#### VIRGINIA ELECTRIC AND POWER COMPANY Richmond, Virginia 23261

April 24, 2009

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 Docket Nos.
 50-280

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 License Nos.

 DPR-32
 DPR-37

Gentlemen:

## VIRGINIA ELECTRIC AND POWER COMPANY SURRY POWER STATION UNITS 1 AND 2 ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

Enclosed is the Surry Power Station Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008. The report, submitted pursuant to Surry Power Station Technical Specification 6.6.B.3, includes a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released during the 2008 calendar year, as outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21, Revision 1, June 1974.

If you have any further questions, please contact Paul Harris at 757-365-2692.

Sincerely,

B. L. Stanley Director Safety & Licensing Surry Power Station

Attachment

Commitments made by this letter: None



Serial No.: 09-268 Docket Nos.: 50-280 50-281

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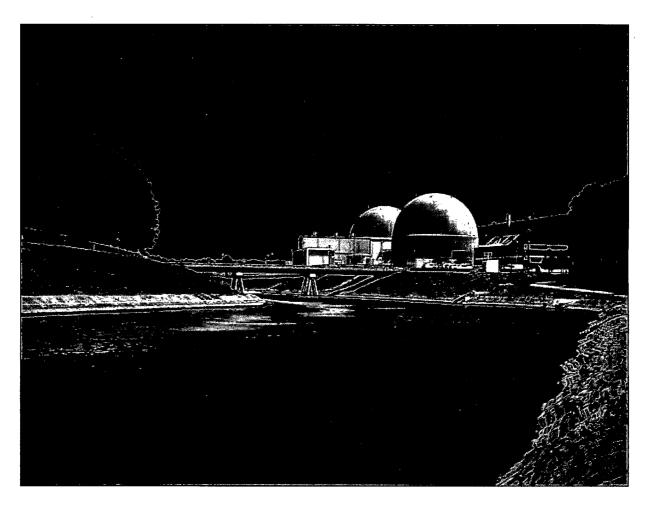
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## ATTACHMENT 1

## 2008 ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

SURRY POWER STATION UNITS 1 AND 2 VIRGINIA ELECTRIC AND POWER COMPANY

# Surry Power Station



## 2008 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report



## ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

## **SURRY POWER STATION**

January 1, 2008 Through December 31, 2008

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## ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

## FOR THE

## SURRY POWER STATION

## January 1, 2008 Through December 31, 2008

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## **FORWARD**

This report is submitted as required by Appendix A to Operating License Nos. DPR-32 and DPR-37, Technical Specifications for Surry Power Station, Units 1 and 2, Virginia Electric and Power Company, Docket Nos. 50-280, 50-281, Section 6.6.B.3.

#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report describes the radiological effluent control program conducted at Surry Power Station during the 2008 calendar year. This document summarizes the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released from Surry Power Station in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.21, "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactivity in Solid Wastes and Releases of Radioactive Materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants", Revision 1, June 1974. The report also includes an assessment of radiation doses to the maximum exposed member of the public due to the radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents.

During this reporting period, there were no unplanned liquid or gaseous effluent releases as classified according to the criteria in the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual.

Based on the 2008 effluent release data, 10CFR50 Appendix I dose calculations were performed in accordance with the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual. The dose calculations are as follows:

- 1. The total body dose due to liquid effluents was 1.50E-04 mrem, which is
- 2.50E-03% of the 6 mrem dose limit. The critical organ doses due to liquid effluents, GI-LLI and Liver respectively, were 3.63E-04 mrem and 1.47E-04 mrem. These doses are 1.82E-03% and 7.35E-04% of the respective 20 mrem dose limit.
- 2. The air dose due to noble gases in gaseous effluents was 3.76E-04 mrad gamma, which is 1.88E-03% of the 20 mrad gamma dose limit, and 3.17E-03 mrad beta, which is 7.93E-03% of the 40 mrad beta dose limit.
- 3. The critical organ dose from gaseous effluents due to I-131, I-133, H-3, and particulates with half-lives greater than 8 days is 1.14E-01 mrem, which is 3.80E-01% of the 30 mrem dose limit.

There were no major changes to the radioactive liquid, gaseous or solid waste treatment systems during this reporting period.

There was one change to VPAP-2103S, Offsite Dose Calculation Manual, during this reporting period. Attachment 3 provides the changes to VPAP-2103S.

In accordance with the Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI) Industry Groundwater Protection Initiative, analysis results of ground water monitoring locations not included in the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP), will be included in this report. Ground water monitoring well sample results are provided in Attachment 8.

Based on the radioactivity measured and the dose calculations performed during this reporting period, the operation of Surry Power Station has resulted in negligible radiation dose consequences to the maximum exposed member of the public in unrestricted areas.

#### Purpose and Scope

Attachment 1 includes a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste as outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21, with data summarized on a quarterly or annual basis following the format of Tables 1, 2 and 3 of Appendix B, thereof. Attachment 2 of this report includes an assessment of radiation doses to the maximum exposed member of the public due to radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents released from the site during 2008.

As required by Technical Specification 6.8.B, changes to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) for the time period covered by this report are included in Attachment 3. Major changes to the radioactive liquid, gaseous and solid waste treatment systems are reported in Attachment 4, as required by the ODCM, Section 6.7.2. If changes are made to these systems, the report shall include information to support the reason for the change and a summary of the 10CFR50.59 evaluation. In lieu of reporting major changes in this report, major changes to the radioactive waste treatment systems may be submitted as part of the annual FSAR update.

As required by the ODCM, Sections 6.2.2 and 6.3.2, a list and explanation for the inoperability of radioactive liquid and/or gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation is provided in Attachment 5 of this report. Additionally, a list of unplanned releases during the reporting period is included in Attachment 6.

Attachment 7 provides the typical lower limit of detection (LLD) capabilities of the radioactive effluent analysis instrumentation.

As required by the ODCM, Section 6.7.5, a summary of on-site radioactive spills or leaks that were communicated in accordance with the Industry Groundwater Protection Initiative reporting protocol, and sample analyses from groundwater wells that are not part of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program are provided in Attachment 8.

#### Discussion

The basis for the calculation of the percent of technical specification for the critical organ in Table 1A of Attachment 1 is the ODCM, Section 6.3.1, which requires that the dose rate for iodine - 131, iodine - 133, for tritium, and for all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days shall be less than or equal to 1500 mrem/yr to the critical organ at or beyond the site boundary. The critical receptor is the teen via the inhalation pathway.

The basis for the calculation of the percent of technical specification for the total body and skin in Table 1A of Attachment 1 is the ODCM, Section 6.3.1, which requires that the dose rate for noble gases to areas at or beyond site boundary shall be less than or equal to 500 mrem/yr to the total body and less than or equal to 3000 mrem/yr to the skin.

The basis for the calculation of the percent of technical specification in Table 2A of Attachment 1 is the ODCM, Section 6.2.1, which states that the concentration of radioactive material releases in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas shall not exceed ten times the concentrations specified in 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2, for radionuclides other than dissolved or entrained noble gases. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to 2.00E-04 microcuries/mL.

Percent of technical specification calculations are based on the total gaseous or liquid effluents released for the respective quarter.

The annual and quarterly doses, as reported in Attachment 2, were calculated according to the methodology presented in the ODCM. The beta and gamma air doses due to noble gases released from the site were calculated at the site boundary. The maximum exposed member of the public from the release of airborne iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days, was a teen at the site boundary with the critical organ being the lung. The maximum exposed member of the public from radioactive materials in liquid effluents in unrestricted areas was an adult, exposed by either the invertebrate or fish pathway, with the critical organ typically being the gastrointestinal-lower large intestine. The total body dose was also determined for this individual.

Presented in Attachment 6 is a list of unplanned gaseous and liquid releases as required by the ODCM, Section 6.7.2.

The typical lower limit of detection (LLD) capabilities of the radioactive effluent analysis instrumentation are presented in Attachment 7. These LLD values are based upon conservative conditions (i.e., minimum sample volumes and maximum delay time prior to analysis). Actual LLD values may be lower. If a radioisotope was not detected when effluent samples were analyzed, then the activity of the radioisotope was reported as Not Detected (N/D) on Attachment 1 of this report. When all isotopes listed on Attachment 1 for a particular quarter and release mode are less than the lower limit of detection, then the totals for this period will be designated as Not Applicable (N/A).

#### **Supplemental Information**

Section 6.6.1 of the ODCM requires the identification of the cause(s) for the unavailability of milk, or if required, leafy vegetation samples, and the identification for obtaining replacement samples. As milk was available for collection during this reporting period, leafy vegetation sampling was not required.

As required by the ODCM, Section 6.6.2, evaluation of the Land Use Census is made to determine if new sample location(s) must be added to the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program. Evaluation of the Land Use Census conducted for this reporting period identified no change in sample locations for the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program.

Attachment 1

## EFFLUENT RELEASE DATA

## January 1, 2008 Through December 31, 2008

This attachment includes a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste as outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21, Appendix B.

#### TABLE 1A

#### EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD: 1/1/08 TO 12/31/08 GASEOUS EFFLUENT-SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

| SURRY POWER STATION UNITS 1&2   | UNIT                | FIRST<br>QUARTER                 | SECOND<br>QUARTER                | % EST. ERROR |
|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| <ul><li>A. FISSION &amp; ACTIVATION GASES</li><li>1. TOTAL RELEASE</li><li>2. AVE RELEASE RATE FOR PERIOD</li></ul>                               | Ci<br>µCi/sec       | 1.74E-03<br>2.21E-04             | 2.53E-01<br>3.21E-02             | 1.80E+01     |
| <ul><li>B. IODINE</li><li>1. TOTAL I-131</li><li>2. AVE RELEASE RATE FOR PERIOD</li></ul>   | Ci<br>µCi/sec       | 2.54E-07<br>3.23E-08             | N/D<br>N/A                       | 2.80E+01     |
| <ul> <li>C. PARTICULATE</li> <li>1. HALF-LIFE &gt;8 DAYS</li> <li>2. AVE RELEASE RATE FOR PERIOD</li> <li>3. GROSS ALPHA RADIOACTIVITY</li> </ul> | Ci<br>µCi/sec<br>Ci | 1.49E-07<br>1.89E-08<br>N/D      | N/D<br>N/A<br>N/D                | 2.80E+01     |
| <ul><li>D. TRITIUM</li><li>1. TOTAL RELEASE</li><li>2. AVE RELEASE RATE FOR PERIOD</li></ul>  | Ci<br>μCi/sec       | 1.68E+01<br>2.14E+00             | 1.27E+01<br>1.61E+00             | 3.10E+01     |
| PERCENTAGE OF T.S. LIMITS<br>CRITICAL ORGAN DOSE RATE<br>TOTAL BODY DOSE RATE<br>SKIN DOSE RATE   | %<br>%<br>%         | 1.09E-02<br>6.29E-06<br>2.02E-06 | 8.17E-03<br>5.13E-05<br>1.57E-05 |              |

## TABLE 1A

#### EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD: 1/1/08 TO 12/31/08 GASEOUS EFFLUENT-SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

| SURRY POWER STATION UNITS 1&2   | UNIT                | THIRD<br>QUARTER                 | FOURTH<br>QUARTER                | % EST. ERROR |
|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| <ul><li>A. FISSION &amp; ACTIVATION GASES</li><li>1. TOTAL RELEASE</li><li>2. AVE RELEASE RATE FOR PERIOD</li></ul> | Ci<br>µCi/sec       | 8.15E-01<br>1.03E-01             | 1.73E-02<br>2.17E-03             | 1.80E+01     |
| <ul><li>B. IODINE</li><li>1. TOTAL I-131</li><li>2. AVE RELEASE RATE FOR PERIOD</li></ul>                           | Ci<br>µCi/sec       | N/D<br>N/A                       | N/D<br>N/A                       | 2.80E+01     |
| C. PARTICULATE<br>1. HALF-LIFE >8 DAYS<br>2. AVE RELEASE RATE FOR PERIOD<br>3. GROSS ALPHA RADIOACTIVITY            | Ci<br>µCi/sec<br>Ci | N/D<br>N/A<br>N/D                | 4.74E-06<br>5.97E-07<br>N/D      | 2.80E+01     |
| <ul><li>D. TRITIUM</li><li>1. TOTAL RELEASE</li><li>2. AVE RELEASE RATE FOR PERIOD</li></ul>                        | Ci<br>µCi/sec       | 1.10E+01<br>1.39E+00             | 6.72E+00<br>8.45E-01             | 3.10E+01     |
| PERCENTAGE OF T.S. LIMITS<br>CRITICAL ORGAN DOSE RATE<br>TOTAL BODY DOSE RATE<br>SKIN DOSE RATE                     | %<br>%<br>%         | 7.06E-03<br>2:46E-05<br>2.75E-04 | 4.31E-03<br>2.00E-04<br>5.02E-05 |              |

## TABLE 1B

#### EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD: 1/1/08 TO 12/31/08 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS-MIXED MODE RELEASES

|                               | · · ·    | CONTIN           | JOUS MODE         | BATC                                | H MODE               |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| SURRY POWER STATION UNITS 1&2 | UNIT     | FIRST<br>QUARTER | SECOND<br>QUARTER | FIRST<br>QUARTER                    | SECOND<br>QUARTER    |
|                               |          |                  |                   | $(\mathbf{r}_{i}) = \mathbf{r}_{i}$ |                      |
| 1. FISSION & ACTIVATION GASES | ,        | ·                |                   | · · ·                               |                      |
| Kr-85                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Kr-85m                        | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | 5.26E-04             |
| Kr-87                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Kr-88<br>Xe-133               | Ci<br>Ci | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D<br>7.51E-02   | N/D<br>1.18E-04                     | 3.75E-04<br>1.17E-01 |
| Xe-135<br>Xe-135              | Ci       | N/D              | 7.51E-02<br>N/D   | 1.18E-04                            | 2.14E-02             |
| Xe-135                        | Ci       | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        | N/D<br>N/D                          | 2.14E-02<br>N/D      |
| Xe-138                        | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | ·N/D                                | N/D                  |
| Xe-138<br>Xe-131m             | Ci       | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        | N/D                                 | N/D<br>N/D           |
| Xe-133m                       | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | 1.43E-03             |
| Ar-41                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | 4.16E-03             |
|                               | U, N     |                  |                   | 1N/D                                | 4.102-05             |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD              | Ci       | N/A              | 7.51E-02          | 1.18E-04                            | 1.45E-01             |
| · · ·                         |          | Г                |                   |                                     |                      |
| 2. IODINES                    |          |                  |                   |                                     |                      |
| I-131                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| I-133                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| I-135                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
|                               | ,        |                  | · · ·             |                                     | · · ·                |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD              | Ci       | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                                 | N/A                  |
|                               |          |                  |                   |                                     | ι.                   |
| 3. PARTICULATES               |          |                  |                   |                                     |                      |
| Sr-89                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Sr-90                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Cs-134                        | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Cs-137                        | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Ba-140                        | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| La-140                        | Ċ        | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Co-58                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | . N/D                               | N/D                  |
| Co-60                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Mn-54                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Fe-59                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | · N/D                |
| Zn-65                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Mo-99                         | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Ce-141                        | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
| Ce-144                        | Ci       | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                                 | N/D                  |
|                               |          |                  |                   |                                     |                      |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD              | Ci       | N/A              | N/A               | N/A                                 | N/A                  |

#### TABLE 1B

#### EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD: 1/1/08 TO 12/31/08 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS-MIXED MODE RELEASES

|                               |      | CONTINU          | JOUS MODE         | BATCH MODE       |                   |
|-------------------------------|------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| SURRY POWER STATION UNITS 1&2 | UNIT | THIRD<br>QUARTER | FOURTH<br>QUARTER | THIRD<br>QUARTER | FOURTH<br>QUARTER |
| 1. FISSION & ACTIVATION GASES |      |                  |                   |                  |                   |
| Kr-85                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Kr-85m                        | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Kr-87                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Kr-88                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Xe-133                        | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | 1.32E-02         | 9.64E-04          |
| Xe-135                        | Ci   | . N/D            | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Xe-135m                       | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Xe-138                        | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Xe-131m                       | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Xe-133m                       | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Ar-41                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD              | Ci   | N/A              | N/A               | 1.32E-02         | 9.64E-04          |
| 2. IODINES                    |      |                  |                   |                  |                   |
| I-131                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| I-133                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| I-135<br>I-135                | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD              | Ci   | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A               |
|                               |      |                  |                   |                  |                   |
| 3. PARTICULATES               | Ci   | N/D              |                   |                  | NI/D              |
| Sr-89<br>Sr-90                | Ci   | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D<br>N/D        | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D<br>N/D        |
| Cs-134                        | Ci   | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D<br>N/D        | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        |
| Cs-134                        | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        |
| Ba-140                        | Ci   | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        | N/D              | N/D               |
| Lo 140                        | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Co-58                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        |
| Co-60                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        | ' N/D            | N/D               |
| Mn-54                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Fe-59                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Zn-65                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Mo-99                         | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Ce-141                        | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| Ce-144                        | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D              | N/D               |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD              | Ci   | N/A              | N/A               | N/A              | N/A               |

## TABLE 1C

## EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD: 1/1/08 TO 12/31/08 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS-GROUND LEVEL RELEASES

|                               |            | CONTINU          | JOUS MODE             | BATCH            | I MODE            |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| SURRY POWER STATION UNITS 1&2 | UNIT       | FIRST<br>QUARTER | SECOND<br>QUARTER     | FIRST<br>QUARTER | SECOND<br>QUARTER |
| 1. FISSION & ACTIVATION GASES | . <i>.</i> | ۰.               | •                     | •                |                   |
| Kr-85                         | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Kr-85m                        | Ci         | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Kr-87                         | Ci         | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        |
| Kr-88                         | Ci         | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        |
| XI-00<br>Xe-133               | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D<br>N/D       | 2.30E-02          |
| Xe-135<br>Xe-135              | · Ci       | 2.50E-04         | 3.86E-03              | 1.20E-03         | 1.23E-02          |
| Xe-135<br>Xe-135m             | Ci         | 2.50E-04<br>N/D  | 4.39E-03              | N/D              | N/D               |
| Xe-135m<br>Xe-138             | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        |
|                               | Ci         | N/D<br>N/D       |                       | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D<br>N/D        |
| Xe-131m                       |            |                  | N/D                   |                  |                   |
| Xe-133m                       | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Ar-41                         | Ci         | 1.67E-04         | 3.37E-04              | N/D              | N/D               |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD              | Ci         | 4.17E-04         | 8.59E-03              | 1.20E-03         | 2.42E-02          |
|                               |            |                  |                       |                  | · ·               |
| 2. IODINES                    |            |                  |                       |                  | · ·               |
| I-131                         | Ci         | 2.54E-07         | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| I-131<br>I-133                | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D<br>N/D        |
| I-135<br>I-135                | Ci         | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D                   | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D<br>N/D        |
| 1-155                         | CI ,       | IN/L             | 1 <b>\</b> / <i>D</i> | N/D              |                   |
|                               |            |                  | · · · · · ·           |                  |                   |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD              | Ci         | 2.54E-07         | N/A                   | N/A              | N/A               |
|                               |            |                  |                       |                  |                   |
| 3. PARTICULATES               |            |                  |                       |                  |                   |
| Sr-89                         | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Sr-90                         | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Cs-134                        | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Cs-137                        | Ci         | 1.49E-07         | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Ba-140                        | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| La-140                        | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Co-58                         | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Co-60                         | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Mn-54                         | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Fe-59                         | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Zn-65                         | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Mo-99                         | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Ce-141                        | Ci .       | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
| Ce-144                        | Ci         | N/D              | N/D                   | N/D              | N/D               |
|                               | · .        |                  |                       |                  |                   |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD              | Ci         | 1.49E-07         | N/A                   | N/A              | N/A               |
|                               |            |                  |                       |                  |                   |

## TABLE 1C

## EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD: 1/1/08 TO 12/31/08 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS-GROUND LEVEL RELEASES

|                      |   |      | CONTINU          | JOUS MODE         | BATCH              | MODE              |
|----------------------|---|------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| SURRY POWER STATIO   | N UNITS 1&2   | UNIT | THIRD<br>QUARTER | FOURTH<br>QUARTER | THIRD ~<br>QUARTER | FOURTH<br>QUARTER |
| 1. FISSION & ACTIVAT | ION GASES   |      |                  |                   |                    |                   |
| Kr-85                | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | 8.00E-01           | N/D               |
| Kr-85m               |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Kr-87                |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Kr-88                |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Xe-133               |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Xe-135               |   | Ci   | 2.34E-04         | 2.73E-04          | 4.94E-04           | 1.33E-03          |
| Xe-135m              |   | Ci   | N/D              | 3.48E-05          | N/D                | N/D               |
| Xe-138               |   | Ci   | N/D              | 4.78E-05          | N/D                | 2.45E-03          |
| Xe-131m              | · .   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Xe-133m              |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Ar-41                |   | Ci.  | 2.42E-04         | 1.05E-03          | N/D                | 1.11E-02          |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD     |   | Ci   | 4.77E-04         | 1.41E-03          | 8.01E-01           | 1.49E-02          |
| ·· .                 | e de la companya de l |      |                  | · · ·             |                    | , <sub>.</sub>    |
| 2. IODINES           | N I I   |      |                  | . ,               |                    |                   |
| I-131                | 1   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| I-131<br>I-133       | <u>.</u>  | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D<br>N/D        |
| I-135                |   | Ci   | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D               | N/D<br>N/D         | N/D<br>N/D        |
|                      | · prim  |      |                  |                   | - ·· - ·           |                   |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD     |   | Ci   | N/A              | N/A               | Ņ/A                | N/A               |
| I OTAL FOR TEMOD     |   |      |                  |                   | IN/A               | IN/A              |
| 3. PARTICULATES      |   |      |                  | · .               |                    |                   |
| Sr-89                |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Sr-90                |   | Ci   | N/D              | Ń/D               | N/D<br>N/D         | N/D               |
| Cs-134               |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Cs-137               |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/Ď               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Ba-140               |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| La-140               |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Co-58                |   | Ci   | N/D<br>N/D       | 4.74E-06          | N/D<br>N/D         | N/D               |
| Co-60                |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Mn-54                |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D<br>N/D         | N/D               |
| Fe-59                |   | Ci   | N/D              | N/D               | N/D<br>N/D         | N/D<br>N/D        |
| Zn-65                | ·   | Ci   | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D<br>N/D        | N/D                | N/D<br>N/D        |
| Mo-99                |   | Ci   | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D               | N/D                | N/D               |
| Ce-141               |   | Ci   | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D<br>N/D        | N/D                | N/D               |
| Ce-144               |   | Ci   | N/D<br>N/D       | N/D               | N/D<br>N/D         | N/D<br>N/D        |
| · · · ·              | · · ·   |      | · . ·            | 14 - 7<br>4       |                    |                   |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD     | • .   | Ci   | N/A              | 4.74E-06          | N/A                | N/A               |
| 1011121 OKTERIOD     | • .   |      |                  |                   |                    | . 11/12           |

