00E+01	2.00E+01	
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	0.01 %	0.00 %	
<pre>B. I-131, I-133, Tritium, C-14, and Particulates with Half-Lives > 8 Days:</pre>		Critical Organ Dose (mrem)	
Inhalation: Ground and Food:	1.31E-04 6.08E-04	1.31E-04 6.08E-04	
Totals:	7.39E-04	7.39E-04	
ODCM Quarterly Objective:	7.50E+00	7.50E+00	
Percent of Quarterly Obj:	0.01 %	0.01 %	
ODCM Annual Objective:	1.50E+01	1.50E+01	
YTD Percent of Annual Obj:	0.41 %	1.78 %	

Reviewed by:

SECTION III RADIOLOGICAL EFFLUENT RELEASES

Technical Specification (5.9.4.a)

Table III.1	Batch Liquid and Gas Release Summary
Table III.2	Abnormal Batch Liquid and Gaseous Release Summary
Table III.3	Gaseous Effluents - Summation of all Releases
Table III.4	Gaseous Effluent Releases - Batch Mode
Table III.5	Gaseous Effluent Releases - Continuous Mode
Table III.6	Liquid Effluents - Summation of all Releases
Table III.7	Liquid Effluent Releases - Batch Mode
Table III.8	Liquid Effluent Releases - Continuous Mode
Table III.9	Groundwater Tritium Results

January 1, 2011 - December 31, 2011

TABLE III.1 BATCH LIQUID AND GASEOUS RELEASE SUMMARY

JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 2011

A. Liquid Releases All Sources	<u>1st Quarter</u>	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
1. Number of Batch Releases:	49	52	25	27
2. Total Time Period for Batch Releases(min):	6,048	32,132	14,537	12,215
3. Maximum Time Period for Batch Releases (min):	835	10,876	4,505	901
4. Average Time Period for Batch Releases (min):	123	618	581	452
5. Minimum Time Period for Batch Releases (min):	85	85	1	285
6. Average Dilution Stream Flow During Periods				
of Release into the Missouri River(mls/min):	9.550E+08	2.725E+08	1.004E+08	2.730E+07
B. Gaseous Releases All Sources	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
1. Number of Batch Releases:	18	27	14	4
2. Total Time Period for Batch Releases (min):	100,747	60,959	85,651	26,676
3. Maximum Time Period for Batch Releases(min):	8,170	7,952	10,145	10,175
4. Average Time Period for Batch Releases(min):	5,597	2,258	6,118	6,669
5. Minimum Time Period for Batch Releases (min):	146	75	296	415

TABLE III.2 ABNORMAL BATCH LIQUID AND GASEOUS RELEASE SUMMARY JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 2011

A. Liquid Releases All Sources	<u>1st Quarter</u>	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Number of Releases:	0	0	0	0
Total Activity Releases(Ci):	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
B. Gaseous Releases All Sources				
Number of Releases:	0	0	0	0
Total Activity Releases (Ci):	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

TABLE III.3 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS--SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 2011

Α.	Fission & Activation Gases	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
л.	Total Release (Ci):	4.76E-01	3.47E-01	7.04E-05	2.93E-04
	Avg. Release Rate for period (uCi/sec): Total Error (%): 35.59	6.19E-02	4.46E-02	8.95E-06	3.72E-05
В.	Iodines Total Release (Ci): Avg. Release Rate	1.90E-06	8.95E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	<pre>for period (uCi/sec): Total Error (%): 53.50</pre>	2.47E-07	1.15E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
C.	Particulates			٧	
	Total Release (Ci): Avg. Release Rate	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	for period (uCi/sec): Total Error (%): 20.62	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Gross Alpha: Total Error (%): 20.62	1.22E-06	3.86E-06	2.07E-06	4.97E-06
D.	Tritium				
	Total Release (Ci): Avg. Release Rate	3.40E-01	1.75E+00	2.30E+00	4.00E-01
	for period (uCi/sec): Total Error (%): 25.07	4.42E-02	2.26E-01	2.93E-01	5.08E-02
E.	Carbon-14				
	Total Release (Ci): Avg. Release Rate	6.03E-01	7.72E-02		
	for period (uCi/sec): Total Error (%): 25.07	7.85E-02	9.92E-03		

TABLE III.4 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS--GROUND LEVEL RELEASES

JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 2011 Batch Mode

Nuclides (Ci)	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Fission & Activation Gases				
KR-85M	9.98E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
XE-133	2.45E-01	3.32E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
XE-135	1.19E-02	5.53E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
KR-85	5.06E-04	2.46E-04	7.04E-05	2.93E-04
AR-41	2.19E-01	9.44E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
XE-131M	3.83E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Totals for Period:	4.76E-01	3.47E-01	7.04E-05	2.93E-04
Iodines				
Totals for Period:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Particulates				
Totals for Period:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Tritium and Gross Alpha				
н-3	1.53E-02	1.14E+00	2.05E+00	1.47E-01

TABLE III.5 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS--GROUND LEVEL RELEASES

JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 2011 Continuous Mode

Nuclides(Ci)	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Fission & Activation Gases				
Totals for Period:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Iodines				
I-131	1.90E-06	8.95E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Totals for Period:	1.90E-06	8.95E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Particulates				
C-14	6.03E-01	7.72E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Totals for Period:	6.03E-01	7.72E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Tritium and Gross Alpha		,		
ALPHA	1.22E-06	3.86E-06	2.07E-06	4.97E-06
н-3	3.25E-01	6.10E-01	2.47E-01	2.53E-01

TABLE III.6
LIQUID EFFLUENTS--SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES
JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 2011

		<u>1st Quarter</u>	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Α.	Fission & Activiation Products Total Release (No Tritium, Gas, Alpha) (Ci): Avg Diluted Concentration (uCi/mL): 10 CFR 20, Abb. B Limit 1.00E-06 uCi/mL Percent of Limit (%): Total Error (%): 42.54	1.02E-03 1.78E-10 1.78E-02	1.76E-04 8.82E-11 8.82E-03	5.34E-04 1.93E-09 1.93E-01	2.38E-04 7.14E-10 7.14E-02
в.	Tritium Total Release (Ci): Avg Diluted Concentration (uCi/mL): 10 CFR 20, App. B Limit 1.00E-03 uCi/mL Percent of Limit (%): Total Error (%): 25.08	6.75E+01 1.18E-05 1.18E+00	1.28E+01 6.42E-06 6.42E-01	1.44E+00 5.19E-06 5.19E-01	1.44E+00 4.32E-06 4.32E-01
C.	Dissolved & Entrained Gases Total Release (Ci) Avg Diluted Concentration (uCi/mL): ODCM Limit 2.00E-04 Percent of Limit (%): Total Error (%): 27.53	9.17E-04 1.60E-10 7.99E-05	1.19E-03 5.98E-10 2.99E-04	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00
D. '	Gross Alpha Radioactivity Total Release (Ci): Total Error (%): 25.08	0.00E+00	7.26E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Ε.	Volume of Waste Released Prior to Dilution (Liters):	9.96E+05	9.90E+05	5.79E+05	5.18E+05
F.	Volume of Dilution Water During Releases (Liters):	3.19E+11	4.37E+10	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

TABLE III.7 LIQUID EFFLUENTS

JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 2011

Batch Mode

Nuclides (Ci)	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
ission & Activation Gases				
TC-99M	1.43E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
I-133	4.58E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
CS-137	8.72E-04	5.83E-05	1.36E-04	1.23E-04
CS-134	4.30E-05	4.11E-07	1.54E-06	3.44E-06
CO-58	2.37E-07	9.60E-06	1.72E-05	3.57E-05
MO-99	1.43E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
I-131	7.66E-05	7.67E-07	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
SB-124	7.96E-07	5.00E-05	1.42E-04	6.59E-06
SB~125	1.79E-05	4.20E~05	2.13E-04	4.64E-05
CO~60	1.09E-05	1.51E-05	2.46E-05	2.31E-05
Totals for Period:	1.02E-03	1.76E-04	5.34E-04	2.38E-04
Dissolved & Entrained Gases				
XE-133	8.39E-04	1.10E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
XE-135	4.31E-06	2.78E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
XE-133M	0.00E+00	1.30E~05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
KR-85	7.37E-05	5.05E-05	0.00E+00	0,00E+00
Totals for Period:	9.17E-04	1.19E~03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Tritium and Gross Alpha				
ALPHA	0.00E+00	7.26E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
H-3	6.75E+01	1.28E+01	1.44E+00	1.44E+00

TABLE III.8 LIQUID EFFLUENTS

JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 2011 Continuous Mode

Nuclides (Ci)	<u>lst Quarter</u>	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter			
Fission & Activation Products							
Totals for Period:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
Dissolved & Entrained Gases							
Totals for Period:	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
Tritium and Gross Alpha							
ALPHA	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
н-3 ,	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			

TABLE III.9 GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS RESULTS pCi/L

JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 2011

MIN 1 2		1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
MW-1A	Tritium FE-55	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	NI-63		0.00E+00		
	Sr-90	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	TOTAL Gamma	0,002,00	0.002,00	0.005400	0.002+00
MW-1B					
	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55		0.00E+00		
	NI-63		0.00E+00		
	Sr-90		0.00E+00		
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
1474 2					
<u>MW - 2</u>	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
		0.002+00	0:005+00		0.002+00
	FE-55			0.00E+00	
	NI-63			0.00E+00	
	Sr-90		0.00E+00		
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MW-2A					
	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55		0.00E+00	3,332,33	0.005,00
	NI-63		0.00E+00		
	Sr-90	0.00E+00	3.45E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	Total Gamma	0.005400	0.002400	0.006400	0.00E+00
MW-2B					
	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55		0.00E+00		
	NI-63		0.00E+00		
	Sr-90		0.00E+00		
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
1872 A					
MW - 3	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55	***************************************	0.002.00	0.00E+00	0.005+00
	NI-63		0 000 00	0.00E+00	
	Sr-90	0.007.00	0.00E+00		
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MW-3A					
	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55		0.00E+00		
	NI-63		0.00E+00		
	Sr-90	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.10E-01	4.73E-01
		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.10E-01 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Total Gamma	0.002400	0.002400	0.005+00	0.002+00
MW-3B					
	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55		0.00E+00		
	NI-63		0.00E+00		
	Sr-90			0.00E+00	
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MW - 4A	mari to i com	0.00E+00	0 002.00	0.000.00	0.007.00
	Tritium	0.002+00	0.0E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55		0.00E+00		
	NI-63		0.00E+00		
	Sr-90	4.94E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 ,	0.00E+00

TABLE III.9 GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS RESULTS

pCi/L

JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 2011

		1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
MW-4B					
•	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
200	FE-55		0.00E+00 0.00E+00		,
	NI-63		0.002+00	0.00E+00	,
	Sr-90	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Total Gamma	0.002+00	0.002+00	0.002	0.005700
MW-5A					
<u> 3.1.</u>	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55			0.00E+00	
	NI-63			0.00E+00	
	Sr-90	0.00E+00	6.16E-01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
MW-5B					
	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55			0.00E+00	
	NI-63			0.00E+00	
	Sr-90			0.00E+00	
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
<u>MW - 6</u>					
MIN-6	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55	0.002.00	0.002.00	0.00E+00	0.002.00
	NI-63			0.00E+00	
	Sr-90	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.62E-01
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
	TOCAL CAMMA				
<u>MW - 7</u>					
	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55		•	0.00E+00	
	NI-63			0.00E+00	
	Sr-90	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
•	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Mar o					
<u>MW - 9</u>	mand by drawn	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Tritium FE-55	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	NI-63	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Sr-90	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	10tul Guillia				
<u>MW - 10</u>					
	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	NI-63	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Sr-90	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
MTG 13					
<u>MW-11</u>	- 1.1	0.008.00	0.00E+00	0.002.00	0.00E+00
	Tritium	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	FE-55	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	NI-63	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Sr-90 Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	TOTAL GAIRRIA			2.202.00	
MW-12A					
	Tritium	0.00E+00			0.00E+00
	FE-55	0.00E+00			0.00E+00
	NI-63	0.00E+00			0.00E+00
	Sr-90	0.00E+00			0.00E+00
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00			0.00E+00

TABLE III.9 GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS RESULTS $$_{\mbox{\scriptsize pCi/L}}$$

JANUARY THROUGH DECEMBER 2011

		1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
MW-12B				,	
	Tritium	0.00E+00			0.00E+00
	FE-55	0.00E+00			0.00E+00
	NI-63	0.00E+00			0.00E+00
	Sr-90	0.00E+00			0.00E+00
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00			0.00E+00
EAST LA	GOON				
	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
	FE-55				
	NI-63				
	Sr-90				
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
WEST LA	IGOON_				
	Tritium	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
	FE-55				
	NI-63				
	Sr-90				
	Total Gamma	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		0.00E+00
NORTH S	STORMWATER HDR				
	Tritium				0.00E+00
	FE-55				
	NI-63				
	Sr-90				
	Total Gamma				0.00E+00
SOUTH S	STORMWATER HDR				
	Tritium				
	FE-55				
	NI-63				
	Sr-90				
	Total Gamma				

SECTION IV DOSE FROM GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

Technical Specification 5.9.4.a

GASPAR II OUTPUT

January 1, 2011 - December 31,2011

Radioactive Effluent Releases - First, Second, Third and Fourth Quarters 2011

GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

Radioactive gaseous releases for the reporting period totaled 8.23E-01 curies of inert gas. The gross gaseous activity release rates were 6.19E-02 μ Ci/sec for the first quarter, 4.46E-02 μ Ci/sec for the second quarter, 8.95E-06 μ Ci/sec for the third quarter, and 3.72E-05 μ Ci/sec for the fourth quarter.

Radioactive halogens releases for the reporting period totaled 1.09E-05 curies. The halogen activity release rates were 2.47E-07 μ Ci/sec for the first quarter, 1.15E-06 μ Ci/sec for the second quarter, 0.00E+00 μ Ci/sec for the third quarter, and 0.00E+00 μ Ci/sec for the fourth quarter from gaseous effluent discharges. These totals include contributions from the Japanese nuclear event.

No radioactive particulates with half-lives greater that eight days were released during the reporting period from gaseous effluent discharges.

Radioactive tritium released during the reporting period totaled 4.79 curies.

Carbon-14 released for the reporting period totaled 0.68 curies, this is a calculated value based on reactor power and days of operation.

Off-site vendor analysis of weekly composite samples indicated that no gross alpha radioactivity was released during the reporting period.

POTENTIAL DOSES TO INDIVIDUALS AND POPULATIONS

A. Potential Annual Doses to Individuals from Gaseous Releases

Total body, skin, and organ doses from ground releases were calculated in mRem to an average adult, teenager, child, and infant using the annual configuration of the GASPAR II program. Results to each receptor are shown in Tables IV-A-1 through IV-A-39. Also, the doses to the same groups, Table IV-B-1, in units of mRad, due to gamma and beta radiation carried by air, were computed using GASPAR II. In its annual configuration, GASPAR II assumes that all release rates are entered in curies per year (Ci/yr).

The inputs to GASPAR II for the annual period from January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011 were as follows:

- (1) All gaseous effluents
- (2) Entrained gases (Ar-41, Xe-131M, Xe-133M, Xe-135M, Xe-135M, Xe-135M, Kr-85M, Kr-87, and Kr-88) from liquid effluents.
- (3) Annual X/Q at the actual receptor locations, which are corrected for open terrain and plume depletion, are calculated according to Regulatory Guide 1.111. Also included are annual deposition rates corrected for the open terrain factor.
- (4) The production, intake and grazing fractions were as follows: 1.0 for leafy vegetables grown in garden of interest, 0.76 for produce grown in garden of interest, 0.5 for the pasture grazing season of the milk animal, 1.0 for pasture grazing season of the meat animal, and 8 g/m³ for the air water (humidity) concentrations.
- (5) All dose factors, transport times from receptor to individual, and usage factors are defined by Regulatory Guide 1.109 and NUREG-0172.
- (6) Site specific information, within a five-mile radius of the plant, on types of receptors located in each sector was used. That is, if a cow was not present in a sector, then the milk pathway for that sector was not considered. If it was present, then the actual sector distance was used.

These inputs introduce a most conservative approach for the following reasons:

- (1) The open terrain and deposition corrections increase annual X/Q by a factor ranging between 1.0 and 4.0
- (2) The production, intake, and grazing fractions, as defined in the input definition statement, represent the environment in an extremely conservative manner.
- B. Potential Semiannual Doses to Population from Gaseous Releases

The GASPAR II program in its annual configuration was also used to calculate the ALARA integrated population dose summary for the total body, skin, and organ doses in man-rem for all individuals within a 50-mile radius. The population-integrated dose is the summation of the dose received by all individuals and has units of man-thyroid-rem when applied to the summation of thyroid doses. The same inputs were used as in the individual case with the addition of the following:

- (1) A total population of 950,006 (based on the 2010 census) was used to define the sector segments within a 50-mile radius of the plant.
- (2) Production of milk, meat, and vegetation is based on 1973 annual data for Nebraska as recommended by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission for use in GASPAR II.

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 1 RES AT 4.36 MILES N

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 3.06E-06 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.04E-06 MILLRADS

PATHWAY		GI-TRACT			KIDNEY		LUNG	SKIN ++
	6.10E-07	6.10E-07	: 6.10E-07	: 6.10E-07	: 6.10E-07	6.10E-07	: 6.40E-07	: 1.72E-06 :
GROUND	•	1.22E-09	: 1.22E-09	: 1.22E-09	: 1.22E-09	1.22E-09	: 1.22E-09	: 1.48E-09 :
INHAL ADULT	: : 1.97E-05 :	: : 1.97E-05	: : 1.28E-09	: : 1.97E-05	: : 1.97E-05	: : 2.03E-05	: : 1.97E-05	: 1.97E-05 :
TEEN	: 1.98E-05 :	1.98E-05	: 1.80E-09	1.98E-05	: 1.98E-05	2.06E-05	1.98E-05	: 1.98E-05 :
CHILD	•	1.75E-05	: 2.44E-09	1.75E-05	: 1.75E-05	1.83E-05	: 1.75E-05	: 1.75E-05 :
	•	1.01E-05	: 1.92E-09	: 1.01E-05	: 1.01E-05	1.08E-05	: 1.01E-05	: 1.01E-05 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 2 RES AT 1.93 MILES NNE

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.70E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 9.38E-06 MILLRADS

PATHWAY	T.BODY							SKIN
PLUME	: 5.51E-06	: 5.51E-06	: 5.51E-06	: 5.51E-06	: 5.51E-06	: 5.51E-06	: 5.78E-06	: 1.55E-05 :
GROUND	: 3.06E-09	: 3.06E-09	: 3.06E-09	: 3.06E-09	: 3.06E-09	: 3.06E-09	: 3.06E-09	: 3.71E-09 :
INHAL ADULT	: 1.64E-04	: : 1.64E-04	: : 1.13E-08	: : 1.64E-04	: : 1.64E-04	: : 1.69E-04	: : 1.64E-04	: : 1.64E-04 :
TEEN	: 1.65E-04	: 1.65E-04	: 1.59E-08	: 1.65E-04	: 1.65E-04	1.72E-04	: 1.65E-04	: 1.65E-04 :
CHILD	: 1.46E-04	: 1.46E-04	: 2.16E-08	: 1.46E-04	: 1.46E-04	: 1.53E-04	1.46E-04	: 1.46E-04 :
	: 8.40E-05	•	•		•		*	•

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 3 RES AT 1.52 MILES NE

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 1.45E-04 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 5.13E-05 MILLRADS

PATHWAY	T.BODY	GI-TRACT			KIDNEY		LUNG	SKIN ++
PLUME	: 3.03E-05	: 3.03E-05	: 3.03E-05	3.03E-05	: 3.03E-05	: 3.03E-05	: 3.17E-05	: 8.41E-05 :
GROUND	: 5.33E-09	: 5.33E-09	: 5.33E-09	5.33E-09	: 5.33E-09	: 5.33E-09	: 5.33E-09	: 6.47E-09 :
INHAL ADULT	: : 8.63E-04	: : 8.63E-04	: : 6.02E-08 :	: : 8.63E-04	: : 8.63E-04	8.91E-04	: : 8.63E-04	: 8.63E-04 :
TEEN	: 8.70E-04	8.70E-04	8.47E-08	8.70E-04	: 8.71E-04	9.05E-04	8.70E-04	: 8.70E-04 :
CHILD	: 7.69E-04	7.69E-04	: 1.15E-07 :	7.69E-04	: 7.69E-04	8.07E-04	7.69E-04	: 7.69E-04 :
INFANT	: 4.42E-04	: 4.42E-04	9.06E-08	4.42E-04	: 4.42E-04 :	4.78E-04	4.42E-04	: 4.42E-04 :
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FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 4 RES AT 4.79 MILES ENE

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 5.63E-06 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.89E-06 MILLRADS

PATHWAY	T.BODY							SKIN ++
PLUME	: 1.10E-06	: 1.10E-06	: 1.10E-06	: 1.10E-06	: 1.10E-06	: 1.10E-06	: 1.16E-06	: 3.13E-06 :
GROUND	: 1.92E-10	: 1.92E-10	: 1.92E-10	1.92E-10	: 1.92E-10	: 1.92E-10	: 1.92E-10	: 2.33E-10 :
INHAL ADULT	: 4.04E-05	: : 4.04E-05	: : 2.41E-09	: : 4.04E-05	: : 4.04E-05	: : 4.15E-05 :	: : 4.04E-05	: 4.04E-05 :
TEEN	: 4.08E-05	: 4.08E-05	: 3.39E-09	4.08E-05	: 4.08E-05	: 4.22E-05	4.08E-05	: 4.08E-05 :
CHILD	: 3.60E-05	3.60E-05	: 4.60E-09	3.60E-05	3.60E-05	3.76E-05	3.60E-05	: 3.60E-05 :
INFANT		: 2.07E-05	: 3.63E-09	2.07E-05	2.07E-05	: 2.21E-05	2.07E-05	: 2.07E-05 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 5 RES AT 4.67 MILES E

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 3.90E-06 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.31E-06 MILLRADS

PLUME : 7.66E-07 : 7.66E-07 : 7.66E-07 : 7.66E-07 : 7.66E-07 : 7.66E-07 : 8.05E-07 : 2.17E-	06 :
GROUND : 2.82E-10 : 2.82E-10 : 2.82E-10 : 2.82E-10 : 2.82E-10 : 2.82E-10 : 3.43E-	10 :
INHAL : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 05 :
TEEN : 2.75E-05 : 2.75E-05 : 2.36E-09 : 2.75E-05 : 2.75E-05 : 2.85E-05 : 2.75E-05 : 2.75E-	05 :
CHILD : 2.43E-05 : 2.43E-05 : 3.20E-09 : 2.43E-05 : 2.43E-05 : 2.54E-05 : 2.43E-05 : 2.43E-05	05 :
INFANT : 1.40E-05 : 1.40E-05 : 2.53E-09 : 1.40E-05 : 1.40E-05 : 1.50E-05 : 1.40E-05 : 1.40E-	05 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 6 RES AT 4.22 MILES ESE

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 7.25E-06 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 2.45E-06 MILLRADS

PATHWAY	T.BODY					*		SKIN
PLUME	: 1.43E-06	1.43E-06	: 1.43E-06	: 1.43E-06	: 1.43E-06	: 1.43E-06	: 1.50E-06	: 4.05E-06 :
GROUND	·	: 6.02E-10	: 6.02E-10	: 6.02E-10	: 6.02E-10	6.02E-10	: 6.02E-10	: 7.31E-10 :
INHAL ADULT	:	: : 4.91E-05	: : 3.07E-09	: : 4.91E-05	: : 4.91E-05	: : 5.06E-05	: : 4.91E-05	: : 4.91E-05 :
TEEN	: 4.96E-05	: 4.96E-05	: 4.32E-09	: 4.96E-05	: 4.96E-05	5.14E-05	4.96E-05	: 4.96E-05 :
CHILD	: 4.38E-05	: 4.38E-05	: 5.86E-09	: 4.38E-05	: 4.38E-05	4.58E-05	4.38E-05	: 4.38E-05 :
INFANT								: 2.52E-05 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 7 RES AT 1.67 MILES SE

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 4.43E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.60E-05 MILLRADS

PATHWAY			GI-TRACT						SKIN ++
PLUME	:	9.43E-06	: 9.43E-06	9.43E-06	: 9.43E-06	9.43E-06	9.43E-06	9.87E-06	: 2.60E-05 :
GROUND	:	1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08 :	1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	: 1.30E-08 :
INHAL ADULT	:	2.62E-04	: : 2.62E-04 :	: : 1.81E-08 :	: : 2.62E-04	: : 2.62E-04 :	2.71E-04	: : 2.62E-04	: : 2.62E-04 :
TEEN	:	2.64E-04	: 2.64E-04 :	2.55E-08	2.64E-04	2.64E-04 :	2.75E-04	2.64E-04	: 2.64E-04 :
CHILD	:	2.34E-04	2.34E-04	3.46E-08	2.34E-04	2.34E-04 :	2.45E-04	2.34E-04	: 2.34E-04 :
INFANT	:	1.34E-04	: 1.34E-04 :	2.73E-08	1.34E-04	1.34E-04 :	1.45E-04	1.34E-04	: 1.34E-04 :
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FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 8 RES AT 0.65 MILES SSE

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 7.11E-04 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.20E-03 MILLRADS

	T.BODY			LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID		SKIN ++
PLUME	: 7.88E-04	: 7.88E-04	7.88E-04	: 7.88E-04	7.88E-04	7.88E-04	7.91E-04	: 1.35E-03 :
GROUND	: 1.72E-07	: 1.72E-07	: 1.72E-07	: 1.72E-07	: 1.72E-07	: 1.72E-07	1.72E-07	: 2.09E-07 :
INHAL ADULT	:	: : 1.75E-03	: : 1.30E-07	: : 1.75E-03	: : 1.75E-03	: : 1.81E-03 :	1.75E-03	: : 1.75E-03 :
TEEN		: 1.76E-03	: 1.83E-07	: 1.76E-03	: 1.76E-03	: 1.84E-03 :	1.76E-03	: 1.76E-03 :
CHILD	•	: 1.56E-03	2.48E-07	: 1.56E-03	: 1.56E-03	1.64E-03	1.56E-03	: 1.56E-03 :
								: 8.95E-04 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 9 RES AT 0.73 MILES S

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.28E-04 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.19E-04 MILLRADS

					KIDNEY			SKIN ++
PLUME	: 7.36E-05	7.36E-05	: 7.57E-05	: 1.72E-04 :				
GROUND	: 1.27E-07	: 1.54E-07 :						
INHAL ADULT	: : 1.20E-03	: : 1.20E-03	: : 8.72E-08	: : 1.20E-03	: : 1.20E-03	: : 1.24E-03	: : 1.20E-03	: : 1.20E-03 :
TEEN	: 1.21E-03	: 1.21E-03	: 1.23E-07	: 1.21E-03	: 1.21E-03	: 1.26E-03	1.21E-03	: 1.21E-03 :
CHILD	: 1.07E-03	1.07E-03	: 1.67E-07	: 1.07E-03	: 1.07E-03	1.13E-03	1.07E-03	: 1.07E-03 :
INFANT	: 6.16E-04	6.16E-04	: 1.31E-07	6.16E-04	: 6.16E-04	6.67E-04	6.16E-04	: 6.16E-04 :
			•	•	•			

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 10 RES AT 0.65 MILES SSW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 4.31E-04 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 2.16E-04 MILLRADS

PATHWAY	T.BODY		· -		KIDNEY	THYROID		SKIN
PLUME	: 1.33E-04 :	1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.37E-04	: 3.15E-04 :
GROUND	,	4.61E-08	4.61E-08	4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	4.61E-08	4.61E-08	: 5.59E-08 :
INHAL ADULT	: : 2.29E-03 :	2.29E-03	: : 1.67E-07	: : 2.29E-03	: : 2.29E-03	: : 2.37E-03	: : 2.29E-03	: 2.29E-03 :
TEEN	: 2.31E-03 :	2.31E-03	2.34E-07	2.31E-03	: 2.31E-03	: 2.41E-03	2.31E-03	: 2.31E-03 :
CHILD	: 2.04E-03 :	2.04E-03	: 3.18E-07	2.04E-03	: 2.04E-03	2.15E-03	2.04E-03	: 2.04E-03 :
	•		•	•	•	•	=	: 1.18E-03 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 11 RES AT 0.73 MILES SW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 4.36E-04 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 3.51E-04 MILLRADS

PATHWAY		GI-TRACT						SKIN	L
PLUME	: 2.24E-04	4 : 2.24E-04	: 2.27E-04	: 4.50E-04 :					
GROUND	: 2.45E-08	8 : 2.45E-08	2.45E-08	: 2.97E-08 :					
INHAL ADULT	: : 1.97E-01	: 3 : 1.97E-03	: : 1.46E-07	: : 1.97E-03	: : 1.97E-03	: : 2.03E-03	: : 1.97E-03	: : : 1.97E-03 :	
TEEN	: 1.98E-03	3 : 1.98E-03	: 2.06E-07	: 1.98E-03	: 1.98E-03	: 2.07E-03	: 1.98E-03	: 1.98E-03 :	
CHILD	: 1.75E-03	3 : 1.75E-03	: 2.79E-07	: 1.75E-03	: 1.75E-03	: 1.85E-03	1.75E-03	: 1.75E-03 :	
		3 : 1.01E-03							
	•		•	•	•	•		, ,	

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 12 RES AT 1.06 MILES WSW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 9.64E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 4.48E-05 MILLRADS

PATHWAY		T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
PLUME	:	2.73E-05		2.73E-05	2.73E-05	: 2.73E-05	: 2.73E-05 :	2.83E-05	: 6.69E-05 :
GROUND		1.21E-08	•	1.21E-08	1.21E-08	: 1.21E-08	: 1.21E-08 :	1.21E-08	: 1.46E-08 :
INHAL ADULT	:		:	:	:	· :	:	:	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
TEEN	:		: 5.29E-04 :						: 5.29E-04 :
CHILD	:		: 4.67E-04 :	•	4.67E-04	4.67E-04	: 4.91E-04 :	4.67E-04	: 4.67E-04 :
INFANT	:	2.69E-04		'					: 2.69E-04 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 13 RES AT 1.20 MILES W

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.83E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.72E-05 MILLRADS

	T.BODY				KIDNEY			SKIN ++
PLUME	: 1.08E-05	: 1.10E-05	: 2.37E-05 :					
GROUND	: 1.42E-08	1.42E-08	: 1.42E-08	: 1.72E-08 :				
INHAL ADULT	: : 1.42E-04	: : 1.42E-04	: : 1.03E-08	: : 1.42E-04	: : 1.42E-04	: : 1.47E-04 :	: : 1.42E-04	: 1.42E-04 :
TEEN	: 1.43E-04	: 1.43E-04	: 1.45E-08	: 1.43E-04	: 1.43E-04	1.49E-04	1.43E-04	: 1.43E-04 :
CHILD	: 1.26E-04	: 1.26E-04	: 1.96E-08	: 1.27E-04	: 1.27E-04	1.33E-04	1.26E-04	: 1.26E-04 :
INFANT	: 7.28E-05	: 7.28E-05	: 1.55E-08	7.28E-05	: 7.28E-05	7.88E-05	7.28E-05	: 7.28E-05 :
	1		,	r ·				- · · ·

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 14 RES

AT 2.27 MILES WNW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.90E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.02E-05 MILLRADS

PATHWAY	 -	GI-TRACT		LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN ++
PLUME	: 6.00E-06	6.00E-06	: 6.00E-06	: 6.00E-06	: 6.00E-06	: 6.00E-06	: 6.29E-06	: 1.68E-05 :
GROUND		3.63E-09	: 3.63E-09	: 3.63E-09	: 3.63E-09 :	3.63E-09	: 3.63E-09	: 4.41E-09 :
INHAL ADULT	: : 1.75E-04 :	1.75E-04	: : 1.22E-08	: : 1.75E-04	: : 1.75E-04 :	: 1.80E-04	: : 1.75E-04	: 1.75E-04 :
TEEN	: 1.76E-04 :	1.76E-04	: 1.71E-08	1.76E-04	: 1.76E-04 :	1.83E-04	1.76E-04	: 1.76E-04 :
CHILD	: 1.56E-04 :	1.56E-04	: 2.33E-08	1.56E-04	: 1.56E-04 :	1.64E-04	1.56E-04	: 1.56E-04 :
INFANT	•	8.95E-05	1.83E-08	8.96E-05	: 8.96E-05	9.67E-05	8.95E-05	: 8.95E-05 :
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FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 15 RES AT 2.40 MILES NW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.02E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 7.21E-06 MILLRADS

PLUME : 4.26E-06 : 1.18E-05 : GROUND : 5.05E-09 : 6.14E-09 : INHAL : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	PATHWAY		GI-TRACT			KIDNEY		LUNG	SKIN
GROUND : 5.05E-09 : 6.14E-09 : INHAL : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	PLUME	: 4.26E-06	4.46E-06	: 1.18E-05 :					
INHAL : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	GROUND	: 5.05E-09	: 5.05E-09	: 5.05E-09	5.05E-09	: 5.05E-09	: 5.05E-09	5.05E-09	: 6.14E-09 :
TEEN : 1.21E-04 : 1.21E-04 : 1.16E-08 : 1.21E-04 : 1.21E-04 : 1.26E-04 : 1.21E-04 : 1.21	INHAL ADULT	: : 1.20E-04	: : 1.20E-04	: : 8.26E-09	: : 1.20E-04	: : 1.20E-04	: : 1.24E-04	: : 1.20E-04	: : 1.20E-04 :
CHILD : 1.07E-04 : 1.07E-04 : 1.58E-08 : 1.07E-04 : 1.07E-04 : 1.12E-04 : 1.07E-04 : 1.07E-04 : 1.07E-04 : 1.07E-04 : 1.07E-05 : 6.16E-05 : 6.1	TEEN	: 1.21E-04	: 1.21E-04	: 1.16E-08	1.21E-04	: 1.21E-04	1.26E-04	1.21E-04	: 1.21E-04 :
INFANT : 6.16E-05 : 6.16E-05 : 1.24E-08 : 6.16E-05 : 6.16E-05 : 6.64E-05 : 6.16E-05 :	CHILD	: 1.07E-04	: 1.07E-04	: 1.58E-08	1.07E-04	: 1.07E-04 :	1.12E-04	1.07E-04	: 1.07E-04 :
	INFANT	: 6.16E-05	: 6.16E-05	: 1.24E-08	: 6.16E-05	: 6.16E-05 :	: 6.64E-05 :	6.16E-05	: 6.16E-05 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 16 RES AT 2.08 MILES NNW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.83E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.72E-05 MILLRADS

		GI-TRACT			KIDNEY	THYROID		SKIN
PLUME	: 1.08E-05 :	1.08E-05	: 1.08E-05	1.08E-05	: 1.08E-05	1.08E-05	1.10E-05	: 2.37E-05 :
GROUND		1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	: 1.30E-08 :
INHAL ADULT	: : 1.42E-04 :	1.42E-04	: : 1.03E-08 :	: : 1.42E-04	: : 1.42E-04	: : 1.47E-04 :	: : 1.42E-04	: 1.42E-04 :
TEEN	: 1.43E-04 :	1.43E-04	: 1.45E-08	1.43E-04	: 1.43E-04	1.49E-04	1.43E-04	: 1.43E-04 :
CHILD		1.26E-04	: 1.96E-08	1.27E-04	: 1.27E-04	1.33E-04	1.26E-04	: 1.26E-04 :
								: 7.28E-05 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 17 VEG AT 1.59 MILES NE

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 1.36E-04 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 4.82E-05 MILLRADS

PATHWAY	T.BODY				KIDNEY		LUNG	SKIN	L
PLUME	: 2.84E-05	: 2.84E-05	: 2.84E-05	: 2.84E-05	: 2.84E-05	2.84E-05	: 2.98E-05	: 7.90E-05	:
GROUND	: 4.77E-09	: 4.77E-09	: 4.77E-09	: 4.77E-09	: 4.77E-09	4.77E-09	: 4.77E-09	: 5.79E-09	:
VEGET ADULT	: : 5.80E-03	: 5.80E-03	: : 2.17E-02	: : 5.80E-03	: : 5.80E-03	: : 5.83E-03	: : 5.80E-03	: : 5.80E-03	:
TEEN	: 8.70E-03	: 8.70E-03	3.51E-02	: 8.70E-03	: 8.70E-03	8.74E-03	8.70E-03	: 8.70E-03 :	:
CHILD	: 1.95E-02	: 1.95E-02	8.47E-02	: 1.95E-02	: 1.95E-02	1.96E-02	1.95E-02	: 1.95E-02 :	:
				1	1			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 18 VEG AT 4.79 MILES ENE

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 5.63E-06 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.89E-06 MILLRADS

					KIDNEY			SKIN
PLUME	: 1.10E-06 :	1.10E-06	: 1.10E-06	1.10E-06	: 1.10E-06	1.10E-06	1.16E-06	: 3.13E-06 :
GROUND	: 1.92E-10 :	1.92E-10	: 1.92E-10	1.92E-10	: 1.92E-10	1.92E-10	: 1.92E-10	: 2.33E-10 :
VEGET ADULT	: : 2.90E-04 :	2.90E-04	: : 1.08E-03	: : 2.90E-04	: : 2.90E-04	: 2.91E-04	: : 2.90E-04	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
TEEN	: 4.35E-04 :	4.35E-04	: 1.76E-03 :	4.35E-04	: 4.35E-04 :	4.37E-04	4.35E-04	: 4.35E-04 :
CHILD	9.77E-04 :	9.77E-04	4.24E-03	9.77E-04	: 9.77E-04 :	9.80E-04	9.77E-04	: 9.77E-04 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 19 VEG AT 1.74 MILES SE

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 4.19E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.63E-05 MILLRADS

PATHWAY	T.BODY	GI-TRACT				THYROID		SKIN
PLUME		9.73E-06	: 9.73E-06	: 9.73E-06	: 9.73E-06	: 9.73E-06	: 1.01E-05	: 2.59E-05 :
GROUND		: 9.95E-09	: 1.21E-08 :					
VEGET ADULT	:	: : 1.72E-03	: : 6.44E-03	: : 1.72E-03	: : 1.72E-03	: : 1.79E-03	: : 1.72E-03	: : 1.72E-03 :
TEEN	•	: 2.59E-03	: 1.04E-02	2.59E-03	: 2.59E-03	2.67E-03	2.59E-03	: 2.59E-03 :
CHILD		: 5.81E-03	: 2.52E-02	5.81E-03	: 5.81E-03	: 5.96E-03	5.81E-03	: 5.81E-03 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 20 VEG

AT 0.94 MILES SSE

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 1.62E-04 MILLRADS ANNUAL GAMMA AIR DOSE = 1.08E-04 MILLRADS

					KIDNEY			SKIN
PLUME	: 6.80E-05	6.80E-05	: 6.80E-05	: 6.80E-05	: 6.80E-05	6.80E-05	: 6.94E-05	: 1.45E-04 :
GROUND	: 7.55E-08	7.55E-08	: 7.55E-08	7.55E-08	: 7.55E-08	7.55E-08	7.55E-08	: 9.16E-08 :
VEGET ADULT	: : 5.64E-03 :	5.64E-03	: : 2.11E-02 :	: : 5.64E-03	: : 5.65E-03 :	6.12E-03	: : 5.64E-03	: 5.64E-03 :
TEEN	: 8.47E-03	8.47E-03	: 3.42E-02	8.47E-03	8.47E-03	9.07E-03	8.47E-03	: 8.47E-03 :
CHILD		1.90E-02	: 8.24E-02 :	1.90E-02	: 1.90E-02 :	2.01E-02	: 1.90E-02	: 1.90E-02 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 21 VEG AT 2.60 MILES S

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 9.05E-06 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 3.65E-06 MILLRADS

			BONE		KIDNEY		LUNG	SKIN ++
PLUME	: 2.19E-06	: 2.19E-06	: 2.19E-06	: 2.19E-06	: 2.19E-06	: 2.19E-06	: 2.28E-06	: 5.72E-06 :
GROUND	: 4.84E-09	: 4.84E-09	: 4.84E-09	: 4.84E-09	: 4.84E-09	: 4.84E-09	: 4.84E-09	: 5.88E-09 :
VEGET :	: : 3.68E-04 :	: : 3.68E-04	: : 1.38E-03	: : 3.68E-04	: : 3.69E-04	: : 3.99E-04	: : 3.68E-04	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
TEEN :	5.53E-04 :	5.53E-04	2.23E-03	: 5.53E-04	: 5.53E-04	5.92E-04	: 5.53E-04	: 5.53E-04 :
CHILD :	: 1.24E-03 :	1.24E-03	5.38E-03	: 1.24E-03	: 1.24E-03	: 1.31E-03	: 1.24E-03	: 1.24E-03 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 22 VEG AT 0.65 MILES SSW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 4.31E-04 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 2.16E-04 MILLRADS

	T.BODY							SKIN
PLUME	: 1.33E-04	1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.37E-04	: 3.15E-04 :
GROUND		4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	4.61E-08	4.61E-08	: 5.59E-08 :
VEGET ADULT	: : 1.65E-02 :	1.65E-02	: : 6.15E-02	: : 1.65E-02	: : 1.65E-02	: : 1.68E-02	: : 1.65E-02	: :
TEEN		2.47E-02	: 9.97E-02	2.47E-02	: 2.47E-02	2.51E-02	2.47E-02	: 2.47E-02 :
CHILD	: 5.55E-02 :	5.55E-02	: 2.40E-01	5.55E-02	: 5.55E-02 :	5.62E-02	5.55E-02	•
	7		T	r	T			

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 23 VEG AT 0.73 MILES SW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 4.36E-04 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 3.51E-04 MILLRADS

		GI-TRACT		LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
PLUME	: 2.24E-04	2.24E-04	: 2.24E-04	: 2.24E-04	: 2.24E-04	: 2.24E-04	: 2.27E-04	: 4.50E-04 :
GROUND	: 2.45E-08	2.45E-08	: 2.45E-08	: 2.45E-08	: 2.45E-08	: 2.45E-08	: 2.45E-08	: 2.97E-08 :
VEGET ADULT	: : 1.41E-02	: : 1.41E-02	: : 5.27E-02	: : 1.41E-02	: : 1.41E-02	: : 1.43E-02	: : 1.41E-02	: : 1.41E-02 :
TEEN	: 2.12E-02	2.12E-02	: 8.55E-02	: 2.12E-02	: 2.12E-02	2.14E-02	: 2.12E-02	: 2.12E-02 :
CHILD	: 4.75E-02	: 4.75E-02	: 2.06E-01	: 4.75E-02	: 4.75E-02	: 4.79E-02	: 4.75E-02	: 4.75E-02 :
				r		r	r	T T

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 24 VEG AT 1.21 MILES WSW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 6.42E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 2.67E-05 MILLRADS

					KIDNEY			SKIN ++
PLUME :	1.61E-05	1.61E-05	: 1.61E-05 :	1.61E-05	: 1.61E-05	: 1.61E-05	: 1.67E-05	: 4.14E-05 :
GROUND :	8.00E-09	8.00E-09	8.00E-09	8.00E-09	: 8.00E-09	8.00E-09	: 8.00E-09	: 9.71E-09 :
VEGET :	2.59E-03	: 2.59E-03	: : 9.67E-03 :	: 2.59E-03	: : 2.59E-03	: : 2.64E-03	: : 2.59E-03	: 2.59E-03 :
TEEN :	3.88E-03	3.88E-03	1.57E-02 :	3.88E-03	: 3.88E-03	3.95E-03	3.88E-03	: 3.88E-03 :
CHILD :	8.72E-03 :	8.72E-03	3.78E-02	8.72E-03	: 8.72E-03	8.84E-03	8.72E-03	: 8.72E-03 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 25 VEG AT 1.30 MILES W

ANNUAL BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.72E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL GAMMA AIR DOSE = 2.73E-05 MILLRADS

PATHWAY	T.BODY	GI-TRACT			KIDNEY		LUNG	SKIN
PLUME		: 1.76E-05	: 1.76E-05	: 1.76E-05	: 1.76E-05	: 1.76E-05	: 1.78E-05	: 3.34E-05 :
GROUND	: 1.14E-08	: 1.14E-08	: 1.14E-08	: 1.14E-08	: 1.14E-08	: 1.14E-08 :	1.14E-08	: 1.39E-08 :
VEGET ADULT	•	: : 7.84E-04	: : 2.93E-03	: 7.84E-04	: : 7.84E-04	: : 8.57E-04 :	: : 7.84E-04	: : 7.84E-04 :
TEEN	: 1.18E-03	: 1.18E-03	4.75E-03	1.18E-03	: 1.18E-03	: 1.27E-03 :	1.18E-03	: 1.18E-03 :
CHILD	: 2.64E-03	: 2.64E-03	: 1.14E-02	2.64E-03	: 2.64E-03	: 2.81E-03 :	2.64E-03	