## TABLE 2A

## EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD: 1/1/08 TO 12/31/08 LIQUID EFFLUENTS-SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

|   |                       | · · ·                 |                   |              |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| SURRY POWER STATION UNITS 1&2                     | UNIT                  | FIRST<br>QUARTER      | SECOND<br>QUARTER | % EST. ERROR |
| A. FISSION AND ACTIVATION PRODUCT                 | ſS                    | · · · · · · · · · · · | ×                 | · ·          |
| 1. TOTAL RELEASE (NOT INCLUDING                   |                       |                       |                   |              |
| TRITIUM, GASES, ALPHA)                            | Ci                    | 1.32E-02              | 9.60E-03          | 2.00E+01     |
| 2. AVE DIL. CONC. DURING PERIOD                   | μCi/mL                | 2.13E-11              | 1.38E-11          |              |
| 3. PERCENT OF APPLICABLE LIMIT                    | %                     | 3.54E-05              | 2.49E-05          |              |
|   |                       |                       |                   |              |
|   |                       | •                     |                   |              |
| B. TRITIUM  |                       | ·                     |                   | · · · ·      |
| 1. TOTAL RELEASE                                  | Ci                    | 1.31E+02              | 3.48E+02          | 2.00E+01     |
| 2. AVE DIL. CONC. DURING PERIOD                   | μCi/mL                | 2.12E-07              | 5.02E-07          | · '          |
| 3. PERCENT OF APPLICABLE LIMIT                    | %                     | 2.12E-03              | 5.02E-03          | •            |
|   |                       |                       |                   |              |
| C. DISSOLVED AND ENTRAINED GASES                  |                       |                       |                   |              |
| 1. TOTAL RELEASE                                  | Ci                    | N/D                   | 1.43E-05          | 2.00E+01     |
| 2. AVE DIL. CONC. DURING PERIOD                   | μCi/mL                | N/A                   | 2.06E-14          | •            |
| 3. PERCENT OF APPLICABLE LIMIT                    | %                     | N/A                   | 1.03E-08.         |              |
|   |                       |                       |                   | •            |
|   | ан сайта.<br>Ал сайта |                       | • ·               |              |
| D. GROSS ALPHA RADIOACTIVITY                      |                       |                       |                   | 1.<br>       |
| 1. TOTAL RELEASE                                  | Ci                    | N/D                   | N/D               | 2.00E+01     |
| •   |                       |                       |                   |              |
| E. VOLUME OF WASTE RELEASED                       | •                     |                       |                   |              |
| (PRIOR TO DILUTION)                               | LITERS                | 4.47E+07              | 4.04E+07          | 3.00E+00     |
|   | • 2                   |                       |                   |              |
| F. VOLUME OF DILUTION WATER                       |                       |                       |                   | · · ·        |
| F. VOLUME OF DILUTION WATER<br>USED DURING PERIOD | LITERS                | 6.19E+11              | 6.94E+11          | 3.00E+00     |
| USED DUKING PERIOD                                | LITERS                | 0.19E+11              | 0.94ET11          | 3.00ET00     |

#### TABLE 2A

#### EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD: 1/1/08 TO 12/31/08 LIQUID EFFLUENTS-SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

| SURRY POWER STATION UNITS 1&2<br>A. FISSION AND ACTIVATION PRODUCTS  | UNIT              | THIRD<br>QUARTER                 | FOURTH<br>QUARTER                | % EST. ERROR |
|--|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| <ol> <li>TOTAL RELEASE (NOT INCLUDING<br/>TRITIUM, GASES, ALPHA)</li> <li>AVE DIL. CONC. DURING PERIOD</li> <li>PERCENT OF APPLICABLE LIMIT</li> </ol> | Ci<br>µCi/mL<br>% | 1.97E-03<br>2.57E-12<br>1.02E-05 | 2.82E-03<br>4.31E-12<br>1.24E-05 | 2.00E+01     |
| B. TRITIUM<br>1. TOTAL RELEASE   | Ci                | 6.11E+01                         | 6.17E+01                         | 2.00E+01     |
| 2. AVE DIL. CONC. DURING PERIOD<br>3. PERCENT OF APPLICABLE LIMIT  | μCi/mL<br>%       | 7.97E-08<br>7.97E-04             | 9.45E-04<br>9.45E-04             | 2.001/01     |
| C. DISSOLVED AND ENTRAINED GASES<br>1. TOTAL RELEASE<br>2. AVE DIL. CONC. DURING PERIOD<br>3. PERCENT OF APPLICABLE LIMIT                              | Ci<br>µCi/mL<br>% | N/D<br>N/A<br>N/A                | N/D<br>N/A<br>N/A                | 2.00E+01     |
| D. GROSS ALPHA RADIOACTIVITY<br>1. TOTAL RELEASE   | Ci                | N/D                              | N/D                              | 2.00E+01     |
| E. VOLUME OF WASTE RELEASED<br>(PRIOR TO DILUTION)   | LITERS            | 3.80E+07                         | 3.56E+07                         | 3.00E+00     |
| F. VOLUME OF DILUTION WATER<br>USED DURING PERIOD  | LITERS            | 7.66E+11                         | 6.53E+11                         | 3.00E+00     |

## TABLE 2B

## EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD: 1/1/08 TO 12/31/08 LIQUID EFFLUENTS

| SURRY POWER STATION UNITS 1&2 | UNIT | CONTINU<br>FIRST<br>QUARTER | OUS MODE<br>SECOND<br>QUARTER | BATCH<br>FIRST<br>QUARTER | MODE<br>SECOND<br>QUARTER |
|-------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Sr-89                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Sr-90                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Fe-55                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Cs-134                        | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Cs-137                        | Ci   | 3.81E-04                    | 5.82E-04                      | 2.76E-04                  | 4.31E-04                  |
| I-131                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | 4.04E-06                  |
| Co-58                         | Ci   | N/D                         | 3.19E-05                      | 4.08E-03                  | 4.99E-03                  |
| Co-60                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | 3.53E-03                  | 1.20E-03                  |
| Fe-59                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Zn-65                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Mn-54                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | 7.29E-04                  | 1.07E-04                  |
| Cr-51                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | 2.04E-04                  | 6.81E-04                  |
| Zr-95                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Nb-95                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | 7.14E-06                  |
| Mo-99                         | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Tc-99m                        | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Ba-140                        | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| La-140                        | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Ce-141                        | Ci,  | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Ce-144                        | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| Sb-124                        | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | 7.87E-06                  |
| Sb-125                        | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | 3.88E-03                  | 1.51E-03                  |
| Co-57                         | Ci   | N/D                         | <b>N/D</b> .                  | 8.55E-05                  | 4.40E-05                  |
|                               |      | ••••                        |                               |                           |                           |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD              | Ci   | 3.81E-04                    | 6.14E-04                      | 1.28E-02                  | 8.98E-03                  |
| Xe-133                        | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | ··· N/D                   | 1.43E-05                  |
| Xe-135                        | Ci   | N/D                         | N/D                           | N/D                       | N/D                       |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD              | Ci   | N/A                         | N/A                           | N/A                       | 1.43E-05                  |

## TABLE 2B

## EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD: 1/1/0 TO 12/31/08 LIQUID EFFLUENTS

|                                       |      | CONTINUC | OUS MODE | BATCH        | MODE     |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|
| SURRY POWER STATION UNITS 1&2         | UNIT | THIRD    | FOURTH   | THIRD        | FOURTH   |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |      | QUARTER  | QUARTER  | QUARTER      | QUARTER  |
|                                       |      |          |          |              |          |
| Sr-89                                 | Ċi   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
| Sr-90                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
| Fe-55                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
| Cs-134                                | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
| Cs-137                                | Ci   | 4.53E-04 | 4.76E-04 | 5.12E-05     | 9.40E-05 |
| I-131                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
| Co-58                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | 5.10E-04     | 5.64E-04 |
| Co-60                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | 7.29E-04     | 5.13E-04 |
| Fe-59                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | · N/D ·  |
| Zn-65                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
| Mn-54                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | 1.00E-04     | 2.72E-05 |
| Cr-51                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | · N/D    |
| Zr-95                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
| Nb-95                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | 5:20E-06     | N/D      |
| Mo-99                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
| Tc-99m                                | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | , N/D    |
| Ba-140                                | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | · N/D        | . N/D    |
| La-140                                | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
| Ce-141                                | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
| Ce-144                                | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | <b>N/D</b> : | N/D      |
| Sb-124                                | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | . N/D    |
| Sb-125                                | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | 1.08E-04     | 1.14E-03 |
| Co-57                                 | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | 7.14E-06     | N/D      |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |      |          |          | •            |          |
|                                       |      |          |          | ••           |          |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD                      | Ci   | 4.53E-04 | 4.76E-04 | 1.51E-03     | 2.34E-03 |
|                                       |      |          | · ·      |              |          |
|                                       |      | · ,      |          | · .          |          |
| Xe-133                                | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
| Xe-135                                | Ci   | N/D      | N/D      | N/D          | N/D      |
|                                       |      |          |          | · ·          | s.       |
| TOTAL FOR PERIOD                      | Ci   | N/A      | N/A      | N/A          | N/A      |
|                                       |      |          |          |              | •        |

#### TABLE 3

#### EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT

#### SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS PERIOD: 1/1/08 - 12/31/08

#### SURRY POWER STATION A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (Not irradiated fuel)

| . Type of waste                             |                | 12 month<br>Period | Est. Total<br>Error, % |
|---|----------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| a. Spent resins, filter sludges, evaporator | $m^3$          | 2.93E+01*          | 1.00E+01               |
| bottoms, etc.                               | Ci             | 3.17E+02           | 3.00E+01               |
| b. Dry compressible waste, contaminated     | m <sup>3</sup> | 7.15E+02**         | `<br>1.00E+01          |
| equip., etc.                                | Ci             | 1.22E+00           | 3.00E+01               |
| c. Irradiated components, control           | m <sup>3</sup> | 5.68E-01***        | 1.00E+01               |
| rods, etc.                                  | Ci             | 6.04E-01           | 3.00E+01               |
| d. Other (Waste oil)                        | $m^3$          | 0.00E+00           | 1.00E+01               |
|   | Ci             | 0.00E+00           | 3.00E+01               |

#### 2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (by type of waste)

| a. Ni-63  | %   | 7.26E+01 |
|-----------|-----|----------|
| Fe-55     | %   | 1.17E+01 |
| Co-60     | %   | 8.53E+00 |
| Co-58     | %   | 3.89E+00 |
| Cs-137    | %   | 1.10E+00 |
| b. Cs-137 | · % | 4.94E+01 |
| Co-58     | %   | 1.74E+01 |
| Co-60     | %   | 1.29E+01 |
| Fe-55     | %   | 5.97E+00 |
| Ni-63     | %   | 5.44E+00 |
| Н-3       | %   | 2.92E+00 |
| Cr-51     | %   | 2.62E+00 |
| Ce-144    | %   | 1.06E+00 |
| c. Ni-63  | %   | 6.12E+01 |
| Co-60     | %   | 2.75E+01 |
| Fe-55     | %   | 8.56E+00 |
| Co-58     | %   | 1.91E+00 |
|           |     |          |

d.

%

#### TABLE 3

#### EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT

#### SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS PERIOD: 1/1/08 - 12/31/08 **CONTINUED**

## SURRY POWER STATION

A. SOLID WASTE SHIPPED OFFSITE FOR BURIAL OR DISPOSAL (Not irradiated fuel) 3. Solid Waste Disposition

| Number of Shipments | Mode of Transportation | Destination                     |
|---------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 3                   | Truck                  | Barnwell, SC (EnergySolutions)  |
| 20                  | Truck                  | Oak Ridge, TN (EnergySolutions) |

#### **B. IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENT (Disposition)**

Number of Shipments 0

Mode of Transportation

Destination

\* NOTE 1: Some of this waste was shipped to licensed waste processors for processing and/or volume reduction. Therefore, this volume is not representative of the actual volume buried. The total volume buried for this reporting period is 1.90E+01 m<sup>3</sup>.

\*\* NOTE 2: Some DAW was shipped to licensed waste processors for processing and/or volume reduction. Therefore, this volume is not representative of the actual volume buried. The total volume buried for this reporting period is  $4.41E+01 \text{ m}^3$ .

\*\*\* NOTE 3: This waste was shipped to a licensed waste processor for processing and/or volume reduction. This volume is representative of the actual volume buried.

## ANNUAL AND QUARTERLY DOSES

An assessment of radiation doses to the maximum exposed member of the public due to radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents released from the site for each calendar quarter for the calendar year of this report, along with an annual total of each effluent pathway is made pursuant to the ODCM, Section 6.7.2, requirement.

| [           |            | LIQUID   |          |          | ,        |          |
|-------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|             | Total Body | GI-LLI   | Liver    | Gamma    | Beta     | Lung     |
|             | (mrem)     | (mrem)   | (mrem)   | (mrad)   | (mrad)   | (mrem)   |
| 1st Quarter | 4.37E-05   | 1.59E-04 | 4.11E-05 | 8.25E-06 | 7.83E-06 | 4.07E-02 |
| 2nd Quarter | 7.49E-05   | 1.41E-04 | 7.41E-05 | 6.99E-05 | 8.12E-05 | 3.06E-02 |
| 3rd Quarter | 1.41E-05   | 3.26E-05 | 1.45E-05 | 3.32E-05 | 2.97E-03 | 2.66E-02 |
| 4th Quarter | 1.68E-05   | 2.99E-05 | 1.75E-05 | 2.65E-04 | 1.06E-04 | 1.62E-02 |
| Annual      | 1.50E-04   | 3.63E-04 | 1.47E-04 | 3.76E-04 | 3.17E-03 | 1.14E-01 |

#### **REVISIONS TO OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM)**

As required by Technical Specification 6.8.B, revisions to the ODCM, effective for the time period covered by this report, are included with this attachment. There was one revision to the ODCM implemented during this reporting period. The revision summary is as follows.

#### Revision 15:

Revised to include the elements of the Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI) Industry Ground Water Protection Initiative.

Revised approval process for changes to the ODCM to be consistent with the revised Technical Specification requirements.

Revision 15 of the ODCM is included with this attachment.

| D                       | minion®   |   |   | Procedure Routin  | 9                                   | fage                               | 10f2  |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| 2. Resolv<br>3. After c | nent comments<br>le comments v<br>omments are i | resolved, or if there are n                           | on the bottom of this form<br>o comments, initial and o | VPAP-0502 - Attachment 5<br>m, if required.<br>date the applicable block and send to the<br>r technical procedures; or the "Responsib | le person identi<br>le Department", | fied on the bol<br>reviewer for ad | Page 1 of<br>ttom of this for<br>min procedur |
|                         |   | /PAP-2103S  |   |   | Revisio                             |                                    | <u> </u>                                      |
| Procedur<br>C           | e Title<br>Offsite Dos                          | e Calculation Mar                                     | uual (Surry)  |   | I ,                                 | · · ·                              | (   |
| roœdur<br>J. A. M       | e Writer (Na<br>ann, III / P.                   | me) / Requestor (Nam<br>Blount                        | le)   | Location SPS  | Extensi                             | on<br>8-798-2                      | 118   |
| ype of F                | Request:  | [] New Procedu  | ire [X] Procedu   | re Revision [] Procedure De   | eletion [                           | ] Vendor P                         | rocedure                                      |
| ommite                  | nent Due Da<br>VA                               | te Comme  | nts Due By 10/23/0                                      | 8 Scheduled Approval Date 10  | 0/08                                | 5                                  | <u> </u>                                      |
|                         |   |   | ed By Supervisor St                                     | ation Procedures)   | Date                                | 1                                  |   |
|                         |   | rocedures (Signature)                                 | Amil al   | light wars  | 10                                  | 09/08                              |   |
| lanager                 | Nuclear Op                                      | erations Approval of F<br>N/A                         | eviews for EOPs/FCA                                     | ∧s (Signature) <sup>y</sup>   | Date /                              |                                    | í.  |
| Order                   | Due Date  | Type of Review C<br>Writers                           | heck (√) Required Reviews                               |   | n & Location                        | Initials                           | Date  |
| 1.                      | 10/9/08   | Self-Check  | N   | J. A. Mann, III   |                                     | XIn                                | 1099  |
|                         |   | Writers Guide   | • •   |   | •                                   | U                                  |   |
|                         | 10/23/08  | Requestor   |   | P. Blount SPS   |                                     | P52                                |   |
|                         |   | Technical   |   | · · · ·   | · · ·                               |                                    |   |
|                         | <u>````````````````````````````````</u>         | Technical EOPs/FCAs<br>[] In-Plant<br>[] Reference    | · .   |   | · · ·                               |                                    |   |
|                         |   | Validation [] Performance [] Simulator [] Walkthrough |   | Initialed Routing Sheets 1<br>faxed to Pete Blount@<br>2169   | may be                              | · ·                                |   |
|                         |   | [] Comparison<br>[] Table Top                         |   |   |                                     |                                    | . ,   |
| 2                       | 10/23/08  | Responsible Dept.                                     | $\sqrt{1-1}$  | J. Keithly SPS  | • •                                 | pgz                                |   |
|                         | 10/23/08  | Other Department<br>Review                            |   | L. Jones SPS  |                                     | 092                                |   |
|                         | .10/23/08                                       | Other Department<br>Review                            | V   | D. Miller SPS   |                                     | pgz                                |   |
|                         |   | Other Department<br>Review                            | · · ·   |   |                                     |                                    |   |
|                         |   | Other Department<br>Review                            | •   |   |                                     | ,                                  |   |
|                         |   | Other Department<br>Review                            | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   |   | :                                   | . 1                                |   |
|                         | <u>.</u>  | Other Department<br>Review                            |   |   |                                     |                                    |   |
| Return                  | o (Printed N                                    | lame)<br>comment resoluti                             | ~~)   | Location<br>SPS   |                                     | Extension 2467                     |   |

For additional Routing or Comments (if needed), see Page 2.

Page 2.+2

| Doc Library<br>Main Topic      | Subject:<br>Category: | VPAP-2103S, Offsite I<br>Procedure Routing | Dose Calculation Mar                          | ual (Surry), Re        | vision 7, DRAF                                 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---|------------------------|--|
| Sandy<br>Mann/Generation/3/Dom |                       |  | Provincius                                    | Reviewe                | 6. 전에 전 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 |
| 10/09/2008 01:38 PM            |                       | Originator<br>Sandy                        | Previous<br>Luther                            | <u>Current</u><br>None | <u>Future</u><br>None                          |
|                                |                       | Mann/Generation/3/Doi                      | [1] A. S. | /3/D                   |  |
|                                |                       |  | om<br>Jim                                     |                        |  |
|                                |                       |  | Keithley/Generation                           | on/3                   |  |
|                                |                       |  | /Dom<br>DK                                    |                        |  |
|                                | 法有限问题                 |  | Miller/Generation/                            | 3/D                    |  |
|                                |                       |  | om  |                        |  |

By 10/23/08 your review is needed for procedure: VPAP-2103S, Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (Surry), Revision 7, DRAFT

Pete Blount (SPS RP) is coordinating comments.