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 26 VEG AT 2.27 MILES WNW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.90E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.02E-05 MILLRADS

PATHWAY			GI-TRACT			KIDNEY	THYROID		SKIN ++
PLUME	:	6.00E-06	: 6.00E-06 :	6.00E-06	6.00E-06	: 6.00E-06	6.00E-06	6.29E-06	: 1.68E-05 :
GROUND	:	3.63E-09	3.63E-09	3.63E-09	3.63E-09	3.63E-09	3.63E-09	3.63E-09	: 4.41E-09 :
VEGET ADULT	:	1.25E-03	: : 1.25E-03 :	4.69E-03	: : 1.25E-03	: : 1.25E-03 :	1.28E-03	1.25E-03	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
TEEN	:	1.88E-03	1.88E-03 :	7.60E-03	1.88E-03	1.88E-03	1.91E-03 :	1.88E-03	: 1.88E-03 :
CHILD	:	4.23E-03	4.23E-03 :	1.83E-02	4.23E-03	4.23E-03	4.28E-03 :	4.23E-03	: 4.23E-03 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 27 VEG AT 2.40 MILES NW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.02E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 7.21E-06 MILLRADS

PATHWAY	T.BODY						LUNG	SKIN ++
PLUME		: 4.26E-06	4.26E-06	: 4.26E-06	: 4.26E-06	: 4.26E-06	: 4.46E-06	: 1.18E-05 :
GROUND	•	5.05E-09	5.05E-09	5.05E-09	: 5.05E-09	: 5.05E-09	5.05E-09	: 6.14E-09 :
VEGET ADULT	:	: : 8.62E-04 :	: : 3.22E-03	: : 8.62E-04	: : 8.62E-04	: : 8.94E-04 :	8.62E-04	: : : 8.62E-04 :
TEEN	•	: 1.29E-03 :	5.22E-03	1.29E-03	1.29E-03	1.33E-03 :	1.29E-03	: 1.29E-03 :
CHILD	: 2.91E-03	: 2.91E-03	1.26E-02	: 2.91E-03	2.91E-03	2.98E-03	2.91E-03	: 2.91E-03 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 28 VEG AT 2.08 MILES NNW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.83E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.72E-05 MILLRADS

		GI-TRACT			KIDNEY			SKIN
PLUME	: 1.08E-05	: 1.08E-05	: 1.08E-05	: 1.08E-05	: 1.08E-05	: 1.08E-05	: 1.10E-05	: 2.37E-05 :
GROUND	: 1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	: 1.07E-08	1.07E-08	: 1.30E-08 :
VEGET ADULT	: : 1.02E-03	: : 1.02E-03	: : 3.81E-03 :	: : 1.02E-03	: : 1.02E-03	: : 1.09E-03 :	: : 1.02E-03	
TEEN	: 1.53E-03	1.53E-03	: 6.17E-03	: 1.53E-03	: 1.53E-03	1.62E-03	1.53E-03	: 1.53E-03 :
CHILD	: 3.43E-03	3.43E-03	: 1.49E-02 :	3.43E-03	: 3.43E-03	: 3.59E-03	3.43E-03	: 3.43E-03 :
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FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 29 BEEF AT 4.91 MILES E

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 3.61E-06 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.22E-06 MILLRADS

PATHWAY	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	201.2		KIDNEY		LUNG	SKIN
PLUME	: 7.10E-07	: 7.10E-07	: 7.10E-07	: 7.10E-07	: 7.10E-07	: 7.10E-07 :	7.46E-07	: 2.01E-06 :
GROUND		: 2.58E-10	: 2.58E-10	2.58E-10	: 2.58E-10	: 2.58E-10 :	2.58E-10	: 3.13E-10 :
MEAT ADULT	:	: : 5.66E-05	: : 2.50E-04	: : 5.66E-05	: : 5.66E-05 :	: : 5.66E-05 :	: : 5.66E-05	: : 5.66E-05 :
TEEN	: 4.62E-05	: 4.62E-05	: 2.11E-04	4.62E-05	: 4.62E-05	4.62E-05 :	4.62E-05	: 4.62E-05 :
CHILD	•	: 8.42E-05	3.97E-04	8.42E-05	: 8.42E-05	8.43E-05 :	8.42E-05	: 8.42E-05 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 30 BEEF AT 2.60 MILES S

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 9.05E-06 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 3.65E-06 MILLRADS

					KIDNEY			SKIN ++
PLUME	: 2.19E-06 :	2.19E-06	: 2.19E-06	: 2.19E-06	: 2.19E-06	2.19E-06	: 2.28E-06	: 5.72E-06 :
GROUND	: 4.84E-09 :	4.84E-09	4.84E~09	4.84E-09	: 4.84E-09	4.84E-09	: 4.84E-09	: 5.88E-09 :
MEAT ADULT	: : 1.16E-04 :	: : 1.16E-04	: : 5.11E-04 :	: : 1.16E-04	: : 1.16E-04 :	: : 1.17E-04	: : 1.16E-04	: : 1.16E-04 :
TEEN	9.43E-05 :	9.43E-05	4.32E-04	9.43E-05	: 9.43E-05 :	9.53E-05	9.43E-05	: 9.43E-05 :
CHILD	: 1.72E-04 :	1.72E-04	8.12E-04	1.72E-04	: 1.72E-04 :	1.74E-04	1.72E-04	: 1.72E-04 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 31 BEEF AT 0.65 MILES SSW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 4.31E-04 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 2.16E-04 MILLRADS

PATHWAY		GI-TRACT		LIVER		THYROID	LUNG	SKIN ++
PLUME	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.37E-04	: 3.15E-04 :
GROUND	•	: 4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	4.61E-08	: 5.59E-08 :
MEAT ADULT	:	: : 5.17E-03	: : 2.28E-02	: : 5.17E-03	: : 5.17E-03	: : 5.18E-03 :	: : 5.17E-03	: : 5.17E-03 :
TEEN		: 4.21E-03	: 1.93E-02	4.21E-03	: 4.21E-03	: 4.22E-03 :	4.21E-03	: 4.21E-03 :
CHILD	: 7.69E-03	: 7.69E-03	: 3.63E-02	7.69E-03	: 7.69E-03	: 7.70E-03 :	7.69E-03	: 7.69E-03 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 32 BEEF

AT 0.73 MILES SW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 4.36E-04 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 3.51E-04 MILLRADS

		GI-TRACT	35-1-		KIDNEY			SKIN ++
PLUME	: 2.24E-04	: 2.24E-04	2.24E-04	2.24E-04	: 2.24E-04	: 2.24E-04	: 2.27E-04	: 4.50E-04 :
GROUND	: 2.45E-08	: 2.45E-08	: 2.45E-08	2.45E-08	: 2.45E-08	: 2.45E-08	: 2.45E-08	: 2.97E-08 :
MEAT ADULT	: : 4.43E-03	: : 4.43E-03	: : 1.96E-02	: : 4.43E-03	: : 4.43E-03	: : 4.43E-03	: 4.43E-03	: : 4.43E-03 :
TEEN	: 3.61E-03	3.61E-03	: 1.65E-02	3.61E-03	: 3.61E-03	: 3.62E-03	3.61E-03	: 3.61E-03 :
CHILD	: 6.59E-03	6.59E-03	: 3.11E-02	6.59E-03	: 6.59E-03	: 6.60E-03	: 6.59E-03	: 6.59E-03 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 33 BEEF AT 2.42 MILES WSW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 1.13E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 3.91E-06 MILLRADS

PATHWAY				BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN +	L
PLUME	:	2.30E-06	: 2.30E-06	: 2.30E-06	: 2.30E-06	: 2.30E-06	: 2.30E-06	: 2.41E-06	: 6.46E-06 :	:
GROUND	:	1.30E-09	: 1.30E-09	: 1.30E-09	: 1.30E-09	: 1.30E-09	: 1.30E-09	: 1.30E-09	: 1.58E-09 :	:
MEAT ADULT	:	1.57E-04	: : 1.57E-04	: : 6.96E-04	: : 1.57E-04	: : 1.57E-04	: : 1.58E-04	: : 1.57E-04	: 1.57E-04 :	:
TEEN	:	1.28E-04	: 1.28E-04	: 5.88E-04	: 1.28E-04	1.28E-04	1.29E-04	: 1.28E-04	: 1.28E-04 :	
CHILD	:	2.34E-04	: 2.34E-04	: 1.11E-03	: 2.34E-04	2.34E-04	2.35E-04	2.34E-04	: 2.34E-04 :	:
	- +		T		-			 -	T -	

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 34 BEEF AT 3.25 MILES W

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.19E-06 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 9.79E-07 MILLRADS

PATHWAY		GI-TRACT						SKIN
PLUME	: 5.96E-07	7 : 5.96E-07	: 5.96E-07	: 5.96E-07	: 5.96E-07	5.96E-07	: 6.17E-07	: 1.48E-06 :
GROUND	: 1.03E-09	1.03E-09	: 1.03E-09	: 1.03E-09	: 1.03E-09	: 1.03E-09	: 1.03E-09	: 1.25E-09 :
MEAT ADULT	: : 2.71E-05	: 3 : 2.71E-05	: : 1.20E-04	: : 2.71E-05	: : 2.71E-05	: : 2.74E-05	: : 2.71E-05	: : 2.71E-05 :
TEEN	: 2.21E-05	: 2.21E-05	: 1.01E-04	: 2.21E-05	: 2.21E-05	: 2.23E-05	2.21E-05	: 2.21E-05 :
CHILD	: 4.03E-05	: 4.03E-05	: 1.90E-04	: 4.03E-05	: 4.03E-05	: 4.06E-05	: 4.03E-05	: 4.03E-05 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 35 BEEF AT 2.27 MILES WNW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 2.90E-05 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.02E-05 MILLRADS

PATHWAY		GI-TRACT	201.		KIDNEY	THYROID		SKIN
PLUME	: 6.00E-06	6.00E-06	: 6.29E-06	: 1.68E-05 :				
GROUND		: 3.63E-09	: 4.41E-09 :					
MEAT ADULT	: : 3.94E-04	: : 3.94E-04	: : 1.74E-03	: : 3.94E-04	: : 3.94E-04	: : 3.95E-04	: : 3.94E-04	
TEEN	: 3.21E-04	: 3.21E-04	: 1.47E-03	: 3.21E-04	: 3.21E-04	3.22E-04	: 3.21E-04	: 3.21E-04 :
CHILD	: 5.86E-04	: 5.86E-04	: 2.76E-03	: 5.86E-04	: 5.86E-04 :	: 5.87E-04 :	5.86E-04	: 5.86E-04 :
	-+	+	+	+ 	+			+

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 36 COW AT 3.44 MILES S

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 4.86E-06 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 1.79E-06 MILLRADS

	T.BODY				KIDNEY			SKIN
PLUME	: 1.06E-06	1.06E-06	: 1.06E-06	: 1.06E-06	: 1.06E-06	: 1.06E-06	: 1.11E-06	: 2.90E-06 :
GROUND	•	2.43E-09	: 2.43E-09	: 2.43E-09	: 2.43E-09	2.43E-09	: 2.43E-09	: 2.95E-09 :
COW MILK ADULT	: 7.91E-05 :	: : 7.91E-05	: : 3.09E-04	: : 7.91E-05	: 7.91E-05 :	: : 8.87E-05 :	: : 7.91E-05	: 7.91E-05 :
TEEN	: 1.36E-04 :	1.36E-04	: 5.69E-04	: 1.36E-04	: 1.36E-04 :	: 1.52E-04 :	1.36E-04	: 1.36E-04 :
CHILD	: 3.16E-04 :	3.16E-04	: 1.40E-03	: 3.16E-04	: 3.16E-04 :	3.46E-04	3.16E-04	: 3.16E-04 :
			•	•	•			: 6.39E-04 :

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

SPECIAL LOCATION NO. 37 COW AT 0.65 MILES SSW

ANNUAL_BETA_AIR_DOSE = 4.31E~04 MILLRADS ANNUAL_GAMMA_AIR_DOSE = 2.16E-04 MILLRADS

			BONE					SKIN
PLUME	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.33E-04	: 1.37E-04	: 3.15E-04 :
GROUND	: 4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	: 4.61E-08	: 5.59E-08 :
COW MILK ADULT	: : 6.39E-03	: : 6.39E-03	: : 2.49E-02 :	: : 6.39E-03	: : 6.39E-03	: : 6.57E-03	: : 6.39E-03	
TEEN	: 1.10E-02	1.10E-02	: 4.60E-02 :	1.10E-02	: 1.10E-02	: 1.13E-02	: 1.10E-02	: 1.10E-02 :
CHILD	: 2.55E-02	2.55E-02	: 1.13E-01 :	2.55E-02	: 2.55E-02	2.61E-02	2.55E-02	: 2.55E-02 :
INFANT	: 5.16E-02 :	: 5.16E-02	: 2.21E-01 :	5.16E-02	: 5.17E-02 :	5.30E-02	5.16E-02	: 5.16E-02 :
	,						r · · ·	F

FORT CALHOUN 1 DOSE CONTRIBUTIONS FROM GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

UNRESTRICTED AREA BOUNDARY

REQUIRED BY TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION 5.9.4.a.

JANUARY 1, 2011 TO DECEMBER 31, 2011

MAXIMUM SITE BOUNDARY GAMMA AIR DOSE - 9.72E-04 MILLRADS

MAXIMUM SITE BOUNDARY BETA AIR DOSE - 1.50E-03 MILLRADS

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS ALARA ANNUAL INTEGRATED POPULATION DOSE SUMMARY (PERSON-REM)

PATHWAY	T.BODY	GI-TRACT	BONE	LIVER	KIDNEY	THYROID	LUNG	SKIN
PLUME	: 7.47E-05 : 0.18%				: 7.47E-05 : 0.18%	·		: 2.45E-04 : : 0.58% :
GROUND	: 7.78E-08 : 0.00%				: 7.78E-08 : 0.00%			: 9.45E-08 : : 0.00% :
INHAL	: 3.74E-03 : 8.82%				: 3.74E-03 : 8.82%			: 3.74E-03 : : 8.78% :
VEGET	: 2.28E-02 : 53.82%		56.96%	: 53.82%	: 53.82%	53.54%	: 53.81% :	2.28E-02 : 53.61% :
COM WITK	: 13.14%		2.35E-02 14.52%	: 5.58E-03 : 13.14%	: 5.58E-03 : 13.14% :	5.68E-03	: 5.58E-03 : : 13.14% :	5.58E-03 :
MEAT	: 1.02E-02 : 24.04%	: 1.02E-02 : 24.04% :	4.60E-02 28.46%	: 1.02E-02 : 24.04%	: 1.02E-02 : 24.04% :	: 1.02E-02 : : 23.96% :	: 1.02E-02 : 24.04% :	1.02E-02 :
TOTAL			· ·	•	•			4.26E-02:

SECTION V

DOSE FROM LIQUID EFFLUENTS LADTAP II OUTPUT

Technical Specification 5.9.4.a

January 1, 2011 - December 31, 2011

Radioactive Effluent Releases - First, Second, Third, and Fourth Quarters 2011

LIQUID EFFLUENTS

During the reporting period, a total of 1.97E-03 curies of radioactive liquid materials less tritium, dissolved noble gases, and alpha were released to the Missouri River at an average concentration of 1.76E-10 μ Ci/mL. This represents 1.76E-02 percent of the limits specified in Appendix B to 10 CFR 20 (1.0E-06 μ Ci/mL for unrestricted areas), 83.2 curies of tritium were discharged at an average diluted concentration of 1.09E-05 μ Ci/mL or 1.09 percent of ECL (1.0E-03 μ Ci/mL).

No gross alpha radioactivity was identified by Off-site vendor analysis of quarterly liquid composites for the reporting period.

Dilution water during the period amounted to 8.34E+9 liters, while liquid waste discharges consisted of 3.08E+06 liters of radioactive liquid waste.

A. Potential Annual Doses to Individuals from Liquid Releases

Total body, skin, and organ mRem for liquid releases were calculated for all significant liquid pathways using the annual configuration of the LADTAP II program.

The inputs to LADTAP II for the annual period from January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011 were as follows:

- (1) All liquid effluents were as described in Section IV except for entrained noble gases (Ar-41, Xe-131M, Xe-133M, Xe-133, Xe-135M, Xe-135, Kr-85M, Kr-87, and Kr-88).
- (2) An average plant discharge rate of 203.32 cubic feet per second (CFS) was utilized for 2011. The average discharge rate during releases was 247.2 cubic feet per second (CFS).
- (3) Dilution factors (inverse of the mixing ratios) were computed based on Regulatory Guide 1.113 (equation 7 in Section 2.a.1 of Appendix A) for a one dimensional transport model.
- (4) Drinking water transport times of 6.6 hours to the Omaha intake and 7.0 hours to the Council Bluffs intake were used for dose calculations.
- (5) A shorewidth factor of 0.2 was used.
- (6) All dose factors, transport times from receptor to individual, and usage factors are defined by Regulatory Guide 1.109 and NUREG-0172.

The discharge site was chosen to present the most conservative estimate of mRem dose for an average adult, teenager, child, and infant. A conservative approach is also presented by the assumption that Omaha and Council Bluffs receive all drinking water from the Missouri River.

B. Potential Annual Doses to Population from Liquid Releases

The LADTAP II program in its annual configuration was also used to calculate to total body and organ doses for the population of 950,006 within a 50-mile radius of the plant (based on the 2010 census). The same input was used as in the individual cases with the addition of the following:

- (1) Dilution factors and transport times for the pathways of sport fish, commercial fish, recreation and biota were calculated based on a distance of two miles downstream as approximately the distance to the nearest recreation facility - DeSoto National Wildlife Preserve.
- (2) The total fish harvest for both sport and commercial purposes was calculated using an average commercial fish catch for Nebraska.

EVALUATION OF RADIATION DOSES FROM RELEASES OF RADIACTIVITY

IN NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS LIQUID EFFLUENTS

REVISION DATE: PNL VAX - OCTOBER 1985

FORT CALHOUN ANNUAL 2011, DOSE PROJECTIONS

RADIOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT BRANCH

DIVISION OF SYSTEMS INTEGRATION

U. S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D. C.

LOCATION FRESHWATER INTAKE

Α	D	U	L	T	D	0	S	Ε	S

				DOSE(MREM	PER YEAR INTAK	E)		
PATHWAY	SKIN	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
FISH		2.55E-03	3.62E-03	2.42E-03	8.55E-05	1.26E-03	4.59E-04	1.30E-04
DRINKING		1.06E-05	5.50E-04	5.45E-04	5.50E-04	5.40E-04	5.37E-04	5.38E-04
SHORELINE	4.18E-06	3.59E-06	3.59E-06	3.59E-06	3.59E-06	3.59E-06	3.59E-06	3.59E-06
SWIMMING		2.09E-08	2.09E-08	2.09E-08	2.09E-08	2.09E-08	2.09E-08	2.09E-08
BOATING		1.04E-08	1.04E-08	1.04E-08	1.04E-08	1.04E-08	1.04E-08	1.04E-08
TOTAL	4.18E-06	2.56E-03	4.17E-03	2.97E-03	6.39E-04	1.81E-03	1.00E-03	6.71E-04

SHOREWIDTH FACTOR=0.2

SHOREWIDTH FACTOR≈0.2

	USAGE (KG/YR, HR/YR)	DILUTION	TIME (HR)	
FISH	21.0	7.3	24.00	
DRINKING	730.0	30.8	18.60	
SHORELINE	12.0	7.3	0.00	
SWIMMING	12.0	7.3	0.00	
BOATING	12.0	7.3	0.00	

TEENAGER DOSES

				DOSE(MREM	PER YEAR INTAK	E)		
PATHWAY	SKIN	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
FISH		2.72E-03	3.75E-03	1.36E-03	7.02E-05	1.30E-03	5.33E-04	9.92E-05
DRINKING		1.04E-05	3.91E-04	3.82E-04	3.90E-04	3.82E-04	3.79E-04	3.79E-04
SHORELINE	2.33E-05	2.00E-05	2.00E-05	2.00E-05	2.00E-05	2.00E-05	2.00E-05	2.00E-05
SWIMMING		1.17E-07	1.17E-07	1.17E-07	1.17E-07	1.17E-07	1.17E-07	1.17E-07
BOATING		5.83E-08	5.83E-08	5.83E-08	5.83E-08	5.83E-08	5.83E-08	5.83E-08
TOTAL	2.33E-05	2.75E-03	4.16E-03	1.76E-03	4.80E-04	1.70E-03	9.32E-04	4.98E-04

	USAGE (KG/YR, HR/YR)	DILUTION	TIME (HR)
FISH	16.0	7.3	24.00
DRINKING	510.0	30.8	18.60
SHORELINE	67.0	7.3	0.00
SWIMMING	67.0	7.3	0.00
BOATING	67.0	7.3	0.00

CHILD DOSES

				DOSE (MREM E	ER YEAR INTAKE)			
PATHWAY	SKIN	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
FISH		3.42E-03	3.38E-03	5.41E-04	6.33E-05	1.12E-03	4.28E-04	5.87E-05
DRINKING		3.04E-05	7.53E-04	7.28E-04	7.55E-04	7.33E-04	7.27E-04	7.26E-04
SHORELINE	4.88E-06	4.18E-06	4.18E-06	4.18E-06	4.18E-06	4.18E-06	4.18E-06	4.18E-06
SWIMMING		2.44E-08	2.44E-08	2.44E-08	2.44E-08	2.44E-08	2.44E-08	2.44E-08
BOATING		1.22E-08	1.22E-08	1.22E-08	1.22E-08	1.22E-08	1.22E-08	1.22E-08
TOTAL	4.88E-06	3.46E-03	4.14E-03	1.27E-03	8.22E-04	1.86E-03	1.16E-03	7.88E-04

	USAGE (KG/YR, HR/YR)	DILUTION	TIME (HR)	SHOREWIDTH FACTOR=0.2
FISH	6.9	7.3	24.00	
DRINKING	510.0	30.8	18.60	
SHORELINE	14.0	7.3	0.00	
SWIMMING	14.0	7.3	0.00	
BOATING	14.0	7.3	0.00	

INFANT DOSES

PATHWAY	DOSE (MREM PER YEAR INTAKE)										
	SKIN	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI			
FISH		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
DRINKING		3.15E-05	7.48E-04	7.13E-04	7.59E-04	7.21E-04	7.15E-04	7.12E-04			
SHORELINE	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00			
TOTAL	0.00E+00	3.15E-05	7.48E-04	7.13E-04	7.59E-04	7.21E-04	7.15E-04	7.12E-04			

	USAGE (KG/YR, HR/YR)	DILUTION	TIME (HR)	SHOREWIDTH FACTOR=0.2
FISH	0.0	7.3	24.00	
DRINKING	330.0	30.8	18.60	

LOCATION IS SITE DISCHG.

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	DOSE (MREM PER YEAR INTAKE)									
PATHWAY	SKIN	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI		
FISH		1.86E-02	2.64E-02	1.77E-02	6.24E-04	9.23E-03	3.35E-03	9.48E-04		
DRINKING		3.28E-04	1.69E-02	1.68E-02	1.70E-02	1.66E-02	1.65E-02	1.66E-02		
SHORELINE	3.05E-05	2.62E-05	2.62E-05	2.62E-05	2.62E-05	2.62E-05	2.62E-05	2.62E-05		
SWIMMING		1.53E-07	1.53E-07	1.53E-07	1.53E-07	1.53E-07	1.53E-07	1.53E-07		
BOATING		7.63E-08	7.63E-08	7.63E-08	7.63E-08	7.63E-08	7.63E-08	7.63E-08		
TOTAL	3.05E-05	1.89E-02	4.34E-02	3.45E-02	1.76E-02	2.59E-02	1.99E-02	1.75E-02		

	USAGE (KG/YR, HR/YR)	DILUTION	TIME (HR)	SHOREWIDTH FACTOR=0.2
FISH	21.0	1.0	24.00	
DRINKING	730.0	1.0	12.00	-
SHORELINE	12.0	1.0	0.00	
SWIMMING	12.0	1.0	0.00	
BOATING	12.0	1.0	0.00	

TEENAGER DOSES

	DOSE (MREM PER YEAR INTAKE)									
PATHWAY	SKIN	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI		
FISH		1.99E-02	2.74E-02	9.91E-03	5.12E-04	9.50E-03	3.89E-03	7.24E-04		
DRINKING		3.21E-04	1.20E-02	1.18E-02	1.20E-02	1.18E-02	1.17E-02	1.17E-02		
SHORELINE	1.70E-04	1.46E-04	1.46E-04	1.46E-04	1.46E-04	1.46E-04	1.46E-04	1.46E-04		
SWIMMING		8.52E-07	8.52E-07	8.52E-07	8.52E-07	8.52E-07	8.52E-07	8.52E-07		
BOATING		4.26E-07	4.26E-07	4.26E-07	4.26E-07	4.26E-07	4.26E-07	4.26E-07		
TOTAL	1.70E-04	2.03E-02	3.96E-02	2.18E-02	1.27E-02	2.14E-02	1.57E-02	1.25E-02		

	USAGE (KG/YR, HR/YR)	DILUTION	TIME (HR)	SHOREWIDTH FACTOR=0.2
FISH	16.0	1.0	24.00	
DRINKING	510.0	1.0	12.00	
SHORELINE	67.0	1.0	0.00	
SWIMMING	67.0	1.0	0.00	
BOATING	67.0	1.0	0.00	

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	DOSE (MREM PER YEAR INTAKE)										
PATHWAY	SKIN	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI			
FISH		2.50E-02	2.47E-02	3.95E-03	4.62E-04	8.21E-03	3.13E-03	4.28E-04			
DRINKING		9.37E-04	2.32E-02	2.24E-02	2.33E-02	2.26E-02	2.24E-02	2.23E-02			
SHORELINE	3.56E-05	3.05E-05	3.05E-05	3.05E-05	3.05E-05	3.05E-05	3.05E-05	3.05E-05			
SWIMMING		1.78E-07	1.78E-07	1.78E-07	1.78E-07	1.78E-07	1.78E-07	1.78E-07			
BOATING		8.90E-08	8.90E-08	8.90E-08	8.90E-08	8.90E-08	8.90E-08	8.90E-08			
TOTAL	3.56E-05	2.60E-02	4.79E-02	2.64E-02	2.38E-02	3.08E-02	2.56E-02	2.28E-02			

	USAGE (KG/YR, HR/YR)	DILUTION	TIME (HR)	SHOREWIDTH FACTOR=0.2
FISH	6.9	1.0	24.00	
DRINKING	510.0	1.0	12.00	
SHORELINE	14.0	1.0	0.00	
SWIMMING	14.0	1.0	0.00	
BOATING	14.0	1.0	0.00	

INFANT DOSES

	DOSE (MREM PER YEAR INTAKE)									
PATHWAY	SKIN	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI		
FISH		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
DRINKING		9.71E-04	2.30E-02	2.20E-02	2.34E-02	2.22E-02	2.20E-02	2.19E-02		
SHORELINE	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
TOTAL	0.00E+00	9.71E-04	2.30E-02	2.20E-02	2.34E-02	2.22E-02	2.20E-02	2.19E-02		

	USAGE (KG/YR, HR/YR)	DILUTION	TIME (HR)	SHOREWIDTH FACTOR=0.2
FISH	0.0	1.0	24.00	
DRINKING	330 0	1.0	12 00	

* * * FISH CONSUMPTION POPULATION DOSES * * * * PERSON-REM

	SPORT HARVES	ST							
•					DOS	E (PERSON-	REM)		
PATHWAY	AGE GROUP	USAGE	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
FISH	ADULT	6.10E+04	7.39E-03	1.05E-02	7.02E-03	2.16E-04	3.67E-03	1.33E-03	3.77E-04
FISH	TEENAGER	7.12E+03	1.21E-03	1.67E-03	6.03E-04	2.66E-05	5.78E-04	2.37E-04	4.41E-05
FISH	CHILD	4.93E+03	2.44E-03	2.41E-03	3.86E-04	3.76E-05	8.02E-04	3.06E-04	4.18E-05
FISH	TOTAL	7.30E+04	1.10E-02	1.46E-02	8.01E-03	2.80E-04	5.05E-03	1.87E-03	4.62E-04
LOCATION	DILUTION	CATCH TI	ME(HR)-INCI	UDES FOOD	PROCESSING	TIME OF 1	68E+02 HR	POPUL	ATION=1.24E+04
	7.30E+00	7.30E+04 1.	69E+02		4				
AVERAGE IN	DIVIDUAL CO	NSUMPTION (KG	(YR) ADU	JLT=6.90E+	00 TEEN	=5.20E+00	CHILD=	2.20E+00	

* * * FISH CONSUMPTION POPULATION DOSES * * * * PERSON-REM

	COMMERCIAL I	HARVEST							
					DOS	E (PERSON	-REM)		
PATHWAY	AGE GROUP	USAGE	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
FISH	TJUCA	4.18E+06	8.40E-04	1.19E-03	7.99E-04	2.34E-05	4.17E-04	1.52E-04	4.28E-05
FISH	TEENAGER	4.88E+05	1.38E-04	1.90E-04	6.86E-05	2.86E-06	6.58E-05	2.69E-05	5.01E-06
FISH	CHILD	3.38E+05	2.78E-04	2.74E-04	4.39E-05	3.99E-06	9.13E-05	3.48E-05	4.76E-06
FISH	TOTAL	5.01E+06	1.26E-03	1.66E-03	9.12E-04	3.02E-05	5.74E-04	2.13E-04	5.26E-05
LOCATION	DILUTION	CATCH TI	ME (HR) - INCL	UDES FOOD	PROCESSING	TIME OF	2.40E+02 HR	POPUL	ATION=8.53E+05
	7.30E+00	7.30E+04 2.	41E+02						
AVERAGE IN	DIVIDUAL COM	NSUMPTION (KG	/YR) ADU	LT=6.90E+	00 TEEN:	=5.20E+00	CHILD=	2.20E+00	

* * * POPULATION WATER CONSUMPTION DOSES * * *

SUPPLIER-OMAHA

SUPPLIER-O	MAHA								
		-			DOS	E (PERSON-	REM)	·	
PATHWAY	AGE GROUP	USAGE	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEA	LUNG	GI-TF1
DRINKING	ADULT								
DRINKING	TEENAGER								
DRINKING		2.48E+07							
DRINKING	TOTAL								
POPULATION:	=5.29E+05	DILUTION=3.	08E+01	TRANSIT	TIME=3.06E+	01 HR (INC	LUDING 24	HR FOR TRE	ATMENT FACILITY)
AVERAGE IN	DIVIDUAL CONSU	JMPTION (L/Y	(R) ADU	JLT=3.70E+0	02 TEEN	=2.60E+02	CHTPD=	2.60E+02	
SUPPLIER-CO	OUNCIL BLUFFS								
		_			DOS	E (PERSON-	REM)		
PATHWAY	AGE GROUP								
DRINKING	ADULT	2.29E+07	3,28E-04	1.69E-02	1.68E-02	1.69E-02	1.66E-02	1.65E-02	1.66E-02
DRINKING	TEENAGER								
DRINKING	CHILD								
DRINKING	TOTAL								
POPULATION:	≈8.70E+04	DILUTION=3.	13E+01	TRANSIT T	TIME=3.10E+	01 HR (INC	LUDING 24	HR FOR TRE	ATMENT FACILITY)
AVERAGE IN	DIVIDUAL CONSU	MPTION (L/Y	R) ADU	JLT=3.70E+0	02 TEEN	=2.60E+02	CHILD=	2.60E+02	
CTIMITI.	ATIVE TOTAL								
	AGE GROUP		BONE	T.TVFP	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LHNG	GT-LLT
	CUMUL TOTAL								
Dittinitano	COMOL TOTAL	2.000,00	1.436 03	1.771 01	1.755 01	1.772 01	1.712 01	1.,32 01	1.735 01
	NEPA DOSES								
NOTE TOTAL	L NEPA DOSE IN	CLUDES SPOR	T CATCH						
		-			DOS	E (PERSON-	REM)		
PATHWAY	AGE GROUP	USAGE	BONE	LIVER	TOTAL BODY	THYROID	KIDNEY	LUNG	GI-LLI
FISH	ADULT	1.22E+05	1.48E-02	2.10E-02	1.40E-02	4.22E-04	7.33E-03	2.66E-03	7.53E-04
FISH	TEENAGER	1.42E+04	2.42E-03	3.33E-03	1.21E-03	5.17E-05	1.16E-03	4.73E-04	8.82E-05
FISH	CHILD	9.85E+03	4.89E-03	4.82E-03	7.72E-04	7.26E-05	1.60E-03	6.11E-04	8.37E-05
FISH	TOTAL	1.46E+05	2.21E-02	2.92E-02	1.60E-02	5.46E-04	1.01E-02	3.75E-03	9.25E-04
HYDROSPHERE TRITIUM DOSE									
	DIVIDUAL WATER		•						
	AGE GROUP TOTAL								
		0.000.11	0.000.00	C 3ED 04	C 355 04	C 3EE 04	6 3EB 04	C 3EE 04	C 250 A4

* * * RECREATION POPULATION DOSES * * *

LOCATION- DOWN STREAM SWIMMING

DILUTION= 7.30E+00 TRANSIT TIME= 6.70E-01 HR SWF= 0.2

DOSE (PERSON-REM)

PATHWAY AGE GROUP USAGE SKIN TOTAL BODY THYROID
SHORELINE TOTAL POPUL 4.10E+07 1.43E-02 1.23E-02 1.23E-02

LOCATION- DOWN STREAM SWIMMING

DILUTION= 7.30E+00 TRANSIT TIME= 6.70E-01 HR

_____DOSE (PERSON-REM)_

PATHWAY AGE GROUP USAGE SKIN TOTAL BODY THYROID SWIMMING TOTAL POPUL 4.10E+07 7.14E-05 7.14E-05

LOCATION- DOWN STREAM BOATING

DILUTION= 7.30E+00 TRANSIT TIME= 6.70E-01 HR

PATHWAY AGE GROUP USAGE SKIN TOTAL BODY THYROID

PATHWAY AGE GROUP USAGE SKIN TOTAL BODY THYROID
BOATING TOTAL POPUL 4.10E+07 3.57E-05 3.57E-05

* * DOSE TO BIOTA * * * MRADS PER YEAR

BIOTA	DILUTION=	1.00E+00	TRANSIT TIME=	0.00E+00 HR
	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL	
FISH	6.26E-02	9.57E-02	1.58E-01	
INVERTEBRATE	3.49E-02	1.91E-01	2.26E-01	
ALGAE	3.80E-02	1.11E-04	3.81E-02	
MUSKRAT	3.62E-01	6.38E-02	4.25E-01	
RACCOON	1.24E-01	4.78E-02	1.72E-01	
HERON	1.87E+00	6.38E-02	1.93E+00	•
DUCK	3.33E-01	9.57E-02	4.29E-01	

SECTION VI

RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASES - SOLID RADIOACTIVE WASTE

Technical Specifications 5.9.4.a

January 1, 2011 - December 31, 2011

III. RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASES-SOLID RADIOACTIVE WASTE EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL REPORT

January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011

SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS

A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (NOT IRRADIATED)

1.	Type of Waste	Month Shipped	Number of Shipments	Volume Cu.Meter	Curie Content	Est.Tot al % Error
a.	Spent resins, filter sludges, evaporator bottoms, etc.	January February March April May June July August September October November December	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	N/A
То	otal (Type a)		1	2.12E+00	2.56E+00	20
b.	Dry compressable, contaminated equipment, etc.	January February March April May June July August September October November December	2 1 1 2 7 3 1 1 0 0	4.61E+00 7.85E-01 2.00E-02 4.36E+00 1.61E+01 2.56E+01 1.05E+00 1.32E+01 4.10E-01 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 8.38E+00	4.72E-03 9.60E-04 1.70E-05 2.55E-02 8.67E-02 1.47E-01 2.37E-03 2.69E-03 1.10E-01 0.00E+00 0.00E+00	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 N/A N/A 20
To	otal (Type b)		20	7.45E+01	3.90E-01	20

III. RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASES-SOLID RADIOACTIVE

(Continued)

		Month	Number of	Volume	Curie	Est.Total
1. Type	e of Waste	Shipped	Shipments	Cu.Meter	Content	% Error
		7.				
c. Irra	adiated components	January	0	0	0	N/A
and	other categories.	February	0	0	0	N/A
		March	0	0	0	N/A
		April	0	0	0	N/A
		May	0	0	0	N/A
		June	0	0	0	N/A
		July	0	0	0	N/A
		August	0	0	0	N/A
		September	0	0	0	N/A
	• .	October	0	0	0	N/A
		November	0	0	0	N/A
		December	0	0	0	N/A
Total	(Type c)		0	0	0	N/A
d. Oth	or	January	0	0	0	N/A
a. Oth	eı	February	0	0	0	N/A
		March	0	0	0	N/A N/A
			0	0	0	N/A N/A
		April	0	0	0	N/A N/A
		May June	0	0		
		July	0	0	0	N/A N/A
		-	0	0	0	N/A N/A
		August September	0	0	0	N/A N/A
		October	0	0	0	N/A N/A
		November	0			
			0	0	0	N/A
		December	U	U	0	N/A
Total	(Type d)		0	0	0	N/A

III. RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASES-SOLID RADIOACTIVE

(Continued)

B. ESTIMATE OF MAJOR NUCLIDE COMPOSITION (By Type of Waste)

1. Percentage of Curies from Represented Isotopes

	Isotope	Percent	Curies	
а.	Ni-63 Co-60 Fe-55 Cs-137 H-3 Mn-54	67.6% 13.6% 8.9% 5.2% 2.1% 1.0%	1.73E+00 3.47E-01 2.27E-01 1.34E-01 5.40E-02 2.50E-02	All other nuclides constitute less than 1%
b.	Co-58 Cs-137 Nb-95 Fe-55 Co-60 Ni-63 Cr-51 Ag-110m Zr-95	43.7% 14.1% 12.2% 9.9% 5.7% 5.2% 2.3% 2.2% 2.0%	1.71E-01 5.49E-02 4.75E-02 3.87E-02 2.21E-02 2.03E-02 9.17E-03 8.42E-03 7.84E-03	All other nuclides constitute less than 1%
c.	N/A	N/A	N/A	
d.	N/A	N/A	N/A	

C. SOLID WASTE (DISPOSITION)

Number of Shipments	Transportation Mode	Destination
0	Closed Sole Use Vehicle	Barnwell, S.C.
21	Closed Sole Use Vehicle	Clive, Utah

D. IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS (DISPOSITION)

Number of Shipments	Transportation Mode	Destination
N/A	N/A	N/A

SECTION VII

ATTACHMENT 1

ODCM and PCP revisions for the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011 in accordance with Technical Specification 5.17.d and 5.18.d, the radioactive effluent release report shall include any revisions to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) and the Process Control Program (PCP).

- 1___ revision(s) made to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM).
- _____0 revision(s) made to the Process Control Program (PCP).

Fort Calhoun Station Unit No. 1

CH-ODCM-0001

OFF-SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL

OFF-SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM)

Change No.	EC 51342
Reason for Change	Included C-14 as CO₂ in gaseous dose contributions. Corrected step and ODCM part references. Changed Sample Station No. 64 direction. Updated Table 4, direct exposure and inhalation direction and location.
Requestor	J. Shipman
Preparer	J. Shipman
Issue Date	03-02-11 3:00 pm

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FO	RT CA	LHOUN	STATION	CH-ODCM-0001
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FORT CALHOUN STATION OFF-SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL REFERENCE USE

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OFF-SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM)

DEFINITIONS 1.

Abnormal Discharge

The unplanned or uncontrolled emission of an effluent (i.e., containing plant-related, licensed radioactive material) into the unrestricted area.

Abnormal Release

The unplanned or uncontrolled emission of an effluent (i.e., containing plant-related, licensed radioactive material).

Effluent Concentration Limit (ECL)

Radionuclide limits listed in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1.

Channel Check

A CHANNEL CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment of channel behavior during operation by observation. This determination shall include, where possible, comparison of the channel indication and/or status with other indications and/or status derived from independent instrument channels measuring the same parameter.

Channel Function Test

Injection of a simulated signal into the channel to verify that it is operable, including any alarm and/or trip initiating action.

Member(s) of the Public

Member(s) of the Public means any individual except when that individual is receiving occupational dose.

Operable - Operability

A system, subsystem, train, component or device shall be OPERABLE or have OPERABILITY when it is capable of performing its specified safety function(s) and when all necessary attendant instrumentation, controls, normal or emergency electrical power sources, cooling and seal water, lubrication, and other auxiliary equipment that are required for the system, subsystem, train, component, or device to perform its specified safety function(s) are also capable of performing their related support function(s).

Purge-Purging

PURGE or PURGING shall be any controlled process of discharging air or gas from a confinement to maintain temperature, pressure, humidity, concentration or other operating condition, in such a manner that replacement air or gas is required to purify the confinement.

DEFINITIONS (continued) 1.

Residual Radioactivity

Residual radioactivity means radioactivity in structures, materials, soils, ground water, and other media at a site resulting from activities under the licensee's control. This includes radioactivity from all licensed and unlicensed sources used by the licensee, but it excludes background radiation. It also includes radioactive materials remaining at the site as a result of routine or accidental releases of radioactive material at the site and previous burials at the site, even if those burials were made in accordance with the provisions of 10 CFR Part 20.

Source Check

A SOURCE CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment of channel response when the channel sensor is exposed to a source of increased radioactivity.

Venting

VENTING shall be the controlled process of discharging air or gas from a confinement to maintain temperature, pressure, humidity, concentration, or other operating condition, in such a manner that replacement air or gas is not provided or required during VENTING. Vent, used in system names, does not imply a VENTING process.

Site Boundary

The Site Boundary is the line beyond which the land is neither owned, or leased, nor controlled by the licensee.

Unrestricted Area

An UNRESTRICTED AREA shall be any area at or beyond the SITE BOUNDARY access to which is not controlled by the licensee for purposes of protection of individuals from exposure to radiation and radioactive materials, or any area within the SITE BOUNDARY used for residential quarters or for industrial, commercial, institutional, and/or recreational purposes.

Water Effluent Concentration (WEC)

Radionuclide limits listed in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2.

Table 1.2 - Frequency Notation

The surveillance intervals are defined as follows:

The darremand mentals are defined as follows.			
NOTATION	TITLE	FREQUENCY	
S	Shift	At least once per 12 hours	
D	Daily	At least once per 24 hours	
W	Weekly	At least once per 7 days	
BW	Biweekly	At least once per 14 days	
M	Monthly	At least once per 31 days	
Q	Quarterly	At least once per 92 days	
SA	Semiannual	At least once per 184 days	
Α	Annually	At least once per 366 days	
R	Refueling	At least once per 18 months	
Р	Prior to	Prior to each release ¹	

¹ Performance within 24 hrs.

Table 1.3 - Radiological Effluent Controls Program Technical Specification Implementation

Technical Specification	ODCM Implementing Step
5.16.1.a	2.1.1, 2.2.1
5.16.1.b	3.1.1
5.16.1.c	Table 3.1, Table 3.2
5.16.1.d	3.1.2
5.16.1.e	3.1.2.B.1), 3.2.2.B.1)
5.16.1.f	3.1.3A, 3.2.4A
5.16.1.g	3.2.1
5.16.1.h	3.2.2
5.16.1.i	3.2.3
5.16.1.j	3.3.1
5.16.2.a	4.1.1
5.16.2.b	4.2.1
5.16.2.c	4.3.1
5.17	5.3, 5.2.1.D
5.18	5.2.1.D

INSTRUMENTATION 2.

2.1 Radioactive Liquid Effluent Instrumentation

Limiting Condition for Operation 2.1.1

The radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channels shown in Table 2.1.1 shall be OPERABLE with their alarm/trip setpoints set to ensure that the limits of Specification 3.1.1 are not exceeded. The alarm/trip setpoints of these channels shall be determined in accordance with Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

- With a radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channel alarm/trip setpoint less conservative than required by the above specification, immediately suspend the releases of radioactive liquid effluents monitored by the affected channel or declare the channel inoperable.
- With less than the minimum number of radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channels operable, take the action shown in Table 2.1.1. Restore inoperable effluent monitoring instrumentation to OPERABLE status within 30 days and, if unsuccessful, explain in the next Annual Radiological Effluent Release Report why this inoperability was not corrected in a timely manner. The reporting requirement is limited to the following instrumentation that monitors effluent streams: RM-055, RM-054A, and RM-054B.

Surveillance Requirements 2.1.2

Each radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, SOURCE CHECK, CALIBRATION, and CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST at the frequencies shown in Table 2.1.2.

Table 2.1.1 - Radioactive Liquid Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation

1. Radi	UMENT loactivity Monitors Providing Alarm and Automatic	MINIMUM CHANNELS <u>OPERABLE</u>	ACTION
i er	mination of Release.		
a.	Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line (RM-055)	1	1, 5
b.	Steam Generator Blowdown Effluent Line (RM-054 A and B)	1 ¹	2, 5
2. Flow	Rate Measurement Devices		
a.	Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line	1	3
b.	Steam Generator Blowdown Effluent Line	1	3
3. Radioactivity Recorders			
a.	Liquid Radwaste Effluent Line	1	4
b.	Steam Generator Blowdown Effluent Line	1	4

¹ If one of the two radiation monitors is inoperable, the activity of both blowdown lines shall be monitored by the operable monitor within 2 hours of the declaration of inoperability by the Shift Manager, or the action steps of ACTION 2, Table 2.1.1 should be performed on the Steam Generator that is not being monitored.

Table 2.1.1 (continued)

TABLE NOTATION

With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum **ACTION 1** Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases may continue provided that prior to initiating a release:

- 1. At least two independent samples are analyzed in accordance with applicable chemistry procedures.
- 2. At least two qualified individuals independently verify the release rate calculations.
- With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum ACTION 2 Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases may continue provided that grab samples are analyzed for principal gamma emitters at a sensitivity of 5.0E-07 µCi/gram:
 - 1. At least once per 12 hours when the specific activity of the secondary coolant is greater than 0.01 μCi/gram dose equivalent I-131.
 - 2. At least daily when the specific activity of the secondary coolant is less than or equal to 0.01 μCi/gram equivalent I-131. Otherwise, suspend release of radioactive effluents via this pathway.
- With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum **ACTION 3** Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases may continue provided the flow rate is determined at least once per four hours during the actual release.
- With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum ACTION 4 Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases may continue provided the radioactivity is recorded manually at least once per four hours during the actual release.
- **ACTION 5** During the performance of source checks the effluent radiation monitor is unable to respond, hence is considered inoperable. Effluent releases may continue uninterrupted during the performance of source checks provided the operator is stationed at the monitor during the check. If the effluent radiation monitor fails the source check, carryout the action(s) of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual for the inoperable monitor or terminate the effluent release.

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Table 2.1.2 - Radioactive Liquid Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation Surveillance Requirements

INICTOLIMENIT	CHANNEL CHECK	CHANNEL		SOURCE CHECK	
INSTRUMENT	CHANNEL CHECK	CALIBRATION FUNCTION TEST			
Radioactivity Monitors Providing Alarm and Automatic Isolation					
a. RM-054A/054B	D ¹	R	Q	M	
b. RM-055		R	Q	Р	
2. Flowrate Monitors					
a. Steam Generator Blowdown	D	R	Q		

Visual Flowcheck Daily

2.2 Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Instrumentation

2.2.1 Limiting Condition for Operation

The radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels shown in Table 2.2.1 shall be OPERABLE with their alarm/trip setpoints set to ensure that the limits of Specification 3.2.1 are not exceeded. The alarm/trip setpoints of these channels shall be determined in accordance with Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

- With a radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channel alarm/trip setpoint less conservative than required by the above specification, immediately suspend the releases of radioactive gaseous effluents monitored by the affected channel or declare the channel inoperable.
- With less than the minimum number of radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels operable, take the action shown in Table 2.2.1. Restore inoperable effluent monitoring instrumentation to OPERABLE status within 30 days and, if unsuccessful, explain in the next Annual Radiological Effluent Release Report why this inoperability was not corrected in a timely manner. The reporting requirement is limited to the following instrumentation that monitors effluent streams: RM-057, RM-043, RM-062, RM-063, and RM-052.

Surveillance Requirements 2.2.2

Each radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, SOURCE CHECK, CALIBRATION, and CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST at the frequencies shown in Table 2.2.2.

Table 2.2.1 - Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation

INSTRUMENT	MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE	ACTION
1. Auxiliary Bldg. Exhaust Stack (RM-052, RM-062)		
a. Noble Gas	1	1, 9, 11
b. Iodine and Particulate	1	2, 9, 11
Laboratory and Radwaste Processing Building Stack (RM-043)		
a. Noble Gas	1	3, 9
b. Iodine and Particulate	1	4, 9
3. Condenser Off Gas (RM-057)		
a. Noble Gas	1	5, 9
4. Containment Purge Line (RM-050/51)		
a. Noble Gas	1	1, 6, 9, 11, 12
b. Iodine and Particulate	1	2, 9, 11, 12
5. Containment Pressure Relief Line (RM-050/51)		
a. Noble Gas	. 1	1, 9, 11
b. Iodine and Particulate	1	2, 9, 11
 Containment Penetrations M72 and M74 (Integrated Leak Rate Test Depressurization Vent Path) 	N/A	· 10

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Table 2.2.1 (continued)

<u>INS</u>	STRU	JMENT	MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE	ACTION
7.	Flow	Rate Measurement Devices		
	a.	Waste Gas Discharge Header	1	7
	b.	Auxiliary Building Stack	1	7
	C.	Laboratory and Radwaste Processing Building Stack	1	7
	d.	Containment Purge Line	1	7
	e.	Containment Pressure Relief Line Annubar D/P	1	7
8.	Rad	dioactivity Chart Recorders		
	a.	Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack	1	8

Table 2.2.1 (continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- ACTION 1 If the Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack Noble Gas Monitor is inoperable, releases from the containment pressure relief line and the containment purge line are to be secured in the most expeditious manner. Ventilation of the auxiliary building via the Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack may continue provided grab samples are taken once per 12 hours. (See Table 3.2)
- **ACTION 2** If the Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack Iodine and Particulate Sampler is inoperable, ventilation of the Auxiliary Building and releases from the gaseous waste discharge header, containment pressure relief line or the containment purge line may continue through the Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack provided sample collection in accordance with Table 3.2 using auxiliary sample collection equipment is initiated within 2 hours of the declaration of inoperability by the Shift Manager.
- **ACTION 3** If the Noble Gas Monitor is inoperable, ventilation of the LRWPB may continue via the LRWPB stack provided grab samples are taken at least once per 12 hours. (See Table 3.2)
- **ACTION 4** If the Iodine and Particulate Sampler is inoperable, ventilation of the LRWPB may continue via the LRWPB Stack provided sample collection using auxiliary sample collection equipment is initiated within 2 hours of the declaration of inoperability, by the Shift Manager, in accordance with Table 3.2.
- During power operation, when the condenser air ejector is in service, the **ACTION 5** condenser off gas discharge shall be monitored for gross radioactivity. If this monitor is inoperable, grab samples are taken at least once per 12 hours. (See Table 3.2)
- ACTION 6 The release of airborne effluents from the Containment purge line will be secured if a noble gas monitor is unavailable to monitor the containment building atmosphere.
- ACTION 7 With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases may continue provided the flowrate is estimated or recorded manually at least once per four hours during the actual release.
- **ACTION 8** With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, effluent releases may continue provided the radioactivity level is recorded manually at least once per four hours during the actual release.

Table 2.2.1 (continued)

TABLE NOTATION

- ACTION 9 During the performance of source checks the effluent radiation monitor is unable to respond, hence is considered inoperable. Effluent releases may continue uninterrupted during the performance of source checks provided the operator is stationed at the monitor during the check. If the effluent radiation monitor fails the source check, carryout the Action(s) of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual for the inoperable monitor or terminate the effluent release.
- ACTION 10 Automatic release termination capability is not required provided manual isolation can be accomplished in accordance with the requirements of SE-ST-ILRT-0001, Containment Integrated Leakage Rate Test (CILRT) or SE-ST-CST-3001, Containment Structural Test (CST).
- ACTION 11 During the ventilation of airborne effluents from the Auxiliary Building Stack at least one Auxiliary Building Exhaust fan shall be in operation.
- ACTION 12 IF containment purges are made without processing through at least one of the Containment Air Cooling and Filtering Units, and it is confirmed that one half of the annual dose objective listed in Section 3.2.2 will be exceeded during the calender quarter, a special report shall be submitted to the NRC as defined in Section 3.2.4.

Table 2.2.2 - Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation Surveillance Requirements

INSTRUMENT	CHANNEL CHECK	CALIBRATION	CHANNEL FUNCTION TEST	SOURCE CHECK
Radioactivity Monitors Providing Alarm and Automatic Isolation				
a. RM-043	D	R	Q	M
b. RM-057	D	R	Q	М
c. RM-062	D	R	Q	M, P
d. RM-052 ¹	D	R	Q	M, P ¹
2. Flowrate Monitors	-			
a.RM-043 Sampler	D	R	Q	
b. RM-062 Sampler	D	R	Q	
c. RM-052 Sampler	D	R	Q	
d. Auxiliary Bldg Exhaust Stack	D	R	Q	
e.Laboratory and Radwaste Process Bldg Exhaust Stack	D	R	Q	
	Operat	ions Check	Air Flow Calibration	
3. Environmental Monitors				
a. RM-023 - Sample Station #40		М		A
b. RM-024 - Sample Station #41		M		Α
c. RM-025 - Sample Station #28				
d. RM-026 - Sample Station #36				
e.RM-027 - Sample Station #37		М		Α
f. RM-028 - Sample Station #38				
g. RM-029 - Sample Station #39				
h. RM-035 - Sample Station #1				
i. RM-036 - Sample Station #2	M A		Α	
j. RM-037 - Sample Station #3				
k. RM-038 - Sample Station #4		М	 	A
I. RM-039 - Sample Station #5				
m. RM-040 - Sample Station #32		M	A	

¹ Required when RM-052 is sampling the Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack.

RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS 3.

3.1 Radioactive Liquid Effluents

Concentration 3.1.1

Limiting Condition for Operation Α.

- 1) The release rate of radioactive material in liquid effluents shall be controlled such that the instantaneous concentrations for radionuclides, other than dissolved or entrained noble gases, do not exceed the values specified in 10 CFR Part 20 for liquid effluents at site discharge. To support plant operations, Supervisor-System Chemistry may increase this limit up to the limit specified in Technical Specifications 5.16.1.b. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to 2.0E-04 μCi/ml, total activity.
- 2) Technical Specification 5.16.1.b establishes the administrative control limit on concentration of radioactive material, other than dissolved or entrained noble gases, released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas conforming to ten times 10 CFR Part 20.1001-20.2401, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to 2.0E-04 µCi/ml total activity.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

a) When the concentration of radioactive material released at site discharge exceeds the above limits, appropriate corrective actions shall be taken immediately to restore concentrations within the above limits.

B. Surveillance Requirements

- 1) Radioactive liquid waste shall be sampled and analyzed according to the sampling and analysis program in Table 3.1.
- 2) The results of the radioactivity analysis shall be used with the calculational methods in Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.
- 3) To assure that the concentration at the point of release is maintained within the limits of Technical Specification 5.16.1.b.

3.1.1.B

4) Records shall be maintained of the radioactive concentrations and volume before dilution of each batch of liquid effluent released and of the average dilution flow and length of time over which each discharge occurred. Analytical results shall be submitted to the Commission in accordance with Part I, Section 5 of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual

Table 3.1 - Radioactive Liquid Effluent Sampling And Analysis

A. Monitor, Hotel Waste Tanks & Special Liquid, Releases

Sampling Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (μCi/ml) ¹
Each Batch	Principal Gamma Emitters ²	5.0E-07
Each Batch	I-131	1.0E-06
Each Batch	Dissolved Noble Gases (Gamma Emitters) ²	1.0E-05
Monthly Composite 4	H-3	1.0E-05
Monthly Composite 4	Gross Alpha	1.0E-07
Quarterly Composite 4	Sr-89, Sr-90	5.0E-08
Quarterly Composite 4	Fe-55	1.0E-06

B. Steam Generator Blowdown

Sampling Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (μCi/ml) ¹
Weekly Composite ⁴	Principal Gamma Emitters ²	5.0E-07
Weekly Composite ⁴	I-131 ³	1.0E-06
Weekly Composite ⁴	Dissolved Noble Gases (Gamma Emitters) ²	1.0E-05
Monthly Composite 4	H-3	1.0E-05
Monthly Composite 4	Gross Alpha	1.0E-07
Quarterly Composite 4	Sr-89, Sr-90	5.0E-08
Quarterly Composite 4	Fe-55	1.0E-06

NOTES:

- 1 LLD is defined in Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.
- The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification applies exclusively are the following radionuclides: Kr-87, Kr-88, Xe-133, Xe-133m, Xe-135, and Xe-138 for dissolved or entrained gases and Mn-54, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, Mo-99, Cs-134, Cs-137, and Ce-141 for fission and corrosion products. Ce-144 shall also be measured, but with a LLD of 5.0E-06.
- 3 A weekly grab sample and analyses program including gamma isotopic identification will be initiated for the turbine building sump effluent when the steam generator blowdown water composite analysis indicates the I-131 concentration is greater than 1.0E-06 μCi/ml.
- To be representative of the average quantities and concentrations of radioactive materials in liquid effluents, samples should be collected in proportion to the rate of flow of the effluent stream. Prior to analyses, all samples taken for the composite should be mixed in order for the composite sample to be representative of the average effluent release.

3.1.2 Dose from Radioactive Liquid Effluents

A. Limiting Condition for Operation

- 1) The dose or dose commitment to an individual in unrestricted areas from radioactive materials in liquid effluents shall be limited to the following:
 - a) During any calendar quarter: Less than or equal to 1.5 mrem to the total body and 5 mrem to any organ; and
 - b) During any calendar year: Less than or equal to 3 mrem to the total body and 10 mrem to any organ.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

 a) If the dose contribution, due to the cumulative release of radioactive materials in liquid effluents, exceeds the annual or quarterly dose objectives, submit a Special Report to the NRC, per Section 5.2.3, within 30 days.

B. Surveillance Requirements

 Cumulative dose contributions from liquid effluents for the current calender quarter and the current calendar year shall be determined in accordance with the methodology and parameters in Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual at least once per quarter.

Liquid Radwaste Treatment 3.1.3

Limiting Condition for Operation

The Liquid Radwaste Treatment System shall be OPERABLE, and appropriate portions of these systems shall be used to reduce releases of radioactivity when the projected doses due to the liquid effluent, from each unit, to UNRESTRICTED AREAS would exceed 0.06 mrem to the whole body or 0.2 mrem to any organ in a 31-day period.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

- a) With radioactive liquid waste being discharged without treatment and in excess of the above limits and any portion of the Liquid Radwaste Treatment System not in operation, prepare and submit to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission within 30 days, pursuant to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, a Special Report that includes the following information:
 - 1) Explanation of why liquid radwaste was being discharged without treatment, identification of equipment or subsystem(s) not operable and reasons for inoperability.
 - 2) Action(s) taken to restore the inoperable equipment to operable status.
 - 3) Summary description of action(s) taken to prevent a recurrence.

Surveillance Requirements B.

1) Dose due to liquid releases shall be projected frequently and at least once per quarter, in accordance with the methodology and parameters in Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual. when Liquid Radwaste Treatment Systems are not fully OPERABLE.

3.1.3B

2) OPERABLE is defined as follows:

A filtration/ion exchange (FIX) system will be utilized for processing liquid radwaste. The system consists of a booster pump, charcoal pretreatment filter, and pressure vessels containing organic/inorganic resins, which can be configured for optimum performance. The effluent from the FIX system is directed to the monitor tanks for release.

Waste filters (WD-17A and WD-17B) are used only on those occasions when considered necessary, otherwise the flows from the low activity fluids may bypass the filters. No credit for decontamination factors (iodines, Cs, Rb, others) was taken for these filters during the 10 CFR Part 50 Appendix I dose design objective evaluation; therefore, the inoperability of these filters does not affect the dose contributions to any individual in the unrestricted areas via liquid pathways. The inoperability of waste filters will not be considered a reportable event in accordance with the Action listed above.

3.1.4 Liquid Holdup Tanks

Tanks included in this Specification are those outdoor tanks that are not surrounded by liners, dikes, or walls capable of holding the tanks contents and that do not have tank overflows and surrounding area drains connected to the liquid radwaste treatment system.

A. Limiting Condition for Operation

 The quantity of radioactive material contained in each unprotected outdoor liquid holdup tank shall not exceed 10 curies, excluding tritium and dissolved or entrained noble gases.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

a) When the quantity of radioactive material in any unprotected outdoor liquid holdup tank exceeds 10 curies, excluding tritium and dissolved or entrained noble gasses, immediately suspend all additions of radioactive material to the tank and within 48 hours reduce the tank contents to within the limit.

3.1.4

B. Surveillance Requirements

1) The quantity of radioactive material contained in each outdoor liquid holdup tank shall be determined to be within the above limit by analyzing a representative sample of the tank's contents at least once per 7 days when radioactive material is being added to the tank.

3.2 Radioactive Gaseous Effluents

3.2.1 Concentration

Limiting Condition for Operation

- 1) The release rate of radioactive material in airborne effluents shall be controlled such that the instantaneous concentrations of radionuclides does not exceed the values specified in 10 CFR Part 20 for airborne effluents at the unrestricted area boundary. To support plant operations, Supervisor-System Chemistry may increase this limit up to the limits specified in Technical Specification 5.16.1.g.
- 2) Technical Specification 5.16.1 g establishes the administrative control limit on the concentration resulting from radioactive material, other than noble gases, released in gaseous effluents to unrestricted areas conforming to ten times 10 CFR Part 20.1001-20.2401, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1. For noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to five times 10 CFR Part 20.1001-20.2401, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

a) When the concentration of radioactive material released to unrestricted areas exceeds the above limits, appropriate corrective actions shall be taken immediately to restore concentrations within the above limits.

B. Surveillance Requirements

1) Radioactive gaseous wastes shall be sampled and analyzed according to the sampling and analysis program of Table 3.2. The results of the radioactivity analysis shall be used to assure the limits in 3.2.1.A are not exceeded.

Table 3.2 - Radioactive Airborne Effluent Sampling And Analysis

A. Gas Decay Tank Releases

Sampling Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (μCi/ml) ¹	
Prior to each release	Principal Gamma Emitters ²	1.0E-04	

B. Containment Purge Releases or Containment Pressure Relief Line Releases 5

Sampling Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (µCi/ml)1
Prior to each release	Principal Gamma Emitters ²	1.0E-04
Prior to each release	H-3	1.0E-06

C. Condenser Off Gas Releases 5

Sampling Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (μCi/ml) ¹
Monthly ³ Tritium (H-3)		1.0E-06
Monthly	Principal Gamma Emitters ²	1.0E-04

D. Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack ⁵

Sampling Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (µCi/ml) 1
Weekly (Charcoal Sample)	I-131	1.0E-12
Weekly (Particulate Sample)	Principal Gamma Emitters ²	1.0E-11
Weekly (Noble Gases)	Principal Gamma Emitters ²	1.0E-4
Weekly	Tritium (H-3)	1.0E-06
Monthly Composite 4	Gross Alpha	1.0E-11
Quarterly Composite (Particulate Samples)	Sr-89, Sr-90	1.0E-11

Table 3.2 (continued)

E. Laboratory and Radwaste Building Exhaust Stack ⁵

Sampling Frequency	Type of Activity Analysis	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) (μCi/ml) ¹
Weekly (Charcoal Sample)	I-131	1.0E-12
Weekly (Particulate Sample)	Principal Gamma Emitters ²	1.0E-11
Weekly (Noble Gases)	Principal Gamma Emitters ²	1.0E-4
Monthly Composite 4	Gross Alpha	1.0E-11
Quarterly Composite (Particulate Sample)	Sr-89, Sr-90	1.0E-11

NOTES:

- 1 LLD is defined in Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.
- 2 The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification applies exclusively are the following radionuclides: Kr-87, Kr-88, Xe-133, Xe-133m, Xe-135, and Xe-138 for noble gas releases and Mn-54, Fe-59, Co-58, Co-60, Zn-65, Mo-99, Cs-134, Cs-137, and Ce-141 for lodine and particulate releases. Ce-144 shall also be measured, but with a LLD of 5.0E-06.
- 3 Required only when steam generator blowdown radioactivity for tritium (Table 3.1, Item B) exceeds $3.0E-03 \mu \text{Ci/milliliter}$.
- 4 Frequency requirement may be satisfied using weekly gross alpha results from particulate sampling media.
- Particulate and lodine samples shall be corrected for sampler deposition/transportation efficiency by using the approved software programs or by multiplying the activity obtained by the associated sampler multiplication factor (See Table 3.3).

Table 3.3 - Sampler Deposition/transportation Correction Factors

		PARTICULATE		IODINE	
SAMPLER	SAMPLE	DF	ACTMULT ¹	DF	ACTMULT ¹
RM-062	AB	0.411	2.433	0.669	1.495
RM-052 ²	AB	0.638	1.567	0.653	1.531
RM-052 ²	CONT	0.525	1.905	0.688	1.453
RM-051	CONT	0.624	1.603	0.714	1.401
RM-043	LRWPB	0.809	1.236	0.873	1.236
PORTABLE	CONT	1.000	1.000	0.950	1.053

ACRONYM DEFINITIONS:

AB - Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack

CONT - Containment Building

LRWPB - Laboratory and Rad Waste Processing Building

DF - Deposition Factor

ACTMULT - Activity multiplication factor to correct for sample loss.

- 1 ACTMULT factors are automatically determined using the appropriate analysis sequence file for the sample type.
- 2 Sampler can be used to monitor either the Containment or Auxiliary Building.

Dose - Noble Gases 3.2.2

Limiting Condition for Operation

- The dose or dose commitment to an individual in unrestricted areas from release of noble gases in airborne effluents shall be limited to the following:
 - a) During any calendar quarter: Less than or equal to 5 mrads for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 10 mrads for beta radiation; and
 - b) During any calendar year: Less than or equal to 10 mrads for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 20 mrads for beta radiation.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

a) If the dose contribution, due to the cumulative release of noble gases in airborne effluents, exceeds the annual or quarterly dose objectives, submit a Special Report to the NRC, per Section 5.2.3, within 30 days.

B. Surveillance Requirements

The radiation dose contributions from radioactive noble gases in 1) airborne effluents shall be determined, in accordance with the methodologies and parameters of Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, on a quarterly basis.

3.2.3 Dose - I-131, I-133, H-3, C-14, and Radioactive Material in Particulate Form with Half-Lives Greater than 8 Days (Other than Noble Gases)

A. Limiting Condition for Operation

- 1) The dose to an individual or dose commitment to any organ of an individual in unrestricted areas due to the release of I-131, I-133, H-3, C-14, and radioactive materials in particulate form with half-lives greater than eight days (excluding noble gases) in airborne effluents shall be limited to the following:
 - a) During any calendar quarter: Less than or equal to 7.5 mrem to any organ; and
 - b) During any calendar year: Less than or equal to 15 mrem to any organ.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

a) If the dose contribution, due to the cumulative release of I-131, I-133, H-3, C-14, and radioactive materials in particulate form with half-lives greater than eight days, exceeds the annual or quarterly dose objectives, submit a Special Report to the NRC per Section 5.2.3, within 30 days.

B. Surveillance Requirements

1) The radiation dose contributions from I-131, I-133, H-3, C-14 and radioactive materials in particulate form with half-lives greater than eight days (excluding noble gases) in airborne effluents shall be determined, in accordance with the methodologies and parameters of Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, on a quarterly basis.

3.2.4 Gaseous Radwaste Treatment

A. Limiting Condition for Operation

- In accordance with Technical specification 5.16.1.f, the Waste Gas System and the Ventilation Exhaust Systems shall be OPERABLE, and appropriate portions of these systems shall be used to reduce the releases of radioactivity when the projected doses in 31 days due to gaseous effluent releases to areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY would exceed:
 - a) 0.2 mrad to air from gamma radiation, or
 - b) 0.4 mrad to air from beta radiation, or
 - c) 0.3 mrem to any organ of a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

- a) With radioactive gaseous waste being discharged without treatment and in excess of the above limits, prepare and submit a report to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission within 30 days, pursuant to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, a special report that includes the following information:
 - 1) Identification of equipment or subsystem(s) not operable and reasons for inoperability.
 - 2) Action(s) taken to restore the inoperable equipment to operable status.
 - 3) Summary description of action(s) taken to prevent a recurrence.

B. Surveillance Requirements

 Dose due to gaseous releases shall be projected frequently and at least once per quarter, in accordance with the methodology and parameters in Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, when Waste Gas Systems and Ventilation Exhaust Systems are not fully OPERABLE. 3.2.4.B

OPERABLE is defined as follows: 2)

a) Waste Gas System

The waste airborne radioactive material at Fort Calhoun Station is collected in the vent header where the gas compressors take suction, compress the gas and deliver it to one of the four gas decay tanks. The waste airborne radioactive material is treated in these gas decay tanks by holding for radioactive decay prior to final controlled release to the environs. In order to provide conformance with the dose design objectives, gas decay tanks are normally stored for approximately 30 days and thus achieve decay of short half-life radioactive materials, e.g., I-131, Xe-133. Earlier release is allowed when a plant need exists and analytical results are in accordance with ALARA release objectives. If the radioactive airborne wastes from the gas decay tanks are discharged without processing in accordance with the above conditions, and it is confirmed that one half of the annual dose objective will be exceeded during the calendar quarter, a special report shall be submitted to the Commission pursuant to Section 3.2.4A.

b) Ventilation Exhaust Systems

The radioactive effluents from the controlled access area of the auxiliary building are filtered by the HEPA filters in the auxiliary building ventilation system. If the radioactive effluents are discharged without the HEPA filters, a special report shall be submitted to the NRC as defined in Action a) above.

The discharge from the gas decay tanks is routed through charcoal and HEPA filter unit VA-82. No credit was taken for the operation of hydrogen purge filters during the 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I dose design evaluation and doses through the airborne effluent pathways were well below the design objectives. The unavailability of hydrogen purge filters will not be considered a reportable event.

The containment air is processed through at least one of the redundant containment HEPA and charcoal filters in the Containment Air Cooling and Filtering Units prior to purging. If the containment purges are made without processing through one of the Containment Air Cooling and Filtering Units, and it is confirmed that one half of the annual dose objective will be exceeded during the calendar quarter, a special report shall be submitted to the NRC as defined in Action a) above.

3.3 Uranium Fuel Cycle

Total Dose-Uranium Fuel Cycle 3.3.1

- **Limiting Condition for Operation**
 - The dose to any real individual from uranium fuel cycle sources 1) shall be limited to \leq 25 mrem to the total body or any organ (except the thyroid, which shall be limited to ≤ 75 mrem) during each calendar year.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

a) With the calculated dose from the release of radioactive materials in liquid or gaseous effluents exceeding twice the limits of Specifications 3.1.2.A, 3.2.2.A, or 3.2.3.A, calculations shall be made including direct radiation contribution from the plant and outside storage tanks to determine whether the above limits have been exceeded. If such is the case, in lieu of any other report required by Section 5.2, prepare and submit a Special Report to the Commission pursuant to Technical Specification 5.16 that defines the corrective action to be taken to reduce subsequent releases to prevent recurrence of exceeding the above limits and includes the schedule for achieving conformance with the above limits. This Special Report, as defined in 10 CFR Part 20.2203(a)(4) and 20.2203(b), shall include an analysis that estimates the radiation exposure (dose) to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from uranium fuel cycle sources, including all effluent pathways and direct radiation, for the calender year that includes the release(s) covered by this report. It shall also describe levels of radiation and concentration of radioactive material involved, and the cause of exposure levels or concentrations. If the estimated dose(s) exceeds the above limits, and if the release condition resulting in the violation of 40 CFR Part 190 has not already been corrected, the Special Report shall include a request for a variance in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 190. Submittal of the report is considered a timely request, and a variance is granted until staff action on the request is complete.

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3.3.1

- B. Surveillance Requirements
 - 1) Cumulative dose contributions from liquid and gaseous effluents shall be determined in accordance with Surveillance requirements 3.1.2.B, 3.2.2.B and 3.2.3.B and in accordance with the methodology and parameters in Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.
- RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING PROGRAM (REMP) 4.
 - Monitoring Program 4.1
 - **Limiting Condition for Operation** 4.1.1
 - The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program shall be conducted as specified in Table 4.1.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

- 1) Analytical results of this program and deviations from the sampling schedule shall be reported to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report (Section 5.2).
- 2) If the level of radioactivity from calculated doses leads to a higher exposure pathway to individuals, this pathway shall be added to the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program. Modifications to the program shall be reported in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.
- 3) If the level of radioactivity in an environmental sampling medium exceeds the reporting level specified in Table 4.4, and the activity is attributable to plant operation, a Special Report shall be prepared and submitted to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission within 30 days (Section 5.2.3). The detection capabilities of the equipment used for the analysis of environmental samples must meet the requirements of Table 4.3 for Lower Level of Detection (LLD).

4.1.1.A

- 4) If the level of radioactivity in a sample from either an onsite or offsite well, performed per the Site Groundwater Protection Program, exceeds the reporting level specified in Table 4.4, and the activity is attributable to plant operation, a Special Report shall be prepared and submitted to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission within 30 days (Section 5.2.3). The detection capabilities of the equipment used for the analysis of environmental samples must meet the requirements of Table 4.3 for Lower Level of Detection (LLD). Copies of the Special Report will be forwarded to State/Local authorities. [AR 39127]
- 5) If the level of radioactivity from either an onsite or offsite well, performed per the Site Groundwater Protection Program exceeds the reporting level specified in Table 4.4, and the activity is attributable to plant operations, state and local authorities shall be notified by the end of the next business day. NRC shall be notified per SO-R-1, Reportability Determinations. [AR 39127]
- 6) Radiological environmental sampling locations and the media that is utilized for analysis are presented in Table 4.2. Sampling locations are also illustrated on the map, Figure 1. Details of the quarterly emergency TLD locations are contained in surveillance test CH-ST-RV-0003, Environmental Sample Collection Quarterly/Environmental Dosimeters (TLDs). Each TLD sample location contains one dosimeter that is exchanged quarterly for REMP sampling and as needed for Emergency Planning Zone monitoring.
- 7) Deviations from the monitoring program, presented in this section and detailed in Table 4.2, are permitted if specimens are unobtainable due to mitigating circumstances such as hazardous conditions, seasonal unavailability, malfunction of equipment, or if a person discontinues participation in the program, etc. If the equipment malfunctions, corrective actions will be completed as soon as practicable. If a person no longer supplies samples, a replacement will be made if possible. All deviations from the sampling schedule will be described in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report, pursuant to Section 5.2.

4.1.2 Surveillance Requirements

The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) samples shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with Tables 4.1, 4.2, and 4.3.

	Table 4.1 - Radiological Environm	ental Monitoring Program	
Exposure Pathway and/or Sample	Collection Site ¹	Type of Analysis ²	Frequency
Direct Radiation	A. Fourteen TLD indicator stations, one background station ⁶ , total of 15.	Gamma dose	Quarterly
	B. An inner-ring of 16 stations, one in each cardinal sector in the general area of the unrestricted area boundary and within 2.5 miles.	Gamma dose	Quarterly
	C. An outer-ring of 16 stations, 1 in each cardinal sector located outside of the inner-ring, but no more distant than approximately 5 miles.	Gamma dose	Quarterly
2. Air Monitoring	A. Indicator Stations	Filter for Gross Beta 3	Weekly
	3 stations in the general area of the unrestricted area	Charcoal for I-131	Weekly
	boundary 2. City of Blair	Filter for Gamma Isotopic	Quarterly composite of weekly filters
	3. Desoto Township		
<u> </u>	B. One background station ⁶		
3. Water	A. Missouri River at nearest downstream drinking water intake.	Gamma Isotopic, H-3 I 131 analysis on each composite when the dose	Composite sample over 2 week period when I ¹³¹ analysis
	B. Missouri River downstream near the mixing zone.	calculated for the consumption of water is > 1 mrem/year ⁷	is performed, monthly otherwise for Gamma
	C. Missouri River upstream of Plant intake (background) ⁶ .		isotopic analysis. Quarterly composite for H-3 Analysis

Table 4.1 - Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program

Exposure Pathway and/or Sample	Collection Site ¹	Type of Analysis ²	Frequency
4. Milk ⁴	A. Nearest milk animal (cow or goat) within 5 miles B. Milk animal (cow or goat) between 5 miles and 18.75 miles (background) ⁶ .	Gamma Isotopic and I-131	Biweekly grazing season (May to October), monthly at other times
5. Fish	A. Four fish samples within vicinity of Plant discharge. B. One background sample upstream of Plant discharge.	Gamma Isotopic	Once per season (May to October)
6. Sediment	 A. One sample from downstream area on the station side of the Missouri River. B. One sample from upstream of Plant Intake (background)⁶. 	Gamma Isotopic	Semiannually
7. Vegetables or Food Products ⁵	 A. One sample in the highest exposure pathway. B. One sample from onsite crop field C. One sample outside of 5 miles (background)⁶. 	Gamma Isotopic	Once per season (May to October)
8. Groundwater	A. Three samples from sources potentially affected by plant operations. B. One sample outside of 5 miles (background) ⁶ .	H ₃ , Gross Beta, Gamma Isotopic, Sr-90	Quarterly

NOTES:

- 1 See Table 4.3 for required detection limits.
- 2 The Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) for analysis is defined in the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual in accordance with the wording of NUREG-1301.
- 3 When a gross beta count indicates radioactivity greater than 2.5E-13 μCi/ml or 0.25 pCi/m3, (ten times the yearly mean), a gamma spectral analysis will be performed.
- If milk samples are temporarily not available at a sampling site due to mitigating circumstances, then vegetation (broadleaf, pasture grass, etc.) shall be collected as an alternate sample at the site. If there are no milk producers within the entire 5-mile radius of the plant, then vegetation shall be collected monthly at two offsite location having the highest calculated annual average ground level D/Q and a background locale. (Reference Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, Part II, Table 4 "Highest Potential Exposure Pathways for Estimating Dose")
- 5 Samples should be collected from garden plots of 500 ft2 or more. (Reference Reg. Guide 4.8 "Environmental Technical Specifications for Nuclear Power Plants," Dec. 1975).

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- This sample may not be located in the least prevalent wind direction. The Branch Technical Position paper, Table 1, subnote "d" says this regarding background information, or control locations. "The purpose of this sample is to obtain background information. If it is not practical to establish control locations in accordance with the distance and wind direction criteria, other sites which provide valid background data may be substituted".
- 7 The dose shall be calculated for the maximum organ and age group, using methodology and parameters in the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.

Table 4.2 - Radiological Environmental Sampling Locations And Media

		Approximate	-	<u> </u>	Air Moni	 -	<u> </u>			<u> </u>			
Sample Station No.	Approximate Collection Sites	Distance from Center of Containment (miles)	Approximate Direction (degrees from true north)	Sector	Airborne Particulate	Airborne lodine	TLD	Water	Milk	Sedi- ment	Fish	Vegetables and Food Products	Ground- water
1	Onsite Station, 110-meter weather tower	0.53	293°/WNW	Р			х						
2 ^{3,5}	Onsite Station, adjacent to old plant access road	0.59	207°/SSW	К	Х	x	х					1:	
3	Offsite Station, Intersection of Hwy. 75 and farm access road	0.94	145°/SE	G			х						
4	Blair OPPD office	2.86	305°/NW	α	Х	Х	Х						
5¹									_				
6	Fort Calhoun, NE City Hall	5.18	150°/SSE	н			х						
7	Fence around intake gate, Desoto Wildlife Refuge	2.07	102°/ESE	F			Х						
8	Onsite Station, entrance to Plant Site from Hwy. 75	0.55	191°/S	J			х						
9	Onsite Station, NW of Plant	0.68	305°/NW	Q			Х						
10	Onsite Station, WSW of Plant	0.61	242°/WSW	М			Х						
11	Offsite Station, SE of Plant	1.07	39°/SE	G			х						

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Table 4.2 - Radiological Environmental Sampling Locations And Media

		Approximate			Air Moni		1				[
Sample Station No.	Approximate Collection Sites	Distance from Center of Containment (miles)	Approximate Direction (degrees from true north)	Sector	Airborne Particulate	Airborne lodine	TLD	Water	Milk	Sedi- ment	Fish	Vegetables and Food Products	Ground- water
12	Metropolitan Utilities Dist., Florence Treatment Plant North Omaha, NE	14.3	154°/SSE	н	·			Х					
13	West bank Missouri River, downstream from Plant discharge	0.45	108°/ESE	F				X		x			
14 ⁴	Upstream from Intake Bldg, west bank of river	0.09	4°/N	Α				Х		х			
15	Smith Farm	1.99	134°/SE	G									Х
16 ¹													
17 ¹						_							
18 ¹		,											
19 ¹													
20⁴	Mohr Dairy	9.86	186°/S	J					X²			Х	Χ.
21 ¹ .													
	Fish Sampling Area, Missouri River	0.08 (R.M. 645.0)	6°/N	Α							Х		
23 ⁴	Fish Sampling Area, Missouri River	17.9 (R.M. 666.0)	358°/N	Α							×		
24 ¹													
25 ¹													
26¹													
27 ¹		- "											
28	Alvin Pechnik Farm	0.94	163°/SSE	Н								Х	

Table 4.2 - Radiological Environmental Sampling Locations And Media

		Approximate	Approximate		Air Moni								
Sample Station No.	Approximate Collection Sites	Distance from Center of Containment (miles)	Direction (degrees from true north)	Sector	Airborne Particulate	Airborne Iodine	TLD	Water	Milk	Sedi- ment	Fish	Vegetables and Food Products	Ground- water
29¹													
30¹													
31 ¹			:										
32⁴	Valley Substation #902	19.6	221°/SW	L	Х	X	Х						
33 ³	Bansen Farm	0.65	203°/SSW	К					X ²				Х
341													
35	Onsite Farm Field	0.52	118°/ESE	F								Х	
36	Offsite Station Intersection Hwy 75/Co. Rd. P37	0.75	227°/SW	L			X						
37 ³	Offsite Station Desoto Township	1.57	144°/SE	G	х	х	Х						
38 ¹													
39 ¹													
40 ³	Herber Acreage	0.65	163°/SSE	Н	Х	Х	Х						X
41 ³	Dowler Acreage	0.73	175°/S	7	Х	X	Х						
42	Sector A-1	1.94	0°/NORTH	Α			Х						
43	Sector B-1	1.97	16°/NNE	В			Х						
44	Sector C-1	1.56	41°/NE	С			Х						
45	Sector D-1	1.34	71°/ENE	D			Х						
46	Sector E-1	1.54	90°/EAST	Е			Х						
47	Sector F-1	0.45	108°/ESE	F			Х						
48	Sector G-1	1.99	134°/SE	G			Х						

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Table 4.2 - Radiological Environmental Sampling Locations And Media

ļ		Approximate	- Nadiologica		Air Moni		Γ						
Sample Station No.	Approximate Collection Sites	Distance from Center of Containment (miles)	Approximate Direction (degrees from true north)	Sector	Airborne Particulate	Airborne Iodine	TLD	Water	Milk	Sedi- ment	Fish	Vegetables and Food Products	Ground- water
49	Sector H-1	1.04	159°/SSE	Н			Х						
50	Sector J-1	0.71	179°/SOUTH	J			Х						-
51	Sector K-1	0.61	205°/SSW	K			Х						
52	Sector L-1	0.74	229°/SW	L			Х						
53	Sector M-1	0.93	248°/WSW	М			Х						
54	Sector N-1	1.31	266°/WEST	N			Х						
55	Sector P-1	0.60	291°WNW	Р			Х						
56	Sector Q-1	0.67	307°/NW	Q			Х						
57	Sector R-1	2.32	328°/NNW	R			Х						
58	Sector A-2	4.64	350°/NORTH	Α			Х						
59	Sector B-2	2.95	26°/NNE	В			Х						
60	Sector C-2	3.32	50°/NE	С			Х						_
61	Sector D-2	3.11	75°/ENE	D			Х						
62	Sector E-2	2.51	90°/EAST	Е			Х						:
63	Sector F-2	2.91	110°/ESE	F			Х						
64	Sector G-2	3.00	140°/SE	G			Х						
· 65	Sector H-2	2.58	154°/SSE	Н			Х						
66	Sector J-2	3.53	181°/SOUTH	J			Х						
67	Sector K-2	2.52	205°/SSW	K			Х						
68	Sector L-2	2.77	214°/SW	L			Х						
69	Sector M-2	2.86	243°/WSW	М			Х						

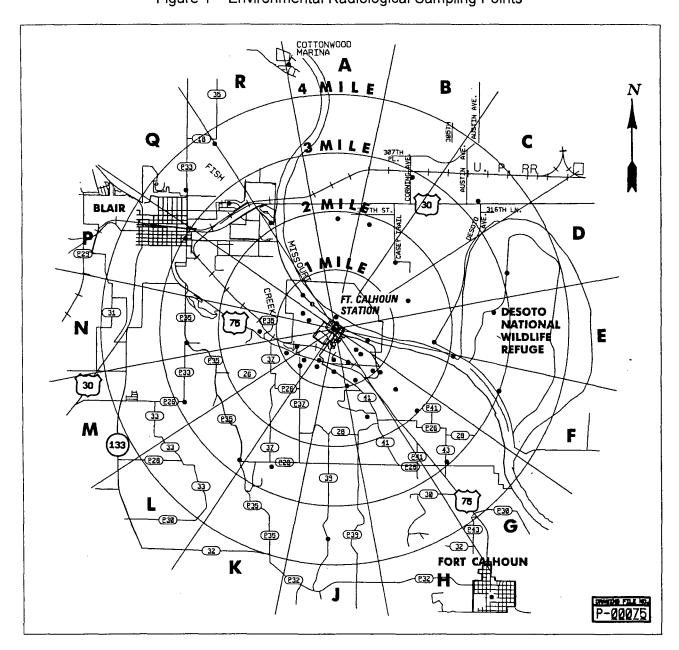
Table 4.2 - Radiological Environmental Sampling Locations And Media

		Approximate	Approximate	Sector	Air Monitoring								
Sample Station No.	Approximate Collection Sites	Distance from Center of Containment (miles)	Direction (degrees		Airborne Particulate	Airborne Iodine	TLD	Water	Milk	Sedi- ment	Fish	Vegetables and Food Products	Ground- water
70	Sector N-2	2.54	263°/WEST	N			Х						
71	Sector P-2	2.99	299°WNW	Р			Х						
72	Sector Q-2	3.37	311°/NW	Q			Х						
73	Sector R-2	3.81	328°/NNW	R			Х						

NOTES:

- (1) Location is either not in use or currently discontinued and is documented in the table for reference only.
- (2) When a milk sample is not available at a location, a broad leaf (pasture grass) vegetation sample will be collected at that location as a substitute.
- (3) Locations represent highest potential exposure pathways as determined by the biennial Land Use Survey, performed in accordance with Part I, Section 6.3.2, of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual and are monitored as such.
- (4) Background location (control). All other locations are indicators.
- (5) Location for monitoring Sector K High Exposure Pathway Resident Receptor for inhalation.

Figure 1 - Environmental Radiological Sampling Points



(*) Locations currently discontinued are not illustrated.

Table 4.3 - Detection Capabilities For Environmental Sample Analysis Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) 1, 2, 3

Sample	Units	Gross Beta	H-3	Mn-54	Fe-59	Co-58, Co-60	Zn-65	Zr-95	Nb-95	I-131	Cs-134	Cs-137	Ba-140
Water	pCi/L		2.0E+03	1.5E+01	3.0E+01	1.5E+01	3.0E+01	1.5E+01	1.5E+01	1.0E+00 ⁴	1.5E+01	1.8E+01	1.5E+01
Fish	pCi/kg (wet)			1.3E+02	2.6E+02	1.3E+02	2.6E+02				1.3E+02	1.5E+02	
Milk	pCi/L									1.0E+00	1.5E+01	1.8E+01	1.5E+01
Airborne Particulates or Gases	pCi/m³	1.0E-02								7.0E-02	1.0E-02	1.0E-02	
Sediment	pCi/kg (dry)										1.5E+02	1.8E+02	
Grass or Broad Leaf Vegetation/ Vegetables or	pCi/kg									5	5	5	
Food Products	(wet)									6.0E+01	6.0E+01	8.0E+01	

- This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be considered. Other peaks that are identifiable as Plant effluents, together with those of the above nuclides, shall also be analyzed and reported in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report pursuant to Part I, Section 5.2, of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.
- 2 Required detection capabilities for thermoluminescent dosimeters used for environmental measurements shall be in accordance with the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 4.13.
- The LLD is defined in Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.
- LLD for drinking water samples. If no drinking water pathway exists, the LLD of gamma isotopic analysis may be used.
- I-131 analysis performed on broadleaf/pasture grass samples when milk is unavailable. Gamma isotopic analysis performed on food products/vegetables.