Submitted for review on 10/09/2008 Review completed by Pete Blount on 10/09/2008 Review completed by DK-Miller-on-10/09/2008 Review completed by Jim Keithley on 10/10/2008 Review completed by Luther Jones on 10/14/2008

## Administrative Procedures Action Request (A-PAR)

| Dominion  |   | A-PAR)   |                        | luies      | ACIION          | nequesi          |
|---|---|--|------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Instructions for completing this form are inc   |   | PAP-0502 - Attachm   | nent 21                |            |                 | Page 1 of 1      |
| <b>Request for Procedure Modification - to</b>  | be completed by Requ  | estor and Counterpa  | art (complete l        | olocks 1 t | hrough 15 a     | nd               |
| forward to appropriate Process/Program<br>1. Procedure Number<br>VPAP-2103S                                     |   | 3. Page<br>1 of 1  | 4. Effective D         | )ate       | n n             | 08               |
| 5. Procedure Title<br>Offsite Dose Calculation Manual   | (Surry)   |  | 6. Expiration          | Date       | N/A             |                  |
| 7. Type of Request  | lure Revision   | Procedure Dele   | tion                   | Emerg      | jency Change    | ,<br>)           |
| 8. Brief description of the modification  | . •   |  |                        |            | ŕ               | •                |
| See Revision Summary of affec   | ted procedure.  | •  |                        |            |                 |                  |
|   |   |  | •                      |            |                 | •                |
| 9. Location X SPS NAPS  | CORP  | Location   | SPS                    |            |                 | ORP              |
| 10. Requested by (Printed Name)   | 11. Date   12. Phone  | 13. Requested by   |                        |            | 14. Date        | 15. Phone        |
| P. Blount   | 10/1/08 2467  | N/A  |                        |            | N/A             | N/A              |
| Request Approval Checklist - to be com<br>to appropriate Station Procedures)                                    | pleted by Process/Pro   | gram Owners (PPOs  | (complete bl           | ocks 16 t  | hrough 33 ar    | nd forward       |
| 16. Does procedure meet requirements of   | NOTE below?   | ۰.   | •                      | Ye         | s XNo           |                  |
| 17. Does this procedure require a 50.59 / 7   | 2.48 Evaluation (Form N   | lo. 730947)?   |                        | Ye         | s X No          | · ·              |
| 18. Are there any new sections or steps de  | esignated North Anna or   | Surry?   |                        | Ye         | s X No          | •                |
| 19. Is the reason for the station-specific in   | structions due to differen  | ces in regulatory requ   | irements?              | Ye         | s 🗌 No          | X N/A            |
| 20. Is the reason for the station-specific in   | structions due to differen  | ces in construction?   |                        | Yes        | s 🗌 No          | X N/A            |
| 21. Is the reason for the station-specific in   | structions due to station   | preferences?   |                        | Ye         | s 🗌 No          | X N/A            |
| If all answers are No or N/A, approval is re  | equired by PPOs as iden   | tified on the Procedur   | e Cover Page.          | Check blo  | ock 30.         |                  |
| If block 16 or 17 is Yes, approval is require<br>NOTE: VPAP-2103N, VPAP-2103S, a<br>SPIPs and VPAP-2401 require | nd VPAP-2104 require S  | ite Vice President(s) a  | ipproval.              | ks 30, 31  | , and 32, as a  | ppropriate.      |
| If block 18, 19, or 20 is Yes with block 21   | No, approval is required  | by PPOs and Site Vic   | e Presidents. C        | heck bloc  | ks 30 and 32    | т<br>•           |
| If block 21 is Yes, approval is required by   | PPOs, Site Vice Preside   | nts, and Vice Presider   | nt Corporate. C        | heck bloc  | ks 30, 32, an   | d 33.            |
| 22. Did this procedure require the attachn  | nents in PI-AA-4000, Cha  | ange Management, to  | be used?               |            | Yes             | x No             |
| 23. Location XSPS NAPS  | CORP  | Location   | SPS [                  |            |                 | ORP              |
| 24. PPO (Printed Name)<br>L. B. Jones   | 25. Date 26. Phone 10/9/08 2010   | 27. PPO (Printed N/A   | Name)                  | •          | 28. Date<br>N/A | 29. Phone<br>N/A |
| Required Approval Authority - Determin  | ation From Above by P   | PO   | e<br>a                 |            |                 |                  |
| 30. PPO(s)31. F   | SRCs  | 32. Site Vice Preside  | nts                    | 33. Vic    | e President (   | Corp)            |
| Procedure Approval (Signature) (compl   |   |  |                        | ation Pro  | cedures)        |                  |
| 34. PPO (Signature) Q. Kittle   | 35.Date   | 36. PPO (Signatur<br>8   | . N/A                  |            | ¥               | 37. Date<br>N/A  |
| 38. FSRC Chairman (Signature)<br>N/A  | 39. Date<br>N/A   | 40. FSRC Chairm  | an (Signature)<br>N/A  | <b>\</b>   |                 | 41. Date<br>N/A  |
| 42. Site Vice President (Signature)   | 43. Date<br>(1. 14.6  | 44. Site Vice Pres   | ident (Signatur        | e) .       |                 | 45. Date         |
| Executive approval required for any sta<br>instructions that are based solely on st                             | ation-specific  | 46. Vice Presiden  | t Corporate (Si<br>N/A |            |                 | 47. Date<br>N/A  |
| Key: A-PAR-Administrative Procedures<br>NAPS-North Anna Power Station; C<br>FSRC-Facility Safety Review Comm    | Action Request; SPS-S<br>CORP-Corporate; PPO(<br>hittee; SPIPs-Security I | urry Power Station;<br>s)-Process/Program<br>Plan Implementing P | Owner(s);<br>rocedures |            |                 |                  |



# Activity Checklist Page 1 of 1

VPAP-3001 – Attachment 2

| . Identification of Governing Document  |   | ·  |  |                                   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|---|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| -   | 2. Applicable Station                                 |  | 3. Applicable U                                  |                                   |                                       |
| /PAP-2103S, Rev 15  | [] North Anna Power S                                 | tation [x] Surry Power Station   | [x]Unit 1 [x]                                    |                                   | ISFSI                                 |
| . Brief Description of the Entire Activity  |   |  |  |                                   |                                       |
| rocedure revised to incorporate radioacti<br>IRC officials based upon NEI 07-07 Indus<br>eviewed and approved by SNSOC/FSRC | stry Ground Water Protection                          | n Initiative – Final Guidance. Requ                                      | munication guidance<br>irement for procedu       | e to State, Loc<br>re changes to  | al and be                             |
| . Is the activity bounded by another chan<br>etermined to require NRC approval?   |   | If YES, identify the source docum  |  | · · ·                             |                                       |
| . Is the activity based on a source document that accordance with VPAP-3001 or DNAP-3004?                                   | []Yes [x]No   | If YES, identify the source docum<br>(Skip to Block 8)                   | ent or attach a copy                             | of the comple                     | eted review                           |
| General Screen (Definitions are prov<br>NOTE: UFSAR and ISFSI SAR are to be   |   | completing this Checklist  |  |                                   |                                       |
| <ul> <li>Does this activity require a change to<br/>Specification Bases, ISFSI License, or</li> </ul>                       |   |  | SI), Technical                                   | [] Yes                            | [x] No                                |
| <ul> <li>Does this activity alter (temporarily or<br/>in the UFSAR?</li> </ul>  | permanently) the <b>design</b> of                     | a Structure, System, or Componer   | t (SSC) described                                | []Yes                             | [x] No                                |
| <ol> <li>Does this activity alter (temporarily or<br/>function of an SSC described in the L</li> </ol>                      |   | ability to function, or method of  | performing a                                     | [] Yes                            | [x] No                                |
| <ol> <li>Does this activity alter a numeric value<br/>previously reviewed in accordance with</li> </ol>                     |   |  | s <b>nót</b> been                                | [] Yes                            | [x] No                                |
| . Does this activity modify how SSCs a  | re operated or controlled a                           | s described, outlined, or summariz                                       | ed in the UFSAR?                                 | [] Yes                            | [x] No                                |
| . Does this activity perform a test or exp  | periment that is not describ                          | ed in the UFSAR?   | · · ·  | [] Yes                            | [x] No                                |
| B. Does this activity involve a change in a UFSAR?  | a calculational method that                           | supports the function of an SSC o  | escribed in the                                  | [] Yes                            | [x] No                                |
| . Does this activity involve a temporary i  | modification, as defined in V                         | PAP-1403?  |  | [_]_Yes                           | -[ <b>x</b> ]No                       |
| Does this activity involve a change, tes  |   |  |  | [] Yes                            | [x] No                                |
| ote: If any response to Question 7 is "Ye<br>no response to Question 8 or 9 is re   |   |  |  |                                   | ormed and                             |
| Maintaining the UFSAR   |   |  |  |                                   |                                       |
| oes this activity require revising the UFS.   | AR OF ISESI SAR?<br>[]Yes [x]No                       | If "YES," Initiate a Change Reque<br>the signature of a qualified Regul  |  |                                   | and optain                            |
| Results and References  |   |  |  |                                   |                                       |
| can be implemented without prio<br>ist documents used to perform the Gener  | n, or control or operation of regulatory approval.    | activity has no impact on the desi<br>a SSC described in the UFSAR (i.   | gn, function, ability t<br>a., the change activi | o function,<br>ty is safe) and    | the activity                          |
| S Amendment 244/243 (TSCR 359A)<br>R102850, CA078325  | · .   |  | · .  |                                   |                                       |
| El Industry Ground Water Protection Initi   |   | 27   |  |                                   |                                       |
| tenewed Facility Operating License (Units<br>PS UFSAR: Keyword Index; Chapter 11,   | s 1 and 2) DPR-32 and DPR<br>Radioactive Wastes and R | -37<br>adiation Protection   |  |                                   |                                       |
| PS Tech Spec 6, Administrative Controls   |   |  |  |                                   |                                       |
| opical Report DOM-QA-1<br>IUREG-0472, Standard Radiological Efflu   | ent Technical Specification                           | s for Pressurized Water Reactors   | Draft Rev 3 March                                | 1982                              |                                       |
| 0CFR50.36a Technical specifications on  |   |  |  |                                   |                                       |
| b. Conclusion<br>Provide additional discussion to suppo   |   |  |  |                                   |                                       |
| his activity does not impact nuclear plant<br>nitiative – Final Guidance reporting and ne                                   | satety. This activity revises                         | s VPAP-2103S to incorporate the N<br>is procedure revision does not more | it industry Ground                               | vvater Protect<br>logical effluen | uon<br>t. nor                         |
| reate a new effluent, nor change effluent   | dose or radiation monitor se                          | tpoint calculation methodologies.  |  |                                   |                                       |
| ontrol required by 10 CFR 20 Subpart D,   | 10 CFR 50.36a & App.I and                             |  |  |                                   |                                       |
| 0. Preparer Name (Print)<br>9. Blount   |   | 11. Title<br>Health Physicist III  |  |                                   |                                       |
| 2. Preparer Signature   | unt   |  | 13. D  | ate<br>15/9/0                     | Ø                                     |
|   | parer is not AC Qualified) or                         | IAW Block 8 15. Title  | 1  |                                   |                                       |
| 4. Reviewer Name (Only Required if Prep<br>6. Reviewer Signature  |   | /  |  |                                   |                                       |



## Station **Administrative Procedure**

#### Title: Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (Surry)

Process / Program Owner: Manager Radiological Protection and Chemistry (Surry)

**Procedure Number Revision Number VPAP-2103S** 

**Effective Date On File** 

#### **Revision Summary**

The following changes were made to incorporate radioactive effluent reporting requirements and communication guidance to state, local, and NRC officials based upon NEI 07-07 Industry Ground Water Protection Initiative - Final Guidance Document.

15

- Deleted 3.1.26 Nuclear Energy Institute (NEI) Industry Ground Water Protection Initiative, June 2006.
- Added 3.1.26, NEI 07-07, Industry Ground Water Protection Initiative Final Guidance Documents.
- Added 3.1.28 RP-AA-502, Groundwater Protection Program.
- Revised 6.7.2.a.7 reworded to comply with NEI guidance.
- Added 6.7.2.a.8 "Groundwater sample results from locations not part of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program.'
- Revised 6.7.5, Industry Ground Water Protection Initiative to reflect the above changes.

The following change was made to reflect current Technical Specifications (Offsite Dose Calculation Manual no longer requires FSRC approval):

- Revised 6.7.4.a as follows regarding changes to the ODCM:
- OLD "Reviewed and approved by SNSOC and Site Vice President before implementation."
- NEW "Approved by the Site Vice President before implementation."

## **Approvals on File**

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#### 1.0 PURPOSE

The Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) establishes requirements for the Radioactive Effluent and Radiological Environmental Monitoring Programs. Methodology and parameters are provided to calculate offsite doses resulting from radioactive gaseous and liquid effluents, to calculate gaseous and liquid effluent monitoring alarm/trip setpoints, and to conduct the Environmental Monitoring Program. Requirements are established for the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report and the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report required by Station Technical Specifications. Calculation of offsite doses due to radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents are performed to assure that:

- Concentration of radioactive liquid effluents to the unrestricted area will be limited to ten times the effluent concentration values of 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2, for radionuclides other than dissolved or entrained noble gases and 2E-4 µCi/mL for dissolved or entrained noble gases
- Exposure to the maximum exposed member of the public in the unrestricted area from radioactive liquid effluents will not result in doses greater than the liquid dose limits of 10 CFR 50, Appendix I
- Dose rate at and beyond the site boundary from radioactive gaseous effluents will be limited to:
  - •• Noble gases less than or equal to a dose rate of 500 mrem/yr to the total body and less than or equal to a dose rate of 3000 mrem/yr to the skin
  - •• I<sup>131</sup>, I<sup>133</sup>, and H<sup>3</sup>, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days less than or equal to a dose rate of 1500 mrem/yr to any organ
- Exposure from radioactive gaseous effluents to the maximum exposed member of the public in the unrestricted area will not result in doses greater than the gaseous dose limits of 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, and
- Exposure to a real individual will not exceed 40 CFR 190 dose limits

#### 2.0 SCOPE

This procedure applies to the Radioactive Effluent and Radiological Environmental Monitoring Programs at Surry Power Station.

#### **3.0 REFERENCES/COMMITMENT DOCUMENTS**

#### 3.1 References

- 3.1.1 10 CFR 20, Standards for Protection Against Radiation
- 3.1.2 10 CFR 50, Domestic Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities
- 3.1.3 40 CFR 190, Environmental Radiation Protection Standards for Nuclear Power Operations
- 3.1.4 TID-14844, Calculation of Distance Factors for Power and Test Reactor Sites
- 3.1.5 Regulatory Guide 1.21, Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactivity in Solid Wastes and Releases of Radioactive Materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants, Rev. 1, U.S. NRC, June 1974
- 3.1.6 Regulatory Guide 1.109, Calculation of Annual Doses to Man from Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, Rev. 1, U.S. NRC, October 1977
- 3.1.7 Regulatory Guide 1.111, Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routine Releases from Light-Water-Cooled Reactors, Rev. 1, U.S. NRC, July 1977
- 3.1.8 Surry Technical Specifications (Units 1 and 2)
- 3.1.9 NUREG-0324, XOQDOQ, Program for the Meteorological Evaluation of Routine Effluent Releases at Nuclear Power Stations, U.S. NRC, September 1977
- 3.1.10 NUREG/CR-1276, Users Manual for the LADTAP II Program, U.S. NRC, May, 1980
- 3.1.11 TID-4500, VCRL-50564, Rev. 1, Concentration Factors of Chemical Elements in Edible Aquatic Organisms, October, 1972
- 3.1.12 WASH 1258, Vol. 2, July 1973, Numerical Guides for Design Objectives and Limiting Conditions for Operation to Meet the Criterion "As Low As Practicable" For Radioactive Material in Light Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Reactor Effluents
- 3.1.13 NUREG-0597, User's Guide to GASPAR Code, U.S. NRC, June, 1980
- 3.1.14 Radiological Assessment Branch Technical Position on Environmental Monitoring, November, 1979, Rev. 1
- 3.1.15 NUREG-0133, Preparation of Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications for Nuclear Power Stations, October, 1978
- 3.1.16 NUREG-0543, February 1980, Methods for Demonstrating LWR Compliance With the EPA Uranium Fuel Cycle Standard (40 CFR Part 190)
- 3.1.17 NUREG-0472, Standard Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications for Pressurized Water Reactors, Draft, Rev. 3, March 1982
- 3.1.18 Environmental Measurements Laboratory, DOE HASL 300 Manual

- 3.1.19 NRC Generic Letter 89-01, Implementation of Programmatic Controls for Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications (RETS) in the Administrative Controls Section of the Technical Specifications and the Relocation of Procedural Details of RETS to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual or to the Process Control Program
- 3.1.20 Surry UFSAR
- 3.1.21 Laboratory Quality Assurance Plan, Manual 100; Framatome Environmental Laboratory
- 3.1.22 VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports
- 3.1.23 HP-3010.021, Radioactive Liquid Waste Sampling and Analysis
- 3.1.24 HP-3010.031, Radioactive Gaseous Waste Sampling and Analysis
- 3.1.25 Design Change 01-022, Ventilation Radiation Monitoring (Kaman) System Replacement/Surry/Unit 1&2
- 3.1.26 NEI 07-07, Industry Ground Water Protection Initiative Final Guidance Document
- 3.1.27 CR022320 (Surry), Daily Channel Checks for 1-VG-RM-131-1 Flow Rate Measuring Device Not Performed
- 3.1.28 RP-AA-502, Groundwater Protection Program

#### **3.2** Commitment Documents

- 3.2.1 Quality Assurance Audit Report Number 92-03, Observation 04NS (Item 2)
- 3.2.2 Deviation Report S-97-1281, Annual Radiological Effluent Release Report
- 3.2.3 Deviation S-2000-0235, Continuous Vent Stack Sampling
- 3.2.4 S-2005-0930, Response to the Verification of Back-up Effluent Accountability Sampling

#### 4.0 **DEFINITIONS**

#### 4.1 Channel Calibration

Adjustment, as necessary, of the channel output so it responds with the necessary range and accuracy to known values of the parameter the channel monitors. It encompasses the entire channel, including the sensor and alarm and/or trip functions and the Channel Functional Test. The Channel Calibration can be performed by any series of sequential, overlapping, or total channel steps so the entire channel is calibrated.

# 4.2 Channel Check

A qualitative assessment, by observation, of channel behavior during operation. This assessment includes, where possible, comparison of the channel indication and/or status with other indications and/or status derived from independent instrumentation channels measuring the same parameter.

The Channel Check for the MGPI sampler flow rate measuring devices, as listed on Attachment 6 of this procedure, is the direct observation of the MGPI radiation monitor release rate (i.e., microcuries per second) without the presence of a sampler flow fault display.

# 4.3 Channel Functional Test

There are two types of Channel Functional Tests.

# 4.3.1 Analog Channel

Injection of a simulated signal into a channel, as close to the sensor as practicable, to verify Operability, including alarm and/or trip functions.

# 4.3.2 Bistable Channel

Injection of a simulated signal into a sensor to verify Operability, including alarm and/or trip functions.

#### 4.4 Critical Organ

That organ, which has been determined to be the maximum exposed organ based on an effluent pathway analysis, thereby ensuring the dose and dose rate limitations to any organ will not be exceeded.

#### 4.5 Dose Equivalent I-131

That concentration of  $I^{131}$  (µCi/cc) that alone would produce the same thyroid dose as the quantity and isotopic mixture of  $I^{131}$ ,  $I^{132}$ ,  $I^{133}$ ,  $I^{134}$ , and  $I^{135}$  actually present. Thyroid dose conversion factors for this calculation are listed in Table III of TID-14844, Calculation of Distance Factors for Power and Test Reactor Sites. Thyroid dose conversion factors from NRC Regulatory Guide 1.109, Revision 1, may be used.

#### 4.6 Frequency Notations

NOTE: Frequencies are allowed a maximum extension of 25 percent.

# **NOTATION FREQUENCY**

| At least once per 24 hours        |
|-----------------------------------|
| At least once per 7 days          |
| At least once per 31 days         |
| At least once per 92 days         |
| At least once per 184 days        |
| At least once per 18 months       |
| Prior to each reactor start-up    |
| Completed prior to each release   |
| Not applicable                    |
| At least once during each release |
|                                   |

# 4.7 Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System

A system that reduces radioactive gaseous effluents by collecting primary coolant system offgases from the primary system and providing delay or holdup to reduce total radioactivity prior to release to the environment. The system comprises the waste gas decay tanks, regenerative heat exchanger, waste gas charcoal filters, process vent blowers and waste gas surge tanks.

## 4.8 General Nomenclature

 $\chi$  = Chi: concentration at a point at a given instant (curies per cubic meter)

D = Deposition: quantity of deposited radioactive material per unit area (curies per square meter)

Q = Source strength (instantaneous; grams, curies)

= Emission rate (continuous; grams per second, curies per second)

= Emission rate (continuous line source; grams per second per meter)

#### **4.9** Lower Limit of Detection (LLD)

The smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count (above system background) that can be detected with 95 percent probability with only five percent probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

# 4.10 Members of the Public

Individuals who, by virtue of their occupational status, have no formal association with the Station. This category includes non-employees of Dominion who are permitted to use portions of the site for recreational, occupational, or other purposes not associated with Station functions. This category does not include non-employees such as vending machine servicemen or postal workers who, as part of their formal job function, occasionally enter an area that is controlled by Dominion to protect individuals from exposure to radiation and radioactive materials.

#### 4.11 Operable - Operability

A system, subsystem, train, component, or device is operable or has operability when it is capable of performing its specified functions and all necessary, attendant instrumentation, controls, normal and emergency electrical power sources, cooling or seal water, lubrication or other auxiliary equipment that are required for the system, subsystem, train, component, or device to perform its functions are also capable of performing their related support functions.

## 4.12 Purge - Purging

Controlled discharge of air or gas from a confinement to maintain temperature, pressure, humidity, concentration, or other operating condition, so that replacement air or gas is required to purify the confinement.

# 4.13 Rated Thermal Power

Total reactor core heat transfer rate to reactor coolant (i.e., 2546 Megawatts Thermal MWt).

# 4.14 Site Boundary

The line beyond which Dominion does not own, lease, or otherwise control the land.

# 4.15 Source Check

For Victoreen and Eberline monitors a source check is the qualitative assessment of channel response when a channel sensor is exposed to a radioactive source or a light emitting diode, LED.

For MGPI monitors a source check is the verification of proper computer response to continuous operational checks on the detector and electronics.

# 4.16 Special Report

A report to NRC to comply with Subsections 6.2, 6.3, or 6.5 of this procedure. Also refer to VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports.

# 4.17 Thermal Power

Total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant.

# 4.18 Unrestricted Area

Any area at or beyond the site boundary, access to which is neither limited nor controlled by Dominion for purposes of protection of individuals from exposure to radiation and radioactive materials, or any area within the site boundary used for residential quarters or for industrial, commercial, institutional or recreational purposes.

# 4.19 Ventilation Exhaust Treatment System

A system that reduces gaseous radioiodine or radioactive material in particulate form in effluents by passing ventilation or vent exhaust gases through charcoal adsorbers and High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filters to remove iodines and particulates from a gaseous exhaust stream prior to release to the environment (such a system is not considered to have any effect on noble gas effluents). Engineered Safety Feature (ESF) atmospheric cleanup systems are not Ventilation Exhaust Treatment System components.

## 5.0 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

# 5.1 Manager Radiological Protection and Chemistry

The Manager Radiological Protection and Chemistry is responsible for:

- 5.1.1 Establishing and maintaining procedures for surveying, sampling, and monitoring radioactive effluents and the environment.
- 5.1.2 Surveying, sampling, and analyzing plant effluents and environmental monitoring, and documenting these activities.
- 5.1.3 Analyzing plant effluent trends and recommending actions to correct adverse trends.
- 5.1.4 Preparing Effluent and Environmental Monitoring Program records.

## 5.2 Manager Nuclear Operations

The Manager Nuclear Operations is responsible for requesting samples, analyses, and authorization to release effluents.

#### 6.0 **INSTRUCTIONS**

**NOTE:** Meteorological, liquid, and gaseous pathway analyses are presented in Meteorological, Liquid, and Gaseous Pathway Analysis (Attachment 11).

6.1

#### Sampling and Monitoring Criteria

- 6.1.1 Surveys, sampling, and analyses shall use instruments calibrated for the type and range of radiation monitored and the type of discharge monitored.
- 6.1.2 Installed monitoring systems shall be calibrated for the type and range of radiation or parameter monitored.
- 6.1.3 A sufficient number of survey points shall be used or samples taken to adequately assess the status of the discharge monitored.
- 6.1.4 Samples shall be representative of the volume and type of discharge monitored.
- 6.1.5 Surveys, sampling, analyses, and monitoring records shall be accurately and legibly documented, and sufficiently detailed that the meaning and intent of the records are clear.
- 6.1.6 Surveys, analyses, and monitoring records shall be reviewed for trends, completeness, and accuracy.

#### 6.2 Liquid Radioactive Waste Effluents

#### 6.2.1 Liquid Effluent Concentration Limitations

- a. Liquid waste concentrations discharged from the Station shall not exceed the following limits:
  - 1. For radionuclides (other than dissolved or entrained noble gases), liquid effluent concentrations released to unrestricted areas shall not exceed ten times the effluent concentration values specified in 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2.
  - 2. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, concentrations shall not exceed 2E-4 µCi/mL.
- b. If the concentration of liquid effluent exceeds the limits in Step 6.2.1.a., promptly reduce concentrations to within limits.

c. Daily concentrations of radioactive materials in liquid waste released to unrestricted areas shall meet the following:

 $\frac{\text{Volume of Waste Discharged + Volume of Dilution Water}}{\text{Volume of Waste Discharged} \times \sum_{ACW_i}^{\mu Ci/ml_i} \ge 1 \quad (1)$ 

where:

 $\mu$ Ci/mL<sub>i</sub> = the concentration of nuclide i in the liquid effluent discharge

 ACW<sub>i</sub> = ten times the effluent concentration value in unrestricted areas of nuclide i, expressed as μCi/mL from 10 CFR 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 for radionuclides other than noble gases, and 2E-4 μCi/mL for dissolved or entrained noble gases

### 6.2.2 Liquid Monitoring Instrumentation

a. Radioactive Liquid Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation

Radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channels shown on Radioactive Liquid Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation (Attachment 1) shall be operable with their alarm/trip setpoints set to ensure that Step 6.2.1.a. limits are not exceeded.

- 1. Alarm/trip setpoints of these channels shall be determined and adjusted in accordance with Step 6.2.2.d., Setpoint Calculation.
- 2. If a radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channel alarm/trip setpoint is less conservative than required by Step 6.2.2.a., perform one of the following:
  - Promptly suspend release of radioactive liquid effluents monitored by the affected channel
  - Declare the channel inoperable
  - Change the setpoint to an acceptable, conservative value

# b. Radioactive Liquid Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation Operability

Each radioactive liquid effluent monitoring instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated operable by performing a Channel Check, Source Check, Channel Calibration, and Channel Functional Test at the frequencies shown in Radioactive Liquid Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation Surveillance Requirements (Attachment 2).

- If the number of operable channels is less than the minimum required by the tables in Radioactive Liquid Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation (Attachment 1) perform the action shown in those tables.
- 2. Attempt to return the instruments to operable status within 30 days. If unsuccessful, explain in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report why the inoperability was not corrected in a timely manner.

# c. Applicable Monitors

Liquid effluent monitors for which alarm/trip setpoints shall be determined are:

| Release Point                      | Instrument Number          |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Service Water System Effluent Line | 1-SW-RM-107 A,<br>B, C, D  |
| Condenser Circulating Water Line   | 1-SW-RM-120<br>2-SW-RM-220 |
| Radwaste Facility Effluent Line    | RE- RRM-131                |

## d. Setpoint Calculation

**NOTE:** This methodology does not preclude use of more conservative setpoints.

1. Maximum setpoint values shall be calculated by:

$$S = \frac{CF_D}{F_E}$$
(2)

where:

- S = the setpoint, in  $\mu$ Ci/mL, of the radioactivity monitor measuring the radioactivity concentration in the effluent line prior to dilution
- C = the effluent concentration limit for the monitor used to implement 10 CFR 20 for the Station, in  $\mu$ Ci/mL
- $F_{\rm E}$  = maximum design pathway effluent flow rate

 $F_D$  = dilution water flow rate calculated as:

 $D = F_E + (200,000 \text{ gpm x number of circ. pumps in service})$ 

2. Each of the condenser circulating water channels (e.g., SW-120, SW-220) monitors the effluent (service water, including component cooling service water, circulating water, and liquid radwaste) in the circulating water discharge tunnel beyond the last point of possible radioactive material addition. No dilution is assumed for this pathway. Therefore, Equation (2) becomes:

$$S = C \tag{3}$$

The setpoint for Station monitors used to implement 10 CFR 20 for the site becomes the effluent concentration limit.

3. In addition, for added conservatism, setpoints shall be calculated for the service water system effluent line (i.e., SW-107 A, B, C, D), and the Radwaste Facility effluent line (i.e., RRM-131).

4. For the service water system effluent line, Equation (2) becomes:

$$S = \frac{CF_D K_{SW}}{F_E}$$
(4)

where:

the fraction of the effluent concentration limit, used to implement 10 K<sub>SW</sub> = CFR 20 for the Station, attributable to the service water effluent line pathway

5. For the Radwaste Facility effluent line, Equation (2) becomes:

$$S = \frac{CF_D K_{RW}}{F_E}$$
(5)

where:

- $K_{RW}$  = the fraction of the effluent concentration limit, used to implement 10 CFR 20 attributable to the Radwaste Facility effluent line pathway
- 6. The sum  $K_{SW} + K_{RW}$  shall not be greater than 1.0.

## 6.2.3 Liquid Effluent Dose Limit

#### a. Requirement

At least once per 31 days, perform the dose calculations in Step 6.2.3.c. to ensure the dose or dose commitment to the maximum exposed member of the public from radioactive materials in liquid releases (from each reactor unit) to unrestricted areas is limited to:

1. During any calendar quarter:

- Less than or equal to 1.5 mrem to the total body
- Less than or equal to 5 mrem to the critical organ

#### 2. During any calendar year:

- Less than or equal to 3 mrem to the total body
- Less than or equal to 10 mrem to the critical organ

# b. Action

If the calculated dose from release of radioactive materials in liquid effluents exceeds any of the above limits, prepare and submit to the NRC, within 30 days, a special report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports, that identifies causes for exceeding limits and defines corrective actions taken to reduce releases of radioactive materials in liquid effluents to ensure that subsequent releases will be in compliance with the above limits.

#### c. Dose Contribution Calculations

**NOTE:** All critical organ doses for each age group are calculated to determine which is the limiting organ for the period being evaluated.

Dose contributions shall be calculated for all radionuclides identified in liquid effluents released to unrestricted areas based on the equation:

$$D = t F M \sum_{i} A_{i}$$
(6)

where:

Subscripts = i, refers to individual radionuclide

- D = the cumulative dose commitment to the total body or critical organ from the liquid effluents for the period t, in mrem
- $t = the period for which C_i and F are averaged for all liquid releases, in hours$
- M = the mixing ratio (reciprocal of the dilution factor) at the point of exposure, dimensionless, 0.2 from Appendix 11A, Surry UFSAR
- F = the near field average dilution factor for C<sub>i</sub> during any liquid effluent release; the ratio of the average undiluted liquid waste flow during release to the average flow from the site discharge structure to unrestricted areas
- $C_i$  = the average concentration of radionuclide, i, in undiluted liquid effluent during the period t, from all liquid releases, in  $\mu$ Ci/mL

 $A_i$  = the site-related ingestion dose commitment factor to the total body or critical organ for a particular age group for each identified principal gamma and beta emitter in mrem-mL per hr-µCi. Values for  $A_i$  are provided in the Canberra Source Code file.

$$A_i = 1.14 \text{ E}+05 (21 \text{BF}_i + 5 \text{BI}_i) \text{DF}_i$$
 (7)

for example:

 $1.14 \text{ E}+05 = 1 \text{ E}+06 \text{ pCi/}\mu\text{Ci} \times 1 \text{ E}+03 \text{ mL/kg/}(8760 \text{ hr/yr})$ , units conversion factor

21 =adult fish consumption, kg/yr, from NUREG-0133

5 = adult invertebrate consumption, kg/yr, from NUREG-0133

 $BI_i$  = the bioaccumulation factor for nuclide i, in invertebrates, pCi/kg per pCi/L

 $BF_i$  = the bioaccumulation factor for nuclide i, in fish, pCi/kg per pCi/L

DF<sub>i</sub> = the critical organ dose conversion factor for nuclide i, for adults, in mrem/pCi

**NOTE:** The above parameters were obtained from R.G. 1.109, Rev. 1, LADTAP II, NUREG/CR-1276, and TID-4500, VCRL-50564, Rev. 1.

#### d. Quarterly Composite Analyses

For radionuclides not determined in each batch or weekly composite, dose contribution to current monthly or calendar quarter cumulative summation may be approximated by assuming an average monthly concentration based on previous monthly or quarterly composite analyses. However, for reporting purposes, calculated dose contribution shall be based on the actual composite analyses.

# 6.2.4 Liquid Radwaste Treatment

Historical data pertaining to the volumes and radioactivity of liquid effluents released in connection with specific station functions, such as maintenance or refueling outages, shall be used in projections as appropriate.

#### a. Requirement

- 1. The Surry Radwaste Facility Liquid Waste System shall be used to reduce the radioactive materials in liquid waste prior to discharge when projected dose due to liquid effluent, from each reactor unit, to unrestricted areas would exceed 0.06 mrem to total body or 0.2 mrem to the critical organ in a 31-day period.
- 2. Doses due to liquid releases shall be projected at least once per 31 days.

# b. Action

If radioactive liquid waste is discharged without treatment and in excess of the above limits, prepare and submit to the NRC, within 30 days, a special report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports, that includes the following:

- 1. An explanation of why liquid radwaste was being discharged without treatment, identification of any inoperable equipment or sub-system, and the reason for the inoperability.
- 2. Actions taken to restore inoperable equipment to operable status.
- 3. Summary description of actions taken to prevent recurrence.
- c. Projected Total Body and Critical Organ Dose Calculation
  - 1. Determine DI, the sum of all liquid open and closed release points, in mrem, by the ith organ, for the quarter.
  - 2. Determine P, the Projection Factor, which is result of 31 divided by the number of days from start of the quarter to the end of the release.
  - 3. Determine Da, additional anticipated dose for liquid releases by the ith organ for the particular quarter of the release.
  - 4. Determine Dp, the 31 day projected dose by the ith organ:Dp = (DI x P) + Da

# 6.2.5 Liquid Sampling

Radioactive liquid wastes shall be sampled and analyzed according to the sampling and analysis requirements in Radioactive Liquid Waste Sampling and Analysis Program (Attachment 3).

#### 6.3 Gaseous Radioactive Waste Effluents

#### 6.3.1 Gaseous Effluent Dose Rate Limitations

#### a. **Requirement**

Dose rate due to radioactive materials released in gaseous effluents from the site to areas at and beyond the site boundary shall be limited to:

- 1. The dose rate limit for noble gases shall be  $\leq 500$  mrem/year to the total body and  $\leq 3000$  mrem/year to the skin.
- 2. The dose rate limit for I<sup>131</sup>, I<sup>133</sup>, for tritium, and for all radioactive materials in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days shall be  $\leq$  1500 mrem/year to the critical organ.

#### b. Action

- 1. If dose rates exceed Step 6.3.1.a. limits, promptly decrease the release rate to within the above limits.
- 2. Dose rates due to noble gases in gaseous effluents shall be determined, continuously, to be within Step 6.3.1.a. limits.
- 3. Dose rates due to I<sup>131</sup>, I<sup>133</sup>, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days, in gaseous effluents shall be determined to be within the above limits by obtaining representative samples and performing analyses in accordance with the sampling and analysis program specified on Radioactive Gaseous Waste Sampling and Analysis Program (Attachment 4).

# c. Calculations of Gaseous Effluent Dose Rates

- **NOTE:** The dose factors used in the Gaseous Effluent Dose Rate calculations are included in the Canberra Source Code file. These dose factors, Ki, Li, Mi, and Pi for ventilation vent and process vent releases, DO NOT include the applicable X/Q value. Equations (8), (9), and (10) must be multiplied by the appropriate X/Q value for Gaseous Effluent Dose Rate calculations.
  - 1. The dose rate limit for noble gases shall be determined to be within the limit by limiting the release rate to the lesser of:

$$\sum_{i} [K_{ivv} \dot{Q}_{ivv} + K_{ipv} \dot{Q}_{ipv}] \leq 500 \text{ mrem/yr to the total body}$$
(8)

OR

$$\sum_{ivv} (L_{ivv} + 1.1M_{ivv})\dot{Q}_{ivv} + (L_{ipv} + 1.1M_{ipv})\dot{Q}_{ipv}] \leq 3000 \text{ mrem/yr to the skin}$$
(9)

where:

| Subscripts                              | = | vv, refers to vent releases from the building ventilation vent, including Radwaste Facility Ventilation Vent;  |
|---|---|--|
|   |   | pv, refers to the vent releases from the process vent;   |
|   |   | i, refers to individual radionuclide   |
| K <sub>ivv</sub> , K <sub>ipv</sub>     | = | the total body dose factor for ventilation vents or process vent<br>release due to gamma emissions for each identified noble gas<br>radionuclide i, in mrem/yr per Curie/sec |
| L <sub>ivv</sub> , L <sub>ipv</sub>     | = | the skin dose factor for ventilation vents or process vent<br>release due to beta emissions for each identified noble gas<br>radionuclide i, in mrem/yr per Curie/sec        |
| M <sub>ivv</sub> , M <sub>ipv</sub>     | = | the air dose factor for ventilation vents or process vent release<br>due to gamma emissions for each identified noble gas<br>radionuclide, i, in mrad/yr per Curie/sec       |
| $\dot{Q}_{ m ivv}$ , $\dot{Q}_{ m ipv}$ | = | the release rate for ventilation vents or process vent of noble gas radionuclide i, in gaseous effluents in Curie/sec (per site)   |
| 1.1                                     | = | the unit conversion factor that converts air dose to skin dose, in mrem/mrad   |

2. The dose rate limit for I<sup>131</sup>, I<sup>133</sup>, tritium, and for all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days, shall be determined to be within the limit by restricting the release rate to:

$$\sum_{i} P_{ivv} \dot{Q}_{ivv} + P_{ipv} \dot{Q}_{ipv}] \le 1500 \text{ mrem/yr to the critical organ}$$
(10)

where:

- $P_{ivv}, P_{ipv}$  = the critical organ dose factor for ventilation vents or process vent for I<sup>131</sup>, I<sup>133</sup>, H<sup>3</sup>, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days, for the inhalation pathway, in mrem/yr per Curie/sec
- $Q_{ivv}, Q_{ipv}$  = the release rate for ventilation vents or process vent of I<sup>131</sup>, I<sup>133</sup>, H<sup>3</sup>, and all radionuclides i, in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days, in gaseous effluents in Curie/sec (per site)
- 3. All gaseous releases, not through the process vent, are considered ground level and shall be included in the determination of  $Q_{ivv}$ .

#### 6.3.2 Gaseous Monitoring Instrumentation

#### a. Requirement

- The radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels shown in Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation (Attachment 5) shall be operable with alarm/trip setpoints set to ensure that Step 6.3.1.a. noble gas limits are not exceeded. Alarm/trip setpoints of these channels shall be determined and adjusted in accordance with Step 6.3.2.d.
- 2. Each radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated operable by Channel Checks, Source Checks, Channel Calibrations, and Channel Functional Tests at the frequencies shown in Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation Surveillance Requirements (Attachment 6).

# b. Action

- 1. If a radioactive gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channel alarm/trip\_setpoint is less conservative than required by Step 6.3.2.a.1, promptly:
  - Suspend the release of radioactive gaseous effluents monitored by the affected channel **and** declare the channel inoperable

or

- Change the setpoint so it is acceptably conservative
- 2. If the number of operable channels is less than the minimum required by tables in Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation (Attachment 5), take the action shown in those tables.
- 3. Attempt to return instruments to operable status within 30 days. If unsuccessful, explain in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report why the inoperability was not corrected in a timely manner.

# c. Applicable Monitors

Radioactive gaseous effluent monitors for which alarm/trip setpoints shall be determined are:

| Release Point          | Instrument Number          |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Process Vent           | 1-GW-RM-130B               |
| Condenser Air Ejector  | 1-SV-RM-111<br>2-SV-RM-211 |
| Ventilation Vent No. 1 | 1-VG-RM-104                |
| Ventilation Vent No. 2 | 1-VG-RM-131B               |
| Radwaste Facility Vent | RRM-101                    |

#### d. Setpoint Calculations

1. Setpoint calculations for each monitor listed in Step 6.3.2.c. shall maintain this relationship:

$$D \ge D_{pv} + D_{cae} + D_{vv}$$
(11)

where:

D = Step 6.3.1.a. dose limits that implement 10 CFR 20 for the Station, mrem/yr

 $D_{pv}$  = the noble gas site boundary dose rate from process vent gaseous effluent releases, mrem/yr

- $D_{vv}$  = the noble gas site boundary dose rate from summation of the Ventilation Vents 1, 2, and the Radwaste Facility vent gaseous effluent releases, mrem/yr
- 2. Setpoint values shall be determined by:

$$C_{\rm m} = \frac{R_{\rm m} \times 2.12 \text{ E-03}}{F_{\rm m}}$$
 (12)

where: the release pathway, process vent (pv), ventilation vent (vv) m = condenser air ejector (cae), or Radwaste Facility (rv) the effluent concentration limit implementing Step 6.3.1.a. for Cm the Station, µCi/mL the release rate limit for pathway m determined from R<sub>m</sub> = methodology in Step 6.3.1.c., typically using Xe<sup>133</sup> as nuclide to be released, uCi/sec 2.12E-03 = CFM per mL/sec Fm the maximum flow rate for pathway m, CFM =

**NOTE:** According to NUREG-0133, the radioactive effluent radiation monitor alarm/trip setpoints should be based on the radioactive noble gases. It is not practicable to apply instantaneous alarm/trip setpoints to integrating monitors sensitive to radioiodines, radioactive materials in particulate form, and radionuclides other than noble gases.

# 6.3.3 Noble Gas Effluent Air Dose Limit

**NOTE:** The dose factors used in the Noble Gas air dose calculations are included in the Canberra Source Code file. These dose factors, Mi and Ni for ventilation vent and process vent releases, DO NOT include the applicable X/Q value. Equations (13) and (14) must be multiplied by the appropriate X/Q value for gamma and beta air dose calculations.

#### a. Requirement

- 1. The air dose in unrestricted areas due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents from each unit at or beyond the site boundary shall be limited to:
  - During any calendar quarter: ≤5 mrads for gamma radiation and ≤10 mrad for beta radiation
  - During any calendar year: ≤10 mrads for gamma radiation and ≤20 mrad for beta radiation
- 2. Cumulative dose contributions for noble gases for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year shall be determined in accordance with Step 6.3.3.c. at least once per 31 days.

#### b. Action

If the calculated air dose from radioactive noble gases in gaseous effluents exceeds any of the above limits, prepare and submit to the NRC, within 30 days, a special report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports, that identifies the causes for exceeding the limits and defines corrective actions that have been taken to reduce releases and the proposed corrective actions to be taken to assure that subsequent releases will be in compliance with the limits in Step 6.3.3.a.

# c. Noble Gas Effluent Air Dose Calculation

Gaseous releases, not through the process vent, are considered ground level and shall be included in the determination of  $\overline{Q}_{ivv}$ .

The air dose to areas at or beyond the site boundary due to noble gases shall be determined by the following:

For gamma radiation:

$$D_{g} = 3.17E - 08 \sum_{i} M_{ivv} \bar{Q}_{ivv} + M_{ipv} \bar{Q}_{ipv}]$$
(13)

For beta radiation:

$$D_{b} = 3.17E - 08 \sum_{i} N_{ivv} \overline{Q}_{ivv} + N_{ipv} \overline{Q}_{ipv}]$$
(14)

Where:

| Subscripts                               | =  | vv, refers to vent releases from the building ventilation vents,<br>including the Radwaste Facility Ventilation Vent and air<br>ejectors                                    |
|--|----|---|
|  |    | pv, refers to the vent releases from the process vent<br>i, refers to individual radionuclide   |
| Dg                                       | =. | the air dose for gamma radiation, in mrad   |
| Db                                       | =  | the air dose for beta radiation, in mrad  |
| $M_{ivv}, M_{ipv}$                       | ±  | the air dose factors for ventilation vents or process vent release<br>due to gamma emissions for each identified noble gas<br>radionuclide i, in mrad/yr per Curie/sec      |
| N <sub>ivv</sub> , N <sub>ipv</sub>      | =  | the air dose factor for ventilation vents or process vent release<br>due to beta emissions for each identified noble gas<br>radionuclide i, in mrad/yr per Curie/sec        |
| $\overline{Q}_{ivv}, \overline{Q}_{ipv}$ | =  | the release for ventilation vents or process vent of noble gas<br>radionuclide i, in gaseous effluents for 31 days, quarter, or year<br>as appropriate in Curies (per site) |
| 3.17 E-08                                | =  | the inverse of the number of seconds in a year  |

# 6.3.4 I-131, 133, H-3 & Radionuclides in Particulate Form Effluent Dose Limit

# a. **Requirement**

 Methods shall be implemented to ensure that the dose to any organ of a member of the public from I<sup>131</sup>, I<sup>133</sup>, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days, in gaseous effluents released from the site to unrestricted areas from each reactor unit shall be:

- During any calendar quarter:  $\leq 7.5$  mrem to the critical organ
- During any calendar year:  $\leq 15$  mrem to the critical organ
- 2. Cumulative dose contributions to a member of the public from I<sup>131</sup>, I<sup>133</sup>, tritium, and radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days, in gaseous effluents released to unrestricted areas for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year shall be determined at least once per 31 days in accordance with Step 6.3.4.c.

#### b. Action

If the calculated dose from the release of  $I^{131}$ ,  $I^{133}$ , tritium, and radionuclides in particulate form, with half-lives greater than 8 days, in gaseous effluents exceeds any of the above limits, prepare and submit to the NRC, within 30 days, a special report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports, that contains the:

1. Causes for exceeding limits.

2. Corrective actions taken to reduce releases.

3. Proposed corrective actions to be taken to assure that subsequent releases will be in compliance with limits stated in Step 6.3.4.a.