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Table 4.4 - Reporting Levels for Radioactivity Concentrations in Environmental Samples 1

Sample	Units	H-3	Mn-54	Fe-59	Co-58	Co-60	Zn-65	Zr-95	Nb-95	I-131	Cs-134	Cs-137	Ba-140
Water	pCi/L	2.0E+04	1.0E+03	4.0E+02	1.0E+03	3.0E+02	3.0E+02	4.0E+02	4.0E+02	2.0E+00 ²	3.0E+01	5.0E+01	2.0E+02
Fish	pCi/kg (wet)		3.0E+04	1.0E+04	3.0E+04	1.0E+04	2.0E+04				1.0E+03	2.0E+03	
Milk	pCi/L									3.0E+00	6.0E+01	7.0E+01	3.0E+02
Airborne Particulates or Gases	pCi/m³									9.0E-01	1.0E+01	2.0E+01	
Grass or Broad Leaf Vegetation/ Vegetables or Food Products	pCi/kg (wet)					•••				1.0E+02	1.0E+03	2.0E+03	

A Non-routine report shall be submitted when more than one of the radionuclides listed above are detected in the sampling medium and:

$$\frac{Concentration 1}{Reporting Level 1} + \frac{Concentration 2}{Reporting Level 2} + \frac{Concentration 3}{Reporting Level 3} + \ldots \ge 1.0$$

When radionuclides other than those listed above are detected and are the result of Plant effluents, this report shall be submitted if the potential annual dose to a member of the general public is equal to or greater than the dose objectives of Part I, Section 3.1 and 3.2, of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual. This report is not required if the measured level of radioactivity was not the result of Plant effluents; however, in such an event, the condition shall be reported and described in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report.

If no drinking water pathway exists, the LLD of gamma isotopic analysis may be used.

4.2 Land Use Survey

4.2.1 Limiting Condition for Operation

- A. A Land Use Survey shall identify the location of the nearest milk animal, nearest meat animal, nearest vegetable garden, nearest groundwater source and the nearest residence in each of the 16 cardinal sectors within a distance of five miles. The survey shall be conducted under the following conditions:
 - 1) Within a one-mile radius from the Plant site, enumeration by door-to-door or equivalent counting techniques.
 - 2) Within a Five-mile radius, enumeration may be conducted door-to-door or by using referenced information from county agricultural agents or other reliable sources.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

- a) If it is learned from this survey that milk animals, vegetable gardens and resident receptors are present at a location which yields a calculated dose greater than 20% from previously sampled location(s), the new location(s) shall be added to the monitoring program. Milk and vegetable garden sampling location(s) having the lowest calculated dose may then be dropped from the monitoring program at the end of the grazing and/or growing season during which the survey was conducted and the new location added to the monitoring program. Groundwater monitoring is based on a determination if source(s) are potentially affected by plant operations. Modifications to the air monitoring locations, vegetable garden sampling locations, and milk sampling locations will be made as soon as practicable. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall be notified of modifications to the program in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report (Section 5.2).
- b) If it is learned from this survey that a pathway for dose to a MEMBER OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC no longer exists, an additional pathway has been identified or site specific factors affecting the dose calculations for a pathway have changed, then this information should be documented in the Land Use Survey, the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report and the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report. This information can be used to increase the accuracy of the dose models for the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report as well as dose estimates performed during the reporting period (i.e., quarterly dose estimates).

4.2.2 Surveillance Requirements

A land use survey shall be conducted once per 24 months between the dates of June 1 and October 1. The results of the land use survey shall be submitted to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report (Section 5.2) for the year it was performed.

4.3 Interlaboratory Comparison Program

4.3.1 Limiting Condition for Operation

Analyses shall be performed on radioactive materials as part of an Interlaboratory Comparison Program that has been approved by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

APPLICABILITY: At all times

ACTION:

1) With analysis not being performed as required above, report the corrective actions taken to prevent a recurrence to the Commission in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report (Section 5.2).

Surveillance Requirements 4.3.2

Α. The results of these analyses shall be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report (Section 5.2).

ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS 5.

5.1 Responsibilities

- 5.1.1 FCS Chemistry Department is responsible for the implementation and maintenance of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.
- 5.1.2 FCS Operations Department is responsible for the compliance with the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual in the operation of Fort Calhoun Station.

5.2 Radioactive Effluent Reporting Requirements

The reporting requirements for radioactive effluents stated in this Section are to provide assurance that the limits set forth in Part I of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual are complied with. These reports will meet the requirements for documentation of radioactive effluents contained in 10 CFR Part 50,36a; Reg. Guide 1.21, Rev. 1; Reg. Guide 4.8, Table 1; and Reg. Guide 1.109, Rev. 1.

5.2.1 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

A report covering the operation of the Fort Calhoun Station during the previous calendar year shall be submitted prior to May 1 of each year per the requirements of Technical Specifications 5.9.4.a. and 10 CFR Part 50.

The Radioactive Effluent Release Report shall include:

- A. A summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and airborne effluents and solid waste released from the plant as outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 1.
- B. A summary of the meteorological conditions concurrent with the release of airborne effluents during each quarter as outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 1.
- C. An assessment of radiation doses from the radioactive liquid and airborne effluents released from the unit during each calendar quarter as outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 1. The assessment of radiation doses shall be performed in accordance with calculational methodology of the Regulatory Guide 1.109, Revision 1.
- D. Changes to the Process Control Program (PCP) or to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) made during the reporting period. Each change shall be identified by markings in the margin of the affected pages clearly indicating the area of the page that was changed and shall indicate the date the change was implemented.
- E. A list and description of abnormal releases or abnormal discharges from the site to unrestricted areas of radioactive materials in gaseous and liquid effluents made during the reporting period.
- F. An explanation of why instrumentation designated in Part I, Sections 2.1.1 and 2.2, of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, was not restored to OPERABLE status within 30 days.
- G. A description of any major design changes or modifications made to the Liquid and/or Gaseous Radwaste Treatment Systems or Ventilation Exhaust Systems during the reporting period.
- H. An explanation of why the liquid and/or gaseous radwaste treatment systems were not OPERABLE, causing the limits of Specifications 3.1.3.A and 3.2.4.A to be exceeded.
- I. The results of sampling from offsite and onsite groundwater wells per the Site Groundwater Protection Plan. [AR 39127]
- J. Non-routine planned discharges (e.g., discharges from remediation efforts like pumping contaminated groundwater from a leak).

FORT CALHOUN STATION OFF-SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL REFERENCE USE

5.2.2 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report

The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report for the previous one year of operation shall be submitted prior to May 1 of each year. This report contains the data gathered from the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program. The content of the report shall include:

- A. Summarized and tabulated results of the radiological environmental sampling/analysis activities following the format of Regulatory Guide 4.8, Table 1. In the event that some results are not available, the report shall be submitted noting and explaining the reasons for the missing results. The missing data shall be submitted as soon as possible in a supplementary report.
- B. Interpretations and statistical evaluation of the results, including an assessment of the observed impacts of the plant operation and environment.
- C. The results of participation in a NRC approved Interlaboratory Comparison Program.
- D. The results of land use survey required by Section 4.2
- E. The results of specific activity analysis in which the primary coolant exceeded the limits of Technical Specification 2.1.3. The following information shall be included:
 - 1) Reactor power history starting 48 hours prior to the first sample in which the limit was exceeded.
 - 2) Results of the last isotopic analysis for radioiodine performed prior to exceeding the limit, results of analysis while limit was exceeded and results of one analysis after the radioiodine activity was reduced to less than the limit. Each result should include date and time of sampling and the radioiodine concentrations.
 - 3) Purification system flow history starting 48 hours prior to the first sample in which the limit was exceeded.
 - 4) Graph of the I-131 concentration and one other radioiodine isotope concentration in micro-curies per gram as a function of time for the duration of the specific activity above the steadystate level, AND
 - 5) The time duration when the specific activity of the primary coolant exceeded the radioiodine limit.

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5.2.2

A map of the current environmental monitoring sample locations.

5.2.3 Special Report

If the limits or requirements of Sections 3.1.2A, 3.1.3A, 3.2.2A, 3.2.3A, 3.2.4A, 3.3.1A and/or 4.1.1A.3 and/or 4.1.1A.4) are exceeded, a Special Report shall be issued to the Commission, pursuant to Technical Specification 5.16. This report shall include: [AR 39127]

- Α. The results of an investigation to identify the causes for exceeding the specification.
- B. Define and initiate a program of action to reduce levels to within the specification limits.
- C. The report shall also include an evaluation of any release conditions, environmental factors, or other aspects necessary to explain the condition.

5.2.4 EPA 40 CFR Part 190 Reporting Requirements

With the calculated dose from the release of radioactive materials in liquid or gaseous effluents exceeding twice the limits of dose from Specifications 3.1.2.A, 3.2.2.A, or 3.2.3.A, calculations shall be made including direct radiation calculations, to prepare and submit a special report to the Commission within 30 days and limit the subsequent releases such that the dose to any real individual from uranium fuel cycle sources is limited to ≤ 25 mrem to the total body or any organ (except thyroid, which is limited to ≤ 75 mrem) over the calendar year. This special report shall include an analysis which demonstrates that radiation exposures to any member of the public from uranium fuel cycle sources (including all effluent pathways and direct radiation) are less than the 40 CFR Part 190 standard. Otherwise, obtain a variance from the Commission to permit releases which exceed the 40 CFR Part 190 standard. The submittal of the report is to be considered a timely request and a variance is granted pending the final action on the variance request from the Commission.

5.3 Change Mechanism

The Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual is the controlling document for all radioactive effluent releases. It is defined as a procedure under the guidance of Technical Specification 5.8. It will be revised and reviewed by the Plant Review Committee and approved by the Plant Manager in accordance with Technical Specification 5.17. All changes to the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual will be forwarded to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission during the next reporting period for the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report in accordance with the requirements of Technical Specification 5.17.

5.4 Meteorological Data

The Annual Average χ/Q is utilized to determine the concentrations of radionuclides at the unrestricted area boundary. It is also the factor used in conjunction with the parameters and methodologies in Part II, of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual to determine unrestricted area dose on a quarterly bases or as needed. It is based on an average of the highest calculated sector χ /Q values, using all 16 sectors for each of the three previous year Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Reports, and the XOQDOQ plume trajectory model. An additional 10 percent will be added to the average for unrestricted area dose estimates performed quarterly or as needed for conservatism. When calculating χ /Q data for the Annual Radiological Effluent Release Report, if the highest calculated χ/Q for the reporting period is observed to be greater than $\pm 10\%$ of the Annual Average χ /Q previously calculated, contact the Supervisor-System Chemistry for further instructions. This model conforms with the Nuclear Regulatory Commissions Regulatory Guide 1.111.

Real time meteorological data will be utilized in the preparation of the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report. This data is used to calculate the joint frequency table, the dispersion coefficients and deposition factors in all 16 sectors. These are used in the calculation of doses to individuals in unrestricted areas as a result of the operation of Fort Calhoun Station. The models used, GASPAR 2 and LADTAP 2, meet the intent of Nuclear Regulatory Commissions Reg. Guide 1.109 and 1.21 for the reporting of doses due to routine radioactive effluent releases.

5.5 References

Regulatory Guide 1.109, Rev. 1 - Calculation of Annual Dose to man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the purpose of evaluation compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I

Regulatory Guide 1.111, Rev. 1 - Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routine Releases from Light-Water-Cooled Reactors.

Regulatory Guide 1.113, Rev. 1 - Estimating Aquatic Dispersion of Effluents from Accidental and Routine Releases for the purpose of Implementing Appendix I.

Regulatory Guide 4.8, Environmental Technical Specification for Nuclear Power Plants.

NRC Branch Technical Position, March 1978

NUREG-0133 - Preparation of Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications for Nuclear Power Plants.

NUREG-1301 - Offsite Dose Calculation Manual Guidance.

Regulatory Guide 1.21, Rev. 2 - Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactivity in solid wastes and Releases of Radioactivity Materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants.

Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Part 20

Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Part 50

Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 190

Fort Calhoun Revised Environmental Report (Unit No. 1)-1972

Fort Calhoun Technical Specifications (Unit No. 1)

Updated Safety Analysis Report

AR 12357, Implement Recommendations of Memo FC-0133-92, Part I, Table 2.2.1 Action 4, of the Off-Site Calculation Manual

AR 39127, NEI Industry Initiative on Groundwater Protection

Regulatory Guide 4.1, Rev. 2 – Radiological Environmental Monitoring for Nuclear Power Plants

6. BASIS

6.1 Instrumentation

Radioactive Liquid Effluent Instrumentation 6.1.1

The Radioactive liquid effluent instrumentation is provided to monitor and control, as applicable, the releases of radioactive material in liquid effluents during actual or potential releases of liquid effluents. The Alarm/Trip setpoints for these instruments shall be calculated in accordance with Part II of the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual to ensure that the alarm/trip will occur prior to exceeding the limits of 10 CFR Part 20. The OPERABILITY and use of this instrumentation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criteria 60, 63 and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

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6.1.2 Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Instrumentation

The Radioactive gaseous effluent instrumentation is provided to monitor and control, as applicable, the releases of radioactive material in gaseous effluents during actual or potential releases of liquid effluents. The Alarm/Trip setpoints for these instruments shall be calculated in accordance with Part II of the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual to ensure that the alarm/trip will occur prior to exceeding the limits of 10 CFR Part 20. The OPERABILITY and use of this instrumentation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criteria 60, 63 and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

6.2 Radioactive Effluents

6.2.1 Radioactive Liquid Effluents

A. Concentration

This specification is provided to ensure that the concentration of radioactive materials released in liquid waste effluents from the site to unrestricted areas will be less than the concentration levels specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2. This limitation provides additional assurance that the levels of radioactive materials in bodies of water outside the site will result in exposures within (1) the Section II.A design objectives of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50, and (2) the limits of 10 CFR Part 20.1001-20.2401 to the population. The concentration limit for dissolved or entrained noble gases is based upon the assumption that Xe-133 is the controlling isotope and its effluent concentration in air (submersion) was converted to an equivalent concentration in water.

6.2.1

B. Dose

This specification is provided to implement the requirements of Sections II.A, III.A and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The Limiting Condition for Operation implements the guides set forth in Section II.A of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I to assure that the releases of radioactive material in liquid effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable". Also, with fresh water sites with drinking water supplies which can be potentially affected by plant operations, there is reasonable assurance that the operation of the facility will not result in radionuclide concentrations in the finished drinking water that are in excess of the requirements of 40 CFR Part 141. The dose calculation methodology and parameters in Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, implement the requirements in Section III.A that conformance with the guides of Appendix I is to be shown by calculational procedures based on models and data such that the actual exposure of an individual through appropriate pathways is unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The equations specified in Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, for calculating the doses due to the actual release rates of radioactive material in liquid effluents are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109, "Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I," Revision 1, October 1977, and Regulatory Guide 1.113, "Estimating Aquatic Dispersion of Effluents from Accidental and Routine Reactor Releases for the Purpose of Implementing Appendix I," April 1977.

C. Liquid Waste Treatment System

The OPERABILITY of the liquid radwaste treatment system ensures that this system will be available for use whenever liquid effluents require treatment prior to release to the environment. The requirement that appropriate portions of this system be used when specified provides assurance that the releases of radioactive materials in liquid effluents will be kept "as low as is reasonably achievable". This specification implements the requirements of 10 CFR Part 50.36a, General Design Criterion 60 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50 and design objective and in Section II.D of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50. The specified limits governing the use of appropriate portions of the liquid radwaste treatment system were specified to ensure the design objectives set forth in Section II.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50 for liquid effluents are not exceeded.

6.2.1

D. Liquid Holdup Tanks

Restricting the quantity of radioactive material contained in the specified tanks provides assurance that in the event of an uncontrolled release of the tanks' contents, the resulting concentrations would be less than the limits of 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2, at the nearest potable water supply and the nearest surface water supply in an unrestricted area.

6.2.2 Radioactive Gaseous Effluents

Α. Concentration

This specification, in conjunction with 3.2.2.A and 3.2.3.A, is provided to ensure that the dose at or beyond the Site Boundary from gaseous effluents will be within the annual dose limits of 10 CFR Part 20 for MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC. The release rate of radioactive material in airborne effluents shall be controlled such that the instantaneous concentrations for these radionuclides do not exceed the values specified in 10 CFR Part 20 for airborne effluents at the unrestricted area boundary. To support plant operations, Supervisor-System Chemistry may increase this limit up to the limits specified in Technical Specifications 5.16.1.g. Technical Specification 5.16.1.g. establishes the administrative control limit on the concentration resulting from radioactive material, other than noble gases, released in gaseous effluents to unrestricted areas conforming to ten times 10 CFR Part 20.1001-20.2401, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1. For noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to five times 10 CFR Part 20.1001-20.2401, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1. Because these concentrations are applied on an instantaneous basis and because of the overriding 10 CFR Part 50 Appendix I cumulative dose limitations, these limits provide reasonable assurance that radioactive material discharged in gaseous effluents will not result in the exposure of a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC either within or outside the Site Boundary. to annual average concentrations that would result in exceeding the annual total effective dose equivalent limit specified in 10 CFR Part 20.1301(a).

REFERENCE USE

6.2.2

B. Dose - Noble Gases

This specification is provided to implement the requirements of Sections II.B, III.A and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The Limiting Condition For Operation implements the guides set forth in Section II.B of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I assure that the releases of radioactive material in gaseous effluents will be kept as low as is reasonably achievable. The surveillance requirements implement the requirements in Section III.A of Appendix I that conform with the guides of Appendix I to be shown by calculational procedures based on models and data such that the actual exposure of an individual through the appropriate pathways is unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The dose calculation methodology and parameters established in Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, for calculating the doses due to actual release rates of radioactive noble gases in gaseous effluents are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109. Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I, Revision 1, October 1977 and Regulatory Guide 1.111, Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routine Releases from Light-Water-Cooled Reactors, Revision 1, July 1977. The Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, equations provided for determining the air doses at the site boundary are consistent with Regulatory Guides 1.109 and 1.111.

6.2.2

C. Dose - I-131, Radioactive Material in Particulate Form with Half-Lives Greater than Eight Days (Other than Noble Gases) and Tritium

This specification is provided to implement the requirements of Sections II.C, III.A and IV.A of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50. The Limiting Condition For Operation implements the guides set forth in Section II.C of Appendix I. The ACTION statements provide the required operating flexibility and at the same time implement the guides set forth in Section IV.A of Appendix I assure that the releases of radioactive material in gaseous effluents will be kept as low as is reasonably achievable. The surveillance requirements implement the requirements in Section III.A of Appendix I that conform with the guides of Appendix I to be shown by calculational procedures based on models and data such that the actual exposure of an individual through the appropriate pathways is unlikely to be substantially underestimated. The dose calculation methodology and parameters established in Part II of the Off-Site Calculation Manual, for calculating the doses due to actual release rates of radioactive noble gases in gaseous effluents are consistent with the methodology provided in Regulatory Guide 1.109. Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I, Revision 1, October 1977 and Regulatory Guide 1.111, Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routine Releases from Light-Water-Cooled Reactors, Revision 1, July 1977. The release rate specification for I-131, radioactive material in particulate form with half lives greater than eight days (other than noble gases) and tritium are dependant on the existing radionuclide pathways to man in the areas at or beyond the site boundary. The pathways that were examined in the development of these calculations were: 1) individual inhalation of airborne radionuclides, 2) deposition of radionuclides onto green leafy vegetation with subsequent consumption by man, 3) deposition onto grassy areas where milk animals and meat producing animals graze with consumption of the milk and meat by man, and 4) deposition on the ground with subsequent exposure of man.

6.2.2

D. Gaseous Waste Treatment

The OPERABILITY of the gaseous radwaste treatment system and the ventilation exhaust treatment systems ensures that the systems will be available for use whenever gaseous effluents require treatment prior to release to the environment. The requirement that appropriate portions of this system be used when specified provides assurance that the releases of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents will be kept as low as is reasonably achievable. This specification implements the requirements of 10 CFR Part 50.36a, General Design Criterion 60 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50 and design objective and in Section II.D of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50. The specified limits governing the use of appropriate portions of the systems were specified to ensure the design objectives set forth in Section II.B and II.C of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50 for gaseous effluents are not exceeded.

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6.2.2

E. Total Dose - Uranium Fuel Cycle

This specification is provided to meet the dose limitations of 40 CFR Part 190 that have been incorporated into 10 CFR Part 20.1301(d). This requires the preparation and submittal of a Special Report whenever the calculated doses due to releases of radioactivity and to radiation from uranium fuel cycle sources exceed 25 mRems to the total body or any organ, except the thyroid, which shall be limited to less than or equal to 75 mRems. It is highly unlikely that the resultant dose to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC will exceed the dose limits of 40 CFR Part 190 if the plant remains within twice the dose design objectives of Appendix I, 10 CFR Part 50, and if direct radiation doses (including outside storage tanks, etc.) are kept small. The Special Report shall describe a course of action that should result in the limitation of the annual dose to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC to within the 40 CFR Part 190 limits. For purposes of the Special Report, it may be assumed that the dose commitment to the MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from other uranium fuel cycle sources is negligible, with the exception that dose contributions from other nuclear fuel cycle facilities at the same site or within a radius of 8 km must be considered. If the dose to any MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC is estimated to exceed the requirements of 40 CFR Part 190, the Special Report, with a request for a variance (provided the release conditions resulting in violation of 40 CFR Part 190 have not already been corrected), in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 190.11 and 10 CFR Part 20.2203(a)(4) and 20.2203(b) is considered to be a timely request and fulfills the requirements 40 CFR Part 190 until NRC staff action is completed. The variance only relates to the limits of 40 CFR Part 190, and does not apply in any way to the other requirements for dose limitation of 10 CFR Part 20. An individual is not considered a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC during any period in which he/she is engaged in carrying out any operation that is part of the nuclear fuel cycle. Demonstration of compliance with the limits of 40 CFR Part 190 or with the design objectives of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50 will be considered to demonstrate compliance with the 0.1 rem limit of 10 CFR Part 20.1301.

6.3 Radiological Environmental Monitoring

6.3.1 Monitoring Program

The radiological environmental monitoring program required by this specification provides measurements of radiation and radioactive materials in those exposure pathways and for radionuclides which lead to the highest potential radiation exposures of individuals resulting from the station operation. This monitoring program thereby supplements the radiological effluent monitoring program by verifying that the measurable concentrations of radioactive materials and levels of radiation are not higher than expected on the basis of the effluent measurements and modeling of the environmental exposure pathways. The initially specified monitoring program was effective for at least the first three years of commercial operation. Following this period, program changes are initiated based on operational experience.

6.3.2 Land Use Survey

This specification is provided to ensure that changes in the use of unrestricted areas are identified and that modifications to the monitoring program are made if required by the results of this survey. The frequency of the Land Use Survey has been reduced to a biennial requirement in site procedures because persons knowledgeable in land use census monitor usage characteristics perform routine REMP sampling. This approach allows knowledge gained during sample collection to be integrated into the program. maintaining its effectiveness. The best survey information from door to door, aerial or consulting with local agricultural authorities, or equivalent, shall be used. This survey satisfies the requirements of Section IV.B.3 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50. Restricting the survey to gardens of greater than 500 square feet provides assurance that significant exposure pathways via leafy vegetables will be identified and monitored since a garden of this size is the minimum required to produce the quantity (26 kg/year) of leafy vegetables assumed in Regulatory Guide 1.109 for consumption by a child. To determine this minimum garden size, the following assumptions were used, 1) that 20% of the garden was used for growing broad leaf vegetation (i.e., similar to lettuce and cabbage), and 2) a vegetation yield of 2 kg/m².

For milk, the survey is restricted to only milk animals (cow or goat) producing milk for human consumption. Air monitoring stations are strategically located to monitor the resident receptors who could potentially receive the highest doses from airborne radioactive material. For groundwater, samples shall be taken when sources are determined to potentially be affected by plant operations, and when sources are tapped for drinking or irrigation purposes in areas where the hydraulic gradient or recharge properties are suitable for contamination. Guidance provided in the Branch Technical Position and Technical Specification 5.16.2 is used to meet the intent of NUREG-1301.

6.3.3 Interlaboratory Comparison Program

The requirement for participation in an Interlaboratory Comparison Program is provided to ensure that independent checks on the precision and accuracy of the measurements of radioactive material in environmental sample matrices are performed as part of a quality assurance program for environmental monitoring in order to demonstrate that the results are reasonably valid for the purposes of Section IV.B.2 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50.

- 6.4 Abnormal Release or Abnormal Discharge Reporting
 - 6.4.1 Specific information should be reported concerning abnormal (airborne and/or liquid) releases on site and abnormal discharges to the unrestricted area. The report should describe each event in a way that would enable the NRC to adequately understand how the material was released and if there was a discharge to the unrestricted area. The report should describe the potential impact on the ingestion exposure pathway involving surface water and ground water, as applicable. The report should also describe the impact (if any) on other affected exposure pathways (e.g., inhalation from pond evaporation).
 - 6.4.2 The following are the thresholds for reporting abnormal releases and abnormal discharges in the supplemental information section:
 - Α. Abnormal release or Abnormal Discharges that are voluntarily reported to local authorities under NEI 07-07, Industry Ground Water Protection Initiative. [AR 39127]
 - Abnormal release or Abnormal discharges estimated to exceed B. 100 gallons of radioactive liquid where the presence of licensed radioactive material is positively identified (either in the on-site environs or in the source of the leak or spill) as greater than the minimum detectable activity for the laboratory instrumentation.
 - Abnormal releases to on-site areas that result in detectable residual radioactivity after remediation.
 - Abnormal releases that result in a high effluent radiation alarm without an anticipated trip occurring.
 - Abnormal discharges to an unrestricted area.

- 6.4.3 Information on Abnormal releases or Abnormal discharges should include the following, as applicable:
 - Date and duration
 - Location
 - Volume
 - Estimated activity of each radionuclide
 - Effluent monitoring results (if any)
 - On-site monitoring results (is any)
 - Depth to the local water table
 - Classification(s) of subsurface aquifer(s) (e.g., drinking water, unfit for drinking water, not used for drinking water)
 - Size and extent of any ground water plume
 - Expected movement/mobility of any ground water plume
 - Land use characteristics (e.g., water used for irrigation)
 - Remedial actions considered or taken and results obtained
 - Calculated member of the public dose attributable to the release
 - Calculated member of the public dose attributable to the discharge
 - Actions taken to prevent recurrence, as applicable
 - Whether the NRC was notified, the date(s), and the contact organization

PART II

CALCULATIONS

EFFLUENT MONITOR SETPOINTS 1.

1.1 Liquid Effluents

There are two liquid discharge pathways to the Missouri River. These pathways originate with the radioactive liquid waste processing system (monitor or hotel tanks) and the steam generator blowdown system. Both of these pathways empty into the circulating water system which discharges to the Missouri River (see Figure 1). Figure 2 depicts the liquid discharge pathways and associated radiation monitors. Figure 3 depicts the methods of liquid effluent treatment.

The flowrate for dilution water varies with the number of circulating water pumps in service, the number of raw water pumps in service, and with the operation of the warm water recirculation. Some warm water from the condenser outlet is diverted from the circulating water discharge to upstream of the intake structure to help prevent ice from forming on the circulating water pump intakes during winter months. The varying dilution flowrate and utilization of warm water recirculation is accounted for in the dilution calculations for monitor tank and stream generation releases.

Technical Specification 5.16.1.b establishes the administrative control limit on concentration of radioactive material, other than dissolved or entrained noble gases, released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas conforming to ten times 10 CFR Part 20.1001-20.2401, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to 2.0 E-04 μCi/ml total activity.

The liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation ALERT setpoints shall be established low enough to ensure that the concentration of radioactive material released in liquid effluents at site discharge will be less than the concentrations specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2.

The liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation HIGH ALARM setpoints shall be established low enough to ensure that the concentration of radioactive material released in liquid effluents at site discharge will be less than 10 times the concentrations specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2.

Cs-137 is used to calibrate the liquid effluent monitors.

NOTE: If the annual average χ /Q value exceeds 1.4E-04 sec/m³, consideration should be given to basing liquid radiation monitor setpoints on an I-131 instantaneous limit of 2.0E-09 μCi/ml at the unrestricted area boundary with 10% vapor/liquid separation. Contact the Supervisor-System-Chemistry for further instructions.

1.1.1 Liquid Effluent Radiation Monitors

Steam Generator Blowdown Monitors (RM-054A and B)

These process radiation detectors monitor the flow through the steam generator blowdown lines and automatically close the blowdown isolation valves if the monitor high alarm setpoint is reached. The monitor controls liquid effluent releases so that 10 times the 10 CFR Part 20 limit at the unrestricted area boundary of 1.0E-06 μCi/cc, is not exceeded at the site discharge.

The following calculations for maximum concentration and alarm setpoints are valid for simultaneous radioactive liquid releases of steam generator blowdown and monitor tank discharge.

The maximum allowable concentration in the blowdown line is calculated as follows:

$$C_{MAX} = \frac{(1.0E - 05 \,\mu\text{Ci/ml})\,(F)}{f}$$

Where:

1.0E-05 μCi/ml = Ten times 10 CFR Part 20 Limit for unidentified radionuclides at site discharge (10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Note 2).

F = Total dilution flow in the discharge tunnel (gpm). (Normal flow is based on 1 circulating water pump at 120,000 gpm. Other flowrates may be used, as required.)

f = Blowdown flow rate (gpm). (Normal blowdown flow rate is based on 2 transfer pumps with a design flow of 135 gpm each, 270 gpm total. Other flow rates may be used, as required.)

 C_{MAX} = Maximum allowable blowdown concentration (μCi/ml).

1.1.1.A

NOTE: Setpoints may be recalculated based on adjusted dilution flow and adjusted blowdown flow.

The High Alarm Setpoint (CPM):

Setpoint =
$$0.75 \left[\left((K_4)(S_t)(C_{MAX}) \right) + B \right]$$

Where:

0.75 = An administrative correction factor which includes the followina:

> 15% tolerance to ensure radmonitor response in accordance with License Event Report 77-17, Docket Number 050-0285 and Telecon FC-472-77.

10% tolerance to account for the difference in detector sensitivity for the range of isotopes detected.

 S_f = Detector sensitivity factor (CPM/μCi/ml). (Sensitivity based on Cs-137).

K₄ = Allocation factor for Individual Steam Generator Release (See Table 1)

В = Background (CPM)

CMAX = Maximum allowable blowdown line activity (μCi/ml).

The Alert Setpoint will be chosen less than or equal to one tenth (1/10) the value of the high alarm setpoint value so that significant increases in activity will be identified prior to exceeding an Unrestricted Area fractional sum of 1.0. It will also provide additional time for corrective actions prior to exceeding the Alarm Setpoint.

B. Overboard Discharge Header Monitor (RM-055)

> This process radiation monitor provides control of the waste monitor tank effluent by monitoring the overboard header prior to its discharge into the circulating water discharge tunnel. The concentration of activity at discharge is controlled below ten times the 10 CFR Part 20 limit of 1.0E-06 μCi/ml at site discharge for unidentified isotopes by the high alarm setpoint which closes the overboard flow control valve.

1.1.1.B

The following calculations for maximum concentration and alarm setpoints are valid for simultaneous radioactive liquid releases of monitor tank discharge and steam generator blowdown.

The maximum allowable concentration in the overboard discharge header is:

$$C_{MAX} = \frac{(1.0E - 05 \ \mu Ci / ml) (F)}{f}$$

Where:

1.0E-05 μCi/ml = Ten times 10 CFR Part 20 Limit for unidentified radionuclides at site discharge (10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Note 2).

F = Total dilution flow in the discharge tunnel (gpm). (Normal flow is based on 1 circulating water pump at 120,000 gpm. Other flowrates such as raw water pump(s) may be used, as required.)

f = Maximum monitor tank discharge flow rate (gpm). (Normal monitor tank maximum flow is 50 gpm. Other flow rates such as raw water pump(s) may be used, as required.)

= Maximum allowable activity in discharge header C_{MAX} (μCi/ml).

1.1.1.B

The High Alarm Setpoint (CPM):

Setpoint = 0.75
$$\left[\left((K_5) (S_f) (C_{MAX}) \right) + B \right]$$

Where:

0.75 = An administrative correction factor which includes the following:

> 15% tolerance to ensure radmonitor VIAS response in accordance with License Event Report 77-17, Docket Number 050-0285 and Telecon FC-472-77.

> 10% tolerance to account for the difference in detector sensitivity for the range of isotopes detected.

 S_f = Detector sensitivity factor (CPM/μCi/ml). (Sensitivity based on Cs-137).

 K_5 = Allocation factor for Waste Liquid Releases (See Table 1)

 C_{MAX} = Maximum allowable concentration in discharge header (μCi/ml).

В = Background (CPM)

The **Alert Setpoint** will be chosen less than or equal to one tenth (1/10) the value of the high alarm setpoint value so that significant increases in activity will be identified prior to exceeding an Unrestricted Area fractional sum of 1.0. It will also provide additional time for corrective actions prior to exceeding the Alarm Setpoint.

1.2 Airborne Effluents

There are three air effluent discharge pathways at the Fort Calhoun Station: Condenser Offgas, Laboratory and Radioactive Waste Processing Building Exhaust Stack, and the Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack. An airborne radioactive waste flow diagram with the applicable, associated radiation monitoring instrumentation and controls is presented as Figure 4. The airborne waste disposal system is presented in Figure 5.

- Auxiliary Building The Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack receives discharges from the waste gas decay tanks, containment purge, containment vent systems and the auxiliary building ventilation system. Radiation Monitor RM-062 provides noble gas monitoring and iodine and particulate sampling for the Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack. Backup noble gas monitoring and iodine and particulate sampling is provided by RM-052. Ventilation Isolation Actuation Signal (VIAS) is actuated by exceeding a monitor's alarm setpoint. Actuation of VIAS will isolate releases from containment and waste gas decay tanks. The Auxiliary Building Exhaust fans will remain in operation.
- Laboratory and Radioactive Waste Processing Building (LRWPB) Noble gas monitoring and particulate and iodine sampling is provided by RM-043. This radiation monitor/sampler does not serve a control function.
- Condenser Off-Gas Monitors Noble gas activity is monitored by RM-057. The condenser off-gas is discharged directly to the environment. Exceeding the high alarm setpoint on RM-057 will activate isolation of main steam to the Auxiliary Steam System.

Technical Specification 5.16.1.g. establishes the administrative control limit on the concentration resulting from radioactive material, other than noble gases, released in gaseous effluents to unrestricted areas conforming to ten times 10 CFR Part 20.1001-20.2401, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1. For noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to five times 10 CFR Part 20.1001-20.2401, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1.

The airborne effluent monitoring instrumentation ALERT setpoints shall be established low enough to ensure that the concentration of radioactive material released in air effluents at site discharge will be less than the concentrations specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1.

The airborne effluent monitoring instrumentation HIGH ALARM setpoints shall be established low enough to ensure that the concentration of radioactive material released in air effluents at site discharge will be less than 5 times the concentrations specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1.

1.2.1 Airborne Effluent Radiation Monitors

Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack Noble Gas Activity Monitor (RM-062/RM-052)

Either of these monitors may be used to measure the noble gas activity in the exhaust stack. The noble gas is monitored after passing through a particulate filter, and charcoal cartridge. The monitor controls airborne releases so that five times the 10 CFR Part 20 limit at the unrestricted area boundary of 5.0E-07 μCi/cc, based upon Xe-133, is not exceeded. The Ventilation Isolation Actuation Signal is initiated when the high alarm setpoint is reached.

The following calculations for maximum release rate and alarm setpoint are valid for simultaneous airborne releases from Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack, Condenser Off-gas and the LRWPB Exhaust Stack.

The maximum allowable release rate for stack airborne activity is calculated as follows:

$$R_{MAX} \mu Ci / \sec = \left(\frac{2.5E - 06 \mu Ci / cc}{\chi / Q \sec / m^3} \right) 1.0E + 06 cc / m^3$$

Where:

2.5E-06 μCi/cc = 5 times the 10 CFR Part 20 Limit at the unrestricted area boundary (based upon Xe-133).

χ/Q sec/m³ = Annual average dispersion factor at the unrestricted area boundary from Part II Table 4, of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.

1.0E+06 cc/m³ = Constant of unit conversion.

1.2.1.A

The High Alarm Setpoint (CPM):

Setpoint = 0.75
$$\left[K_1 \left(\frac{(R_{MAX}) (S_f) (60)}{(F_V) (28317)} \right) + B \right]$$

Where:

0.75 = An administrative correction factor which includes the following:

> 15% tolerance to ensure radmonitor VIAS response in accordance with License Event Report 77-17, Docket Number 050-0285 and Telecon FC-472-77.

10% tolerance to allow for the contribution of noble gases other than Xe-133 towards the total ECL fraction sum.

 S_{f} = Detector sensitivity factor (CPM/μCi/cc). (Sensitivity based on Xe-133)

 K_1 = Allocation factor for Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack (See Table 1)

60 = Conversion (seconds to minutes).

= Conversion factor (ft³ to cc). 28317

 F_{v} = Auxiliary Building Exhaust stack flow rate (SCFM). (Default maximum flow rate is 122,500 cfm for 3 Auxiliary Building exhaust fans and 2 containment purge fans in operation. Other flow rates may be used, as required.)

 R_{MAX} Maximum Allowable

Release Rate in µCi/sec

В = Background (CPM)

The Alert Setpoint will be chosen less than or equal to one fifth (1/5) the value of the high alarm setpoint value so that significant increases in activity will be identified, prior to exceeding an Unrestricted Area fractional sum of 1.0. It will also provide additional time for corrective actions prior to exceeding the Alarm Setpoint and VIAS actuation.

1.2.1

Condenser Off Gas Monitor (RM-057) B.

> This monitor is located in the turbine building and monitors the condenser off-gas. The purpose of this monitor is to monitor the condenser off-gas discharges so that five times the 10 CFR Part 20 limit at the unrestricted area boundary of 5.0E-07 μCi/cc, based upon Xe-133, is not exceeded.

> The following calculations for maximum release rate and alarm setpoint are valid for simultaneous airborne releases from condenser off-gas, Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack, and the LRWPB Exhaust Stack.

The maximum allowable release rate for condenser air ejector monitor is as follows:

$$R_{MAX} \mu Ci / \sec = \left(\frac{2.5E - 06 \mu Ci / cc}{X / Q \sec / m^3} \right) 1.0E + 06 cc / m^3$$

Where:

2.5E-06 μ Ci/cc = 5 times the 10 CFR Part 20 Limit at the unrestricted area boundary (based upon Xe-133).

א/Q sec/m^3 = Annual average dispersion factor at the unrestricted area boundary from Part II, Table 4, of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.

1.0E+06 cc/m³ = Constant of unit conversion.

REFERENCE USE

1.2.1B

The High Alarm Setpoint (CPM):

Setpoint = 0.75
$$\left[K_2 \left(\frac{(R_{MAX}) (S_f) (60)}{(F_{\nu}) (28317)} \right) + B \right]$$

Where:

0.75 = An administrative correction factor which includes the following:

15% tolerance to ensure radmonitor VIAS response in accordance with License Event Report 77-17, Docket Number 050-0285 and Telecon FC-472-77.

10% tolerance to allow for the contribution of noble gases other than Xe-133 towards the total ECL fraction sum.

 S_f = Detector sensitivity factor (CPM/ μ Ci/cc). (Sensitivity based on Xe-133)

 K_2 = Allocation factor for Condenser Off Gas (See Table 1)

60 = Conversion (seconds to minutes).

= Conversion factor (ft³ to cc).

F_v = Vent stack flow rate (SCFM). Default maximum flow rate is 4,755 scfm (3 vacuum pumps in hogging mode. Other flow rates may be used, as required.)

 R_{MAX} = Maximum Allowable Release Rate in μ Ci/sec.

B = Background (CPM)

The **Alert Setpoint** will be chosen less than or equal to one fifth (1/5) the value of the high alarm setpoint value so that significant increases in activity will be identified, prior to exceeding an Unrestricted Area fractional sum of 1.0. It will also provide additional time for corrective actions prior to exceeding the Alarm Setpoint and tripping of the auxiliary steam supply valve, RCV-978.

1.2.1

C. Laboratory and Radioactive Waste Processing Building Exhaust Stack Noble Gas Activity Monitor and Iodine and Particulate Sampler (RM-043)

RM-043 is located in the Radwaste Building and samples the LRWPB Exhaust Stack. The monitor alarm setpoint is based on five times the 10 CFR Part 20 limit for Xe-133 at the unrestricted area boundary.

The following calculations for maximum release rate and alarm setpoint are valid for simultaneous airborne releases from condenser off-gas, Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack, and the LRWPB Exhaust Stack.

$$R_{MAX} \mu Ci / \sec = \left(\frac{2.5E - 06 \mu Ci / cc}{\chi / Q \sec / m^3}\right) 1.0E + 06 cc / m^3$$

The maximum allowable release rate for RM-043 is as follows:

Where:

2.5E-06 μCi/cc = 5 times the 10 CFR Part 20 Limit at the unrestricted area boundary (based upon Xe-133).

χ/Q = Annual average dispersion factor at the unrestricted area boundary from Part II of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, Table 4.

1.0E+06 cc/m³ = Constant of unit conversion

1.2.1C NOTE: This monitor alarms in the Control Room. There are no automatic control functions associated with the actuation of the alarm.

The **High Alarm Setpoint** (CPM):

Setpoint = 0.75
$$\left[K_3 \left(\frac{(R_{MAX}) (S_f) (60)}{(F_V) (28317)} \right) + B \right]$$

Where:

0.75 An administrative correction factor which includes the following:

> 15% tolerance to ensure radmonitor VIAS response in accordance with License Event Report 77-17, Docket Number 050-0285 and Telecon FC-472-77.

10% tolerance to allow for the contribution of noble gases other than Xe-133 towards the total ECL fraction sum.

 S_f Detector sensitivity factor (CPM/µCi/cc). (Sensitivity based on Xe-133)

Allocation factor for LRWPB Exhaust Stack (See K_3 Table 1)

60 Conversion (seconds to minutes).

Conversion factor (ft³ to cc). 28317

 F_{v} LRWPB Exhaust stack flow rate (SCFM). (Default flow rate is 28,700 cfm. Other flow rates may be used if required.)

 R_{MAX} Maximum Allowable Release Rate in μCi/sec.

В Background (CPM)

The **Alert Setpoint** will be chosen less than or equal to one fifth (1/5) the value of the high alarm setpoint value so that significant increases in activity will be identified, prior to exceeding an Unrestricted Area fractional sum of 1.0. It will also provide additional time for corrective actions prior to exceeding the Alarm Setpoint.

Table 1 - Allocation Factors for Simultaneous Releases

NOTE: The Fort Calhoun Station is capable of performing simultaneous airborne releases. The factors below may be adjusted to meet release requirements, provided that the sum of the Unrestricted Area Fraction Sum for all airborne releases remains less than or equal to 1.0.

A. Allocation Factors for Simultaneous Airborne Releases

1.	Auxiliary Building Exhaust Stack			Total:	0.80
	K ₁	Noble Gases (RM-062 or RM-052)			0.70
		Iodine/Particulate/Tritium			0.10
		Contributing Pathways: a) Auxiliary Building	0.10		
		b) Containment Building	0.65		
		c) Waste Gas Decay Tanks	0.05		
2.	Conde	nser/Off Gas		Total:	0.10
	K_2	Noble Gases (RM-057)			0.05
		Tritium			0.05
		Contributing Pathways:			
		a) Condenser Off Gas	0.10		
3.	Labora	atory and Radioactive Waste Building Exhaust Stack		Total:	0.10
	K_3	Noble Gases (RM-043)		.*	0.05
		lodine/Particulate			0.05
		Contributing Pathways:			
		 a) Laboratory and Radioactive Waste Building Exhaust Stack 	0.10		

1.00 Airborne Release Total

NOTE: The Fort Calhoun Station is capable of performing simultaneous liquid releases. The factors below may be adjusted to meet release requirements provided that the sum of the Unrestricted Area Fraction Sum for all liquid releases remains less than or equal to 1.0.

B. Allocation Factors for Simultaneous Liquid Releases

1.	K₄	Steam Generator Releases (RM-054A/054B)	Т	otal:	0.30
		Contributing Pathways: a) Alpha Steam Generator (RM-054A)	0.15		
		b) Bravo Steam Generator (RM-054B)	0.15		
2.	K ₅	Waste Liquid Releases (RM-055)			0.70
Liquid Release Total					1.00

Figure 1 - Exclusion and Site Boundary Map

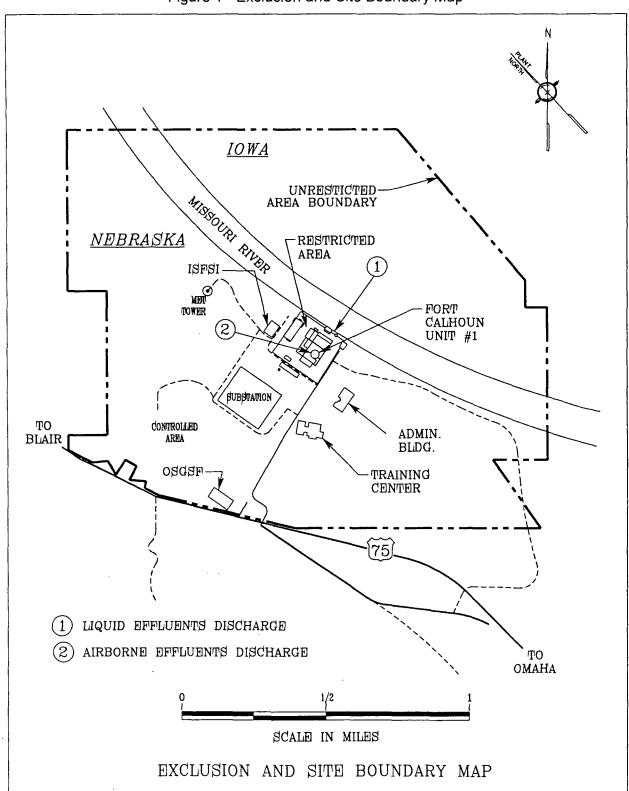


Figure 2 - Liquid Radioactive Discharge Pathways

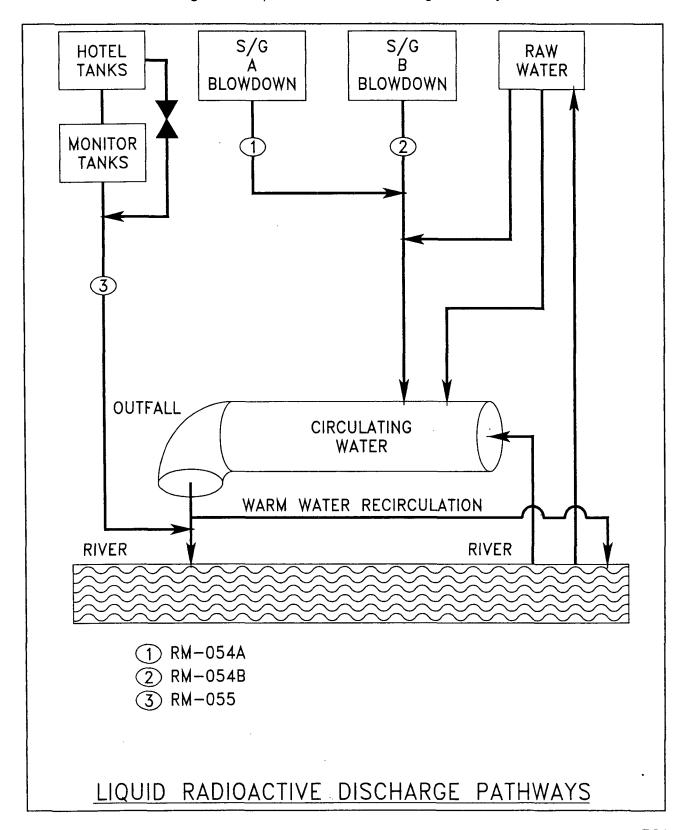
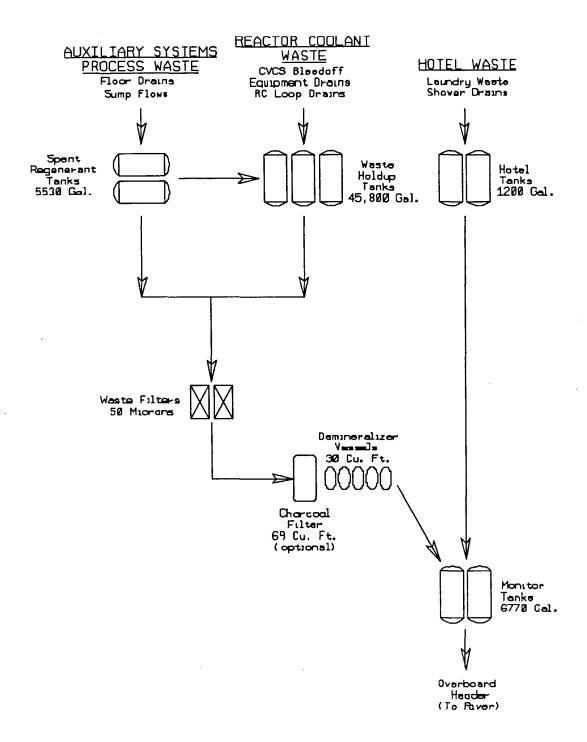


Figure 3 - Liquid Radioactive Waste Disposal System



LIQUID RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEM

Figure 4 - Airborne Effluent Discharge Pathways

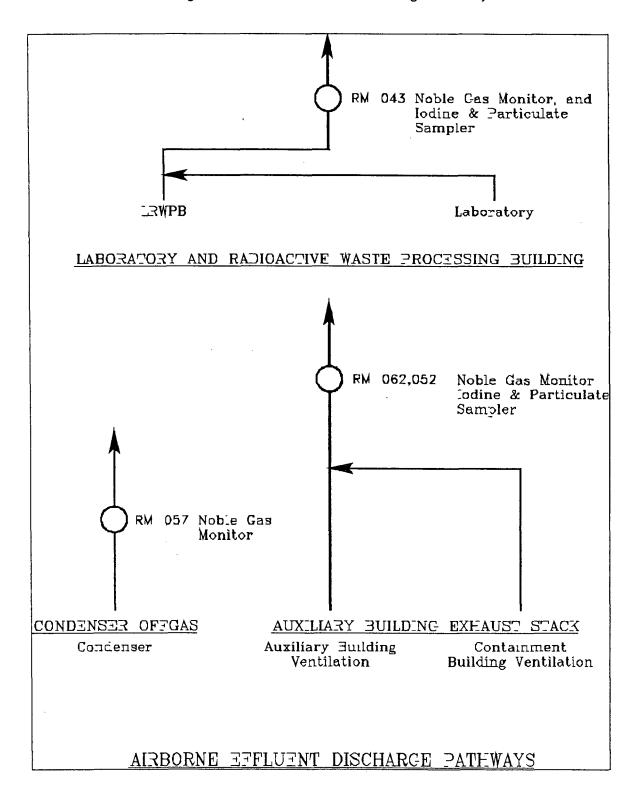
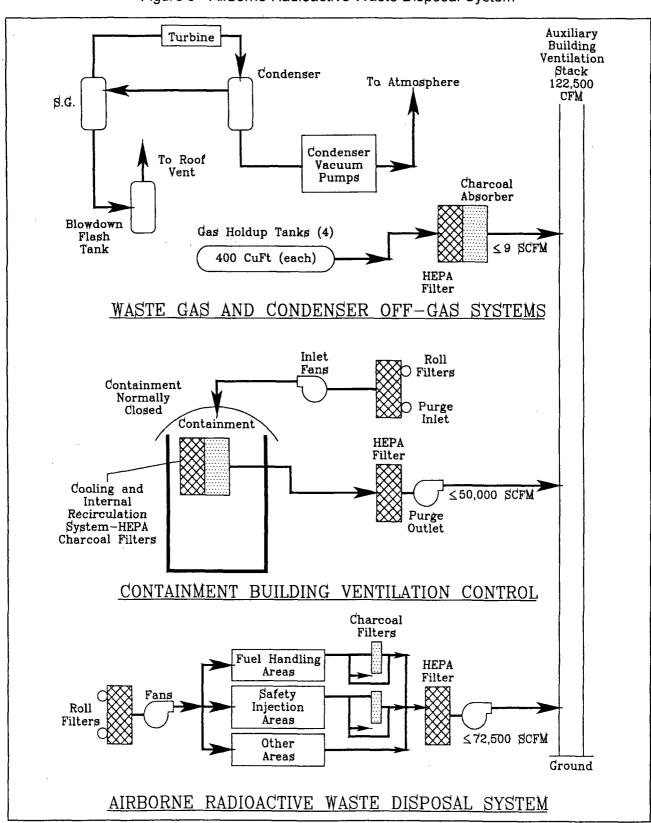


Figure 5 - Airborne Radioactive Waste Disposal System



2. EFFLUENT CONCENTRATIONS

2.1 Liquid Effluent Concentrations

The concentration of radioactive material in liquid effluents (after dilution in the Circulating Water System) will be limited to the concentrations as specified in 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2. For batch releases (Monitor and Hotel Waste Tanks and Steam Generators) and for continuous releases (Steam Generator Blowdown), the analyses will be performed in accordance with Part I, Table 3.1, of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, and the concentration of each radionuclide at site discharge will be calculated, based on the following equation:

$$A_i = \frac{a_i f}{F + f}$$

and
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{A_i}{wec_i} \le 1$$

Radionuclide concentration at site discharge:

Where:

 A_{i} concentration at site discharge for radionuclide (I), in µCi/ml.

concentration of radionuclide (I) in the undiluted effluent, in ai μCi/ml.

f undiluted effluent flowrate, in gpm.

F total diluted effluent flowrate in gpm.

water effluent concentration limit for radionuclide (I) per wec_i 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2.

NOTE: In addition to the above defined method, Notes 1 through 4 of 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, will also be applicable.

2.2 Airborne Effluent Concentrations

The concentration at the unrestricted area boundary, due to airborne effluent releases, will be limited to less than Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1, values. Radiation monitor alarm setpoints are established to ensure that these release limits are not exceeded. In the event an airborne effluent release from the station result in an alarm setpoint being exceeded, an evaluation of the unrestricted area boundary concentration resulting from the release will be performed:

To determine the concentration and air effluent concentration (aec) fraction summation at the unrestricted area boundary, the following equations will be used:

$$A_i = K_0 Q_i (\chi/Q)$$

and
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{A_i}{ECL_i} \le 1$$

Where:

= Concentration of radionuclide (I) at the unrestricted area boundary

= Constant of unit conversion. (1.0E-6 m³/cc)

ECL_i = Effluent concentration limit (10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2,

Column 1 value for radionuclide(I))

= The release rate of radionuclide (I) in airborne effluents from all Q_{i}

vent releases (in μCi/sec.)

 (χ/Q) = Annual Average Dispersion Factor at the Unrestricted Area Boundary from Part II. Table 4. of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual.

As appropriate, simultaneous releases from the Auxiliary Building Ventilation Stack, Laboratory and Radwaste Building Stack and condenser off gas will be considered in evaluating compliance with the release rate limits of 10 CFR Part 20. Monitor indications (readings) may be averaged over a time period not to exceed 15 minutes when determining noble gas release rate based on correlation of the monitor reading and monitor sensitivity. Historical annual average dispersion parameters, as presented in Table 4, may be used for evaluating the airborne effluent dose rate.

For administrative purposes, more conservative alarm setpoints than those as prescribed above may be imposed. However, conditions exceeding those more limiting alarm setpoints do not necessarily indicate radioactive material release rates exceeding 10 CFR Part 20 limits. Provided actual releases do not result in radiation monitor indications exceeding alarm setpoint values based upon the above criteria, no further analyses are required for demonstrating compliance with 10 CFR Part 20.

3. RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT DOSE CALCULATIONS

3.1 Liquid Effluent Dose Calculations

Three pathways for human exposure to liquid releases from FCS to the Missouri River exists: 1) fish, 2) drinking water, and 3) Shoreline deposition. Fish are considered to be taken from the vicinity of the plant discharge. The drinking water for Omaha is located 19 miles downstream from FCS. The dilution factors for these pathways are derived from the Revised Environmental Report for FCS, (1974), (page 4-29 and 4-31). This report states that during Low-Low river conditions, the concentration at Omaha's water intake will be ≤14% of the concentration at discharge from FCS and will average 3%. This equates to a dilution factor of 7.14, which is used to calculate the maximum dose to an individual from liquid pathways and a dilution factor of 33.33, for calculating the average dose. All pathways combine to give the dose to an individual in unrestricted areas.

10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I restricts the dose to individuals in the unrestricted areas from radioactive materials in liquid effluents from the Fort Calhoun Station to the following limits:

• during any calendar quarter

≤1.5 mrem to total body

≤5.0 mrem to any organ

and

• during any calendar year

≤ 3.0 mrem to total body

< 10.0 mrem to any organ

The following calculational methods shall be used for determining the dose or dose commitment from liquid effluents.

3.1.1 Doses from Liquid Effluent Pathways

Potable Water A.

$$R_{apj} = 1100 \frac{U_{ap} M_p}{F} \sum_{i=1}^{n} Q_i D_{aipj} \exp(-\lambda_i t_p)$$

Where:

 R_{apj} = is the total annual dose to organ(j) of individuals of age group (a) from all of the radionuclides (I) in pathway (p), in mrem/yr.

= is a usage factor that specifies the intake rate for an individual of age group (a) associated with pathway (p), in \(\ell yr. \) (Table 6)

 M_{p} = is the mixing ratio (reciprocal of the dilution factor) at the point of withdrawal of drinking water, dimensionless. (Table 17)

= is the flow rate of the liquid effluent, in ft³/ sec. F

 Q_i = is the annual release rate of radionuclide (I), in Ci/yr.

= is the dose factor specific to a given age group (a), Daipi radionuclide (I), pathway (p), and organ (j) which can be used to calculate the radiation dose from an intake of a radionuclide, in mrem/pCi. (Tables 13-16)

 λ_i = is the radiological decay constant of radionuclide (I), in hr¹.

= is the average transit time required for radionuclides to reach tp the point of exposure. For internal dose, t_p is the total time elapsed between release of the radionuclides and ingestion of water, in hours. (Table 17)

1100 = Constant (pCi * yr * ft^3 /Ci * sec * L)

3.1.1

B. **Aquatic Foods**

$$R_{apj} = 1100 \frac{U_{ap}M_p}{F} \sum_{i=1}^{n} Q_i B_{ip} D_{aipj} \exp(-\lambda_i t_p)$$

Where:

is the total annual dose to organ (j) of individuals of age group $R_{api} =$ (a) from all of the radionuclides (I) in pathway (p), in mrem/yr.

 U_{ap} = is a usage factor that specifies the intake rate for an individual of age group (a) associated with pathway (p), in kg/yr. (Table 6)

is the mixing ratio (reciprocal of the dilution factor) at the point $M_{\rm p}$ of harvest of aquatic food, dimensionless. (Table 17)

is the flow rate of the liquid effluent, in ft³/sec. F

 Q_i is the annual release rate of radionuclide (I), in Ci/yr.

 B_{ip} = is the equilibrium bioaccumulation factor for radionuclide (I) in pathway (p) expressed as the ratio of the concentration in biota (in pCi/kg) to the radionuclide concentration in water (in pCi/liter), in (pCi/kg)/(pCi/liter). (Table 3)

is the dose factor specific to a given age group (a), radionuclide (I), pathway (p), and organ (j), which can be used to calculate the radiation dose from an intake of a radionuclide, in mrem/pCi. (Tables 13-16)

is the radiological decay constant of radionuclide (I), in hr⁻¹. λ_i

is the average transit time required for radionuclides to reach tp the point of exposure. For internal dose, t_p is the total time elapsed between release of the radionuclides and ingestion of food, in hours. (Table 17)

1100 = Constant (pCi * $yr * ft^3/Ci * sec * L$)

3.1.1

Shoreline Deposits

$$R_{apj} = 110,000 \frac{U_{ap}M_{p}W}{F} \sum_{i=1}^{n} Q_{i}T_{ip}D_{aipj} \left[exp(-\lambda_{i}t_{p}) \right] \left[1 - exp(-\lambda_{i}t_{b}) \right]$$

Where:

is the total annual dose to organ (j) of individuals of age R_{api} group (a) from all of the radionuclides (l) in pathway (p), in mrem/yr.

= is a usage factor that specifies the exposure time for an U_{ap} individual of age group (a) associated with pathway (p), in hr/yr. (Table 6)

 M_p = is the mixing ratio (reciprocal of the dilution factor) at the point of exposure, dimensionless. (Table 17)

W = is the shore-width factor, dimensionless. (Table 17)

is the flow rate of the liquid effluent, in ft³/sec. F

 Q_i = is the annual release rate of radionuclide (I), in Ci/yr.

is the radioactive half life of radionuclide (I), in days. T_{ip}

= is the dose factor specific radionuclide (I) which can be Daipi used to calculate the radiation dose from exposure to a given concentration of a radionuclide in sediment, expressed as a ratio of the dose rate (in mrem/hr) and the real radionuclide concentration (in pCi/m²). (Table 8)

= is the radiological decay constant of radionuclide (I), in hr⁻¹. λ_i

= is the average transit time required for radionuclides to reach the point of exposure, in hours. (Table 17)

= is the period of time for which sediment or soil is exposed to the contaminated water, in hours. (Table 17)

110,000 = Constant $[(100 * pCi * yr * ft^3)/(Ci * sec * L)]$

3.2 Airborne Effluent Dose Calculations

3.2.1 Noble Gas

10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I, restricts the dose to individuals in the unrestricted areas from noble gases in airborne effluents from the Fort Calhoun Station to the following limits:

During any calendar quarter <5 mrad-gamma air dose ≤10 mrad-beta air dose

and

During any calendar year ≤10 mrad-gamma air dose <20 mrad-beta air dose

The following general equations shall be used to calculate the gamma-air and beta-air doses:

Doses from Noble Gases

1) Annual Gamma/Beta Air Dose from All Other Noble Gas Releases

$$D^{\gamma}(r,\theta) \text{ or } D^{\beta}(r,\theta) = 3.17 \text{ x } 10^{4} \sum_{i=1}^{n} Q_{i} [\chi/Q]^{D}(r,\theta) (DF_{i}^{\gamma} \text{ or } DF_{i}^{\beta})$$

Where:

DF, VDF = are the gamma and beta air dose factors for a uniform semi-infinite cloud of radionuclide (I), in mrad-m³/pCi-yr. (Table 2) $D^{Y}(r,\theta)$ or $D^{\beta}(r,\theta)$ = are the annual gamma and beta air doses at distance r, in the sector at angle ⊖, from the discharge point, in mrad/yr. Q_i = is the annual release rate of radionuclide (I), in Ci/yr. $[\chi/Q]^D(r,\theta)$ = is the annual average gaseous dispersion factor at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , in sec/m³. (Table 4) 3.17×10^4 = is the number of pCi per Ci divided by the number of seconds per year.

3.2.1A

2) Annual Total Body Dose from All Other Noble Gas Releases

$$D_{\infty}^{T}(r,\theta) = S_{t} \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i}(r,\theta) DFB_{i}$$

Where:

DFB_i = is the total body dose factor for a semi-infinite cloud of the radionuclide (I), which includes the attenuation of 5 g/cm² of tissue, in mrem-m³/pCi-yr. (Table 2)

 $D_{\infty}^{T}(r,\theta)$ = is the annual total body dose due to immersion in a semi-infinite cloud at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , in mrem/yr.

 $\chi_i(r,\theta)$ = is the annual average ground-level concentration of radionuclide (I) at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , in pCi/m³. (Table 4)

S_f = Shielding Factor (Table 17)

3) Annual Skin Dose from All Other Noble Gas Releases

$$D_{\infty}^{T}(r,\theta) = 1.11 S_{f} \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i}(r,\theta) DF_{i}^{\gamma} + \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i}(r,\theta) DFS_{i}$$

Where:

 $D_{\infty}^{T}(r,\theta)$ = is the annual skin dose due to immersion in a semi-infinite cloud at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , in mrem/yr.

DFS_i = is the beta skin dose factor for a semiinfinite cloud of radionuclide (I), in mrem-m³/pCi-yr. (Table 2)

1.11 = is the average ratio of tissue to air energy absorption coefficients.

3.2.2 Radioiodine, Tritium, and Particulates

> 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I, restricts the dose to individuals in the unrestricted areas from radioactive materials in gaseous airborne from the Fort Calhoun Station to:

During any calendar quarter ≤7.5 mrem to any organ

and

During any calendar year ≤15 mrem to any organ

The dose to an individual from radioiodines, radioactive materials in particulate form, and radionuclides other than noble gases with half-lives greater than 8 days in airborne effluents released to unrestricted areas should be determined by the following expressions:

Radioiodine, Tritium, and Particulates (continued)

NOTE: In all cases, for releases of tritium, use the dispersion parameter for inhalation (χ/Q) .

Annual Organ Dose from External Irradiation from Radioactivity Α. Deposited on the Ground Plane

The ground plane concentration of radionuclide (I) at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , with respect to the release point, may be determined

$$C_i^G(r,\theta) = \frac{[1.0x10^{12}][\delta_i(r,\theta)Q_i]}{\lambda_i}[1 - \exp(-\lambda_i t_b)]$$

Where:

 C_{d} = is the ground plane concentration of the radionuclide (I) at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , from the release point, in pCi/m².

= is the annual release rate of radionuclide (I) to the Q_i atmosphere, in Ci/vr.

= is the time period over which the accumulation is tb evaluated, which is assumed to be 15 years (mid-point of plant operating life). (Table 17)

= is the annual average relative deposition of radionuclide (I) $\delta_i(\mathbf{r},\theta)$ at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , considering depletion of the plume by deposition during transport, in m⁻². Table 4

= is the radiological decay constant for radionuclide (I), in λi vr^{-1} .

 $1.0x10^{12}$ = is the number of pCi/Ci

3.2.2A The annual organ dose is then calculated using the following equation:

$$D_{j}^{G}(r,\theta) = 8760 \text{ S}_{f} \sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i}^{G}(r,\theta) DFG_{ij}^{G}$$

Where:

 $C_i^G(r,\theta)$ = is the ground plane concentration of radionuclide (i) at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , in pCi/m².

DFGii = is the open field ground plane dose conversion factor for organ (j) from radionuclide (i), in mrem-m²/pCi-hr. (Table 8)

 $D_i^G(r,\theta)$ = is the annual dose to the organ (i) at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , in mrem/yr.

= is the shielding factor that accounts for the dose reduction S_f due to shielding provided by residential structures during occupancy, dimensionless. (Table 17)

8760 = is the number of hours in a year

B. Annual Dose from Inhalation of Radionuclides in Air

The annual average airborne concentration of radionuclide (i) at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , with respect to the release point, may be determined as:

$$X_i(r,\theta) = 3.17 \times 10^4 Q_i [\chi/Q]^D(r,\theta)$$

Where:

 Q_i = is the annual release rate of radionuclide (i) to the atmosphere, in Ci/yr.

= is the annual average ground-level concentration of $\chi_i(\mathbf{r},\theta)$ radionuclide (i) in air at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , in pCi/m³.

 $[\chi/Q]^D(r,\theta)$ = is the annual average atmosphere dispersion factor, in sec/m³ (see Reg Guide 1.111). This includes depletion (for radioiodines and particulates) and radiological decay of the plume. (Table 4)

 3.17×10^4 = is the number of pCi/Ci divided by the number of sec/yr. 3.2.2B

The annual dose associated with inhalation of all radionuclides to organ (j) of an individual in age group (a), is then:

$$D_{ja}^{A}(r,\theta) = R_{a} \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i}(r,\theta) DFA_{ija}$$

Where:

 $D_{ia}^{A}(r,\theta)$ = is the annual dose to organ (j) of an individual in the age group (a) at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , due to inhalation, in mrem/yr.

 R_a = is the annual air intake for individuals in the age group (a), in m³/yr. (Table 6)

DFAiia = is the inhalation dose factor for radionuclide (i), organ (j), and age group (a), in mrem/pCi. (Tables 9-12)

3.2.3 Concentrations of Radionuclides in Foods and Vegetation from Atmospheric Releases

A. Parameters for Calculating Concentrations in Forage, Produce, and Leafy Vegetables, excluding Tritium

$$C_{i}^{V}(r,\theta) = d_{i}(r,\theta) \left[\frac{r \left[1 - exp(-\lambda_{Ei}t_{e}) \right]}{Y_{v}\lambda_{Ei}} + \frac{B_{iv} \left[1 - exp(-\lambda_{i}t_{b}) \right]}{P\lambda_{i}} \right] exp(-\lambda_{i}t_{h})$$

Where:

 $C_{i}^{V}(r,\theta)$ = is the concentration of radionuclide (i) in and on vegetation at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , in pCi/kg.

 $d_i(r,\theta)$ = is the deposition rate of radionuclide (i) at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , in pCi/m² hr.

3.2.3A

The deposition rate from the plume is defined by (Reg. Guide 1.109, Rev. 1, Page 1.109-26, Equa. C-6):

$$d_i(r,\theta) = 1.1 \times 10^8 \delta_i(r,\theta) Q_i$$

Where:

= is the deposition rate of radionuclide (i). $d_i(r,\theta)$

= is the relative deposition of radionuclide (i), considering $\delta_i(r,\theta)$ depletion and decay, in m⁻² (see Reg Guide 1.111). (Table 4)

 1.1×10^8 = is the number of pCi/Ci (10¹²) divided by the number of hours per year (8760).

 Q_{i} = is the annual release rate of radionuclide (i) to the atmosphere, in Ci/yr.

3.2.3

В. For radioiodines, the model considers only the elemental fraction of the effluent:

$$d_i(r,\theta) = 3.3 \times 10^7 \delta_i(r,\theta) Q_i$$

Where:

 $d_i(r, \theta)$ = The deposition rate of radioiodine (i).

 3.3×10^7 = The number of pCi/Ci (10¹²) divided by the number of hours per year (8760), then multiplied by the amount of radioiodine emissions considered to be elemental (0.5).

 δ_i (r, θ) = The relative deposition of radioiodine (i), considering depletion and decay, in m⁻². (Table 4)

= The total (elemental and nonelemental) radioiodine (i) Q_{i} emission rate.

= is the fraction of deposited activity retained on crops, Г dimensionless. (Table 17)

= is the effective removal rate constant for radionuclide (i) λEi from crops, in hr⁻¹.

> $\lambda_{Ei} = \lambda_i + \lambda_w$ $\lambda_{\rm w} = 0.0021/{\rm hr}$. (Table 17)

= is the time period that crops are exposed to contamination te during the growing season, in hours. (Table 17)

 Y_{v} = is the agricultural productivity (yield) in kg (wet weight)/m². (Table 17)

= is the concentration factor for uptake of radionuclide (i) from B_{iv} soil by edible parts of crops, in pCi/kg (wet weight) per pCi/kg dry soil. (Table 5)

= is the radiological decay constant of radionuclide (I), in hr⁻¹ λ_i = is the period of time for which sediment or soil is exposed to the contaminated water, in hours (mid-point of plant life). (Table 17)

Ρ = is the effective "surface density" for soil, in kg (dry soil)/m². (Table 17)

= is the holdup time that represents the time interval between th harvest and consumption of the food, in hours. (Table 17)

Different values for the parameters t_e, Y_v, and t_h, may be used to allow the use of the Equation for different purposes: estimating concentrations in produce consumed by man; in leafy vegetables consumed by man; in forage consumed directly as pasture grass by dairy cows, beef cattle, or goats; and in forage consumed as stored feed by dairy cows, beef cattle or goats. See Table 17.

3.2.3

Parameters for Calculating the Concentration of Radionuclide (i) in the C. Animal's Feed (Milk Cow, Beef Cow, and Goat)

$$C_{i}^{V}(r,\theta) = f_{p}f_{s}C_{i}^{P}(r,\theta) + (1-f_{p})C_{i}^{S}(r,\theta) + f_{p}(1-f_{s})C_{i}^{S}(r,\theta)$$

Where:

 $C_i^{V}(r,\theta)$ = is the concentration of radionuclide (i) in the animal's feed, in pCi/kg.

 $C_i^P(r,\theta)$ = is the concentration of radionuclide (i) on pasture grass (calculated using Equation 3.2.3C with t_n=0), in pCi/kg.

 $C_i^{S}(r,\theta)$ = is the concentration of radionuclide (i) in stored feeds (calculated using Equation 3.2.3C with t_h=90 days), in pCi/kg.

= is the fraction of the year that animals graze on pasture. f_{D} (Table 17)

 f_s = is the fraction of daily feed that is pasture grass while the animal grazes on pasture. (Table 17)

Parameters for Calculating Radionuclide Concentration in Cow and Goat Milk 3.2.4

$$C_i^M(r,\theta) = F_m C_i^V(r,\theta) Q_E \exp(-\lambda_i t_f)$$

Where:

 $C_i^M(r,\theta)$ = is the concentration of radionuclide (i) in milk, in pCi/liter.

 $C_i^{\vee}(r,\theta) =$ is the concentration of radionuclide (i) in the animal's feed, in pCi/kg.

 F_{m} is the average fraction of the animal's daily intake of radionuclide (i) which appears in each liter of milk, in days/liter. (Table 5)

is the amount of feed consumed by the animal per day, in Q_F kg/day. (Table 7)

is the average transport time of the radionuclide (i) from the t_f feed to the milk and to the receptor (a value of 2 days is assumed). (Table 17)

is the radiological decay constant of radionuclide (i), in days⁻¹. λ_i

3.2.5 Parameters for Calculating Radionuclide Concentration in Cow Meat, excluding Tritium

$$C_i^F(r,\theta) = F_t C_i^V(r,\theta) Q_F \exp(-\lambda_i t_t)$$

Where:

 $C_i^F(r,\theta) =$ is the concentration of radionuclide (i) in meat, in pCi/liter.

 F_f is the average fraction of the animal's daily intake of radionuclide (i) which appears in each kilogram of flesh, in days/kilogram. (Table 5)

is the average time from slaughter to consumption. (Table 17) ts

3.2.6 Parameters for Calculating Tritium Concentrations in Vegetation

> The concentration of tritium in vegetation is calculated from its concentration in the air surrounding the vegetation.

$$C_{\tau}^{V}(r,\theta) = 3.17 \times 10^{7} Q_{\tau} \frac{\left[\chi/Q\right](r,\theta)(0.75)(0.5)}{H} = 1.2 \times 10^{7} Q_{\tau} \frac{\left[\chi/Q\right](r,\theta)}{H}$$

Where:

 $C_T^{\vee}(r, \theta) =$ is the concentration of tritium in vegetation grown at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , in pCi/kg.

Н is the absolute humidity of the atmosphere at distance r, in the sector at angle θ , in g/m³. H=8 gm/kg.

is the annual release rate of tritium, in Ci/yr. Q_T

is the atmospheric dispersion factor, in sec/m³. (Table 4) $[\chi/Q](r,\theta)$

0.5 = is the ratio of tritium concentration in plant water to tritium concentration in atmospheric water, dimensionless.

0.75 is the fraction of total plant mass that is water, dimensionless.

- 3.2.7 Annual Dose from Atmospherically Released Radionuclides in Foods
 - The total annual dose to organ (j) of an individual in age group (a) resulting from ingestion of all radionuclides in produce, milk, and leafy vegetables is given by:

$$D_{ja}^{D}(r,\theta) = \sum_{i}^{\Sigma} DFI_{ija} \left[U_{a}^{V} f_{g} C_{i}^{V}(r,\theta) + U_{a}^{M} C_{i}^{M}(r,\theta) + U_{a}^{F} C_{i}^{F}(r,\theta) + U_{a}^{L} f_{\ell} C_{i}^{L}(r,\theta) \right]$$

Where:

 $D_{ia}^{D}(r,\theta)$ = is the annual dose to organ (j) of an individual in age group (a) from dietary intake of atmospherically released radionuclides, in mrem/yr.

DFI_{iia} = is the dose conversion factor for the ingestion of radionuclide (i), organ (j), and age group (a), in mrem/pCi. Tables13-16.

 U_a^V, U_a^M = are the ingestion rates of produce (non-leafy vegetables, fruits, and grains); milk, meat, and leafy U_a^F , vegetables. respectively for individuals in age group (a). (Table 6)

 f_g = Fraction of ingested produce grown in garden of interest (Table 17)

= Fraction of leafy vegetables grown in garden of interest f_i (Table 17)

B. Calculating the Ingested Dose from Leafy and Non-Leafy (produce) Vegetation for Radionuclide (i) to Each Organ (j) and Age Group (a)

$$D_{ja}^{D}(r,\theta) = DFI_{ija}\left[U_{a}^{L}f_{\ell}C_{i}^{L}(r,\theta) + U_{a}^{V}f_{g}C_{i}^{V}(r,\theta)\right]$$

Where:

 $D_{ia}^{D}(r,\theta)$ = is the annual dose from the ingestion of radionuclide (i) to organ (i) of an individual in age group (a) from dietary intake of atmospherically released radionuclides in vegetation, in mrem/vr.

DFIiia = is the dose conversion factor for the ingestion of radionuclide (i), organ (j), and age group (a), in mrem/pci. **Tables 13-16**

 U_a^L, U_a^V = are the ingestion rates of leafy vegetables and produce (non-leafy vegetables, fruits, and grains), for individuals in age group (a), in kg/yr. (Table 6)

C₁ = is the concentration of radionuclide (i) in and on leafy vegetation, in pCi/kg.

 C_i^{V} = is the concentration of radionuclide (i) in and on produce, in pCi/kg.

3.2.7

C. Calculation Determining the Ingested Dose from Cow Milk for Radionuclide (i), Organ (j), and Age Group (a)

$$D_{ja}^{D}(r,\theta) = DFI_{ija}[U_{a}^{M}C_{i}^{M}(r,\theta)]$$

Where:

 $D_{ia}^{D}(r,\theta)$ = is the annual dose from the ingestion of radionuclide (i), organ (j) of an individual in age group (a) from dietary intake of atmospherically released radionuclides in cow milk, in mrem/yr.

DFIiia = is the dose conversion factor for the ingestion of radionuclide (i), organ (j), and age group (a), in mrem/pCi. (Tables 13-16)

 U_a^M = is the ingestion rate of cow milk for individuals in age group (a), in ℓ/yr. (Table 6)

C^M = is the radionuclide concentration in cow milk, in pCi/kg. Equation 3.2.4

D. Calculation Determining the Ingested Dose from Meat for Radionuclide (i) to Organ (j) and Age Group (a)

$$D_{ja}^{D}(r,\theta) = DFI_{ja}[U_{a}^{F}C_{i}^{F}(r,\theta)]$$

Where:

 $D_{ia}^{d}(r,\theta)$ = is the annual dose from the ingestion of radionuclide (i), organ (j) of an individual in age group (a) from dietary intake of atmospherically released radionuclides in meat, in mrem/yr.

DFI_{iia} = is the dose conversion factor for the ingestion of radionuclide (i), organ (j), and age group (a), in mrem/pCi. (Tables 13-16)

 U_a^F = is the ingestion rate of meat for individuals in age group (a), in kg/yr. (Table 6)

CF = is the radionuclide (i) concentration in meat, in pCi/kg.

LOWER LIMIT OF DETECTION (LLD) 4.

The lower limit of detection (LLD) for liquid and airborne effluent discharges and environmental samples referenced in Part I, Tables 3.1, 3.2, and 4.3, of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual, is defined as the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count, above system background, that will be detected with 95 percent probability with only 5 percent probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

For a particular measurement system, which may include radiochemical separation:

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 * S_b}{E * V * D * Y * exp(-\lambda \Delta t)}$$

Where:

LLD = the lower limit of detection as defined above, in either picoCuries or microCuries, per unit mass or volume as a function of the value of D

Sb = the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample, as appropriate, as counts per minute

= the counting efficiency, as counts per disintegration Ε

V = the sample size in units of mass or volume

D = 2.22E+06 of disintegrations per minute per microCurie or 2.22 disintegrations per minute per picoCurie

= the fractional radiochemical yield, when applicable Υ

= the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide

= the elapsed time between the midpoint of sample collection and time of counting

Appropriate values of E, V, Y, and △t should be used in the calculation.

It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an A Priori limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not as a limit for a particular measurement.

LLD verifications will be performed on a periodic basis. This determination is to ensure that the counting system is able to detect levels of radiation at the LLD values for the specific type of analysis required. They will be performed with a blank (non-radioactive) sample in the same counting geometry as the actual sample.

Table 2 - Dose Factors for Exposure to a Semi-Infinite Cloud of Noble Gases

Nuclide	β-Air ¹ (Df ^β _i)	β-Skin² (DFS _i)	γ -Air ¹ (Df $^{\gamma}$)	γ-Body² (DFB _i)
Kr-83m	2.88E-04		1.93E-05	7.56E-08
Kr-85m	1.97E-03	1.46E-03	1.23E-03	1.17E-03
Kr-85	1.95E-03	1.34E-03	1.72E-05	1.61E-05
Kr-87	1.03E-02	9.73E-03	6.17E-03	5.92E-03
Kr-88	2.93E-03	2.37E-03	1.52E-02	1.47E-02
Kr-89	1.06E-02	1.01E-02	1.73E-02	1.66E-02
Kr-90	7.83E-03	7.29E-03	1.63E-02	1.56E-02
Xe-131m	1.11E-03	4.67E-04	1.56E-04	9.15E-05
Xe-133m	1.48E-03	9.94E-04	3.27E-04	2.51E-04
Xe-133	1.05E-03	3.06E-04	3.53E-04	2.94E-04
Xe-135m	7.39E-04	7.11E-04	3.36E-03	3.12E-03
Xe-135	2.46E-03	1.86E-03	1.92E-03	1.81E-03
Xe-137	1.27E-02	1.22E-02	1.51E-03	1.42E-03
Xe-138	4.75E-03	4.13E-03	9.21E-03	8.83E-03
Ar-41	3.28E-03	2.69E-03	9.30E-03	8.84E-03

$$1 \frac{mrad - m^3}{pCi - vr}$$

$$2 \frac{mrem - m^3}{pCi - r}$$

$$3 \ 2.88E - 04 = 2.88 \times 10^{-4}$$

Table 3 - Bioaccumulation Factors (pCi/kg per pCi/liter)

FRESHWATER

Element	Fish	Invertebrate
Н	9.0E-01	9.0E-01
С	4.6E+03	9.1E+03
Na	1.0E+02	2.0E+02
Р	1.0E+05	2.0E+04
Cr	2.0E+02	2.0E+03
Mn	4.0E+02	9.0E+04
Fe	1.0E+02	3.2E+03
Со	5.0E+01	2.0E+02
Ni	1.0E+02	1.0E+02
Cu	5.0E+01	4.0E+02
Zn	2.0E+03	1.0E+04
Br	4.2E+02	3.3E+02
Rb	2.0E+03	1.0E+03
Sr	3.0E+01	1.0E+02
Υ	2.5E+01	1.0E+03
Zr	3.3E+00	6.7E+00
Nb	3.0E+04	1.0E+02
Мо	1.0E+01	1.0E+01
Tc	1.5E+01	5.0E+00
Ru	1.0E+01	3.0E+02
Rh	1.0E+01	3.0E+02
Те	4.0E+02	6.1E+03
l	1.5E+01	5.0E+00
Cs	2.0E+03	1.0E+03
Ва	4.0E+00	2.0E+02
La	2.5E+01	1.0E+03
Се	1.0E+00	1.0E+03
Pr	2.5E+01	1.0E+03
Nd	2.5E+01	1.0E+03
W	1.2E+03	1.0E+01
Np ·	1.0E+01	4.0E+02

Table 4 - Highest Potential Exposure Pathways for Estimating Dose

NOTE: The Annual Radiological Effluent Report uses the highest calculated value from real time meteorological data obtained for the entire year for calculating dose.