# c. Dose Calculations

- **NOTE:** All critical organ doses for each age group are calculated to determine which is the limiting organ for the period being evaluated.
- **NOTE:** The RM<sub>i</sub> and RI<sub>i</sub> dose factors DO NOT include the applicable D/Q and X/Q values respectively for Surry Power Station. Equation (15) must be multiplied by the applicable D/Q or X/Q, as appropriate, to calculate the critical organ dose.

Gaseous releases, not through the process vent, are considered ground level and shall be included in the determination of  $\tilde{Q}_{ivv}$ . Historical data pertaining to the volumes and radioactive concentrations of gaseous effluents released in connection to specific Station functions, such as containment purges, shall be used in the estimates, as appropriate.

1. The dose to the maximum exposed member of the public, attributable to gaseous effluents at and beyond the site boundary that contain  $I^{131}$ ,  $I^{133}$ , tritium, and particulate-form radionuclides with half-lives greater than 8 days, shall be determined by:

$$D_{r} = 3.17 \text{E} \cdot 08 \sum_{i} \left[ (\text{RM}_{ivv} \tilde{\mathcal{Q}}_{ivv} + \text{RM}_{ipv} \tilde{\mathcal{Q}}_{ipv}) + (\text{RI}_{ivv} \tilde{\mathcal{Q}}_{ivv} + \text{RI}_{ipv} \tilde{\mathcal{Q}}_{ipv}) \right] (15)$$

For example:

Subscripts =

vv, refers to vent releases from the building ventilation vents, including the Radwaste Facility Ventilation Vent and air ejectors;

pv, refers to the vent releases from the process vent

Dr

- = the dose to the critical organ of the maximum exposed member of the public in mrem
- RM<sub>ivv</sub>, RM<sub>ipv</sub>= the cow-milk pathway dose factor for ventilation vents or process vent release due to  $I^{131}$ ,  $I^{133}$ , tritium, and from all particulate-form radionuclides with half-lives greater than eight days, in mrem/yr per  $\mu$ Ci/m<sup>3</sup>. Factors are included in the Canberra Source Code file.

- $RI_{ivv}, RI_{ipv}$  = the inhalation pathway dose factor for ventilation vents or process vent release due to  $I^{131}, I^{133}$ , tritium, and from all particulate-form radionuclides with half-lives greater than eight days, in mrem/yr per  $\mu$ Ci/m<sup>3</sup>. Factors are included in the Canberra Source Code file.
- $\tilde{Q}_{ivv,\tilde{Q}_{ipv}}$  = the release for ventilation vents or process vent of I<sup>131</sup>, I<sup>133</sup>, tritium, and from all particulate-form radionuclides with halflives greater than 8 days in Curies

3.17 E-08 = the inverse of the number of seconds in a year

#### 6.3.5 Gaseous Radwaste Treatment

Historical data pertaining to the volumes and radioactive concentrations of gaseous effluents released in connection with specific Station functions, such as containment purges, shall be used to calculate projected doses, as appropriate.

#### a. Requirement

- 1. Appropriate portions of the Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System shall be used to reduce radioactive materials in gaseous waste before its discharge, when the projected gaseous effluent air doses due to gaseous effluent releases, from each unit to areas at and beyond the site boundary, would exceed 0.2 mrad for gamma radiation and 0.4 mrad for beta radiation, averaged over 31 days.
- 2. The Ventilation Exhaust Treatment System shall be used to reduce radioactive materials in gaseous waste before its discharge, when the projected doses due to gaseous effluent releases, from each unit to areas at and beyond the site boundary, would exceed 0.3 mrem to the critical organ, averaged over 31 days.
- 3. Doses due to gaseous releases from the site shall be projected at least once per 31 days, based on the calculations in Step 6.3.5.c.

#### b. Action

If gaseous waste that exceeds the limits in Step 6.3.5.a. is discharged without treatment, prepare and submit to the NRC, within 30 days, a special report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports, that includes:

- 1. An explanation why gaseous radwaste was being discharged without treatment, identification of any inoperable equipment or subsystems, and the reason for the inoperability.
- 2. Actions taken to restore the inoperable equipment to operable status.

3. Summary description of actions taken to prevent recurrence.

#### c. Projected Dose Calculations

- 1. Determine Dg, the sum of all gaseous open and closed release points, in mrem, by the ith organ, for the quarter.
- 2. Determine P, the Projection Factor, which is result of 31 divided by the number of days from start of the quarter to the end of the release.
- 3. Determine Da, additional anticipated dose for gaseous releases by the ith organ for the particular quarter of the release.
- 4. Determine Dp, the 31 day projected dose by the ith organ.Dp = (Dg x P) + Da

# 6.4 Radioactive Liquid and Gaseous Release Permits

RP shall maintain procedures for Liquid and Gaseous Release Permits to ensure effluent dose limits are not exceeded when making releases. As indicated on Attachment 3, Radioactive Liquid Waste Sampling and Analysis Program, prerelease assessments/permits are required for batch releases. Depending on the affected plant system, continuous releases may or may not allow for a prerelease assessment and are evaluated on a case by case basis.

#### 6.4.1 Liquid Waste Batch Releases

- a. Operations shall obtain RP authorization before initiating batch releases of radioactive liquids.
- b. Release of contents from the following tanks/sumps other than transfers to the Radwaste Facility shall have a release permit before the discharge. Examples of batch releases include:
  - Turbine Building Sumps when RP determines that source activity requires placing pumps in manual mode
  - Condensate Polishing Building Sumps and Steam Generator secondary water when RP determines the presence of contamination from primary-to-secondary leakage
  - Radwaste Facility release tanks (LWMT, LDMT)

#### 6.4.2 Continuous Liquid Releases

a. Operations shall obtain RP authorization before initiating continuous releases of radioactive liquids.

- b. Examples of continuous releases include:
  - Steam generator blowdown
  - Component Cooling Water (CCW) heat exchanger to service water leakage, if applicable
  - Turbine building sumps and subsurface drains when pumps are in automatic mode or storm drains

#### 6.4.3 Waste Gas Decay Tank (WGDT) Release Permit

Operations shall obtain RP authorization before initiating WGDT releases.

#### 6.4.4 **Reactor Containment Release Permits**

Operations shall obtain authorization from RP before initiating containment purges or containment hogging. Reactor Containment Release Permits shall be valid from start of purge/hog until:

- Routine termination
- Terminated for cause by RP
- Receipt of Radiation Monitoring System (RMS) Containment Gas Monitor high alarm

#### 6.4.5 Miscellaneous Gaseous Release Permit

Operations shall obtain RP authorization before initiating releases of noble gases that may not be accounted for by routine sampling, or any planned release not being routed through the Process Vent or Ventilation Vents.

#### 6.4.6 Radioactive Liquid and Gaseous Release Controls

- a. Operations shall notify RP of pending releases and request RP to initiate the appropriate release permit. Operations shall provide the necessary information to complete the required release permit.
- b. A representative sample shall be obtained of the source to be released.
  - 1. Operations shall provide RP with liquid samples and sample information (e.g., time of sample) for samples obtained outside the Primary Sample Room.
  - 2. Chemistry shall provide RP with liquid samples and sample information for samples obtained from inside the Primary Sample Room.
  - 3. RP shall obtain gaseous samples.

- c. RP shall perform required sample analyses.
- d. RP shall calculate and record the following information on a release permit:
  - Maximum authorized release rate
  - Applicable conditions or controls pertaining to the release
- e. RP shall notify the Operations Shift Supervision if it is determined that a release may not be within the effluent dose limits.
- f. Upon receipt of a release permit from RP, Operations shall:
  - 1. Verify the correct source is authorized for release.
  - 2. Note maximum authorized release rate.
  - 3. Note and ensure compliance with any indicated controls or conditions applicable to the release.
- g. When commencing release, Operations shall provide RP with required information. As appropriate, required information shall include:
  - Date and time release was started
  - Starting tank/sump level
  - Beginning pressure
  - Release flow rate
  - Dilution water flow rate
- h. Upon terminating the release, Operations shall return the permit to RP and provide information necessary for completion of permit. As appropriate, required information shall include:
  - Date and time release was stopped
  - Tank/sump ending level
  - Release flow rate just prior to termination
  - Ending pressure
  - Volume released

# 6.5 Total Dose Limit to Public From Uranium Fuel Cycle Sources

# 6.5.1 **Requirement**

The annual (calendar year) dose or dose commitment to a real individual due to releases of radioactivity and radiation from uranium fuel cycle sources shall not exceed 25 mrem to the total body or the critical organ (except the thyroid, which shall not exceed 75 mrem).

#### 6.5.2 Action

- a. If the calculated doses from release of radioactive materials in liquid or gaseous effluents exceed twice the limits in Steps 6.2.3.a., 6.3.3.a., or 6.3.4.a., calculate (including direct radiation contribution from the units and from outside storage tanks) whether limits in Step 6.5.1 have been exceeded.
- b. If the limits in Step 6.5.1 have been exceeded, prepare and submit to the NRC, within 30 days, a special report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports, that defines the corrective action to be taken to reduce subsequent releases and to prevent recurrence, and includes a schedule for achieving conformance with the limits. Special reports, as defined in 10 CFR 20.2203(a)(4), shall include:
  - 1. An analysis that estimates the radiation exposure (dose) to a real individual from uranium fuel cycle sources, including all effluent pathways and direct radiation, for the calendar year that includes the releases covered by the report.
  - 2. A description of the levels of radiation and concentrations of radioactive material involved, and the cause of the exposure levels or concentrations.
  - 3. If the estimated dose exceeds the limits in Step 6.5.1, and if the release condition that violates 40 CFR 190 has not already been corrected, the special report shall include a request for a variance in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR 190. Submittal of the report is considered a timely request, and a variance is granted until staff action on the request is complete.

# 6.6 Radiological Environmental Monitoring

#### 6.6.1 Monitoring Program

#### a. Requirement

1. The Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program shall be conducted as specified in Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (Attachment 7).

- 2. Samples shall be collected from specific locations specified in Environmental Sampling Locations (Attachment 8).
- 3. Samples shall be analyzed in accordance with:
  - Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (Attachment 7) requirements
  - Detection capabilities required by Detection Capabilities for Environmental Sample Analysis (Attachment 9)
  - Guidance of the Radiological Assessment Branch Technical Position on Environmental Monitoring dated November, 1979, Revision No. 1

#### b. Action

- 1. If the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program is not being conducted as required in Step 6.6.1.a., report the situation in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports, by preparing and submitting to the NRC, in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report required by Technical Specification (Surry Technical Specification 6.6.B.2), a description of the reasons for not conducting the program as required, and the plan for precluding recurrence.
- 2. If, when averaged over any calendar quarter, radioactivity exceeds the reporting levels of Reporting Levels for Radioactivity Concentrations in Environmental Samples (Attachment 10), prepare and submit to the NRC, within 30 days, a special report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports, that:
  - Identifies the causes for exceeding the limits, and
  - Defines the corrective actions to be taken to reduce radioactive effluents so that the potential annual dose to a member of the public is less than the calendar year limits of Steps 6.2.3, 6.3.3, and 6.3.4

When more than one of the radionuclides listed in Reporting Levels for Radioactivity Concentrations in Environmental Samples (Attachment 10) are detected in the sampling medium, the report shall be submitted if:

 $\frac{\text{concentration (1)}}{\text{reporting level (1)}} + \frac{\text{concentration (2)}}{\text{reporting level (2)}} + \dots \ge 1.0$ (16)

- 3. When radionuclides other than those listed in Reporting Levels for Radioactivity Concentrations in Environmental Samples (Attachment 10) are detected and are the result of plant effluents, the report shall be submitted if the potential annual dose to a member of the public is equal to or greater than the calendar year limits of Steps 6.2.3, 6.3.3, and 6.3.4. The report is not required if the measured level of radioactivity was not the result of plant effluents; however, in such an event, report and describe the condition in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports.
- 4. If milk or fresh leafy vegetable samples are unavailable from one or more of the sample locations required by Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (Attachment 7), identify locations for obtaining replacement samples and add them to the radiological environmental monitoring program within 30 days. The specific locations from which samples were unavailable may then be deleted from the monitoring program. Identify the cause of the unavailability of samples and identify the new locations for obtaining replacement samples in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports.

# 6.6.2 Land Use Census

#### a. Requirement

A land use census shall be conducted and shall identify, within a distance of 8 km (5 miles), the location in each of the 16 meteorological sectors of the following:

- Nearest milk animal
- Nearest residence
- Nearest garden greater than 50 m<sup>2</sup> (500 ft<sup>2</sup>) that produces broad leaf vegetation
- The land use census shall be conducted during the growing season, at least once per 12 months, using methods that will provide the best results (e.g., door-to-door survey, aerial survey, local agriculture authorities). Land use census results shall be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports.

 In lieu of the garden census, broad leaf vegetation sampling of at least three different kinds of vegetation may be performed at the site boundary in each of two different direction sectors with the highest predicted ground deposition (D/Qs). Specifications for broad leaf vegetation sampling in Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (Attachment 7) shall be followed, including analysis of control samples.

#### b. Action

- If a land use census identifies locations that yield a calculated dose or dose commitment greater than the values currently being calculated in Step 6.3.4.a., identify the new locations in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports.
- 2. If a land use census identifies locations that yield a calculated dose or dose commitment (via the same exposure pathway) 20 percent greater than at a location from which samples are currently being obtained, add the new locations to the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program within 30 days. Sampling locations, excluding the control station location, that have the lowest calculated dose or dose commitments (via the same exposure pathway) may be deleted from the monitoring program. Identify new locations in the next Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report and include in the report revised figures and tables reflecting the new locations in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports. [Commitment 3.2.1]

#### 6.6.3 Interlaboratory Comparison Program

#### a. **Requirement**

Radioactive materials (which contain nuclides produced at the Station), supplied as part of an Interlaboratory Comparison Program, shall be analyzed.

## b. Action

1. Analyses shall be performed at least semi-annually as follows:

| <u>Program</u> | Cross-Check of  |
|----------------|---|
| Milk           | I <sup>131</sup> , Gamma, Sr <sup>89</sup> and Sr <sup>90</sup>   |
| Water          | Gross Beta, Gamma, $I^{131}$ , $H^3$ (Tritium), $Sr^{89}$<br>and $Sr^{90}$ (blind—any combinations of above<br>radionuclides) |

Air Filter

- Gross Beta, Gamma, Sr<sup>90</sup>
- 2. If analyses are not performed as required by Step 6.6.3.b., report in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports, the corrective actions taken to prevent recurrence.
- c. Results

Results shall be reported in the Annual Radiological Environmental Monitoring Report in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports.

#### 6.7 **Reporting Requirements**

## 6.7.1 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report

Routine Radiological Environmental Operating Reports covering the operation of the units during the previous calendar year shall be submitted prior to May 1 of each year. A single submittal may be made for the Station. Radiological Environmental Operating Reports shall include:

- a. Summaries, interpretations, and analysis of trends of results of radiological environmental surveillance activities for the report period, including:
  - A comparison (as appropriate) with preoperational studies, operational controls, and previous environmental surveillance reports
  - An assessment of the observed impacts of the plant operation on the environment
  - Results of land use census per Step 6.6.2

- b. Results of analysis of radiological environmental samples and of environmental radiation measurements taken per Step 6.6.1, Monitoring Program. Results shall be summarized and tabulated in the format of the table in the Radiological Assessment Branch Technical Position on Environmental Monitoring.
  - 1. If some individual results are not available for inclusion with the report, the report shall be submitted, noting and explaining reasons for missing results.
  - · 2. Missing data shall be submitted in a supplementary report as soon as possible.
- c. A summary description of the radiological environmental monitoring program.
- d. At least two legible maps covering sampling locations, keyed to a table giving distances and directions from the centerline of one reactor. One map shall cover stations near the site boundary; a second shall include more distant stations.
- e. Results of Station participation in the Interlaboratory Comparison Program, per Step 6.6.3.
- f. Discussion of deviations from the Station's environmental sampling schedule per Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (Attachment 7).
- g. Discussion of analyses in which the lower limit of detection (LLD) required by Detection Capabilities for Environmental Sample Analysis (Attachment 9) was not achievable.
- h. Results of analysis of ground water wells described in the environmental monitoring program, whether required by the program or not.

**NOTE:** NUREG-0543 states: "There is reasonable assurance that sites with up to four operating reactors that have releases within Appendix I design objective values are also in conformance with the EPA Uranium Fuel Cycle Standard, 40 CFR Part 190."

#### 6.7.2 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

#### a. Requirement - Station

Radioactive Effluent Release Reports covering operation of the units during the previous 12 months of operation shall be submitted before May 1 of each year. A single submittal may be made for the Station and should combine those sections that are common to both units. Radioactive Effluent Release Reports shall include:

- A summary of quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released. Data shall be summarized on a quarterly basis following the format of Regulatory Guide 1.21, Appendix B, for liquid and gaseous effluents. Data shall be summarized on an annual basis following the format of Regulatory Guide 1.21, Appendix B, for solid waste.
   [Commitment 3.2.2]
- 2. An assessment of radiation doses to the maximum exposed members of the public due to the radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents released from the Station during the previous calendar year. This assessment shall be in accordance with Step 6.7.2.b.
- 3. A list and description of unplanned releases from the site to unrestricted areas, during the reporting period, which meet the following criteria:
  - Unplanned releases that exceeded the limits in Steps 6.2.1 and 6.3.1
  - Unplanned releases which require a Condition Report and involve the discharge of contents of the wrong Waste Gas Decay Tank or the wrong liquid radwaste release tank
  - Unplanned releases from large leaks due to unexpected valve or pipe failures that result in a quantity of release such that a 10 CFR 50.72, Immediate Notification Requirements for Operating Nuclear Power Reactors or 10 CFR 50.73, Licensee Event Report System, report is required
  - Unplanned releases as determined by Radiation Protection Supervision, which may or may not require a Condition Report

- 4. Major changes to radioactive liquid, gaseous, and solid waste treatment systems during the reporting period.
- 5. Changes to VPAP-2103S, Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (Surry) (See Step 6.7.4).
- 6. A listing of new locations for dose calculations or environmental monitoring identified by the land use census (See Step 6.6.2).
- 7. A summary of radioactive leaks or spills meeting the following criteria:
  - An unintended spill or leak with the potential to reach groundwater, as defined in NEI 07-07, and
  - The spill or leak must be greater than 100 gallons in volume or the volume cannot be quantified but is estimated to be greater than 100 gallons; or
  - Any spill or leak, regardless of volume or activity deemed by the licensee to be reportable.
- 8. Groundwater sample results from locations not part of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program.

#### b. Dose Assessment - Station

- Radiation dose to individuals due to radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents from the Station during the previous calendar year shall either be calculated in accordance with this procedure or in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.109. Population doses shall not be included in dose assessments.
- 2. The dose to the maximum exposed member of the public due to radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents from the Station and from the ISFSI shall be incorporated with the dose assessment performed above. If the dose to the maximum exposed member of the public exceeds twice the limits of 6.2.3.a.1, 6.2.3.a.2, 6.3.3.a.1, or 6.3.4.a.1, the dose assessment shall include the contribution from direct radiation.
- 3. Meteorological conditions during the previous calendar year or historical annual average atmospheric dispersion conditions shall be used to determine gaseous pathway doses.

**NOTE:** The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Reports for Surry Station and Surry ISFSI are separate and not submitted as a combined report.

#### c. Requirement - ISFSI

- Radioactive Effluent Release Report covering operation of the ISFSI during the previous 12 months of operation shall be submitted within 60 days after January 1.
- 2. The ISFSI Radioactive Effluent Release Report shall specify the quantities of each of the principal radionuclides released to the environment in liquid and in gaseous effluents.

#### 3. Dose Assessment - ISFSI

Provide such information as may be required by the Commission to estimate potential radiation dose commitment to the public resulting from effluent releases from the ISFSI.

#### 6.7.3 Annual Meteorological Data

- a. Meteorological data collected during the previous year shall be in the form of joint frequency distributions of wind speed, wind direction, and atmospheric stability.
- b. Meteorological data shall be retained in a file on site and shall be made available to NRC upon request.

#### 6.7.4 Changes to the ODCM

Changes to the ODCM shall be:

- a. Approved by the Site Vice President before implementation.
- b. Documented. Records of reviews shall be retained as Station records. Documentation shall include:
  - 1. Sufficient information to support changes, together with appropriate analyses or evaluations justifying changes.

- 2. A determination that a change will not adversely impact the accuracy or reliability of effluent doses or setpoint calculations, and will maintain the level of radioactive effluent control required by:
  - 10 CFR 20, Subpart D
  - 40 CFR 190
  - 10 CFR 50.36a
  - 10 CFR 50, Appendix I
- c. Submitted to NRC in the form of a complete, legible copy of the entire ODCM as a part of, or concurrent with the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period of the report in which any change was made. Each change shall be identified by markings in the margin of the affected pages, clearly indicating the area of the page that was changed, and shall indicate the date (e.g., month/year) the change was implemented.
- d. Submitted to NRC in accordance with VPAP-2802, Notifications and Reports.

#### 6.7.5 **Industry Ground Water Protection Initiative**

a. Program

The Ground Water Protection Program is established in Administrative Procedure RP-AA-502, Groundwater Protection Program.

**NOTE:** RP-AA-502 Attachment 1, Voluntary Communication Protocol, contains a flow chart to assist with determining if an event should be communicated to State and Local officials and to the NRC.

#### b. Communications

1. Informal communication shall be made to the State, Local and NRC officials by the end of the next business day for any spill or leak meeting the requirements of 6.7.2.a.7.

- 2. Informal communication shall be made to the State, Local and NRC officials by the end of the next business day for a water sample result that meets the following criteria:
  - An off-site ground water or surface water sample result that exceeds the reporting criteria listed in Reporting Levels for Radioactivity Concentrations in Environmental Samples (Attachment 10).
  - An on-site surface water sample result, that is hydrologically connected to ground water, or ground water that is or could be used as a source of drinking water, that exceeds the reporting criteria listed in Reporting Levels for Radioactivity Concentrations in Environmental Samples (Attachment 10).

# c. 30-Day Reports

- Submit a written 30-day report to the NRC for a water sample result for on-site
  or off-site ground water that is or could be used as a source of drinking water
  that exceeds the reporting criteria listed in Reporting Levels for Radioactivity
  Concentrations in Environmental Samples (Attachment 10). A 30-day report is
  only required on the initial discovery of a contaminated ground water plume.
- 2. Concurrently submit a copy of the written 30-day NRC report to the appropriate State and Local officials.

#### d. Annual Reports

- 1. Report sample results communicated per 6.7.5.b.1 in the Annual Radiological Effluent Release Report.
- Report ground water sample results that are not included in the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program in the Annual Radiological Effluent Release Report.
- 3. Report sample results communicated per 6.7.5.b.2 in the Annual Radiological Effluent Release Report or the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report.
- 4. Report ground water sample results that are included in the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report.

#### 7.0 RECORDS

- 7.1 The following individual and packaged documents and copies of any related correspondence completed as a result of the performance or implementation of this procedure are records. They shall be submitted to Records Management in accordance with VPAP-1701, Records Management. Prior to transmittal to Records Management, the sender shall assure that:
  - Each record is packaged when applicable.
  - QA program requirements have been fulfilled for Quality Assurance records.
  - Each record is legible, completely filled out, and adequately identifiable to the item or activity involved.
  - Each record is stamped, initialed, signed, or otherwise authenticated and dated, as required by this procedure.
    - 7.1.1 Individual Records
      - None
    - 7.1.2 Record Packages
      - Records of changes to the ODCM in accordance with Step 6.7.4
      - Records of meteorological data in accordance with Step 6.7.3
      - Records of sampling and analyses
      - Records of radioactive materials and other effluents released to the environment
      - Records of preventive maintenance, surveillances, and calibrations
- 7.2 The following documents completed as a result of the implementation of this procedure are **not** Quality Assurance records and are not required to be transmitted to Records Management.

None

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### **Radioactive Liquid Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation**

| Instrument   | Minimum<br>Operable<br>Channels | Action |
|--|---------------------------------|--------|
| <ol> <li>GROSS RADIOACTIVITY MONITORS PROVIDING ALARM<br/>AND AUTOMATIC TERMINATION OF RELEASE         <ul> <li>(a) Radwaste Facility Liquid Effluent Line,</li> </ul> </li> </ol> |                                 | -      |
| RE-RRM-131   | 1                               | 1      |
| 2. GROSS BETA OR GAMMA RADIOACTIVITY MONITORS<br>PROVIDING ALARM BUT NOT PROVIDING AUTOMATIC<br>TERMINATION OF RELEASE   |                                 |        |
| (a) Circulating Water Discharge Lines,   |                                 |        |
| Unit 1: 1-SW-RM-120  | 1                               | 2      |
| Unit 2: 2-SW-RM-220  | 1                               | 2      |
| (b) Component Cooling Service Water Effluent Lines,  |                                 |        |
| 1-SW-RM-107A   | 1                               | 2      |
| 1-SW-RM-107B   | 1                               | 2      |
| 1-SW-RM-107C   | 1 .                             | 2      |
| 1-SW-RM-107D   | 1                               | 2      |
| 3. FLOW RATE MEASUREMENT DEVICES   |                                 |        |
| (a) Radwaste Facility Liquid Effluent Line,  |                                 |        |
| Instrument Loop RLW-153  | 1                               | 1      |

ACTION 1: If the number of operable channels is less than required, effluent releases via this pathway shall be suspended.

ACTION 2: If the number of operable channels is less than required, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided that, at least once per 12 hours, grab samples are collected and analyzed for principal gamma emitters, as defined in Radioactive Liquid Waste Sampling and Analysis Program (Attachment 3). When the effluent release via this pathway continues, then initiate the "Loss of Radioactive Liquid Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation Sampling Schedule" attachment in HP-3010.021, Radioactive Liquid Waste Sampling and Analysis.

### ATTACHMENT 2

## (Page 1 of 1)

### **Radioactive Liquid Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation Surveillance Requirements**

| Channel Description   | Channel<br>Check | Source<br>Check | Channel<br>Calibration | Channel<br>Functional Test |
|---|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. GROSS RADIOACTIVITY MONITORS<br>PROVIDING ALARM AND AUTOMATIC<br>TERMINATION OF RELEASE                                    |                  |                 |                        |                            |
| (a) Radwaste Facility Liquid Effluent Line,   |                  |                 |                        |                            |
| RE-RRM-131  | D                | Р               | R                      | Q                          |
| 2. GROSS BETA OR GAMMA RADIOACTIVI-<br>TY MONITORS PROVIDING ALARM BUT<br>NOT PROVIDING AUTOMATIC TERMI-<br>NATION OF RELEASE |                  |                 |                        |                            |
| (a) Circulating Water Discharge Lines,  |                  |                 |                        |                            |
| Unit 1: 1-SW-RM-120<br>Unit 2: 2-SW-RM-220  | D                | М               | R                      | Q                          |
| (b) Component Cooling Service Water<br>Effluent Lines,  |                  |                 |                        |                            |
| 1-SW-RM-107A<br>1-SW-RM-107B<br>1-SW-RM-107C<br>1-SW-RM-107D  | D                | М               | R                      | Q                          |
| 3. FLOW RATE MEASUREMENT DEVICES  |                  |                 |                        |                            |
| (a) Radwaste Facility Liquid Effluent Line,   |                  |                 |                        |                            |
| Instrument Loop RLW-153   | DR               | N/A             | R                      | N/A                        |

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### Radioactive Liquid Waste Sampling and Analysis Program

| Liquid Release<br>Type | Sampling<br>Frequency           | Minimum Analysis<br>Frequency | Frequency Analysis                                   |                      |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------------|
|                        | P P                             |                               | Principal Gamma<br>Emitters (Note 3)                 | 5 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> |
|                        | (Each Batch)                    | (Each Batch)                  | I <sup>131</sup>                                     | 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> |
| Batch Releases         | P<br>(One Batch/M)              | М                             | Dissolved and<br>Entrained Gases<br>(Gamma Emitters) | 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> |
| (Note 2)               | Р                               | M Composite                   | H <sup>3</sup>                                       | 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> |
|                        | (Each Batch)                    | (Note 4)                      | Gross Alpha  | 1 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> |
|                        | Р                               | P Q Composite                 |  | 5 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> |
|                        | (Each Batch)                    | (Note 4)                      | Fe <sup>55</sup>                                     | 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> |
|                        | Continuous W Composite          |                               | Principal Gamma<br>Emitters (Note 6)                 | 5 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> |
|                        | (Note 6)                        | (Note 6)                      | I <sup>131</sup>                                     | 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> |
| Continuous<br>Releases | M<br>Grab Sample                | М                             | Dissolved and<br>Entrained Gases<br>(Gamma Emitters) | 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> |
| (Note 5)               | (Note 5) Continuous M Composite |                               | H <sup>3</sup>                                       | 1 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> |
|                        | (Note 6)                        | (Note 6)                      | Gross Alpha  | 1 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> |
|                        | Continuous                      | Q Composite                   | Sr <sup>89</sup> and Sr <sup>90</sup>                | 5 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> |
|                        | (Note 6)                        | (Note 6)                      | Fe <sup>55</sup>                                     | 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> |

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#### **ATTACHMENT 3**

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#### **Radioactive Liquid Waste Sampling and Analysis Program**

NOTE 1: For a particular measurement system (which may include radiochemical separation):

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 \text{ s}_{b}}{\text{E} \bullet \text{V} \bullet 2.22\text{E}+06 \bullet \text{Y} \bullet \text{e}^{-(\lambda \Delta t)}}$$
(8-1)

Where:

- LLD = the "a priori" (before the fact) Lower Limit of Detection (as microcuries per unit mass or volume) (See Subsection 4.8)
- sb = the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate (as counts per minute, cpm)

E = the counting efficiency (as counts per disintegration)

V = the sample size (in units of mass or volume)

2.22E+06 = the number of disintegrations per minute (dpm) per microcurie

Y = the fractional radiochemical yield (when applicable)

 $\lambda$  = the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide

 $\Delta t$  = the elapsed time between the midpoint of sample collection and time of counting

Typical values of E, V, Y and  $\Delta t$  should be used in the calculation.

The LLD is an "a priori" (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not a "posteriori" (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement.

NOTE 2: A batch release is the discharge of liquid wastes of a discrete volume. Before sampling for analyses, each batch shall be isolated, and appropriate methods will be used to obtain a representative sample for analysis.

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#### **Radioactive Liquid Waste Sampling and Analysis Program**

- NOTE 3: The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification applies exclusively are the following radionuclides: Mn<sup>54</sup>, Fe<sup>59</sup>, Co<sup>58</sup>, Co<sup>60</sup>, Zn<sup>65</sup>, Mo<sup>99</sup>, Cs<sup>134</sup>, Cs<sup>137</sup>, Ce<sup>141</sup>, and Ce<sup>144</sup>. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be detected and reported. Other peaks that are measurable and identifiable, at levels exceeding the LLD, together with the above nuclides, shall also be identified and reported.
- NOTE 4: A composite sample is one in which the quantity of liquid sampled is proportional to the quantity of liquid waste discharged and for which the method of sampling employed results in a specimen that is representative of the liquids released.
- NOTE 5: A continuous release is the discharge of liquid wastes of a non-discrete volume, e.g., from a volume of a system that has an input flow during the continuous release.
- NOTE 6: To be representative of the quantities and concentrations of radioactive materials in liquid effluents, composite sampling shall employ appropriate methods which will result in a specimen representative of the effluent release.

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### ATTACHMENT 4

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### Radioactive Gaseous Waste Sampling and Analysis Program

| Gaseous Release<br>Type                           | Sampling<br>Frequency                            | Minimum Analysis<br>Frequency             | Type of Activity<br>Analysis                  | Lower Limit of<br>Detection (LLD)<br>(µCi/mL), ( <b>Note 1</b> ) |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| A. Waste Gas<br>Storage Tank                      | Prior to Release<br>(Each Tank)<br>(Grab Sample) | Prior to Release<br>(Each Tank)           | Principal Gamma<br>Emitters ( <b>Note 2</b> ) | 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>   |
| B. Containment                                    | Prior to Release                                 | Prior to Release                          | Principal Gamma<br>Emitters (Note 2)          | 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>   |
| Purge   | (Each PURGE)<br>(Grab Sample)                    | (Each PURGE)                              | H <sup>3</sup>                                | 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>   |
| C. Ventilation<br>(1)Process Vent                 | Weekly<br>(Grab Sample)                          | Weekly                                    | Principal Gamma<br>Emitters (Note 2)          | 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>   |
| (2)Vent Vent #1<br>(3)Vent Vent #2<br>(4)SRF Vent | (Note 3)   | (Note 3)                                  | H <sup>3</sup>                                | 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>   |
|   | Continuous                                       | Weekly (Note 5)                           | I <sup>131</sup>                              | 1 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>  |
|   | (Note 4)   | (Charcoal Sample)                         | . I <sup>133</sup>                            | 1 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>  |
| All Release                                       | Continuous<br>(Note 4)                           | Weekly (Note 5)<br>Particulate Sample     | Principal Gamma<br>Emitter (Note 2)           | 1 x 10 <sup>-11</sup>  |
| Types as listed                                   | Continuous (Note 4)                              | Weekly<br>Composite<br>Particulate Sample | Gross Alpha                                   | 1 x 10 <sup>-11</sup>  |
| in A, B, and C                                    | Continuous (Note 4)                              | Quarterly<br>Composite<br>Particulate     | Sr <sup>89</sup> and Sr <sup>90</sup>         | .1 x 10 <sup>-11</sup>   |
|   | Continuous (Note 4)                              | Noble Gas Monitor                         | Noble Gases Gross<br>Beta and Gamma           | 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>   |
| Condenser Air                                     | Weekly   | Weekly                                    | Principal Gamma<br>Emitters ( <b>Note 2</b> ) | 1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>   |
| Ejector   | Grab Sample<br>(Note 3)                          | (Note 3)                                  | H <sup>3</sup>                                | 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>   |

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### Radioactive Gaseous Waste Sampling and Analysis Program

| Gaseous Release<br>Type   | Sampling<br>Frequency  | Minimum Analysis<br>Frequency                 | Type of Activity<br>Analysis          | Lower Limit of<br>Detection (LLD)               |
|---------------------------|------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|
|                           | Prior to Release       | Prior to Release                              | Principal Gamma<br>Emitters           | $(\mu Ci/mL), (Note 1)$<br>1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> |
|                           | (Grab Sample)          | (Each Release)                                | H <sup>3</sup>                        | 1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>                            |
|                           | Continuous             | Charcoal Sample                               | I <sup>131</sup>                      | 1 x 10 <sup>-11</sup>                           |
| Containment               | (Note 4)               | (Note 6)                                      | I <sup>133</sup>                      | 1 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>                           |
| Hog Depres-<br>surization | Continuous (Note 4)    | Particulate Sample<br>(Note 6)                | Principal Gamma<br>Emitter (Note 2)   | 1 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>                           |
|                           | Continuous<br>(Note 4) | Composite Particu-<br>late Sample<br>(Note 6) | Gross Alpha                           | 1 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>                           |
|                           | Continuous<br>(Note 4) | Composite Particu-<br>late Sample<br>(Note 6) | Sr <sup>89</sup> and Sr <sup>90</sup> | 1 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>                           |

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#### **ATTACHMENT 4**

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### **Radioactive Gaseous Waste Sampling and Analysis Program**

NOTE 1: For a particular measurement system (which may include radiochemical separation):

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 s_b}{E \bullet V \bullet 2.22E + 06 \bullet Y \bullet e^{-(\lambda \Delta t)}}$$
(10-1)

| Where:   |   |  |
|----------|---|--|
| LLD      | = | the "a priori" (before the fact) Lower Limit of Detection as defined above (as microcuries per unit mass or volume) (See Subsection 4.8).    |
| ՏԵ       | - | the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate (as counts per minute, cpm). |
| E        | = | the counting efficiency (as counts per disintegration).  |
| V        | = | the sample size (in units of mass or volume).  |
| 2.22E+06 | = | the number of disintegrations per minute (dpm) per microcurie.   |
| Y        | = | the fractional radiochemical yield (when applicable).  |
| λ        | = | the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide.  |
| Δt       |   | the elapsed time between the midpoint of sample collection and time of counting.   |

Typical values of E, V, Y and  $\Delta t$  should be used in the calculation.

The LLD is an "a priori" (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not a "posteriori" (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement.

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#### **Radioactive Gaseous Waste Sampling and Analysis Program**

- NOTE 2: The principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification applies exclusively are the following radionuclides: Kr<sup>87</sup>, Kr<sup>88</sup>, Xe<sup>133</sup>, Xe<sup>133m</sup>, Xe<sup>135</sup>, Xe<sup>135m</sup>, and Xe<sup>138</sup> for gaseous emissions and Mn<sup>54</sup>, Fe<sup>59</sup>, Co<sup>58</sup>, Co<sup>60</sup>, Zn<sup>65</sup>, Mo<sup>99</sup>, Cs<sup>134</sup>, Cs<sup>137</sup>, Ce<sup>141</sup> and Ce<sup>144</sup> for particulate emissions. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be detected and reported. Other nuclides with half lives greater than 8 days, that are measurable and identifiable at levels exceeding the LLD, together with the above nuclides, shall also be identified and reported.
- NOTE 3: Sampling and analysis shall also be performed following shutdown, start-up, and whenever a thermal power change exceeding 15 percent of the rated thermal power occurs within any one-hour period, when:
  - a. Analysis shows that the dose equivalent  $I^{131}$  concentration in the primary coolant has increased more than a factor of 3; and
  - b. The noble gas activity monitor shows that effluent activity has increased by more than a factor of 3.
- NOTE 4: The ratio of the sample flow rate to the sampled stream flow rate shall be known for the period covered by each dose or dose rate calculation made in accordance with Steps 6.3.1, 6.3.3, and 6.3.4.
- NOTE 5: Samples shall be changed at least once per seven days and analyses shall be completed within 48 hours after changing (or after removal from sampler). Sampling shall also be performed at least once per 24 hours for at least seven days following each shutdown, startup, or thermal power change exceeding 15 percent of rated thermal power in one hour, and analyses shall be completed within 48 hours of changing. When samples collected for 24 hours are analyzed, the corresponding LLDs may be increased by a factor of 10. This requirement applies if:
  - a. Analysis shows that the dose equivalent  $I^{131}$  concentration in the primary coolant has increased by a factor of 3; and
  - b. Noble gas monitor shows that effluent activity has increased more than a factor of 3.
- NOTE 6: To be representative of the quantities and concentrations of radioactive materials in gaseous effluents, composite sampling shall employ appropriate methods that will result in a specimen representative of the effluent release.

# ATTACHMENT 5

### (Page 1 of 2)

### **Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation**

|   | INSTRUMENT                                  | MINIMUM<br>OPERABLE<br>CHANNELS       | ACTION |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------|
|   | ENT SYSTEM                                  |                                       |        |
|   | Gas Activity Monitor - Providing Alarm and  |                                       |        |
| Autom   | natic Termination of Release:               |                                       |        |
|   | -RM-130B                                    | 1                                     | 1      |
|   | Sampler:                                    |                                       |        |
|   | uous HP Sampler, or                         |                                       |        |
|   | -RM-130-1 (NOTE 1)                          | 1                                     | 2      |
| In-Lin  | e Particulate / Iodine Sampler              | ,                                     |        |
|   | late Sampler:                               |                                       | 10 × 1 |
|   | uous HP Sampler, or                         |                                       |        |
|   | -RM-130-1 (NOTE 1)                          | 1                                     | 2      |
|   | e Particulate / Iodine Sampler              |                                       | • ,    |
| (d) Proces  | s Vent Flow Rate Monitor:                   |                                       |        |
|   | -FT-100                                     | 1                                     | 3      |
| (e) Sampl   | er Flow Rate Measuring Device:              |                                       |        |
| HP Sa   | mpler Rotometer or MGPI Flow Rate Measuring | 1                                     | 3      |
| Device  |   |                                       |        |
| 2. CONDENSE   | R AIR EJECTOR SYSTEM                        | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |        |
| (a) Gross   | Activity Monitor:                           |                                       |        |
| 1-SV-]  | RM-111                                      | 1                                     | 1      |
| · 2-SV-]  | RM-211                                      | 1                                     | 1      |
| (b) Air Ej  | ector Flow Rate Measuring Device:           |                                       |        |
| Unit 1  | : 1-VP-FI-1A                                | 1                                     | 3      |
|   | 1-VP-FI-1B                                  | 1                                     | 3.     |
| Unit 2  | 2-VP-FI-1A                                  | 1                                     | 3      |
|   | 2-VP-FI-1B                                  | 1                                     | 3      |
| 3. VENTILAT   | ION VENT SYSTEM                             |                                       |        |
| (a) Noble   | Gas Activity Monitor:                       |                                       |        |
|   | RRM-101                                     | 1.                                    | 1      |
|   | /ent #1, 1-VG-RM-104                        | 1                                     | 1      |
|   | /ent #2, 1-VG-RM-131B                       | · 1                                   | - 1    |
|   | Sampler:                                    |                                       |        |
|   | RM-101                                      | 1                                     | 2      |
|   | /ent #1, 1-VG-RM-104 ( <b>NOTE 2</b> )      | 1                                     | 2      |
|   | Vent #2, Continuous HP Sampler, or          | 1                                     | 2      |
| , in the second s | 1-VG-RM-131-1 ( <b>NOTE 1</b> )             | 1                                     | 2      |
|   | In-Line Particulate / Iodine Sampler        | 1                                     | L      |
|   | m-Line Particulate / Iouline Sampler        | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |        |

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### **Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation**

|     | INSTRUMENT                           | MINIMUM<br>OPERABLE<br>CHANNELS | ACTION |
|-----|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|
| (c) | Particulate Sampler:                 |                                 |        |
|     | SRF: RRM-101                         | 1                               | 2      |
|     | SPS: Vent #1, VG-RM-104 (NOTE 2)     | · 1                             | 2      |
|     | Vent #2, HP Continuous Sampler, or   |                                 |        |
|     | 1-VG-RM-131-1 (NOTE 1)               | 1                               | 2      |
|     | In-Line Particulate / Iodine Sampler |                                 |        |
| (d) | Ventilation Vent Flow Rate Monitor:  |                                 | ·      |
|     | SRF: 01-RHV-FT-156                   | 1                               | 3      |
|     | SPS: Vent #1, 1-VS-FT-119            | 1                               | 3      |
|     | Vent #2, 1-VS-FT-116                 | 1                               | 3      |
| (e) | Sampler Flow Rate Measuring Device:  |                                 |        |
|     | SRF: RRM-101                         | 2 1 ·                           | 3      |
|     | SPS: Vent #1, 1-VG-RM-104 (NOTE 2)   | · 1                             | 3      |
|     | Vent #2, HP Sampler Rotometer or     | 1                               | 3      |
|     | MGPI Flow Rate Measuring Device      |                                 |        |

**NOTE** 1: The mark number listed refers to the entire radiation monitor skid which includes particulate, iodine, and noble gas components.

- **NOTE** 2: Vent # 1, 1-VG-RM-104, HP continuous sampler pump automatically maintains isokinetic sample flow when changes in stack flow are detected. Isokinetic sample flow adjustment can take 15 20 minutes. [Commitment 3.2.3]
- ACTION 1: If the number of operable channels is less than required, effluent releases via this path may continue provided that the best efforts are made to repair the channel and that grab samples are taken at least once per 12 hours and these samples are analyzed for gross activity within 24 hours. When the effluent release via this pathway continues, then initiate the "Loss of Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation Sampling Schedule" attachment in HP-3010.031, Radioactive Gaseous Waste Sampling and Analysis. [Commitment 3.2.4]
- ACTION 2: If the number of operable channels is less than required, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided that the best efforts are made to repair the channel and that the samples are continuously collected with auxiliary sampling equipment within 12 hours after the initiation of this ACTION statement as required in Radioactive Gaseous Waste Sampling and Analysis Program (Attachment 4). [Commitment 3.2.4]
- ACTION 3: If the number of operable channels is less than required, effluent releases via this pathway may continue provided the flow rate is estimated at least once per 4 hours.