Exposure Pathway	Location ²	Direction ²	Distance from Containment (miles) 2	X/Q 1 {χ/Q (r,θ)} (sec/m³)	D/Q ₁ {δ (r,θ)} (m ⁻²)
Direct Exposure	Site Boundary	SSE	0.60	1.30E-05	N/A
Inhalation	Site Boundary	SSE	0.60	1.30E-05	N/A
Ingestion	Residence	SSE	0.60	N/A	7.6E-08

- These values are used for calculating quarterly dose estimates during the annual reporting period and are based on a 2 year average, updated only upon a +10% change from the previous value. At least ten percent (10%) should be added to these values for dose estimates during the reporting periods.
- The location is subject to change based on an annual evaluation and is utilized only for ingestion exposure pathway dose estimates. This location may differ from the highest ingestion exposure pathway for offsite air monitoring locations as determined by the Land Use Survey performed biennially in accordance with Part 1, Section 6.3.2, of the Off-Site Dose Calculation Manual

Table 5 - Stable Element Transfer Data

Element	B _{iv} Veg./Soil	F _m (cow) Milk (d/l)	F _f Meat (d/kg)
Н	4.8E+00	1.0E-02	1.2E-02
С	5.5E+00	1.2E-02	3.1E-02
Na	5.2E-02	4.0E-02	3.0E-02
Р	1.1E+00	2.5E-02	4.6E-02
Cr	2.5E-04	2.2E-03	2.4E-03
Mn	2.9E-02	2.5E-04	8.0E-04
Fe	6.6E-04	1.2E-03	4.0E-02
Со	9.4E-03	1.0E-03	1.3E-02
Ni	1.9E-02	6.7E-03	5.3E-02
Cu	1.2E-01	1.4E-02	8.0E-03
Zn	4.0E-01	3.9E-02	3.0E-02
Rb	1.3E-01	3.0E-02	3.1E-02
Sr	1.7E-02	8.0E-04	6.0E-04
Y	2.6E-03	1.0E-05	4.6E-03
Zr	1.7E-04	5.0E-06	3.4E-02
Nb	9.4E-03	2.5E-03	2.8E-01
Мо	1.2E-01	7.5E-03	8.0E-03
Тс	2.5E-01	2.5E-02	4.0E-01
Ru	5.0E-02	1.0E-06	4.0E-01
Rh	1.3E+1	1.0E-02	1.5E-03
Ag	1.5E-01	5.0E-02	1.7E-02
Те	1.3E+00	1.0E-03	7.7E-02
I	2.0E-02	6.0E-03	2.9E-03
Cs	1.0E-02	1.2E-02	4.0E-03
Ва	5.0E-03	4.0E-04	3.2E-03
La	2.5E-03	5.0E-06	2.0E-04
Се	2.5E-03	1.0E-04	1.2E-03
Pr	2.5E-03	5.0E-06	4.7E-03
Nd	2.4E-03	5.0E-06	3.3E-03
W	1.8E-02	5.0E-04	1.3E-03
Np	2.5E-03	5.0E-06	2.0E-04

Table 6 - Recommended Values for U_{ap} to Be Used for the Maximum Exposed Individual in Lieu of Site Specific Data

Pathway	Infant	Child	Teen	Adult
Fruits, vegetables, & grain (kg/yr)		520	630	520
Leafy vegetables (kg/yr)		26	42	64
Milk (l/yr)	330	330	400	310
Meat & poultry (kg/yr)		41	65	110
Fish (fresh or salt)(kg/yr)		6.9	16	21
Other Seafood (kg/yr)		1.7	3.8	5
Drinking water (l/yr)	330	510	510	730
Shoreline recreation (hr/yr)		14	67	12
Inhalation (m³/yr)	1400	3700	8000	8000

Table 7 - Animal Consumption Rates

Animal	Q _F Feed or Forage [Kg/day (wet weigh)]	Q _{AW} Water (l/day)		
Milk Cow	50	60		
Beef Cattle	50	50		
Goats	6	8		

Table 8 - External Dose Factors for Standing on Contaminated Ground (mrem/hr per pCi/m²)

ELEMENT	TOTAL BODY	SKIN
H-3		
C-14		
Na-24	2.50E-08	2.90E-08
P-32		
Cr-51	2.20E-10	2.60E-10
Mn-54	5.80E-09	6.80E-09
Mn-56	1.10E-08	1.30E-08
Fe-55		
Fe-59	8.00E-09	9.40E-09
Co-58	7.00E-09	8.20E-09
Co-60	1.70E-08	2.00E-08
Ni-63		
Nr-65	3.70E-09	4.30E-09
Cu-64	1.50E-09	1.70E-09
Zn-65	4.00E-09	4.60E-09
Zn-69		
Br-83	6.40E-11	9.30E-11
Br-84	1.20E-08	1.40E-08
Br-85		
Rb-86	6.30E-10	7.20E-10
Rb-88	3.50E-09	4.00E-09
Rb-89	1.50E-08	1.80E-08
Sr-89	5.60E-13	6.50E-13
Sr-91	7.10E-09	8.30E-09
Sr-92	9.00E-09	1.00E-08
Y-90	2.20E-12	2.60E-12
Y-91M	3.80E-09	4.40E-09
Y-91	2.40E-11	2.70E-11
Y-92	1.60E-09	1.90E-09
Y-93	5.70E-10	7.80E-10
Zr-95	5.00E-09	5.80E-09
Zr-97	5.50E-09	6.40E-09
Nb-95	5.10E-09	6.00E-09
Mo-99	1.90E-09	2.20E-09
Tc-99M	9.60E-10	1.10E-09
Tc-101	2.70E-09	3.00E-09
Ru-103	3.60E-09	4.20E-09
Ru-105	4.50E-09	5.10E-09

Table 8 - External Dose Factors for Standing on Contaminated Ground (mrem/hr per pCi/m²)

ELEMENT	TOTAL BODY	SKIN
Ru-106	1.50E-09	1.80E-09
Ag-110M	1.80E-08	2.10E-08
Te-125M	3.50E-11	4.80E-11
Te-127M	1.10E-12	1.30E-12
Te-127	1.00E-11	1.10E-11
Te-129M	7.70E-10	9.00E-10
Te-129	7.10E-10	8.40E-10
Te-131M	8.40E-09	9.90E-09
Te-131	2.20E-09	2.60E-06
Te-132	1.70E-09	2.00E-09
I-130	1.40E-08	1.70E-08
I-131	2.80E-09	3.40E-09
I-132	1.70E-08	2.00E-08
I-133	3.70E-09	4.50E-09
I-134	1.60E-08	1.90E-08
I-135	1.20E-08	1.40E-08
Cs-134	1.20E-08	1.40E-08
Cs-136	1.50E-08	1.70E-08
Cs-137	4.20E-09	4.90E-09
Cs-138	2.10E-08	2.40E-08
Ba-139	2.40E-09	2.70E-09
Ba-140	2.10E-09	2.40E-09
Ba-141	4.30E-09	4.90E-09
Ba-142	7.90E-09	9.00E-09
La-140	1.50E-08	1.70E-08
La-142	1.50E-08	1.80E-08
Ce-141	5.50E-10	6.20E-10
Ce-143	2.20E-09	2.50E-09
Ce-144	3.20E-10	3.70E-10
Pr-143		
Pr-144	2.00E-10	2.30E-10
Nd-147	1.00E-09	1.20E-09
W-187	3.10E-09	3.60E-09
Np-239	9.50E-10	1.10E-09

Table 9 - Inhalation Dose Factors for Adult (mrem per pCi Inhaled)

	(mrem per pCi Inhaled)							
Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI	
H-3		8.98E-08	8.98E-08	8.98E-08	8.98E-08	8.98E-08	8.98E-08	
C-14	2.27E-06	4.26E-07	4.26E-07	4.26E-07	4.26E-07	4.26E-07	4.26E-07	
Na-24	1.28E-06	1.28E-06	1.28E-06	1.28E-06	1.28E-06	1.28E-06	1.28E-06	
P-32	1.65E-04	9.64E-06	6.26E-06				1.08E-05	
Cr-51			1.25E-08	7.44E-09	2.85E-09	1.80E-06	4.15E-07	
Mn-54		4.95E-06	7.87E-07		1.23E-06	1.75E-04	9.67E-06	
Mn-56		1.55E-10	2.29E-11		1.63E-10	1.18E-06	2.53E-06	
Fe-55	3.07E-06	2.12E-06	4.93E-07			9.01E-06	7.54E-07	
Fe-59	1.47E-06	3.47E-06	1.32E-06			1.27E-04	2.35E-05	
Co-58		1.98E-07	2.59E-07			1.16E-04	1.33E-05	
Co-60		1.44E-06	1.85E-06			7.46E-04	3.56E-05	
Ni-63	5.40E-05	3.93E-06	1.81E-06			2.23E-05	1.67E-06	
Ni-65	1.92E-10	2.62E-11	1.14E-11			7.00E-07	1.54E-06	
Cu-64		1.83E-10	7.69E-11		5.78E-10	8.48E-07	6.12E-06	
Zn-65	4.05E-06	1.29E-05	5.82E-06		8.62E-06	1.08E-04	6.68E-06	
Zn-69	4.23E-12	8.14E-12	5.65E-13		5.27E-12	1.15E-07	2.04E-09	
Br-83			3.01E-08				2.90E-08	
Br-84			3.91E-08				2.05E-13	
Br-85			1.60E-09					
Rb-86		1.69E-05	7.37E-06				2.08E-06	
Rb-88		4.84E-08	2.41E-08				4.18E-19	
Rb-89		3.20E-08	2.12E-08				1.16E-21	
Sr-89	3.80E-05		1.09E-06			1.75E-04	4.37E-05	
Sr-90	3.59E-03		7.21E-05			1.20E-03	9.02E-05	
Sr-91	7.74E-09		3.13E-10			4.56E-06	2.39E-05	
Sr-92	8.43E-10		3.64E-11			2.06E-06	5.38E-06	
Y-90	2.61E-07		7.01E-09			2.12E-05	6.32E-05	
Y-91M	3.26E-11		1.27E-12			2.40E-07	1.66E-10	
Y-91	5.78E-05		1.55E-06			2.13E-04	4.81E-05	
Y-92	1.29E-09		3.77E-11			1.96E-06	9.19E-06	
Y-93	1.18E-08		3.26E-10			6.06E-06	5.27E-05	
Zr-95	1.34E-05	4.30E-06	2.91E-06		6.77E-06	2.21E-04	1.88E-05	
Zr-97	1.21E-08	2.45E-09	1.13E-09		3.71E-09	9.84E-06	6.54E-05	
Nb-95	1.76E-06	9.77E-07	5.26E-07		9.67E-07	6.31E-05	1.30E-05	
Mo-99		1.51E-08	2.87E-09		3.64E-08	1.14E-05	3.10E-05	
Tc-99 M	1.29E-13	3.64E-13	4.63E-12	4	5.52E-12	9.55E-08	5.20E-07	
L		<u> </u>			<u> </u>			

Table 9 - Inhalation Dose Factors for Adult (mrem per pCi Inhaled)

(mrem per pCi Inhaled)							
Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI	
5.22E-15	7.52E-15	7.38E-14		1.35E-13	4.99E-08	1.36E-21	
1.91E-07		8.23E-08		7.29E-07	6.31E-05	1.38E-05	
9.88E-11		3.89E-11		1.27E-10	1.37E-06	6.02E-06	
8.64E-06		1.09E-06		1.67E-05	1.17E-03	1.14E-04	
1.35E-06	1.25E-06	7.43E-07		2.46E-06	5.79E-04	3.78E-05	
4.27E-07	1.98E-07	5.84E-08	1.31E-07	1.55E-06	3.92E-05	8.83E-06	
1.58E-06	7.21E-07	1.96E-07	4.11E-07	5.72E-06	1.20E-04	1.87E-05	
1.75E-10	8.03E-11	3.87E-11	1.32E-10	6.37E-10	8.14E-07	7.17E-06	
1.22E-06	5.84E-07	1.98E-07	4.30E-07	4.57E-06	1.45E-04	4.79E-05	
6.22E-12	2.99E-12	1.55E-12	4.87E-12	2.34E-11	2.42E-07	1.96E-08	
8.74E-09	5.45E-09	3.63E-09	6.88E-09	3.86E-08	1.82E-05	6.95E-05	
1.39E-12	7.44E-13	4.49E-13	1.17E-12	5.46E-12	1.74E-07	2.30E-09	
3.25E-08	2.69E-08	2.02E-08	2.37E-08	1.82E-07	3.60E-05	6.37E-05	
5.72E-07	1.68E-06	6.60E-07	1.42E-04	2.61E-06	10.00	9.61E-07	
3.15E-06	4.47E-06	2.56E-06	1.49E-03	7.66E-06		7.85E-07	
1.45E-07	4.07E-07	1.45E-07	1.43E-05	6.48E-07		5.08E-08	
1.08E-06	1.85E-06	5.65E-07	2.69E-04	3.23E-06		1.11E-06	
8.05E-08	2.16E-07	7.69E-08	3.73E-06	3.44E-07		1.26E-10	
3.35E-07	8.73E-07	3.21E-07	5.60E-05	1.39E-06		6.56E-07	
4.66E-05	1.06E-04	9.10E-05	***	3.59E-05	1.22E-05	1.30E-06	
4.88E-06	1.83E-05	1.38E-05		1.07E-05	1.50E-06	1.46E-06	
5.98E-05	7.76E-05	5.35E-05		2.78E-05	9.40E-06	1.05E-06	
4.14E-08	7.76E-08	4.05E-08		6.00E-08	6.07E-09	2.33E-13	
1.17E-10	8.32E-14	3.42E-12		7.78E-14	4.70E-07	1:12E-07	
4.88E-06	6.13E-09	3.21E-07		2.09E-09	1.59E-04	2.73E-05	
1.25E-11	9.41E-15	4.20E-13		8.75E-15	2.42E-07	1.45E-17	
3.29E-12	3.38E-15	2.07E-13		2.86E-15	1.49E-07	1.96E-26	
4.30E-08	2.17E-08	5.73E-09			1.70E-05	5.73E-05	
8.54E-11	3.88E-11	9.65E-12			7.91E-07	2.64E-07	
2.49E-06	1.69E-06	1.91E-07		7.83E-07	4.52E-05	1.50E-05	
2.33E-08	1.72E-08	1.91E-09		7.60E-09	9.97E-06	2.83E-05	
4.29E-04	1.79E-04	2.30E-05		1.06E-04	9.72E-04	1.02E-04	
1.17E-06	4.69E-07	5.80E-08		2.70E-07	3.51E-05	2.50E-05	
3.76E-12	1.56E-12	1.91E-13		8.81E-13	1.27E-07	2.69E-18	
6.59E-07	7.62E-07	4.56E-08		4.45E-07	2.76E-05	2.16E-05	
1.06E-09	8.85E-10	3.10E-10			3.63E-06	1.94E-05	
2.87E-08	2.54E-08	1.55E-09		8.75E-09	4.70E-06	1.49E-05	
	5.22E-15 1.91E-07 9.88E-11 8.64E-06 1.35E-06 4.27E-07 1.58E-06 1.75E-10 1.22E-06 6.22E-12 8.74E-09 1.39E-12 3.25E-08 5.72E-07 3.15E-06 1.45E-07 1.08E-06 8.05E-08 3.35E-07 4.66E-05 4.88E-06 5.98E-05 4.14E-08 1.17E-10 4.88E-06 1.25E-11 3.29E-12 4.30E-08 8.54E-11 2.49E-06 2.33E-08 4.29E-04 1.17E-06 3.76E-12 6.59E-07 1.06E-09	5.22E-15 7.52E-15 1.91E-07 9.88E-11 8.64E-06 1.35E-06 1.25E-06 4.27E-07 1.98E-07 1.58E-06 7.21E-07 1.75E-10 8.03E-11 1.22E-06 5.84E-07 6.22E-12 2.99E-12 8.74E-09 5.45E-09 1.39E-12 7.44E-13 3.25E-08 2.69E-08 5.72E-07 1.68E-06 3.15E-06 4.47E-06 1.45E-07 4.07E-07 1.08E-06 1.85E-06 8.05E-08 2.16E-07 3.35E-07 4.07E-07 4.66E-05 1.06E-04 4.88E-06 1.83E-05 5.98E-05 7.76E-08 1.17E-10 8.32E-14 4.88E-06 6.13E-09 1.25E-11 9.41E-15 3.29E-12 3.38E-15 4.30E-08 2.17E-08 8.54E-11 3.88E-11 2.49E-06 1.69E-06	Bone Liver T. Body 5.22E-15 7.52E-15 7.38E-14 1.91E-07 8.23E-08 9.88E-11 3.89E-11 8.64E-06 1.09E-06 1.35E-06 1.25E-06 7.43E-07 4.27E-07 1.98E-07 5.84E-08 1.58E-06 7.21E-07 1.96E-07 1.75E-10 8.03E-11 3.87E-11 1.22E-06 5.84E-07 1.98E-07 6.22E-12 2.99E-12 1.55E-12 8.74E-09 5.45E-09 3.63E-09 1.39E-12 7.44E-13 4.49E-13 3.25E-08 2.69E-08 2.02E-08 5.72E-07 1.68E-06 6.60E-07 3.15E-06 4.47E-06 2.56E-06 1.45E-07 4.07E-07 1.45E-07 1.08E-06 1.85E-06 5.65E-07 8.05E-08 2.16E-07 7.69E-08 3.35E-07 8.73E-07 3.21E-07 4.66E-05 1.06E-04 9.10E-05 4.88E-06<	Bone Liver T. Body Thyroid 5.22E-15 7.52E-15 7.38E-14 1.91E-07 8.23E-08 9.88E-11 3.89E-11 8.64E-06 1.09E-06 1.35E-06 1.25E-06 7.43E-07 4.27E-07 1.98E-07 5.84E-08 1.31E-07 1.58E-06 7.21E-07 1.96E-07 4.11E-07 1.75E-10 8.03E-11 3.87E-11 1.32E-10 1.22E-06 5.84E-07 1.98E-07 4.30E-07 6.22E-12 2.99E-12 1.55E-12 4.87E-12 8.74E-09 5.45E-09 3.63E-09 6.88E-09 1.39E-12 7.44E-13 4.49E-13 1.17E-12 3.25E-08 2.69E-08 2.02E-08 2.37E-08 5.72E-07 1.68E-06 6.60E-07 1.42E-04 3.15E-06 4.47E-06 2.56E-06 1.49E-03 1.45E-07 4.07E-07 1.45E-07 1.43E-05	Bone Liver T. Body Thyroid Kidney 5.22E-15 7.52E-15 7.38E-14 1.35E-13 1.91E-07 8.23E-08 7.29E-07 9.88E-11 3.89E-11 1.67E-05 8.64E-06 1.09E-06 1.67E-05 1.35E-06 1.25E-06 7.43E-07 2.46E-06 4.27E-07 1.98E-07 5.84E-08 1.31E-07 1.55E-06 1.58E-06 7.21E-07 1.96E-07 4.11E-07 5.72E-06 1.75E-10 8.03E-11 3.87E-11 1.32E-10 6.37E-10 1.22E-06 5.84E-07 1.98E-07 4.30E-07 4.57E-06 6.22E-12 2.99E-12 1.55E-12 4.87E-12 2.34E-11 8.74E-09 5.45E-09 3.63E-09 6.88E-09 3.86E-08 1.39E-12 7.44E-13 4.49E-13 1.17E-12 5.46E-12 3.25E-08 2.69E-08 2.02E-08 2.37E-08 1.82E-07	Bone Liver T. Body Thyroid Kidney Lung 5.22E-15 7.52E-15 7.38E-14 1.35E-13 4.99E-08 1.91E-07 8.23E-08 7.29E-07 6.31E-05 9.88E-11 3.89E-11 1.27E-10 1.37E-06 8.64E-06 1.09E-06 1.67E-05 1.17E-03 1.35E-06 1.25E-06 7.43E-07 2.46E-06 5.79E-04 4.27E-07 1.98E-07 5.84E-08 1.31E-07 1.55E-06 3.92E-05 1.58E-06 7.21E-07 1.96E-07 4.11E-07 5.72E-06 3.92E-05 1.58E-06 7.21E-07 1.98E-07 4.31E-07 5.72E-06 1.45E-04 1.22E-06 5.84E-07 1.98E-07 4.30E-07 4.57E-06 1.45E-04 6.22E-12 2.99E-12 1.55E-12 4.87E-12 2.34E-11 2.42E-07 8.74E-09 5.45E-09 3.63E-09 3.86E-08 1.82E-07 3.25	

Table 10 - Inhalation Dose Factors for Teenager (mrem per pCi Inhaled)

	(mrem per pCi Inhaled)							
Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI	
H-3		9.06E-08	9.06E-08	9.06E-08	9.06E-08	9.06E-08	9.06E-08	
C-14	3.25E-06	6.09E-07	6.09E-07	6.09E-07	6.019E-07	6.09E-07	6.09E-07	
Na-24	1.72E-06	1.72E-06	1.72E-06	1.72E-06	1.72E-06	1.72E-06	1.72E-06	
P-32	2.36E-04	1.37E-05	8.95E-06				1.16E-05	
Cr-51		'	1.69E-08	9.37E-09	3.84E-09	2.62E-06	3.75E-07	
Mn-54		6.39E-06	1.05E-06		1.59E-06	2.48E-04	8.35E-06	
Mn-56		2.12E-10	3.15E-11		2.24E-10	1.90E-06	7.18E-06	
Fe-55	4.18E-06	2.98E-06	6.93E-07			1.55E-05	7.99E-07	
Fe-59	1.99E-06	4.62E-06	1.79E-06			1.91E-04	2.23E-05	
Co-58		2.59E-07	3.47E-07			1.68E-04	1.19E-05	
Co-60		1.89E-06	2.48E-06			1.09E-03	3.24E-05	
Ni-63	7.25E-05	5.43E-06	2.47E-06			3.84E-05	1.77E-06	
Ni-65	2.73E-10	3.66E-11	1.59E-11			1.17E-06	4.59E-06	
Cu-64		2.54E-10	1.06E-10		8.01E-10	1.39E-06	7.68E-06	
Zn-65	4.82E-06	1.67E-05	7.80E-06		1.08E-05	1.55E-04	5.83E-06	
Zn-69	6.04E-12	1.15E-11	8.07E-13		7.53E-12	1.98E-07	3.56E-08	
Br-83			4.30E-08					
Br-84			5.41E-08					
Br-85			2.29E-09					
Rb-86		2.38E-05	1.05E-05				2.21E-06	
Rb-88		6.82E-08	3.40E-08				3.65E-15	
Rb-89		4.40E-08	2.91E-08				4.22E-17	
Sr-89	5.43E-05		1.56E-06			3.02E-04	4.64E-05	
Sr-90	4.14E-03		8.33E-05			2.06E-03	9.56E-05	
Sr-91	1.10E-08		4.39E-10			7.59E-06	3.24E-05	
Sr-92	1.19E-09		5.08E-11			3.43E-06	1.49E-05	
Y-90	3.73E-07		1.00E-08			3.66E-05	6.99E-05	
Y-91M	4.63E-11		1.77E-12			4.00E-07	3.77E-09	
Y-91	8.26E-05		2.21E-06			3.67E-04	5.11E-05	
Y-92	1.84E-09		5.36E-11			3.35E-06	2.06E-05	
Y-93	1.69E-08		4.65E-10			1.04E-05	7.24E-05	
Zr-95	1.82E-05	5.73E-06	3.94E-06		8.42E-06	3.36E-04	1.86E-05	
Zr-97	1.72E-08	3.40E-09	1.57E-09		5.15E-09	1.62E-05	7.88E-05	
Nb-95	2.32E-06	1.29E-06	7.08E-07		1.25E-06	9.39E-05	1.21E-05	
Mo-99		2.11E-08	4.03E-09		5.14E-08	1.92E-05	3.36E-05	
Tc-99M	1.73E-13	4.83E-13	6.24E-12		7.20E-12	1.44E-07	7.66E-07	
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FORT CALHOUN STATION OFF-SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL REFERENCE USE

Table 10 - Inhalation Dose Factors for Teenager (mrem per pCi Inhaled)

(mrem per pCi innalea)								
Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI	
Tc-101	7.40E-15	1.05E-14	1.03E-13		1.90E-13	8.34E-08	1.09E-16	
Ru-103	2.63E-07		1.12E-07		9.29E-07	9.79E-05	1.36E-05	
Ru-105	1.40E-10		5.42E-11		1.76E-10	2.27E-06	1.13E-05	
Ru-106	1.23E-05		1.55E-06		2.38E-05	2.01E-03	1.20E-04	
Ag-110M	1.73E-06	1.64E-06	9.99E-07		3.13E-06	8.44E-04	3.41E-05	
Te-125M	6.10E-07	2.80E-07	8.34E-08	1.75E-07		6.70E-05	9.38E-06	
Te-127M	2.25E-06	1.02E-06	2.73E-07	5.48E-07	8.17E-06	2.07E-04	1.99E-05	
Te-127	2.51E-10	1.14E-10	5.52E-11	1.77E-10	9.10E-10	1.40E-06	1.01E-05	
Te-129M	1.74E-06	8.23E-07	2.81E-07	5.72E-07	6.49E-06	2.47E-04	5.06E-05	
Te-129	8.87E-12	4.22E-12	2.20E-12	6.48E-12	3.32E-11	4.12E-07	2.02E-07	
Te-131M	1.23E-08	7.51E-09	5.03E-09	9.06E-09	5.49E-08	2.97E-05	7.76E-05	
Te-131	1.97E-12	1.04E-12	6.30E-13	1.55E-12	7.72E-12	2.92E-07	1.89E-09	
Te-132	4.50E-08	3.63E-08	2.74E-08	3.07E-08	2.44E-07	5.61E-05	5.79E-05	
I-130	7.80E-07	2.24E-06	8.96E-07	1.86E-04	3.44E-06		1.14E-06	
I-131	4.43E-06	6.14E-06	3.30E-06	1.83E-03	1.05E-05	40-444	8.11E-07	
I-132	1.99E-07	5.47E-07	1.97E-07	1.89E-05	8.65E-07		1.59E-07	
I-133	1.52E-06	2.56E-06	7.78E-07	3.65E-04	4.49E-06		1.29E-06	
I-134	1.11E-07	2.90E-07	1.05E-07	4.94E-06	4.58E-07		2.55E-09	
I-135	4.62E-07	1.18E-06	4.36E-07	7.76E-05	1.86E-06		8.69E-07	
Cs-134	6.28E-05	1.41E-04	6.86E-05		4.69E-05	1.83E-05	1.22E-06	
Cs-136	6.44E-06	2.42E-05	1.71E-05		1.38E-05	2.22E-06	1.36E-06	
Cs-137	8.38E-05	1.06E-04	3.89E-05		3.80E-05	1.51E-05	1.06E-06	
Cs-138	5.82E-08	1.07E-07	5.58E-08		8.28E-08	9.84E-09	3.38E-11	
Ba-139	1.67E-10	1.18E-13	4.87E-12		1.11E-13	8.08E-07	8.06E-07	
Ba-140	6.84E-06	8.38E-09	4.40E-07		2.85E-09	2.54E-04	2.86E-05	
Ba-141	1.78E-11	1.32E-14	5.93E-13		1.23E-14	4.11E-07	9.33E-14	
Ba-142	4.62E-12	4.63E-15	2.84E-13		3.92E-15	2.39E-07	5.99E-20	
La-140	5.99E-08	2.95E-08	7.82E-09			2.68E-05	6.09E-05	
La-142	1.20E-10	5.31E-11	1.32E-11			1.27E-06	1.50E-06	
Ce-141	3.55E-06	2.37E-06	2.71E-07		1.11E-06	7.67E-05	1.58E-05	
Ce-143	3.32E-08	2.42E-08	2.70E-09		1.08E-08	1.63E-05	3.19E-05	
Ce-144	6.11E-04	2.53E-04	3.28E-05		1.51E-04	1.67E-03	1.08E-04	
Pr-143	1.67E-06	6.64E-07	8.28E-08		3.86E-07	6.04E-05	2.67E-05	
Pr-144	5.37E-12	2.20E-12	2.72E-13		1.26E-12	2.19E-07	2.94E-14	
Nd-147	9.83E-07	1.07E-06	6.41E-08		6.28E-07	4.65E-05	2.28E-05	
W-187	1.50E-09	1.22E-09	4.29E-10			5.92E-06	2.21E-05	
Np-239	4.23E-08	3.60E-08	2.21E-09		1.25E-08	8.11E-06	1.65E-05	
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Table 11 - Inhalation Dose Factors for Child (mrem ner nCi Inhaled)

(mrem per pCi Inhaled)								
Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI	
H-3		1.73E-07	1.73E-07	1.73E-07	1.73E-07	1.73E-07	1.73E-07	
C-14	9.70E-06	1.82E-06	1.82E-06	1.82E-06	1.82E-06	1.82E-06	1.82E-06	
Na-24	4.35E-06							
P-32	7.04E-04	3.09E-05	2.67E-05				1.14E-05	
Cr-51			4.17E-08	2.31E-08	6.57E-09	4.59E-06	2.93E-07	
Mn-54		1.16E-05	2.57E-06		2.71E-06	4.26E-04	6.19E-06	
Mn-56		4.48E-10	8.43E-11		4.52E-10	3.55E-06	3.33E-05	
Fe-55	1.28E-05	6.80E-06	2.10E-06			3.00E-05	7.75E-07	
Fe-59	5.59E-06	9.04E-06	4.51E-06			3.43E-04	1.91E-05	
Co-58		4.79E-07	8.55E-07			2.99E-04	9.29E-06	
Co-60		3.55E-06	6.12E-06			1.91E-03	2.60E-05	
Ni-63	2.22E-04	1.25E-05	7.56E-06			7.43E-05	1.71E-06	
Ni-65	8.08E-10	7.99E-11	4.44E-11			2.21E-06	2.27E-05	
Cu-64		5.39E-10	2.90E-10		1.63E-09	2.59E-06	9.92E-06	
Zn-65	1.15E-05	3.06E-05	1.90E-05		1.93E-05	2.69E-04	4.41E-06	
Zn-69	1.81E-11	2.61E-11	2.41E-12		1.58E-11	3.84E-07	2.75E-06	
Br-83			1.28E-07					
Br-84			1.48E-07					
Br-85			6.84E-09					
Rb-86		5.36E-05	3.09E-05				2.16E-06	
Rb-88		1.52E-07	9.90E-08				4.66E-09	
Rb-89		9.33E-08	7.85E-08				5.11E-10	
Sr-89	1.62E-04		4.66E-06			5.83E-04	4.52E-05	
Sr-90	1.04E-02		2.07E-04			3.99E-03	9.28E-05	
Sr-91	3.28E-08		1.24E-09			1.44E-05	4.70E-05	
Sr-92	3.54E-09		1.42E-10			6.49E-06	6.55E-05	
Y-90	1.11E-06		2.99E-08			7.07E-05	7.24E-05	
Y-91M	1.37E-10		4.98E-12			7.60E-07	4.64E-07	
Y-91	2.47E-04		6.59E-06			7.10E-04	4.97E-05	
Y-92	5.50E-09		1.57E-10			6.46E-06	6.46E-05	
Y-93	5.04E-08		1.38E-09			2.01E-05	1.05E-04	
Zr-95	5.13E-05	1.13E-05	1.00E-05		1.61E-05	6.03E-04	1.65E-05	
Zr-97	5.07E-08	7.34E-09	4.32E-09		1.05E-08	3.06E-05	9.49E-05	
Nb-95	6.35E-06	2.48E-06	1.77E-06		2.33E-06	1.66E-04	1.00E-05	
Mo-99		4.66E-08	1.15E-08		1.06E-07	3.66E-05	3.42E-05	
Tc-99M	4.81E-13	9.41E-13	1.56E-11		1.37E-11	2.57E-07	1.30E-06	

Table 11 - Inhalation Dose Factors for Child (mrem per pCi Inhaled)

Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI
Tc-101	2.19E-14	2.30E-14	2.91E-13		3.92E-13	1.58E-07	4.41E-09
Ru-103	7.55E-07		2.90E-07		1.90E-06	1.79E-04	1.21E-05
Ru-105	4.13E-10		1.50E-10		3.63E-10	4.30E-06	2.69E-05
Ru-106	3.68E-05	<u></u>	4.57E-06		4.97E-05	3.87E-03	1.16E-04
Ag-110M	4.56E-06	3.08E-06	2.47E-06		5.74E-06	1.48E-03	2.71E-05
Te-125M	1.82E-06	6.29E-07	2.47E-07	5.20E-07		1.29E-04	9.13E-06
Te-127M	6.72E-06	2.31E-06	8.16E-07	1.64E-06	1.72E-05	4.00E-04	1.93E-05
Te-127	7.49E-10	2.57E-10	1.65E-10	5.30E-10	1.91E-09	2.71E-06	1.52E-05
Te-129M	5.19E-06	1.85E-06	8.22E-07	1.71E-06	1.36E-05	4.76E-04	4.91E-05
Te-129	2.64E-11	9.45E-12	6.44E-12	1.93E-11	6.94E-11	7.93E-07	6.89E-06
Te-131M	3.63E-08	1.60E-08	1.37E-08	2.64E-08	1.08E-07	5.56E-05	8.32E-05
Te-131	5.87E-12	2.28E-12	1.78E-12	4.59E-12	1.59E-11	5.55E-07	3.60E-07
Te-132	1.30E-07	7:36E-08	7.12E-08	8.58E-08	4.79E-07	1.02E-04	3.72E-05
I-130	2.21E-06	4.43E-06	2.28E-06	4.99E-04	6.61E-06		1.38E-06
I-131	1.30E-05	1.30E-05	7.37E-06	4.39E-03	2.13E-05		7.68E-07
I-132	5.72E-07	1.10E-06	5.07E-07	5.23E-05	1.69E-06		8.65E-07
I-133	4.48E-06	5.49E-06	2.08E-06	1.04E-03	9.13E-06		1.48E-06
I-134	3.17E-07	5.84E-07	2.69E-07	1.37E-05	8.92E-07		2.58E-07
I-135	1.33E-06	2.36E-06	1.12E-06	2.14E-04	3.62E-06		1.20E-06
Cs-134	1.76E-04	2.74E-04	6.07E-05		8.93E-05	3.27E-05	1.04E-06
Cs-136	1.76E-05	4.62E-05	3.14E-05		2.58E-05	3.93E-06	1.13E-06
Cs-137	2.45E-04	2.23E-04	3.47E-05		7.63E-05	2.81E-05	9.78E-07
Cs-138	1.71E-07	2.27E-07	1.50E-07		1.68E-07	1.84E-08	7.29E-08
Ba-139	4.98E-10	2.66E-13	1.45E-11		2.33E-13	1.56E-06	1.56E-05
Ba-140	2.00E-05	1.75E-08	1.17E-06		5.71E-09	4.71E-04	2.75E-05
Ba-141	5.29E-11	2.95E-14	1.72E-12		2.56E-14	7.89E-07	7.44E-08
Ba-142	1.35E-11	9.73E-15	7.54E-13		7.87E-15	4.44E-07	7.41E-10
La-140	1.74E-07	6.08E-08	2.04E-08			4.94E-05	6.10E-05
La-142	3.50E-10	1.11E-10	3.49E-11			2.35E-06	2.05E-05
Ce-141	1.06E-05	5.28E-06	7.83E-07		2.31E-06	1.47E-04	1.53E-05
Ce-143	9.89E-08	5.37E-08	7.77E-09		2.26E-08	3.12E-05	3.44E-05
Ce-144	1.83E-03	5.72E-04	9.77E-05		3.17E-04	3.23E-03	1.05E-04
Pr-143	4.99E-06	1.50E-06	2.47E-07		8.11E-07	1.17E-04	2.63E-05
Pr-144	1.61E-11	4.99E-12	8.10E-13		2.64E-12	4.23E-07	5.32E-08
Nd-147	2.92E-06	2.36E-06	1.84E-07		1.30E-06	8.87E-05	2.22E-05
W-187	4.41E-09	2.61E-09	1.17E-09			1.11E-05	2.46E-05
Np-239	1.26E-07	8.14E-08	6.35E-09		2.63E-08	1.57E-05	1.73E-05

Table 12 - Inhalation Dose Factors for Infant (mrem per pCi Inhaled)

Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI
H-3		2.63E-07	2.63E-07	2.63E-07	2.63E-07	2.63E-07	2.63E-07
C-14	1.89E-05	3.79E-06	3.79E-06	3.79E-06	3.79E-06	3.79E-06	3.79E-06
Na-24	7.54E-06						
P-32	1.45E-03	8.03E-05	5.53E-05				1.15E-05
Cr-51			6.39E-08	4.11E-08	9.45E-09	9.17E-06	2.55E-07
Mn-54		1.81E-05	3.56E-06		3.56E-06	7.14E-04	5.04E-06
Mn-56		1.10E-09	1.58E-10		7.86E-10	8.95E-06	5.12E-05
Fe-55	1.41E-05	8.39E-06	2.38E-06			6.21E-05	7.82E-07
Fe-59	9.69E-06	1.68E-05	6.77E-06			7.25E-04	1.77E-05
Co-58		8.71E-07	1.30E-06			5.55E-04	7.95E-06
Co-60		5.73E-06	8.41E-06			3.22E-03	2.28E-05
Ni-63	2.42E-04	1.46E-05	8.29E-06			1.49E-04	1.73E-06
Ni-65	1.71E-09	2.03E-10	8.79E-11			5.80E-06	3.58E-05
Cu-64		1.34E-09	5.53E-10		2.84E-09	6.64E-06	1.07E-05
Zn-65	1.38E-05	4.47E-05	2.22E-05		2.32E-05	4.62E-04	3.67E-05
Zn-69	3.85E-11	6.91E-11	5.13E-12		2.87E-11	1.05E-06	9.44E-06
Br-83			2.72E-07				
Br-84			2.86E-07				
Br-85			1.46E-08				,
Rb-86		1.36E-04	6.30E-05				2.17E-06
Rb-88		3.98E-07	2.05E-07				2.42E-07
Rb-89	-~-	2.29E-07	1.47E-07				4.87E-08
Sr-89	2.84E-04		8.15E-06			1.45E-03	4.57E-05
Sr-90	1.11E-02	·	2.23E-04			8.03E-03	9.36E-05
Sr-91	6.83E-08		2.47E-09			3.76E-05	5.24E-05
Sr-92	7.50E-09		2.79E-10			1.70E-05	1.00E-04
Y-90	2.35E-06		6.30E-08			1.92E-04	7.43E-05
Y-91M	2.91E-10		9.90E-12			1.99E-06	1.68E-06
Y-91	4.20E-04		1.12E-05			1.75E-03	5.02E-05
Y-92	1.17E-08		3.29E-10			1.75E-05	9.04E-05
Y-93	1.07E-07		2.91E-09			5.46E-05	1.19E-04
Zr-95	8.24E-05	1.99E-05	1.45E-05		2.22E-05	1.25E-03	1.55E-05
Zr-97	1.07E-07	1.83E-08	8.36E-09		1.85E-08	7.88E-05	1.00E-04
Nb-95	1.12E-05	4.59E-06	2.70E-06		3.37E-06	3.42E-04	9.05E-06
Mo-99		1.18E-07	2.31E-08		1.89E-07	9.63E-05	3.48E-05

Table 12 - Inhalation Dose Factors for Infant (mrem per pCi Inhaled)