### ATTACHMENT 6

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# **Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation Surveillance Requirements**

| CHANNEL<br>DESCRIPTION                                    | CHANNEL<br>CHECK | SOURCE<br>CHECK | CHANNEL<br>CALIBRATION | CHANNEL<br>FUNCTIONAL<br>TEST |
|---|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. PROCESS VENT SYSTEM                                    |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| (a) Noble Gas Activity Monitor -                          |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| Providing Alarm and Automatic                             |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| Termination of Release                                    | D                | м               | n                      | 0                             |
| 1-GW-RM-130B  | D                | М               | R                      | Q                             |
| (b) Iodine Sampler (NOTE 1)<br>Process Vent Continuous HP |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| Sampler, or 1-GW-RM-130-1                                 | w                | N/A             | N/A                    | N/A                           |
| In-Line Particulate / Iodine Sampler                      |                  | 11/21           |                        |                               |
| (c) Particulate Sampler ( <b>NOTE 1</b> )                 |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| Process Vent Continuous HP                                |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| Sampler, or 1-GW-RM-130-1                                 | w                | N/A             | N/A                    | N/A                           |
| In-Line Particulate / Iodine Sampler                      |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| (d) Process Vent Flow Rate Monitor                        |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| 1-GW-FT-100   | D                | N/A             | R                      | ⁺ → N/A                       |
| (e) Sampler Flow Rate Measuring                           |                  |                 | 3                      |                               |
| Device  |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| HP Sampler Rotometer, or                                  | D                | N/A             | SA                     | N/A                           |
| MGPI Flow Rate Measuring Device                           | D                | N/A             | R                      | N/A                           |
| 2. CONDENSER AIR EJECTOR SYSTEM                           | [                |                 |                        | •                             |
| (a) Gross Activity Monitor                                | -                |                 |                        |                               |
| Unit 1: 1-SV-RM-111                                       | D                | М               | R                      | Q                             |
| Unit 2: 2-SV-RM-211                                       |                  |                 |                        | ×                             |
| (b) Air Ejector Flow Rate Measuring                       |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| Device<br>Unit 1: 1-VP-FI-1A                              |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| 1-VP-FI-IA  |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| Unit 2: 2-VP-FI-1A  | D                | N/A             | R                      | N/A                           |
| 2-VP-FI-1B  |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| 3. VENTILATION VENT SYSTEM                                |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| (a) Noble Gas Activity Monitor                            |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| SRF: RRM-101  |                  |                 | · ·                    | •                             |
| SPS: 1-VG-RM -131B  | D                | М               | R                      | Q                             |
| 1-VG-RM-104   |                  | •               |                        |                               |

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### **Radioactive Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation Surveillance Requirements**

| CHANNEL<br>DESCRIPTION   | CHANNEL<br>CHECK | SOURCE<br>CHECK | CHANNEL<br>CALIBRATION | CHANNEL<br>FUNCTIONAL<br>TEST |
|--|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (b) Iodine Sampler (NOTE 1)<br>SRF: RRM-101<br>SPS: Vent #1, 1-VG-RM-104<br>Vent #2, Continuous HP<br>Sampler or 1-VG-RM-131-1   | W                | N/A             | N/A                    | N/A                           |
| In-Line Particulate / Iodine<br>Sampler<br>(c) Particulate Sampler ( <b>NOTE 1</b> )   |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| SRF: RRM-101<br>SPS: Vent #1, 1-VG-RM-104<br>Vent #2, Continuous HP<br>Sampler or 1-VG-RM-131-1<br>In-Line Particulate / Iodine<br>Sampler<br>(d) Ventilation Vent Flow Rate Monitor | W                | N/A             | N/A                    | N/A                           |
| SRF:01-RHV-FT-156<br>SPS: Vent #1, 1-VS-FT-119<br>Vent #2, 1-VS-FT-116   | D                | N/A             | R                      | N/A                           |
| (e) Sampler Flow Rate Measuring<br>Device ( <b>NOTE 1</b> )  |                  |                 |                        |                               |
| SRF: RRM-101   | D                | N/A             | R                      | N/A                           |
| SPS: Vent #1, 1-VG-RM-104  | D                | N/A             | R                      | N/A                           |
| Vent #2, HP Sampler Rotometer  | D                | N/A             | R                      | N/A                           |
| or MGPI Flow Rate Measuring<br>Device  | D                | N/A             | SA                     | N/A                           |

**NOTE 1:**The mark numbers listed above in 1(b), 1(c), 3(b), 3(c), and 3(e) refer to the gaseous effluent radiation monitor or monitor skid with which the iodine and particulate samplers and the flow rate measuring devices are associated. The listed mark numbers do not refer to the particulate radiation monitor.

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### ATTACHMENT 7

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### **Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program**

| Exposure Pathway<br>and/or Sample | Number of Sample and<br>Sample Location   | Collection<br>Frequency  | Type and Frequency of<br>Analysis   |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| 1. DIRECT<br>RADIATION            | <ul> <li>About 40 Routine Monitoring Stations to be placed as follows:</li> <li>1) Inner Ring in general area of site boundary with station in each sector</li> <li>2) Outer Ring 6 to 8 km from the site with a station in each sector</li> <li>3) The balance of the 8 dosimeters should be placed in special interest areas such as population centers, nearby residents, schools, and in 2 or 3 areas to serve as controls</li> </ul> | Quarterly  | GAMMA DOSE<br>Quarterly   |
| 2. AIRBORNE                       |   |  |   |
| Radioiodines and<br>Particulates  | <ul> <li>Samples from 7 locations:</li> <li>a) 1 sample from close to<br/>the site boundary<br/>location of the highest<br/>calculated annual<br/>average ground level<br/>D/Q</li> <li>b) 5 sample locations 6-8<br/>km distance located in a<br/>concentric ring around<br/>the Station</li> <li>c) 1 sample from a control<br/>location 15-30 km<br/>distant, providing valid<br/>background data</li> </ul>                           | Continuous<br>Sampler<br>operation with<br>sample collection<br>weekly | Radioiodine Canister<br>I <sup>131</sup> Analysis Weekly<br>Particulate Sampler<br>Gross beta radioactivity<br>analysis following filter<br>change;<br>Gamma isotopic analysis<br>of composite (by<br>location) quarterly |

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### **Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program**

| Exposure Pathway<br>and/or Sample | Number of Sample and<br>Sample Location  | Collection<br>Frequency | Type and Frequency of<br>Analysis  |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| 3. WATERBORNE                     |  |                         |  |
| a) Surface                        | <ul><li>a) 1 sample upstream</li><li>b) 1 sample downstream</li></ul>  | Monthly Sample          | Gamma isotopic analysis<br>monthly;<br>Composite for tritium analysis<br>quarterly |
| b) Ground                         | Sample from 1 or 2 sources   | Quarterly               | Gamma isotopic and tritium analysis quarterly                                      |
| c) Sediment from shoreline        | <ul><li>a) 1 sample upstream</li><li>b) 1 sample downstream</li></ul>  | Semi-Annually           | Gamma isotopic analysis<br>semi-annually   |
| d) Silt                           | <ul><li>a) 1 sample upstream</li><li>b) 1 sample downstream</li></ul>  | Semi-Annually           | Gamma isotopic analysis<br>semi-annually   |
| 4. INGESTION                      |  |                         |  |
| a) Milk                           | <ul> <li>a) 2 samples from milking<br/>animals in the vicinity of<br/>the Station. (NOTE 1)</li> <li>b) 1 sample from milking<br/>animals at a control<br/>location (~15-30 km<br/>distant). (NOTE 2)</li> </ul> | Monthly                 | Gamma isotopic and I <sup>131</sup><br>analysis monthly                            |
|                                   | a) 2 samples of oysters in the vicinity of the Station   | Semi-Annually           |  |
| b) Fish and                       | b) 4 samples of clams in the vicinity of the Station   | Semi-Annually           | Gamma isotopic on edible   |
| Invertebrates                     | c) 1 sampling of crabs from<br>the vicinity of the Station   | Annually                | portions   |
|                                   | d) 1 sampling of 2 different<br>species from the discharge<br>canal (catfish, white perch,<br>eel)   | Semi-Annually           |  |

NOTE 1: If milk sampling cannot be performed, use item 4.c, Food Products - d. Milk sampling cannot be performed when there are no milk sampling locations in the vicinity of the Station.

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NOTE 2:If milk sampling from a control location cannot be performed, use item 4.c) e).Milk sampling cannot be performed when there is no milk sampling location ~ 15 - 30 km distant.

### ATTACHMENT 7

(Page 3 of 3)

## Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program

| Exposure Pathway<br>and/or Sample | Number of Sample and<br>Sample Location  | Collection<br>Frequency                    | Type and Frequency of Analysis                  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| 4. INGESTION<br>(Continued)       |  |  |   |
|                                   | <ul><li>a) 1 sample corn</li><li>b) 1 sample soybeans</li><li>c) 1 sample peanuts</li></ul>  | Annually                                   | Gamma isotopic on edible portions               |
| c) Food Products                  | <ul> <li>d) 1 sample of a broadleaf vegetation grown nearest in each of two different available offsite locations (sectors) with the highest annual average ground level D/Qs, if milk sampling is not performed.</li> <li>e) 1 sample of a broadleaf vegetation grown 15 - 30 km distant in the available least prevalent wind direction, if milk sampling is not performed.</li> </ul> | Monthly, if<br>available, or at<br>harvest | Gamma isotopic and I <sup>131</sup><br>analysis |

.

### **ATTACHMENT 8**

(Page 1 of 3)

## **Environmental Sampling Locations**

| SAMPLE<br>MEDIA                       | LOCATION            |              | DISTANCE<br>(MILES) | DIRECTION | REMARKS                               |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| Air Charcoal and                      | Surry Station       | (SS)         | 0.3                 | NNE       |                                       |
| Particulate                           | Hog Island Reserve  | e (HIR)      | 2.0                 | NNE       | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|                                       | Bacon's Castle      | (BC)         | 4.5                 | SSW       |                                       |
|                                       | Alliance            | (ALL)        | 5.1                 | WSW       |                                       |
|                                       | Colonial Parkway    | (CP)         | 3.8                 | NNW       |                                       |
|                                       | BASF (l             | BASF)        | 5.1                 | ENE       |                                       |
| А                                     | Fort Eustis         | (FE)         | 4.9                 | ESE       | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|                                       | Newport News        | (NN)         | 19.3                | SE        | Control Location                      |
| Environmental                         | Control             | (00)         |                     |           | Onsite *                              |
| TLDs                                  | West North West     | (02)         | 0.2                 | WNW       | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | Surry Station Disch | arge<br>(03) | 0.4                 | NW        | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | North North West    | (04)         | 0.2                 | NNW       | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | North               | (05)         | 0.3                 | N         | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | North North East    | (06)         | 0.3                 | NNE       | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | North East          | (07)         | 0.3                 | NE        | Site Boundary                         |
| i                                     | East North East     | (08)         | 0.4                 | ENE       | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | East                | (09)         | 0.3                 | Е         | Site Boundary                         |
| ĺ                                     | West                | (10)         | 0.1                 | W         | Site Boundary                         |
| i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | West South West     | (11)         | 0.4                 | WSW       | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | South West          | (12)         | 0.3                 | SW        | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | South South West    | (13)         | 0.3                 | SSW       | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | South               | (14)         | 0.4                 | S         | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | South South East    | (15)         | 0.6                 | SSE       | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | South East          | (16)         | 0.9                 | SE        | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | Station Intake      | (18)         | 1.6                 | ESE       | Site Boundary                         |
|                                       | Hog Island Reserve  | (19)         | 2.0                 | NNE       | Near Resident                         |

### ATTACHMENT 8

(Page 2 of 3)

## **Environmental Sampling Locations**

| SAMPLE<br>MEDIA | LOCATION           |       | DISTANCE<br>(MILES) | DIRECTION | REMARKS           |
|-----------------|--------------------|-------|---------------------|-----------|-------------------|
| Environmental   | Bacon's Castle     | (20)  | 4.5                 | SSW       | Approx. 5 miles   |
| TLDs            | Route 633          | (21)  | 4.9                 | SW        | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Alliance           | (22)  | 5.1                 | ) WSW     | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Surry              | (23)  | 7.7                 | WSW       | Population Center |
| · ·             | Route 636 and 637  | (24)  | 4.0                 | W         | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Scotland Wharf     | .(25) | 5.0                 | WNW ·     | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Jamestown          | (26)  | 6.3                 | NW        | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Colonial Parkway   | (27)  | 3.8                 | NNW       | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Route 617 and 618  | (28)  | 4.9                 | NNW       | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Kingsmill          | (29)  | 4.6                 | N         | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Williamsburg       | (30)  | 7.8                 | N         | Population Center |
|                 | Kingsmill North    | (31)  | 5.5                 | NNE       | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Budweiser          | (32)  | 5.8                 | NNE       | Population Center |
|                 | Water Plant        | .(33) | 5.0                 | NE        | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | BASF               | (34)  | 5.1                 | ENE       | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Lee Hall           | (35). | 7.1                 | ENE       | Population Center |
|                 | Goose Island       | (36)  | 5.1                 | E         | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Fort Eustis        | (37)  | 4.9                 | ESE       | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Newport News       | (38)  | 19.3                | SE        | Population Center |
|                 | James River Bridge | (39)  | 17.1                | SE        | Control           |
| •               | Benn's Church      | (40)  | 17.0                | SSE       | Control           |
|                 | Smithfield ,       | (41)  | 13.4                | SSE       | Control           |
|                 | Rushmere           | (42)  | 5.3                 | SSE       | Approx. 5 miles   |
|                 | Route 628          | (43)  | 5.1                 | S         | Approx. 5 miles   |
| Milk            | Epps               |       | 4.8                 | SSW.      |                   |
|                 | Colonial Parkway   |       | 3.7                 | NNW       |                   |
|                 | Williams           |       | 27.5                | S         | Control Location  |

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#### ATTACHMENT 8

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### Environmental Sampling Locations

| SAMPLE<br>MEDIA          | LOCATION                | DISTANCE<br>(MILES) | DIRECTION | REMARKS                               |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| Well Water               | Surry Station           |                     |           | Onsite**                              |
|                          | Hog Island Reserve      | 2.0                 | NNE       |                                       |
|                          | Construction Site       | 0.3                 | Е         | Onsite***                             |
| Crops (Corn,<br>Peanuts, | Slade's Farm            | 3.2                 | S         |                                       |
| Soybeans)                | Brock's Farm            | 3.8                 | S         |                                       |
| River Water              | Surry Discharge         | 0.4                 | NW        |                                       |
| (Monthly)                | Scotland Wharf          | 4.9                 | WNW       | Control Location                      |
| Sediment                 | Chickahominy River      | 11.2                | WNW       | Control Location                      |
| (Silt)                   | Surry Station Discharge | 1.3                 | NNW       |                                       |
| Clams                    | Chickahominy River      | 11.2                | WNW       | Control Location                      |
|                          | Surry Station Discharge | 1.3                 | NNW       |                                       |
|                          | Hog Island Point        | 2.4                 | NE        |                                       |
|                          | Lawne's Creek           | .2.4                | SE        |                                       |
| Oysters                  | Point of Shoals         | 6.4                 | SSE       | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|                          | Mulberry Point          | 4.9                 | ESE       |                                       |
| Crabs                    | Surry Station Discharge | • 1.3               | NNW       |                                       |
| Fish                     | Surry Station Discharge | 1.3                 | NNW       |                                       |
| Shoreline<br>Sediment    | Hog Island Reserve      | 0.6                 | Ν         |                                       |
|                          | Chickahominy River      | 11.2                | WNW       | Control Location                      |

Onsite Location - in Lead Shield

\*\*

Onsite sample of Well Water taken from tap-water at Surry Environmental Building

\*\*\*

Onsite sample of Well Water taken from tap-water at Surry Training Center

(dry)

#### **ATTACHMENT 9**

#### (Page 1 of 2)

### **Detection Capabilities for Environmental Sample Analysis**

LOWER LIMIT OF DETECTION (LLD)

#### Milk Sediment Analysis Fish Food Water Airborne (NOTE 2) (pCi/L) Particulate (pCi/kg) (pCi/L) **Products** (pCi/kg) or Gases (pCi/kg) (wet) $(pCi/m^3)$ (wet) 0.01 4 Gross beta 2,000 H-3

| 11.5      | 2,000      |         |      |    | 1    |     |
|-----------|------------|---------|------|----|------|-----|
| Mn-54     | 15         |         | 130  |    |      |     |
| Fe-59     | 30         | ····· , | 260  |    |      |     |
| Co-58, 60 | 15         |         | 130  |    |      |     |
| Zn-65     | 30         |         | 260  |    |      |     |
| Zr-95     | 30         |         | 1    |    |      | ¢   |
| Nb-95     | 15         |         |      |    |      |     |
| I-131     | (NOTE 3) 1 | 0.07    |      | 1  | 60   |     |
| Cs-134    | 15         | 0.05    | 130. | 15 | 60   | 150 |
| Cs-137    | 18         | 0.06    | 150  | 18 | . 80 | 180 |
| Ba-140    | 60         |         |      | 60 |      |     |
| La-140    | 15         |         |      | 15 |      |     |

NOTE 1: Required detection capabilities for thermoluminescent dosimeters used for environmental measurements are given in Regulatory Guide 4.13.

- NOTE 2: This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be detected and reported. Other peaks that are measurable and identifiable, together with the above nuclides, shall also be identified and reported.
- NOTE 3: LLD for the ground (drinking) water samples. The LLD for the surface (non-drinking) water samples is 10 pCi/L.

#### (Page 2 of 2)

### **Detection Capabilities for Environmental Sample Analysis**

#### LOWER LIMIT OF DETECTION (LLD)

NOTE 1: For a particular measurement system (which may include radiochemical separation):

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 s_b}{E \bullet V \bullet 2.22E + 06 \bullet Y \bullet e^{-(\lambda \Delta t)}}$$
(24-1)

Where:

| LLD | = | the "a priori" (before the fact) Lower Limit of Detection as defined above |
|-----|---|--|
|     |   | (as microcuries per unit mass or volume) (See Subsection 4.8)              |

- s<sub>b</sub> = the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate (as counts per minute, cpm)
- E = the counting efficiency (as counts per disintegration)
- $V_{-}$  = the sample size (in units of mass or volume)
- 2.22E+06 = the number of disintegrations per minute (dpm) per microcurie
- Y = the fractional radiochemical yield (when applicable)
- $\lambda$  = the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide
- $\Delta t$  = the elapsed time between sample collection (or end of the sample collection period) and time of counting (for environmental samples, not plant effluent samples)

Typical values of E, V, Y and  $\Delta t$  should be used in the calculation.

The LLD is an "a priori" (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not a "posteriori" (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement.

### ATTACHMENT 10

### (Page 1 of 1)

### **Reporting Levels for Radioactivity Concentrations in Environmental Samples**

| Analysis  | Water<br>(pCi/L) | Airborne<br>Particulate or<br>Gases (pCi/m <sup>3</sup> ) | Fish<br>(pCi/kg, wet) | Milk<br>(pCi/L) | Food Products<br>(pCi/kg, wet) |
|-----------|------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| H-3       | 20,000*          |   |                       | <u> </u>        |                                |
| Mn-54     | 1,000            |   | 30,000                |                 |                                |
| Fe-59     | 400              |   | 10,000                |                 |                                |
| Co-58     | 1,000            |   | 30,000                |                 |                                |
| Co-60     | 300              |   | 10,000                |                 | · ·                            |
| Zn-65     | 300              |   | .20,000               | -               |                                |
| Zr-Nb-95  | 400              |   | ,,,,,,                | · · · · · ·     |                                |
| I-131     | 2*               | 0.9   |                       | 3               | 100                            |
| Cs-134    | 30               | 10  | 1,000                 | 60              | 1,000                          |
| Cs-137    | 50               | 20  | 2,000                 | . 70            | 2,000                          |
| Ba-La-140 | 200              |   | · .                   | 300             |                                |

\*Reporting level for the ground (drinking) water samples required by Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (Attachment 7). The reporting level for the surface (nondrinking) water samples required by Attachment 7 is 30,000 pCi/L for H-3 and 20 pCi/L for I-131.

#### (Page 1 of 8)

#### Meteorological, Liquid, and Gaseous Pathway Analysis

#### **1.0 METEORLOGICAL ANALYSIS**

#### 1.1 Purpose

The purpose of the meteorological analysis was to determine the five (5) year average  $\chi/Q$  and D/Q values at critical locations around the Station for ventilation vent (ground level) and process vent (mixed mode) releases. The five year average  $\chi/Q$  and D/Q values are used in the dose pathway analysis to determine both the maximum exposed individual at site boundary and member of the public.

#### 1.2 Meteorological Data, Parameters, and Methodology

A five (5) year average of representative onsite meteorological data for the period January 1, 1992 through December 31, 1996, is used in the gaseous effluent dose pathway calculations. This data includes wind speed, wind direction, and differential temperature for the purpose of determining joint frequency distributions for those releases characterized as ground level (i.e., ventilation vent), and those characterized as mixed mode (i.e., process vent). The portions of release characterized as ground level were based on  $\Delta T_{158.9ft-28.2ft}$  and 28.2 foot wind data, and the portions characterized as mixed mode were based on  $\Delta T_{158.9ft-28.2ft}$  and 158.9 ft wind data.

X/Qs and D/Qs were calculated using the PC version of NRC computer code "XOQDOQ -Program for the Meteorological Evaluation of Routine Effluent Releases at Nuclear Power Stations", Version 2.0, provided in NUREG-0324. The code is based upon a straight line airflow model implementing the assumptions outlined in Section C (excluding C1a and C1b) of Regulatory Guide 1.111, "Methods for Estimating Atmospheric Transport and Dispersion of Gaseous Effluents in Routine Releases from Light-Water-Cooled Reactors."

The open terrain adjustment factors were applied to the  $\chi/Q$  values as recommended in Regulatory Guide 1.111. The site region is characterized as flat terrain such that open terrain correction factors are considered appropriate. The ground level ventilation vent release calculations included a building wake correction based on a 1516 m<sup>2</sup> containment minimum cross-sectional area. The effective release height used in mixed mode release calculations was based on a process vent release height of 131 ft, and plume rise due to momentum for a vent diameter of 3 in. with plume exit velocity of 100 ft/sec.