Tc-99M 9.98E-13 2.06E-12 2.66E-11 2.22E-11 5.79E-07 1.45E-06 Tc-101 4.65E-14 5.88E-14 5.80E-13 6.99E-13 4.17E-07 6.03E-07 Ru-103 1.44E-06 4.85E-07 3.03E-06 3.94E-04 1.15E-05 Ru-105 8.74E-10 2.93E-10 6.42E-10 1.12E-05 3.46E-05 Ru-106 6.20E-05 7.77E-06 7.61E-05 8.26E-03 1.17E-04 Ag-110M 7.13E-06 5.16E-06 3.57E-06 7.80E-06 2.62E-03 2.36E-05 Te-127M 1.19E-05 4.93E-06 1.48E-06 3.48E-06 2.68E-05 9.37E-04 9.92E-06 Te-129M 1.01E-05 4.35E-06 1.59E-06 3.91E-06 2.27E-05 1.20E-03 4.93E-05 Te-131M 7.62E-08 3.93E-08 2.59E-08 6.38E-08 1.89E-07 1.42E-04 8.51E-05 Te-131 1.24E-11	Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI
Ru-103 1.44E-06 4.85E-07 3.03E-06 3.94E-04 1.15E-05 Ru-106 8.74E-10 2.93E-10 6.42E-10 1.12E-05 3.46E-05 Ru-106 6.20E-05 7.77E-06 7.61E-05 8.26E-03 1.17E-04 Ag-110M 7.13E-06 5.16E-06 3.57E-06 7.80E-06 6.26E-03 2.36E-05 Te-127M 1.19E-05 4.93E-06 1.48E-06 3.48E-06 2.68E-05 9.37E-04 1.95E-05 Te-127 1.59E-09 6.81E-10 3.40E-10 1.32E-09 3.47E-09 7.39E-06 1.74E-05 Te-128 1.01E-05 4.35E-06 1.59E-06 3.91E-06 2.27E-05 1.20E-03 4.93E-05 Te-129 5.63E-11 2.48E-11 1.34E-11 4.82E-11 1.25E-10 2.14E-06 1.88E-05 Te-131 1.24E-11 5.87E-12 1.13E-11 2.85E-11 1.47E-06 5.87E-06 Te-132 2.66E-07 1.69E-0	Tc-99M	9.98E-13	2.06E-12					1.45E-06
Ru-105 8.74E-10 2.93E-10 6.42E-10 1.12E-05 3.46E-05 Ru-106 6.20E-05 7.77E-06 7.61E-05 8.26E-03 1.17E-04 Ag-110M 7.13E-06 5.16E-06 3.57E-06 7.80E-06 2.62E-03 2.36E-05 Te-127M 1.19E-05 4.93E-06 1.48E-06 3.48E-06 2.68E-05 9.37E-04 1.92E-05 Te-127M 1.19E-05 4.93E-06 1.48E-01 3.40E-10 1.32E-09 3.47E-09 7.39E-06 1.74E-05 Te-129M 1.01E-05 4.35E-06 1.59E-06 3.91E-06 2.27E-05 1.20E-03 4.93E-05 Te-129 5.63E-11 2.48E-11 1.34E-11 4.82E-11 1.25E-10 2.14E-06 1.88E-05 Te-131 1.24E-11 5.87E-12 3.57E-12 1.13E-11 1.42E-04 8.51E-05 Te-131 1.24E-01 5.87E-12 3.57E-05 1.88E-07 1.42E-06 1.42E-06 Te-131 1.24E-01	Tc-101	4.65E-14	5.88E-14	5.80E-13		6.99E-13	4.17E-07	6.03E-07
Ru-106 6.20E-05 7.77E-06 7.61E-05 8.26E-03 1.17E-04 Ag-110M 7.13E-06 5.16E-06 3.57E-06 7.80E-06 2.62E-03 2.36E-05 Te-125M 3.40E-06 1.42E-06 4.70E-07 1.16E-06 3.19E-04 9.22E-06 Te-127M 1.19E-05 4.93E-06 1.48E-06 3.48E-06 2.68E-05 9.73E-04 1.95E-05 Te-127 1.59E-09 6.81E-10 3.40E-10 1.32E-09 3.47E-09 7.39E-06 1.74E-05 Te-129M 1.01E-05 4.35E-06 1.59E-06 3.91E-06 2.27E-05 1.20E-03 4.93E-05 Te-131M 7.62E-08 3.93E-08 2.59E-08 6.38E-08 1.89E-07 1.42E-04 8.51E-05 Te-131 1.24E-11 5.87E-12 3.57E-12 1.13E-11 2.85E-11 1.47E-06 5.87E-06 Te-131 1.24E-01 5.87E-05 1.40E-05 1.08E-02 3.70E-05 1.42E-06 Te-131	Ru-103	1.44E-06		4.85E-07		3.03E-06	3.94E-04	1.15E-05
Ag-110M 7.13E-06 5.16E-06 3.57E-06 7.80E-06 2.62E-03 2.36E-05 Te-125M 3.40E-06 1.42E-06 4.70E-07 1.16E-06 3.19E-04 9.22E-06 Te-127M 1.19E-05 4.93E-06 1.48E-06 3.48E-06 2.68E-05 9.37E-04 1.95E-05 Te-127 1.59E-09 6.61E-10 3.40E-10 1.32E-09 3.47E-09 7.39E-06 1.74E-05 Te-129M 1.01E-05 4.35E-06 1.59E-06 3.91E-06 2.27E-05 1.20E-03 4.93E-06 Te-131M 7.62E-08 3.93E-08 2.59E-08 6.38E-08 1.89E-07 1.42E-04 8.51E-05 Te-131 1.24E-11 5.87E-12 3.57E-12 1.13E-11 2.85E-11 1.47E-06 5.87E-06 Te-132 2.66E-07 1.69E-07 1.26E-07 1.99E-07 7.39E-07 2.43E-04 3.15E-05 I-130 4.54E-06 9.91E-06 3.98E-06 1.14E-03 1.09E-05 1.2E-06 I-133	Ru-105	8.74E-10		2.93E-10		6.42E-10	1.12E-05	3.46E-05
Te-125M 3.40E-06 1.42E-06 4.70E-07 1.16E-06 3.19E-04 9.22E-06 Te-127M 1.19E-05 4.93E-06 1.48E-06 3.48E-06 2.68E-05 9.37E-04 1.95E-05 Te-127 1.59E-09 6.81E-10 3.40E-10 1.32E-09 3.47E-09 7.39E-06 1.74E-05 Te-129M 1.01E-05 4.35E-06 1.59E-06 3.91E-06 2.27E-05 1.20E-03 4.93E-05 Te-131M 7.62E-08 3.93E-08 2.59E-08 6.38E-08 1.89E-07 1.42E-04 8.51E-05 Te-131 1.24E-11 5.87E-12 3.57E-12 1.13E-11 1.25E-11 1.47E-06 5.87E-06 Te-132 2.66E-07 1.69E-07 1.26E-07 1.99E-07 7.39E-07 2.43E-04 3.15E-05 I-130 4.54E-06 9.91E-06 3.98E-06 1.14E-03 1.09E-05 1.42E-06 I-131 2.71E-05 3.17E-05 1.40E-05 1.06E-02 3.70E-05 1.3E-06 I-134	Ru-106	6.20E-05		7.77E-06		7.61E-05	8.26E-03	1.17E-04
Te-127M 1.19E-05 4.93E-06 1.48E-06 3.48E-06 2.68E-05 9.37E-04 1.95E-05 Te-127 1.59E-09 6.81E-10 3.40E-10 1.32E-09 3.47E-09 7.39E-06 1.74E-05 Te-129M 1.01E-05 4.35E-06 1.59E-06 3.91E-06 2.27E-05 1.20E-03 4.93E-05 Te-131M 7.62E-08 3.93E-08 2.59E-08 6.38E-08 1.89E-07 1.42E-04 8.51E-05 Te-131 1.24E-11 5.87E-12 3.57E-12 1.13E-11 2.85E-11 1.47E-06 5.87E-02 Te-132 2.66E-07 1.69E-07 1.26E-07 1.99E-07 7.39E-07 2.43E-04 3.15E-05 1-130 4.54E-06 9.91E-06 3.98E-06 1.14E-03 1.09E-05	Ag-110M	7.13E-06	5.16E-06	3.57E-06		7.80E-06	2.62E-03	2.36E-05
Te-127 1.59E-09 6.81E-10 3.40E-10 1.32E-09 3.47E-09 7.39E-06 1.74E-05 Te-129M 1.01E-05 4.35E-06 1.59E-06 3.91E-06 2.27E-05 1.20E-03 4.93E-05 Te-129 5.63E-11 2.48E-11 1.34E-11 4.82E-11 1.25E-10 2.14E-06 1.88E-05 Te-131M 7.62E-08 3.93E-08 2.59E-08 6.38E-08 1.89E-07 1.42E-04 8.51E-05 Te-131 1.24E-11 5.87E-12 3.57E-12 1.13E-11 2.85E-11 1.47E-06 5.87E-06 Te-132 2.66E-07 1.69E-07 1.26E-07 1.99E-07 7.39E-07 2.43E-04 3.15E-05 I-130 4.54E-06 9.91E-06 3.98E-06 1.14E-03 1.09E-05 7.56E-07 I-131 2.71E-05 3.17E-05 1.40E-05 1.06E-02 3.70E-05 7.56E-07 I-132 1.21E-06 2.53E-06 8.99E-07 1.21E-04 2.82E-06 1.54E-06 I-133	Te-125M	3.40E-06	1.42E-06	4.70E-07	1.16E-06		3.19E-04	9.22E-06
Te-129M 1.01E-05 4.35E-06 1.59E-06 3.91E-06 2.27E-05 1.20E-03 4.93E-05 Te-129 5.63E-11 2.48E-11 1.34E-11 4.82E-11 1.25E-10 2.14E-06 1.88E-05 Te-131M 7.62E-08 3.93E-08 2.59E-08 6.38E-08 1.89E-07 1.42E-04 8.51E-05 Te-131 1.24E-11 5.87E-12 3.57E-12 1.13E-11 2.85E-11 1.47E-06 5.87E-06 Te-132 2.66E-07 1.69E-07 1.26E-07 1.99E-07 7.39E-07 2.43E-04 3.15E-05 I-130 4.54E-06 9.91E-06 3.98E-06 1.14E-03 1.09E-05 1.42E-06 I-131 2.71E-05 3.17E-05 1.40E-05 1.06E-02 3.70E-05 7.56E-07 I-132 1.21E-06 2.53E-06 8.99E-07 1.21E-04 2.82E-06 1.36E-06 I-133 9.46E-06 1.37E-05 4.00E-06 2.54E-03 1.60E-05 1.54E-06 I-134 <	Te-127M	1.19E-05	4.93E-06	1.48E-06	3.48E-06	2.68E-05	9.37E-04	1.95E-05
Te-129 5.63E-11 2.48E-11 1.34E-11 4.82E-11 1.25E-10 2.14E-06 1.88E-05 Te-131M 7.62E-08 3.93E-08 2.59E-08 6.38E-08 1.89E-07 1.42E-04 8.51E-05 Te-131 1.24E-11 5.87E-12 3.57E-12 1.13E-11 2.85E-11 1.47E-06 5.87E-06 Te-132 2.66E-07 1.69E-07 1.26E-07 1.99E-07 7.39E-07 2.43E-04 3.15E-05 I-130 4.54E-06 9.91E-06 3.98E-06 1.14E-03 1.09E-05 1.42E-06 I-131 2.71E-05 3.17E-05 1.40E-05 1.06E-02 3.70E-05 7.56E-07 I-132 1.21E-06 2.53E-06 8.99E-07 1.21E-04 2.82E-06 1.36E-06 I-133 9.46E-06 1.37E-05 4.00E-06 2.54E-03 1.60E-05 1.54E-06 I-134 6.58E-07 1.34E-06 4.75E-07 3.18E-05 1.49E-06 9.21E-07 I-135 <th< td=""><td>Te-127</td><td>1.59E-09</td><td>6.81E-10</td><td>3.40E-10</td><td>1.32E-09</td><td>3.47E-09</td><td>7.39E-06</td><td>1.74E-05</td></th<>	Te-127	1.59E-09	6.81E-10	3.40E-10	1.32E-09	3.47E-09	7.39E-06	1.74E-05
Te-131M 7.62E-08 3.93E-08 2.59E-08 6.38E-08 1.89E-07 1.42E-04 8.51E-05 Te-131 1.24E-11 5.87E-12 3.57E-12 1.13E-11 2.85E-11 1.47E-06 5.87E-06 Te-132 2.66E-07 1.69E-07 1.26E-07 1.99E-07 7.39E-07 2.43E-04 3.15E-05 I-130 4.54E-06 9.91E-06 3.98E-06 1.14E-03 1.09E-05 1.42E-06 I-131 2.71E-05 3.17E-05 1.40E-05 1.06E-02 3.70E-05 7.56E-07 I-132 1.21E-06 2.53E-06 8.99E-07 1.21E-04 2.82E-06 1.36E-06 I-133 9.46E-06 1.37E-05 4.00E-06 2.54E-03 1.60E-05 1.54E-06 I-134 6.58E-07 1.34E-06 4.75E-07 3.18E-05 1.49E-06 9.21E-07 I-135 2.76E-06 5.43E-06 1.98E-06 4.97E-04 6.05E-06 1.31E-06 Cs-134 2.8	Te-129M	1.01E-05	4.35E-06	1.59E-06	3.91E-06	2.27E-05	1.20E-03	4.93E-05
Te-131 1.24E-11 5.87E-12 3.57E-12 1.13E-11 2.85E-11 1.47E-06 5.87E-06 Te-132 2.66E-07 1.69E-07 1.26E-07 1.99E-07 7.39E-07 2.43E-04 3.15E-05 I-130 4.54E-06 9.91E-06 3.98E-06 1.14E-03 1.09E-05 1.42E-06 I-131 2.71E-05 3.17E-05 1.40E-05 1.06E-02 3.70E-05 7.56E-07 I-132 1.21E-06 2.53E-06 8.99E-07 1.21E-04 2.82E-06 1.36E-06 I-133 9.46E-06 1.37E-05 4.00E-06 2.54E-03 1.60E-05 1.54E-06 I-134 6.58E-07 1.34E-06 4.75E-07 3.18E-05 1.49E-06 9.21E-07 I-135 2.76E-06 5.43E-06 1.98E-06 4.97E-04 6.05E-06 1.31E-06 Cs-134 2.83E-04 5.02E-04 5.32E-05 1.36E-04 5.69E-05 9.53E-07 Cs-137 3.92E-04	Te-129	5.63E-11	2.48E-11	1.34E-11	4.82E-11	1.25E-10	2.14E-06	1.88E-05
Te-132 2.66E-07 1.69E-07 1.26E-07 1.99E-07 7.39E-07 2.43E-04 3.15E-05 I-130 4.54E-06 9.91E-06 3.98E-06 1.14E-03 1.09E-05 1.42E-06 I-131 2.71E-05 3.17E-05 1.40E-05 1.06E-02 3.70E-05 7.56E-07 I-132 1.21E-06 2.53E-06 8.99E-07 1.21E-04 2.82E-06 1.36E-06 I-133 9.46E-06 1.37E-05 4.00E-06 2.54E-03 1.60E-05 1.54E-06 I-134 6.58E-07 1.34E-06 4.75E-07 3.18E-05 1.49E-06 9.21E-07 I-135 2.76E-06 5.43E-06 1.98E-06 4.97E-04 6.05E-06 1.31E-06 Cs-134 2.83E-04 5.02E-04 5.32E-05 1.36E-04 5.69E-05 9.53E-07 Cs-137 3.92E-04 4.37E-04 3.25E-05 1.23E-04 5.09E-05 9.53E-07 Cs-138 3.61E-07	Te-131M	7.62E-08	3.93E-08	2.59E-08	6.38E-08	1.89E-07	1.42E-04	8.51E-05
1-130	Te-131	1.24E-11	5.87E-12	3.57E-12	1.13E-11	2.85E-11	1.47E-06	5.87E-06
1-131	Te-132	2.66E-07	1.69E-07	1.26E-07	1.99E-07	7.39E-07	2.43E-04	3.15E-05
1-132	I-130	4.54E-06	9.91E-06	3.98E-06	1.14E-03	1.09E-05		1.42E-06
1-133	I-131	2.71E-05	3.17E-05	1.40E-05	1.06E-02	3.70E-05		7.56E-07
1-134	1-132	1.21E-06	2.53E-06	8.99E-07	1.21E-04	2.82E-06		1.36E-06
1-135	I-133	9.46E-06	1.37E-05	4.00E-06	2.54E-03	1.60E-05		1.54E-06
Cs-134 2.83E-04 5.02E-04 5.32E-05 1.36E-04 5.69E-05 9.53E-07 Cs-136 3.45E-05 9.61E-05 3.78E-05 4.03E-05 8.40E-06 1.02E-06 Cs-137 3.92E-04 4.37E-04 3.25E-05 1.23E-04 5.09E-05 9.53E-07 Cs-138 3.61E-07 5.58E-07 2.84E-07 2.93E-07 4.67E-08 6.26E-07 Ba-139 118.06E-07 7.03E-13 3.07E-11 4.23E-13 4.25E-06 3.64E-05 Ba-140 4.00E-05 4.00E-08 2.07E-06 9.59E-09 1.14E-03 2.74E-05 Ba-141 1.12E-10 7.70E-14 3.55E-12 4.64E-14 2.12E-06 3.39E-06 Ba-142 2.84E-11 2.36E-14 1.40E-12 1.36E-14 1.11E-06 4.95E-07 La-140 3.61E-07 1.43E-07 3.68E-08 1.20E-04 6.06E-05 Ce-141 1.98E-05 1.19E-05	I-134	6.58E-07	<u> </u>	4.75E-07	3.18E-05	1.49E-06		9.21E-07
Cs-136 3.45E-05 9.61E-05 3.78E-05 4.03E-05 8.40E-06 1.02E-06 Cs-137 3.92E-04 4.37E-04 3.25E-05 1.23E-04 5.09E-05 9.53E-07 Cs-138 3.61E-07 5.58E-07 2.84E-07 2.93E-07 4.67E-08 6.26E-07 Ba-139 118.06E- 09 7.03E-13 3.07E-11 4.23E-13 4.25E-06 3.64E-05 Ba-140 4.00E-05 4.00E-08 2.07E-06 9.59E-09 1.14E-03 2.74E-05 Ba-141 1.12E-10 7.70E-14 3.55E-12 4.64E-14 2.12E-06 3.39E-06 Ba-142 2.84E-11 2.36E-14 1.40E-12 1.36E-14 1.11E-06 4.95E-07 La-140 3.61E-07 1.43E-07 3.68E-08 1.20E-04 6.06E-05 La-142 7.36E-10 2.69E-10 6.46E-11 5.87E-06 4.25E-05 Ce-143 2.09E-07 1.38E-07	I-135	2.76E-06	5.43E-06	1.98E-06	4.97E-04	6.05E-06		1.31E-06
Cs-137 3.92E-04 4.37E-04 3.25E-05 1.23E-04 5.09E-05 9.53E-07 Cs-138 3.61E-07 5.58E-07 2.84E-07 2.93E-07 4.67E-08 6.26E-07 Ba-139 118.06E- 09 7.03E-13 3.07E-11 4.23E-13 4.25E-06 3.64E-05 Ba-140 4.00E-05 4.00E-08 2.07E-06 9.59E-09 1.14E-03 2.74E-05 Ba-141 1.12E-10 7.70E-14 3.55E-12 4.64E-14 2.12E-06 3.39E-06 Ba-142 2.84E-11 2.36E-14 1.40E-12 1.36E-14 1.11E-06 4.95E-07 La-140 3.61E-07 1.43E-07 3.68E-08 1.20E-04 6.06E-05 La-142 7.36E-10 2.69E-10 6.46E-11 5.87E-06 4.25E-05 Ce-141 1.98E-05 1.19E-05 1.42E-06 3.75E-06 3.69E-04 1.54E-05 Ce-144 2.28E-03 8.65E-04	Cs-134	2.83E-04	5.02E-04	5.32E-05		1.36E-04	5.69E-05	9.53E-07
Cs-138 3.61E-07 5.58E-07 2.84E-07 2.93E-07 4.67E-08 6.26E-07 Ba-139 118.06E-09 7.03E-13 3.07E-11 4.23E-13 4.25E-06 3.64E-05 Ba-140 4.00E-05 4.00E-08 2.07E-06 9.59E-09 1.14E-03 2.74E-05 Ba-141 1.12E-10 7.70E-14 3.55E-12 4.64E-14 2.12E-06 3.39E-06 Ba-142 2.84E-11 2.36E-14 1.40E-12 1.36E-14 1.11E-06 4.95E-07 La-140 3.61E-07 1.43E-07 3.68E-08 1.20E-04 6.06E-05 La-142 7.36E-10 2.69E-10 6.46E-11 5.87E-06 4.25E-05 Ce-141 1.98E-05 1.19E-05 1.42E-06 3.75E-06 3.69E-04 1.54E-05 Ce-143 2.09E-07 1.38E-07 1.58E-08 4.03E-08 8.30E-05 3.55E-05 Ce-144 2.28E-03 8.65E-04 1.26E-04	Cs-136	3.45E-05	9.61E-05	3.78E-05		4.03E-05	8.40E-06	1.02E-06
Ba-139 118.06E- 09 7.03E-13 3.07E-11 4.23E-13 4.25E-06 3.64E-05 Ba-140 4.00E-05 4.00E-08 2.07E-06 9.59E-09 1.14E-03 2.74E-05 Ba-141 1.12E-10 7.70E-14 3.55E-12 4.64E-14 2.12E-06 3.39E-06 Ba-142 2.84E-11 2.36E-14 1.40E-12 1.36E-14 1.11E-06 4.95E-07 La-140 3.61E-07 1.43E-07 3.68E-08 1.20E-04 6.06E-05 La-142 7.36E-10 2.69E-10 6.46E-11 5.87E-06 4.25E-05 Ce-141 1.98E-05 1.19E-05 1.42E-06 3.75E-06 3.69E-04 1.54E-05 Ce-143 2.09E-07 1.38E-07 1.58E-08 4.03E-08 8.30E-05 3.55E-05 Ce-144 2.28E-03 8.65E-04 1.26E-04 3.84E-04 7.03E-03 1.06E-04 Pr-143 1.00E-05 3.74E-06 4.99E-07 4.80E-12 1.15E-06 3.06E-06	Cs-137	3.92E-04	4.37E-04	3.25E-05		1.23E-04	5.09E-05	9.53E-07
Ba-140 4.00E-05 4.00E-08 2.07E-06 9.59E-09 1.14E-03 2.74E-05 Ba-141 1.12E-10 7.70E-14 3.55E-12 4.64E-14 2.12E-06 3.39E-06 Ba-142 2.84E-11 2.36E-14 1.40E-12 1.36E-14 1.11E-06 4.95E-07 La-140 3.61E-07 1.43E-07 3.68E-08 1.20E-04 6.06E-05 La-142 7.36E-10 2.69E-10 6.46E-11 5.87E-06 4.25E-05 Ce-141 1.98E-05 1.19E-05 1.42E-06 3.75E-06 3.69E-04 1.54E-05 Ce-143 2.09E-07 1.38E-07 1.58E-08 4.03E-08 8.30E-05 3.55E-05 Ce-144 2.28E-03 8.65E-04 1.26E-04 3.84E-04 7.03E-03 1.06E-04 Pr-143 1.00E-05 3.74E-06 4.99E-07 1.41E-06 3.09E-04 2.66E-05 Pr-144 3.42E-11 1.32E-11 1.72E-12 4.80E-12 1.15E-06 3.06E-06	Cs-138	3.61E-07	5.58E-07	2.84E-07		2.93E-07	4.67E-08	6.26E-07
Ba-141 1.12E-10 7.70E-14 3.55E-12 4.64E-14 2.12E-06 3.39E-06 Ba-142 2.84E-11 2.36E-14 1.40E-12 1.36E-14 1.11E-06 4.95E-07 La-140 3.61E-07 1.43E-07 3.68E-08 1.20E-04 6.06E-05 La-142 7.36E-10 2.69E-10 6.46E-11 5.87E-06 4.25E-05 Ce-141 1.98E-05 1.19E-05 1.42E-06 3.75E-06 3.69E-04 1.54E-05 Ce-143 2.09E-07 1.38E-07 1.58E-08 4.03E-08 8.30E-05 3.55E-05 Ce-144 2.28E-03 8.65E-04 1.26E-04 3.84E-04 7.03E-03 1.06E-04 Pr-143 1.00E-05 3.74E-06 4.99E-07 1.41E-06 3.09E-04 2.66E-05 Pr-144 3.42E-11 1.32E-11 1.72E-12 4.80E-12 1.15E-06 3.06E-06	Ba-139		7.03E-13	3.07E-11		4.23E-13	4.25E-06	3.64E-05
Ba-142 2.84E-11 2.36E-14 1.40E-12 1.36E-14 1.11E-06 4.95E-07 La-140 3.61E-07 1.43E-07 3.68E-08 1.20E-04 6.06E-05 La-142 7.36E-10 2.69E-10 6.46E-11 5.87E-06 4.25E-05 Ce-141 1.98E-05 1.19E-05 1.42E-06 3.75E-06 3.69E-04 1.54E-05 Ce-143 2.09E-07 1.38E-07 1.58E-08 4.03E-08 8.30E-05 3.55E-05 Ce-144 2.28E-03 8.65E-04 1.26E-04 3.84E-04 7.03E-03 1.06E-04 Pr-143 1.00E-05 3.74E-06 4.99E-07 1.41E-06 3.09E-04 2.66E-05 Pr-144 3.42E-11 1.32E-11 1.72E-12 4.80E-12 1.15E-06 3.06E-06	Ba-140	4.00E-05	4.00E-08	2.07E-06		9.59E-09	1.14E-03	2.74E-05
La-140 3.61E-07 1.43E-07 3.68E-08 1.20E-04 6.06E-05 La-142 7.36E-10 2.69E-10 6.46E-11 5.87E-06 4.25E-05 Ce-141 1.98E-05 1.19E-05 1.42E-06 3.75E-06 3.69E-04 1.54E-05 Ce-143 2.09E-07 1.38E-07 1.58E-08 4.03E-08 8.30E-05 3.55E-05 Ce-144 2.28E-03 8.65E-04 1.26E-04 3.84E-04 7.03E-03 1.06E-04 Pr-143 1.00E-05 3.74E-06 4.99E-07 1.41E-06 3.09E-04 2.66E-05 Pr-144 3.42E-11 1.32E-11 1.72E-12 4.80E-12 1.15E-06 3.06E-06	Ba-141	1.12E-10	7.70E-14	3.55E-12		4.64E-14	2.12E-06	3.39E-06
La-142 7.36E-10 2.69E-10 6.46E-11 5.87E-06 4.25E-05 Ce-141 1.98E-05 1.19E-05 1.42E-06 3.75E-06 3.69E-04 1.54E-05 Ce-143 2.09E-07 1.38E-07 1.58E-08 4.03E-08 8.30E-05 3.55E-05 Ce-144 2.28E-03 8.65E-04 1.26E-04 3.84E-04 7.03E-03 1.06E-04 Pr-143 1.00E-05 3.74E-06 4.99E-07 1.41E-06 3.09E-04 2.66E-05 Pr-144 3.42E-11 1.32E-11 1.72E-12 4.80E-12 1.15E-06 3.06E-06	Ba-142	2.84E-11	2.36E-14	1.40E-12		1.36E-14	1.11E-06	4.95E-07
Ce-141 1.98E-05 1.19E-05 1.42E-06 3.75E-06 3.69E-04 1.54E-05 Ce-143 2.09E-07 1.38E-07 1.58E-08 4.03E-08 8.30E-05 3.55E-05 Ce-144 2.28E-03 8.65E-04 1.26E-04 3.84E-04 7.03E-03 1.06E-04 Pr-143 1.00E-05 3.74E-06 4.99E-07 1.41E-06 3.09E-04 2.66E-05 Pr-144 3.42E-11 1.32E-11 1.72E-12 4.80E-12 1.15E-06 3.06E-06	La-140	3.61E-07	1.43E-07	3.68E-08			1.20E-04	6.06E-05
Ce-143 2.09E-07 1.38E-07 1.58E-08 4.03E-08 8.30E-05 3.55E-05 Ce-144 2.28E-03 8.65E-04 1.26E-04 3.84E-04 7.03E-03 1.06E-04 Pr-143 1.00E-05 3.74E-06 4.99E-07 1.41E-06 3.09E-04 2.66E-05 Pr-144 3.42E-11 1.32E-11 1.72E-12 4.80E-12 1.15E-06 3.06E-06	La-142	7.36E-10	2.69E-10	6.46E-11			5.87E-06	4.25E-05
Ce-144 2.28E-03 8.65E-04 1.26E-04 3.84E-04 7.03E-03 1.06E-04 Pr-143 1.00E-05 3.74E-06 4.99E-07 1.41E-06 3.09E-04 2.66E-05 Pr-144 3.42E-11 1.32E-11 1.72E-12 4.80E-12 1.15E-06 3.06E-06	Ce-141	1.98E-05	1.19E-05	1.42E-06		3.75E-06	3.69E-04	1.54E-05
Pr-143 1.00E-05 3.74E-06 4.99E-07 1.41E-06 3.09E-04 2.66E-05 Pr-144 3.42E-11 1.32E-11 1.72E-12 4.80E-12 1.15E-06 3.06E-06	Ce-143	2.09E-07	1.38E-07	1.58E-08		4.03E-08	8.30E-05	3.55E-05
Pr-144 3.42E-11 1.32E-11 1.72E-12 4.80E-12 1.15E-06 3.06E-06	Ce-144	2.28E-03	8.65E-04	1.26E-04		3.84E-04	7.03E-03	1.06E-04
	Pr-143	1.00E-05	3.74E-06	4.99E-07		1.41E-06	3.09E-04	2.66E-05
Nd-147 5.67E-06 5.81E-06 3.57E-07 2.25E-06 2.30E-04 2.23E-05	Pr-144	3.42E-11	1.32E-11	1.72E-12		4.80E-12	1.15E-06	3.06E-06
	Nd-147	5.67E-06	5.81E-06	3.57E-07		2.25E-06	2.30E-04	2.23E-05

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Table 12 - Inhalation Dose Factors for Infant (mrem per pCi Inhaled)

Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	Gl-LLI
W-187	9.26E-09	6.44E-09	2.23E-09			2.83E-05	2.54E-05
Np-239	2.65E-07	2.13E-07	1.34E-08		4.73E-08	4.25E-05	1.78E-05

Table 13 - Ingestion Dose Factors for Adult (mrem per pCi Ingested)

Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI
H-3		5.99E-08	5.99E-08	5.99E-08	5.99E-08	5.99E-08	5.99E-08
C-14	2.84E-06	5.68E-07	5.68E-07	5.68E-07	5.68E-07	5.68E-07	5.68E-07
Na-24	1.70E-06						
P-32	1.93E-04	1.20E-05	7.46E-06				2.17E-05
Cr-51			2.66E-09	1.59E-09	5.86E-10	3.53E-09	6.69E-07
Mn-54		4.57E-06	8.72E-07		1.36E-06		1.40E-05
Mn-56		1.15E-07	2.04E-08		1.46E-07		3.67E-06
Fe-55	2.75E-06	1.90E-06	4.43E-07			1.06E-06	1.09E-06
Fe-59	4.34E-06	1.02E-05	3.91E-06			2.85E-06	3.40E-05
Co-58		7.45E-07	1.67E-06				1.51E-05
Co-60		2.14E-06	4.72E-06				4.02E-05
Ni-63	1.30E-04	9.01E-06	4.36E-06				1.88E-06
Ni-65	5.28E-07	6.86E-08	3.13E-08				1.74E-06
Cu-64		8.33E-08	3.91E-08		2.10E-07		7.10E-06
Zn-65	4.84E-06	1.54E-05	6.96E-06		1.03E-05		9.70E-06
Zn-69	1.03E-08	1.97E-08	1.37E-09		1.28E-08		2.96E-09
Br-83			4.02E-08				5.79E-08
Br-84			5.21E-08				4.09E-13
Br-85			2.14E-09				
Rb-86		2.11E-05	9.83E-06				4.16E-06
Rb-88		6.05E-08	3.21E-08				8.36E-19
Rb-89		4.01E-08	2.82E-08				2.33E-21
Sr-89	3.08E-04		8.84E-06				4.94E-05
Sr-90	8.71E-03		1.75E-04				2.19E-04
Sr-91	5.67E-06		2.29E-07				2.70E-05
Sr-92	2.15E-06		9.30E-08				4.26E-05
Y-90	9.62E-09		2.58E-10				1.02E-04
Y-91M	9.09E-11		3.52E-12				2.67E-10
Y-91	1.41E-07		3.77E-09				7.76E-05
Y-92	8.45E-10		2.47E-11				1.48E-05
Y-93	2.68E-09		7.40E-11				8.50E-05
Zr-95	3.04E-08	9.75E-09	6.60E-09		1.53E-08		3.09E-05
Zr-97	1.68E-09	3.39E-10	1.55E-10		5.12E-10		1.05E-04
Nb-95	6.22E-09	3.46E-09	1.86E-09		3.42E-09		2.10E-05
Mo-99		4.31E-06	8.20E-07		9.76E-06		9.99E-06
Tc-99M	2.47E-10	6.98E-10	8.89E-09		1.06E-08	3.42E-10	4.13E-07

Table 13 - Ingestion Dose Factors for Adult (mrem per pCi Ingested)

Nuclide Bone Liver T. Body Thyroid Kidney Lung GI-L Tc-101 2.54E-10 3.66E-10 3.59E-09 6.59E-09 1.87E-10 1.10E Ru-103 1.85E-07 7.97E-08 7.06E-07 2.16E Ru-105 1.54E-08 6.08E-09 1.99E-07 9.42E Ru-106 2.75E-06 3.48E-07 5.31E-06 1.78E Ag-110M 1.60E-07 1.48E-07 8.79E-08 2.91E-07 6.04E Te-125M 2.68E-06 9.71E-07 3.59E-07 8.06E-07 1.09E-05 1.07E Te-127M 6.77E-06 2.42E-06 8.25E-07 1.73E-06 2.75E-05 2.27E Te-127 1.10E-07 3.95E-08 2.38E-08 8.15E-08 4.48E-07 8.68E
Ru-103 1.85E-07 7.97E-08 7.06E-07 2.16E Ru-105 1.54E-08 6.08E-09 1.99E-07 9.42E Ru-106 2.75E-06 3.48E-07 5.31E-06 1.78E Ag-110M 1.60E-07 1.48E-07 8.79E-08 2.91E-07 6.04E Te-125M 2.68E-06 9.71E-07 3.59E-07 8.06E-07 1.09E-05 1.07E Te-127M 6.77E-06 2.42E-06 8.25E-07 1.73E-06 2.75E-05 2.27E Te-127 1.10E-07 3.95E-08 2.38E-08 8.15E-08 4.48E-07 8.68E
Ru-105 1.54E-08 6.08E-09 1.99E-07 9.42E Ru-106 2.75E-06 3.48E-07 5.31E-06 1.78E Ag-110M 1.60E-07 1.48E-07 8.79E-08 2.91E-07 6.04E Te-125M 2.68E-06 9.71E-07 3.59E-07 8.06E-07 1.09E-05 1.07E Te-127M 6.77E-06 2.42E-06 8.25E-07 1.73E-06 2.75E-05 2.27E Te-127 1.10E-07 3.95E-08 2.38E-08 8.15E-08 4.48E-07 8.68E
Ru-106 2.75E-06 3.48E-07 5.31E-06 1.78E Ag-110M 1.60E-07 1.48E-07 8.79E-08 2.91E-07 6.04E Te-125M 2.68E-06 9.71E-07 3.59E-07 8.06E-07 1.09E-05 1.07E Te-127M 6.77E-06 2.42E-06 8.25E-07 1.73E-06 2.75E-05 2.27E Te-127 1.10E-07 3.95E-08 2.38E-08 8.15E-08 4.48E-07 8.68E
Ag-110M 1.60E-07 1.48E-07 8.79E-08 2.91E-07 6.04E Te-125M 2.68E-06 9.71E-07 3.59E-07 8.06E-07 1.09E-05 1.07E Te-127M 6.77E-06 2.42E-06 8.25E-07 1.73E-06 2.75E-05 2.27E Te-127 1.10E-07 3.95E-08 2.38E-08 8.15E-08 4.48E-07 8.68E
Te-125M 2.68E-06 9.71E-07 3.59E-07 8.06E-07 1.09E-05 1.07E Te-127M 6.77E-06 2.42E-06 8.25E-07 1.73E-06 2.75E-05 2.27E Te-127 1.10E-07 3.95E-08 2.38E-08 8.15E-08 4.48E-07 8.68E
Te-127M 6.77E-06 2.42E-06 8.25E-07 1.73E-06 2.75E-05 2.27E Te-127 1.10E-07 3.95E-08 2.38E-08 8.15E-08 4.48E-07 8.68E
Te-127 1.10E-07 3.95E-08 2.38E-08 8.15E-08 4.48E-07 8.68E
Te-129M 1.15E-05 4.29E-06 1.82E-06 3.95E-06 4.80E-05 5.79E
Te-129 3.14E-08 1.18E-08 7.65E-09 2.41E-08 1.32E-07 2.37E
Te-131M 1.73E-06 8.46E-07 7.05E-07 1.34E-06 8.57E-06 8.40E
Te-131 1.97E-08 8.23E-09 6.22E-09 1.62E-08 8.63E-08 2.79E
Te-132 2.52E-06 1.63E-06 1.53E-06 1.80E-06 1.57E-05 7.71E
I-130 7.56E-07 2.23E-06 8.80E-07 1.89E-04 3.48E-06 1.92E
I-131 4.16E-06 5.95E-06 3.41E-06 1.95E-03 1.02E-05 1.57E
I-132 2.03E-07 5.43E-07 1.90E-07 1.90E-05 8.65E-07 1.02E
I-133 1.42E-06 2.47E-06 7.53E-07 3.63E-04 4.31E-06 2.22E
I-134
I-135 4.43E-07 1.16E-06 4.28E-07 7.65E-05 1.86E-06 1.31E
Cs-134 6.22E-05 1.48E-04 1.21E-04 4.79E-05 1.59E-05 2.59E
Cs-136 6.51E-06 2.57E-05 1.85E-05 1.43E-05 1.96E-06 2.92E
Cs-137 7.97E-05 1.09E-04 7.14E-05 3.70E-05 1.23E-05 2.11E
Cs-138 5.52E-08 1.09E-07 5.40E-08 8.01E-08 7.91E-09 4.65E
Ba-139 9.70E-08 6.91E-11 2.84E-09 6.46E-11 3.92E-11 1.72E
Ba-140 2.03E-05 2.55E-08 1.33E-06 8.67E-09 1.46E-08 4.18E
Ba-141 4.71E-08 3.56E-11 1.59E-09 3.31E-11 2.02E-11 2.22E
Ba-142 2.13E-08 2.19E-11 1.34E-09 1.85E-11 1.24E-11 3.00E
La-140 2.50E-09 1.26E-09 3.33E-10 9.25E
La-142 1.28E-10 5.82E-11 1.45E-11 4.25E
Ce-141 9.36E-09 6.33E-09 7.18E-10 2.94E-09 2.42E
Ce-143 1.65E-09 1.22E-06 1.35E-10 5.37E-10 4.56E
Ce-144 4.88E-07 2.04E-07 2.62E-08 1.21E-07 1.65E
Pr-143 9.20E-09 3.69E-09 4.56E-10 2.13E-09 4.03E
Pr-144 3.01E-11 1.25E-11 1.53E-12 7.05E-12 4.33E
Nd-147 6.29E-09 7.27E-09 4.35E-10 4.25E-09 3.49E
W-187
Np-239 1.19E-09 1.17E-10 6.45E-11 3.65E-10 2.40E

Table 14 - Ingestion Dose Factors for Teenager (mrem ner nCi Ingested)

	(mrem per pCi Ingested)							
Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI	
H-3		6.04E-08	6.04E-08	6.04E-08	6.04E-08	6.04E-08	6.04E-08	
C-14	4.06E-06	8.12E-07	8.12E-07	8.12E-07	8.12E-07	8.12E-07	8.12E-07	
Na-24	2.30E-06	2.30E-06	2.30E-06	2.30E-06	2.30E-06	2.30E-06	2.30E-06	
P-32	2.76E-04	1.71E-05	1.07E-05				2.32E-05	
Cr-51			3.60E-09	2.00E-09	7.89E-10	5.14E-09	6.05E-07	
Mn-54		5.90E-06	1.17E-06		1.76E-06		1.21E-05	
Mn-56		1.58E-07	2.81E-08		2.00E-07		1.04E-05	
Fe-55	3.78E-06	2.68E-06	6.25E-07			1.70E-06	1.16E-06	
Fe-59	5.87E-06	1.37E-05	5.29E-06		`	4.32E-06	3.24E-05	
Co-58		9.72E-07	2.24E-06				1.34E-05	
Co-60		2.81E-06	6.33E-06				3.66E-05	
Ni-63	1.77E-04	1.25E-05	6.00E-06				1.99E-06	
Ni-65	7.49E-07	9.57E-08	4.36E-08				5.19E-06	
Cu-64		1.15E-07	5.41E-08		2.91E-07		8.92E-06	
Zn-65	5.76E-06	2.00E-05	9.33E-06		1.28E-05		8.47E-06	
Zn-69	1.47E-08	2.80E-08	1.96E-09		1.83E-08		5.16E-08	
Br-83			5.74E-08					
Br-84			7.22E-08					
Br-85			3.05E-09					
Rb-86		2.98E-05	1.40E-05				4.41E-06	
Rb-88		8.52E-08	4.54E-08				7.30E-15	
Rb-89		5.50E-08	3.89E-08				8.43E-17	
Sr-89	4.40E-04		1.26E-05				5.24E-05	
Sr-90	1.02E-02		2.04E-04				2.33E-04	
Sr-91	8.07E-06		3.21E-07				3.66E-05	
Sr-92	3.05E-06		1.30E-07				7.77E-05	
Y-90	1.37E-08		3.69E-10				1.13E-04	
Y-91M	1.29E-10		4.93E-12				6.09E-09	
Y-91	2.01E-07		5.39E-09				8.24E-05	
Y-92	1.21E-09		3.50E-11				3.32E-05	
Y-93	3.83E-09		1.05E-10				1.17E-04	
Zr-95	4.12E-08	1.30E-08	8.94E-09		1.91E-08		3.00E-05	
Zr-97	2.37E-09	4.69E-10	2.16E-10		7.11E-10		1.27E-04	
Nb-95	8.22E-09	4.56E-09	2.51E-09		4.42E-09		1.95E-05	
Mo-99		6.03E-06	1.15E-06		1.38E-05		1.08E-05	
Tc-99M	3.32E-10	9.26E-10	1.20E-08		1.38E-08	5.14E-10	6.08E-07	
		<u></u>	L	<u></u>	<u> </u>		L	

Table 14 - Ingestion Dose Factors for Teenager (mrem per pCi Ingested)

Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI
Tc-101	3.60E-10	5.12E-10	5.03E-09	Tityloid	9.26E-09	3.12E-10	8.75E-17
Ru-103	2.55E-07	J. 12L-10	1.09E-07		8.99E-07	3.12L-10	2.13E-05
Ru-105	2.18E-08		8.46E-09		2.75E-07		1.76E-05
Ru-106	3.92E-06		4.94E-07		7.56E-06		1.70L-03
	2.05E-07	1.94E-07	1.18E-07		3.70E-07		5.45E-05
Ag-110M Te-125M	3.83E-06	1.34E-07	5.12E-07	1.07E-06			1.13E-05
Te-125M	9.67E-06	3.43E-06	1.15E-06	2.30E-06	3.92E-05		2.41E-05
Te-127W	1.58E-07	5.60E-08	3.40E-08	1.09E-07	6.40E-07		1.22E-05
	1.63E-07	6.05E-06	2.58E-06	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Te-129M				5.26E-06	6.82E-05		6.12E-05
Te-129	4.48E-08	1.67E-08	1.09E-08	3.20E-08	1.88E-07		2.45E-07
Te-131M	2.44E-06	1.17E-06	9.76E-07	1.76E-06	1.22E-05		9.39E-05
Te-131	2.79E-08	1.15E-08	8.72E-09	2.15E-08	1.22E-07		2.29E-09
Te-132	3.49E-06	2.21E-06	2.08E-06	2.33E-06	2.12E-05		7.00E-05
I-130	1.03E-06	2.98E-06	1.19E-06	2.43E-04	4.59E-06		2.29E-06
I-131	5.85E-06	8.19E-06	4.40E-06	2.39E-03	1.41E-05		1.62E-06
I-132	2.79E-07	7.30E-07	2.62E-07	2.46E-05	1.15E-06		3.18E-07
I-133	2.01E-06	3.41E-06	1.04E-06	4.76E-04	5.98E-06		2.58E-06
I-134	1.46E-07	3.87E-07	1.39E-07	6.45E-06	6.10E-07		5.10E-09
I-135	6.10E-07	1.57E-06	5.82E-07	1.01E-04	2.48E-06		1.74E-06
Cs-134	8.37E-05	1.97E-04	9.14E-05		6.26E-05	2.39E-05	2.45E-06
Cs-136	8.59E-06	3.38E-05	2.27E-05		1.84E-05	2.90E-06	2.72E-06
Cs-137	1.12E-04	1.49E-04	5.19E-05		5.07E-05	1.97E-05	2.12E-06
Cs-138	7.76E-08	1.49E-07	7.45E-08		1.10E-07	1.28E-08	4.76E-11
Ba-139	1.39E-07	9.78E-11	4.05E-09		9.22E-11	6.74E-11	1.24E-06
Ba-140	2.84E-05	3.48E-08	1.83E-06		1.18E-08	2.34E-08	4.38E-05
Ba-141	6.71E-08	5.01E-11	2.24E-09		4.65E-11	3.43E-11	1.43E-13
Ba-142	2.99E-08	2.99E-11	1.84E-09	/	2.53E-11	1.99E-11	9.18E-20
La-140	3.48E-09	1.71E-09	4.55E-10				9.28E-05
La-142	1.79E-10	7.95E-11	1.98E-11				2.42E-06
Ce-141	1.33E-08	8.88E-09	1.02E-09		4.18E-09		2.54E-05
Ce-143	2.35E-09	1.71E-06	1.91E-10		7.67E-10		5.14E-05
Ce-144	6.96E-07	2.88E-07	3.74E-08		1.72E-07		1.75E-04
Pr-143	1.31E-08	5.23E-09	6.52E-10		3.04E-09		4.31E-05
Pr-144	4.30E-11	1.76E-11	2.18E-12		1.01E-11		4.74E-14
Nd-147	9.38E-09	1.02E-08	6.11E-10		5.99E-09		3.68E-05
W-187	1.46E-07	1.19E-07	4.17E-08				3.22E-05
Np-239	1.76E-09	1.66E-10	9.22E-11		5.21E-10		2.67E-05
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Table 15 - Ingestion Dose Factors for Child (mrem per pCi Ingested)

(mrem per pCi Ingested)							
Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI
H-3		1.16E-07	1.16E-07	1.16E-07	1.16E-07	1.16E-07	1.16E-07
C-14	1.21E-05	2.42E-06	2.42E-06	2.42E-06	2.42E-06	2.42E-06	2.42E-06
Na-24	5.80E-06						
P-32	8.25E-04	3.86E-05	3.18E-05				2.28E-05
Cr-51			8.90E-09	4.94E-09	1.35E-09	9.02E-09	4.72E-07
Mn-54		1.07E-05	2.85E-06		3.00E-06		8.98E-06
Mn-56		3.34E-07	7.54E-08		4.04E-07		4.84E-05
Fe-55	1.15E-05	6.10E-06	1.89E-06			3.45E-06	1.13E-06
Fe-59	1.65E-05	2.67E-05	1.33E-05			7.74E-06	2.78E-05
Co-58		1.80E-06	5.51E-06				1.05E-05
Co-60		5.29E-06	1.56E-05				2.93E-05
Ni-63	5.38E-04	2.88E-05	1.83E-05				1.94E-06
Ni-65	2.22E-06	2.09E-07	1.22E-07				2.56E-05
Cu-64		2.45E-07	1.48E-07		5.92E-07		1.15E-05
Zn-65	1.37E-05	3.65E-05	2.27E-05		2.30E-05		6.41E-06
Zn-69	4.38E-08	6.33E-08	5.85E-09		3.84E-08		3.99E-06
Br-83			1.71E-07				
Br-84			1.98E-07				
Br-85			9.12E-09				
Rb-86		6.70E-05	4.12E-05				4.31E-06
Rb-88		1.90E-07	1.32E-07				9.32E-09
Rb-89		1.17E-07	1.04E-07				1.02E-09
Sr-89	1.32E-03		3.77E-05				5.11E-05
Sr-90	2.56E-02		5.15E-04				2.29E-04
Sr-91	2.40E-05		9.06E-07				5.30E-05
Sr-92	9.03E-06		3.62E-07				1.71E-04
Y-90	4.11E-08		1.10E-09				1.17E-04
Y-91M	3.82E-10		1.39E-11				7.48E-07
Y-91	6.02E-07		1.61E-08				8.02E-05
Y-92	3.60E-09		1.03E-10				1.04E-04
Y-93	1.14E-08		3.13E-10				1.70E-04
Zr-95	1.16E-07	2.55E-08	2.27E-08		3.65E-08		2.66E-05
Zr-97	6.99E-09	1.01E-09	5.96E-10		1.45E-09		1.53E-04
Nb-95	2.25E-08	8.76E-09	6.26E-09		8.23E-09		1.62E-05
Mo-99		1.33E-05	3.29E-06		2.84E-05		1.10E-05
Tc-99M	9.23E-10	1.81E-09	3.00E-08		2.63E-08	9.19E-10	1.03E-06
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FORT CALHOUN STATION OFF-SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL REFERENCE USE

Table 15 - Ingestion Dose Factors for Child (mrem per pCi Ingested)

Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI
Tc-101	1.07E-09	1.12E-09	1.42E-08		1.91E-08	5.92E-10	3.56E-09
Ru-103	7.31E-07		2.81E-07	····	1.84E-06		1.89E-05
Ru-105	6.45E-08		2.34E-08		5.67E-07		4.21E-05
Ru-106	1.17E-05		1.46E-06		1.58E-05		1.82E-04
Ag-110M	5.39E-07	3.64E-07	2.91E-07		6.78E-07		4.33E-05
Te-125M	1.14E-05	3.09E-06	1.52E-06	3.20E-06			1.10E-05
Te-127M	2.89E-05	7.78E-06	3.43E-06	6.91E-06	8.24E-05		2.34E-05
Te-127	4.71E-07	1.27E-07	1.01E-07	3.26E-07	1.34E-06		1.84E-05
Te-129M	4.87E-05	1.36E-05	7.56E-06	1.57E-05	1.43E-04		5.94E-05
Te-129	1.34E-07	3.74E-08	3.18E-08	9.56E-08	3.92E-07		8.34E-06
Te-131M	7.20E-06	2.49E-06	2.65E-06	5.12E-06	2.41E-05		1.01E-04
Te-131	8.30E-08	2.53E-08	2.47E-08	6.35E-08	2.51E-07		4.36E-07
Te-132	1.01E-05	4.47E-06	5.40E-06	6.51E-06	4.15E-05		4.50E-05
I-130	2.92E-06	5.90E-06	3.04E-06	6.50E-04	8.82E-06		2.76E-06
I-131	1.72E-05	1.73E-05	9.83E-06	5.72E-03	2.84E-05		1.54E-06
I-132	8.00E-07	1.47E-06	6.76E-07	6.82E-05	2.25E-06		1.73E-06
I-133	5.92E-06	7.32E-06	2.77E-06	1.36E-03	1.22E-05		2.95E-06
1-134	4.19E-07	7.78E-07	3.58E-07	1.79E-05	1.19E-06		5.16E-07
I-135	1.75E-06	3.15E-06	1.49E-06	2.79E-04	4.83E-06		2.40E-06
Cs-134	2.34E-04	3.84E-04	8.10E-05		1.19E-04	4.27E-05	2.07E-06
Cs-136	2.35E-05	6.46E-05	4.18E-05		3.44E-05	5.13E-06	2.27E-06
Cs-137	3.27E-04	3.13E-04	4.62E-05		1.02E-04	3.67E-05	1.96E-06
Cs-138	2.28E-07	3.17E-07	2.01E-07		2.23E-07	2.40E-08	1.46E-07
Ba-139	4.14E-07	2.21E-10	1.20E-08		1.93E-10	1.30E-10	2.39E-05
Ba-140	8.31E-05	7.28E-08	4.85E-06		2.37E-08	4.34E-08	4.21E-05
Ba-141	2.00E-07	1.12E-10	6.51E-09		9.69E-11	6.58E-10	1.14E-07
Ba-142	8.74E-08	6.29E-11	4.88E-09		5.09E-11	3.70E-11	1.14E-09
La-140	1.01E-08	3.53E-09	1.19E-09				9.84E-05
La-142	5.24E-10	1.67E-10	5.23E-11				3.31E-05
Ce-141	3.97E-08	1.98E-08	2.94E-09		8.68E-09	~~~	2.47E-05
Ce-143	6.99E-09	3.79E-06	5.49E-10		1.59E-09		5.55E-05
Ce-144	2.08E-06	6.52E-07	1.11E-07		3.61E-07		1.70E-04
Pr-143	3.93E-08	1.18E-08	1.95E-09		6.39E-09		4.24E-05
Pr-144	1.29E-10	3.99E-11	6.49E-12		2.11E-11		8.59E-08
Nd-147	2.79E-08	2.26E-08	1.75E-09		1.24E-08		3.58E-05
W-187	4.29E-07	2.54E-07	1.14E-07				3.57E-05
Np-239	5.25E-09	3.77E-10	2.65E-10		1.09E-09		2.79E-05

Table 16 - Ingestion Dose Factors for Infant (mrem per pCi Ingested)

H-3	(mrem per pCi ingested)							
C-14 2.37E-05 5.06E-06 1.01E-05 1.01E-05 <t< td=""><td>Nuclide</td><td>Bone</td><td></td><td>T. Body</td><td></td><td>Kidney .</td><td></td><td>GI-LLI</td></t<>	Nuclide	Bone		T. Body		Kidney .		GI-LLI
Na-24 1.01E-05 2.30E-05 2.30E-05 2.30E-05 4.1E-07			<u>.</u>					
P-32 1.70E-03 1.00E-04 6.59E-05 2.30E-05 Cr-51 1.41E-08 9.20E-09 2.01E-09 1.79E-08 4.11E-07 Mn-54 1.99E-05 4.51E-06 4.41E-06 7.33E-05 Mn-56 8.18E-07 1.41E-07 7.03E-07 7.43E-05 Fe-55 1.39E-05 8.98E-06 2.40E-06 4.36E-06 1.14E-06 Fe-59 3.08E-05 5.38E-05 2.12E-05 1.59E-05 2.57E-05 Co-60 1.08E-05 2.55E-05 2.57E-05 Ni-63 6.34E-04 3.92E-05 2.20E-05 4.95E-06 Ni-63 4.70E-06 5.32E-07 2.42E-07 4.95E-05 Zn-64 6.09E-07 2.91E-05 1.03E-06 1.25E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07	C-14				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Cr-51 1.41E-08 9.20E-09 2.01E-09 1.79E-08 4.11E-07 Mn-54 1.99E-05 4.51E-06 4.41E-06 7.31E-06 Mn-56 8.18E-07 1.41E-07 7.03E-07 7.43E-05 Fe-55 1.39E-05 8.98E-06 4.36E-06 1.14E-06 Fe-59 3.08E-05 5.38E-05 2.12E-05 4.36E-06 1.14E-06 Co-58 3.60E-06 8.98E-06 8.97E-06 Co-60 1.08E-05 2.55E-05 2.57E-05 Ni-63 6.34E-04 3.92E-05 2.20E-05 1.95E-06 Ni-65 4.70E-06 5.32E-07 2.42E-07 1.03E-06 1.25E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 1.03E-06 5.33E-05 Zn-69 9.33	Na-24	1.01E-05	1.01E-05	1.01E-05	1.01E-05	1.01E-05	1.01E-05	1.01E-05
Mn-54 1.99E-05 4.51E-06 4.41E-06 7.31E-06 Mn-56 8.18E-07 1.41E-07 7.03E-07 7.43E-05 Fe-55 1.39E-05 8.98E-06 2.40E-06 4.36E-06 1.14E-06 Fe-59 3.08E-05 5.38E-05 2.12E-05 1.59E-05 2.57E-05 Co-60 1.08E-05 2.55E-05 8.97E-06 Co-60 1.08E-05 2.55E-05 2.57E-05 Ni-63 6.34E-04 3.92E-05 2.20E-05 4.05E-06 Ni-65 4.70E-06 5.32E-07 2.42E-07 1.03E-06 1.95E-06 Cu-64 6.09E-07 2.82E-07 1.03E-06 1.25E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 6.98E-08 1.37E-05 <tr< td=""><td>P-32</td><td>1.70E-03</td><td>1.00E-04</td><td>6.59E-05</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2.30E-05</td></tr<>	P-32	1.70E-03	1.00E-04	6.59E-05				2.30E-05
Mn-56 8.18E-07 1.41E-07 7.03E-07 7.43E-05 Fe-55 1.39E-05 8.98E-06 2.40E-06 4.36E-06 1.14E-06 Fe-59 3.08E-05 5.38E-05 2.12E-05 1.59E-05 2.57E-05 Co-60 1.08E-05 2.55E-05 2.57E-05 Ni-63 6.34E-04 3.92E-05 2.20E-05 1.95E-06 Ni-65 4.70E-06 5.32E-07 2.42E-07 4.06E-05 Cu-64 6.09E-07 2.82E-07 1.03E-06 1.25E-05 Zn-65 1.84E-05 6.31E-05 2.91E-05 3.06E-05 5.33E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 6.98E-08 1.37E-05 Br-83 3.63E-07	Cr-51			1.41E-08	9.20E-09	2.01E-09	1.79E-08	4.11E-07
Fe-55 1.39E-05 8.98E-06 2.40E-06 4.36E-06 1.14E-06 Fe-59 3.08E-05 5.38E-05 2.12E-05 1.59E-05 2.57E-05 Co-58 1.08E-05 2.55E-05 8.97E-06 Co-60 1.08E-05 2.55E-05 1.95E-06 Ni-63 6.34E-04 3.92E-05 2.20E-05 1.95E-06 Ni-65 4.70E-06 5.32E-07 2.42E-07 4.05E-05 Cu-64 6.09E-07 2.82E-07 1.03E-06 1.25E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 3.06E-05 5.33E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 6.98E-08 1.37E-05 Br-83 3.62E-07 Br-84 <td< td=""><td>Mn-54</td><td></td><td>1.99E-05</td><td>4.51E-06</td><td></td><td>4.41E-06</td><td></td><td>7.31E-06</td></td<>	Mn-54		1.99E-05	4.51E-06		4.41E-06		7.31E-06
Fe-59 3.08E-05 5.38E-05 2.12E-05 1.59E-05 2.57E-05 Co-58 3.60E-06 8.98E-06 8.97E-06 Co-60 1.08E-05 2.55E-05 2.57E-05 Ni-63 6.34E-04 3.92E-05 2.20E-05 1.95E-06 Ni-65 4.70E-06 5.32E-07 2.42E-07 4.05E-05 Cu-64 6.09E-07 2.82E-07 1.03E-06 1.25E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 6.98E-08 1.37E-05 Br-83 3.63E-07 1.37E-05 Br-84 3.82E-07 Br-85 1.70E-04 8.40E-05 4.35E-06 Rb-88 1.70E-04 <t< td=""><td>Mn-56</td><td></td><td>8.18E-07</td><td>1.41E-07</td><td></td><td>7.03E-07</td><td></td><td>7.43E-05</td></t<>	Mn-56		8.18E-07	1.41E-07		7.03E-07		7.43E-05
Co-58 3.60E-06 8.98E-06 8.97E-06 Co-60 1.08E-05 2.55E-05 2.57E-05 Ni-63 6.34E-04 3.92E-05 2.20E-05 1.95E-06 Ni-65 4.70E-06 5.32E-07 2.42E-07 4.05E-05 Cu-64 6.09E-07 2.82E-07 1.03E-06 1.25E-05 Zn-65 1.84E-05 6.31E-05 2.91E-05 3.06E-05 5.33E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 6.98E-08 1.37E-05 Br-83 3.63E-07 Br-84 3.82E-07	Fe-55	1.39E-05	8.98E-06	2.40E-06			4.36E-06	1.14E-06
Co-60 1.08E-05 2.55E-05 2.57E-05 Ni-63 6.34E-04 3.92E-05 2.20E-05 1.95E-06 Ni-65 4.70E-06 5.32E-07 2.42E-07 4.05E-05 Cu-64 6.09E-07 2.82E-07 1.03E-06 1.25E-05 Zn-65 1.84E-05 6.31E-05 2.91E-05 3.06E-05 5.33E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 6.98E-08 1.37E-05 Br-83 3.63E-07 Br-84 3.82E-07	Fe-59	3.08E-05	5.38E-05	2.12E-05			1.59E-05	2.57E-05
Ni-63 6.34E-04 3.92E-05 2.20E-05 1.95E-06 Ni-65 4.70E-06 5.32E-07 2.42E-07 4.05E-05 Cu-64 6.09E-07 2.82E-07 1.03E-06 1.25E-05 Zn-65 1.84E-05 6.31E-05 2.91E-05 3.06E-05 5.33E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 6.98E-08 1.37E-05 Br-83 3.63E-07 Br-84 3.82E-07 Br-85 1.70E-04 8.40E-05 -	Co-58		3.60E-06	8.98E-06				8.97E-06
Ni-65 4.70E-06 5.32E-07 2.42E-07 4.05E-05 Cu-64 6.09E-07 2.82E-07 1.03E-06 1.25E-05 Zn-65 1.84E-05 6.31E-05 2.91E-05 3.06E-05 5.33E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 6.98E-08 1.37E-05 Br-83 3.63E-07 Br-84 3.82E-07 Br-85 1.94E-08 Rb-86 1.70E-04 8.40E-05 Rb-88 4.98E-07 2.73E-07 9.74E-08 Sr-89 2.51E-03 7.20E-05 9.74E-08 Sr-90 2.83E-02 5.74E-04 5.92E-05 Sr-92 <td>Co-60</td> <td></td> <td>1.08E-05</td> <td>2.55E-05</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2.57E-05</td>	Co-60		1.08E-05	2.55E-05				2.57E-05
Cu-64 6.09E-07 2.82E-07 1.03E-06 1.25E-05 Zn-65 1.84E-05 6.31E-05 2.91E-05 3.06E-05 5.33E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 6.98E-08 1.37E-05 Br-83 3.63E-07 Br-84 3.82E-07 Br-85 1.94E-08 <	Ni-63	6.34E-04	3.92E-05		***			1.95E-06
Zn-65 1.84E-05 6.31E-05 2.91E-05 3.06E-05 5.33E-05 Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 6.98E-08 1.37E-05 Br-83 3.63E-07 Br-84 1.94E-08 Br-85 1.94E-08 Rb-86 1.70E-04 8.40E-05	Ni-65	4.70E-06	5.32E-07	2.42E-07				4.05E-05
Zn-69 9.33E-08 1.68E-07 1.25E-08 6.98E-08 1.37E-05 Br-83 3.63E-07 Br-84 3.82E-07 Br-85 1.94E-08 Rb-86 1.70E-04 8.40E-05 4.35E-06 Rb-88 4.98E-07 2.73E-07 4.85E-07 Rb-89 2.86E-07 1.97E-07 9.74E-08 Sr-89 2.51E-03 7.20E-05 9.74E-08 Sr-90 2.83E-02 5.74E-04 5.92E-05 Sr-91 5.00E-05 1.81E-06 5.92E-05 Sr-92 1.92E-05 7.13E-07 2.07E-04 Y-90	Cu-64		6.09E-07	2.82E-07		1.03E-06		1.25E-05
Br-83 3.63E-07	Zn-65	1.84E-05	6.31E-05	2.91E-05		3.06E-05		5.33E-05
Br-84 3.82E-07	Zn-69	9.33E-08	1.68E-07	1.25E-08		6.98E-08		1.37E-05
Br-85 1.70E-04 8.40E-05 4.35E-06 Rb-86 1.70E-04 8.40E-05 4.35E-06 Rb-88 4.98E-07 2.73E-07 4.85E-07 Rb-89 2.86E-07 1.97E-07 9.74E-08 Sr-89 2.51E-03 7.20E-05 9.74E-08 Sr-90 2.83E-02 5.74E-04 5.16E-05 Sr-91 5.00E-05 1.81E-06 5.92E-05 Sr-92 1.92E-05 7.13E-07 5.92E-05 Sr-92 1.92E-05 7.13E-07 2.07E-04 Y-90 8.69E-08 2.33E-09 1.20E-04 Y-91 1.13E-06 3.01E-08 8.10E-05 Y-92	Br-83			3.63E-07				
Rb-86 1.70E-04 8.40E-05 4.35E-06 Rb-88 4.98E-07 2.73E-07 4.85E-07 Rb-89 2.86E-07 1.97E-07 9.74E-08 Sr-89 2.51E-03 7.20E-05 9.74E-08 Sr-90 2.83E-02 5.74E-04 2.31E-04 Sr-91 5.00E-05 1.81E-06 2.31E-04 Sr-92 1.92E-05 7.13E-07 2.07E-05 Sr-92 1.92E-05 7.13E-07 2.07E-04 Y-90 8.69E-08 2.33E-09 1.20E-04 Y-91M 8.10E-10 2.76E-11 2.70E-06 Y-92 7.65E-09 2.15E-10 1.46E-04 Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04	Br-84			3.82E-07				
Rb-88 4.98E-07 2.73E-07 4.85E-07 Rb-89 2.86E-07 1.97E-07 9.74E-08 Sr-89 2.51E-03 7.20E-05 5.16E-05 Sr-90 2.83E-02 5.74E-04 2.31E-04 Sr-91 5.00E-05 1.81E-06 5.92E-05 Sr-92 1.92E-05 7.13E-07 2.07E-04 Y-90 8.69E-08 2.33E-09 2.70E-04 Y-91M 8.10E-10 2.76E-11 2.70E-06 Y-91 1.13E-06 3.01E-08 8.10E-05 Y-92 7.65E-09 2.15E-10 1.46E-04 Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04 Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09	Br-85			1.94E-08				
Rb-89 2.86E-07 1.97E-07 9.74E-08 Sr-89 2.51E-03 7.20E-05 5.16E-05 Sr-90 2.83E-02 5.74E-04 2.31E-04 Sr-91 5.00E-05 1.81E-06 5.92E-05 Sr-92 1.92E-05 7.13E-07 2.07E-04 Y-90 8.69E-08 2.33E-09 1.20E-04 Y-91M 8.10E-10 2.76E-11 2.70E-06 Y-91 1.13E-06 3.01E-08 8.10E-05 Y-92 7.65E-09 2.15E-10 1.46E-04 Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04 Zr-95 2.06E-07 5.02E-08 3.56E-08 5.41E-08 1.62E-04	Rb-86		1.70E-04	8.40E-05				4.35E-06
Sr-89 2.51E-03 7.20E-05 5.16E-05 Sr-90 2.83E-02 5.74E-04 2.31E-04 Sr-91 5.00E-05 1.81E-06 5.92E-05 Sr-92 1.92E-05 7.13E-07 2.07E-04 Y-90 8.69E-08 2.33E-09 1.20E-04 Y-91M 8.10E-10 2.76E-11 2.70E-06 Y-91 1.13E-06 3.01E-08 8.10E-05 Y-92 7.65E-09 2.15E-10 1.46E-04 Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04 Zr-95 2.06E-07 5.02E-08 3.56E-08 5.41E-08 2.50E-05 Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09 2.56E-09 1.62E-04 Nb-95 4.20E-08	Rb-88		4.98E-07	2.73E-07				4.85E-07
Sr-90 2.83E-02 5.74E-04 2.31E-04 Sr-91 5.00E-05 1.81E-06 5.92E-05 Sr-92 1.92E-05 7.13E-07 2.07E-04 Y-90 8.69E-08 2.33E-09 1.20E-04 Y-91M 8.10E-10 2.76E-11 2.70E-06 Y-91 1.13E-06 3.01E-08 8.10E-05 Y-92 7.65E-09 2.15E-10 1.46E-04 Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04 Zr-95 2.06E-07 5.02E-08 3.56E-08 5.41E-08 2.50E-05 Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09 2.56E-09 1.62E-04 Nb-95 4.20E-08 1.73E-08 1.00E-08 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Rb-89		2.86E-07	1.97E-07				9.74E-08
Sr-91 5.00E-05 1.81E-06 5.92E-05 Sr-92 1.92E-05 7.13E-07 2.07E-04 Y-90 8.69E-08 2.33E-09 1.20E-04 Y-91M 8.10E-10 2.76E-11 2.70E-06 Y-91 1.13E-06 3.01E-08 8.10E-05 Y-92 7.65E-09 2.15E-10 1.46E-04 Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04 Zr-95 2.06E-07 5.02E-08 3.56E-08 5.41E-08 2.50E-05 Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09 2.56E-09 1.62E-04 Nb-95 4.20E-08 1.73E-08 1.00E-08 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Sr-89	2.51E-03		7.20E-05				5.16E-05
Sr-92 1.92E-05 7.13E-07 2.07E-04 Y-90 8.69E-08 2.33E-09 1.20E-04 Y-91M 8.10E-10 2.76E-11 2.70E-06 Y-91 1.13E-06 3.01E-08 8.10E-05 Y-92 7.65E-09 2.15E-10 1.46E-04 Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04 Zr-95 2.06E-07 5.02E-08 3.56E-08 5.41E-08 2.50E-05 Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09 2.56E-09 1.62E-04 Nb-95 4.20E-08 1.73E-08 1.00E-08 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Sr-90	2.83E-02		5.74E-04				2.31E-04
Y-90 8.69E-08 2.33E-09 1.20E-04 Y-91M 8.10E-10 2.76E-11 2.70E-06 Y-91 1.13E-06 3.01E-08 8.10E-05 Y-92 7.65E-09 2.15E-10 1.46E-04 Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04 Zr-95 2.06E-07 5.02E-08 3.56E-08 5.41E-08 2.50E-05 Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09 2.56E-09 1.62E-04 Nb-95 4.20E-08 1.73E-08 1.00E-08 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Sr-91	5.00E-05		1.81E-06				5.92E-05
Y-91M 8.10E-10 2.76E-11 2.70E-06 Y-91 1.13E-06 3.01E-08 8.10E-05 Y-92 7.65E-09 2.15E-10 1.46E-04 Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04 Zr-95 2.06E-07 5.02E-08 3.56E-08 5.41E-08 2.50E-05 Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09 2.56E-09 1.62E-04 Nb-95 4.20E-08 1.73E-08 1.00E-08 1.24E-08 1.46E-05 Mo-99 3.40E-05 6.63E-06 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Sr-92	1.92E-05		7.13E-07				2.07E-04
Y-91 1.13E-06 3.01E-08 8.10E-05 Y-92 7.65E-09 2.15E-10 1.46E-04 Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04 Zr-95 2.06E-07 5.02E-08 3.56E-08 5.41E-08 2.50E-05 Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09 2.56E-09 1.62E-04 Nb-95 4.20E-08 1.73E-08 1.00E-08 1.24E-08 1.46E-05 Mo-99 3.40E-05 6.63E-06 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Y-90	8.69E-08		2.33E-09				1.20E-04
Y-92 7.65E-09 2.15E-10 1.46E-04 Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04 Zr-95 2.06E-07 5.02E-08 3.56E-08 5.41E-08 2.50E-05 Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09 2.56E-09 1.62E-04 Nb-95 4.20E-08 1.73E-08 1.00E-08 1.24E-08 1.46E-05 Mo-99 3.40E-05 6.63E-06 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Y-91M	8.10E-10		2.76E-11				2.70E-06
Y-93 2.43E-08 6.62E-10 1.92E-04 Zr-95 2.06E-07 5.02E-08 3.56E-08 5.41E-08 2.50E-05 Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09 2.56E-09 1.62E-04 Nb-95 4.20E-08 1.73E-08 1.00E-08 1.24E-08 1.46E-05 Mo-99 3.40E-05 6.63E-06 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Y-91	1.13E-06		3.01E-08				8.10E-05
Zr-95 2.06E-07 5.02E-08 3.56E-08 5.41E-08 2.50E-05 Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09 2.56E-09 1.62E-04 Nb-95 4.20E-08 1.73E-08 1.00E-08 1.24E-08 1.46E-05 Mo-99 3.40E-05 6.63E-06 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Y-92	7.65E-09		2.15E-10		500 Sale Na		1.46E-04
Zr-97 1.48E-08 2.54E-09 1.16E-09 2.56E-09 1.62E-04 Nb-95 4.20E-08 1.73E-08 1.00E-08 1.24E-08 1.46E-05 Mo-99 3.40E-05 6.63E-06 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Y-93	2.43E-08		6.62E-10				1.92E-04
Nb-95 4.20E-08 1.73E-08 1.00E-08 1.24E-08 1.46E-05 Mo-99 3.40E-05 6.63E-06 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Zr-95	2.06E-07	5.02E-08	3.56E-08		5.41E-08		2.50E-05
Mo-99 3.40E-05 6.63E-06 5.08E-05 1.12E-05	Zr-97	1.48E-08	2.54E-09	1.16E-09		2.56E-09		1.62E-04
	Nb-95	4.20E-08	1.73E-08	1.00E-08		1.24E-08		1.46E-05
	Mo-99		3.40E-05	6.63E-06		5.08E-05		1.12E-05
	Tc-99M	1.92E-09	3.96E-09	5.10E-08		4.26E-08	2.07E-09	1.15E-06

Table 16 - Ingestion Dose Factors for Infant (mrem per pCi Ingested)

Nuclide	Bone	Liver	T. Body	Thyroid	Kidney	Lung	GI-LLI
Tc-101	2.27E-09	2.86E-09	2.83E-08		3.40E-08	1.56E-09	4.86E-07
Ru-103	1.48E-06	2.002-00	4.95E-07		3.08E-06	1.502-05	1.80E-05
Ru-105	1.36E-07	~~-	4.58E-08		1.00E-06		5.41E-05
Ru-106	2.41E-05		3.01E-06		2.85E-05		1.83E-04
Ag-110M	9.96E-07	7.27E-07	4.81E-07		1.04E-06		
Te-125M	2.33E-05	7.79E-06	3.15E-06	7.84E-06			3.77E-05
Te-123M	5.85E-05	1.79E-06 1.94E-05	7.08E-06	1.69E-05	1 445 04		1.11E-05
Te-127W	L				1.44E-04		2.36E-05
	1.00E-06	3.35E-07	2.15E-07	8.14E-07	2.44E-06		2.10E-05
Te-129M	1.00E-04	3.43E-05	1.54E-05	3.84E-05	2.50E-04		5.97E-05
Te-129	2.84E-07	9.79E-08	6.63E-08	2.38E-07	7.07E-07		2.27E-05
Te-131M	1.52E-05	6.12E-06	5.05E-06	1.24E-05	4.21E-05		1.03E-04
Te-131	1.76E-07	6.50E-08	4.94E-08	1.57E-07	4.50E-07		7.11E-06
Te-132	2.08E-05	1.03E-05	9.61E-06	1.52E-05	6.44E-05		3.81E-05
I-130	6.00E-06	1.32E-05	5.30E-06	1.48E-03	1.45E-05		2.83E-06
I-131	3.59E-05	4.23E-05	1.86E-05	1.39E-02	4.94E-05		1.51E-06
I-132	1.66E-06	3.37E-06	1.20E-06	1.58E-04	3.76E-06		2.73E-06
I-133	1.25E-05	1.82E-05	5.33E-06	3.31E-03	2.14E-05		3.08E-06
I-134	8.69E-07	1.78E-06	6.33E-07	4.15E-05	1.99E-06		1.84E-06
I-135	3.64E-06	7.24E-06	2.64E-06	6.49E-04	8.07E-06		2.62E-06
Cs-134	3.77E-04	7.03E-04	7.10E-05		1.81E-04	7.42E-05	1.91E-06
Cs-136	4.59E-05	1.35E-04	5.04E-05		5.38E-05	1.10E-05	2.05E-06
Cs-137	5.22E-04	6.11E-04	4.33E-05		1.64E-04	6.64E-05	1.91E-06
Cs-138	4.81E-07	7.82E-07	3.79E-07		3.90E-07	6.09E-08	1.25E-06
Ba-139	8.81E-07	5.84E-10	2.55E-08		3.51E-10	3.54E-10	5.58E-05
Ba-140	1.71E-04	1.71E-07	8.81E-06		4.06E-08	1.05E-07	4.20E-05
Ba-141	4.25E-07	2.91E-10	1.34E-08		1.75E-10	1.77E-10	5.19E-06
Ba-142	1.84E-07	1.53E-10	9.06E-09		8.81E-11	9.26E-11	7.59E-07
La-140	2.11E-08	8.32E-09	2.14E-09				9.77E-05
La-142	1.10E-09	4.04E-10	9.67E-11				6.86E-05
Ce-141	7.87E-08	4.80E-08	5.65E-09		1.48E-08		2.48E-05
Ce-143	1.48E-08	9.82E-06	1.12E-09		2.86E-09		5.73E-05
Ce-144	2.98E-06	1.22E-06	1.67E-07		4.93E-07		1.71E-04
Pr-143	8.13E-08	3.04E-08	4.03E-09		1.13E-08		4.29E-05
Pr-144	2.74E-10	1.06E-10	1.38E-11		3.84E-11		4.93E-06
Nd-147	5.53E-08	5.68E-08	3.48E-09		2.19E-08		3.60E-05
W-187	9.03E-07	6.28E-07	2.17E-07				3.69E-05
Np-239	1.11E-08	9.93E-10	5.61E-10	ļ	1.98E-09		
[14h-52a	1.116-00	3.33E-10	J.01E-10		1.90E-09		2.87E-05

Table 17 - Recommended Values for Other Parameters

Parameter Symbol	Definition	Values
f _g	Fraction of ingested produce grown in garden of interest.	0.76
f e	Fraction of leafy vegetables grown in garden of interest.	1.0
Р	Effective surface density of soil (assumes a 15 cm plow layer, expressed in dry weight)	240 kg/m ²
r	Fraction of deposited activity retained on crops, leafy vegetables, or pasture grass	0.25 1.0 (iodines) 0.2 (other particulates)
S _f	Attenuation factor accounting for shielding provided by residential structures	0.7 (maximum individual) 0.5 (general population)
t _b	Period of long-term buildup for activity in sediment or soil (nominally 15 years)	1.31 x 10 ⁵ hr
t _e	Period of crop, leafy vegetable, or pasture grass exposure during growing season	30 days (grass-cow-milk-man pathway) 60 days (crop/vegetation-man pathway)
t _f	Transport time from animal feed-milk-man provided by residential structures	2 days (maximum individual) 4 days (general population)
t _h	Time delay between harvest of vegetation or crops and ingestion:	·
	For ingestion of forage by animals	Zero (pasture grass) 90 days (stored feed)
	For ingestion of crops by man	1 day (leafy vegetables and max. individual feed) 60 days (produce and max. individual) 14 days (general population)
f _s	The fraction of daily feed that is pasture grass while the animals graze on pasture.	1.0
M _p	The mixing ratio at the point of withdrawal of drinking water.	Site Discharge 7.14 M.U.D. Intake 30.8
f _p	Fraction of the year that animals graze on pasture.	0.5

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Table 17 - Recommended Values for Other Parameters

Parameter		
Symbol	Definition	Values
t _p	Environmental transit time, release to receptor (add time from release to exposure individual point to minimums shown for distribution)	12 hrs. (maximum) 1 day (maximum individual) 1 day (general population) 7 days (populationsport fish doses) 10 days (populationcommercial fish doses)
t _s	Average time from slaughter of meat animal to consumption	20 days
Yv	Agricultural productivity by unit area (measured in wet weight)	0.7 kg/m ² (grass-cow-milk-man pathway) 2.0 kg/m ² (produce or leafy vegetable ingested by man)
W	Shore-width factor for river shoreline	0.2
λω	Rate constant for removal of activity on plant or leaf structures by weathering (corresponds to a 14-day half-life)	0.0021 hr ⁻¹
%CO ₂	Fraction of C-14 used for organ dose calculations from gaseous releases.	0.15

Table 18 - Estimated Doses Received by the General Public from On-Site Exposure

NOTE: The Dose Estimates are based on normal public activities conducted within the Fort Calhoun Station Site Boundary.

		Distance	Estimated Ind Rate (m	dividual Dose R/hour)	Estimated Tota Annual Dose	
Location	Direction	from Containment (miles)	Direct Exposure (Total Body)	Inhalation (Critical Organ ¹)	Direct Exposure (Total Body)	Inhalation (Critical Organ ¹)
Firing Range	200°	0.24	4.08E-05	9.67E-06	5.08E+00	1.20E+00
Burn Pad	241°	0.33	1.95E-05	4.63E-06	1.41E-01	3.34E-02
On-Site Farming	118°	0.52	2.12E-05 .	5.03E-06	2.38E-02	5.64E-03
On-Site Farming	200°	0.51	1.03E-05	2.45E-06	2.30E-02	5.50E-03
On-Site Farming	308°	0.50	2.77E-05	6.64E-06	4.66E-02	1.12E-02
Site Maintenance Admin Bldg	145°	0.20	1.18E-04	2.84E-05	5.50E-02	1.33E-02
Site Maintenance Training Center	180°	0.20	1.45E-04	3.50E-05	6.78E-02	1.64E-02

- 1 Critical organ doses are based on adult thyroid.
- 2 Estimated totals are based on summation of all individual doses for members of the General Public while within the Fort Calhoun Station site boundary.

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SECTION VII

ATTACHMENT 2

JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION WIND DIRECTION VS. WIND SPEED BY STABILITY CLASS AND METEOROLOGICAL DATA

(Regulatory Guide 1.21)

January 1, 2011 - December 31, 2011

JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION WIND DIRECTION VS. WIND SPEED BY STABILITY CLASS AND METEOROLOGICAL DATA

A. Meteorological Data Recovery

Data availability from the on-site weather tower for the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011 was less than the previous 12 months. The regulatory guide recovery was met with a cumulative recovery rate of 39.43% from the meteorological tower with the remaining 60.57% provided by the National Weather Service. The onsite meteorological tower was damaged by flood waters. The following table is a summary of the parameters and their respective recovery rates for the period. The higher fraction of offsite data produced more conservative results than a data set calculated using > 95% onsite data. The 2011 calculations, although statistically different from previous data sets, is bounded by USAR estimates.

Hourly meteorological data used to replace missing tower data for the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011 originated at Eppley Airfield Weather Station, a branch of the National Weather Service. The hourly data was treated in accordance with monthly correction factors and a proceduralized Pasquill-Turner transformation which utilizes solar angle, time of day, cloud cover, and wind speed to determine the Pasquill Class.

The tabulations of the Weather Tower Data for the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011 look appropriate for the season indicated. The Pasquill Classes observed for the twelve-month period are detailed below.

Pasquill

Class Α В C D F G F Total 2.59 10.47 56.44 % Obs. 0.47 15.79 9.30 4.94 100

On the basis of the data and its cross-checks, the weather data as amended is completely valid for use in tabulating atmospheric releases.

JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY EVENTS

EXTREMELY UNSTABLE (delta T/ delta z < -1.9) PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011

PASQUILL A

WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

Wind	<	0.5-	1.1-	1.6-	2.1-	3.1-	4.1-	5.1-	6.1-	8.1-	>	
Direct	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	Total
N	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
NNE	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	0	0	0	0	0 ·	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0
S	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
SSW	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
SW	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0
WSW	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
W	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
WNW	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	4
NW	0	0	0	2	1	2	1	1	0	1	0	8
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	2	0	0	7
Total	0	0	0	6	9	10	3	1	2	1	0	32

Number of Calms 9

Number of Invalid Hours 0

JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY EVENTS

MODERATELY UNSTABLE (-1.9 <= delta T/ delta z <= -1.7)

PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011 PASQUILL B

WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

Wind Direct	< 0.5	0.5- 1.0	1.1- 1.5	1.6- 2.0	2.1- 3.0	3.1- 4.0	4.1- 5.0	5.1- 6.0	6.1- 8.0	8.1- 10.0	> 10.0	Total
 N	0	15	10	16	- 5	2	0	0	0	0	0	 55
NNE	0	1	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ô	0	Ô	ñ	0	0
ENE	0	Ö	1	0	1	0	Ō	0	0	0	0	2
E	0	Ō	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
ESE	0	Ō	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	. 0	Ō	4
SE	Ō	3	2	2	0	0	0	Ō	1	0	Ō	11
SSE	0	0	2	3	4	6	0	0	0	0	0	17
S	0	1	1	2	8	8	0	0	0	0	0	21
SSW	0	0	1	0	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	9
SW	0	0	0	1	2	4	1	1	0	0	0	9
WSW	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	3 .
W	0	1	0	3	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	11
WNW	0	1	3	1	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	11
NW	0	2	2	1	1	2	9	5	1	0	0	23
MNM	0	2	6	3	8	4	5	3	1	2	0	34
 Total	0	26	34	39	41	39	18	9	4	2	0	212

Number of Calms 15

Number of Invalid Hours 0

JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY EVENTS

SLIGHTLY UNSTABLE (-1.7 < delta T/ delta z <= -1.5) PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011

PASOUILL C

WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

		-			 -							
Wind	<	0.5-	1.1-	1.6-	2.1-	3.1-	4.1-	5.1-	6.1-	8.1-	>	
Direct	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	Total
N	1	29	43	40	23	15	6	0	0	0	0	223
NNE	1	4	10	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	26
NE	0	4	3	4	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	20
ENE	0	5	4	7	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	21
E	0	6	11	15	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	45
ESE	1	9	5	5	3	4	3	0	0	1	0	39
SE	1	12	13	20	2	6	4	0	1	0	0	77
SSE	0	12	16	29	6	16	9	3	0	0	0	99
S	0	8	17	18	16	20	15	1	0	0	0	99
SSW	0	6	10	, 7	8	2	2	0	0	0	0	37
SW	0	1	4	7	2	2	1	0	O	0	0	19
WSW	0	1	4	4	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	16
W	0	7	2	7	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	31
WNW	0	2	8	5	2	5	5	0	0	0	0	29
NW	0	3	10	18	5	9	7	5	1	0	0	68
NNW	0	7	7	18	6	8	6	3	5	0	0	68
Total	4	116	167	210	84	99	62	12	-	1	0	763

Number of Calms 154

Number of Invalid Hours 0

Omaha Public Power District
Fort Calhoun Nuclear Station
JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY EVENTS
NEUTRAL (-1.5 < delta T/ delta z <= -0.5)
PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011
PASQUILL D
WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

Wind < 0.5-1.1-1.6-2.1-3.1~ 4.1-5.1-6.1-8.1-Direct 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 6.0 8.0 10.0 10.0 Total NNE NE Ω ENE E ESE SE SSE S SSW SW WSW . 9 W WNW NW NNW Total

Number of Calms 109 Number of Invalid Hours 0 Number of Valid Hours 4944

JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY EVENTS

SLIGHTLY STABLE (-0.5 < delta T/ delta z <= 1.5)

PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011 PASQUILL E

WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

							•					
Wind Direct	< 0.5	0.5- 1.0	1.1-	1.6-	2.1-	3.1-	4.1- 5.0	5.1- 6.0	6.1- 8.0	8.1- 10.0	> 10.0	Total
 N	1		7		12		1	0	0	0	0	 62
	_	9	•	14	13	17		•	0	0	-	
NNE	2	7	3	6	12	4	0	0		0	0	34
NE	1	6	5	4	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	22
ENE	2	9	10	8	11	2	0	0	0.	0	0	42
Ε -	0	4	6	15	18	5	0	1	0 :	0	0	49
ESE	0	5	6	16	36	21	4	0	1	1	0	90
SE	1	3	12	26	63	37	13	6	6	0	0	167
SSE	3	5	10	24	79	59	26	13	3	1	0	223
s	· 2	2	2	10	29	29	34	14	13	3	0	138
SSW	0	3	5	3	7	8	11	17	21	3	0	78
SW	2	1	4	14	18	9	7	6	11	4	0	76
WSW	1	6	5	4	16	11	3	1	Ó	0	0	47
W	2	13	8	11	24	5	0	1	0	0	0	64
WNW	3	11	10	15	35	18	5	0	0	0	0	97
NW	4	14	5	9	48	28	14	1	0	0	0	123
WNN	0	3	7	17	25	17	2	0	0	0	0	71
Total	24	101	105	196	439	271	120	60	55	12	0	1383

Number of Calms 0

Number of Invalid Hours 0

Omaha Public Power District Fort Calhoun Nuclear Station JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY EVENTS MODERATELY STABLE (1.5 < delta T/ delta z <= 4.0) PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011 PASQUILL F

WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

Wind	<	0.5-	1.1-	1.6-	2.1-	3.1-	4.1-	5.1-	6.1-	8.1-	>	
Direct	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	Total
N	0	9	15	26	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	104
NNE	0	4	6	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
NE	0	4	1	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	13
ENE	0	4	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
E	0	5	9	9	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	45
ESE	2	8	10	15	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	48
SE	2	25	10	26	24	5	0	1	0	0	0	103
SSE	1	17	22	45	79	16	1	0	0	0	0	188
S	0	8	9	9	17	9	1	0	0	0	0	54
SSW	1	4	1	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	25
SW	4	5	1	0	2	4	3	1	1	0	0	21
WSW	1	9	2	1	5	1	2	1	0	0	0	22
W	1	11	1	5	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	22
WNW	3	11	9	9	10	5	0	0	0	0	0	47
NW	1	5	6	7	13	2	0	0 .	0	0	0	43
NNW	0	2	5	18	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	46
Total	16	131	113	183	186	51	7	3	1	0	0	691

Number of Calms 124 Number of Invalid Hours 0 Number of Valid Hours 815

Omaha Public Power District Fort Calhoun Nuclear Station JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY EVENTS EXTREMELY STABLE (delta T/ delta z > 4.0)

PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011 PASOUILL G

WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

Wind	<	0.5-	1.1-	1.6-	2.1-	3.1-	4.1-	5.1-	6.1-	8.1-	>	
Direct	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	Total
N	0	7	20	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	101
NNE	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
NE	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
ENE	1	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
E	0	5	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17
ESE	1	10	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22
SE	0	22	8	18	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	65
SSE	0	14	12	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51
S	0	5	3	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21
SSW	1	9	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
SW	3	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
WSW	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
W	1	7	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23
WNW	1	6	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18
NW	1	3	4	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30
NNW	0	6	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27
Total	14	112	77	81	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	286

Number of Calms 147

Number of Invalid Hours 0

Number of Valid Hours 433

Hours Accounted For: 8760

Omaha Public Power District Fort Calhoun Nuclear Station JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY PERCENT EXTREMELY UNSTABLE (delta T/ delta z < -1.9) PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011 PASQUILL A

WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

		_ 										
Wind	<	0.5-	1.1-	1.6-	2.1-	3.1-	4.1-	5.1-	6.1-	8.1-	>	
Direct	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	Total
И	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15
NNE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
NE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
ENE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
E	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ESE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
SSE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
S	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03
SSW	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
SW	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WSW	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
W	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
WNW	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05
NW	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.09
MNM	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.08
Total	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.10	0.11	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.37

Percent of Calms 0.10

Percent of Invalid Hours 0.00

Percent of Valid Hours 0.47

JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY PERCENT

MODERATELY UNSTABLE (-1.9 <= delta T/ delta z <= -1.7)

PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011

PASQUILL B
WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

(m, z, 333 z 3 m == 323

						-						
Wind	<	0.5-	1.1-	1.6-	2.1-	3.1-	4.1-	5.1-	6.1-	8.1-	>	
Direct	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	Total
												0.63
N	0.00	0.17	0.11	0.18	0.06	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63
NNE	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11
NE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ENE	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
E	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08
ESE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.05
SE	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.13
SSE	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19
S	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.09	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24
SSW	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.05	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10
SW	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10
WSW	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03
W	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
WNW	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
NW	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.10	0.06	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.26
NNW	0.00	0.02	0.07	0.03	0.09	0.05	0.06	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.39
Total	0.00	0.30	0.39	0.45	0.47	0.45	0.21	0.10	0.05	0.02	0.00	2.42

Percent of Calms 0.17

Percent of Invalid Hours 0.00

Percent of Valid Hours 2.59

Omaha Public Power District Fort Calhoun Nuclear Station JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY PERCENT SLIGHTLY UNSTABLE (-1.7 < delta T/ delta z <= -1.5)

PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011 PASQUILL C

WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

									 -			
Wind	<	0.5-	1.1-	1.6-	2.1-	3.1-	4.1-	5.1-	6.1-	8.1-	>	
Direct	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	Total
N	0.01	0.33	0.49	0.46	0.26	0.17	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.55
NNE	0.01	0.05	0.11	0.07	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30
NE	0.00	0.05	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23
ENE	0.00	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24
E	0.00	0.07	0.13	0.17	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51
ESE	0.01	0.10	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.45
SE	0.01	0.14	0.15	0.23	0.02	0.07	0.05	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.88
SSE	0.00	0.14	0.18	0.33	0.07	0.18	0.10	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.13
S	0.00	0.09	0.19	0.21	0.18	0.23	0.17	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.13
SSW	0.00	0.07	0.11	0.08	0.09	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42
SW	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22
WSW	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.18
W	0.00	0.08	0.02	0.08	0.01	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.35
WNW	0.00	0.02	0.09	0.06	0.02	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33
NW	0.00	0.03	0.11	0.21	0.06	0.10	0.08	0.06	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.78
NNW	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.21	0.07	0.09	0.07	0.03	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.78
Total	0.05	1.32	1.91	2.40	0.96	1.13	0.71	0.14	0.09	0.01	0.00	8.71

Percent of Calms 1.76

Percent of Invalid Hours 0.00

Percent of Valid Hours 10.47

Omaha Public Power District Fort Calhoun Nuclear Station JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY PERCENT NEUTRAL (-1.5 < delta T/ delta z <= -0.5)

PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011

PASQUILL D
WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

Wind 0.5-1.1-1.6-2.1-3.1-4.1-5.1-6.1-8.1-< > Direct 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 3.0 5.0 6.0 8.0 10.0 10.0 Total 4.0 0.00 0.24 0.37 1.07 2.25 0.76 0.37 0.17 0.01 0.01 7.97 N 2.12 NNE 0.03 0.07 0.15 0.31 0.66 0.34 0.14 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.72 NE 0.00 0.22 0.22 0.25 0.42 0.18 0.05 0.02 0.01 0.00 0.00 1.40 ENE 0.02 0.10 0.17 0.23 0.57 0.33 0.13 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.00 1.61 E 0.00 0.03 0.07 0.24 0.67 1.00 0.59 0.31 0.06 0.07 0.00 3.12 ESE 0.02 0.55 0.22 0.16 0.01 0.00 3.21 0.09 0.09 0.33 0.76 0.94 SE 5.08 0.03 0.13 0.17 0.45 1.29 1.07 0,70 0.49 0.48 0.14 0.01 SSE 0.08 0.10 0.11 0.73 1.68 2.10 0.82 0.70 0.50 0.10 0.10 7.10 S 0.11 0.82 5.74 0.10 0.14 0.46 1.36 1.53 0.63 0.38 0.13 0.07 SSW 0.01 0.03 0.26 0.14 0.06 0.00 1.39 0.06 0.17 0.24 0.29 0.11 SW 0.00 0.03 0.00 0.83 0.05 0.05 0.16 0.23 0.19 0.11 0.00 0.00 WSW 0.00 0.02 0.02 0.09 0.02 0.01 0.00 0.58 0.10 0.21 0.09 0.00 W 0.00 0.05 0.11 0.17 0.25 0.26 0,16 0.02 0.01 0.00 0.00 1.04 WNW 0.00 0.07 0.05 0.16 0.48 0.62 0.39 0.17 0.06 0.00 0.00 1.99 NW 0.00 0.06 0.11 0.25 1.13 0.57 0.25 0.00 4.33 0.71 1.16 0.00 NNW 0.14 0.22 0.32 0.68 1.96 2.26 1.80 1.16 0.55 0.08 0.00 9.33

Percent of Calms 1.24

0.49

Total

Percent of Invalid Hours 0.00

1.61

2.37

6.20

13.95

Percent of Valid Hours 56.44

14.21

8.22

4.63

2.77

0.54

0.19

55.19

Omaha Public Power District Fort Calhoun Nuclear Station JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY PERCENT SLIGHTLY STABLE (-0.5 < delta T/ delta z <= 1.5) PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011 PASQUILL E

WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

							 -	-			. -	
Wind	<	0.5-	1.1-	1.6-	2.1-	3.1-	4.1-	5.1-	6.1-	8.1-	>	
Direct	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	Total
N	0.01	0.10	0.08	0.16	0.15	0.19	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.71
NNE	0.02	0.08	0.03	0.07	0.14	0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39
NE	0.01	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25
ENE	0.02	0.10	0.11	0.09	0.13	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.48
E	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.17	0.21	0.06	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56
ESE	0.00	0.06	0.07	0.18	0.41	0.24	0.05	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	1.03
SE	0.01	0.03	0.14	0.30	0.72	0.42	0.15	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.00	1.91
SSE	0.03	0.06	0.11	0.27	0.90	0.67	0.30	0.15	0.03	0.01	0.00	2.55
S	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.11	0.33	0.33	0.39	0.16	0.15	0.03	0.00	1.58
SSW	0.00	0.03	0.06	0.03	0.08	0.09	0.13	0.19	0.24	0.03	0.00	0.89
SW	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.16	0.21	0.10	0.08	0.07	0.13	0.05	0.00	0.87
WSW	0.01	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.18	0.13	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.54
W	0.02	0.15	0.09	0.13	0.27	0.06	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.73
WNW	0.03	0.13	0.11	0.17	0.40	0.21	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11
NW	0.05	0.16	0.06	0.10	0.55	0.32	0.16	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.40
MNM	0.00	0.03	0.08	0.19	0.29	0.19	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81
Total	0.27	1.15	1.20	2.24	5.01	3.09	1.37	0.68	0.63	0.14	0.00	15.79

Percent of Calms 0.00 Percent of Invalid Hours 0.00

Percent of Valid Hours 15.79

Omaha Public Power District Fort Calhoun Nuclear Station JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY PERCENT

MODERATELY STABLE (1.5 < delta T/ delta z <= 4.0)

PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011 PASOUILL F

WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

							- 					
Wind	<	0.5-	1.1-	1.6-	2.1-	3.1-	4.1-	5.1-	6.1-	8.1-	>	
Direct	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	Total
N	0.00	0.10	0.17	0.30	0.06	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.19
NNE	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22
NE	0.00	0.05	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15
ENE	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17
E	0.00	0.06	0.10	0.10	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.51
ESE	0.02	0.09	0.11	0.17	0.08	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.55
SE	0.02	0.29	0.11	0.30	0.27	0.06	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18
SSE	0.01	0.19	0.25	0.51	0.90	0.18	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.15
S	0.00	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.19	0.10	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62
SSW	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.29
SW	0.05	0.06	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.24
WSW	0.01	0.10	0.02	0.01	0.06	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25
W	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25
WNW	0.03	0.13	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.54
NW	0.01	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.15	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49
NNW	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.21	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53
Total	0.18	1.50	1.29	2.09	2.12	0.58	0.08	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	7.89

Percent of Calms 1.42

Percent of Invalid Hours 0.00

Percent of Valid Hours 9.30

Omaha Public Power District Fort Calhoun Nuclear Station JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY PERCENT EXTREMELY STABLE (delta T/ delta z > 4.0) PERIOD OF RECORD: JAN 2011 - DEC 2011 PASQUILL G

WIND SPEED (m/s) AT 10-m LEVEL

Wind	<	0.5-	1.1-	1.6-	2.1-	3.1-	4.1-	5.1-	6.1-	8.1-	>	
Direct	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	10.0	Total
N	0.00	0.08	0.23	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15
NNE	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05
NE	0.02	0.05	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13
ENE	0.01	0.09	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.11
E	0.00	0.06	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19
ESE	0.01	0.11	0.03	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25
SE	0.00	0.25	0.09	0.21	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.74
SSE	0.00	0.16	0.14	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.58
S	0.00	0.06	0.03	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24
SSW	0.01	0.10	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
SW	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
WSW	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06
W	0.01	0.08	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26
WNW	0.01	0.07	0.07	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21
NW	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34
NNW	0.00	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.31
Total	0.16	1.28	0.88	0.92	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.26

Percent of Calms 1.68

Percent of Invalid Hours 0.00

Percent of Valid Hours 4.94

Percent of Hours Accounted For: 100.00