#### **ATTACHMENT 11**

#### (Page 2 of 8)

#### Meteorological, Liquid, and Gaseous Pathway Analysis

Ventilation vent, and vent releases other than from the process vent, are considered ground level as specified in Regulatory Guide 1.111 for release points less than the height of adjacent solid structures. Terrain elevations were obtained from Surry Power Station Units 1 and 2 Virginia Electric and Power Company Updated Final Safety Analysis Report Table 11A-8.

 $\chi/Q$  and D/Q values were calculated for the nearest site boundary, residence, milk-cow, discharge bank, and vegetable garden by sector for process vent and ventilation vent releases.

According to the definition for short term in NUREG-0133, "Preparation of Radiological Effluent Technical Specifications for Nuclear Power Stations," October, 1978, some gaseous releases may fit this category, primarily waste gas decay tank releases and containment purges. However, these releases are considered long term for dose calculations as past releases were both random in time of day and duration as evidenced by reviewing past release reports. Therefore, the use of annual average concentrations is appropriate according to NUREG-0133.

#### 1.3 Results

The  $\chi/Q$  value that would result in the maximum total body, skin, and inhalation exposure for ventilation vent releases was 6.0E-05 sec/m<sup>3</sup> at a site boundary location 532 meters NNE sector. For process vent releases, the site boundary  $\chi/Q$  value was 3.7E-07 sec/m<sup>3</sup> at a location 565 meters WSW sector. The discharge canal bank  $\chi/Q$  value that would result in the maximum inhalation exposure for ventilation vent releases was 1.6E-04 sec/m<sup>3</sup> at a location 290 meters NW sector. The discharge canal bank  $\chi/Q$  value for process vent was 6.9E-07 sec/m<sup>3</sup> at a location 290 meters NW sector.

#### (Page 3 of 8)

### Meteorological, Liquid, and Gaseous Pathway Analysis

The grass-cow-milk pathway analysis, which is performed to derive the maximum exposure from  $I^{131}$ ,  $I^{133}$ , and from all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than eight days, is based on the dairy location indicated by the 1996 Land Use Census. The D/Q value from ventilation vent releases that would result in the maximum exposure was 2.5E-10 per m<sup>2</sup> at a location 5873 meters NNW sector. For process vent releases, the D/Q value was 1.4E-10 per m<sup>2</sup> at a location 7788 meters SSW sector. For tritium, the X/Q value from ventilation vent releases that would result in the maximum exposure for the grass-cow-milk pathway was 1.5E-06 sec/m<sup>3</sup> at a locations 5873 meters NNW sector, and 7.0E-08 sec/m<sup>3</sup> for process vent releases at a location 7788 meters SSW sector. The inhalation pathway is the only other pathway existing at this location. Therefore, the X/Q values given for tritium also apply for the inhalation pathway.

#### 2.0 LIQUID PATHWAY ANALYSIS

#### 2.1 Purpose

The purpose of the liquid pathway analysis was to determine the maximum exposed member of the public in unrestricted areas as a result of radioactive liquid effluent releases. The analysis included a determination of most restrictive liquid pathway, most restrictive age group, and critical organ. This analysis is required for Subsection 6.2, Liquid Radioactive Waste Effluents.

#### 2.2 Data, Parameters, and Methodology

Radioactive liquid effluent release data for the years 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, and 1981 were compiled from the Surry Power Station effluent release reports. The data for each year, along with appropriate site specific parameters and default selected parameters, were entered into the NRC computer code LADTAP as described in NUREG-0133.

#### ATTACHMENT 11

(Page 4 of 8)

#### Meteorological, Liquid, and Gaseous Pathway Analysis

Liquid radioactive effluents from both units are released to the James River via the discharge canal. Possible pathways of exposure for release from the Station include ingestion of fish and invertebrates and shoreline activities. The irrigated food pathway and potable water pathway do not exist at this location. Access to the discharge canal by the general public is gained two ways: bank fishing, controlled by the Station and limited to Dominion employees or guests of employees, and by boat as far upstream as the inshore end of the discharge canal groin. It has been estimated that boat sport fishing would be performed a maximum of 800 hours per year, and that bank fishing would be performed a maximum of 160 hours per year.

For an individual fishing in the discharge canal, no river dilution was assumed for the fish pathway. For an individual located beyond the discharge canal groins, a river dilution factor of 5 (i.e., a mixing ratio of 0.2) was assumed as appropriate according to Regulatory Guide 1.109, Rev. 1, and the fish, invertebrate, and shoreline pathways were considered to exist. Dose factors, bioaccumulation factors, shore width factors and usage terms for shoreline activities and ingestion of fish and invertebrates are included in the Canberra Source Code file. Dose to an individual fishing on the discharge bank was determined by multiplying the annual dose calculated with LADTAP by the fractional year the individual spent fishing in the canal.

#### 2.3 Results

For the years 1976, 1977, 1979, 1980, and 1981, the invertebrate pathway resulted in the largest dose. In 1978 the fish pathway resulted in the largest dose. The maximum exposed member of the public was determined to utilize the James River. The critical age group was the adult and the critical organ was either the thyroid or GI-LLI. The ingestion dose factors, which include the fish and invertebrate pathways, are calculated for total body and various critical organs. Validation of the limiting age group and critical organ is performed by Canberra's liquid effluent dose calculation program using the data, parameters, and methodology provided in the Canberra Source Code file.

#### (Page 5 of 8)

#### Meteorological, Liquid, and Gaseous Pathway Analysis

#### 3.0 GASEOUS PATHWAY ANALYSIS

#### 3.1 Purpose

Gaseous effluent pathway analyses are performed to determine the location that would result in the maximum doses due to noble gases, for use in demonstrating compliance with Steps 6.3.1.a. and 6.3.3.a. The analyses includes a determination of the location, pathway, and critical organ, of the maximum exposed member of the public, as a result of the release of  $I^{131}$ ,  $I^{133}$ , tritium, and for all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than eight days for use in demonstrating compliance with Step 6.3.4.a. In addition, the analyses includes a determination of the critical organ, maximum age group, and sector location of an exposed individual through the inhalation pathway from  $I^{131}$ ,  $I^{133}$ , tritium, and particulates to demonstrate compliance with Step 6.3.1.a.

#### 3.2 Data, Parameters, and Methodology

Five year average  $\chi/Q$  values were calculated, as described in Section 1 of this attachment, for the nearest site boundary in each directional sector and at other critical locations accessible to the public inside site boundary. The largest  $\chi/Q$  value was determined to be 6.0E-05 sec/m<sup>3</sup> at site boundary for ventilation vent releases at a location 532 meters NNE direction, and 3.7E-07 sec/m<sup>3</sup> at site boundary for process vent releases at a location 565 meters WSW direction. The maximum doses to total body and skin, and air doses for gamma and beta radiation due to noble gases would be at these site boundary locations. The doses from both release points are summed in calculations to calculate total maximum dose.

6.3.1.a.2 dose limits apply specifically to the inhalation pathway. Therefore, the locations and  $\chi/Q$  values determined for maximum noble gas doses can be used to determine the maximum dose from I<sup>131</sup>, I<sup>133</sup>, tritium, and for all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days for the inhalation pathway.

#### **ATTACHMENT 11**

(Page 6 of 8)

#### Meteorological, Liquid, and Gaseous Pathway Analysis

The maximum exposed individual for 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, compliance could be at any of the following locations: site boundary, nearest resident, nearest milk-cow, or nearest vegetable garden, using the 1996 Land Use Census data. Therefore, ventilation vent and process vent X/Q and D/Q values for these selected receptors are included in the gaseous effluent dose pathway analyses. Ground plane, inhalation, cow-milk, and vegetable garden pathways are active with the exception of the infant age group, which is not active for the vegetable garden pathway. Otherwise, all age groups are evaluated at these locations. The data, parameters, and methodology of R. G. 1.109, Rev. 1, and NUREG-0133 are used in the gaseous effluent dose pathway analyses.

The gamma and beta dose factors  $K_{ivv}$ ,  $L_{ivv}$ ,  $M_{ivv}$ , and  $N_{ivv}$  for ground level releases and the gamma and beta dose factors  $K_{ipv}$ ,  $L_{ipv}$ ,  $M_{ipv}$ , and  $N_{ipv}$  for mixed mode releases are included in the Canberra Source Code file.

Inhalation pathway dose factors  $P_{ivv}$  and  $P_{ipv}$  are calculated using the following equation:

$$P_i \text{ mrem/yr per Ci/m}^3 = K' (BR) DFA_i$$
 (28-1)

where:

K' = a constant of unit conversion, 1E+12 pCi/Ci

BR = the breathing rate of the particular age group,  $m^3/yr$ , from Table E-5, Regulatory Guide 1.109, Rev.1

DFA<sub>i</sub>=the critical organ inhalation dose factor for particular age group for the ith radionuclide, in mrem/pCi

Parameters used above were obtained from NUREG-0133, R.G. 1.109, Rev. 1, and LADTAP II, NUREG/CR-1276

It was determined that the member of the public within site boundary would be using the discharge canal bank for fishing a maximum of 160 hours per year. The maximum five year average  $\chi/Q$  at this location was determined to be 1.6E-04 sec/m<sup>3</sup> at 290 meters NW direction. Active pathways are ground plane and inhalation, and all age groups are evaluated for this pathway analysis.

#### **ATTACHMENT 11**

#### (Page 7 of 8)

#### Meteorological, Liquid, and Gaseous Pathway Analysis

The  $RM_{ivv}$  and  $RM_{ipv}$  dose factors, except for tritium, are calculated using the following equation:

$$RM_{i} = K' \frac{Q_{F}(U_{ap})}{\lambda_{i} + \lambda_{w}} F_{m} (r) (DFL_{i}) \left[ \frac{f_{p}f_{s}}{Y_{p}} + \frac{(1 - f_{p}f_{s})e^{-\lambda_{i}t_{h}}}{Y_{s}} \right] e^{-\lambda_{i}t_{f}}$$
(28-2)

where:

K' = a constant of unit conversion, 1E+12 pCi/Ci

 $Q_F = cow's consumption rate, 50, in kg/day (wet weight)$ 

U<sub>ap</sub>= infant milk consumption rate, 330, in liters/yr

 $Y_p$  = agricultural productivity by unit area of pasture feed grass, 0.7 in kg/m<sup>2</sup>

 $Y_s$  = agricultural productivity by unit area of stored feed, 2.0, in kg/m<sup>2</sup>

 $F_m$  = stable element transfer coefficients, in days/liter

r = fraction of deposited activity retained on cow's feed grass, 1.0 for radioiodine, and 0.2 for particulates

DFL<sub>i</sub>=critical organ ingestion dose factor for the ith radionuclide for the particular age group, in mrem/pCi

 $\lambda_i$  = decay constant for the ith radionuclide, in sec<sup>-1</sup>

 $\lambda_w$  = decay constant for removal of activity of leaf and plant surfaces by weathering, 5.73E-07 sec<sup>-1</sup> (corresponding to a 14 day half-life)

 $t_f$  = transport time from pasture to cow, to milk, to receptor, 1.73+05, in seconds

 $t_h$  = transport time from pasture, to harvest, to cow, to milk, to receptor, 7.78E+06, in seconds

 $f_p$  = fraction of year that cow is on pasture, 0.67 (dimensionless)

 $f_s$  = fraction of cow feed that is pasture grass while cow is on pasture, 1.0, dimensionless Parameters used above were obtained from NUREG-0133 and Regulatory Guide 1.109, Rev.1, and LADTAP II, NUREG/CR-1276.

#### ATTACHMENT 11

#### (Page 8 of 8)

#### Meteorological, Liquid, and Gaseous Pathway Analysis

Since the concentration of tritium in milk is based on the airborne concentration rather than the deposition, the following equation is used:

$$R_{H^3} = K'K'''F_mQ_FU_{ap}(DFL_{H^3})[0.75(0.5/H)]$$
 (28-3)

where:

K'''=a constant of unit conversion 1E+03 gm/kg

H = absolute humidity of the atmosphere, 8.0, in  $gm/m^3$ 

0.75=the fraction of total feed that is water

0.5 = the ratio of the specific activity of the feed grass to the atmospheric water

Other parameters have been previously defined.

The inhalation pathway dose factors  $RI_{ivv}$  and  $RI_{ipv}$  were calculated using the following equation:

$$RI_i$$
 mrem/yr per Ci/m<sup>3</sup> = K' (BR) DFA<sub>i</sub> (28-4)

where:

K'=a constant of unit conversion, 1E+12 pCi/Ci

BR=breathing rate of the particular age group, m<sup>3</sup>/yr

DFA<sub>i</sub>=critical organ inhalation dose factor for particular age group for the ith radionuclide, in mrem/pCi

Parameters used above were obtained from NUREG-0133, R. G. 1.109, Rev. 1 and LAPTAP II, NUREG/CR-1276.

### MAJOR CHANGES TO RADIOACTIVE LIQUID, GASEOUS AND SOLID WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEMS

There were no major changes to the radioactive liquid, gaseous or solid waste treatment systems for this reporting period.

### INOPERABILITY OF RADIOACTIVE LIQUID AND GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report shall explain why monitors required by the ODCM Attachments 1 and 5, which were determined to be inoperable, were not returned to operable status within 30 days. None of the above referenced monitors were inoperable greater than 30 days during this reporting period.

### **UNPLANNED RELEASES**

There were no unplanned liquid or unplanned gaseous releases during this reporting period.

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## LOWER LIMIT OF DETECTION (LLD) FOR EFFLUENT SAMPLE ANALYSIS

| GASEOUS: | Isotope            | Required LLD         | Typical LLD         |
|----------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
|          | Kr-87              | 1.00E-04             | 2.01E-08 - 2.43E-06 |
|          | Kr-88              | 1.00E-04             | 2.02E-08 - 3.19E-06 |
| · · ·    | Xe-133             | 1.00E-04             | 1.09E-08 - 2.44E-06 |
|          | Xe-133m            | 1.00E-04             | 3.64E-08 - 8.08E-06 |
|          | Xe-135             | 1.00E-04             | 4.17E-09 - 9.72E-07 |
|          | Xe-135m            | 1.00E-04             | 2.06E-07 - 4.57E-06 |
|          | Xe-138             | 1.00E-04             | 7.89E-07 - 9.25E-06 |
|          | I-131              | 1.00E-12             | 4.16E-14 - 9.58E-14 |
|          | I-133              | 1.00E-12             | 8.72E-13 2.59E-12   |
|          | Sr-89              | 1.00E-11             | 3.49E-16 - 2.38E-13 |
|          | Sr-90              | 1.00E-11             | 1.23E-16 - 2.22E-13 |
|          | Cs-134             | 1.00E-11             | 3.24E-14 - 3.71E-13 |
|          | Cs-137             | 1.00E-11             | 5.89E-14 - 5.13E-13 |
|          | Mn-54              | 1.00E-11             | 3.67E-14 - 5.44E-13 |
|          | Fe-59              | 1.00E-11             | 8.00E-14 - 6.72E-13 |
| <u>.</u> | Co-58              | 1.00E-11             | 2.93E-14 - 3.33E-13 |
|          | Co-60              | 1.00E-11<br>1.00E-11 | 3.90E-14 - 6.60E-13 |
| ,        | Zn-65              | 1.00E-11<br>1.00E-11 | 6.13E-14 - 8.77E-13 |
|          |                    | 1.00E-11             | 2.60E-13 - 3.23E-12 |
|          | Mo-99              |                      | · · · ·             |
|          | Ce-141             | 1.00E-11             | 3.95E-14 - 3.62E-13 |
|          | Ce-144             | 1.00E-11             | 1.81E-13 - 1.48E-12 |
|          | Alpha              | 1.00E-11             | 1.79E-14 - 1.86E-14 |
|          | Tritium            | 1.00E-06             | 7.49E-08 - 7.61E-08 |
| LIQUID   | Sr-89              | 5.00E-08             | 1.81E-09 - 2.53E-08 |
|          | Sr-90              | 5.00E-08             | 1.04E-09 - 2.11E-08 |
|          | Cs-134             | 5.00E-07             | 7.86E-09 - 1.53E-08 |
|          | Cs-137             | 5.00E-07             | 1.31E-08 - 1.91E-08 |
|          | I-131              | 1.00E-06             | 6.39E-09 - 1.91E-08 |
|          | Co-58              | 5.00E-07             | 6.51E-09 - 1.56E-08 |
|          | Co-60              | 5.00E-07             | 6.55E-09 - 2.90E-08 |
|          | Fe-59              | 5.00E-07             | 1.35E-08 - 2.87E-08 |
| ·        | Zn-65              | 5.00E-07             | 1.20E-08 - 3.90E-08 |
|          | Mn-54              | 5.00E-07             | 8.07E-09 - 1.56E-08 |
|          | Mo-99              | 5.00E-07             | 4.85E-08 - 3.12E-07 |
|          | Ce-141             | 5.00E-07             | 1.08E-08 - 2.01E-08 |
|          | Ce-144             | 5.00E-07             | 4.60E-08 - 7.96E-08 |
|          | Fe-55              | 1.00E-06             | 1.00E-07 - 9.67E-07 |
|          | Alpha              | 1.00E-07             | 2.91E-08 - 2.92E-08 |
|          | Tritium            | 1.00E-05             | 1.86E-06 - 1.89E-06 |
|          | Xe-133             | 1.00E-05             | 1.74E-08 - 3.45E-08 |
|          | Xe-135             | 1.00E-05             | 5.92E-09 - 1.07E-08 |
|          | Xe-135<br>Xe-133m  | 1.00E-05             | 5.44E-08 - 9.72E-08 |
|          | Xe-135m<br>Xe-135m | 1.00E-05             | 2.81E-07 - 7.20E-07 |
|          | Xe-138             | 1.00E-05             | 1.17E-06 - 2.02E-06 |
|          | Kr-87              | 1.00E-05             | 2.74E-08 - 4.42E-08 |
|          | Kr-88              | 1.00E-05             | 2.96E-08 - 4.75E-08 |
|          | <b>INI</b> -00     | 1.00L-0J             | 2.702-00 - 4.752-00 |

### **INDUSTRY GROUNDWATER PROTECTION INITIATIVE**

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report shall include a summary of on-site radioactive spills or leaks that were communicated in accordance with the Initiative reporting protocol, and also include sample analyses from groundwater wells that are not part of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP). There were no on-site radioactive leaks communicated in accordance with the Initiative reporting protocol in 2008. The following is a summary of 2008 sample analyses of ground water monitoring wells that are not a part of the REMP. Analyses are performed by an independent laboratory.

| Well          | Sample  | Tritium   | Gamma     | Fe-55     | Ni-63     | Sr-89     | Sr-90     |
|---------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Designation   | Date    | pCi/Liter | pCi/Liter | pCi/Liter | pCi/Liter | pCi/Liter | pCi/Liter |
| 1-PL-Piez-P01 | 2/25/08 | <303      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P02 | 2/25/08 | <299      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P03 | 2/25/08 | <581      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P04 | 3/6/08  | <580      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P05 | 3/6/08  | 14,700    | ND        | <92.7     | <28.0     | < 0.397   | <0.574    |
| 1-PL-Piez-P06 | 3/10/08 | 2,170     | ND        | <88.9     | <29.7     | < 0.42    | <0.991    |
| 1-PL-Piez-P07 | 3/5/08  | <597      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P08 | 3/4/08  | <577      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P09 | 3/3/08  | <577      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P20 | 2/26/08 | <298      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P21 | 2/26/08 | <301      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P22 | 2/27/08 | <301      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P23 | 3/4/08  | <566      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P24 | 3/4/08  | <565      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P25 | 3/4/08  | <583      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P27 | 3/5/08  | <573      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P28 | 2/27/08 | <303      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P29 | 3/10/08 | 10,700    | ND        | <76.4     | <28.6     | < 0.481   | < 0.823   |
| 1-PL-Piez-P33 | 3/14/08 | <371      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P34 | 3/14/08 | <311      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P35 | 3/14/08 | <319      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P36 | 3/14/08 | <318      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P37 | 3/14/08 | <307      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P38 | 3/14/08 | <309      | ND        | NA        | NA        | NA        | NA        |

ND = No detectable gamma emitting nuclides. Analyzed to REMP LLDs. NA = Analysis not required.

Attachment 8<sup>°</sup> Page 2 of 2

### **INDUSTRY GROUNDWATER PROTECTION INITIATIVE**

| Well           | Sample  | Tritium   | Gamma           |
|----------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|
| Designation    | Date    | pCi/Liter | pCi/Liter       |
| 1-PL-Piez-P04  | 9/8/08  | <392      | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P05  | 9/8/08  | 17,200    | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P06  | 9/8/08  | 2,320     | ND ·            |
| 1-PL-Piez-P07  | 9/11/08 | 558       | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P07* | 9/11/08 | <472      | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P24  | 9/18/08 | <218      | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P25  | 9/11/08 | <397      | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P27  | 9/11/08 | <393      | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P29  | 9/8/08  | 9,570     | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P33  | 8/29/08 | <399      | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P34  | 8/29/08 | <393      | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P39  | 8/21/08 | <193      | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P40  | 8/21/08 | <200      | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P41  | 8/21/08 | <196      | ND              |
| 1-PL-Piez-P42  | 8/21/08 | <224      | ND <sup>1</sup> |

\* Verification analysis. Laboratory prepared second sample for analysis.

| Well          | Sample   | Tritium   | Gamma     |
|---------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Designation   | Date     | pCi/Liter | pCi/Liter |
| 1-PL-Piez-P04 | 11/24/08 | <408      | ND        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P05 | 11/20/08 | 17,900    | ND        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P06 | 11/20/08 | 2,430     | ND        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P07 | 11/24/08 | <480      | ND        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P27 | 11/24/08 | <420      | ND        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P29 | 11/20/08 | 9,710     | 25.6*     |
| 1-PL-Piez-P33 | 11/12/08 | <375      | ND        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P34 | 11/12/08 | <380      | ND        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P41 | 11/12/08 | <372      | ND        |
| 1-PL-Piez-P42 | 11/12/08 | <374      | ND        |

\* Verification of the Co-60 could not be performed as the sample was consumed by the original analysis. Previous and subsequent samples have not identified Co-60.